

# Yakeen NEET 2.0 - 2026

## Botany By Rupesh Chaudhary Sir Cell - The Unit of Life

(NCERT Booster-07)

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| <p><b>1. Correct</b></p> <p>A. plastid found in few plants &amp; euglenoids</p> <p>B. plastid observed under microscope as they are small</p> <p>C. plastid have pigment, gives colour to plant</p> <p>D. plastid are of three types on basis of pigment (chromoplast, chloroplast, amyloplast)</p> <p>E. fat soluble pigment carotenoid present only in chromoplast</p> <p>(A) 1</p> <p>(B) 2</p> <p>(C) 3</p> <p>(D) 4</p> <p><b>2. Correct</b></p> <p>A. chloroplast contain only chlorophyll pigment</p> <p>B. pigment trap light energy essential for respiration</p> <p>C. carotene &amp; xanthophyll present in both chloroplast &amp; chromoplast</p> <p>D. chromoplast give colour to carrot/chillies</p> <p>E. during ripening of tomato Chloroplast change into chromoplast</p> <p>(A) 1                      (B) 2</p> <p>(C) 3                      (D) 4</p> <p><b>3. Assertion (A) : Leucoplast is colourless plastid</b><br/><b>Reason (R) : pigment are absent</b></p> <p>(A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>(B) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>(C) A is true but R is false.</p> <p>(D) A is false but R is true.</p> <p><b>4. Leucoplast</b></p> <p>A. carotenoid present but chlorophyll absent</p> <p>B. three types on basis of pigment</p> <p>C. amyloplast : starch (potato)</p> <p>D. aleuroplast : protein &amp; elaioplast : oil &amp; fat</p> | <p><b>Incorrect</b></p> <p>(A) 1                      (B) 2</p> <p>(C) 3                      (D) 0</p> <p><b>5. Correct</b></p> <p>(A) majority of chloroplast present in mesophyll cells of stem</p> <p>(B) lens, oval, disc, ribbon like</p> <p>(C) length : 2 to 10 um &amp; width : 5 to 10 um</p> <p>(D) one chloroplast present in chlamydomonas placed in plantae kingdom</p> <p><b>6. Correct</b></p> <p>(A) 20 to 40 chromoplast present in mesophyll cells of leave</p> <p>(B) mitochondria &amp; chloroplast semiautonomous organelle</p> <p>(C) both have single membrane</p> <p>(D) inner membrane is more permeable</p> <p><b>7. Correct</b></p> <p>(A) ATP synthesis in ETC. takes place in inner membrane of chloroplast</p> <p>(B) porins absent in inner membrane</p> <p>(C) space limited by inner membrane of chloroplast is matrix</p> <p>(D) flat membranous tubule : thylakoid</p> <p><b>8. Incorrect</b></p> <p>(A) thylakoid present in stroma</p> <p>(B) thylakoid arrange like piles of coin called grana site of dark reaction</p> <p>(C) flat membranous tubule : stromal lamellae where dark reaction occur</p> <p>(D) all except A option</p> |
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9. Correct

- A. membrane of thylakoid enclose a space called lumen
- B. stroma contain enzymes for synthesis of carbohydrate and protein
- C. RUBISCO present in stroma
- D. Calvin cycle occur in grana
- E. large circular dsDNA in chloroplast

(A) 2                      (B) 3  
(C) 4                      (D) 1

10. Correct

- (A) all proteins synthesis of mitochondria and chloroplast so called semiautonomous organelle
- (B) 80 s ribosome present in chloroplast
- (C) ribosome of chloroplast is smaller than cytoplasmic ribosome
- (D) None

## Answer Key

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|--------|---------|
| 1. (A) | 6. (B)  |
| 2. (C) | 7. (B)  |
| 3. (A) | 8. (D)  |
| 4. (B) | 9. (B)  |
| 5. (B) | 10. (C) |



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