

YAKEEN NEET 2.0

2026

Basic Maths and Calculus (Mathematical Tools)

Physics

Homework Solution-09 (of Lec-15)

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HW solution



Question

H/w



If velocity of object $V = 2t + 1$ then find average velocity in 2 sec. ($t_i = 0$ to $t_f = 2$ sec)

$$V = 2t + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle V_{\text{Avg}} \rangle &= \frac{\int V dt}{\int dt} = \frac{\int_0^2 (2t + 1) dt}{\int_0^2 dt} = \frac{\int_0^2 2t dt + \int_0^2 dt}{(t)_0^2} = \frac{2 \left(\frac{t^2}{2} \right)_0^2 + (t)_0^2}{(t)_0^2} \\ &= \frac{[(2)^2 - 0] + (2 - 0)}{2 - 0} = \frac{4 + 2}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1.004)^2} = (1.004)^{-2}$$

$$= (1 + 0.004)^{-2} = (1 - 0.008)$$

$$= 0.992 \checkmark$$

hint

$$\frac{d}{d\omega}$$

H/W

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{1.006} &= \sqrt{1.006} = (1.006)^{1/2} = (1 + 0.006)^{1/2} \\ &= 1 + \frac{0.006}{2} \\ &= 1 + 0.003 \\ &= 1.003\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{0.99} &= (1 - 0.01)^{1/2} \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{0.01}{2}\right) = 1 - 0.005 \\ &= 0.995\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{0.96} &= (1 - 0.04)^{1/2} \\ &= 1 - \frac{0.04}{2} = 1 - 0.02 = 0.980 = 0.975 \approx \underline{\underline{0.98}}\end{aligned}$$

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + nx$$

$$nx \ll 1$$

$$(1+x)^{-n} = 1 - nx$$

$$(1-x)^n = 1 - nx$$

$$(1-x)^{-n} = 1 + nx$$

(H/w)

$$\frac{1}{(0.96)^2} = (0.96)^{-2} = (1 - 0.04)^{-2} = 1 + 0.08 \\ = 1.08 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{(1.04)} = \frac{1}{(1.04)} = \frac{1}{(1 + 0.04)^1} = (1 + 0.04)^{-1} = 1 - 0.04 = \underline{0.96}$$

H/w

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{0.98} &= (1 - 0.02)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= 1 - 0.02 \times \frac{1}{2} \\ &= 1 - 0.01 \\ &= 0.99.\end{aligned}$$

n/w

$$\int \sin^2 \theta \, d\theta$$

hint

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta$$

$$2\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta)$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\int \sin^2 \theta \, d\theta = \int (\sin \theta)^2 \, d\theta = \frac{(\sin \theta)^3}{3}$$

use this

$$\int x^n \, dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

$$(101)^3 = ??$$

$$(100)^3 = (10^2)^3 = \underline{\underline{10^6}}$$

do it

$$(100+1)^3 =$$

$$\left(100\left(1+\frac{1}{100}\right)\right)^3$$

$$= (100)^3 \left(1+\frac{1}{100}\right)^3$$

$$= (100)^3 \left(1+\frac{3}{100}\right)$$

$$= (100)^3 \left(\frac{103}{100}\right)$$

$$= \cancel{1000000} \times \frac{103}{\cancel{100}} = 103 \times 10^4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$(10.01)^2 = ??$$

$$(10 + 0.01)^2 = \left(10(1 + 0.001)\right)^2$$

$$= 10^2 \left(1 + \frac{0.001 \times 2}{1}\right)$$

$$= 10^2 (1 + 0.002)$$

$$= 10^2 (1.002)$$

$$= \underline{100.2}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax+b)} dx = \int (ax+b)^{-1} dx = \frac{\log(ax+b)}{a} + C$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax+b)^2} dx = \log(ax+b)^2 \quad \times$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = \log x^2 \quad \times$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \int x^{-1} dx = \log x + C$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \sin^2 \theta d\theta &= \int \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2} d\theta \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{2} d\theta - \int \frac{\cos(2\theta)}{2} d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}\theta - \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2 \times 2} \\
 &= \frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cos(2\theta) &= \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\
 \cos(2\theta) &= 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta)$$

$$\boxed{\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2}}$$

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THANK
YOU