

# YAKEEN NEET 2.0

2026

Laws of motion

PHYSICS

Lecture 09

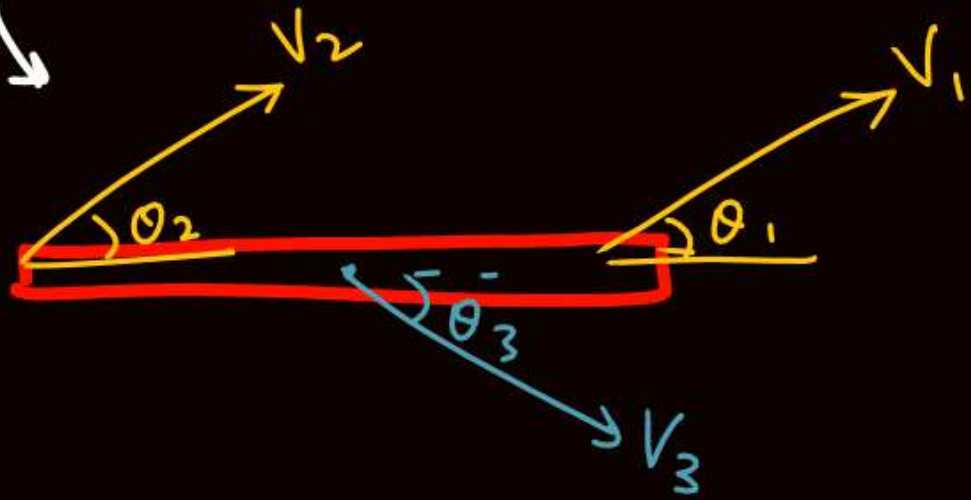
By – Saleem Ahmed Sir



## Today's Goal

- Constraint motion

① लिखना है

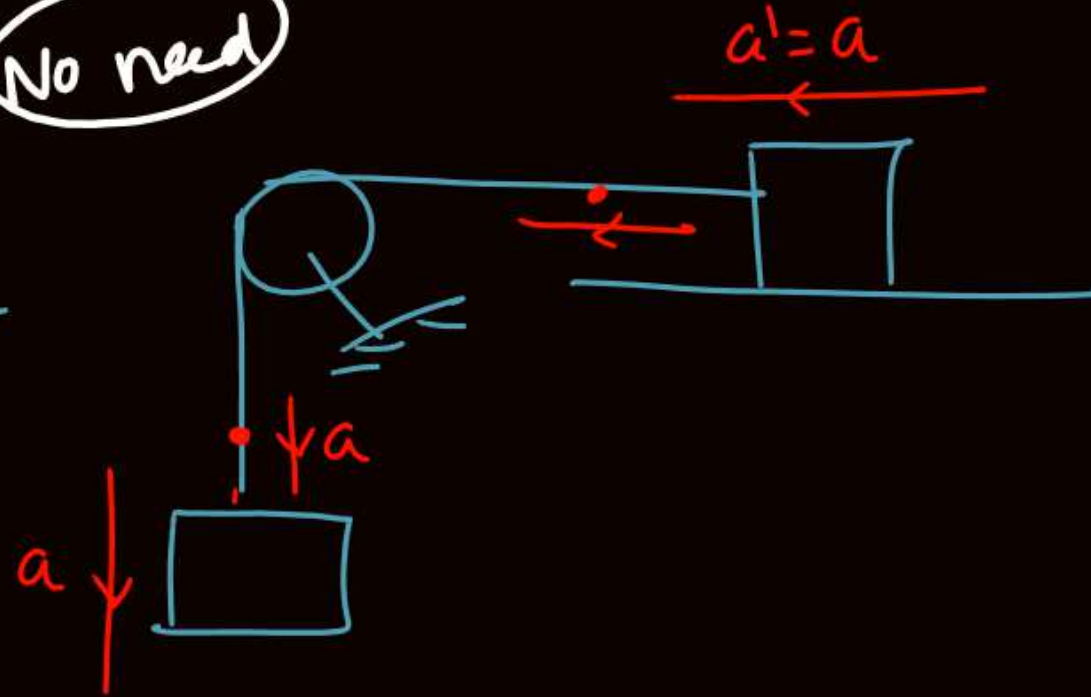


$$V_2 \cos \theta_2 = V_1 \cos \theta_1 = V_3 \cos \theta_3$$

②

No need

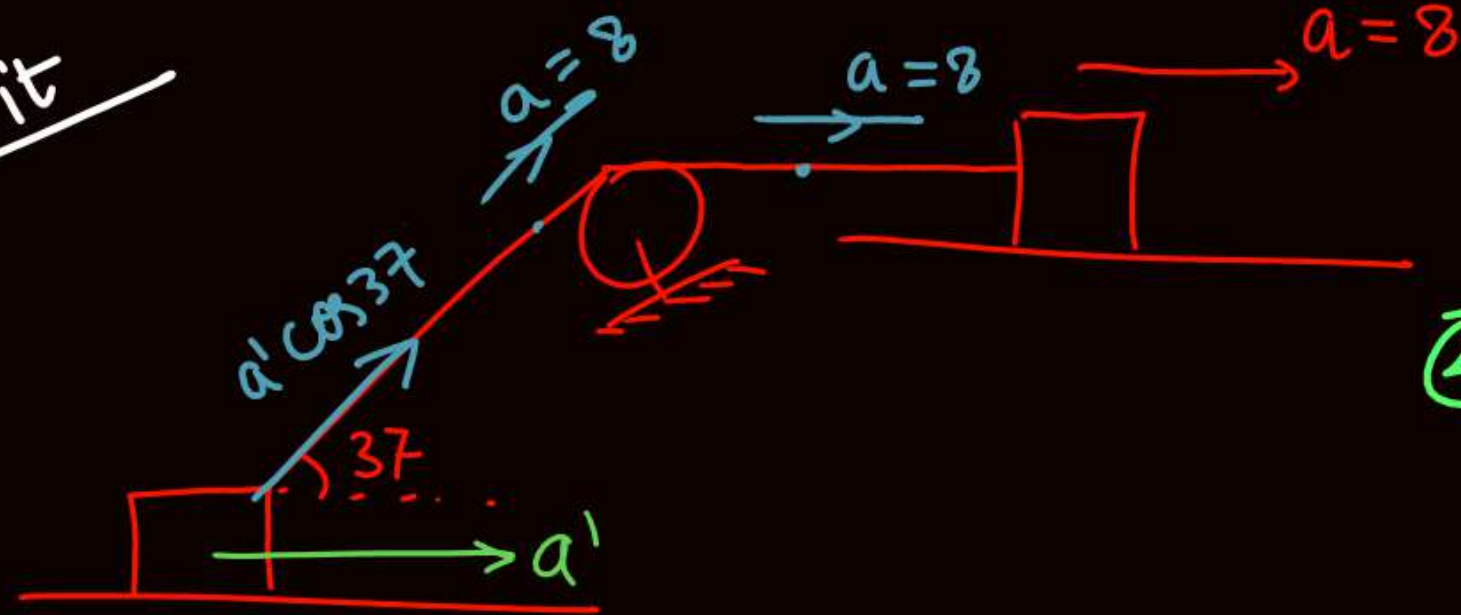
Q





note it

③



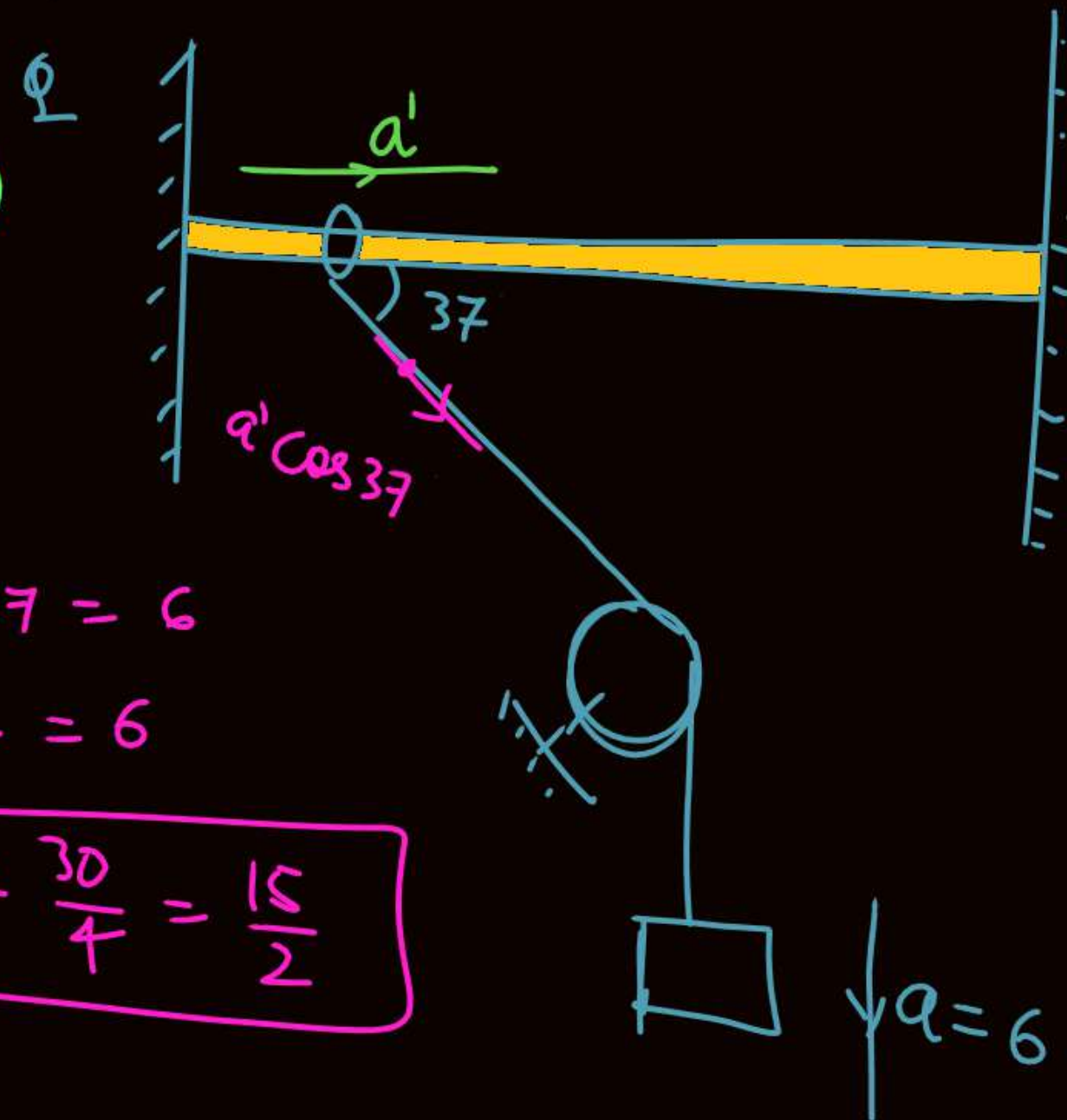
$$a' \cos 37 = 8$$

$$a' \times \frac{4}{5} = 8$$

$$\boxed{a' = 10}$$

note it

④



$$a' \cos 37 = 6$$

$$a' \frac{4}{5} = 6$$

$$\boxed{a' = \frac{30}{4} = \frac{15}{2}}$$

~~28~~  
SKC → acc, 0 Rasi/80d ki taraf tod kar banaban kar do . -

## Virtual work method

③

$$\sum \vec{T} \cdot \vec{x} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{x}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{x}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{x}_3 + \dots = 0 \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{Work Power} \\ \epsilon_{\text{mpe}} \end{array} \right)$$

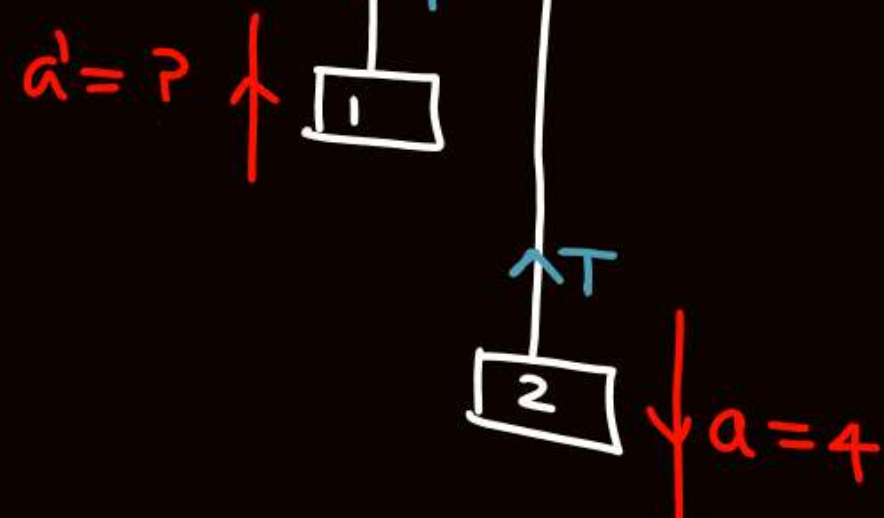
$$\sum \vec{T} \cdot \vec{v} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{v}_2 + \dots = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{T} \cdot \vec{a} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 + \dots = 0$$

No need

Q

Q



$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

$$+Ta' - T \times 4 = 0$$

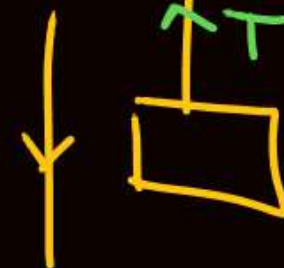
$$a' - 4 = 0$$

$$a' = 4$$

Q

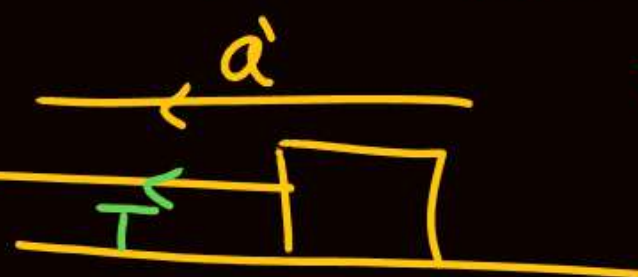
Q

a=3



$$\text{If } \theta = 0, \vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = AB$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ \Rightarrow \vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = AB \cos 180^\circ = -AB$$



$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

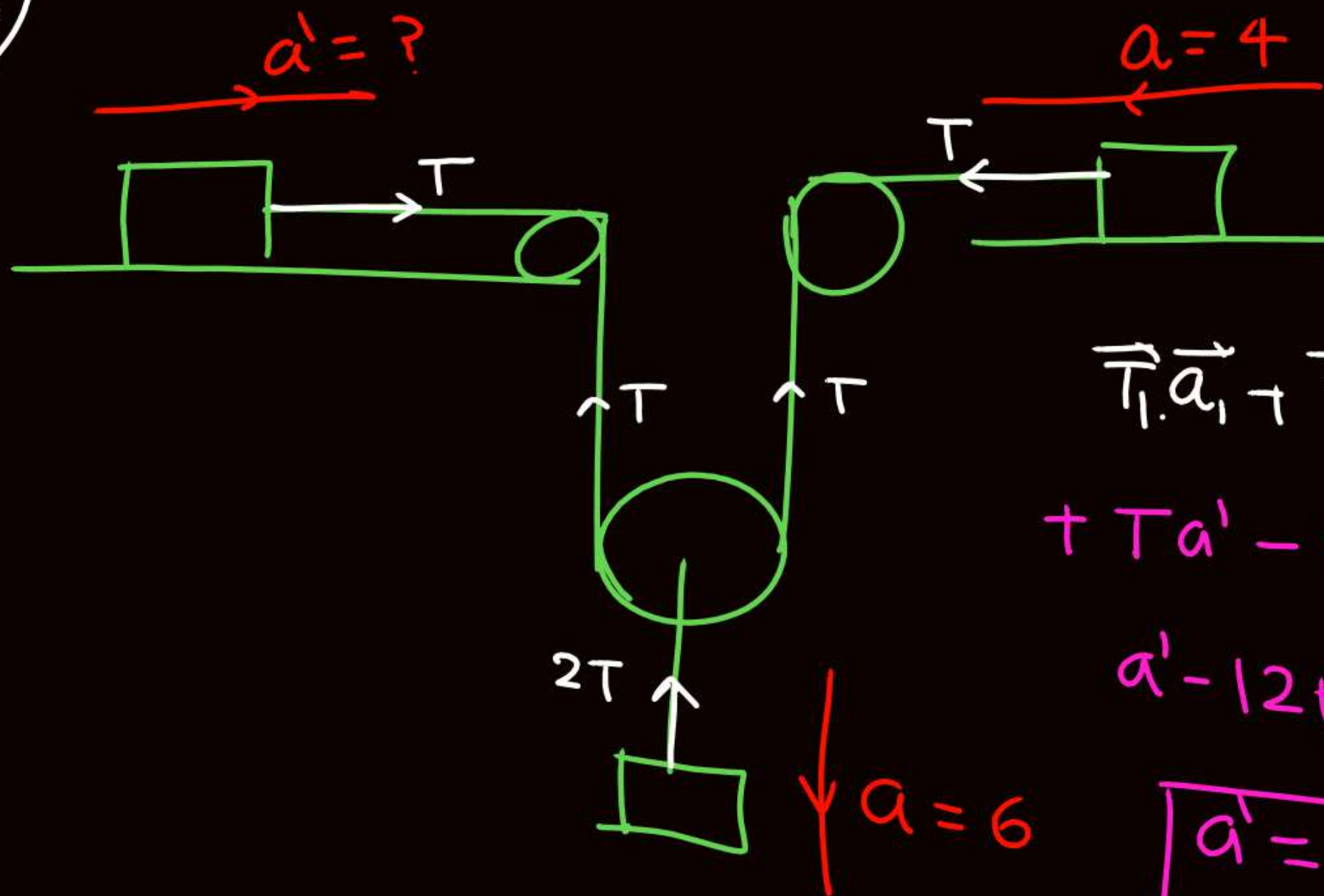
$$-T \times 3 + Ta' = 0$$

$$a' = 3$$



note

7



$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{a}_3 = 0$$

$$+ T a' - 2T \times 6 + T \times 4 = 0$$

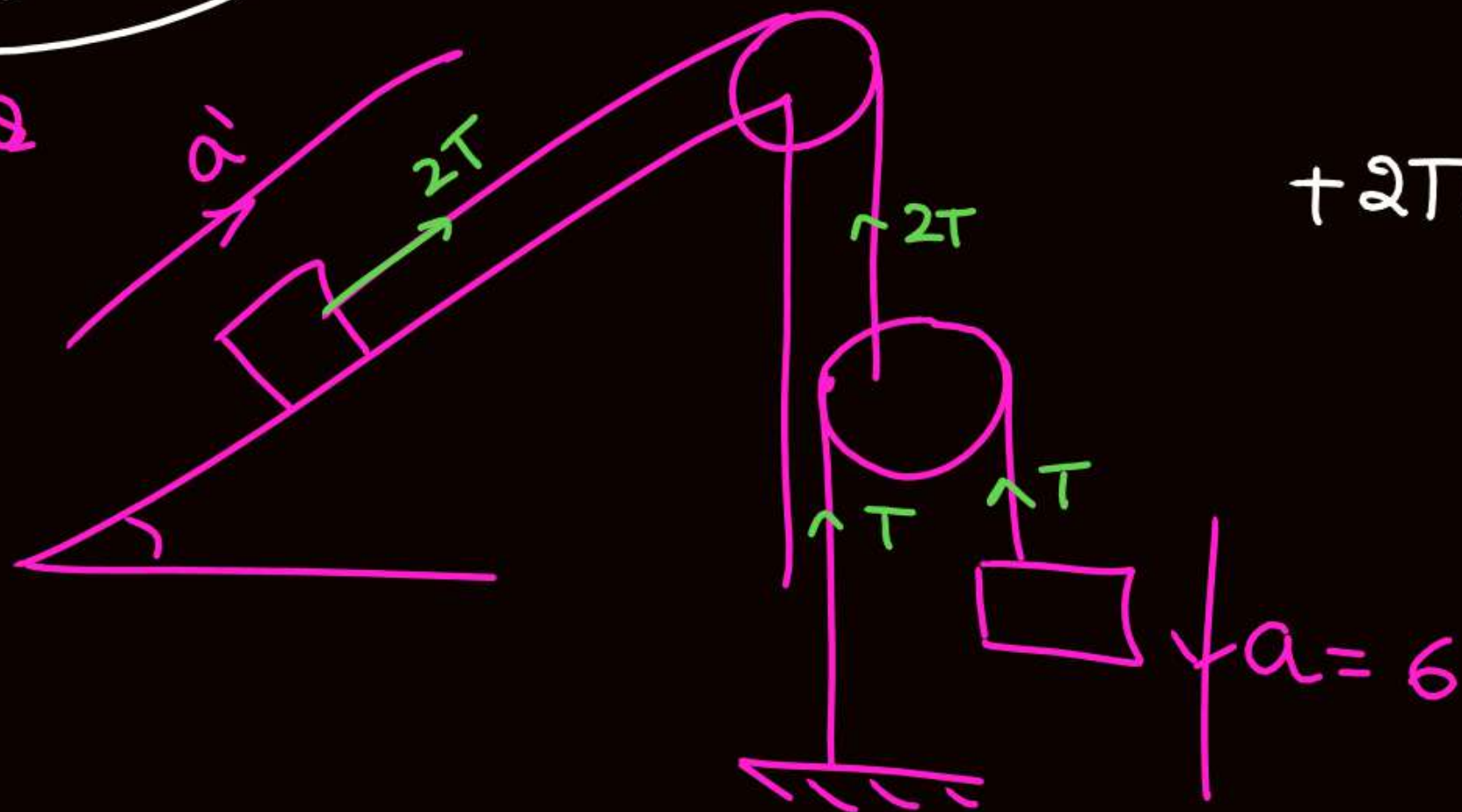
$$a' - 12 + 4 = 0$$

$$\boxed{a' = 8}$$



note it

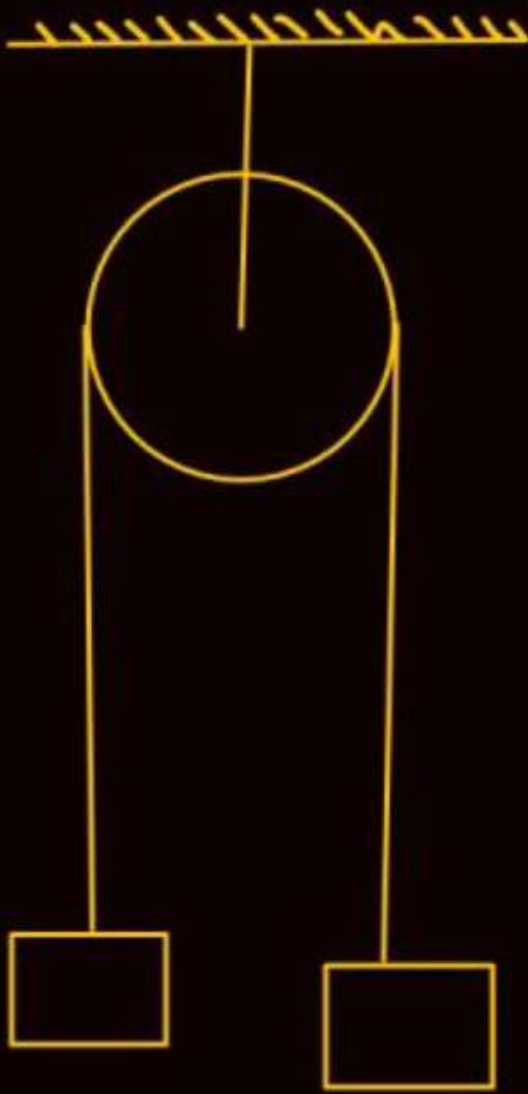
⑧



$$+2Ta' - T \times 6 = 0$$

$$\boxed{a' = 3}$$

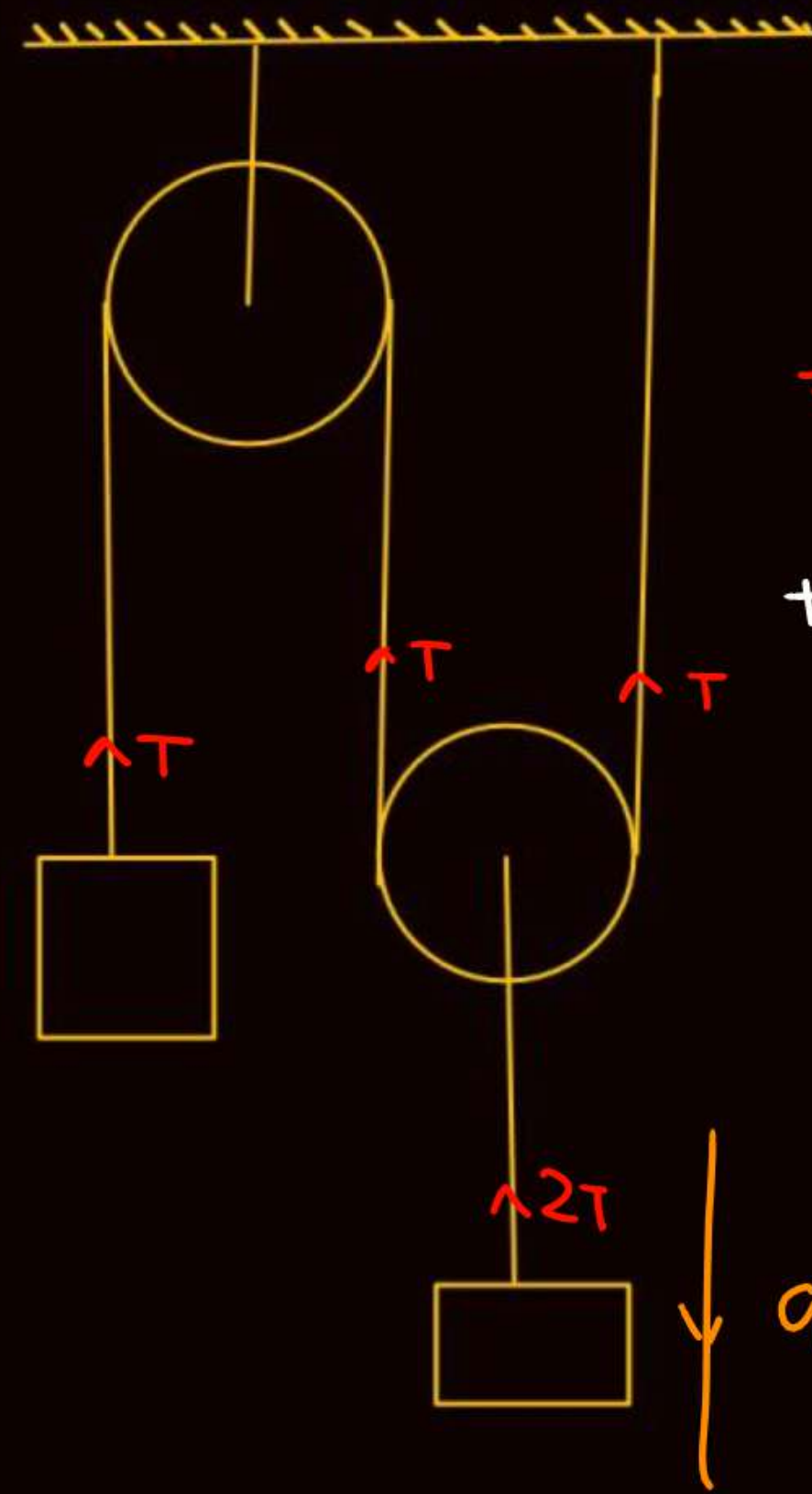
Q  
A



note it

9

a'



$$\vec{T}_1 \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

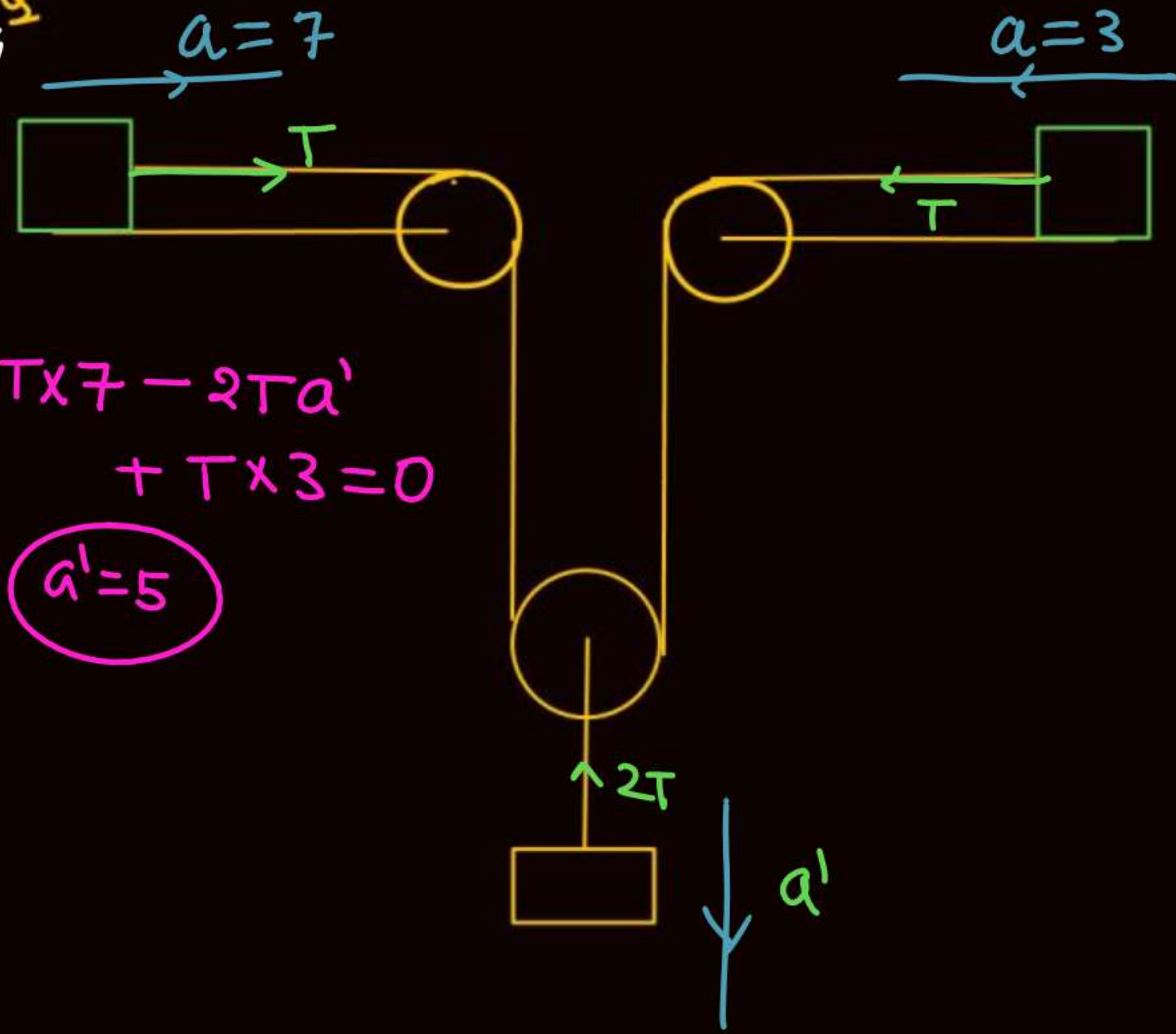
$$+T a' - 2T \times 8 = 0$$

$$a' = 16$$

a = 8

note it

⑩

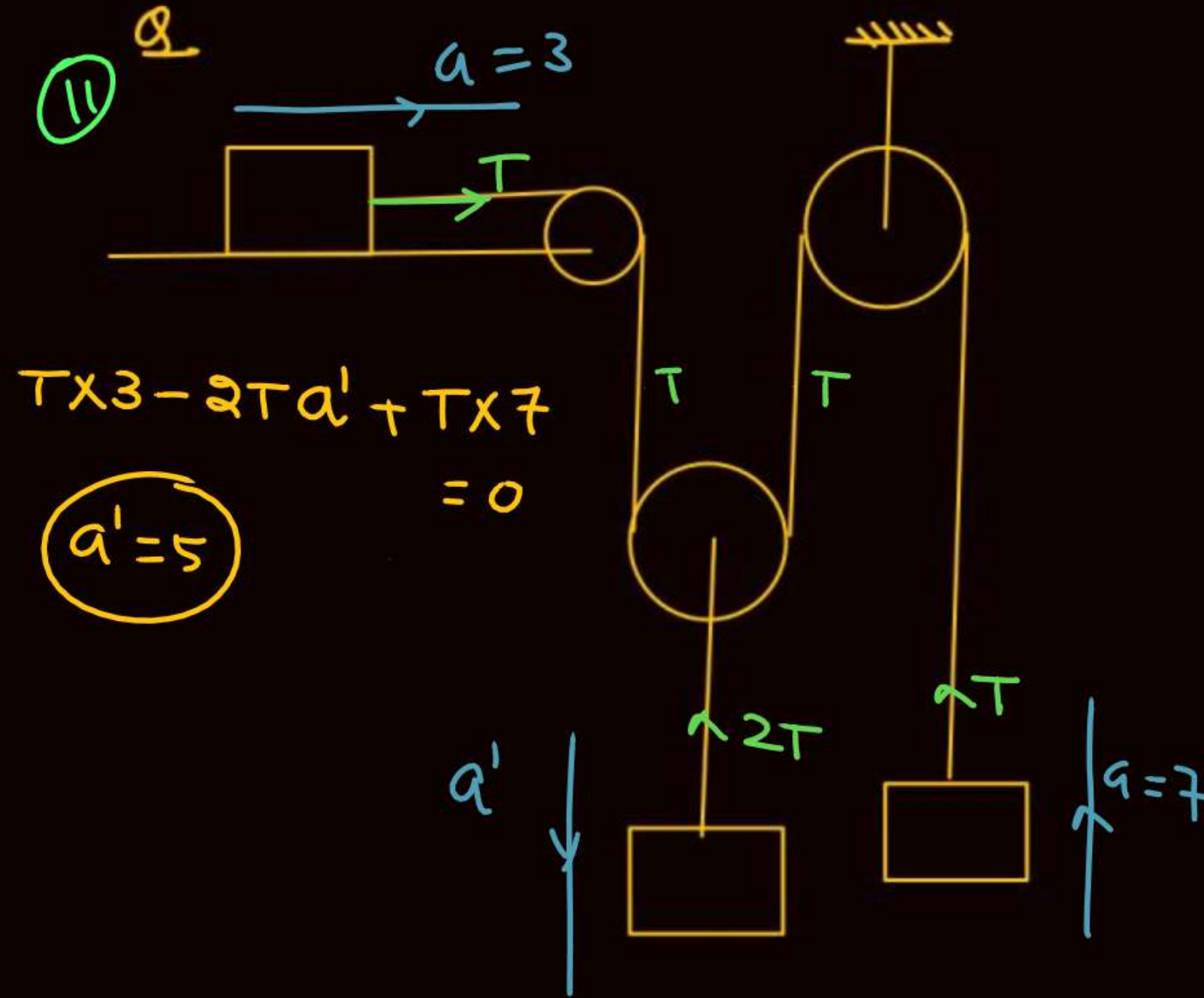


$$T \times 7 - 2T a' + T \times 3 = 0$$

$a' = 5$

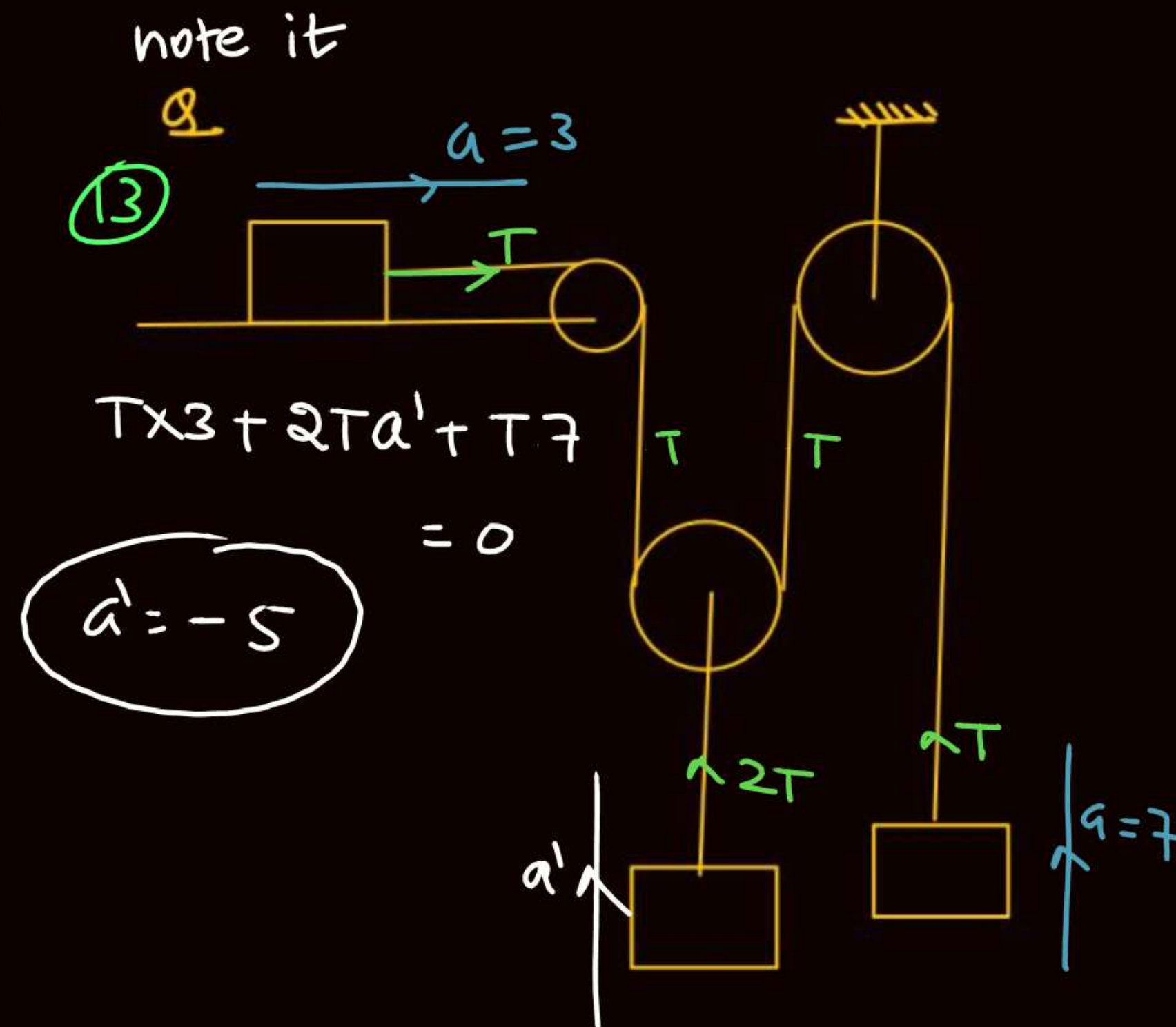
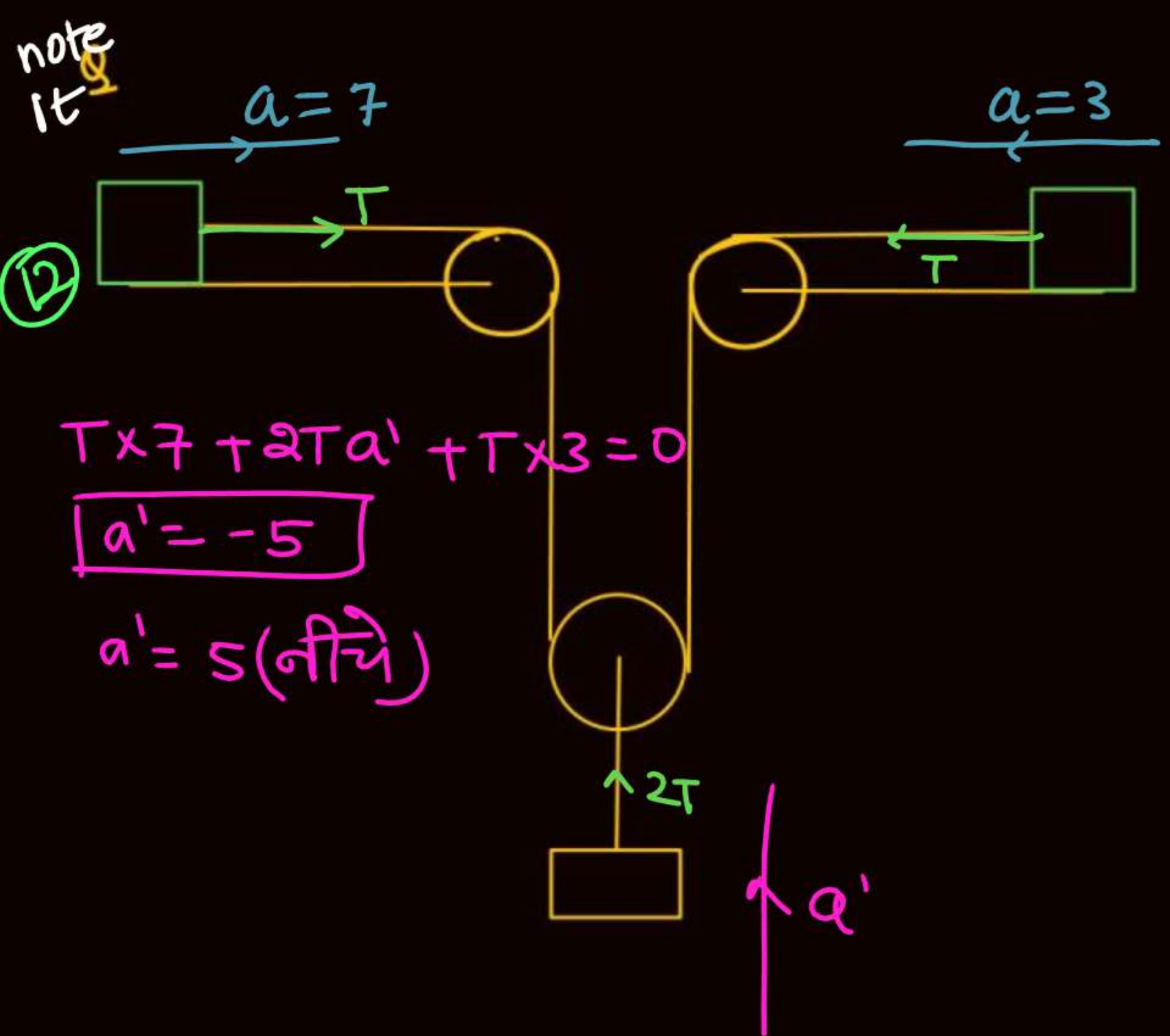
note it

⑪

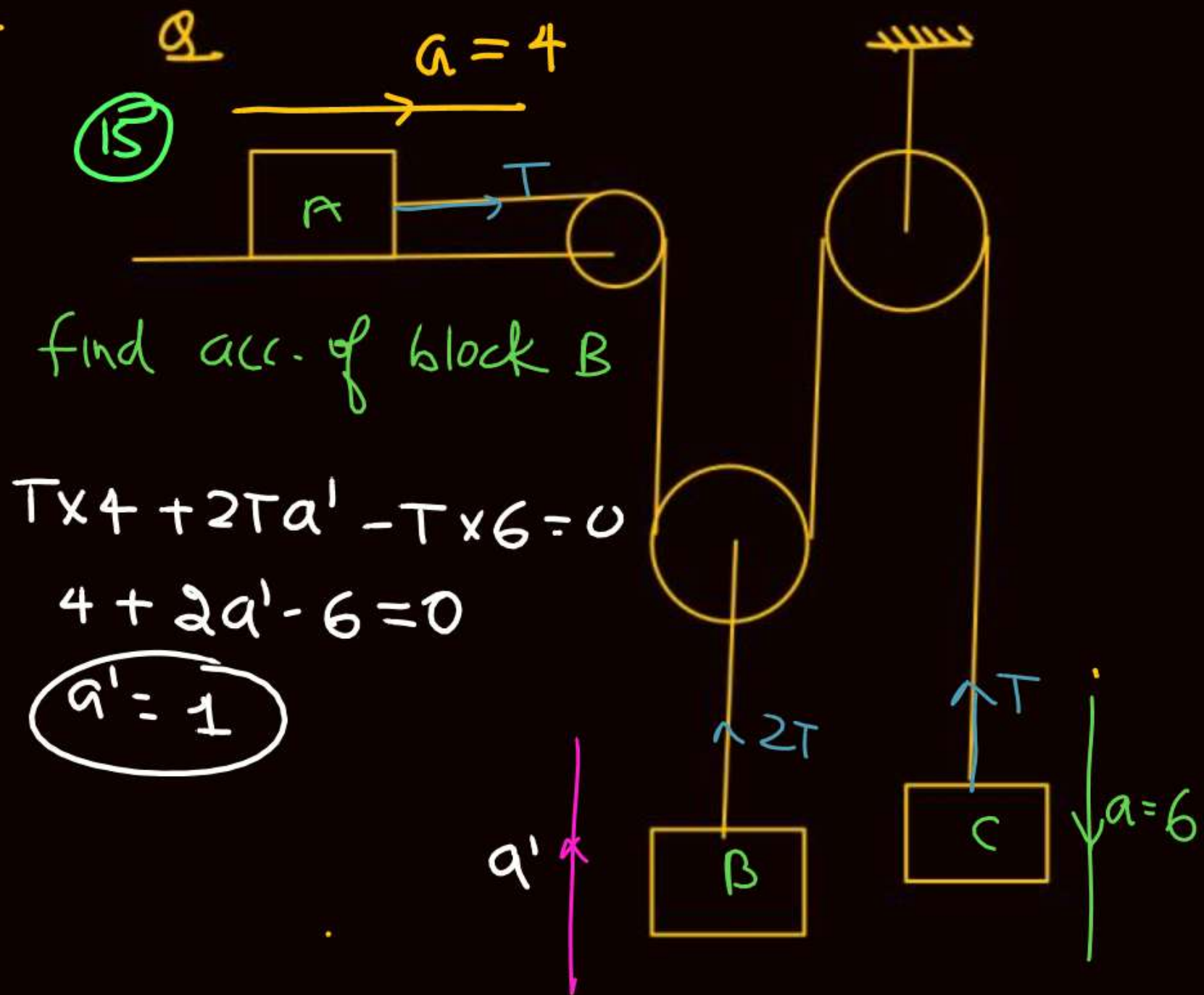
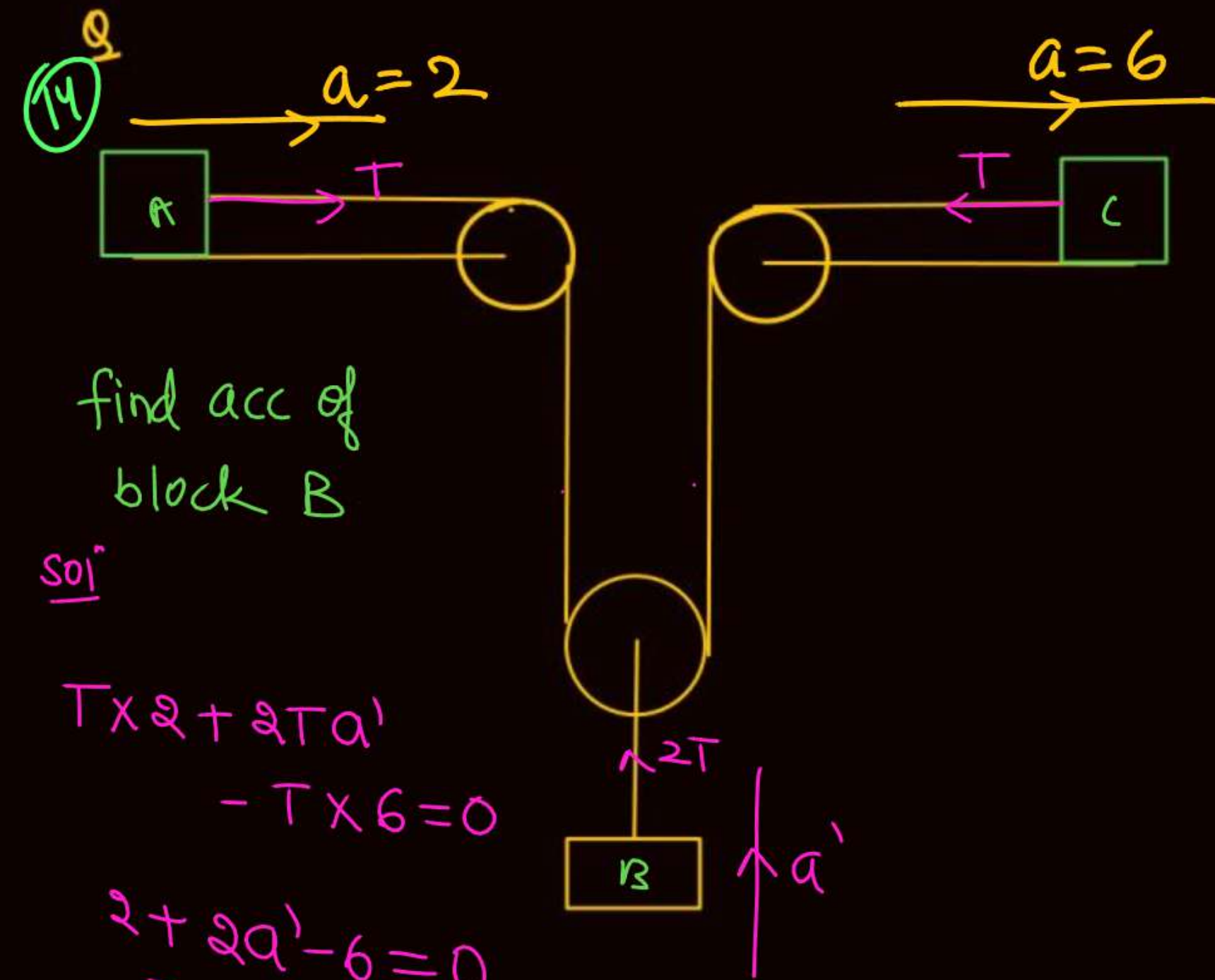


$$T \times 3 - 2T a' + T \times 7 = 0$$

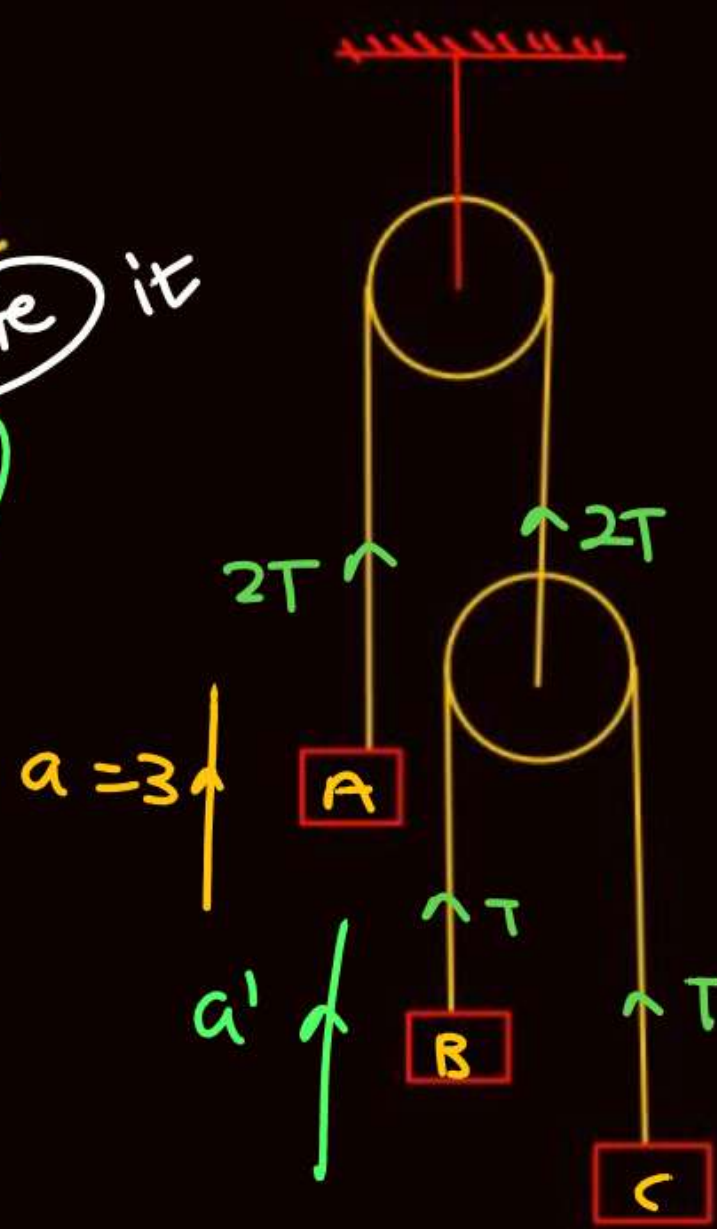
$a' = 5$







note it  
16



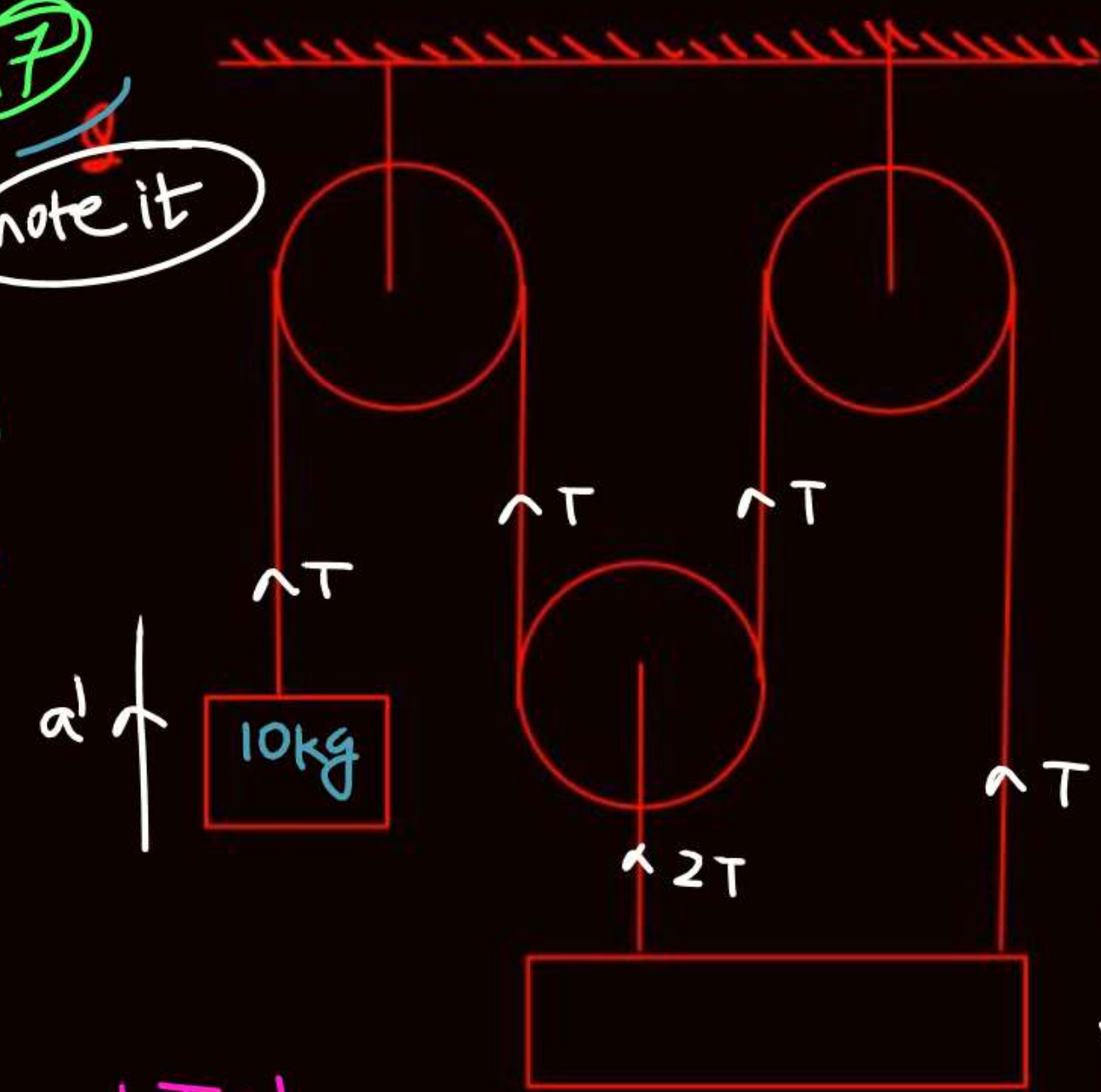
$a_B = ?$

$$2T \times 3 + T a' + T \times 1 = 0$$

$$a' = -7$$

$a = 1$

note it  
17



$$+T a' - 3T \times 6 = 0$$

$$a' = 18$$

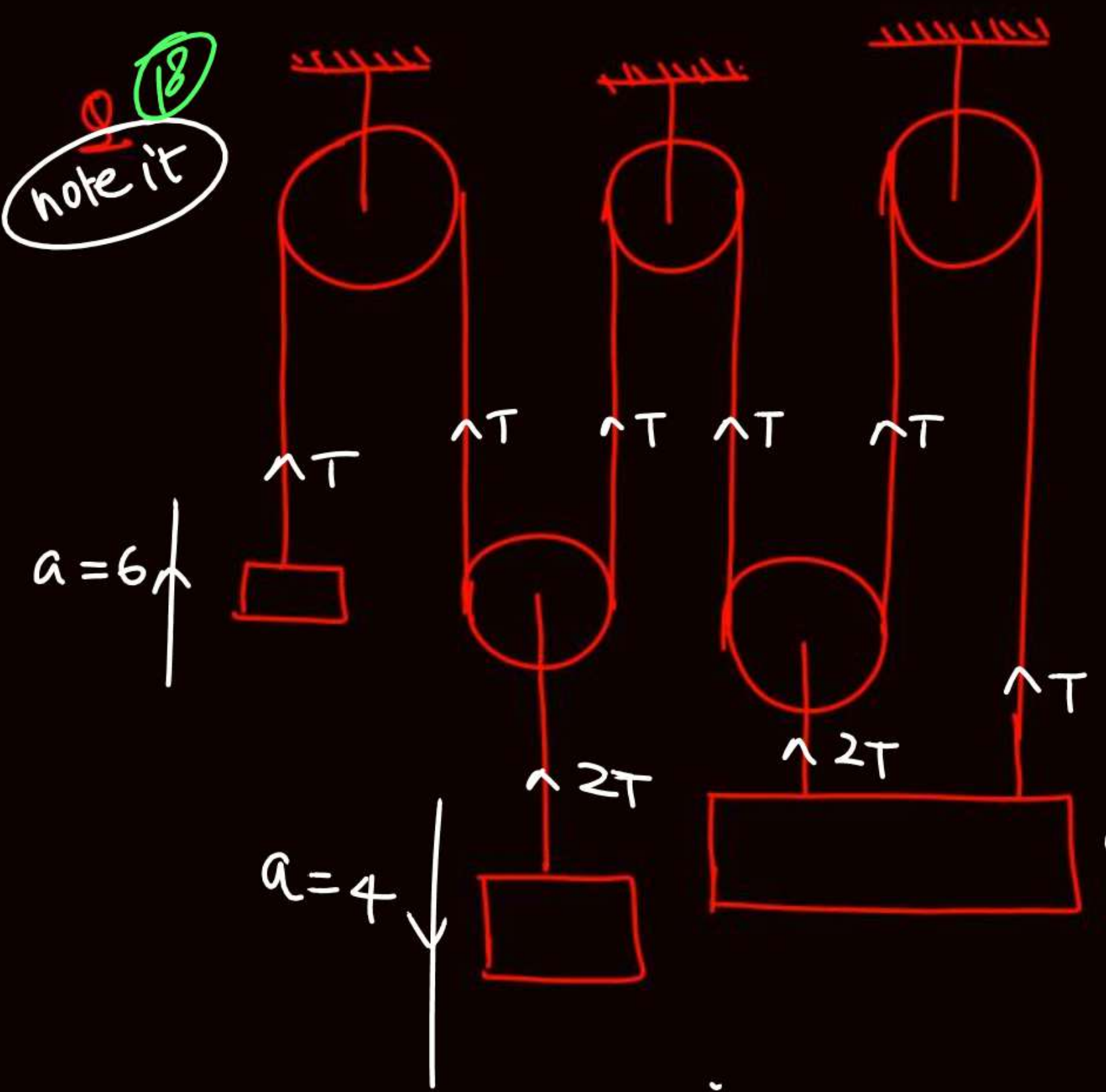
$T = ?$

$$T - 100 = 10 \times 18$$

$$T = 280$$



note it <sup>18</sup>



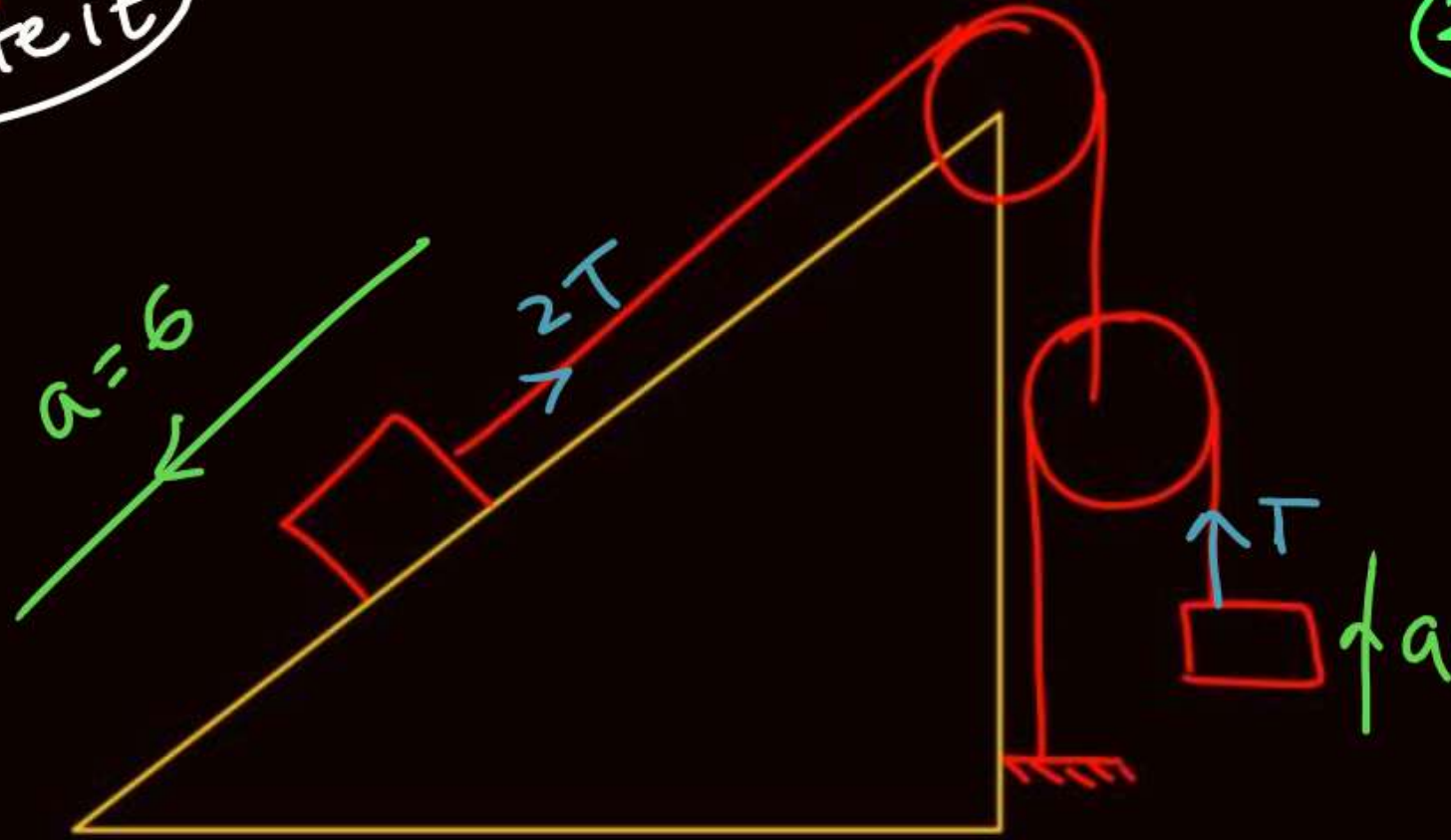
$$T \times 6 - 2T \times 4 - 3T \times a' = 0$$

$$6 - 8 = 3a'$$

$$a' = -\frac{2}{3}$$

Neeche

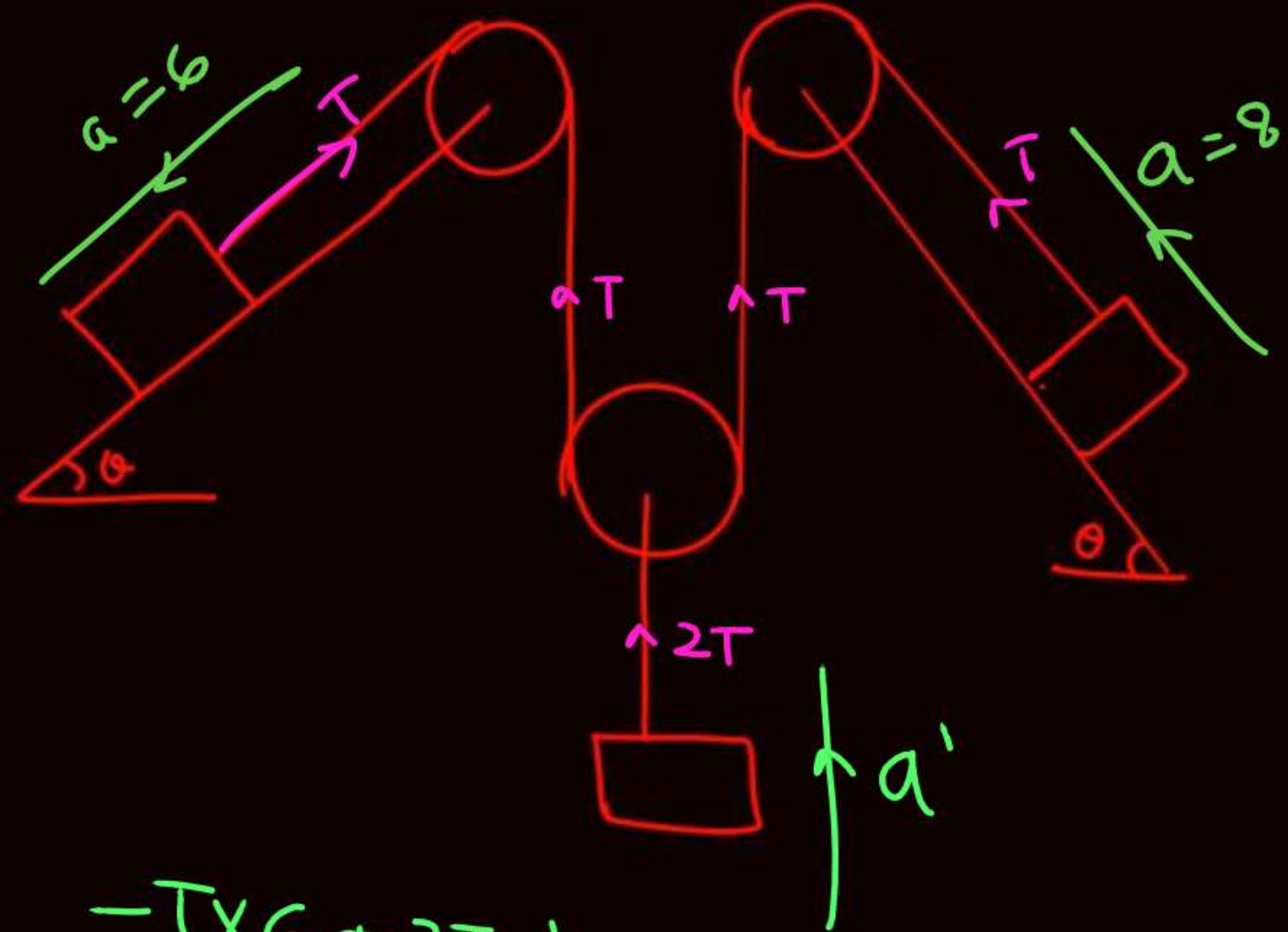
19 note it



$$-2T \times 6 + T \cdot a = 0$$

$a=12$

20 note it



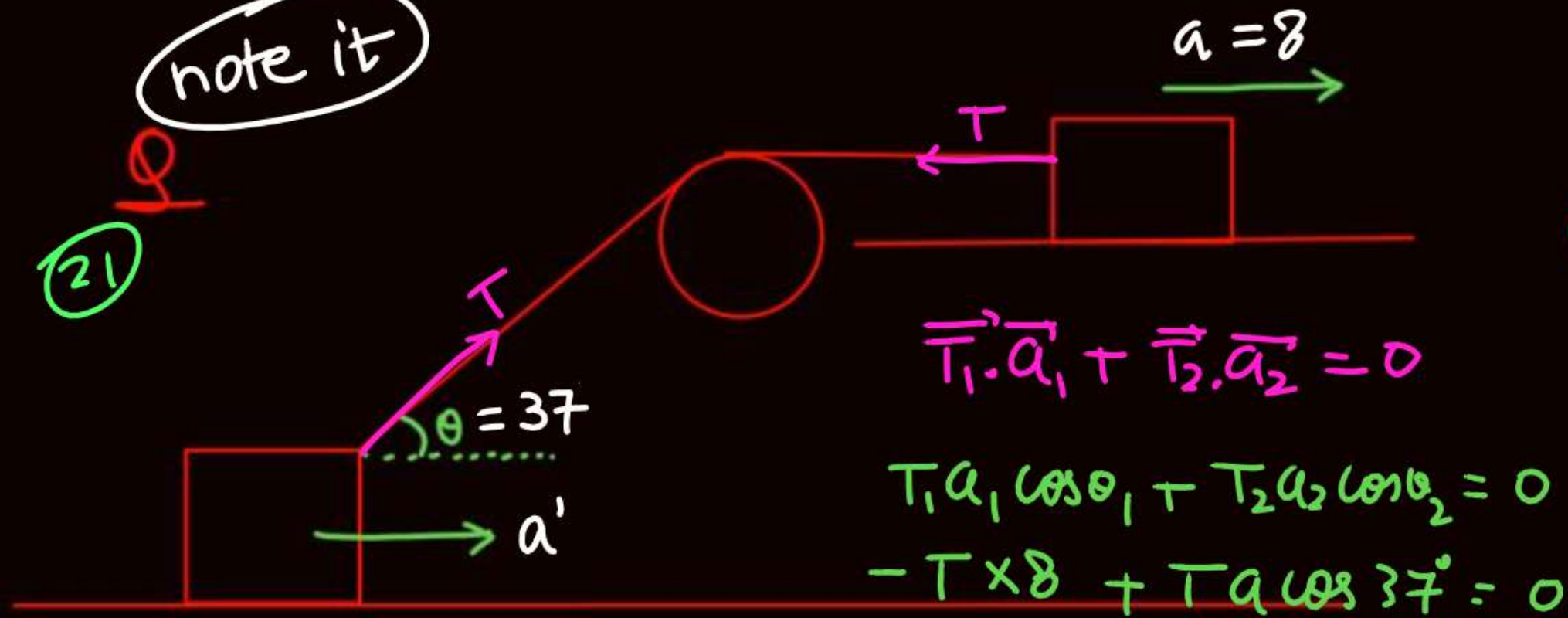
$$-T \times 6 + 2Ta' + T \times 8 = 0$$

$a'=-1$



note it

(21)



$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

$$T_1 a_1 \cos \theta_1 + T_2 a_2 \cos \theta_2 = 0$$

$$-T \times 8 + T a \cos 37^\circ = 0$$

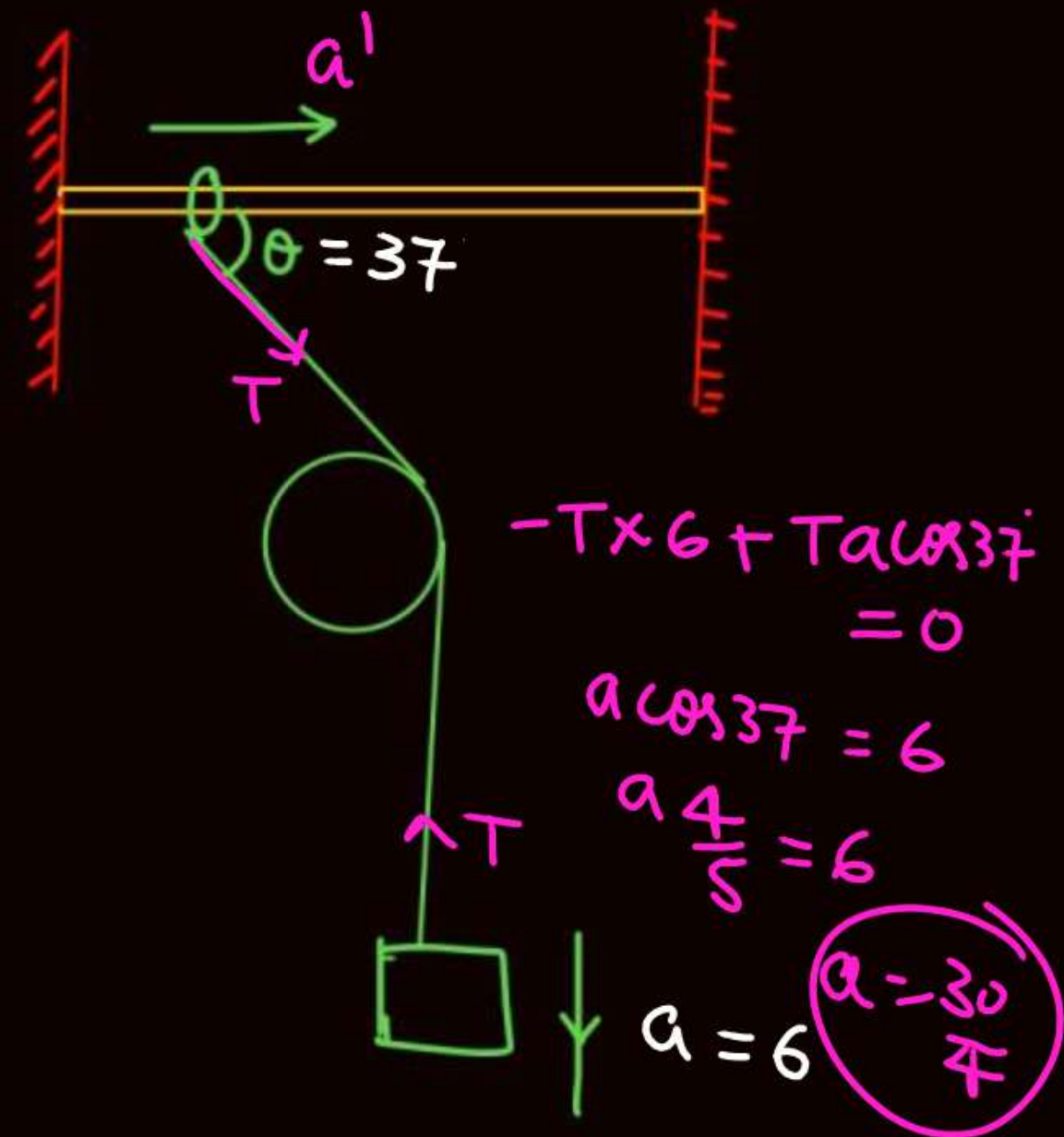
$$a \cos 37^\circ = 8$$

$$a \times \frac{4}{5} = 8$$

$$\boxed{a = 10}$$

note it

(22)



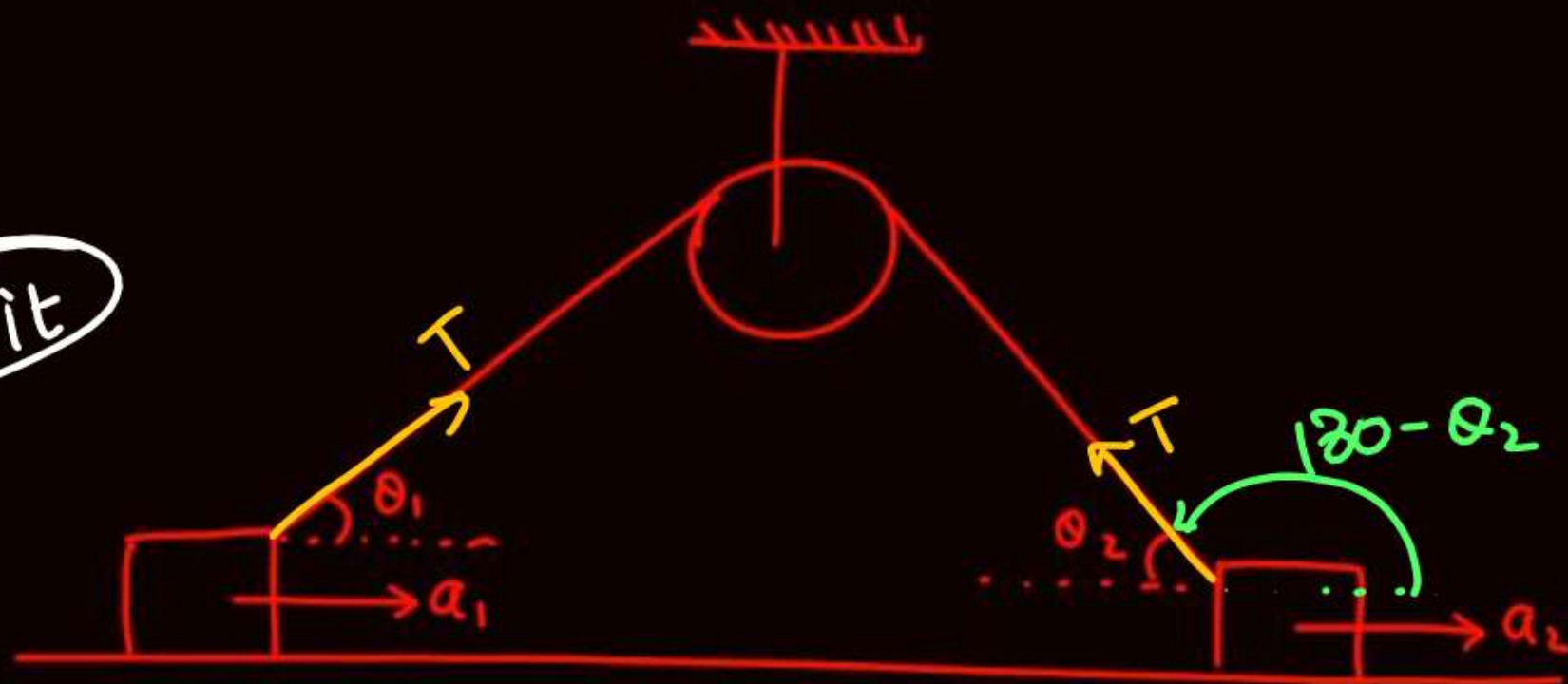
$$-T \times 6 + T a \cos 37^\circ = 0$$

$$a \cos 37^\circ = 6$$

$$a \frac{4}{5} = 6$$

$$\boxed{a = \frac{30}{4}}$$

8  
note it  
23



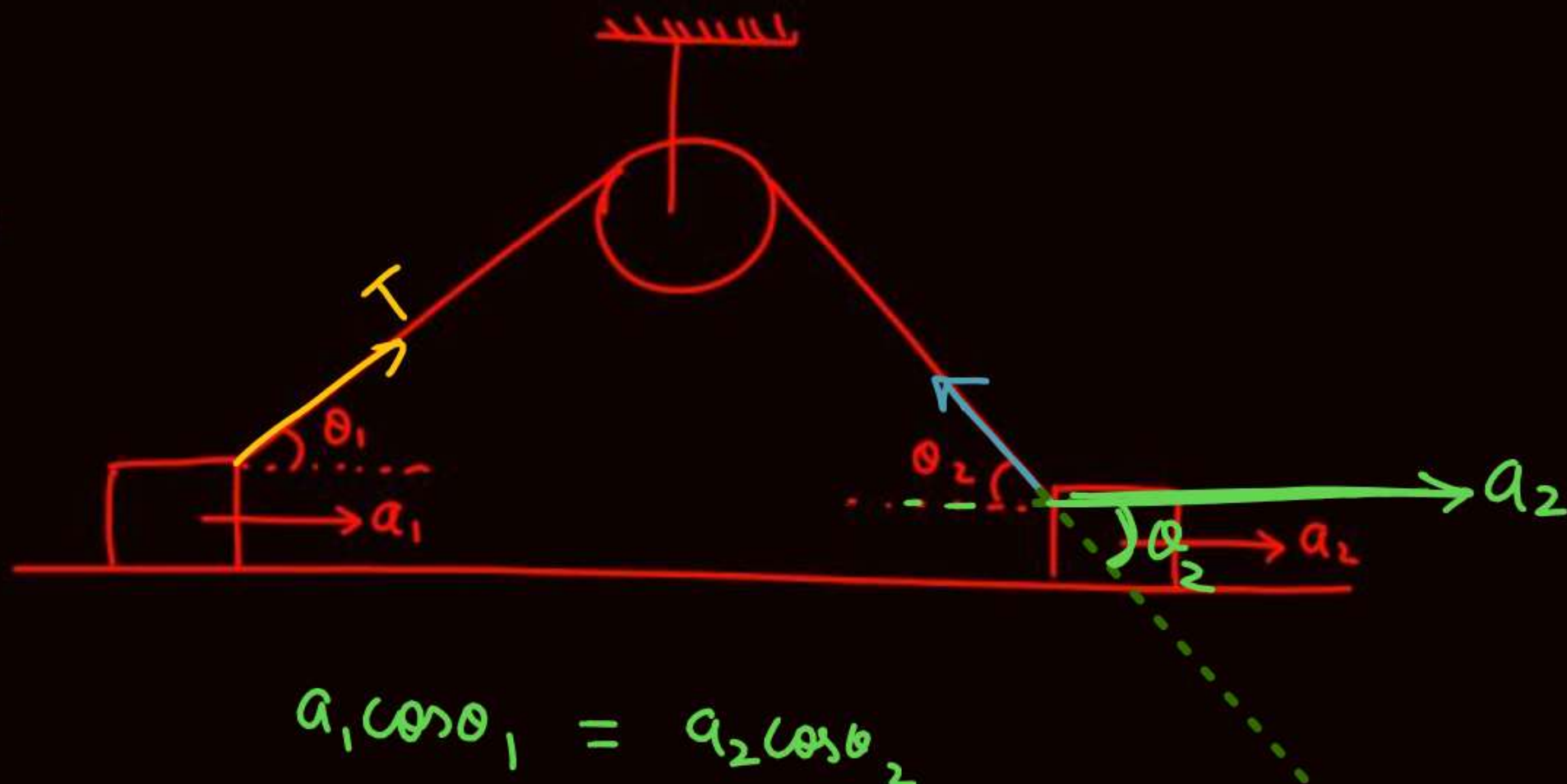
$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

$$T a_1 \cos \theta_1 + T a_2 \cos(180 - \theta_2) = 0$$

$$a_1 \cos \theta_1 - a_2 \cos \theta_2 = 0$$

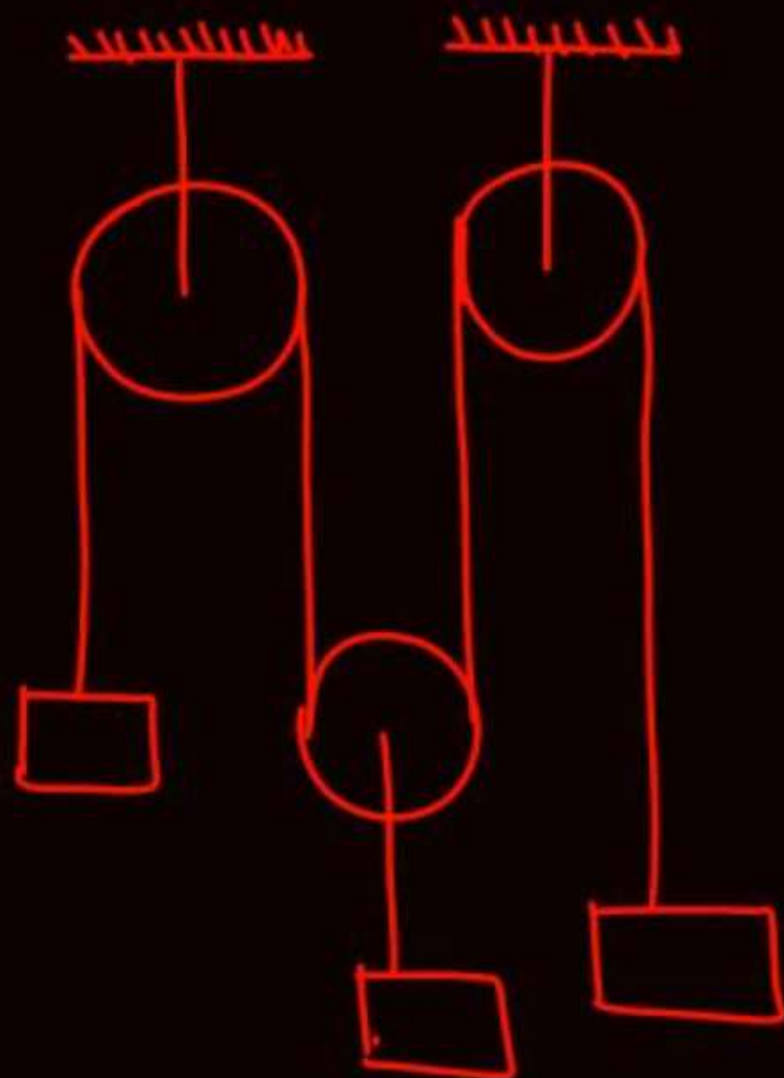
$$a_1 \cos \theta_1 = a_2 \cos \theta_2$$

Q  
(n-2)  
D



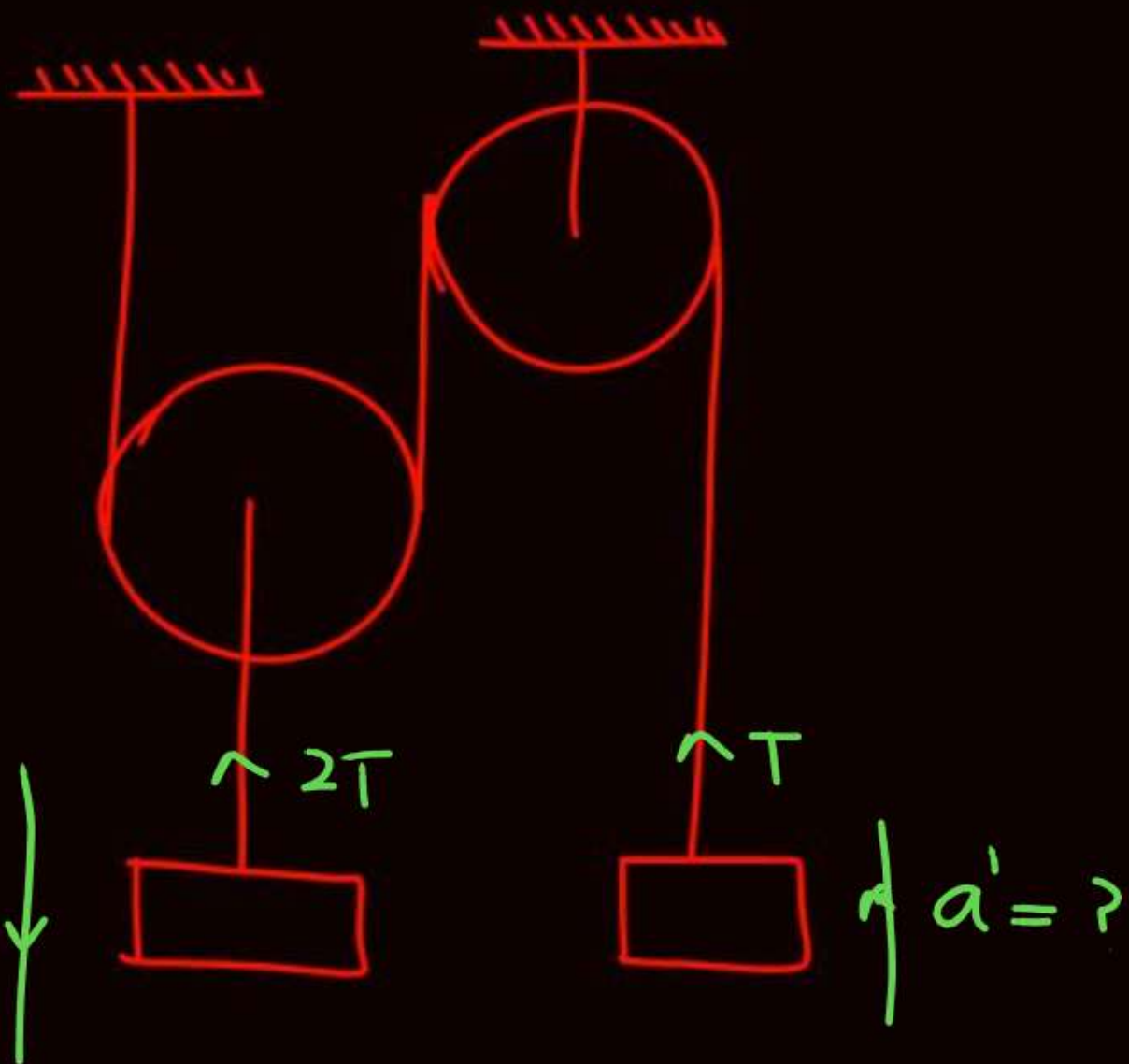
$$a_1 \cos \theta_1 = a_2 \cos \theta_2$$

Q  
Q



ndedit  
Q  
24

$$a = 6$$

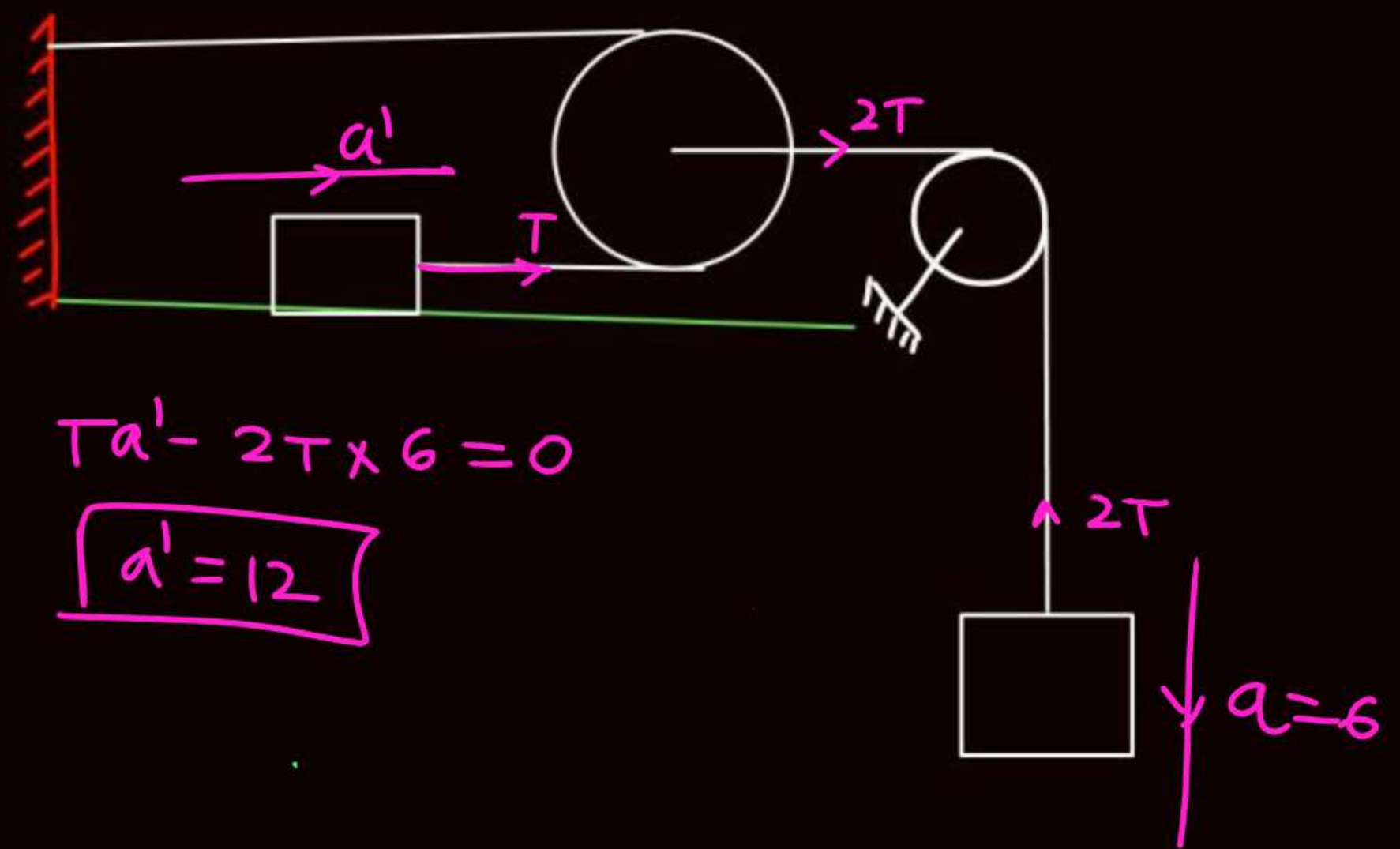


$$- 2T \times 6 + T \times a' = 0$$

$$a' = 12$$



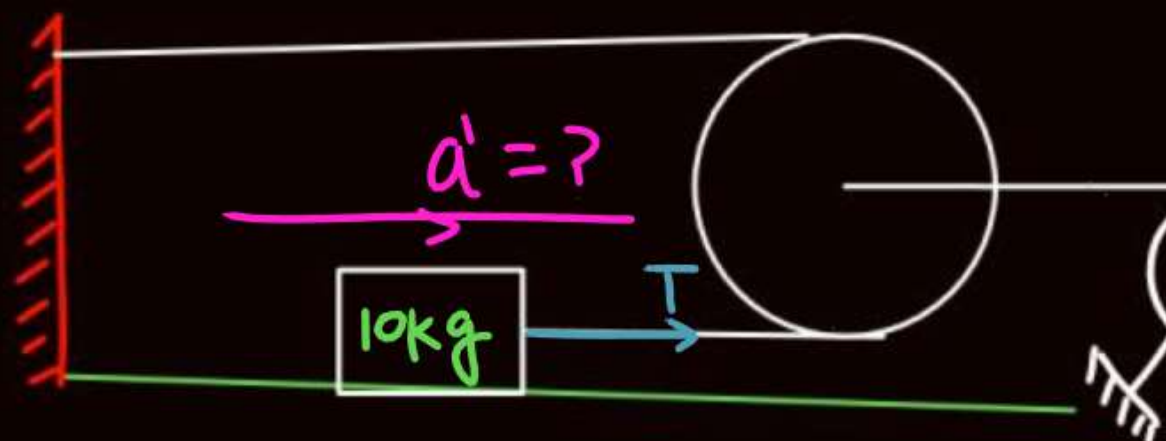
Q  
note it  
25



$$Ta' - 2T \times 6 = 0$$

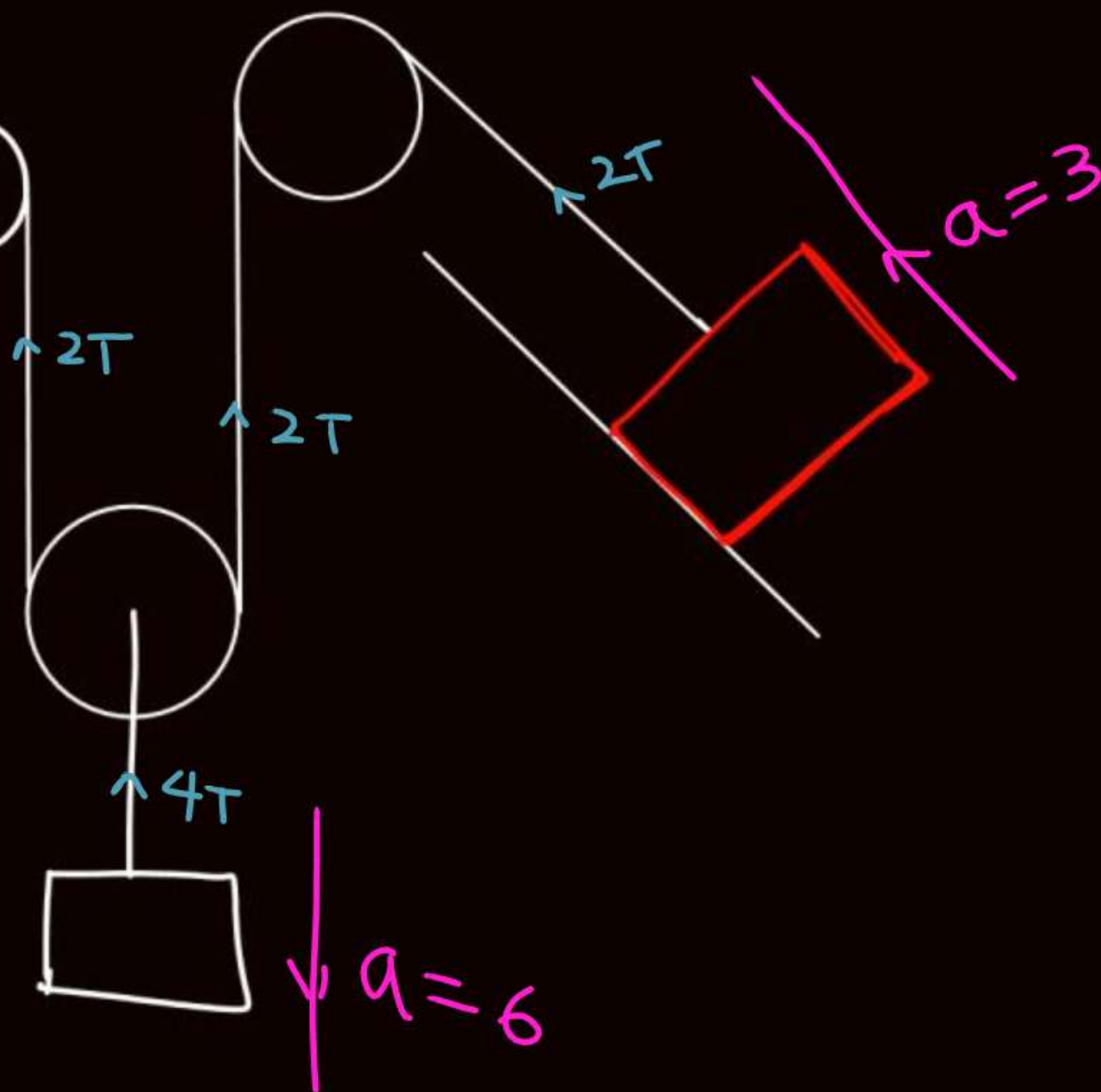
$$\boxed{a' = 12}$$

Q  
note it  
26



$$+Ta' - 4T \times 6 + 2T \times 3 = 0$$

$$\boxed{a' = 18}$$

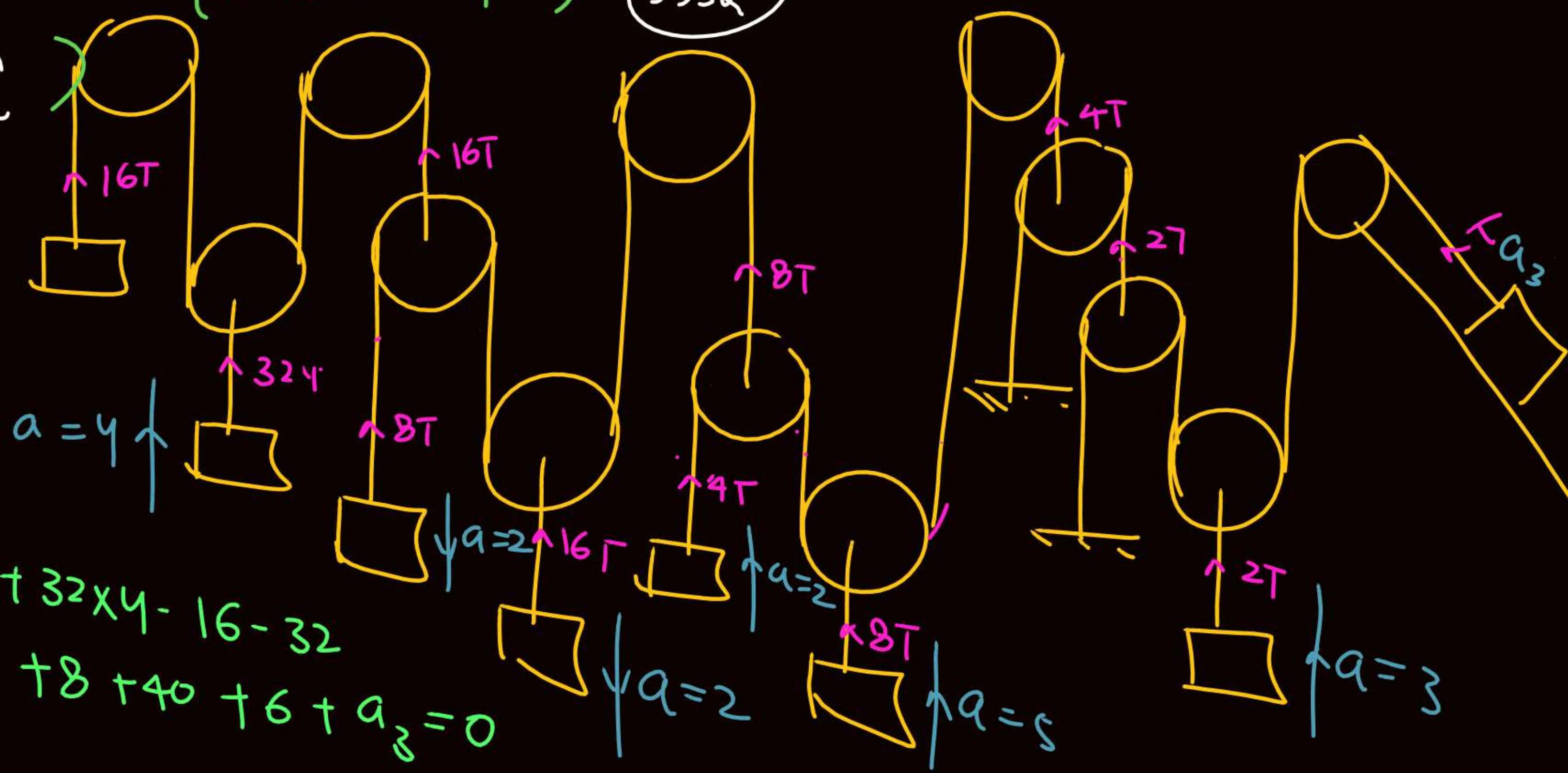


Q - 27 (Don't wait it pls)

SSR

Catch it in Salem Bhaia syte

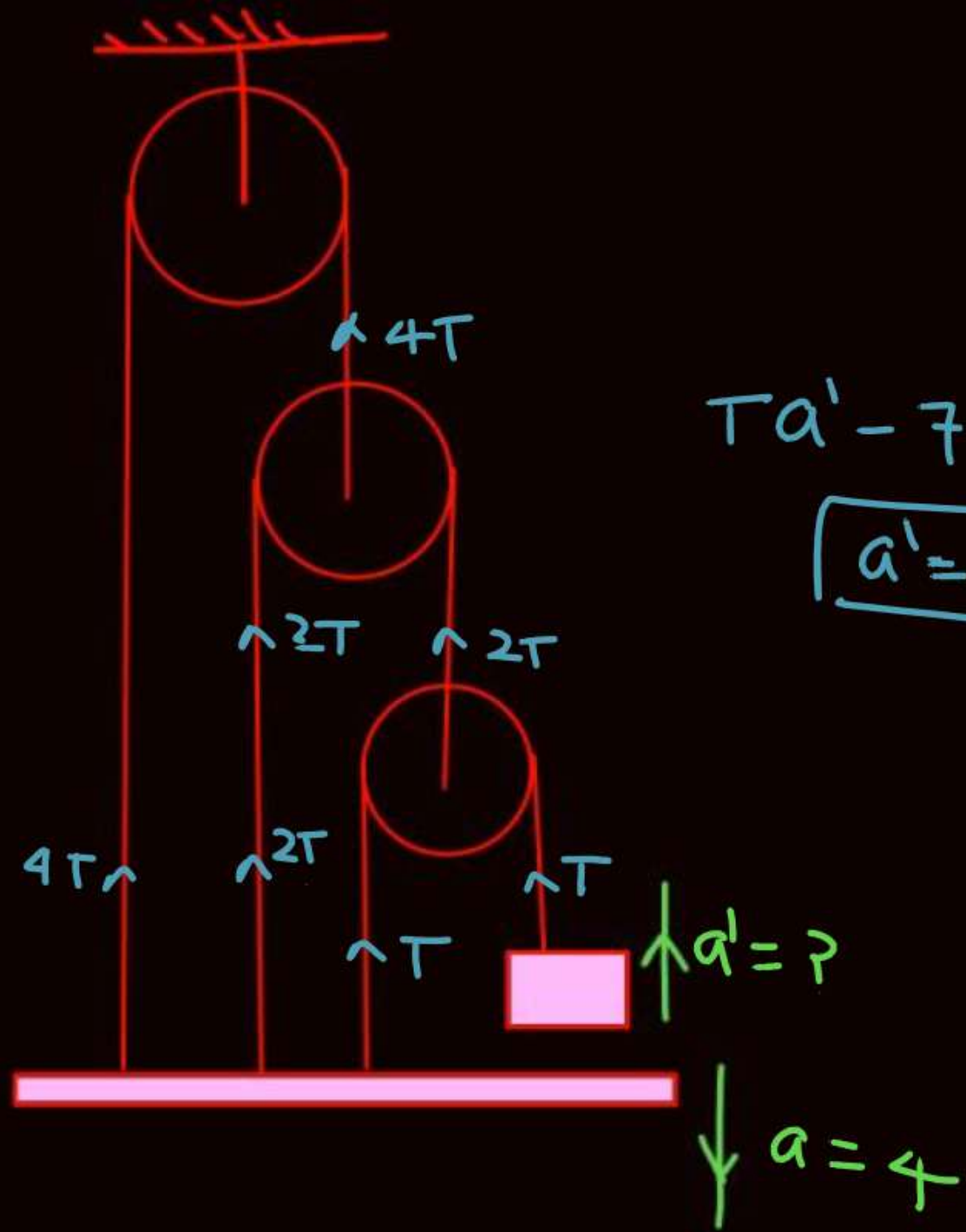
a=2  
2



$$-32 + 32 \times 4 - 16 - 32 + 8 + 40 + 6 + a_3 = 0$$



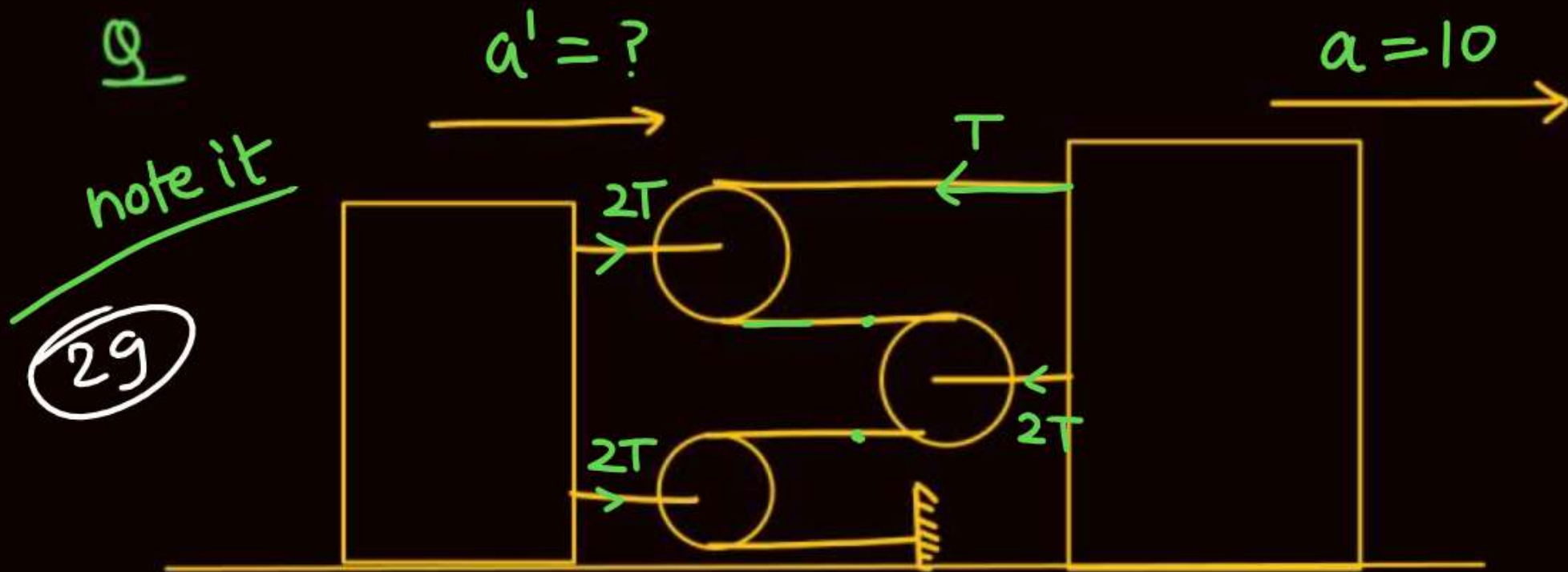
Q  
note it  
28



$$T a' - 7T \times 4 = 0$$

$$a' = 28$$





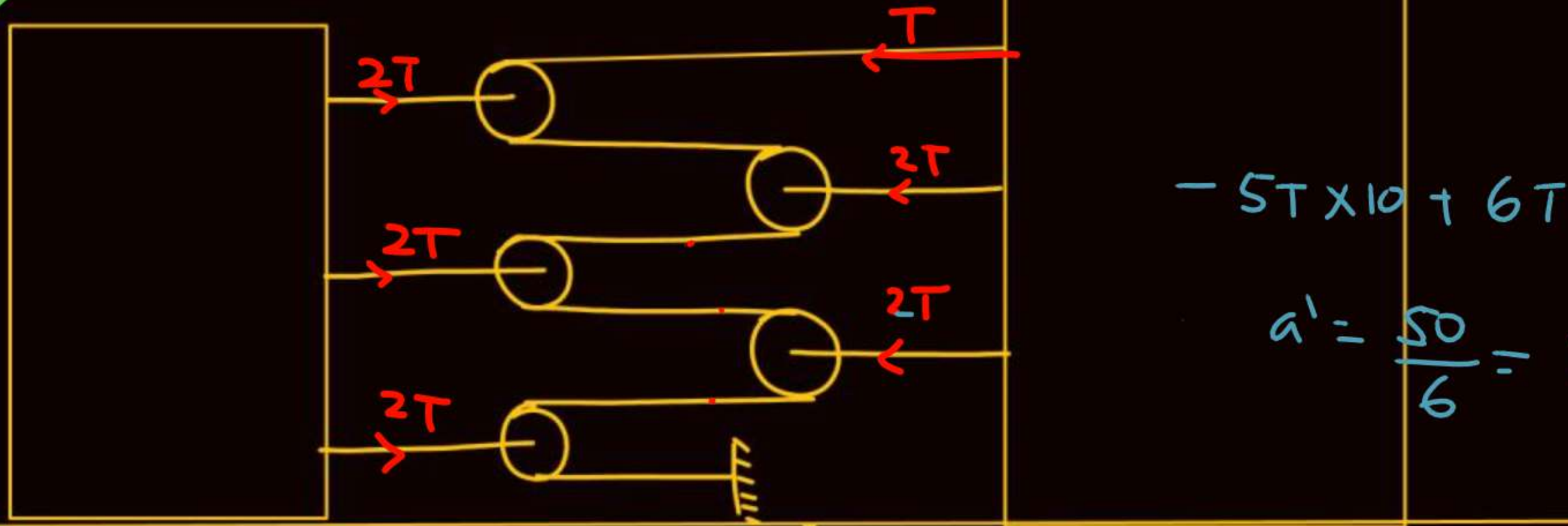
$$-3T \times 10 + 4T a' = 0$$

$$a' = \frac{30}{4} = 7.5$$

$$a' =$$

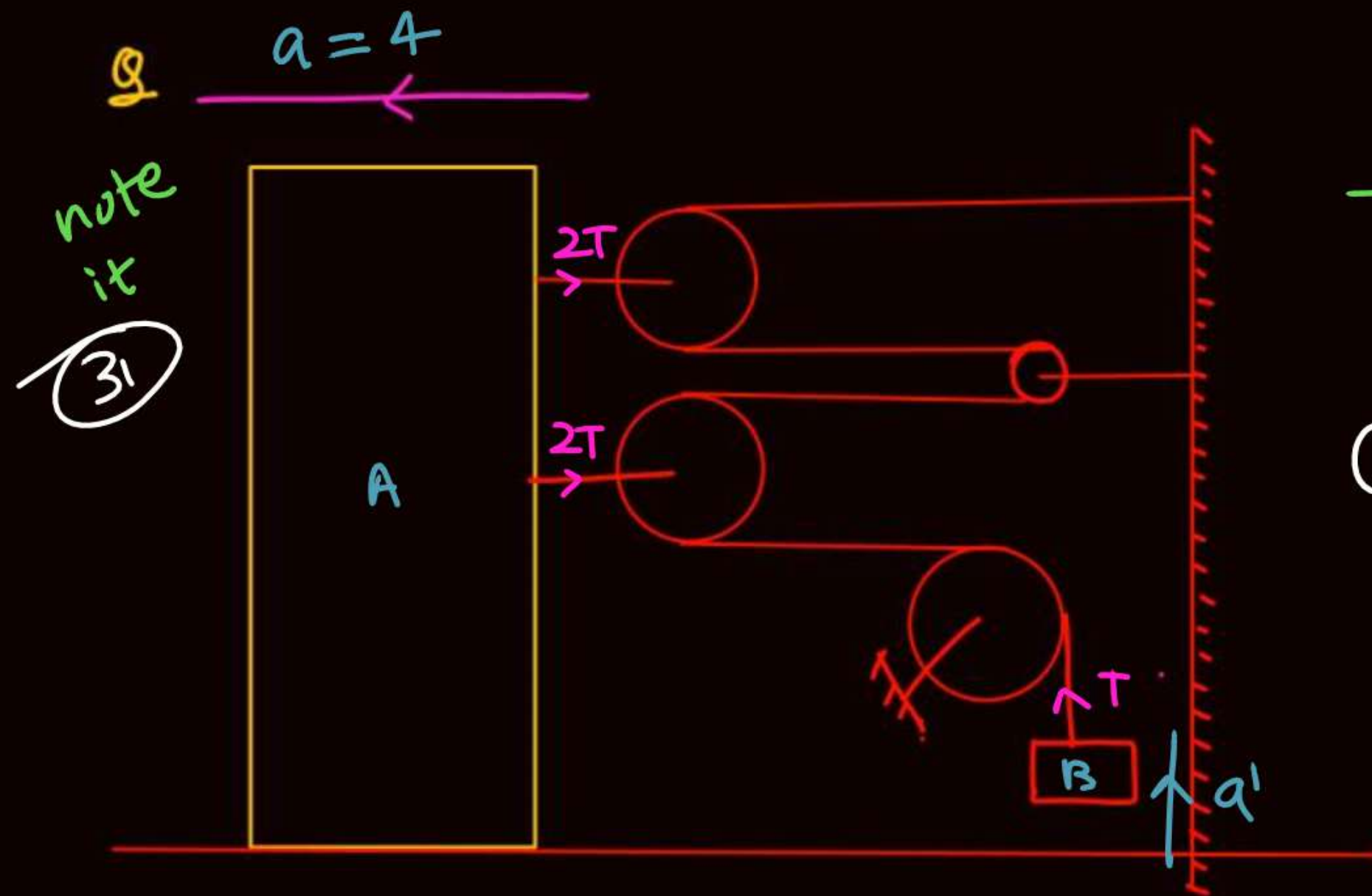

Q  
not it

30



$$-5T \times 10 + 6T a' = 0$$

$$a' = \frac{50}{6} = 8.33$$



$$-4T \times 4 + T a' = 0$$

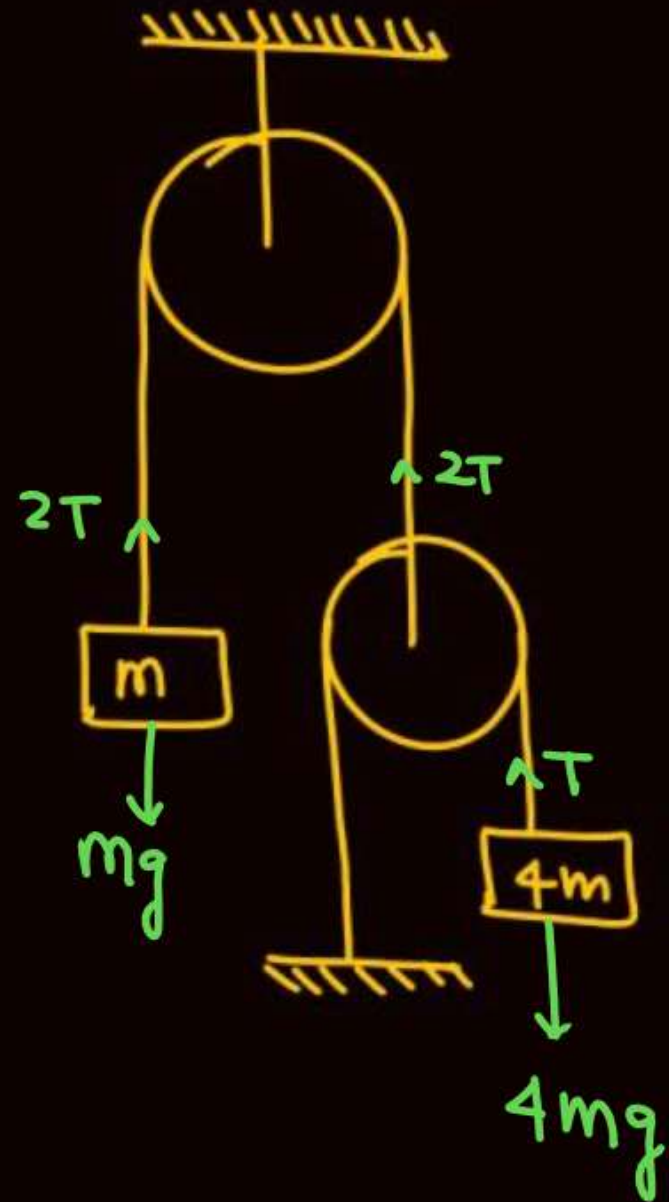
$$\boxed{a' = 16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{b} \quad \vec{a}_{A/B} &= \vec{a}_A - \vec{a}_B \\ &= -4\hat{i} - 16\hat{j} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{A/B} = \sqrt{4^2 + 16^2} = 4\sqrt{17}$$

Find acc. of each mass.

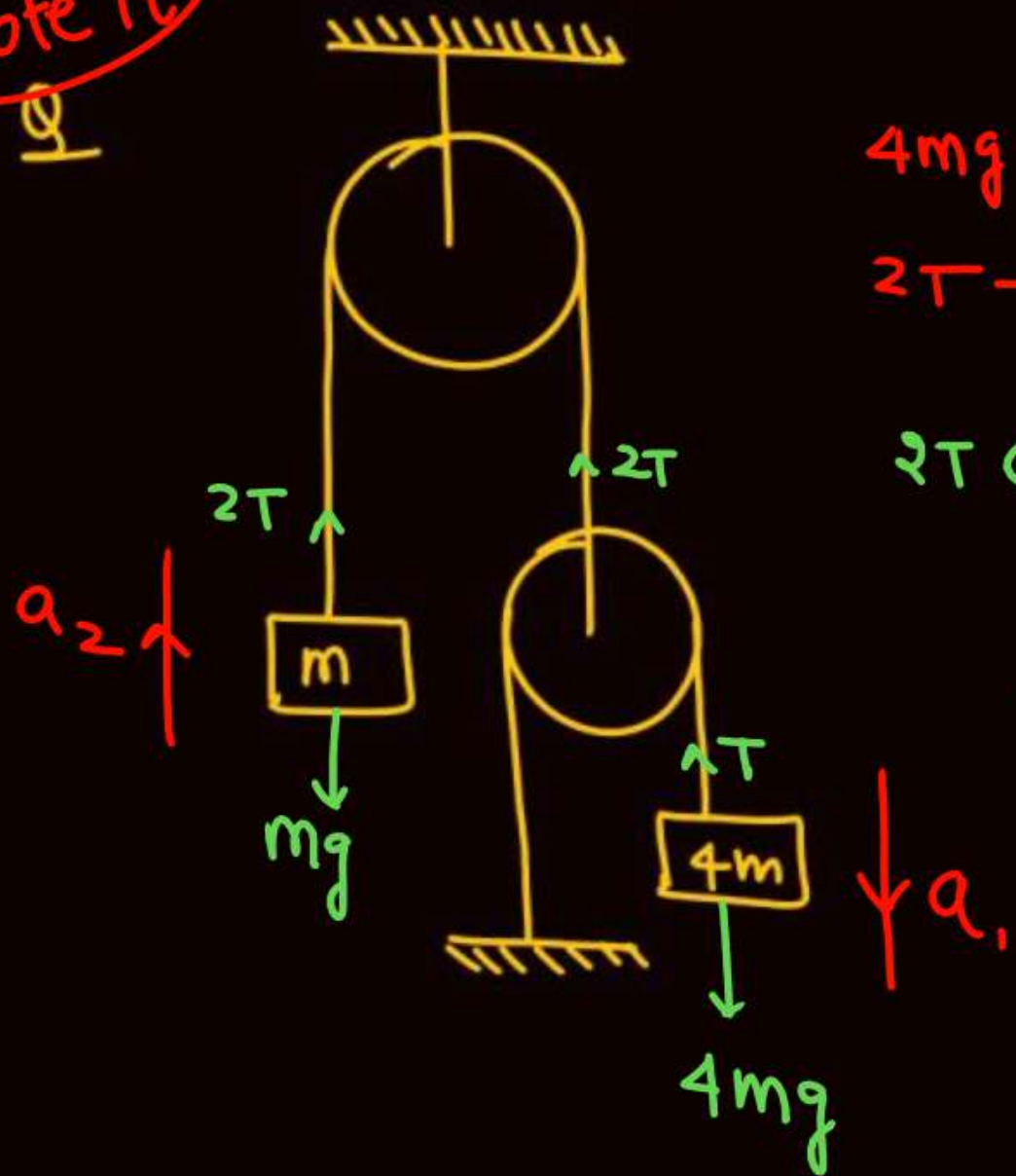
Q  
32





Find acc. of each mass.

note it



$$4mg - T = 4ma_1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$2T - mg = ma_2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$2Ta_2 - Ta_1 = 0$$

$$\boxed{a_1 = 2a_2} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$a_1, a_2, T$

$$\text{Let } a_2 = a$$

$$a_1 = 2a$$

$$4mg - T = 8ma$$

$$2T - mg = ma$$

$$8mg - 2T = 16ma$$

---


$$7mg = 17ma$$

$$\boxed{a = \frac{7g}{17} = a_2}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{14g}{17}$$

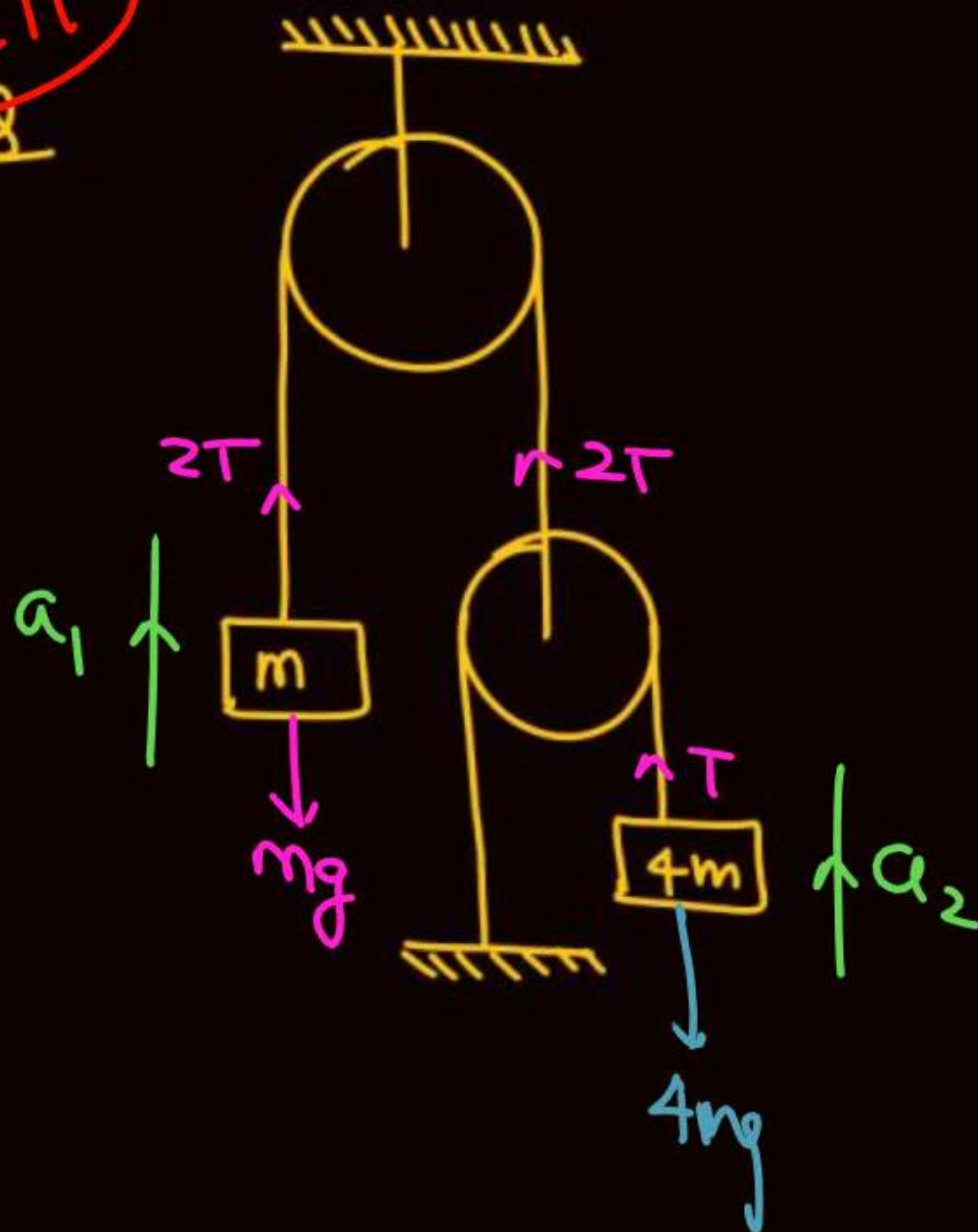
style  
SSS Methode

Salam Shah's style method

(mention in your copy)  
so that apko yad rahe

Find acc. of each mass.

note it



$$2Ta_1 + Ta_2 = 0$$

$$2a_1 + a_2 = 0$$

$$2 \left( \frac{2T - mg}{m} \right) + \left( \frac{T - 4mg}{4m} \right) = 0$$

$$16T - 8mg + T - 4mg = 0$$

$$\boxed{T = \frac{12mg}{17}}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2T - mg}{m}$$

$$= \frac{2T}{m} - g$$

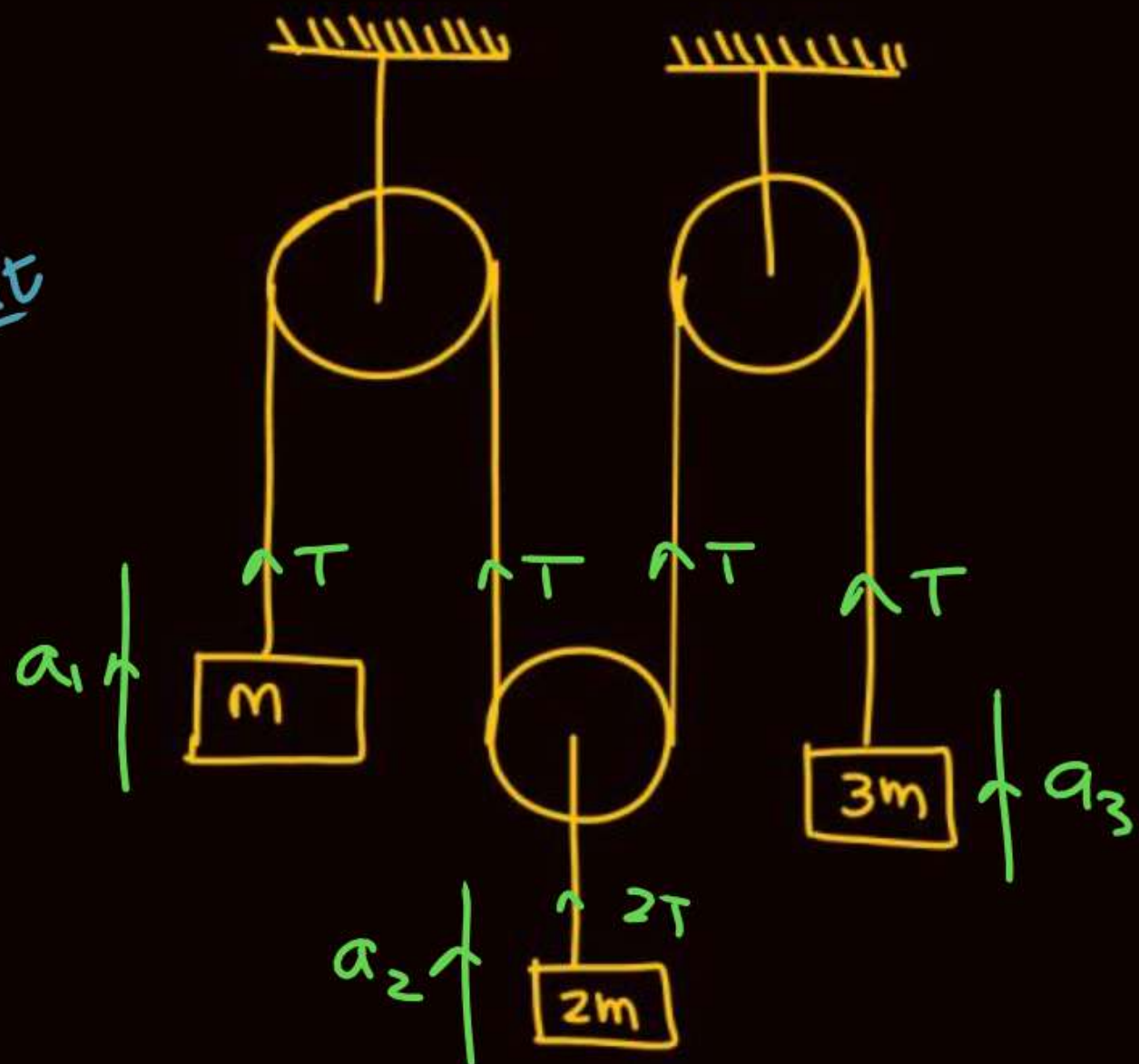
$$= \frac{24g}{17} - g$$

$$= \frac{7g}{17}$$



Q  
note it

33



$$Ta_1 + 2Ta_2 + Ta_3 = 0$$

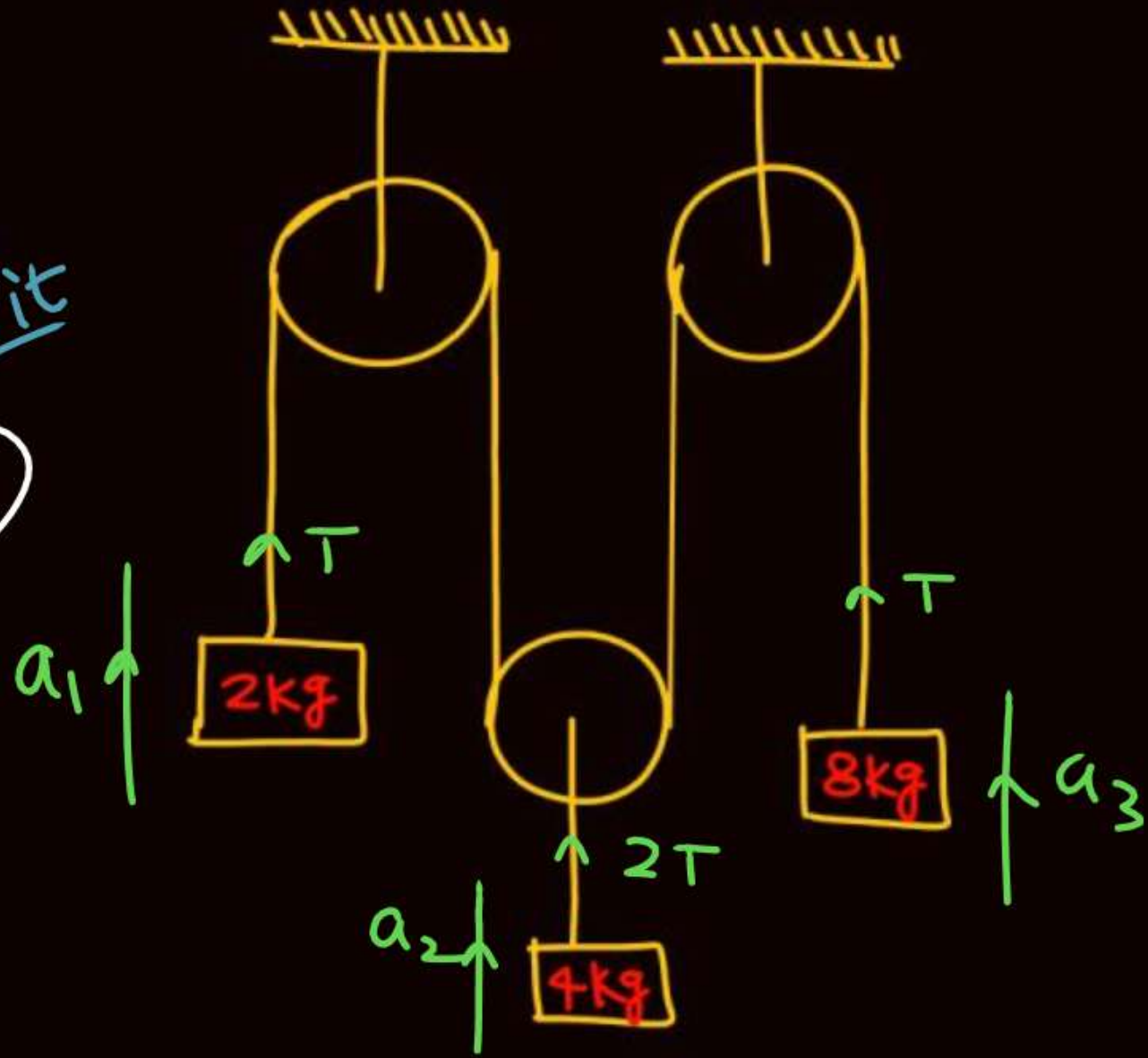
$$a_1 + 2a_2 + a_3 = 0$$

$$\frac{T - mg}{m} + \frac{2(2T - 2mg)}{2m} + \frac{T - 3mg}{3m} = 0$$

$$T = \checkmark$$



34



$$\frac{T-20}{2} + 2\left(\frac{2T-40}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{T-30}{8}\right) = 0$$

<sup>Q</sup>  
no need

(35)

$a_1 \uparrow$

10 kg

$2T \uparrow$

40 kg

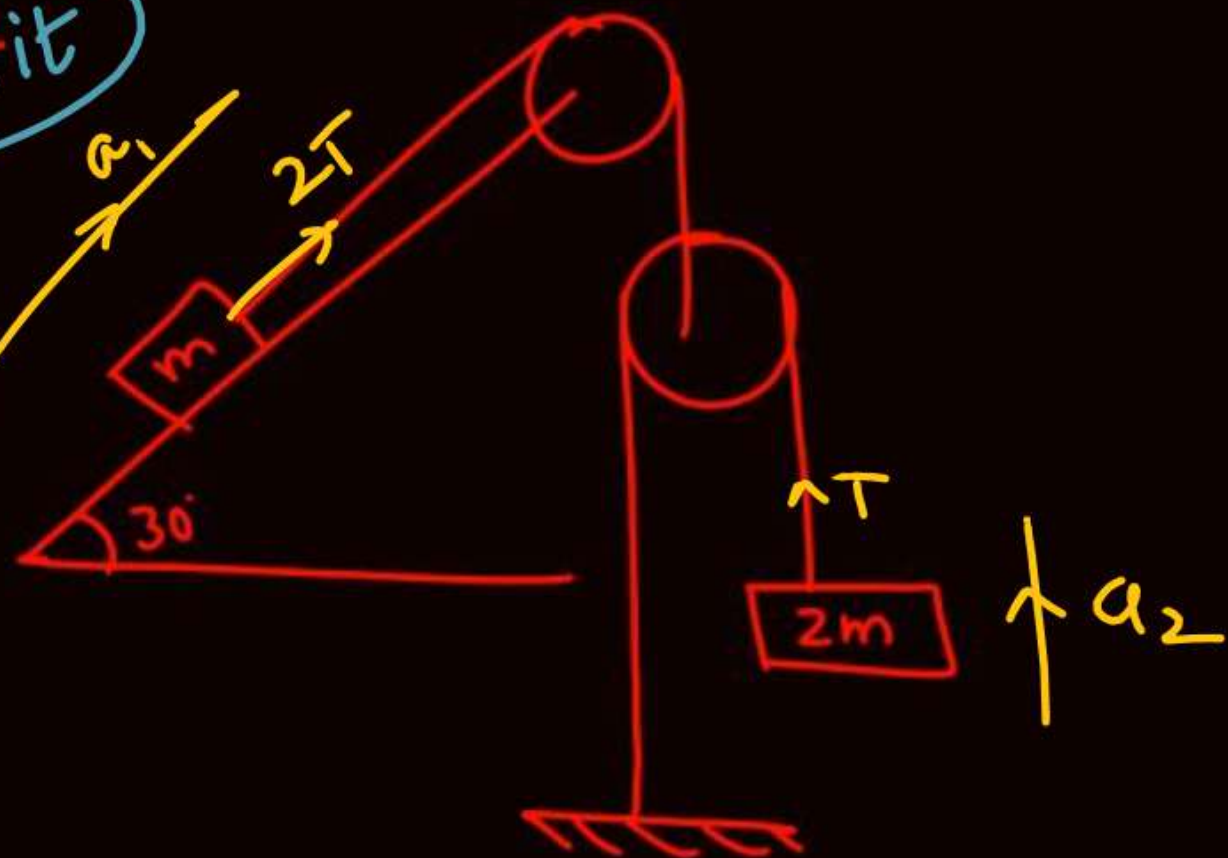
$T \uparrow$

$a_2 \uparrow$

$$\frac{T-100}{10} + 3 \left( \frac{3T-400}{40} \right) = 0$$

note it

36



$$2a_1 + a_2 = 0$$

$$2 \left( \frac{2T - mg \sin \alpha}{m} \right) + \left( \frac{T - 2mg}{2m} \right) = 0$$

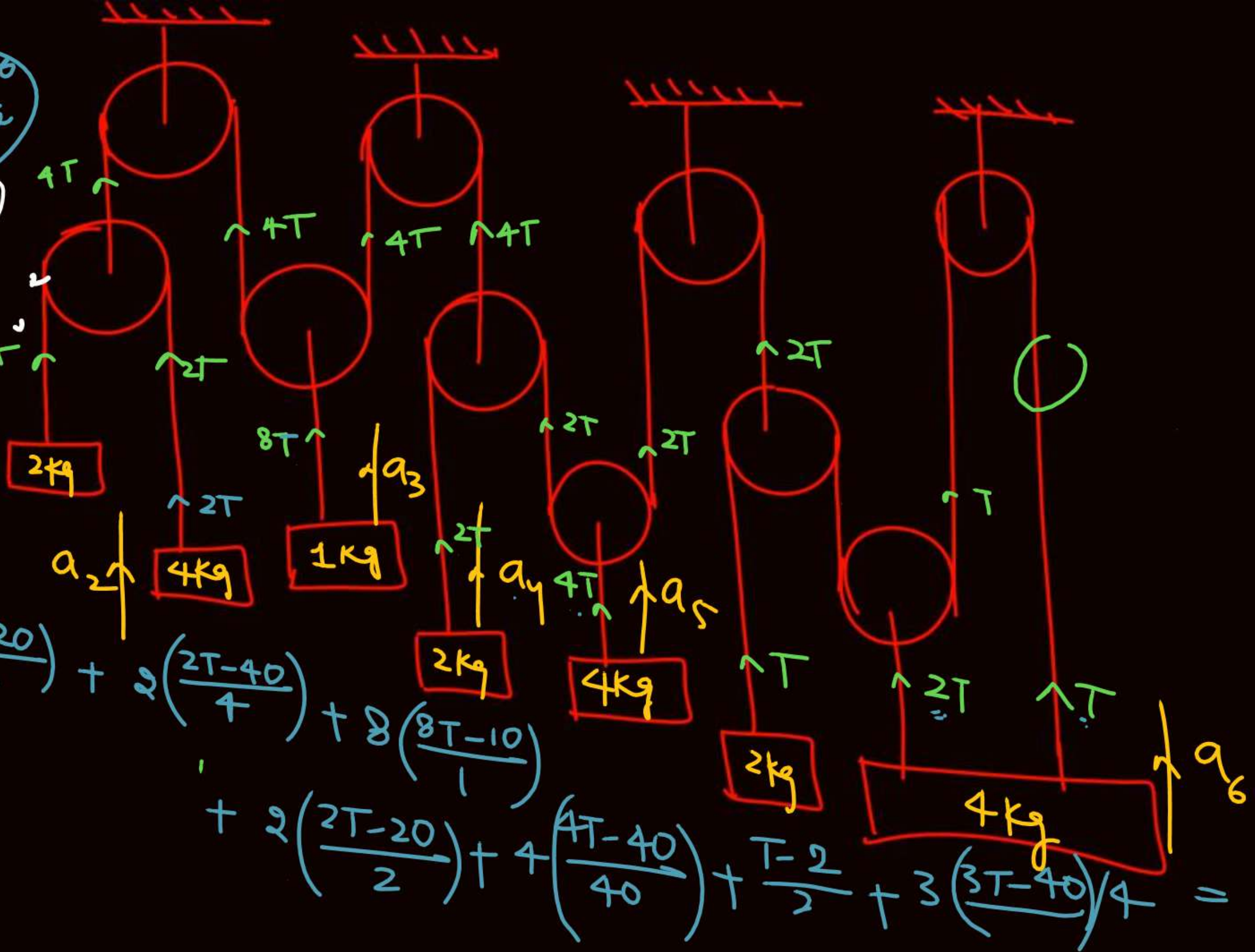


No need to write  $\Sigma$

SSSQ

catch it in Sakun Bhara style

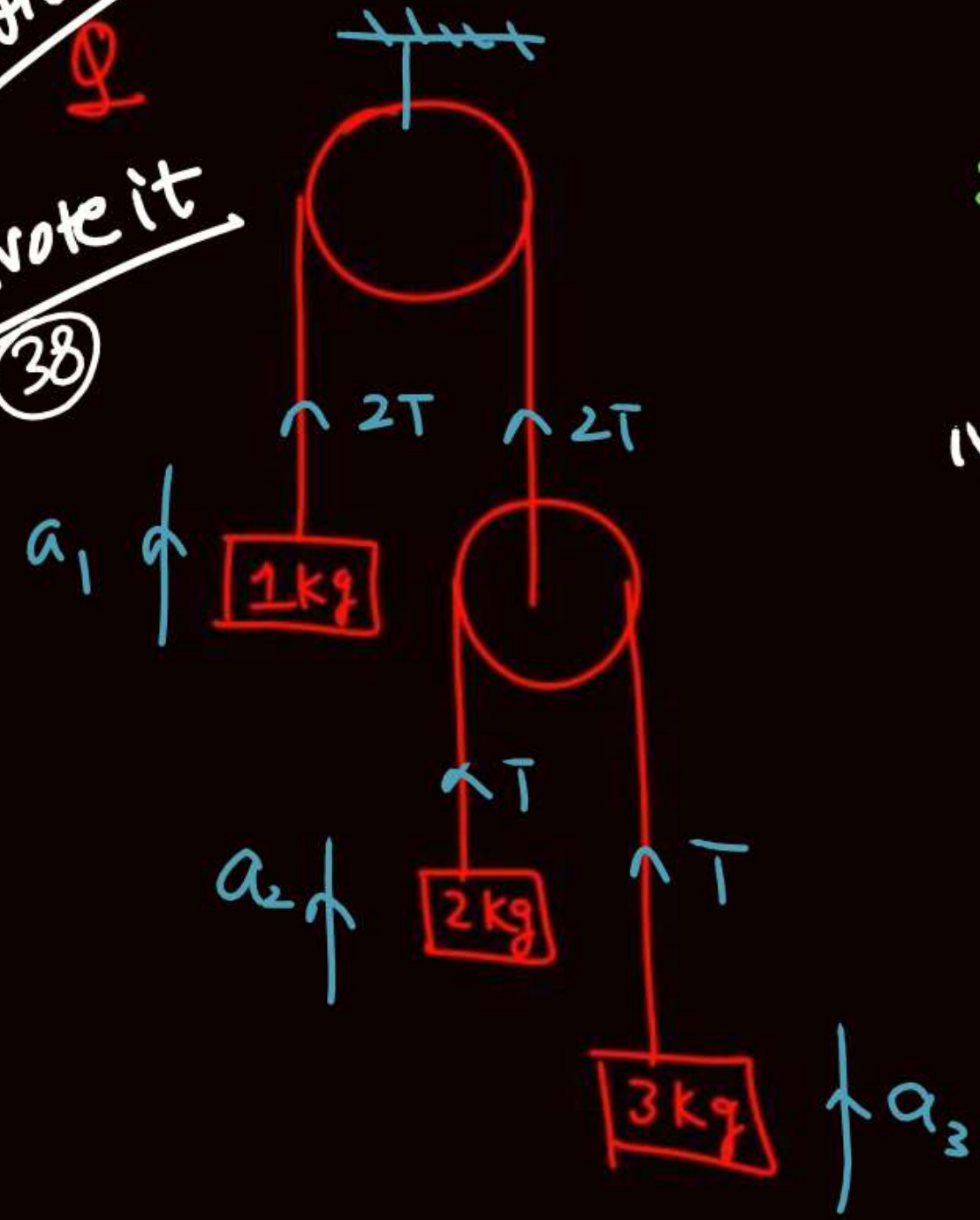
(37)



$$2 \times \left( \frac{2T-20}{2} \right) + 2 \left( \frac{2T-40}{4} \right) + 8 \left( \frac{8T-10}{1} \right) + 2 \left( \frac{2T-20}{2} \right) + 4 \left( \frac{4T-40}{40} \right) + \frac{T-2}{2} + 3 \left( \frac{3T-40}{4} \right) = 0$$

hcv  
Q

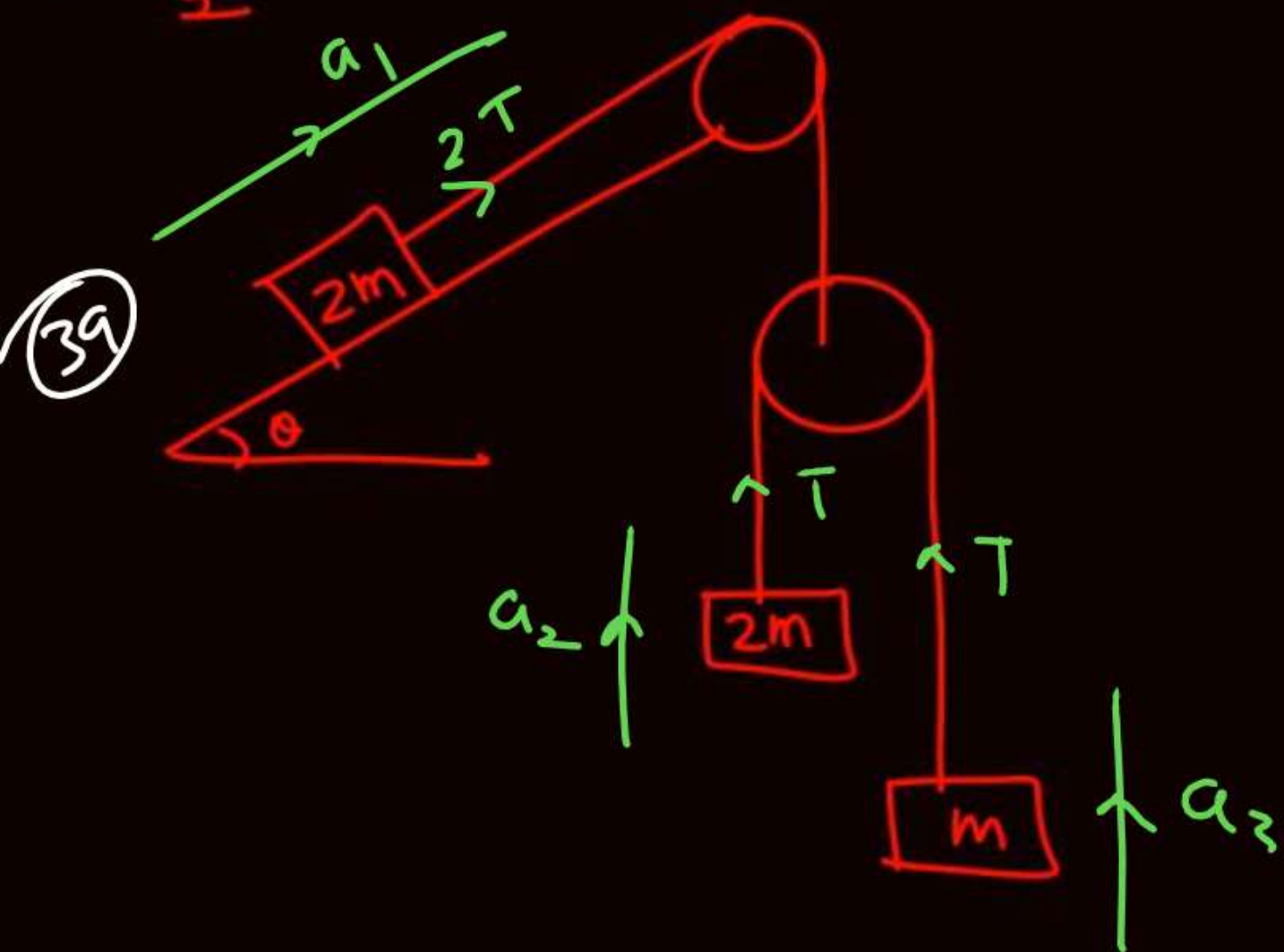
note it  
(38)



$$2 \left( \frac{2T-10}{1} \right) + \left( \frac{T-20}{2} \right) + \frac{T-30}{3} = 0$$

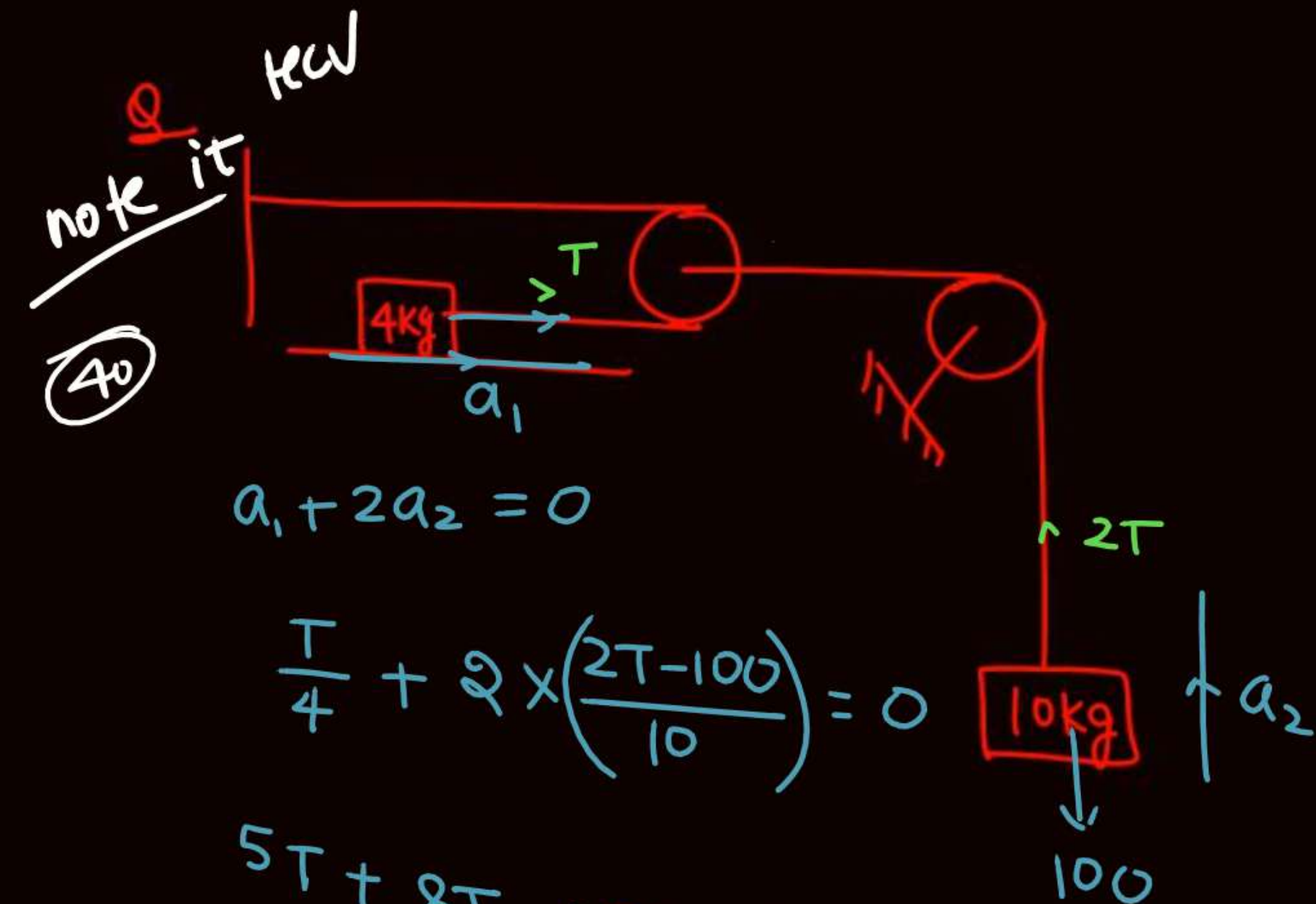
Now solve ✓

note it  
①



$$2 \left( \frac{2T - 2mg \sin \theta}{2m} \right) + \frac{T - 2mg}{2m} + \frac{T - mg}{m} = 0$$





$$a_1 + 2a_2 = 0$$

$$\frac{T}{4} + 2 \times \left( \frac{2T - 100}{10} \right) = 0$$

$$5T + 8T - 400 = 0$$

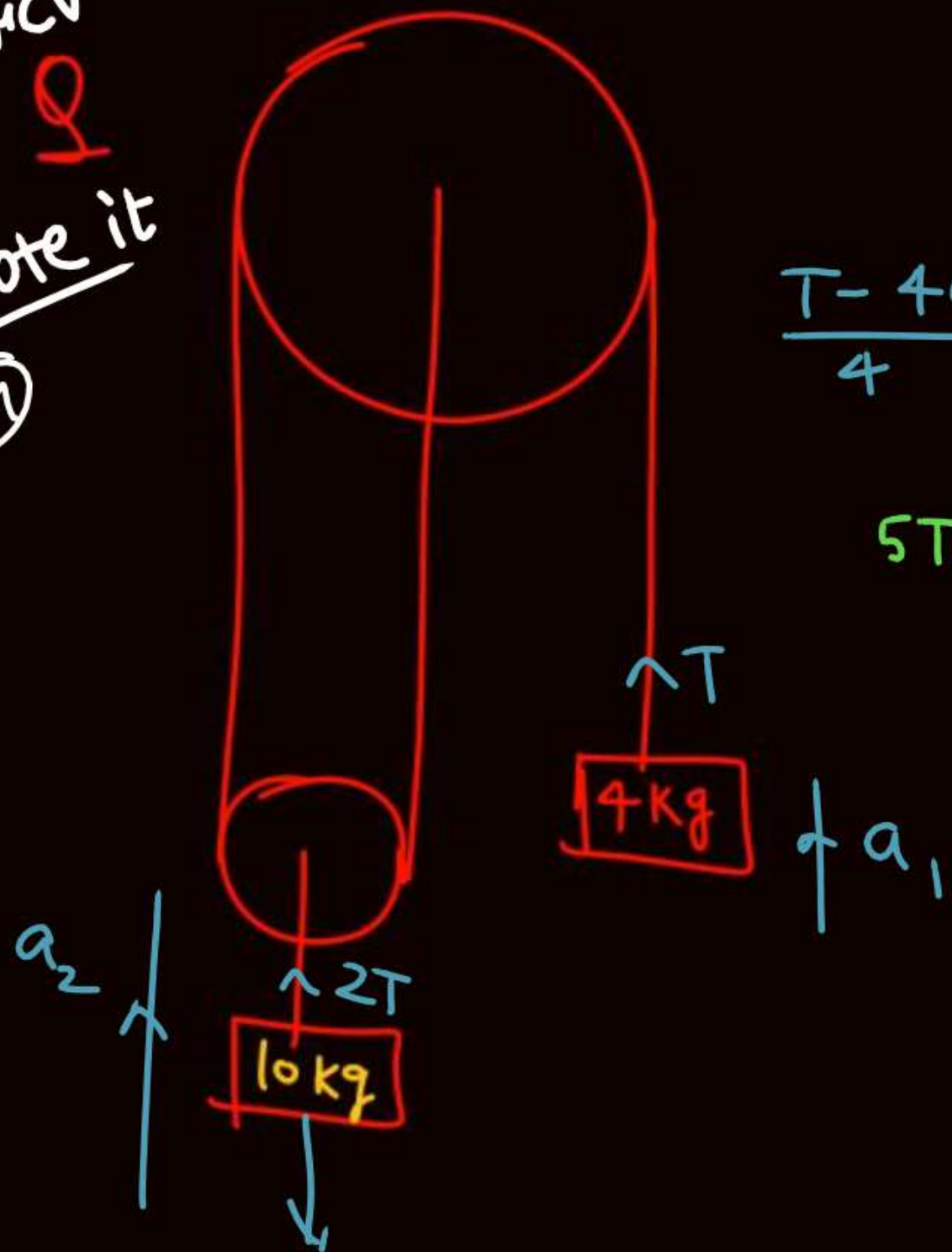
$$T = \frac{400}{13}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{T}{4} = \frac{400}{13 \times 4} = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$a_1 + 2a_2 = 0$$

$$a_2 = -\frac{a_1}{2} = -\frac{50}{3}$$

WCV  
Q  
note it  
(41)



$$\frac{T-40}{4} + \frac{2(2T-100)}{10} = 0$$

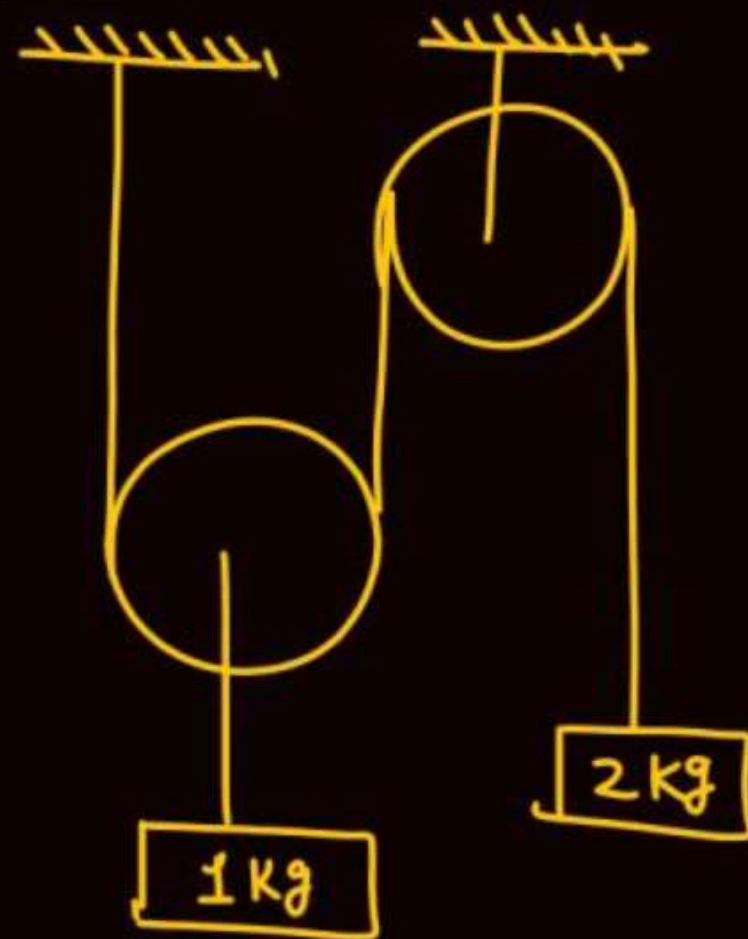
$$5T-200+4T-400=0$$

$$9T=600$$

$$T = \frac{600}{9} = \frac{200}{3}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{T-40}{4} = \frac{\frac{200}{3}-40}{4} = \frac{20}{3} = \frac{2g}{3}$$

no need  
Q



Q. Find  $a'$

Don't write

42

$$\begin{aligned} & \tau a' + 4\tau a \\ & - 2\tau \times 6 \\ & - 3\tau \times 4 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

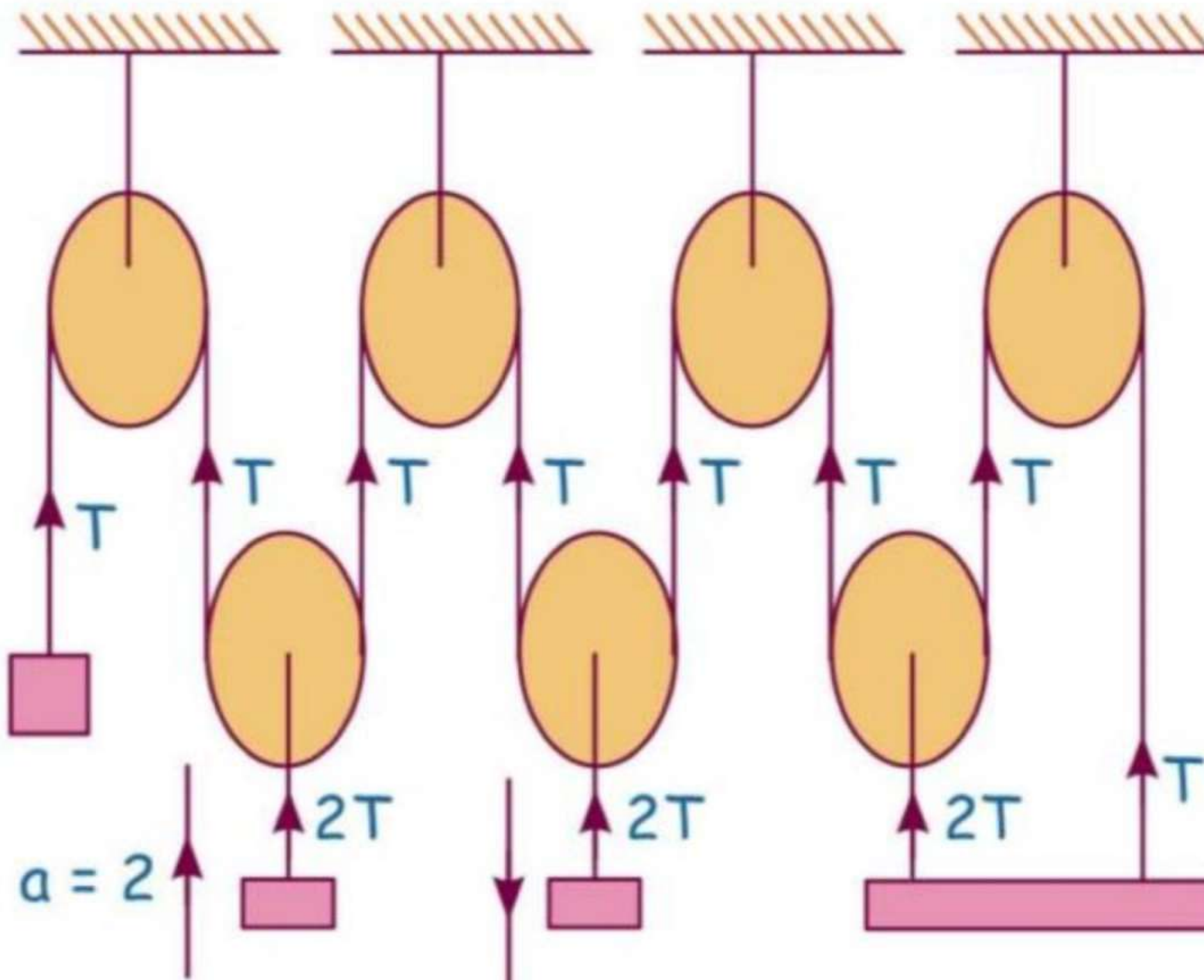
$$a' = 20$$

$$a' = ?$$

$$a = 2$$

$$a = 6$$

$$a = 4$$

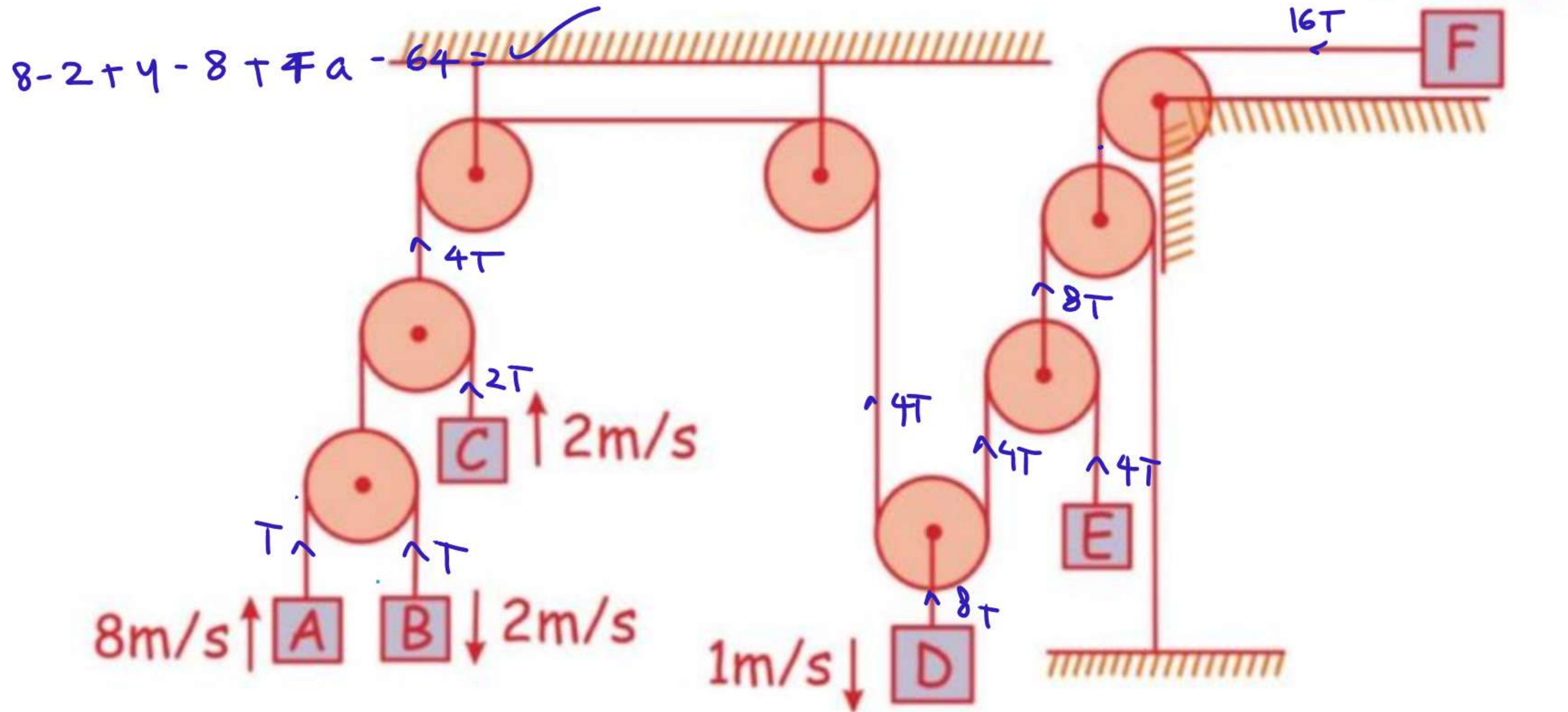




Dont write

43

Q. Find out the velocity of block E as shown in figure.





differentiate

$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{x}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{x}_2 + \dots = 0$$

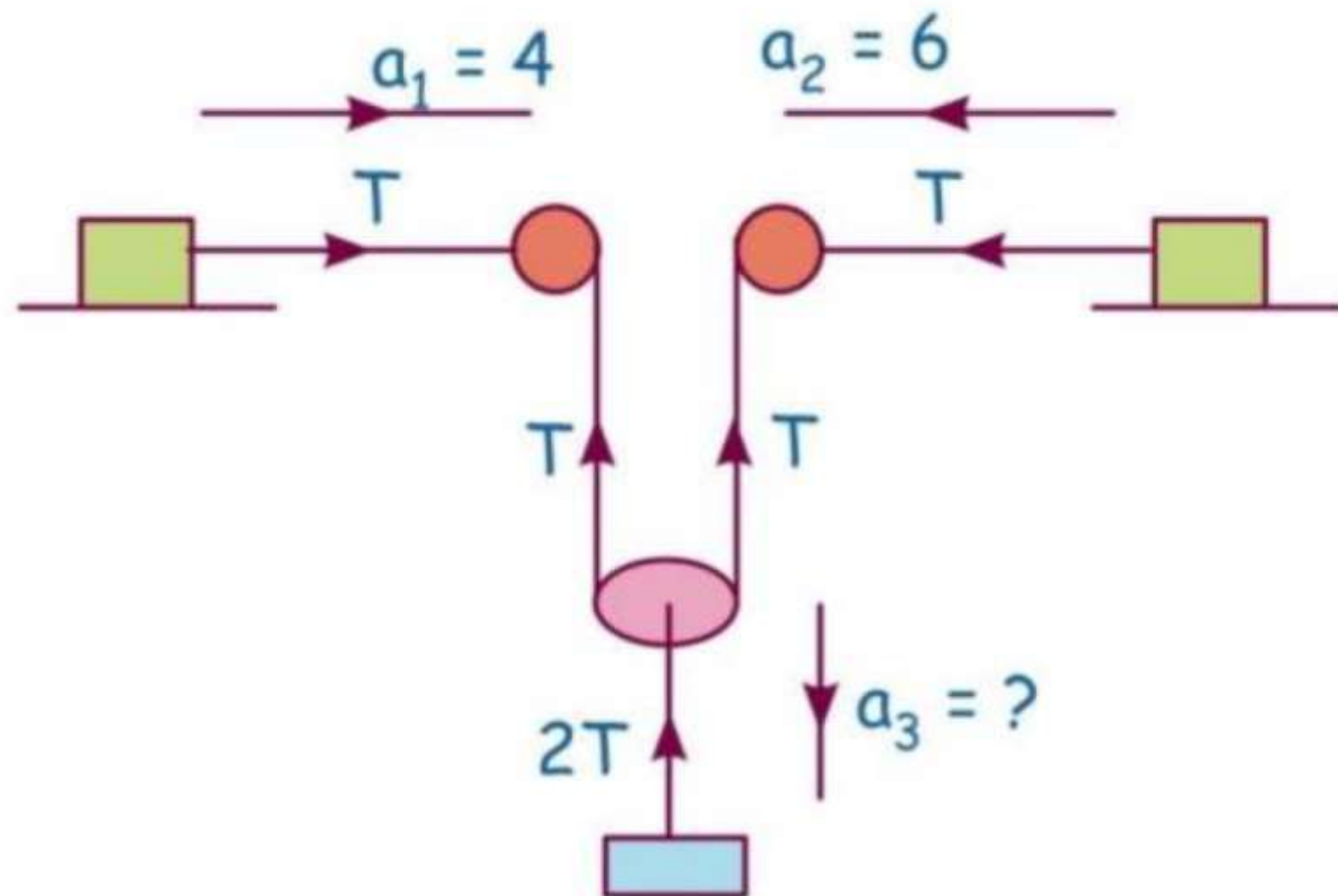
$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{v}_2 + \dots = 0$$

$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{a}_3 + \dots = 0$$

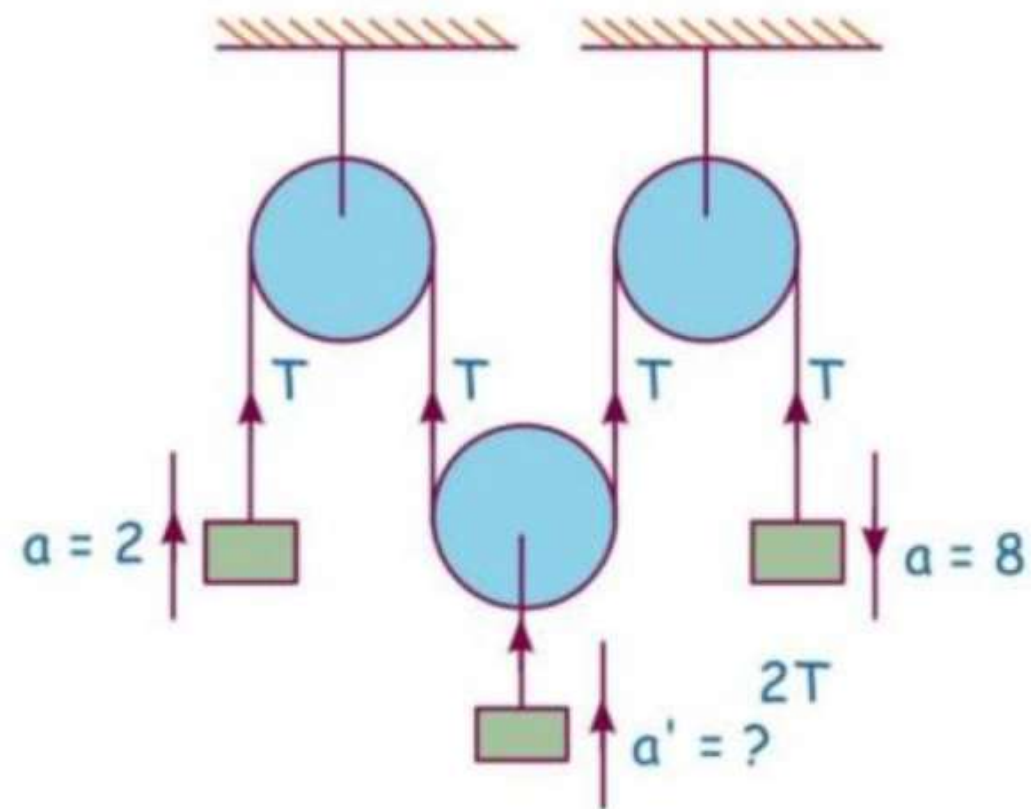
H/W

Q. Find  $a_3$ .

42



Q. Find  $a'$  in following figure.



Sol.  $T \times 2 + 2Ta' - T \times 8 = 0$

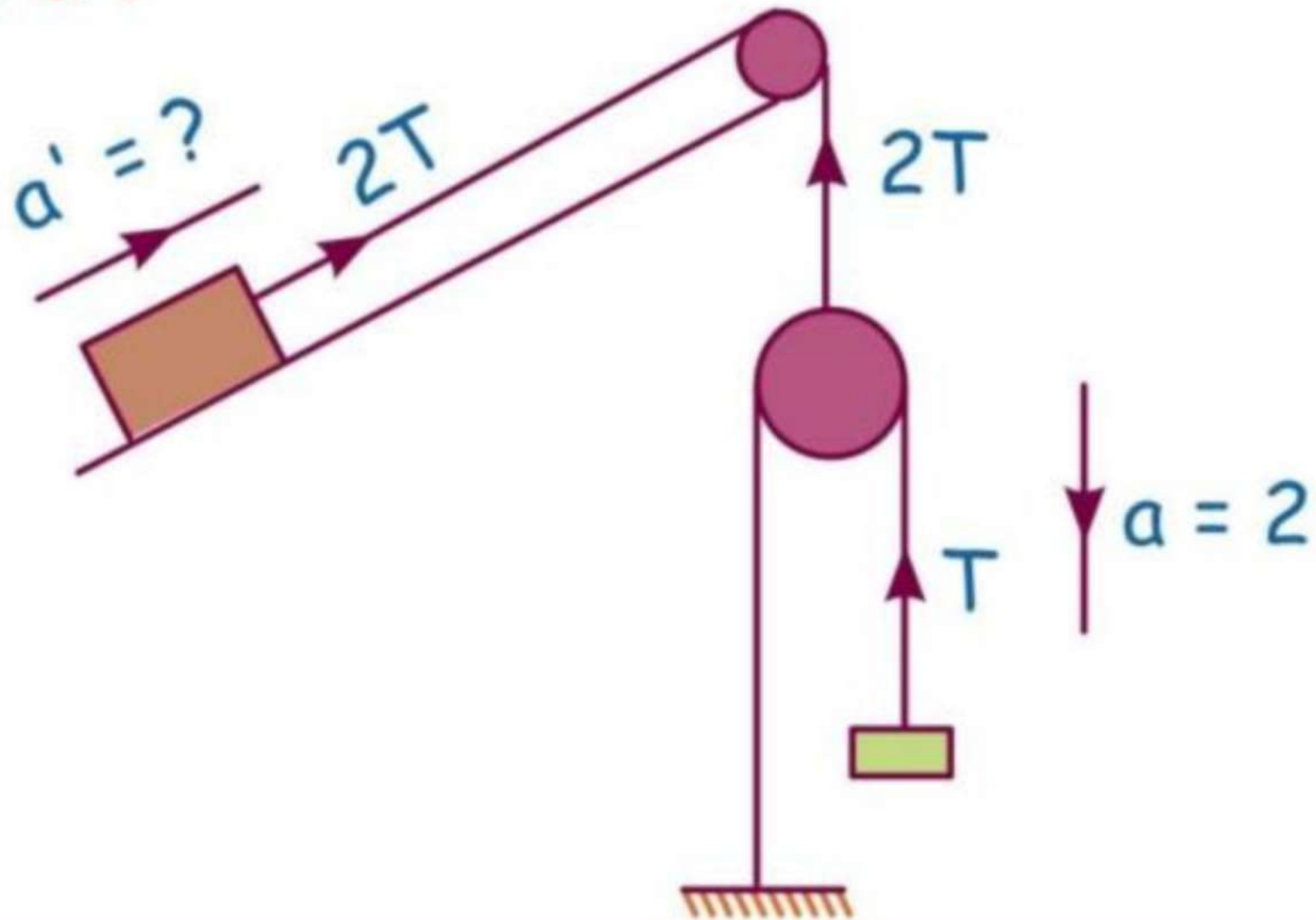
$a' = 3$

कुछ बच्चों के दिमाग में ये  
doubt आएगा कि sir यहाँ  
mass तो given नहीं है।



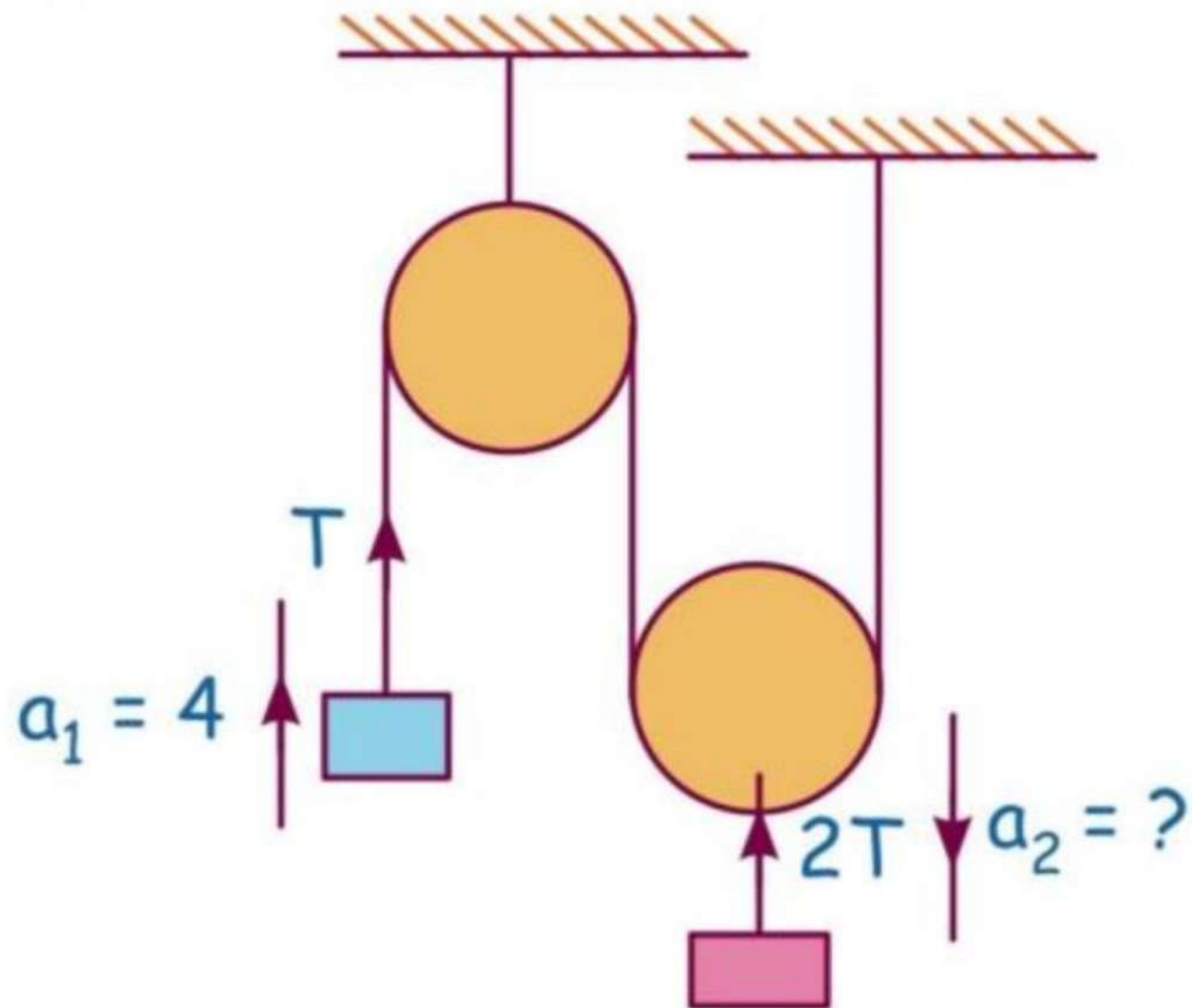
बेटा यहाँ mass की जरूरत नहीं  
है यही तो सीखना है, अगर रस्सी  
में tension पूछता तो mass की  
जरूरत होती।

Q. Find  $a'$ ?



$$a = 1$$

Q. Find  $a_2$ .

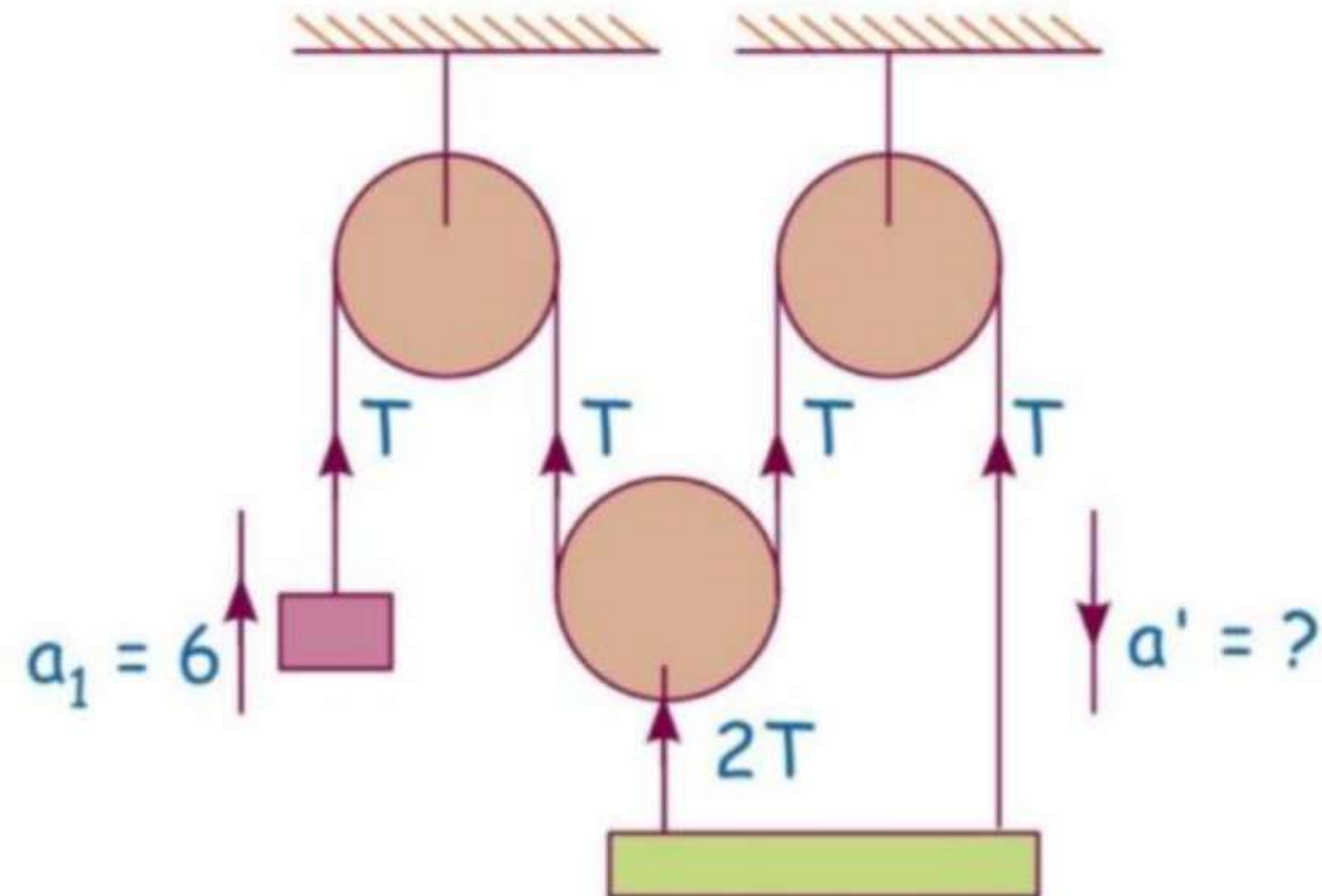




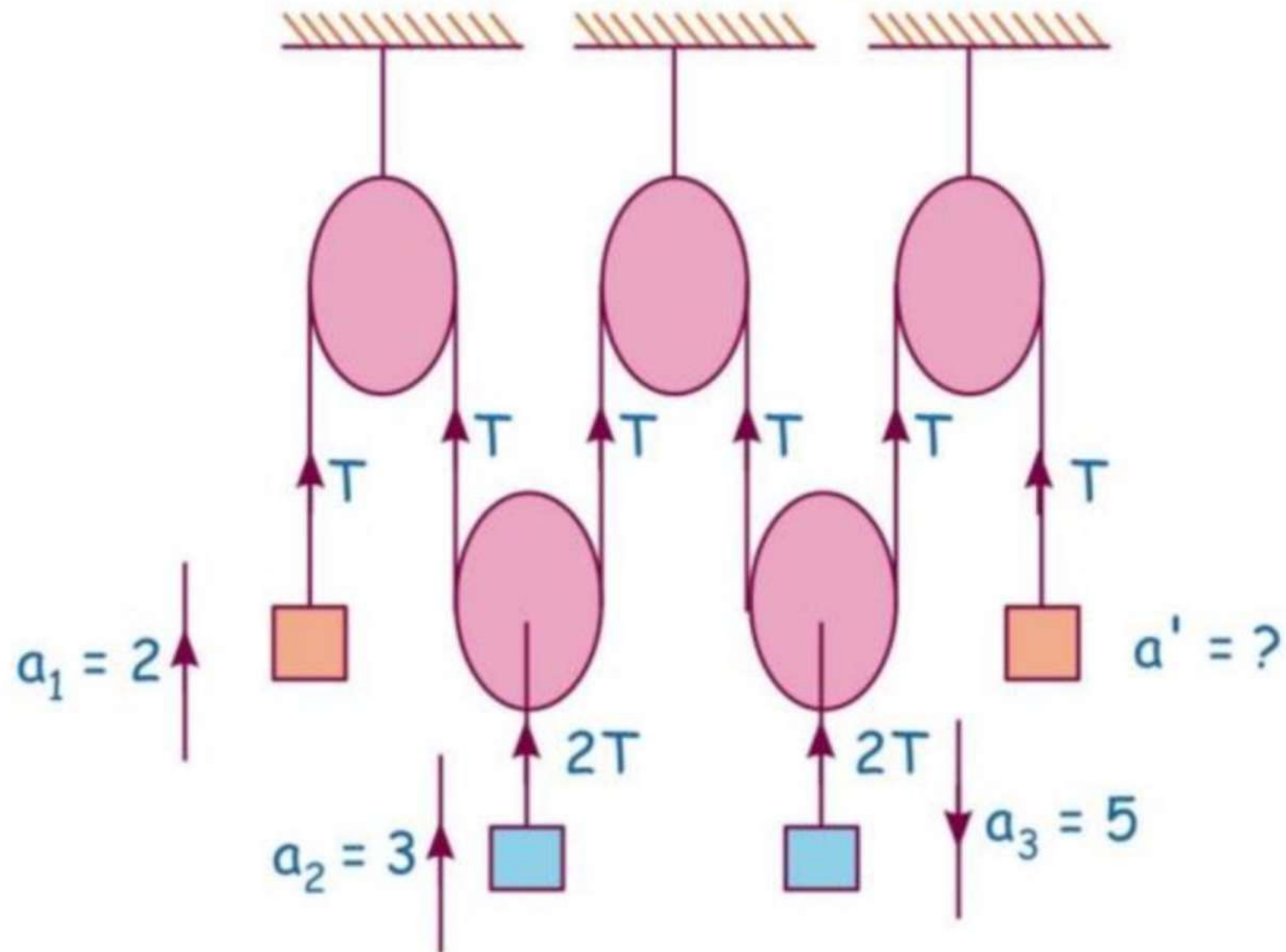
अब जा कहाँ रहा है  
पहले आगे वाले ques  
और solve कर



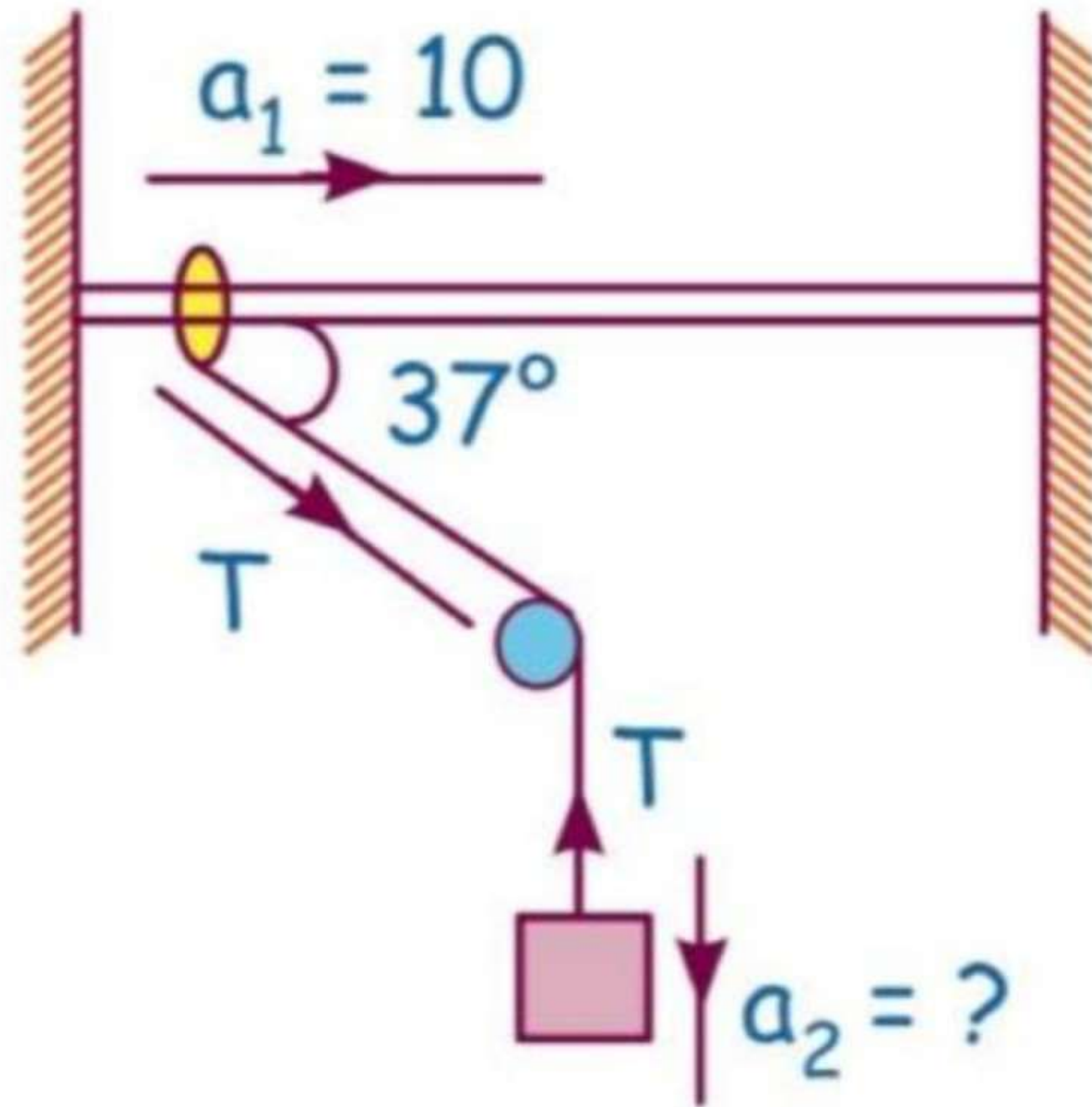
Q. Find  $a'$  in following figure.



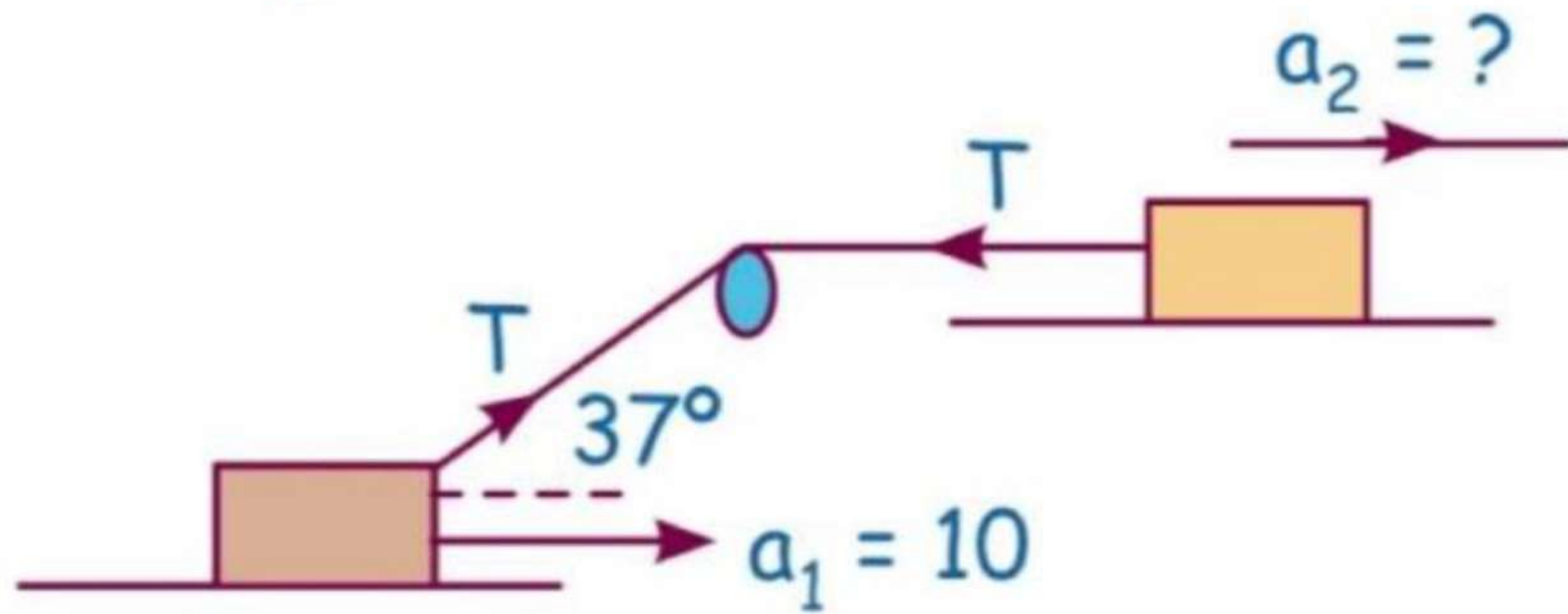
Q. Find  $a'$  in following figure.



Q. Find  $a_2$  ?

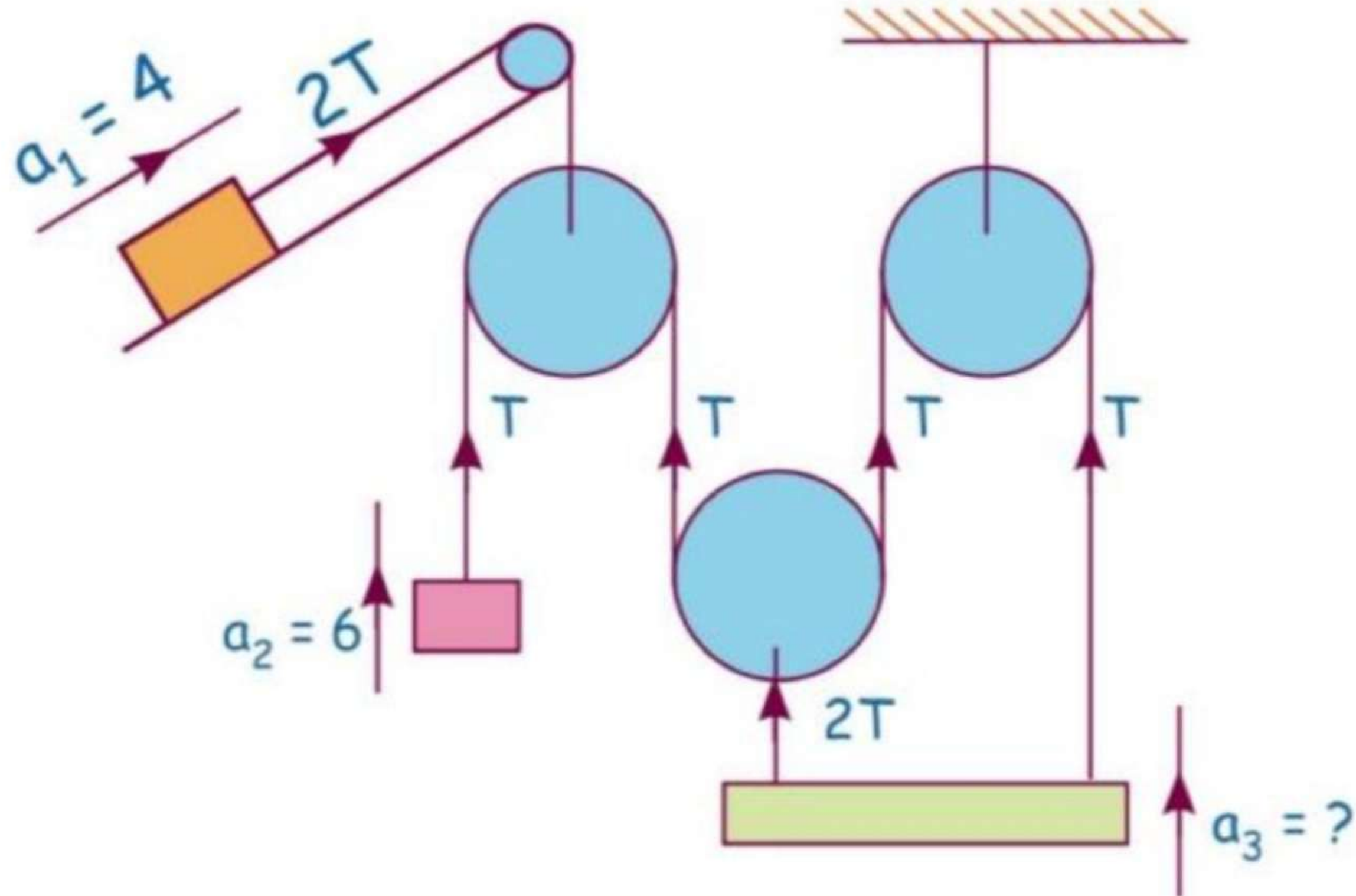


Q. Find  $a_2$ ?

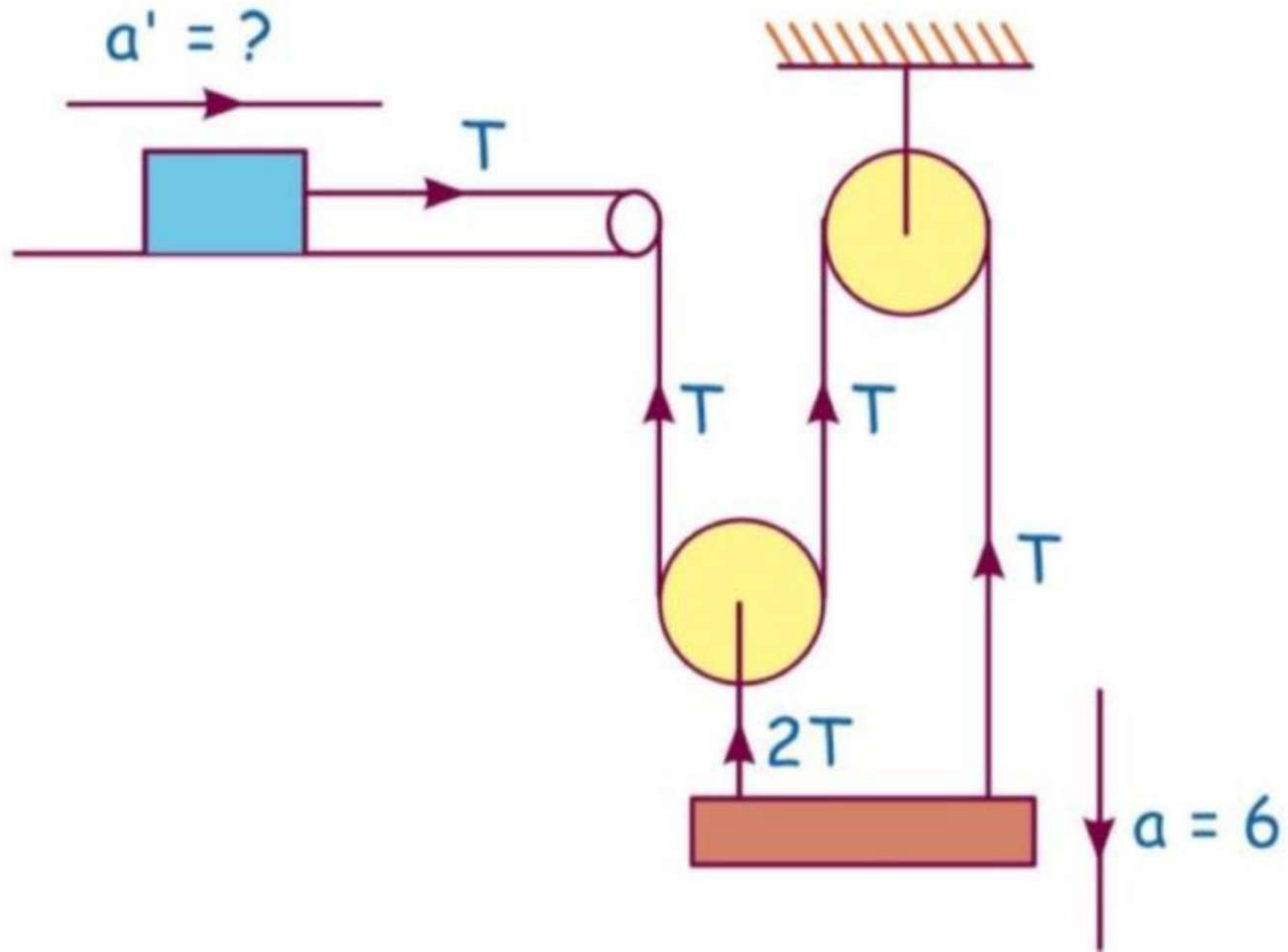




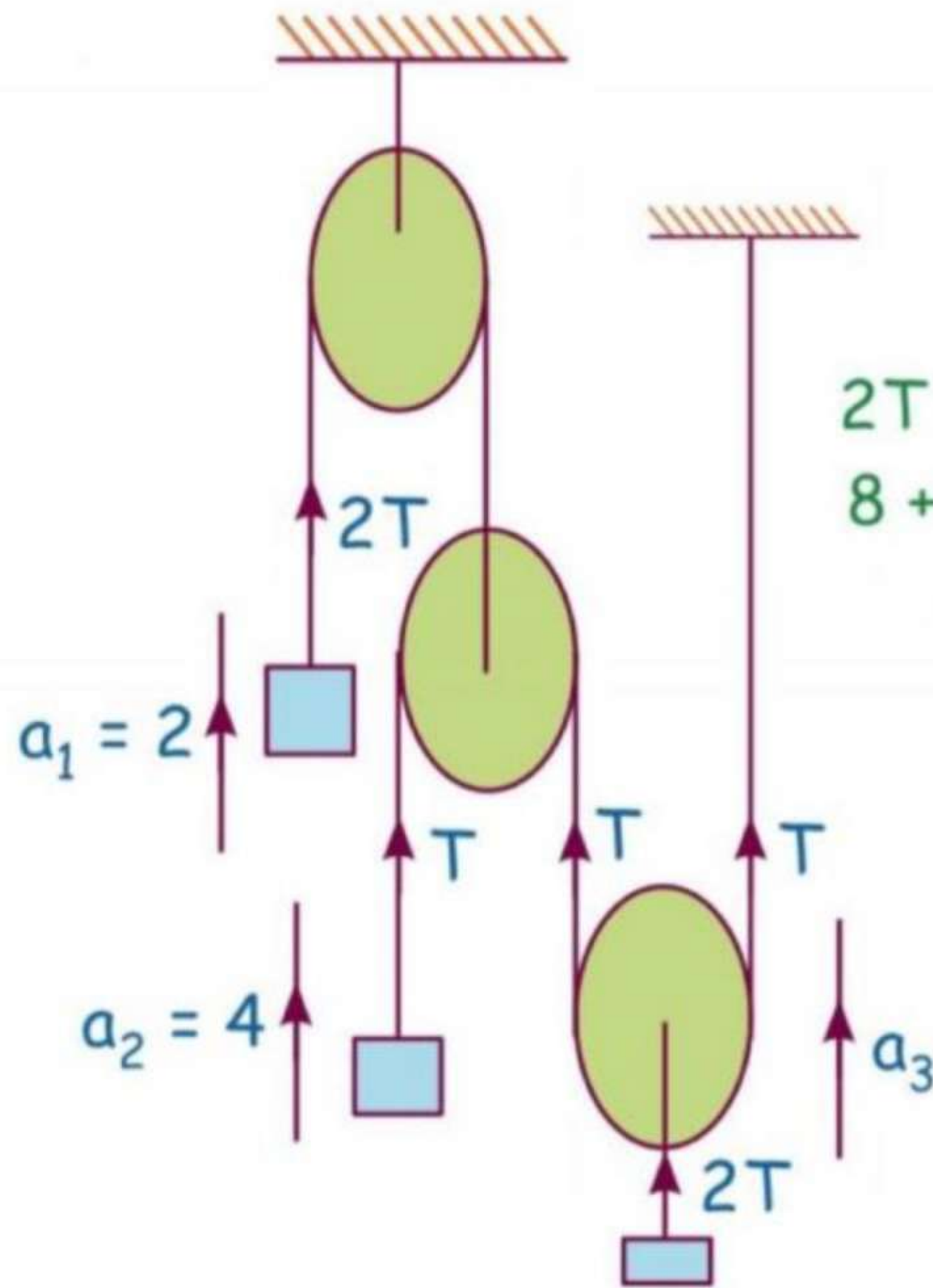
Q. Find  $a'$  in following figure.



Q. Find  $a'$  and  $T$ .



Q. Find  $a_3$ .



$$2T \times 2 + T \times 4 + 2Ta_3 = 0$$

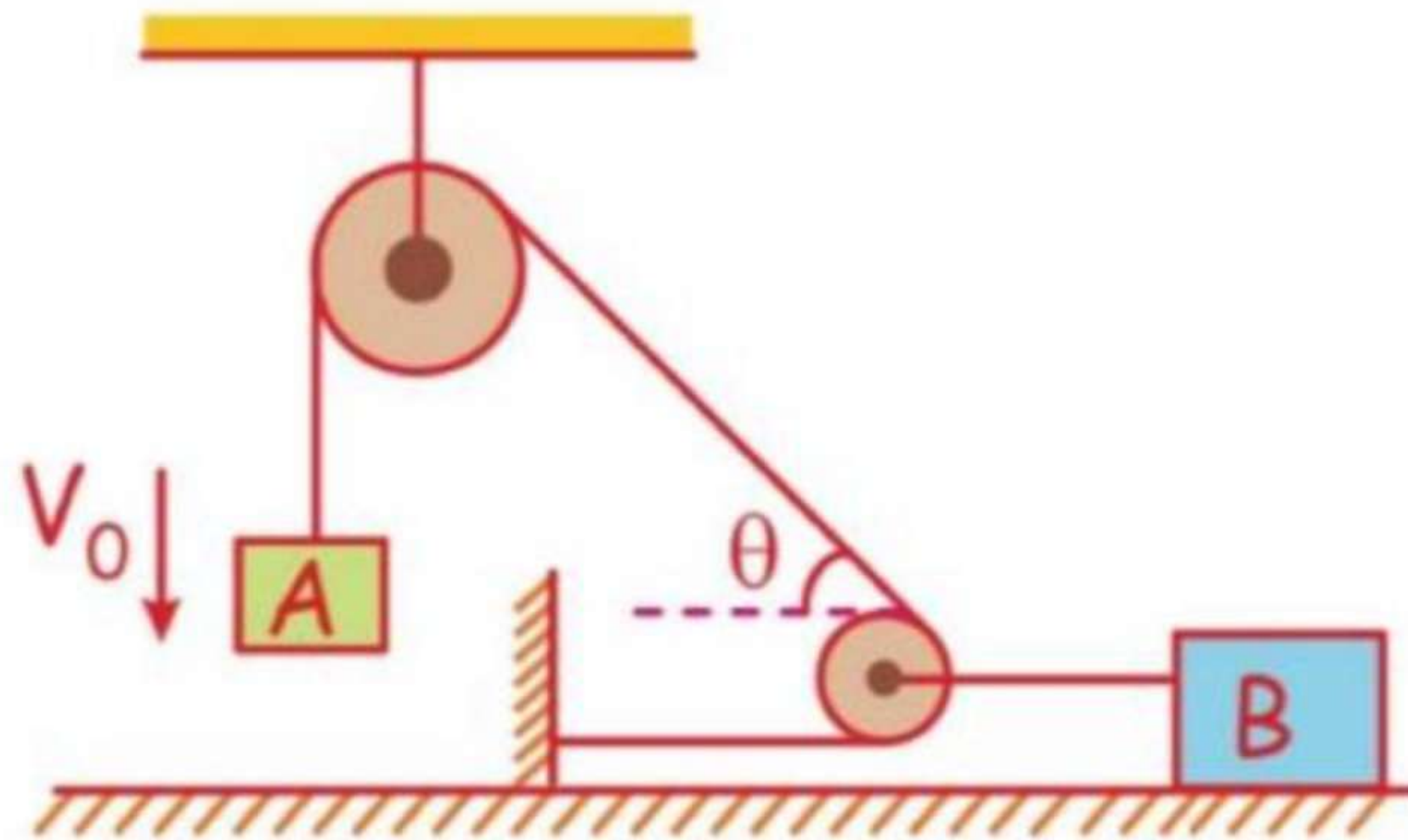
$$8 + 2a_3 = 0$$

$$a_3 = -4$$

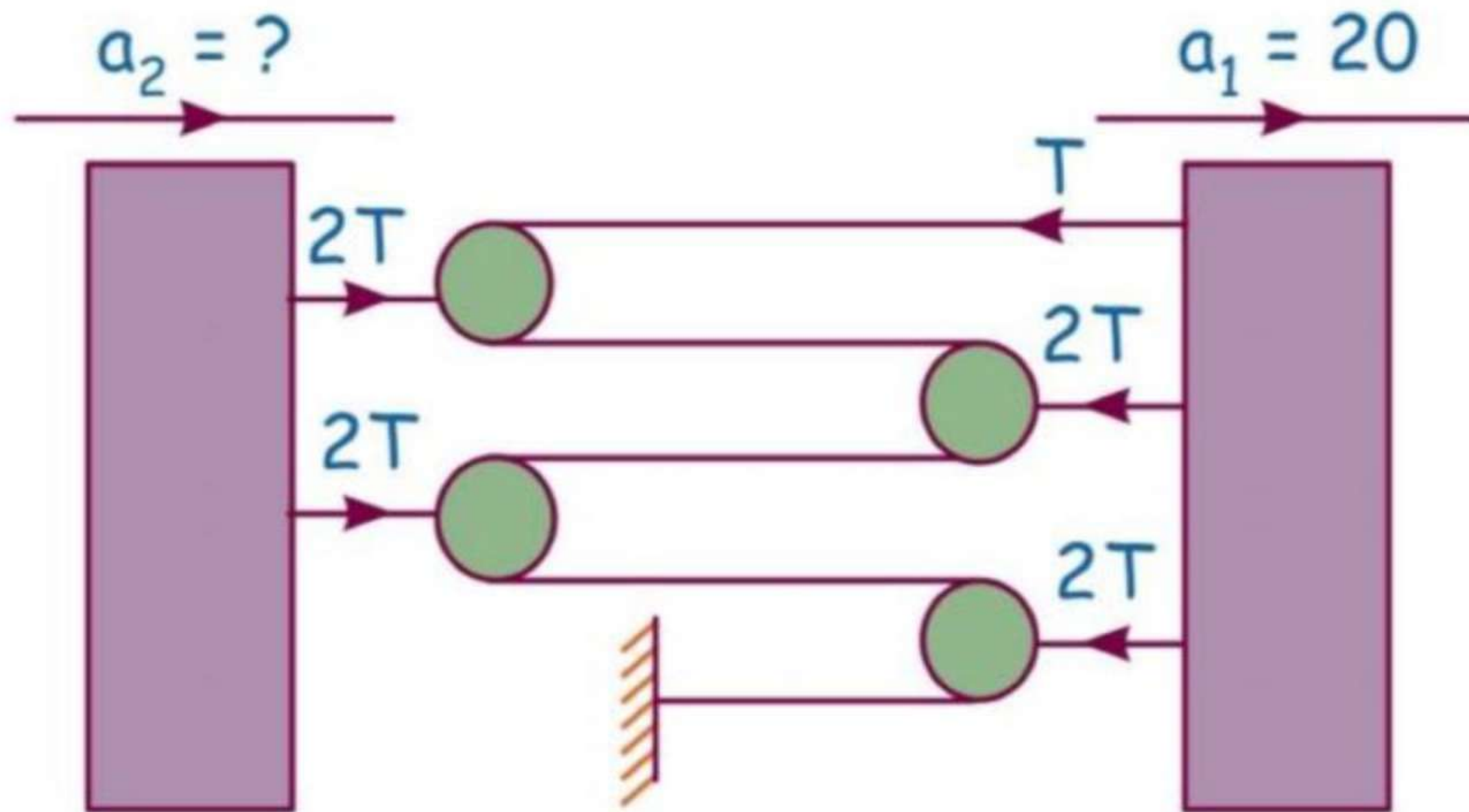
नीचे



Q. In the figure, find the velocity of block  $B$ , if velocity of  $A$  is  $V_0$  in downward direction?



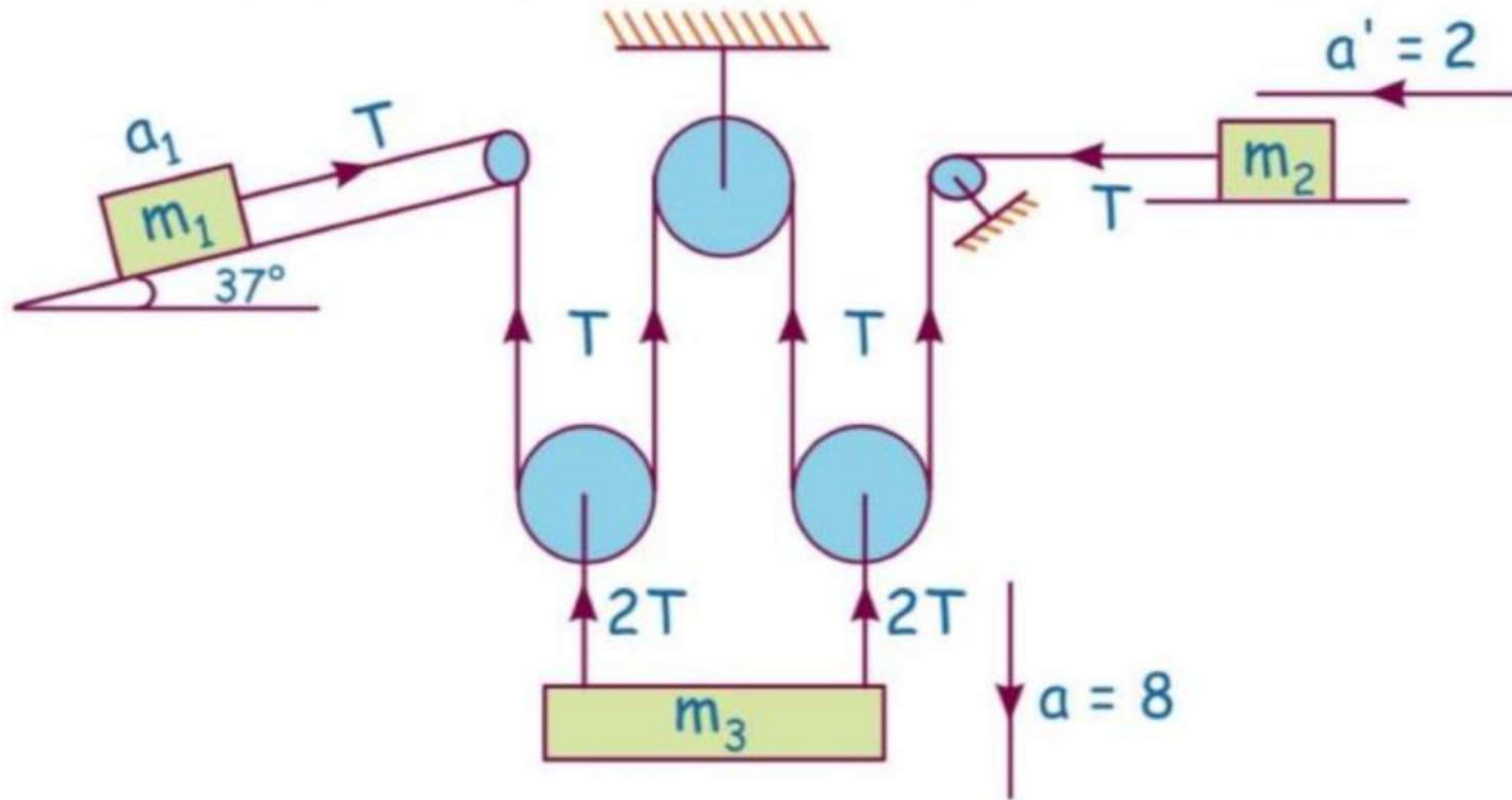
Q. Find  $a_2$

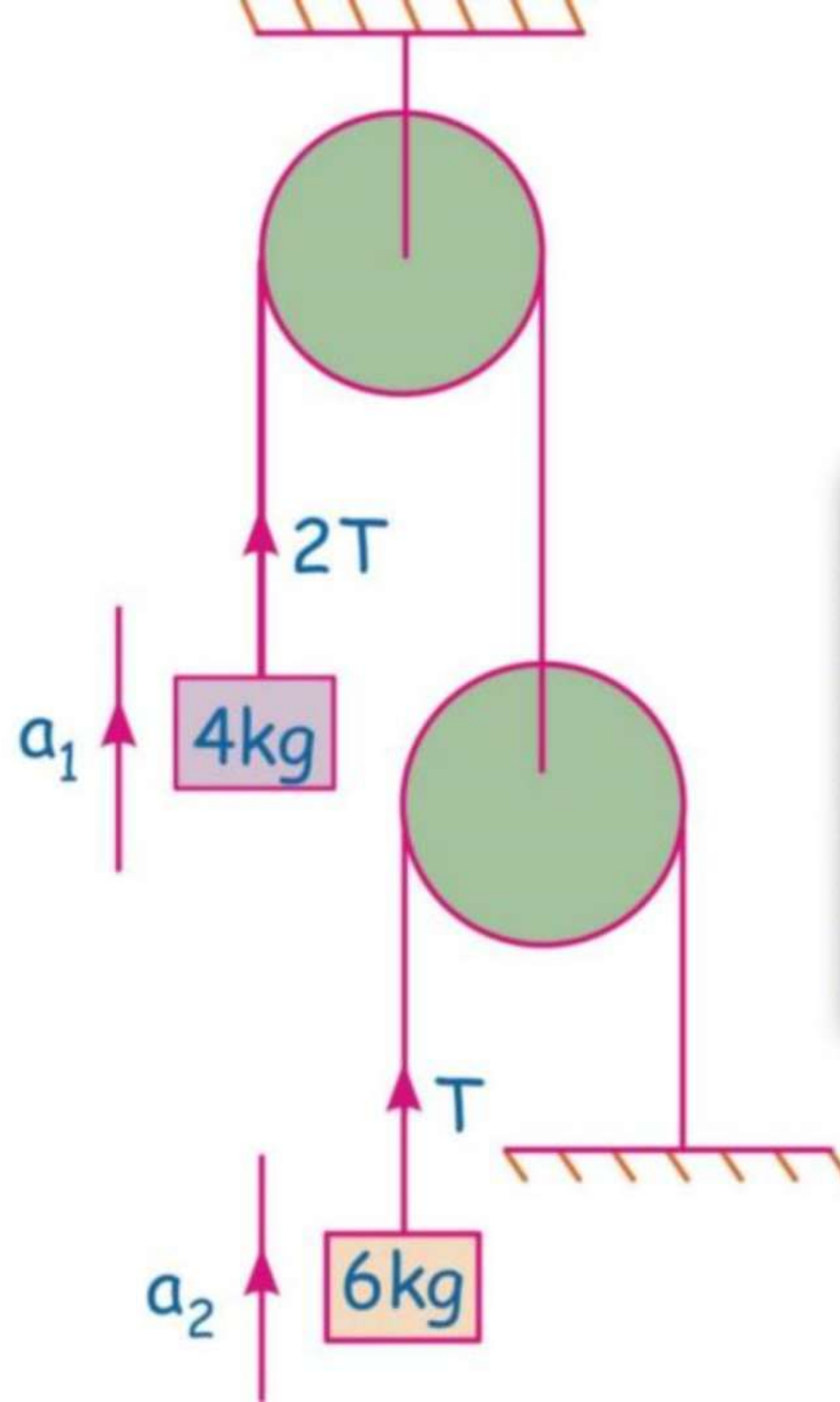


$$4Ta_2 - 5T \cdot 20 = 0$$

$$a_2 = 25$$

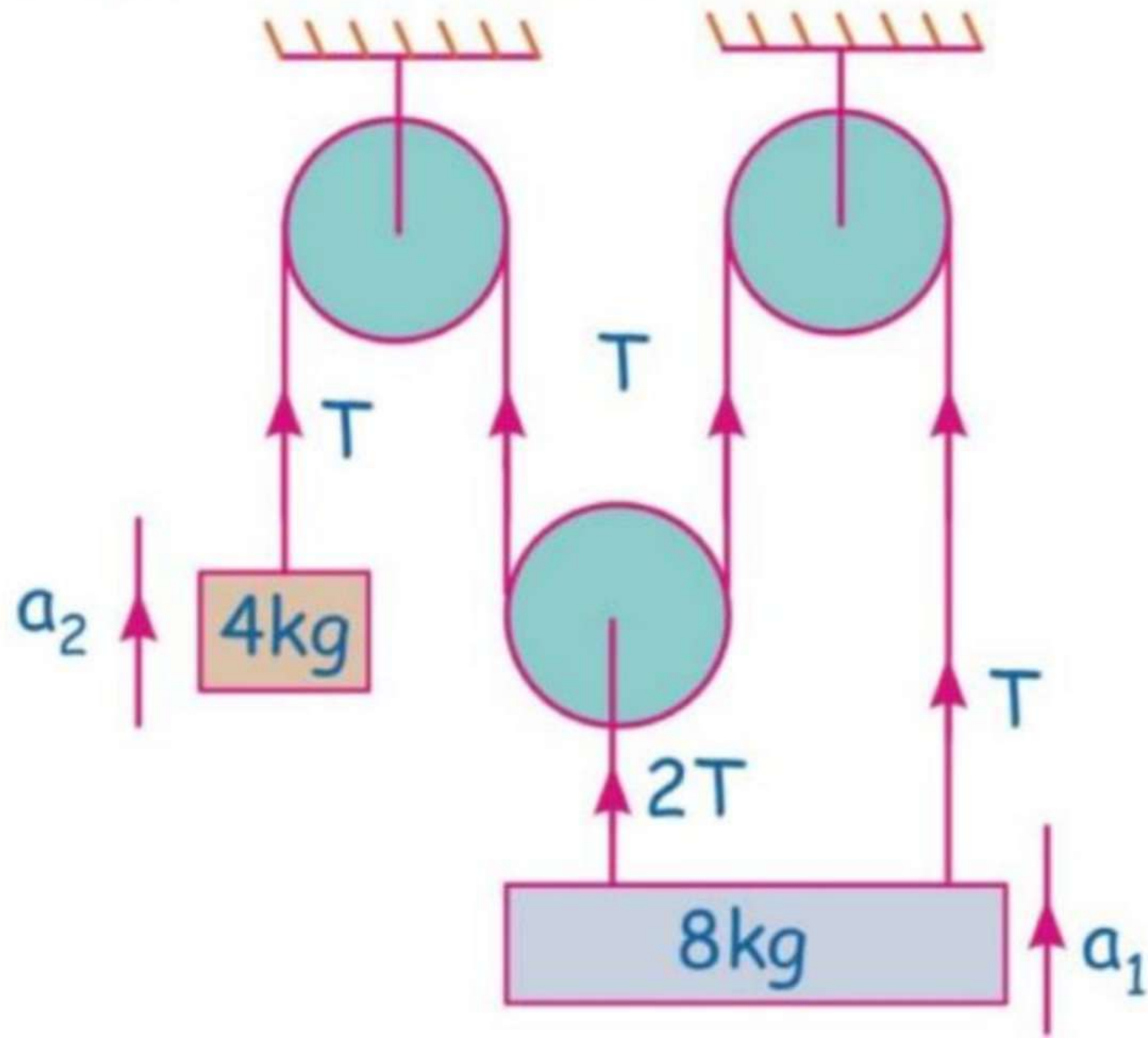
Q. If  $m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$  find  $m_2$  and  $m_3$  in following fig.





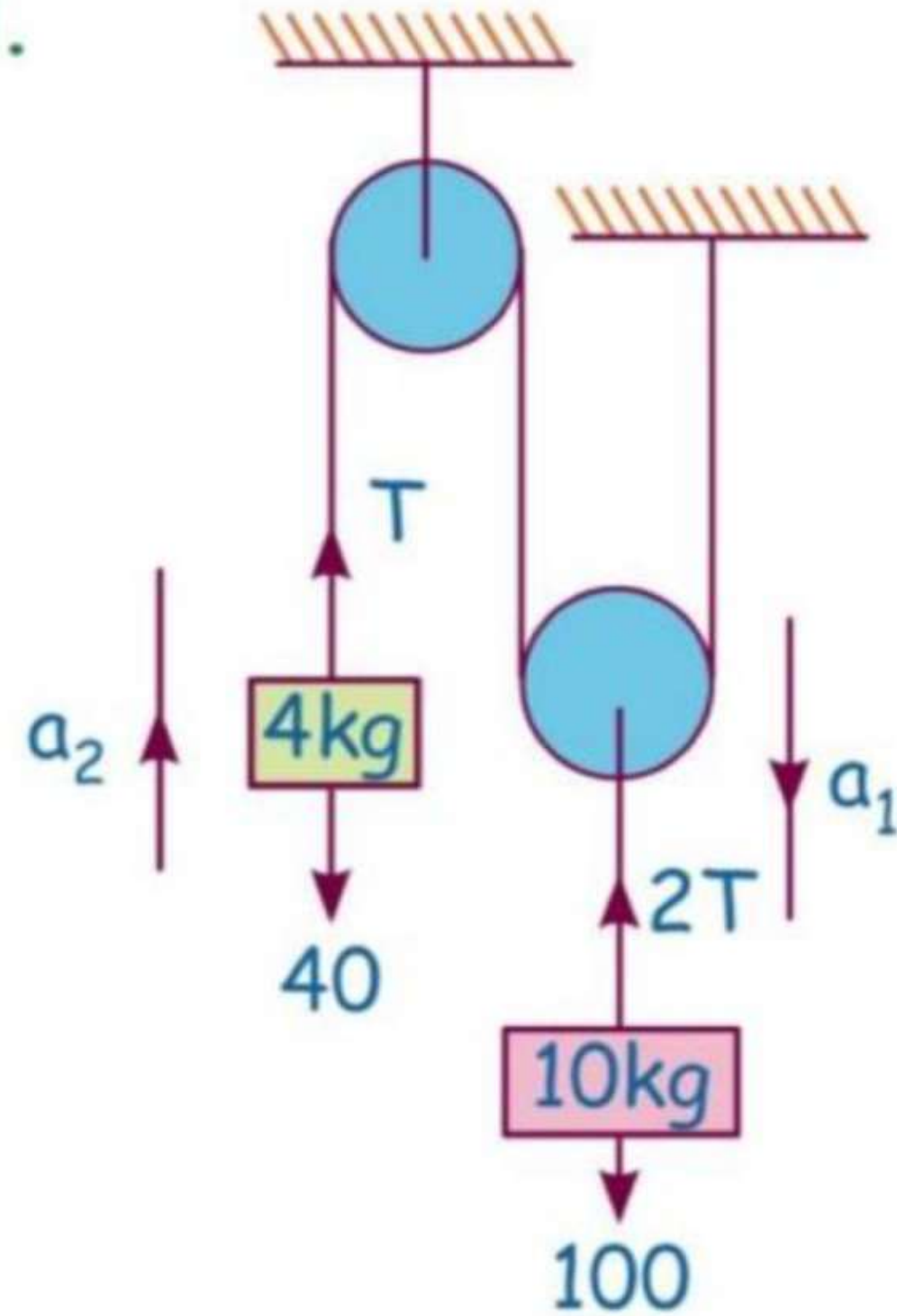
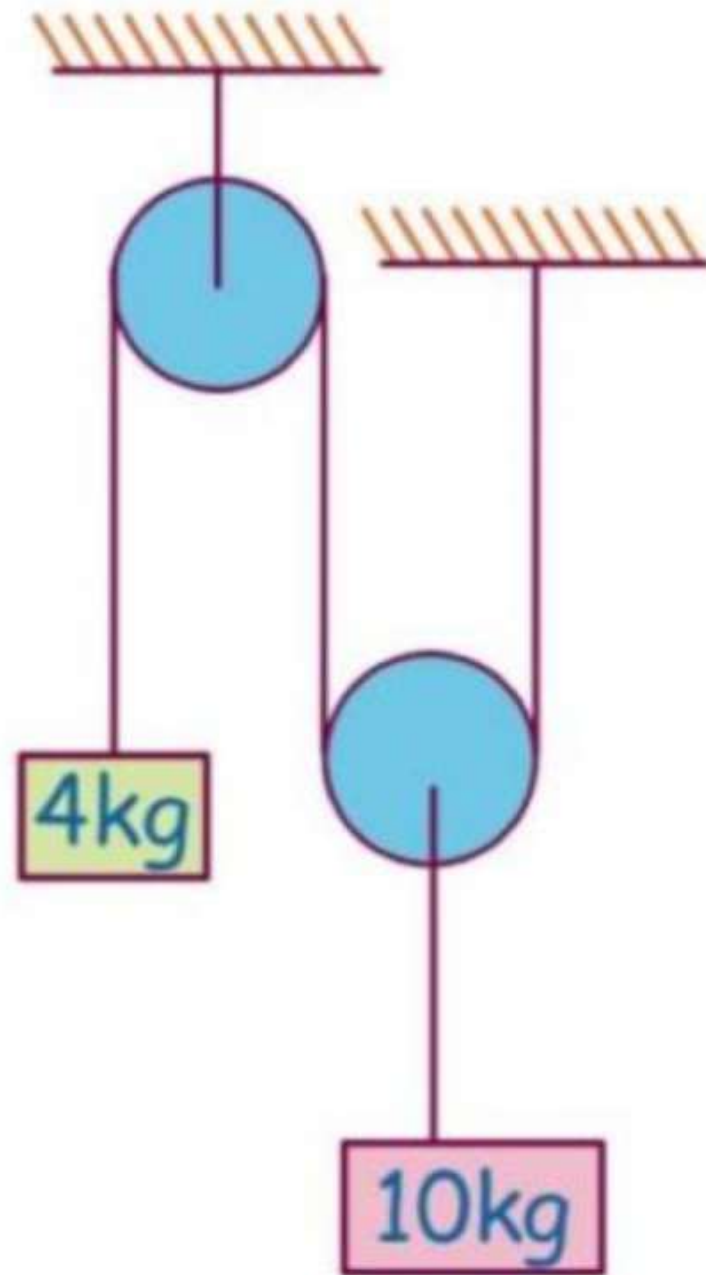


Q. Find acc of each block.

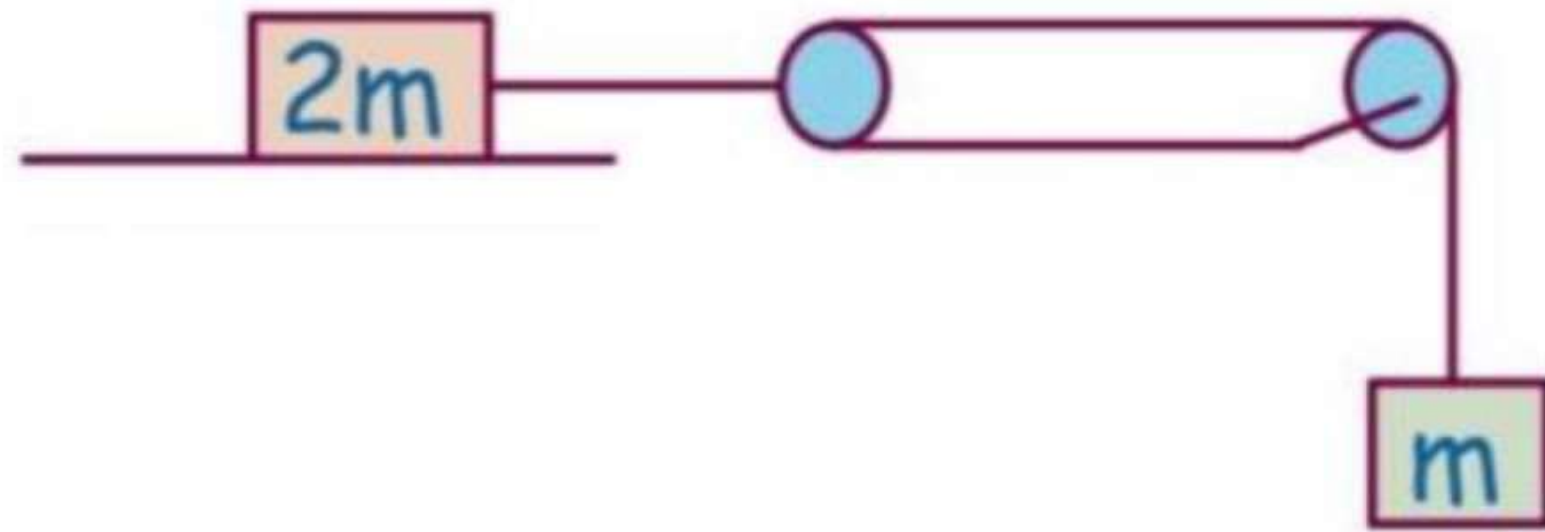


Q. Find acc of each block in following case.

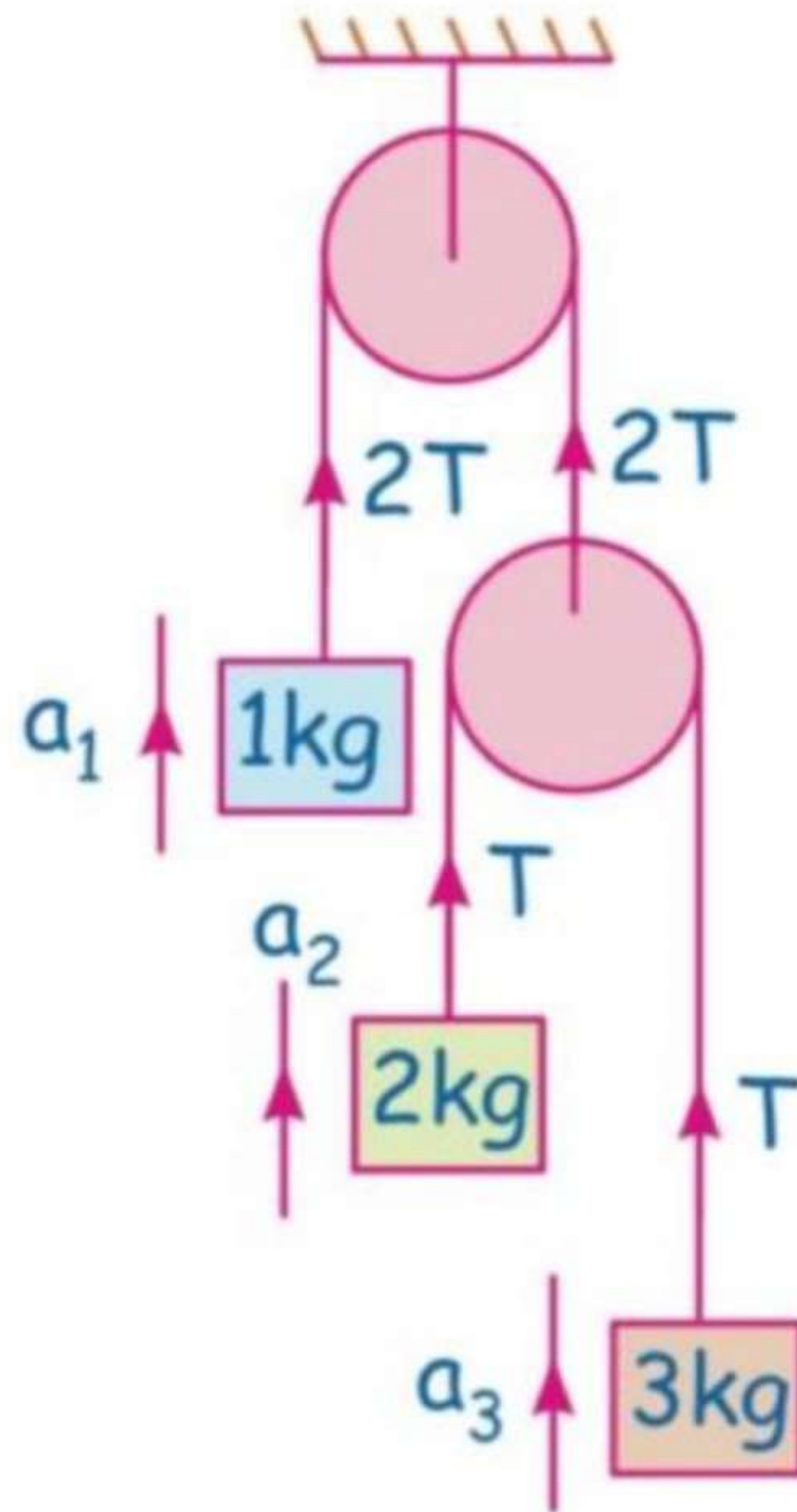
Sol.



Q. Find acc of both the block.

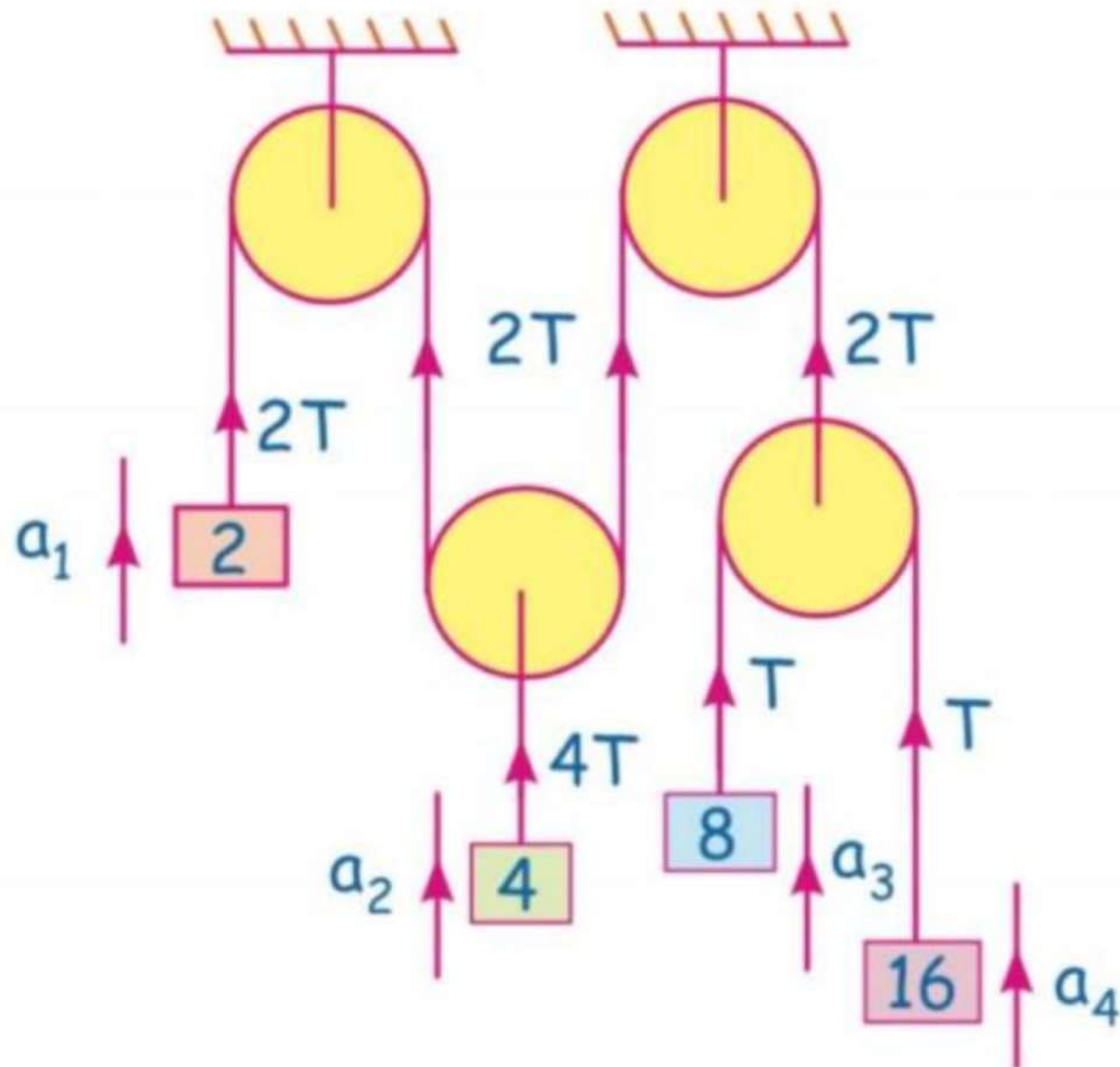


Q. Find acc of each block.

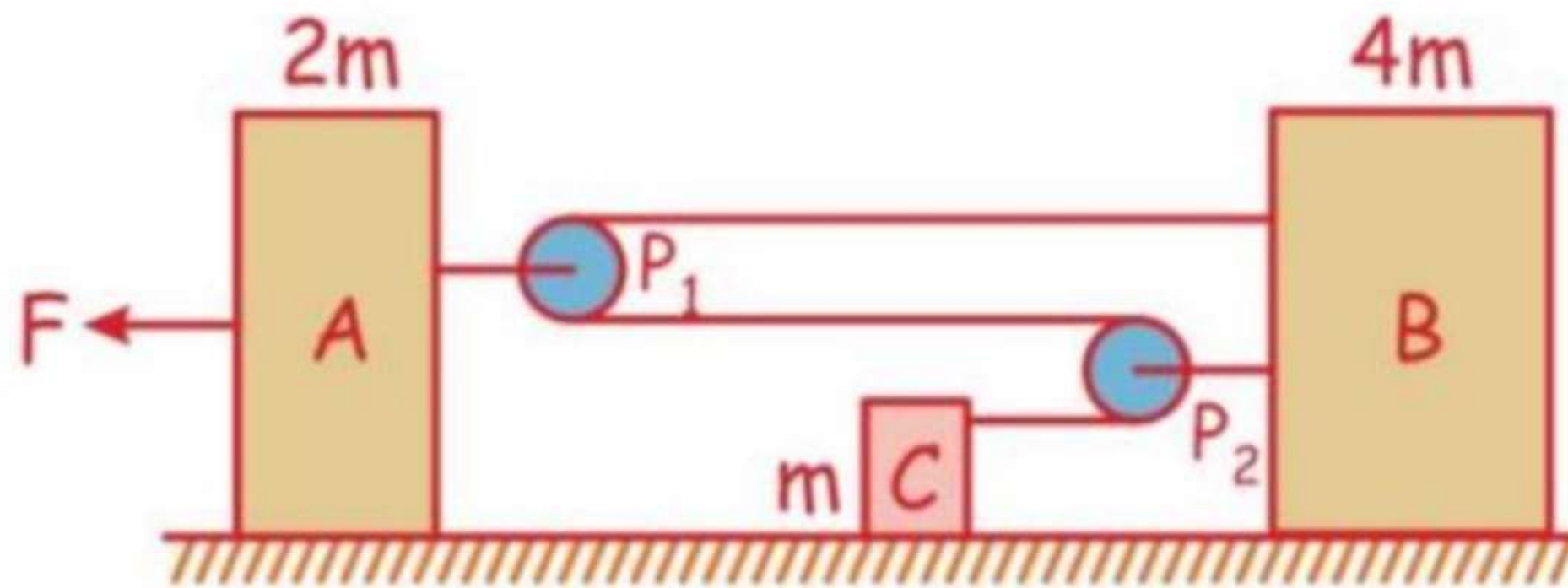




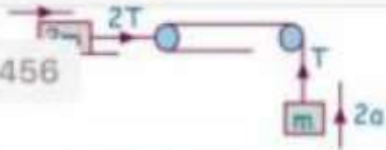
Q. Find acc of each block.



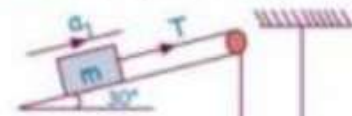
Q. In the shown figure, find the acceleration of block B. All surfaces are frictionless.



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Q. Find acc of both the block.

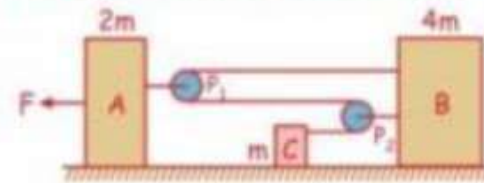


$$a_1 + 2a_2 = 0$$

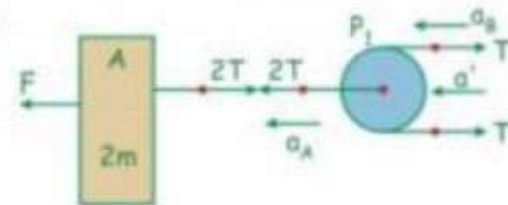
$$\frac{T - mg \sin 30}{m} + 2 \left( \frac{2T - 2mg}{2m} \right) = 0$$

Now solve by yourself.

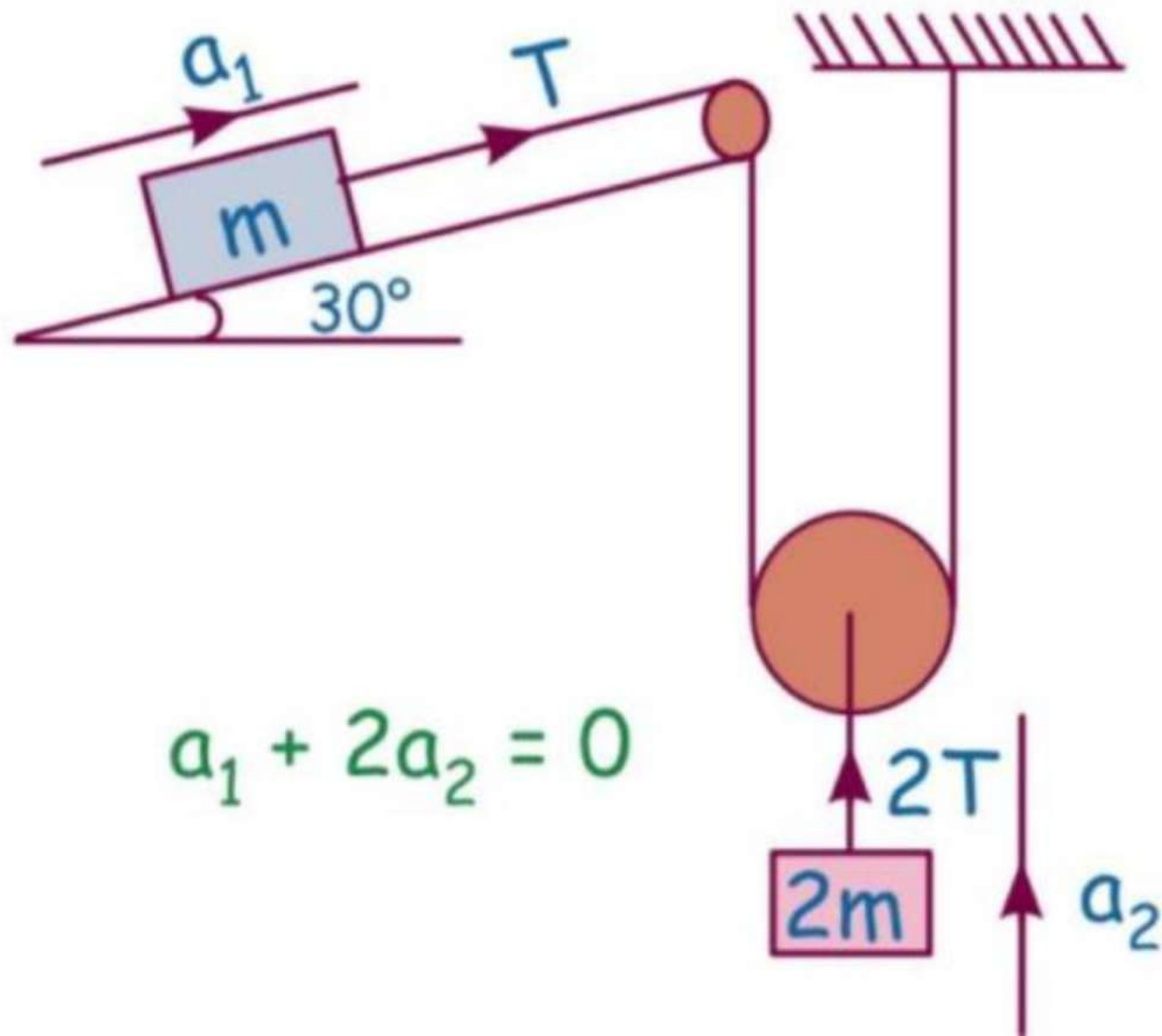
Q. In the shown figure, find the acceleration of block B. All surfaces are frictionless.



Sol.

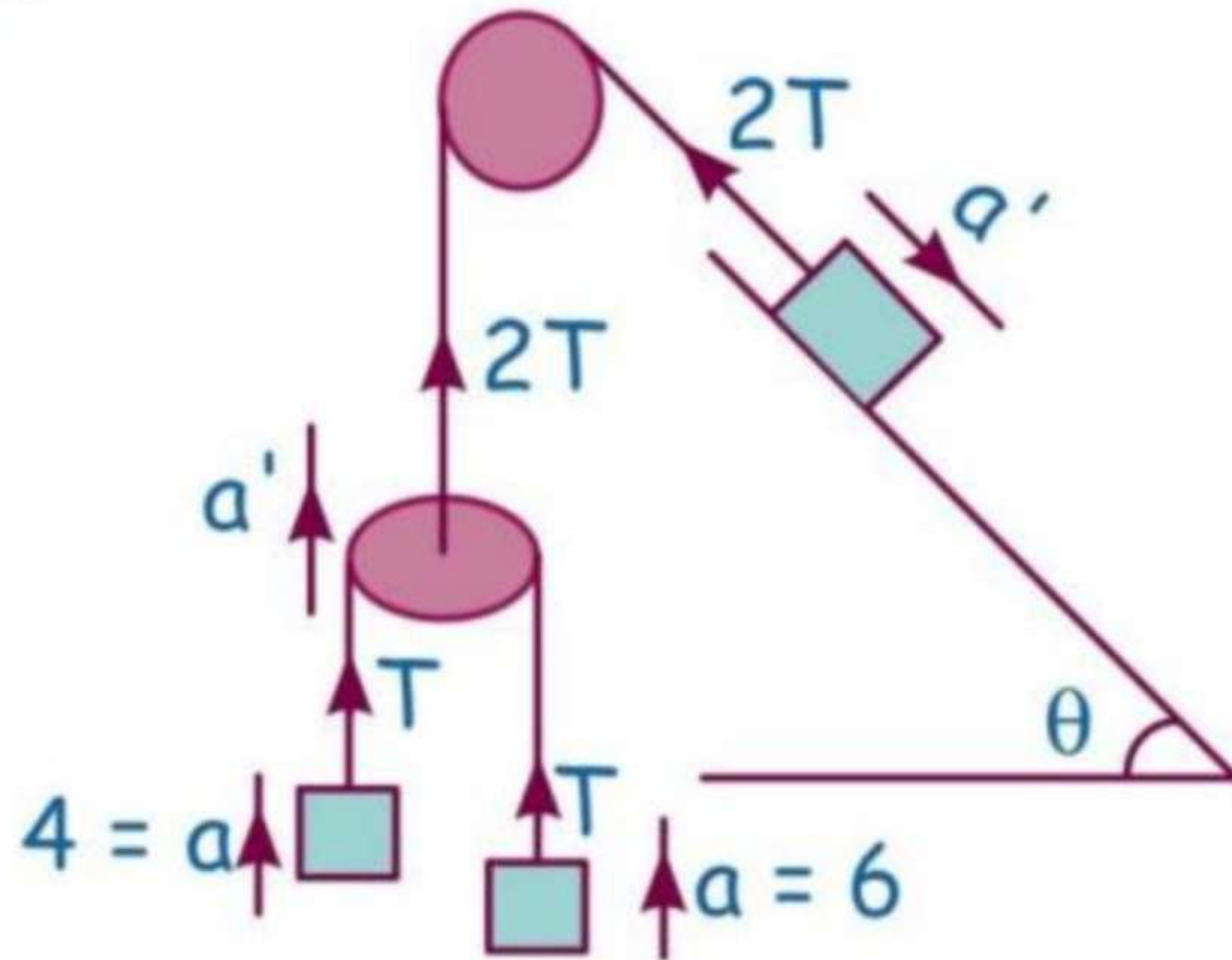


Q. Find acc of both the block.





Q. Find  $a'$ .



## Home work

- join telegram for more pdf (imp)
- I know aaj apka time notes banane me chala jayega so homework Nahi de raha hu  
Aaj ke ques ko dowara solve karen.

**THANK**  
**YOU**