# YAKEFA MEET 2.0

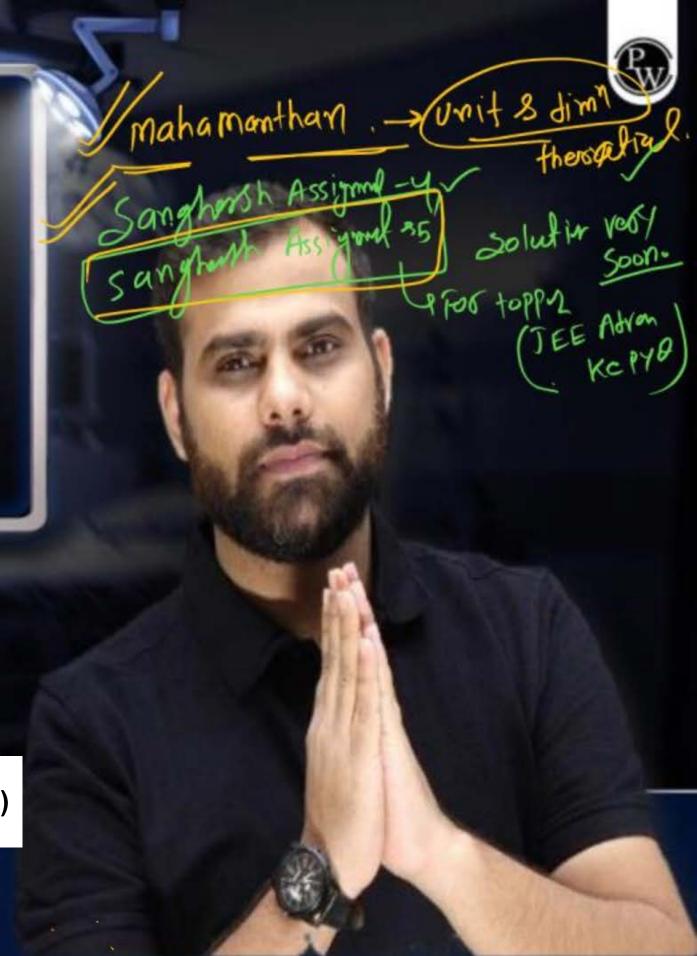
2026

Motion in a Straight Line

**Physics** 

Homework Solution 01 (of Lec-02)

By- Manish Raj (MR Sir)





Statement-1: Distance and displacement is different physical quantity.

Statement-2: Distance and displacement have same unit and dimension.

- 1 Both are wrong
- 2 Both are correct
- 3 1st wrong, 2nd correct
- 4 1st correct, 2nd wrong

Note/11/w



# Fill in the blanks: (may/must/must not/may not)

- A. Distance travelled by object is zero the displacement met be non-zero.
- B. Distance travelled by object is not zero then displacement  $\frac{m_{AY}}{m_{AY}}$  be zero
- D. If displacement is not equal to zero then distance my not equal to zero.







# True / False

A. Particle is moving on straight line, distance is equal to displacement



B. Displacement independ of choice of frame of reference



C. For a particle moving on parabolic path distance always grater than displacment

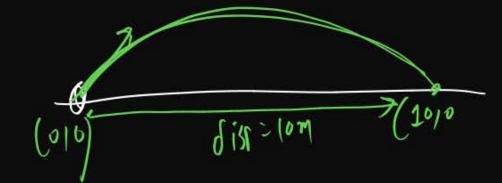


D. Displacement is not zero; then distance must not be zero



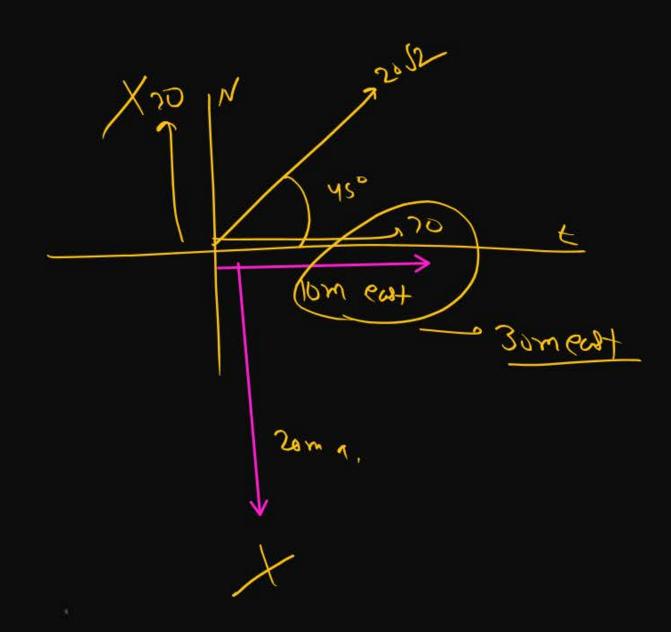
E. Distance is not equal to zero; then displacement may equal to zero.







A student moves 10m towards east then 20m south and then  $20\sqrt{2}$  north east then find displacement?



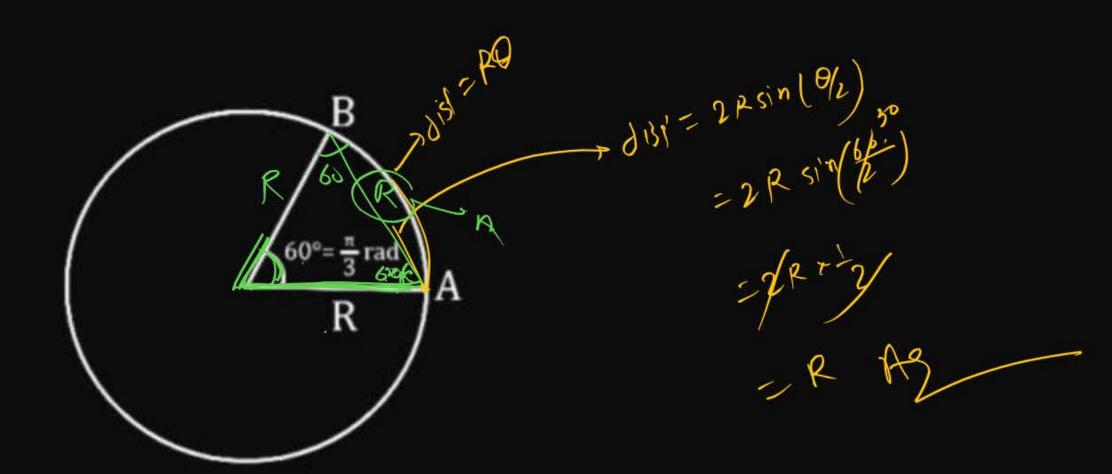
Box 120° R Ainti

HIW

 $\frac{139^{n}}{2R} = \frac{7}{8f} - \frac{7}{8i} \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^{60}$   $= \frac{2}{2R} \sin\left(\frac{126}{2}\right)$   $= \frac{2}{2R} \sin\left(\frac{126}{2}\right)$ - 57/2



Object moves on a circular path by angle 60° then find ratio of distance to displacement.

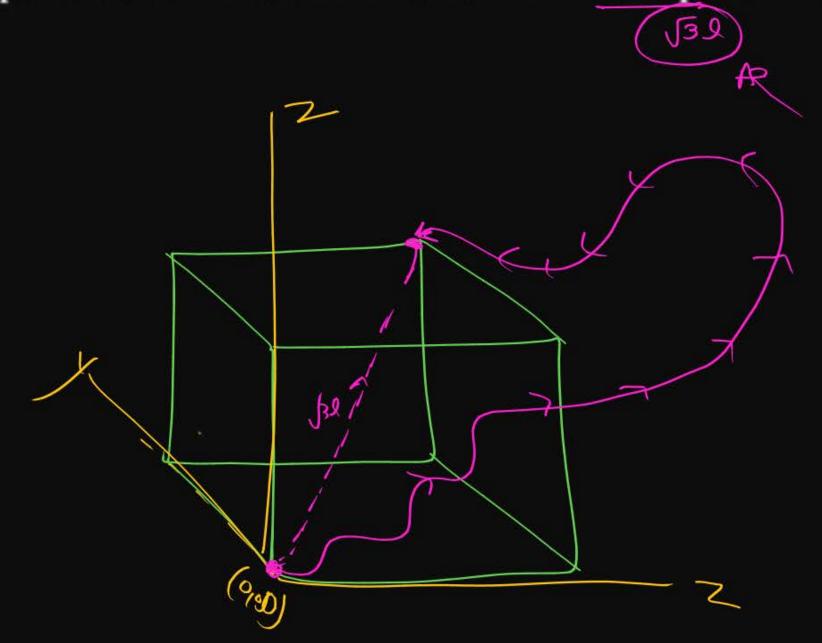


(H/w)

MP



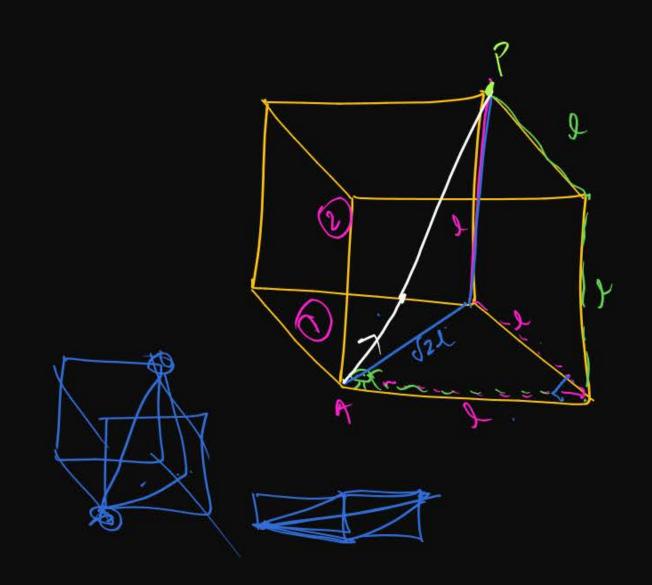
A butterfly start flying from a corner of the cubical room of side *l* and reaches to the opposite corner of the room. Find its displacement.

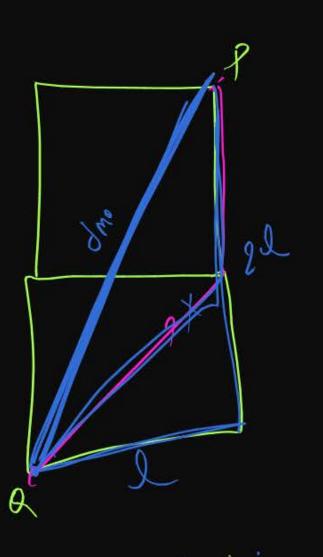




An ant start moving from a corner of the solid cubical room and want to reach opposite of body diagonal find minimum distance moved by ant.

32/ S22+l





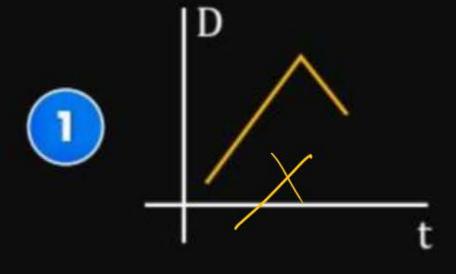
$$J_{ri} = \int_{2+(24)^{2}}^{2+(24)^{2}}$$

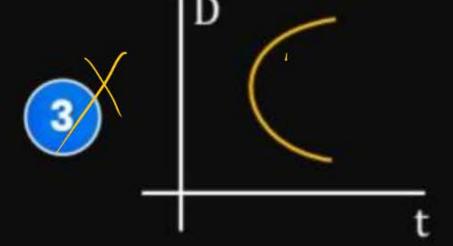
$$= \int_{5e^{2}}^{2+(24)^{2}}$$

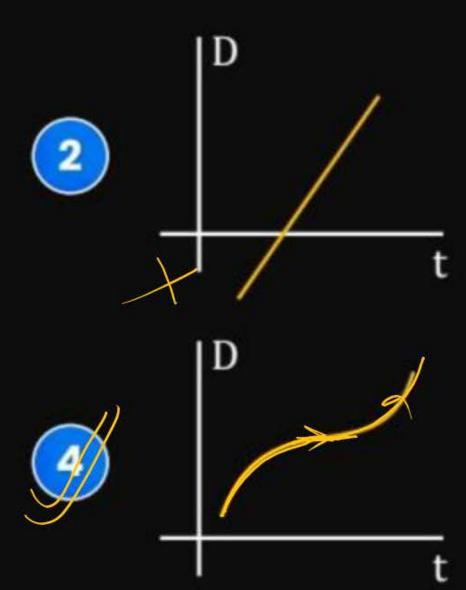
$$= \int_{5e^{2}}^{2} A_{r}^{r}$$

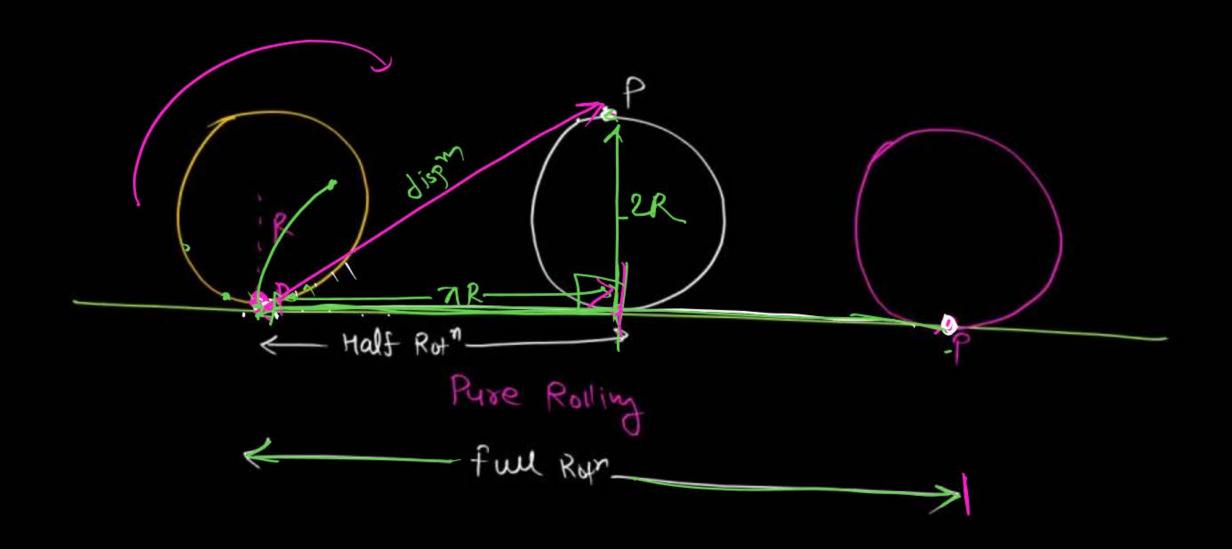


Which of the following graph is correct for distance-time.









dispm p in fluid Both: 22 (2MR)

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tisp"= \(\lambda (\pi R)^2 + (2R)^2 = R \int \pi^2 + 4

Think apply

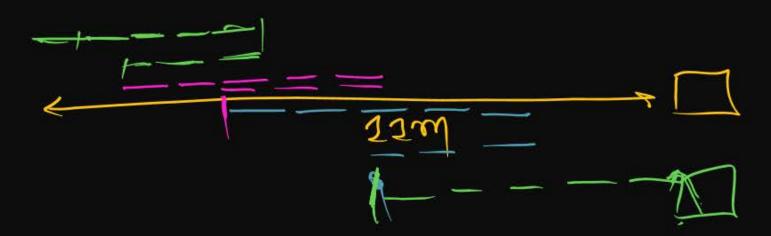
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A drunkard is walking along a straight road. He takes 5 steps forward and 3 steps backward and so on. Each step is 1 m long and takes 1s. There is a pit on the road 11 m away from the starting point. The drunkard will fall into the pit after:

- 1 21 s
- 29 s
- 31 s
- 4 37 s



2m+ 2m >4+2=6my+5=(1m) 810c 80ec 8re +5.





A mosquito net over a 7 ft × 4 ft bed is 3 ft high. The net has a hole at one corner of the bed through which a mosquito enters the net. If flies and sits at the diagonally opposite upper corner of the net.

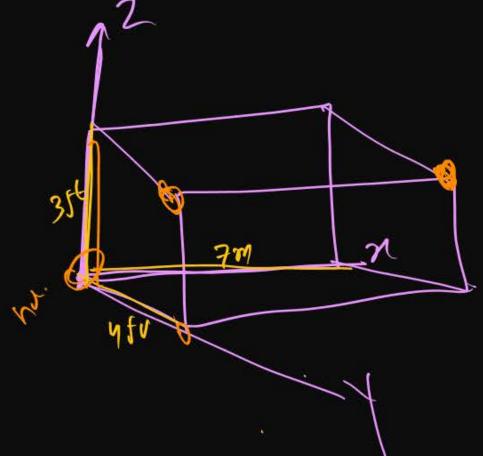
- (a) Find the magnitude of the displacement of the mosquito.
- (b) Taking the holes as the origin, the length of the bed as the X-axis, its width as the Y-axis, and vertically up as the Z-axis, write the components of the displacement vector.

$$J_{3} = \sqrt{7^{2}+3^{2}+4^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{49+9+16}$$

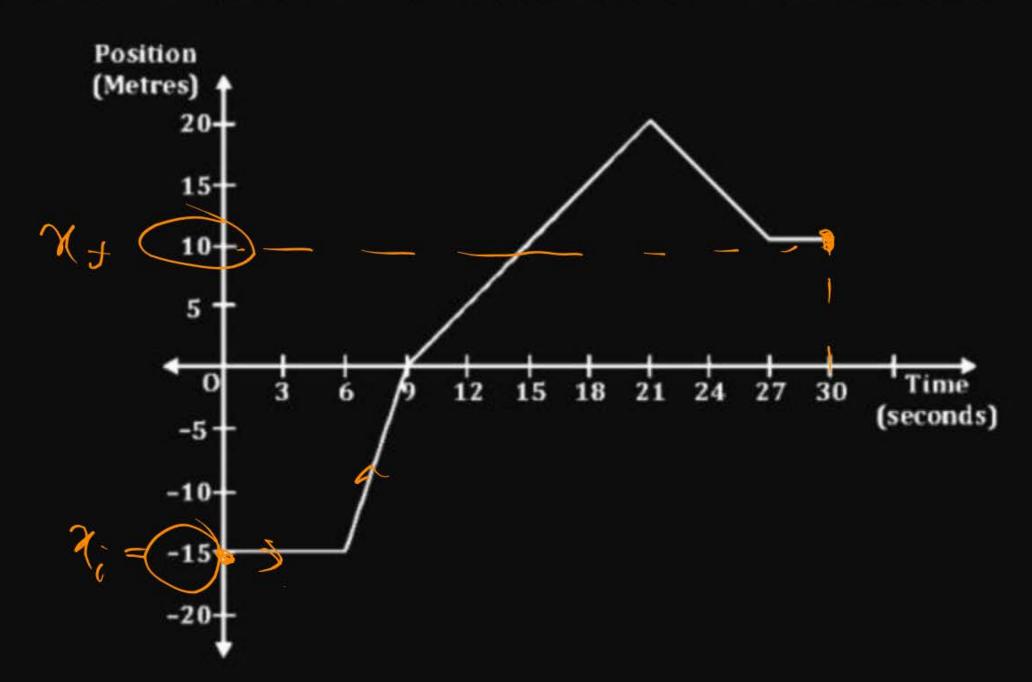
$$J_{3} = \sqrt{49+25} = \sqrt{7}$$

$$J_{1} + 45 + 31$$





The position-time graph for an elevator travels up and down is given below. Find the distance and displacement of the elevator between 6 seconds and 21 seconds.



Mwghsm



