Yakeen NEET 2.0 2026

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Vectors

DPP: 8

Q1 Given, $\overrightarrow{P}=2\hat{i}-3\hat{j}+4\hat{k}$ and $\overrightarrow{Q}=\hat{j}-2\hat{k}.$ The magnitude of their resultant is:

- (A) $\sqrt{3}$
- (B) $2\sqrt{3}$
- (C) $3\sqrt{3}$
- (D) $4\sqrt{3}$

Q2 The resultant of $\overrightarrow{F_1} = 4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j}$ and

$$\overrightarrow{F_2} = 6\hat{i} + 8\hat{j}$$
 is;

- (A) $5\sqrt{5}$
- (B) $10\hat{i}+5\hat{j}$
- (C) 125
- (D) $-2\hat{i}-3\hat{j}$

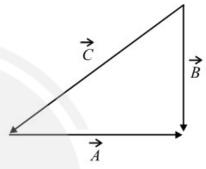
Given two vectors $\stackrel{
ightarrow}{A}=3\hat{i}+4\hat{j}$ and $\overset{
ightarrow}{B}=\hat{i}\,-2\hat{j}$. Then match the following columns:

List-l		List-II		
(A)	Magnitude of vector $\stackrel{ ightarrow}{A}$	(1)	5	
(B)	Unit vector of $\overset{ ightarrow}{A}$	(II)	$\left(0.6\hat{i} + 0.8\hat{j} ight)$	
(C)	The magnitude of $\overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B}$	(III)	$\left(2\hat{i}+6\hat{j} ight)$	
(D)	The difference of vector $\overrightarrow{A} - \overrightarrow{B}$	(IV)	$\sqrt{20}$	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
- (B) A-I, B-II, C-IV, D-III
- (C) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I
- (D) A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III

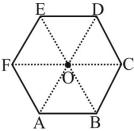
Q4 For the figure, which of the following is **correct**?



- (A) $\overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B} = \overrightarrow{C}$
- (B) $\overrightarrow{B} + \overrightarrow{C} = \overrightarrow{A}$
- (C) $\overrightarrow{C} + \overrightarrow{A} = \overrightarrow{B}$
- (D) $\overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B} + \overrightarrow{C} = 0$

Q5 Figure shows ABCDEF as a regular hexagon. What is the value of

 $\overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{AC} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{AE} + \overrightarrow{AF}$



- (B) $2\overrightarrow{AO}$
- (D) $\overrightarrow{6AO}$

- **Q6** If a vector $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$ is perpendicular to the vector $4\hat{j}-4\hat{i}+\alpha\hat{k}$, then the value of lpha is:
 - (A) 1/2
- (B) -1/2

(C)1

- (D) -1
- **Q7** Two forces, each equal to F act at an angle 60°, their resultant is?
 - (A) F/2
- (B) F
- (C) $\sqrt{3}F$
- (D) $\sqrt{5}F$
- **Q8** A force of 8 N makes an angle 30° with x-axis. Find the x and y components of the force.
 - (A) $F_x=4\sqrt{3}N,\,\,F_y=4N$
 - (B) $F_x=4N,\; F_y=4\sqrt{3}N$
 - (C) $F_x=2N,\; F_y=2\sqrt{3}N$
 - (D) $F_x=2\sqrt{3}N,\; F_y=2N$
- Q9 If a unit vector is represented by
 - $0.3\hat{i} 0.4\hat{j} + c\hat{k}$, then the value of 'c' is:
 - (A) $\sqrt{0.75}$
- (B) $\sqrt{0.25}$
- (C) $\sqrt{0.01}$
- (D) $\sqrt{0.39}$
- **Q10** The unit vector along $\hat{i}-2\hat{j}$ is :
 - (A) $\frac{\hat{i}-2\hat{j}}{\sqrt{5}}$ (C) $\frac{\hat{i}+\hat{j}}{\sqrt{2}}$

- **Q11** If two vectors $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} \hat{k}$ and $-4\hat{i}-6\hat{j}+\lambda\hat{k}$ are parallel to each other then value of λ be:
 - (A) 0

(B)2

(C)3

- (D) 4
- **Q12** If $A=3\hat{i}+4\hat{j}$ and $B=7\hat{i}+24\hat{j}$, the vector having the same magnitude as B and parallel to A
- $\begin{array}{ll} \text{(A)} \ 5 \hat{i} \ + 20 \hat{j} & \text{(B)} \ 15 \hat{i} \ + 10 \hat{j} \\ \text{(C)} \ 20 \hat{i} \ + 15 \hat{j} & \text{(D)} \ 15 \hat{i} \ + 20 \hat{j} \end{array}$
- A vector $\overrightarrow{P}=3\hat{i}-2\hat{j}+a\hat{k}$ is perpendicular to the vector $\overrightarrow{Q}=2\hat{i}+\hat{j}-\hat{k}$. The value of \emph{a}

(A) 2

(B) 1

(C) 4

- (D) 3
- If force $\left(\overrightarrow{F}
 ight)=4\hat{i}+5\hat{j}$ and displacement $\left(\overrightarrow{s}
 ight)=3\hat{k}+6\hat{j}$, then the work done is: $\left(W=\overrightarrow{F}.\overrightarrow{S}
 ight)$
 - $(A) 4 \times 3$
- $(B) 5 \times 6$
- $(C)6 \times 3$
- $(D) 4 \times 6$
- Find work done, if force $\overset{
 ightarrow}{F}=3\hat{i}\,+2\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ and Q15 displacement $\overrightarrow{s}=2\hat{i}-5\hat{j}+3\hat{k}$

(C) 2J

(D) -2J

Answer Key

Q1	(B)	Q9	(A)
Q2	(B)	Q10	(A)
Q3	(B)	Q11	(B)
Q4	(C)	Q12	(D)
Q5	(D)	Q13	(C)
Q6	(B)	Q14	(B)
Q7	(C)	Q15	(B)
08	(A)		



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