CSCE 314 [Sections 595, 596, 597] Programming Languages – Spring 2024 Hyunyoung Lee

Homework Assignment 4

Assigned on Wednesday, March 6, 2024

Electronic submission to Canvas due at 11:59 p.m. on Friday, 3/22/24

By electronically submitting this assignment to Canvas by logging in to your account, you are signing electronically on the following Aggie Honor Code:

"On my honor, as an Aggie, I have neither given nor received any unauthorized aid on any portion of the academic work included in this assignment."

In this assignment, you will practice some basics of object-oriented programming in Java. The assigned problems are either directly from our Java textbook, a slight variation of the textbook exercise problems, or based on the codes that are explained in the textbook.

You will earn total 130 points. Here are some general instructions.

- 1. This homework set is an *individual* homework, not a team-based effort. Discussion of the concept is encouraged, but actual write-up of the solutions must be done individually by yourself. Your final product the code as well as comments, explanations, the README file *should never be shared*.
- 2. Read the problem descriptions and requirements carefully! There may be significant penalties for not fulfilling the requirements.
- 3. Explain each line or block of your code in your own words in the comments. Even though you think the code is self-explanatory, explain in your own words anyway! Your work will be graded not only on the correctness of your code, but also on the consistency and clarity with which you express it.
- 4. Turn in one yourFirstName-yourLastName-hw4.zip file on Canvas, nothing else. Your zip directory must include the two .java files (Fibonacci.java and Vehicle.java) with your implementations in them, and a README file that explains how to compile and execute your codes, and what is the expected output of your codes when tested. The README file is worth ten points.
- 5. All Java code that you submit must compile without error using javac (at the terminal) of Java version 11¹ or higher (the most recent version is Java 21). If your code does not compile using javac, you risk receiving zero points for this assignment.
- 6. Remember to put the head comment in *all* of your files, including your name, your UIN, and *acknowledgements of any help received* in doing this assignment. Again, remember the honor code!

Problem 1. (10 points) Explain in a README file (plain .txt file) how to compile and execute your codes, and what is the expected output of your codes when tested (clearly marked for each problem). It should be detailed enough so that whoever grades your codes can understand what you were doing with your code clearly and should be able to reproduce your tests following what you wrote in it.

¹Java 11 is installed in the departmental servers, linux2.engr.tamu.edu and compute.engr.tamu.edu

Problem 2. (10 points) Section 1.6. Modify ImprovedFibonacci on pages 9–10 as instructed below. Name your modified class SubsetOutputFib, and place it in a file named Fibonacci.java.

Let f_n denote the *n*-th Fibonacci number. The SubsetOutputFib will accept two integer values as command line input, assign the first one to be (meaning begin) and the second one to en (meaning end), and print out only those Fibonacci numbers from f_{be} to f_{en} . For example, if the two command line arguments are given as 4 and 7 in this order, then the output should be:

4: 3 5: 5 6: 8 * 7: 13

Make sure that you do the error checking whether both be and en are positive integers, and be \leq en. In the case of an erroneous input, do not just quit the process but try to correct the error such that negative integers will be converted to their absolute values; and if be > en, then swap the values of be and en so that be \leq en. Then, inform the user about it (why their input was erroneous and how the program corrected it) and output the Fibonacci numbers of the corrected range.

Problem 3. (10 points) Section 1.9, Exercise 1.10 on page 20. Modify the ImprovedFibonacci on pages 9–10 (not the modified version in Problem 2). Put your code in the file Fibonacci.java.

Problem 4. (20 points) Section 2.1, Exercise 2.1 on page 44, Section 2.2, Exercise 2.3 on page 46, and Section 2.6, Exercise 2.13 on page 68. Work in a file Vehicle.java.

Use the following types for the fields: int for current speed, int for current direction in degrees (consider straight north as 0 degrees and the degree increments clockwise up to 359 degrees, thus for example, straight east is 90 degrees, straight south 180 degrees, and straight west 270 degrees), and String for owner name.

For Exercise 2.3, use int for both of the vehicle ID number fields. The static field for the next vehicle ID number should be simply incremented by one each time a vehicle instance is created.

Problem 5. (10 points) Section 2.5, Exercise 2.7 on page 54, and Section 2.6, Exercise 2.9 on page 58. You will continue working on your Vehicle class from Problem 4, with the main method in a different class named VehicleTest. In the main method, you will create ten vehicles using the constructors you added to the Vehicle class, first five of which using the no-arg constructor (setting the values using the setter methods that you implemented in Exercise 2.13) and the latter five vehicles using the one-arg constructor.

From now on, whenever you add new functionalities to Vehicle, you will add the test code for the new functionalities in the main method of VehicleTest.

Problem 6. (10 points) Section 2.6, Exercise 2.10 on page 60. Add test code of your toString method in the main method of VehicleTest.

Problem 7. (10 points) Section 2.6, Exercise 2.15 on page 68. Add test code of those methods in the main method of VehicleTest.

Problem 8. (10 points) Section 2.8, Exercise 2.17 on page 71. Add test code of those methods in the main method of VehicleTest.

Problem 9. (40 points) Section 3.1, Exercise 3.1 on page 79. Continue working in the file Vehicle.java. Add constructors and toString method for PassengerVehicle appropriately. Also, have PassengerVehicle implement Comparable<PassengerVehicle> and give the implementation of the compareTo method where the comparison criterion is the total number of seats.

In the main, create at least five instances of PassengerVehicle with varying total number of seats, sort them (using any sorting algorithm which will sort the PassengerVehicles according to the compareTo implementation), and outputs them in a descending order. Also, after some of the seats are occupied in each passenger vehicle, output the number of seats currently available in each vehicle.

Have fun!