Yakeen NEET 2.0 2026

Physics by MR Sir

Motion in a Straight Line

DPP: 5

- Q1 A particle starts with an $u=2.5~\mathrm{m/s}$ along the positive x direction and accelerates with $0.50~\mathrm{ms^{-2}}$. Time taken to reach the velocity $7.5~\mathrm{m/s}$ will be
 - (A) 5sec
 - (B) 2sec
 - (C) 10sec
 - (D) 15sec
- **Q2** A car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly at $2 m/s^2$ What is the velocity of the car after 5 seconds?
 - (A) 2 m/s
- (B) 5 m/s
- (C) 10 m/s
- (D) 15 m/s
- ${\bf Q3}~$ A body starts from rest and accelerates uniformly. If the acceleration is $4~m/s^2,$ how much time will it take to reach a velocity of 20~m/s ?
 - (A) 5 seconds
- (B) 4 seconds
- (C) 10 seconds
- (D) 8 seconds
- Q4 An object moves with uniform acceleration and covers 100 meters in 4 seconds. If the initial

velocity is 0, what is the acceleration?

- (A) 5 m/s^2
- (B) 12.5 m/s^2
- (C) 15.5 m/s^2
- (D) 20 m/s^2
- **Q5** A car moves with a velocity of $20~\mathrm{m/s}$ and a constant acceleration of $2~\mathrm{m/s}2$. How far will it travel in 10 seconds?
 - (A) 100 meters
- (B) 150 meters
- (C) 300 meters
- (D) 250 meters
- Q6 A particle moves in a straight line with a constant acceleration. It changes its velocity from 10 ms⁻¹ to 20 ms⁻¹ while passing through a distance 135 m in t sec. The value of t is;
 - (A) 10
- (B) 1.8
- (C) 12
- (D) 9
- Q7 The ratio of the distance traveled by a freely falling body in the 1^{st} , 2^{nd} , 3^{rd} and 4^{th} second :
 - (A) 1:1:1:1
- (B) 1:2:3:4
- (C) 1:4:9:16
- (D) 1:3:5:7

Answer Key

Q1	(C)	Q5	(C)
Q2	(C)	Q5 Q6 Q7	(D)
Q3	(A)	Q 7	(D)
Q4	(B)		



