



Magarmach Practice Questions (MPQ)







Which of the following statements about elements is incorrect?

- All elements are made up of atoms
- Elements can be broken down into simpler substances by chemical means

Nacs), H,

- Elements may exist as atoms or molecules
- Each element is represented by a unique symbol



Which of the following statements about a compound is incorrect?

(NCERT Exemplar)

- A molecule of a compound has atoms of different elements C_2
- A compound cannot be separated into its constituent elements by physical methods of separation
- A compound retains the physical properties of its constituent elements 2 Na(6) + (12(9)) = 2 Na(18)
- The ratio of atoms of different elements in a compound is fixed



Assertion: The number of elements is limited but the number of compounds is unlimited.

Reason: Two or more elements combine to form a compound.

- Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
- Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- A is correct but R is incorrect
- A is incorrect but R is correct



According to ancient Indian texts, what is 'Paras'?

- A golden dye
- Philosopher's stone
- © Elixir of life
- An alchemy book



When two or more elements combine chemically with one another ____ is formed?

- A Element
- B Mixture
- C Fluid





The concept of indivisible particles or atoms in India was proposed by:

- A Nagarjuna
- Acharya Kanda
- C Varāhamihira
- Rasayana Rishi



Which of the following represents a compound?

- O_2
- B H₂
- NaCl
- D He



Which of the following is an element?

- Water H20
- B Carbon C
- C Ammonia NH3
- Glucose 41,06



Which of the following is not a characteristic of mixtures?

Salt + water - salt water

- Components retain their individual properties
- Can be separated by physical methods
- Have a fixed boiling point
- D May show variable composition

Which property is common to both elements and compounds?

- A Can be separated by physical means
- Represented by a chemical formula
- Composed of two or more substances
- Can exist as homogeneous or heterogeneous mixtures



Which of the following is not a pure substance?

- A Oxygen Oz(3)
- B Water 409
- Milk -> mix. Fat + water.
- Sodium chloride Nau



Assertion: The properties of a compound are same as those of its constituents. Reason: A compound is always made up of the same elements combined together in a fixed ratio by mass.

- Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
- Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- A is correct but R is incorrect
- A is incorrect but R is correct



Assertion: Solids have definite volume and shape.

Reason: In solids, the constituent particles are very close to each other and there is not much freedom of movement.

- If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- B If both assertion and reason are true and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- If assertion is true but reason is false
- If both assertion and reason are false.

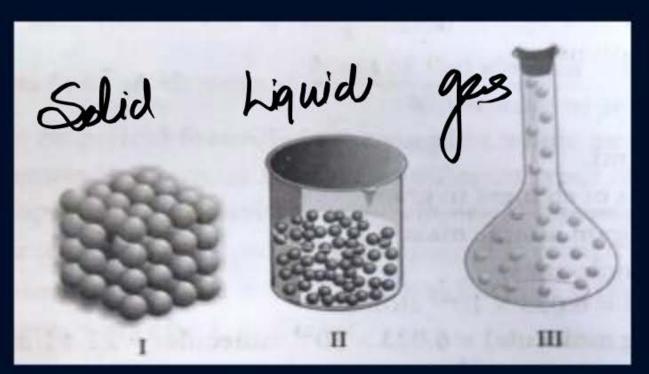


Which one of the following pairs have both are present a compound and mixture

- NH₃ and salt solution
- B X Lemon juice and Liquid gum
- C X Ice cream and NaCl
- D X Gun powder and plaster of paris.



Choose the correct statement about I, II and III.

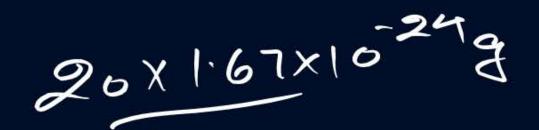


- A I and II have definite volume but III does not have this property
- B · I, II and III are interconvertible by changing the conditions of temperature and pressure
- C XIn the particles of I, freedom of movement is large
- Both (A) and (B)



Which one of the following statements is correct?

- Two or more than two atoms of the elements combine and form compound.
- B \times The atoms retain their own property when form a compound.
- C X Each substance of a mixture loses its original property.
- Each substance of a mixture can be separated by physical or chemical methods.





If mass of one atom is 3.32×10^{-23} g, then calculate number of nucleons (neutrons and protons) present in 2 atoms of the element:



man of laton = 3.32x 10239



G.A.M = 3.32×103/3×6.022×18/39



G.A.M. 220 g

A.A.Ma 20 a.m.u.

R.A.M 220

atom has nucleons = 20



Assertion: Brass is a homogeneous mixture.

Reason: Brass is an alloy of copper and zinc.



Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.

- B
- Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- C

A is correct but R is incorrect

D

A is incorrect but R is correct



In the graph, number of protons are plotted vs number of neutrons for the element A and G and H (hydrogen). Maximum number of neutrons are present in one formula unit of:

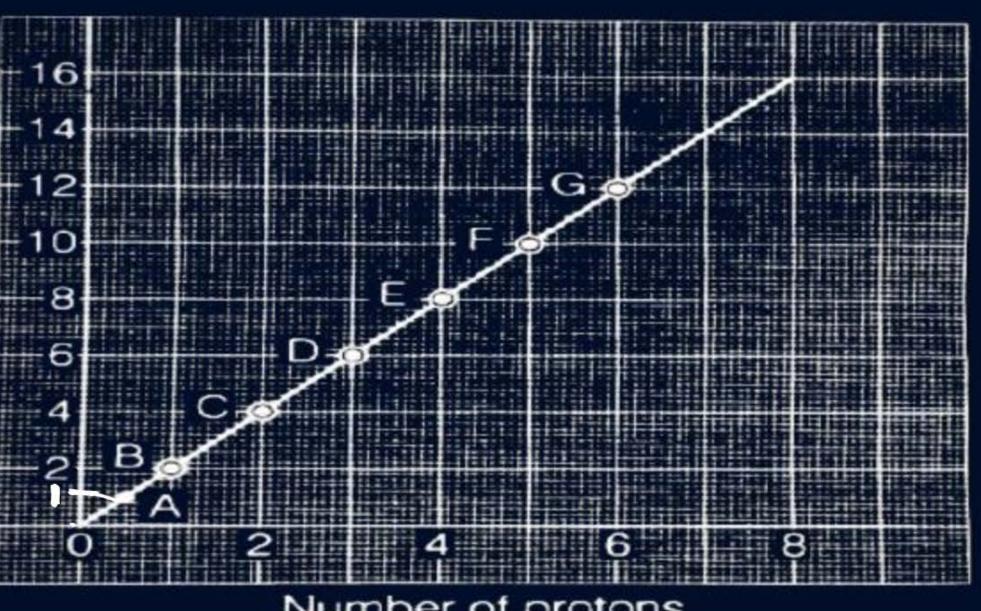
$$DH_{4}E = 6x1 + 0x4 + 8x1$$

B)
$$A_2E = 2x1 + 8x1 = 20$$

GE $12x1 + 8x1 = 20$

DE₂ $6x1 + 8x2 - 22$

DE₂ $6x1 + 8x2 - 22$



Number of protons



- (a) Water (b) iron 5;02 (e) ice-cream (d) sugar C (f) Air M (f) magnesium oxide (g) sulfur (h) cement M



