

DPP SOLUTION

- Subject Physical Chemistry
- Chapter Some Basic Concept of **Chemistry**

DPP No.- 01



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In an atom (27/4l) number of protons is (a) electron is (b) and neutron is (c). Hence ratio will be in order c : b : a

- 13:14:13
- 2 13:13:14
- 14:13:13
- 4 14:13:14

C: b: a n: e: b 14:13:13 A-Z=27-13=14



A and B are two elements which have same atomic weight and are having atomic number 27 and 30 respectively. If the atomic weight of A is 57 then number of neutrons in B is

 $27 \quad \begin{array}{c} 57 \\ 27 \end{array}$

57 $B \rightarrow \Omega = A - Z = 57 - 30 = 27$

- 2 33
- 30
- 40



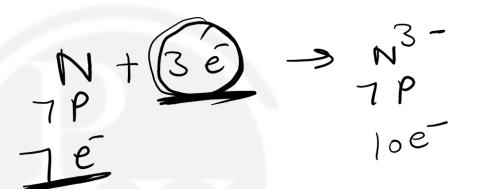
Number of protons, neutrons and electrons in the element $^{231}_{89}X$ is

- (1) 89, 231, 89
- 2 89, 89, 242
- 3 89, 142, 89
- 4
 89,71,89



The nitrogen atom has 7 protons and 7 electrons, the nitride ion (N³-) will have:

- 7 protons and 10 electrons
 - 2 4 protons and 7 electrons
 - (3) 4 protons and 10 electrons
 - (4) 10 protons and 7 electrons





Chlorine atom differs from chloride ion in the number of:

- (1) Proton only
- 2 Neutron only
- Electrons only
- (4) Protons and electrons





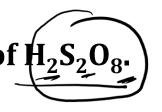
Number of neutrons in 1 molecule of CO₂ are



$$n = (12-6) \times 1 + (16-8) \times 2 = 6 + 16 = 22$$

- 2) 20
- (3) 12
- **(4)** 16

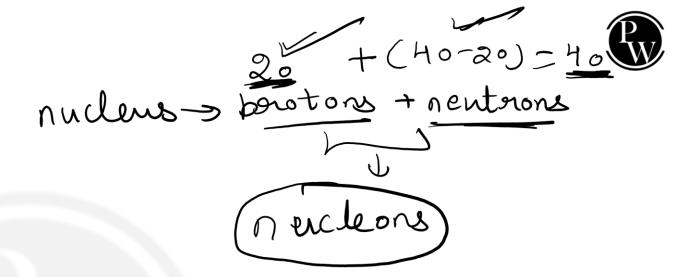
Sum of proton, electron and neutron in 1 molecule of $H_2S_2O_8$. 98 + 98 + 96 = 292 L L ~





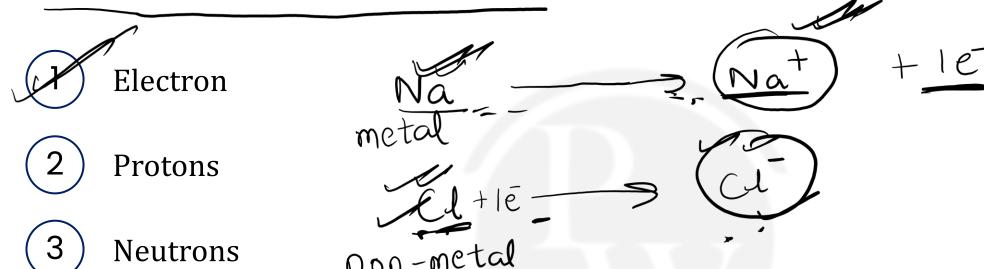
In the <u>nucleus</u> of <u>20</u>Ca⁴⁰ there are

- (1) 40 protons and 20 electrons
- (2) 20 protons and 40 electrons
- 20 protons and 20 neutrons
- 4) 20 protons and 40 neutrons





Sodium atom differs from sodium ion in the number of



4 Does not differ



The number of electrons in $[_{19}K^{40}]$ is



- 2) 20
- **3** 18
- 40



Name the particles which make up matter

- (1) Non-metals
- 2 Metals
- (3) Metalloids





An atom which has lost one electron would be

1 Negatively charged

 $\frac{Na}{Na} + 1e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

- Positively charged
- (3) Electrically neutral
- 4 Carry double positive charge



Which of the following species has more electrons than neutrons?





$$0^{2}$$



Nitrogen atom has an atomic number of 7 and oxygen has an atomic number 8. The total number of electrons in a nitrate ion (NO $\frac{2}{3}$) will

1) 8

N

2) 16 $= 7 \times 1 + 8 \times 3 = 31$ = 324) 64



The atomic number of an element represents

- (1) Number of neutrons in the nucleus
- Number of protons in the nucleus
- (3) Atomic weight of element
- 4 Valency of element

