Yakeen NEET 2.0 2026

Botany By Rupesh Chaudhary Sir Biological Classification

DPP: 3

- Q1 In which kingdom would we keep *Chlorella* as per 5 kingdom classification system?
 - (A) Monera
- (B) Protista
- (C) Fungi
- (D) Plantae
- Q2 Kingdom Protista includes organism which are;
 - (A) unicellular but prokaryotic
 - (B) unicellular but eukaryotic
 - (C) multicellular but prokaryotic
 - (D) multicellular but eukaryotic
- **Q3** How many groups given below belongs to kingdom Protista:

Mycoplasmas, Euglenoids, Protozoans, Diatoms, Desmids, Phycomycetes, Cyanobacteria

(A) 2

(B)3

(C) 4

- (D) 5
- Q4 Members of ____ are primarily aquatic
 - (A) Monera
 - (B) Protista
 - (C) Fungi
 - (D) Both (A) & (B)
- **Q5** Which of the following is are present in protistan cell body
 - (A) Mitochondria
 - (B) Nucleus
 - (C) Golgi apparatus
 - (D) All of the above
- **Q6** Choose the incorrect statement(s) regarding Kingdom Protista

- A. Kingdom Protista forms a link with the others dealing with plants, animals & fungi
- B. Some protists have flagella or cilia for movement.
- C. Boundaries of this kingdom are well defined.
- D. Protists reproduce only asexually.
- (A) A, C & D
- (B) B & C
- (C) C & D
- (D) Only C
- Q7 Assertion (A): Kingdom-Protista forms a link between monerans and and the other organism like plants, animal and fungi.

Reason (R): Protist reproduce sexually by a process involving cell fusion and zygote formation.

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
- **Q8** Select incorrect statement regarding protists.
 - (A) They are connecting link between prokaryotes and other eukaryotes
 - (B) They have diversified type of nutrition
 - (C) Flagella & cilia have 9+0 arrangement of microtubules
 - (D) They may have both plant and animal like characters

Q9

	In which of the following	ng kingdoms some		(A) Dinoflagellates		
	members have cell wal	l and some are without		(B) Euglenoids		
	cell wall?			(C) Desmids		
	(A) Fungi	(B) Protista		(D) Diatoms		
	(C) Plantae	(D) Animalia				
			Q16		ell-wall deposits of diatoms in	
Q10	•				of years lead to the	1
		f the Protista kingdom?		formation of diator		
	(A) They are primarily			(A) Hundreds	(B) Millions	
	(B) They lack a well-de	efined nucleus.		(C) Billions	(D) Thousands	
	(C) They do not posse	ss membrane-bound	Q17	Diatomaceous eart	h is used for:	
	organelles.		Q17	(A) Polishing	ir is used for,	
	(D) They can reproduc	e both asexually and		(B) Filtration of oils		
	sexually			(C) Filtration of syrt		
Q11	Diatoms & desmids be	longs to		(D) All of these.	иръ	
Q I I	(A) Chrysophytes	longs to		(D) All Of these.		
	(B) Dinoflagellates		Q18	Dinoflagellates are	mostly	
	(C) Euglenoids			(A) Marine and nor	n-photosynthetic	
	(D) Protozoans			(B) Fresh water and	d photosynthetic	
	(D) 1 10t020a113			(C) Marine and pho	otosynthetic	
Q12	Members of chrysoph	ytes are and float		(D) Fresh-water and	d non-photosynthetic	
	in water cu	rrents.	010	Call wall of his boo	at:ff aalllaaa mlataa am tha	
	(A) Macroscopic, activ	ely	Q19		stiff cellulose plates on the	
	(B) Macroscopic, passi	vely	$I \wedge \Lambda$		'x' is the member of	
	(C) Microscopic, active	ely		(A) Dinoflagellates		
	(D) Microscopic, passiv	<i>r</i> ely		(B) Diatoms (C) Golden algae		
Q13	Silica is embedded in	the call walls of		(D) Desmids		
W IS	(A) Desmids	the cell-walls of		(D) Desilias		
	(B) Golden-algae		Q20	In dinoflagellates,	the two flagella are	
	(C) Diatoms			(A) Anterior		
	(D) Both (A) & (B)			(B) lateral		
	(b) both (A) & (b)			(C) Posterior		
Q14	Chrysophytes are fou	nd in		(D) one transverse	& the other longitudinal	
	(A) Fresh water		001	A 1. CI II I		
	(B) Marine water		Q21	_	nich forms red-tides	
	(C) Both (A) & (B)			(A) Nostoc	(B) Euglena	
	(D) terrestrial environ	ment		(C) Gonyaulax	(D) <i>Paramoecium</i>	
O15	Chief manaders : ! !!		Q22	Members of which	group release toxins which	
Q15	Chief producers in the	oceans are			ne animals like fishes	

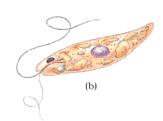


- (A) Protozoans
- (B) Slime-moulds
- (C) Dinoflagellates
- (D) Diatoms
- **Q23** Majority of euglenoids are ____ organisms found in ____ water.
 - (A) Fresh water, running
 - (B) Fresh water, Stagnant
 - (C) Marine water, running
 - (D) Marine water, Stagnant
- **Q24** What is not true of *Euglena*?
 - (A) Presence of cellulose cell-wall.
 - (B) Presence of proteinaceous pellicle
 - (C) Presence of chlorophyll.
 - (D) Presence of flagellum.
- **Q25** Match the following

(A)	Dinoflagellates	(i)	Pellicle
(B)	Euglenoids	(ii)	Siliceous cell-wall
(C)	Diatoms	(iii)	Red-tides

- (A) A-ii, B-i, C-iii
- (B) A-iii, B-i, C-ii
- (C) A-iii, B-ii, C-i
- (D) A-i, B-ii, C-iii
- Q26 Identify figure (a) and (b)





- (A) a is Dinoflagellate & b is Euglena
- (B) a is Euglena & b is diatom
- (C) a is desmid & b is slime mould
- (D) a is Euglena & b is Gonyaxula

- **Q27** A proteinaceous covering which is elastic enough to enable turning and flexing of the cell, yet rigid enough to prevent excessive alternation in shape is;
 - (A) Pellicle in Euglena
 - (B) Plasmalemma in Peranema
 - (C) Pellicle in Amoeba
 - (D) Plasma membrane in *Gonyaulax*
- **Q28** Match the following:

	List-I		List-II	
A.	Dinoflagellates	P.	Cell wall contain silica	
В.	Slime molds	Q.	Proteinaceous cell wall	
C.	Diatoms	R.	Lacks true cell wall	
D.	Euglenoids	S.	Stiff cellulose plates present in cell wall	

- (A) A-R; B-P; C-S; D-Q
- (B) A-S; B-P; C-Q; D-R
- (C) A-R; B-P; C-Q; D-S
- (D) A-S; B-R; C-P; D-Q
- Q29 When deprived of sunlight, euglenoids behave as:
 - (A) autotrophs.
 - (B) heterotrophs.
 - (C) chemosynthetic organisms.
 - (D) photosynthetic organisms.
- Q30 Which bears two unequal flagella?
 - (A) Euglenoids
 - (B) Slime molds
 - (C) Diatoms
 - (D) Dinoflagellates
- Q31 Which organism behaves like plants in the presence of sunlight and absence of organic food, but in reverse condition behaves like animal?
 - (A) Archaebacteria
- (B) Euglena
- (C) Nostoc
- (D) Paramoecium



Q32 Saprophytic protists are (A) Euglenoids (B) Chrysophytes (C) Dinoflagellates (D) Slime-moulds Q33 The body of 'x' moves along decaying twings & leaves engulfing organic material. Then 'x' is (A) Slime moulds (B) Diatoms (C) Amoeba (D) Euglenoids Q34 The spores produced in slime-moulds are dispersed by (A) water (B) air-currents (C) birds (D) Both (A) and (B) Q35 Read the following statements regarding slime moulds and select the incorrect ones. A. They are saprophytic protists. B. Under suitable conditions, they form an aggregation called Plasmodium. C. The spores possess true walls. D. The body moves along decaying twigs and leaves engulfing organic material. E. The spores are dispersed by water currents. (A) A and E (B) D and E (C) C only (D) E only Q36 All protozoans are (A) Autotrophs (B) Saprotrophs (C) Heterotrophs (D) Mixotrophs

Q37 Match the following

Column I

(A) Amoeboid protozoan

(C) Ciliated protozoan

(D) Sporozoans

(A) A-iv, B-i, C-ii, D-iii (B) A-iv, B-iii, C-i, D-ii

(B) Flagellated protozoans

Q38	False feet is present in (A) <i>Paramoecium</i> (C) <i>Amoeba</i>	(B) <i>Plasmodium</i> (D) <i>Trypanosoma</i>	
Q39	The following features of which group of protozo (i) Marine forms have si (ii) They move & captur out pseudopodia (iii) They live in fresh was soil. (A) Amoeboid protozoa (B) Flagellated protozoa (C) Cliated protozoans (D) Sporozoans	oans: lica shells e their prey by puttir ater, Sea water or mo	ng
Q40	Amoeboid protozoans as parasites. (A) Amoeba (C) Entamoeba	like (B) <i>Trypanosoma</i> (D) <i>Paramoecium</i>	_act
Q41		(D) Paramoecium	
Q42	Gullet is present in (A) Flagellated protozo (B) Ciliated protozoans (C) Sporozoans (D) Amoeboid protozoa		
Q43	Malarial parasite belong of protozoans (A) Amoeboid protozoa (B) Flagellated protozoa (C) Ciliated protozoan	an	

(C) A-iii, B-ii, C-iv, D-i (D) A-ii, B-iii, C-iv, D-i

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

Column II

Plasmodium

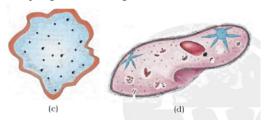
Trypanosoma

Paramoecium

Amoeba

- (D) Sporozoans
- Q44 Infectious spore like state is present in the lifecycle of _____
 - (A) Amoeba
- (B) Slime-mould
- (C) Paramoecium
- (D) Plasmodium
- **Q45** Choose the current statement
 - (A) *Paramoecium & Trypanosoma* are ciliated protozoans
 - (B) Gullet is present in *Plasmodium a*nd *Amoeba*
 - (C) Cilia is present in *Paramoecium*

- (D) None of these
- Q46 Identify figure (c) & figure (d)



- (A) c is slime mould & d is Euglena
- (B) c is dinoflagellate & d is *Plasmodium*
- (C) c is Amoeba & d is Trypanosoma
- (D) c is slime mould & d is Paramoecium

Answer Key

Q1	(B)	
Q2	(B)	
Q3	(C)	
Q4	(B)	
Q5	(D)	
Q6	(C)	
Q7	(B)	
Q8	(C)	
Q9	(B)	
Q10	(D)	
Q11	(A)	
Q12	(D)	
Q13	(C)	
Q14	(C)	
Q15	(D)	
Q16	(C)	

Q17

Q18

Q19 (A)

Q20 (D)

Q21 (C)

Q22 (C)

Q23 (B)

(D)

(C)

Q24	(A)
Q25	(B)
Q26	(A)
Q27	(A)
Q28	(D)
Q29	(B)
Q30	(A)
Q31	(B)
Q32	(D)
Q33	(A)
Q34	(B)
Q35	(D)
Q36	(C)
Q37	(D)
Q38	(C)
Q39	(A)
Q40	(C)
Q41	(D)
Q42	(B)
Q43	(D)
Q44	(D)
Q45	(C)
047	(D)

