

YAKEEN NEET 2.0

2026

Kinematics - - -

Motion in a straight line

PHYSICS

Lecture - 02

By - Saleem Ahmed Sir





Today's Goal

Basic to advanced on Distance and displacement (Part 02)

Hum New

- Unit & dim \longrightarrow Backlog
- error & mean \longrightarrow "
- vector \longrightarrow kuch-z $\checkmark \equiv$ (one shot \equiv 1 hour)

KPP

Kaddu Practice paper

kinematics \checkmark

AVERAGE VELOCITY AND AVERAGE SPEED:

1. A vehicle travels half the distance with speed v and the remaining distance with speed $2v$. Its average speed is:

[2023]

☒ (1) $\frac{4v}{3} = 1.33v$

☐ (2) $\frac{3v}{4} = 0.75v$

☐ (3) $\frac{v}{3} = 0.33v$

☐ (4) $\frac{2v}{3} = 0.66v$

Distance = Speed \times time

time = $\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}}$

v $2v$

go fundamentally

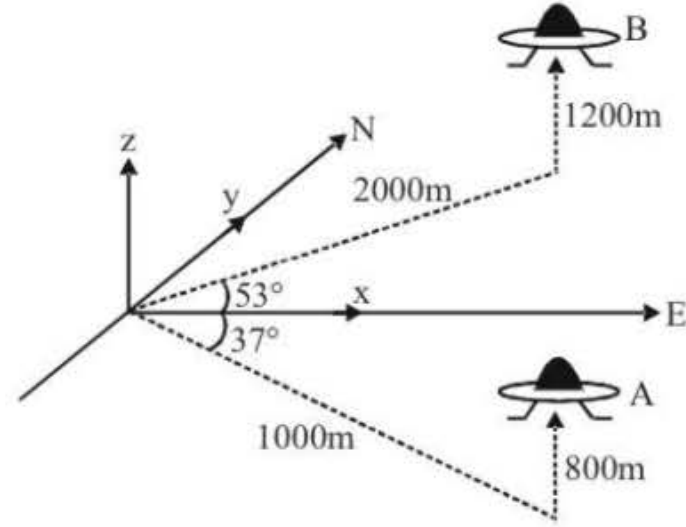


Avg speed = $\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{time}} = \frac{x+x}{t_1+t_2}$

= $\frac{x+x}{\frac{x}{v} + \frac{x}{2v}} = \frac{4v}{3}$

37. Personnel at an air post control tower track a UFO. At 11:02 am it was located at position A and at 11:12 am it was located at position B. Displacement vector of UFO is :

एयर पोस्ट कंट्रोल टॉवर एक UFO को देखता है। समय 11: 02 am पर यह स्थिति A पर तथा समय 11:12 am पर यह स्थिति B स्थित था। UFO का विस्थापन सदिश है।



(A) $400\hat{i} + 2200\hat{j} + 400\hat{k}$

(B) $1200\hat{i} + 1000\hat{j} + 800\hat{k}$

(C) $2000\hat{i} + 2200\hat{j} + 2000\hat{k}$

(D) $400\hat{i} + 1000\hat{j} + 400\hat{k}$

Ans. (A)

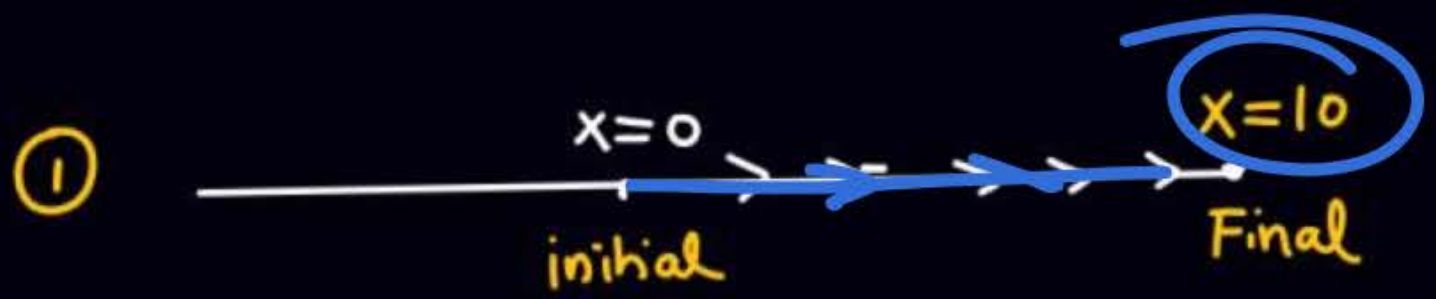




welcome to the ~~Hell~~ physics



$$(6-0)\hat{i}$$

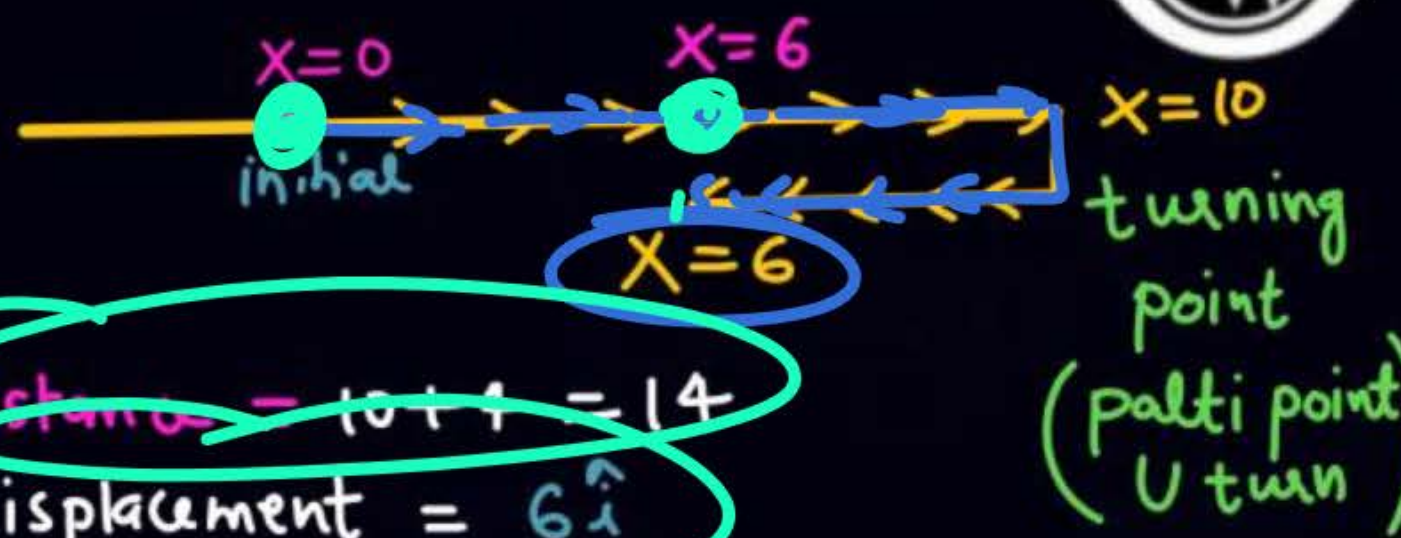


$$\text{Distance} = 10$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 10\hat{i}$$

$$\text{Distance} = |\text{Displacement}|$$

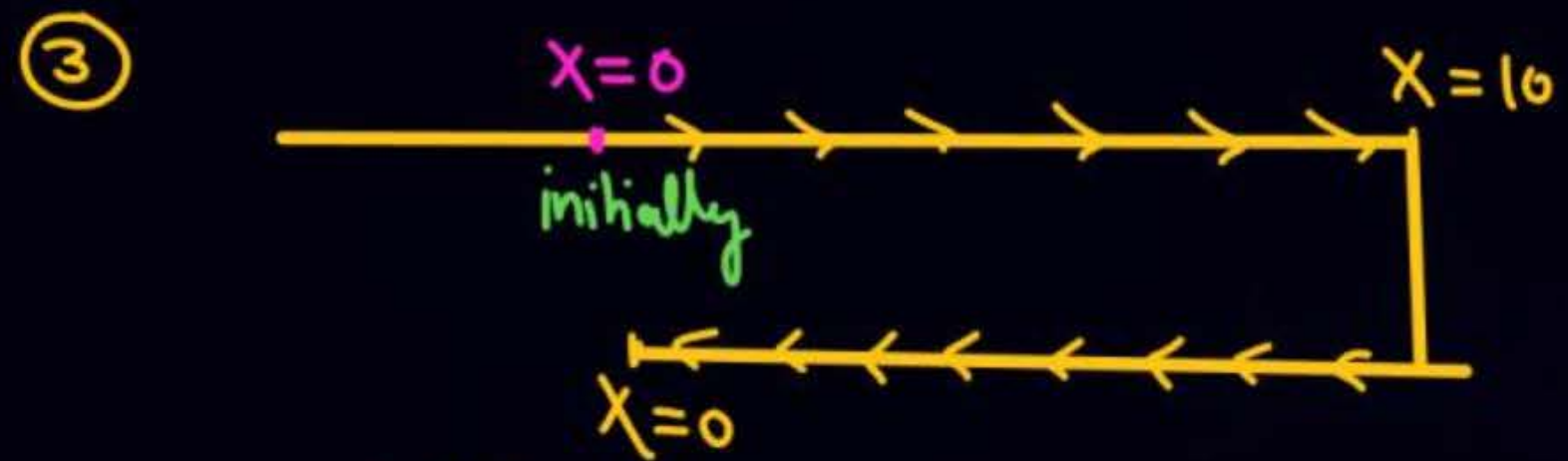
* ②



$$\text{Distance} = 10 + 4 = 14$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 6\hat{i}$$

$$\text{Distance} > |\text{Displacement}|$$



$$\text{Distance} = 10 + 10 = 20$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 0$$

$$\text{Distance} \geq |\text{Displacement}|$$

$$\frac{\text{Distance}}{|\text{Displacement}|} \geq 1$$



* Kya distance Hamesha . . . displacement se Bada hoga.

* Kya distance Kabhi displacement se chota ho sakta hai

Revision



SVL

* अगर particle ने अपनी Dirⁿ नहीं बदली तो

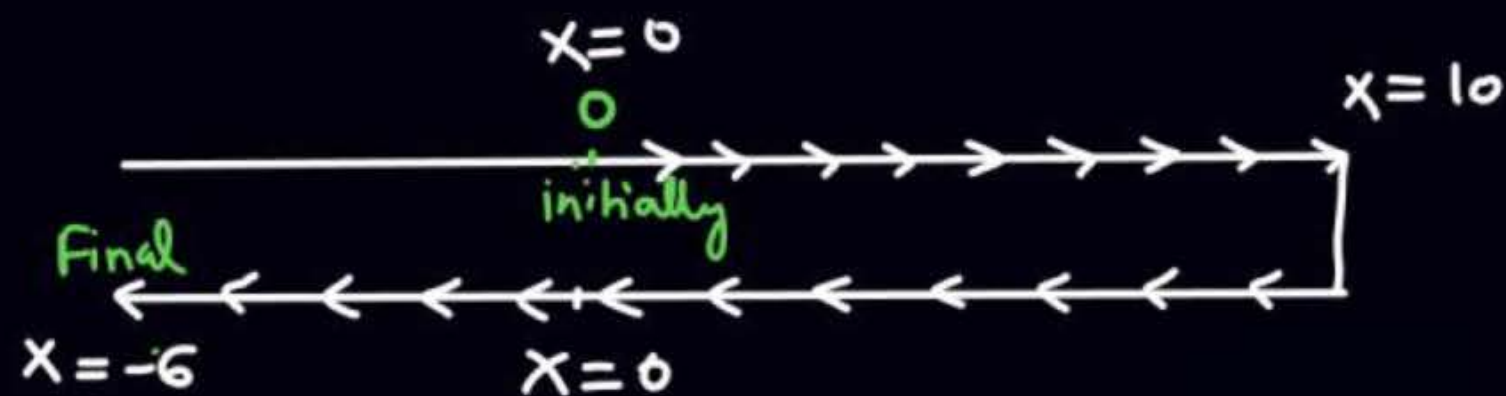
$$\text{Distance} = |\text{Displacement}|$$

वरना $\text{Distance} > |\text{Displacement}|$

* अगर particle ने अपनी dirⁿ Nahi badli

$$\text{to } \text{Distance} = |\text{Displacement}|$$

④



$$\text{Distance} = 10 + 10 + 6 = 26$$

$$\text{Displacement} = -6\hat{i}$$

- * Displacement \rightarrow increase, decrease, const, +, -, 0
 - * position \rightarrow increase, decrease, const, +, -, 0
(x-coordinate)
- } kuch bhi ho sakta



Displacement $\vec{d} = \vec{r}_f - \vec{r}_i$

① $A \longrightarrow B$

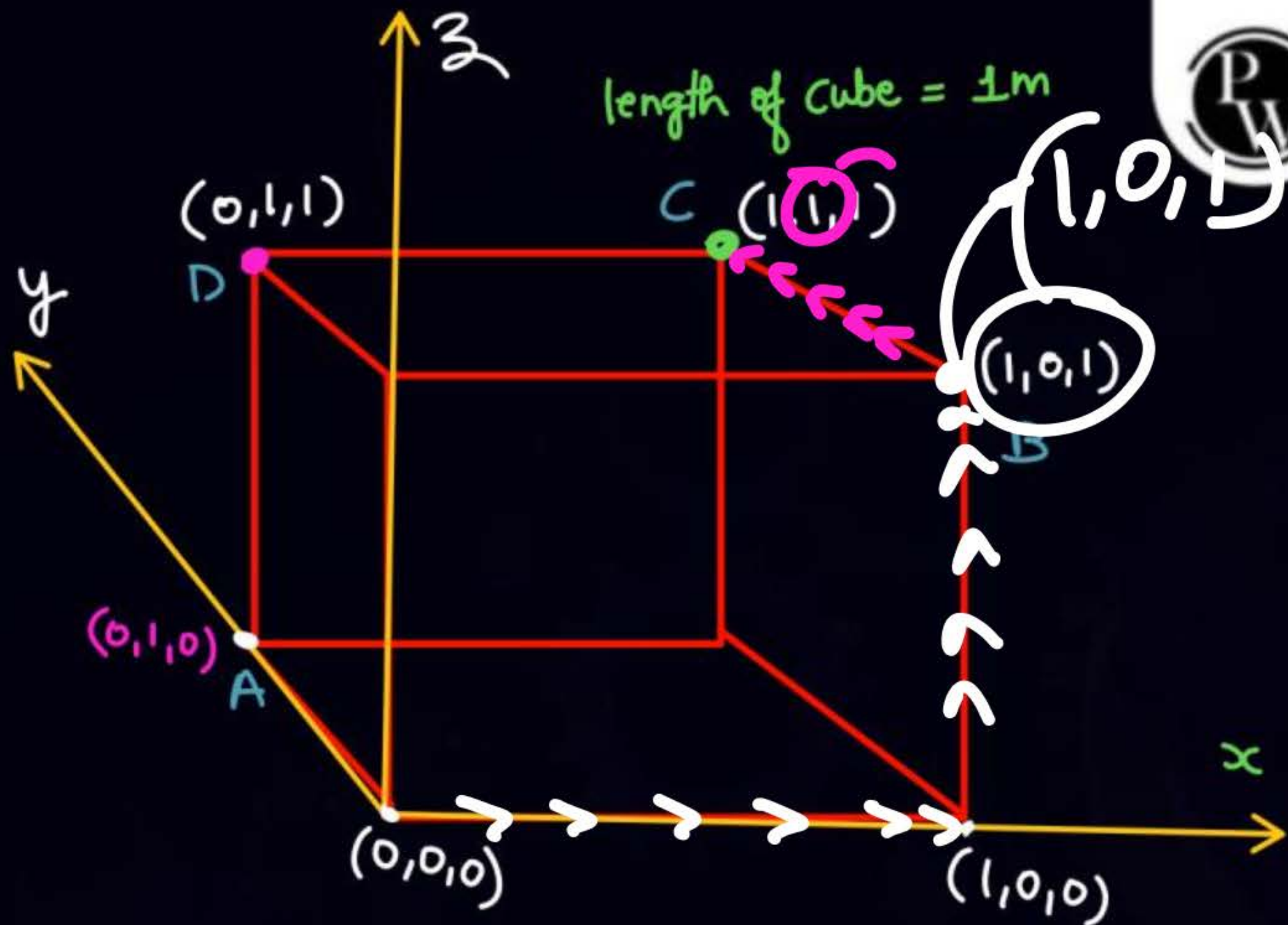
$$\text{Displacement} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

② $A \longrightarrow D$

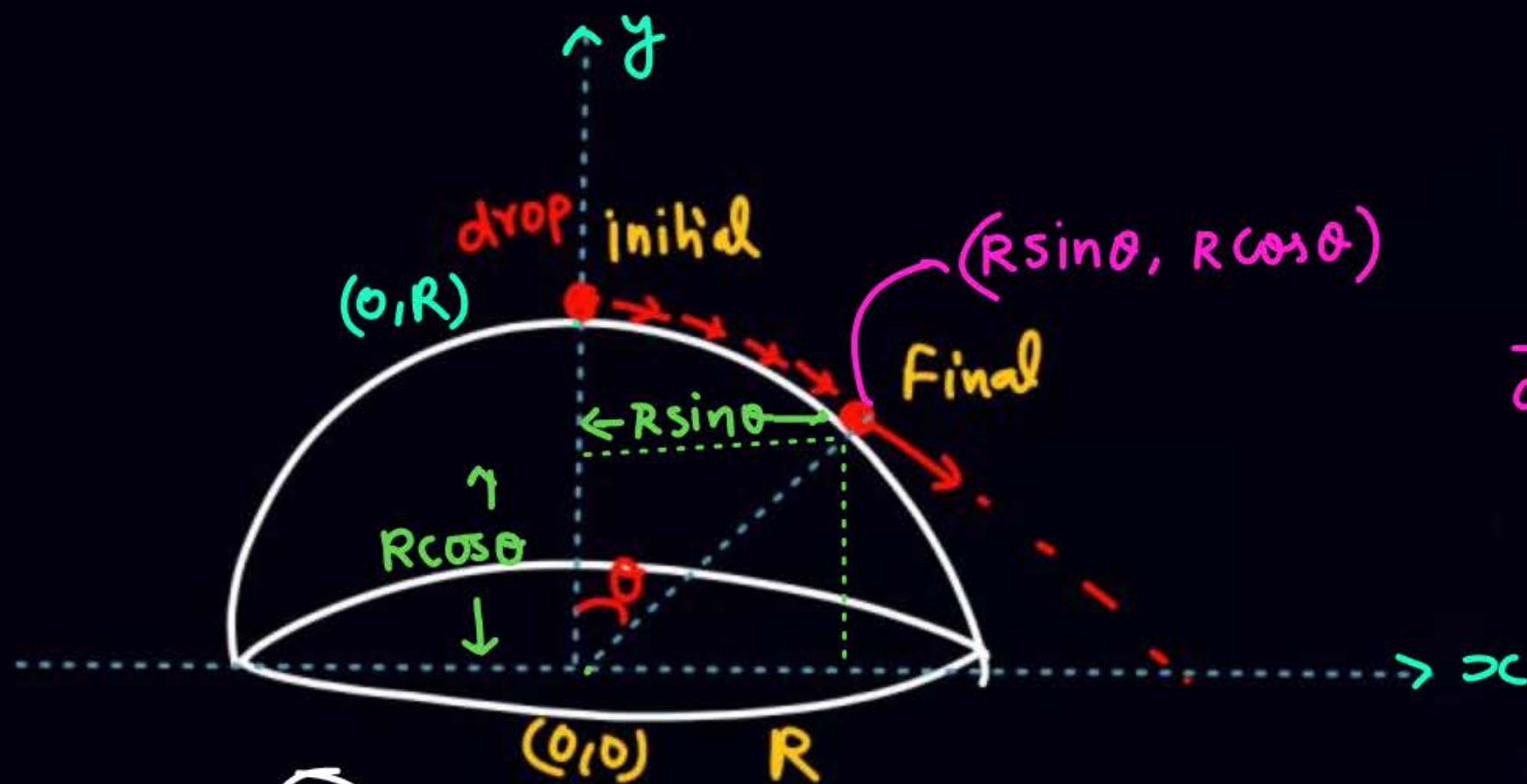
$$\vec{d}_{AD} = \hat{k}$$

③ $\vec{d}_{A \rightarrow C} = \hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + \hat{k}$

④ $\vec{d}_{\text{origin} \rightarrow C} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$



H.W
Q2



$$\vec{d} = R \sin \theta \hat{i} + (R \cos \theta - R) \hat{j}$$

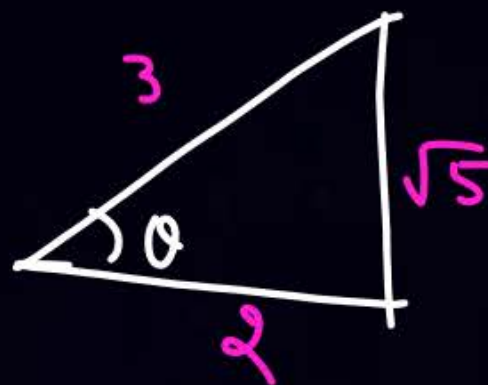
$$\vec{d} = R \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \hat{i} + \left(R \frac{2}{3} - R\right) \hat{j}$$

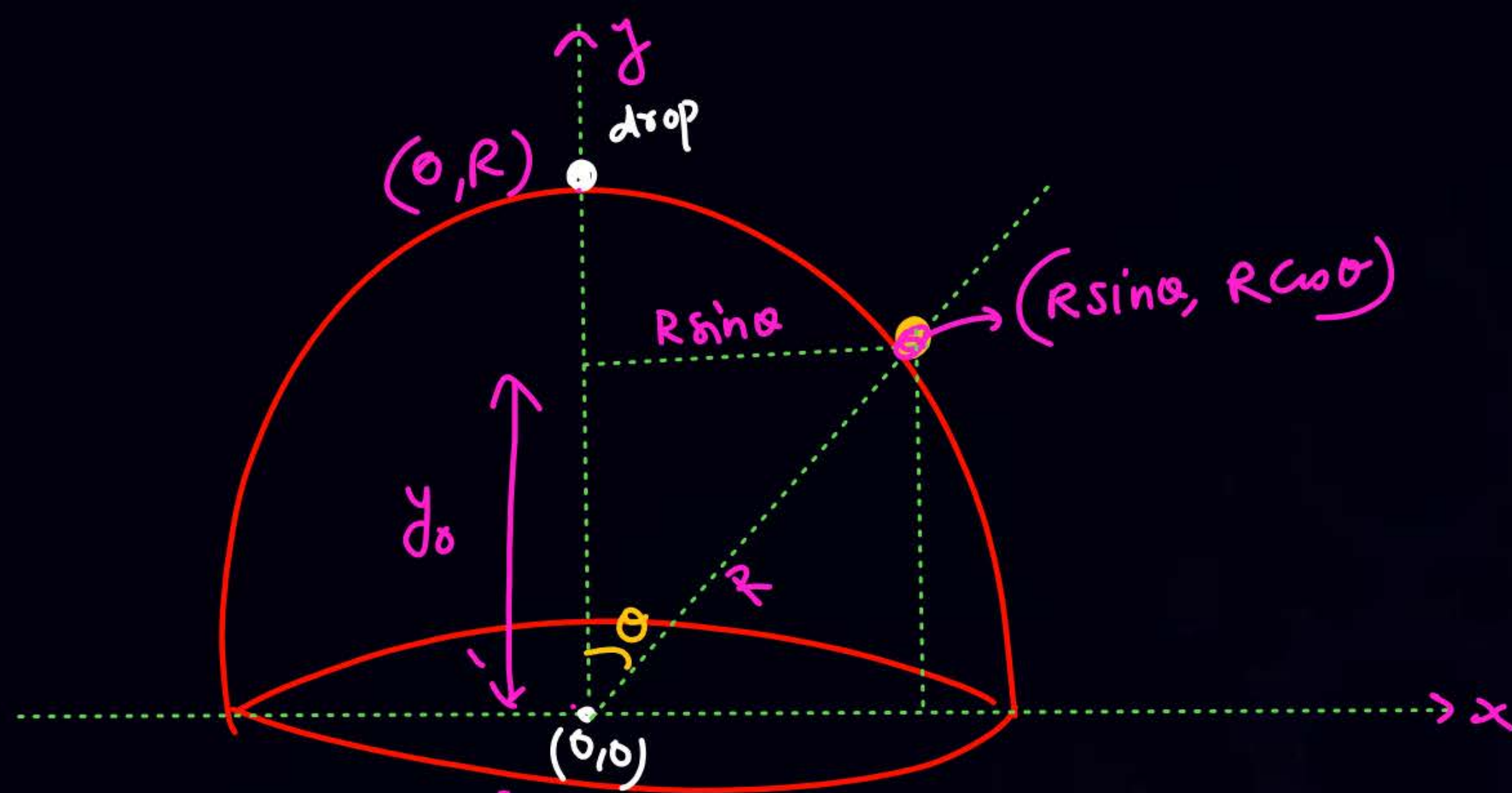
$$= \frac{R\sqrt{5}}{3} \hat{i} - \frac{R}{3} \hat{j}$$

(Rm)

$$\cos \theta = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\vec{d} = \checkmark$$





$$\cos \theta = \frac{y_0}{R}$$

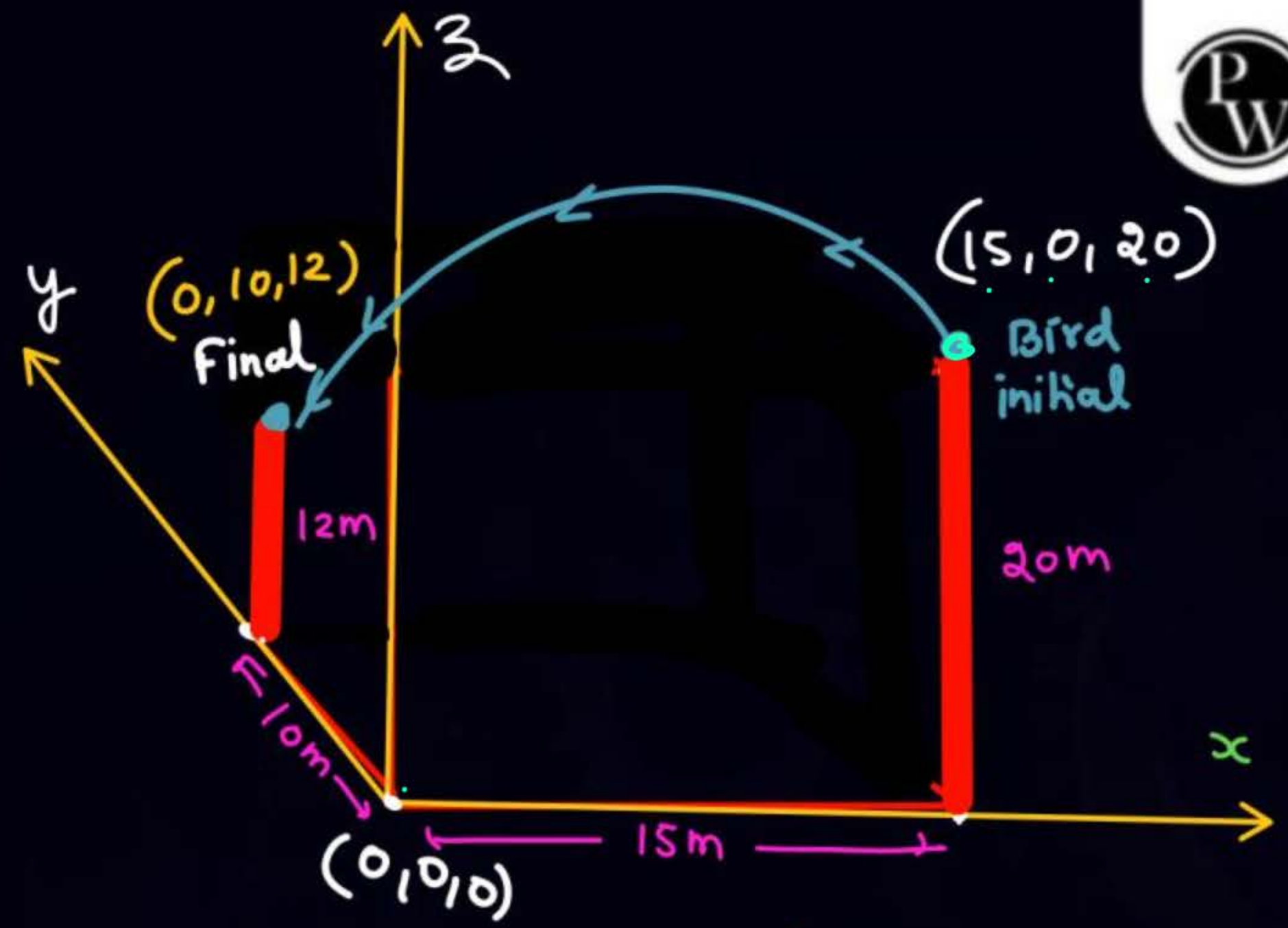
$$y_0 = R \cos \theta$$

SSSQ

$$\vec{d} = -15\hat{i} + 10\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$$

-15, 10, -8

2110121



$$R_1 = 3\Omega \pm 1\%$$

$$R_2 = 6\Omega \pm 2\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta R}{R} \times 100 : \checkmark$$

Solve again.

12:24

Mentions dgyaaken2.0 37m

$R_1 = 3\Omega \pm 1\%$
 $R_2 = 6\Omega \pm 2\%$

When they are connected in parallel, the percentage error in measurement in eq. resistance is -

→ Sol error in eq. resistance

$$\frac{1}{R_{eq}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{1 \times 2}{1+2} = 2\Omega$$

diff

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{(R_{eq})^2} = \frac{\Delta R_1}{(R_1)^2} + \frac{\Delta R_2}{(R_2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{4} = \frac{1}{9} + \frac{2}{36}$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{4} = \frac{4+2}{36}$$

$$\Delta R_{eq} = \frac{4 \times 2}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$R_{eq} = (2 \pm \frac{8}{3})$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{R_{eq}} \times 100 = \frac{\frac{8}{3}}{2} \times 100 = \frac{8}{3} \times 50 = 133.33\%$$

Sir answer is not matching, please check

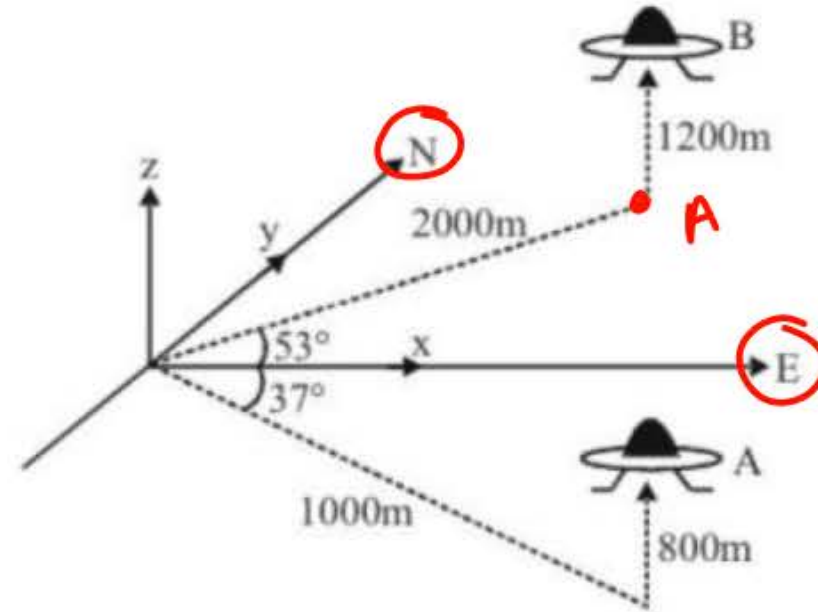
Add to your story aleem.nitt

Send message...

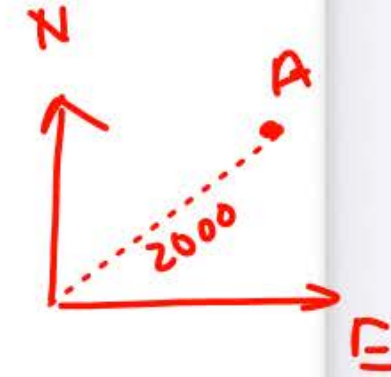
37. Personnel at an air post control tower track a UFO. At 11:02 am it was located at position A and at 11:12 am it was located at position B. Displacement vector of UFO is :
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Home work

try Age



top View



(A) $400\hat{i} + 2200\hat{j} + 400\hat{k}$

(B) $1200\hat{i} + 1000\hat{j} + 800\hat{k}$

(C) $2000\hat{i} + 2200\hat{j} + 2000\hat{k}$

(D) $400\hat{i} + 1000\hat{j} + 400\hat{k}$

Ans. (A)



Home work

Q $R_1 = 3\Omega \pm 1\%$

$R_2 = 6\Omega \pm 2\%$

Error की Bhook jab

$$R_{eq} = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = 2\Omega$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_1}{R_1} \times 100 = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{eq}} \Delta R_{eq} = \frac{1}{R_1} \Delta R_1 + \frac{1}{R_2} \Delta R_2$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{R_{eq}} \times 100 = \frac{\Delta R_1}{R_1} \times 100 \times \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{\Delta R_2}{R_2} \times 100 \times \frac{1}{R_2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{(\% \text{ error in } R_{eq})}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\% \text{ error in } R_{eq} = \frac{4}{3}\% = 1.33\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{R_{eq}^2} = \frac{\Delta R_1}{R_1^2} + \frac{\Delta R_2}{R_2^2}$$

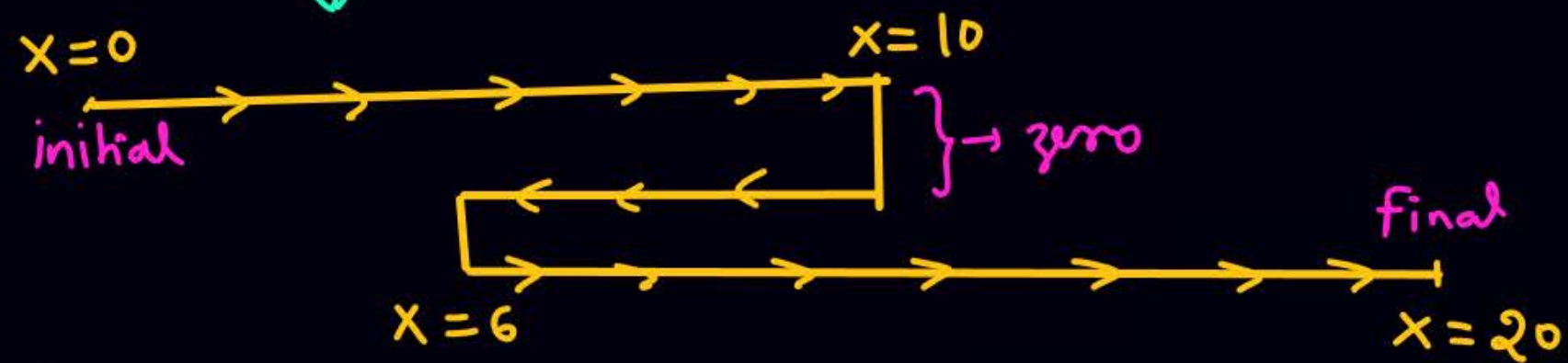
$$= \left(\frac{\Delta R_1}{R_1} \right) \times \frac{1}{R_1} + \left(\frac{\Delta R_2}{R_2} \right) \times \frac{1}{R_2}$$

$$R_{eq} \times \frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{R_{eq}^2} = \frac{(1\%)}{3} + \frac{2\%}{6}$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_{eq}}{R_{eq}} = \frac{2+2}{3} \% = \frac{4}{3} \%$$

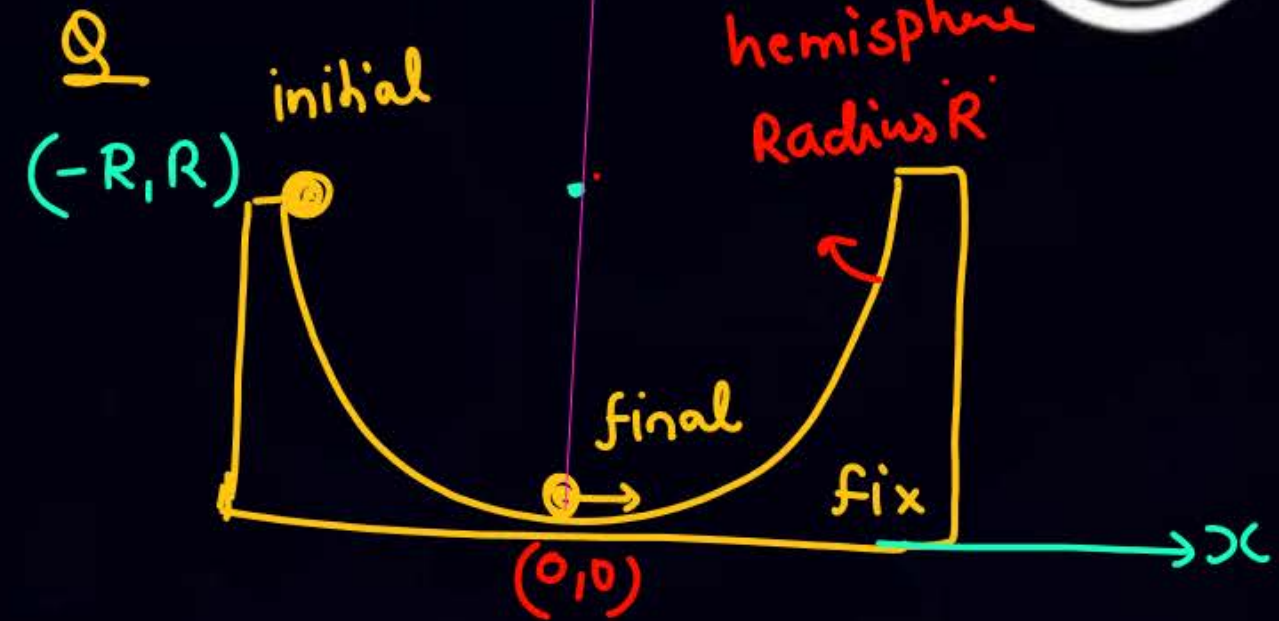
Find Displacement of particle.

Q (1D motion)



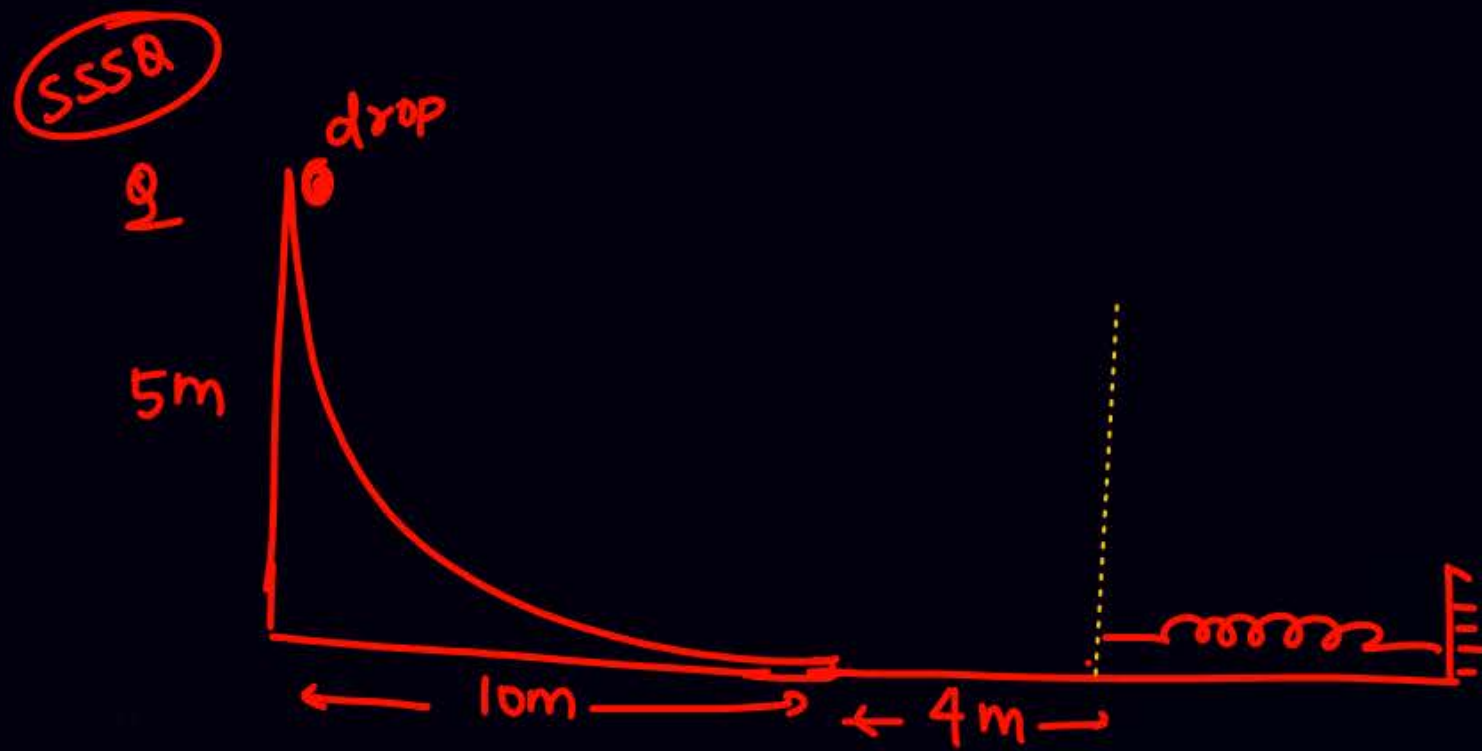
$$\text{Distance} = 10 + 4 + 14 = 28$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 20 - 0 = 20\hat{i}$$

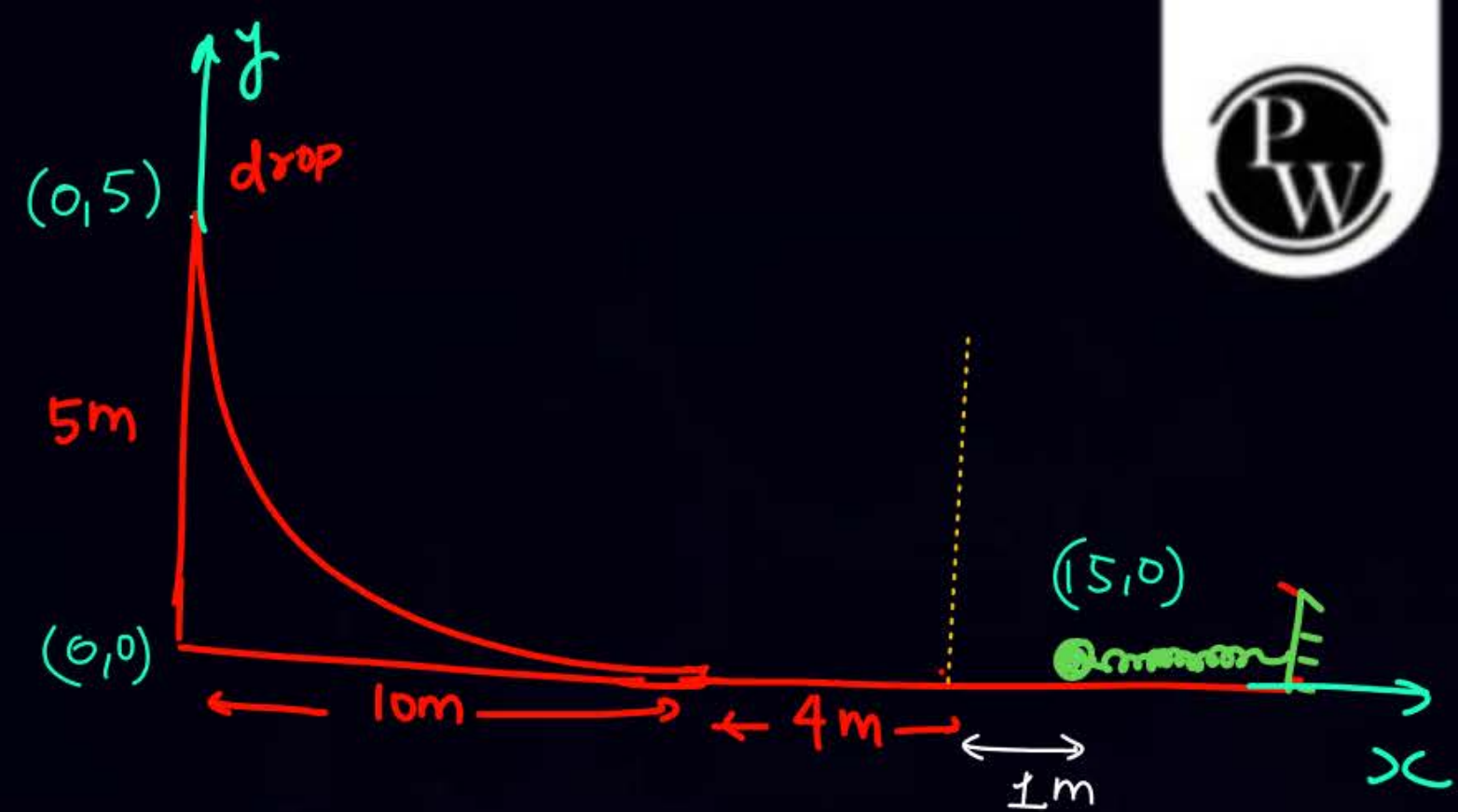


$$\text{distance} = \frac{2\pi R}{4}$$

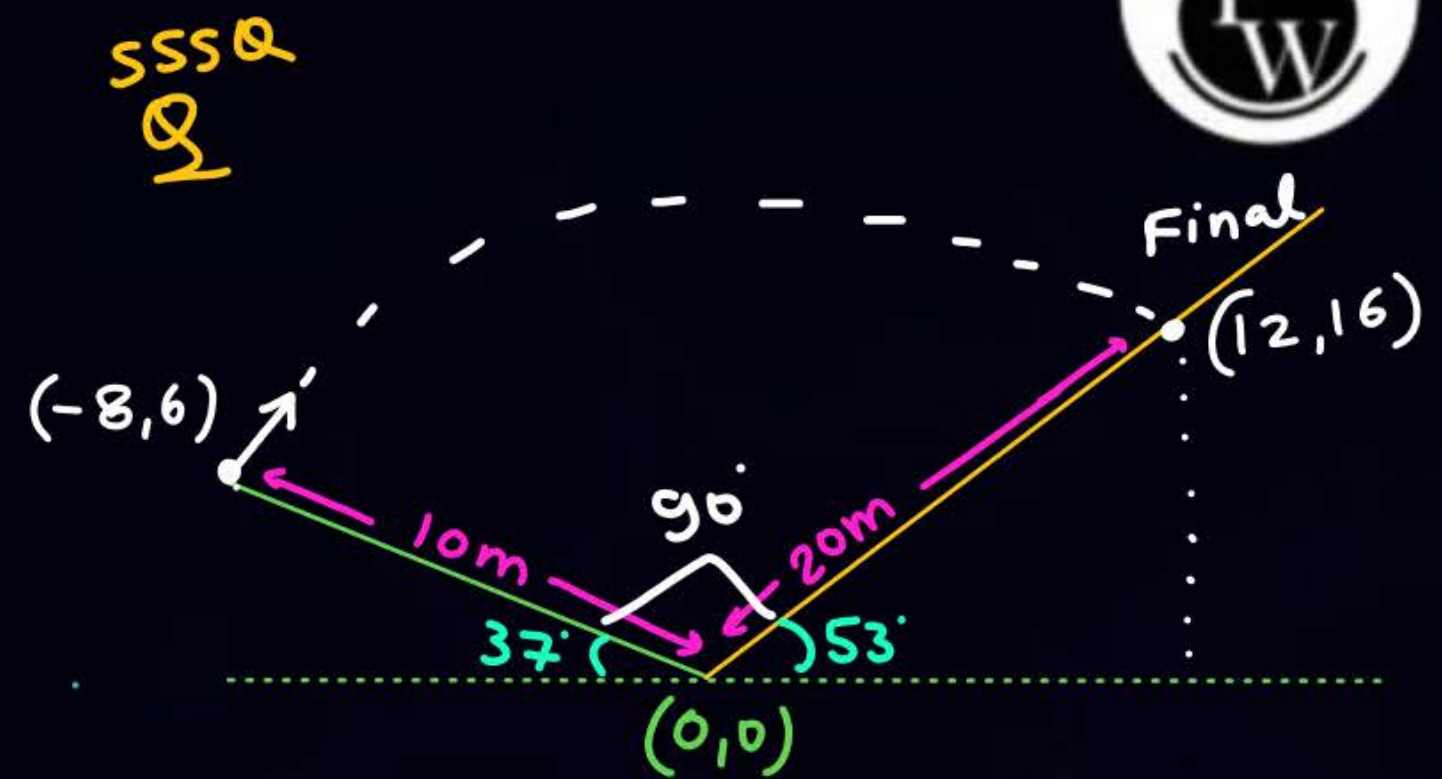
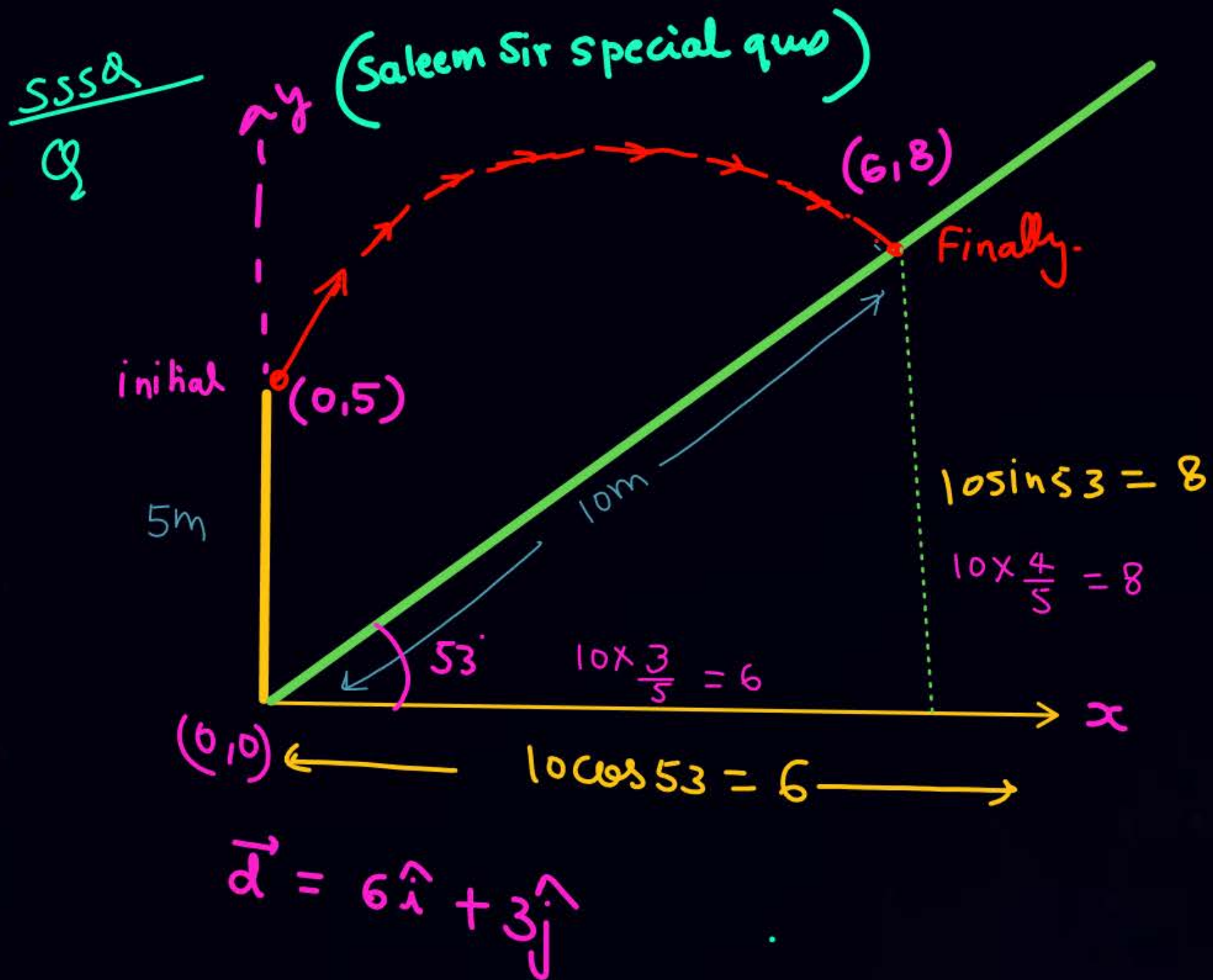
$$\text{Displacement} = R\hat{i} - R\hat{j} \quad \text{or } R\sqrt{2}$$



Finally If spring compress by 1m.
Find displacement of ball.



$$\vec{d} = 15\hat{i} - 5\hat{j}$$



20 cos 53

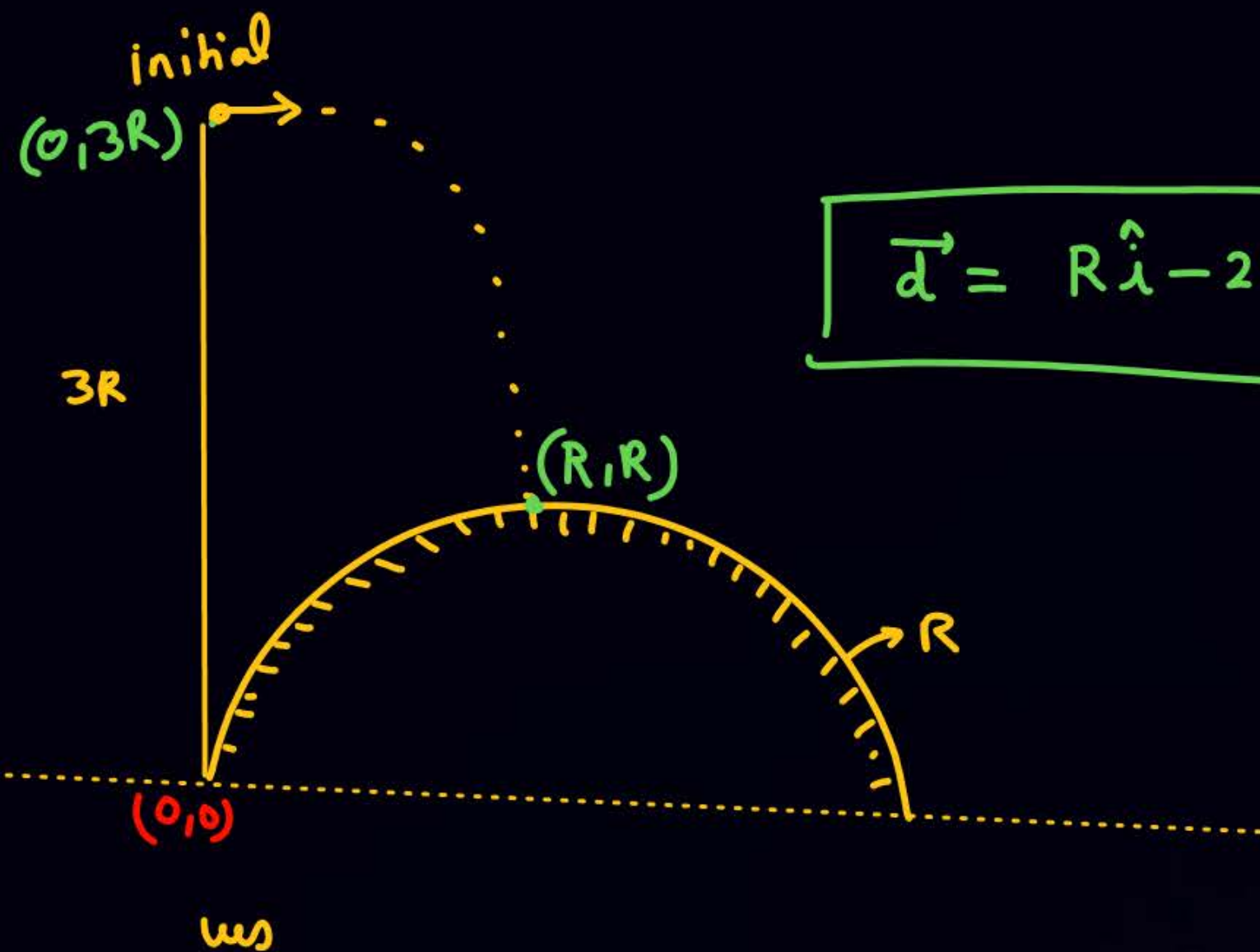
$\vec{d} = 12 - (-8)\hat{i} + (16 - 6)\hat{j}$

$= 20 \times \frac{3}{5} = 12$

$\vec{d} = 20\hat{i} + 10\hat{j}$

$d = \sqrt{(10)^2 + (20)^2} = 10\sqrt{5}$

5550 Q



* Average Velocity = $\frac{\text{Displacement}}{\text{time}} = \frac{\vec{r}_f - \vec{r}_i}{\text{total time}}.$ (एक मात्र)

If particle is moving on x-axis

Avg velocity = $\frac{\vec{x}_f - \vec{x}_i}{\text{total time}}.$

* Average Speed = $\frac{\text{Total Distance}}{\text{total time}}.$

①

$$\text{Distance} = 4 + 3 = 7$$

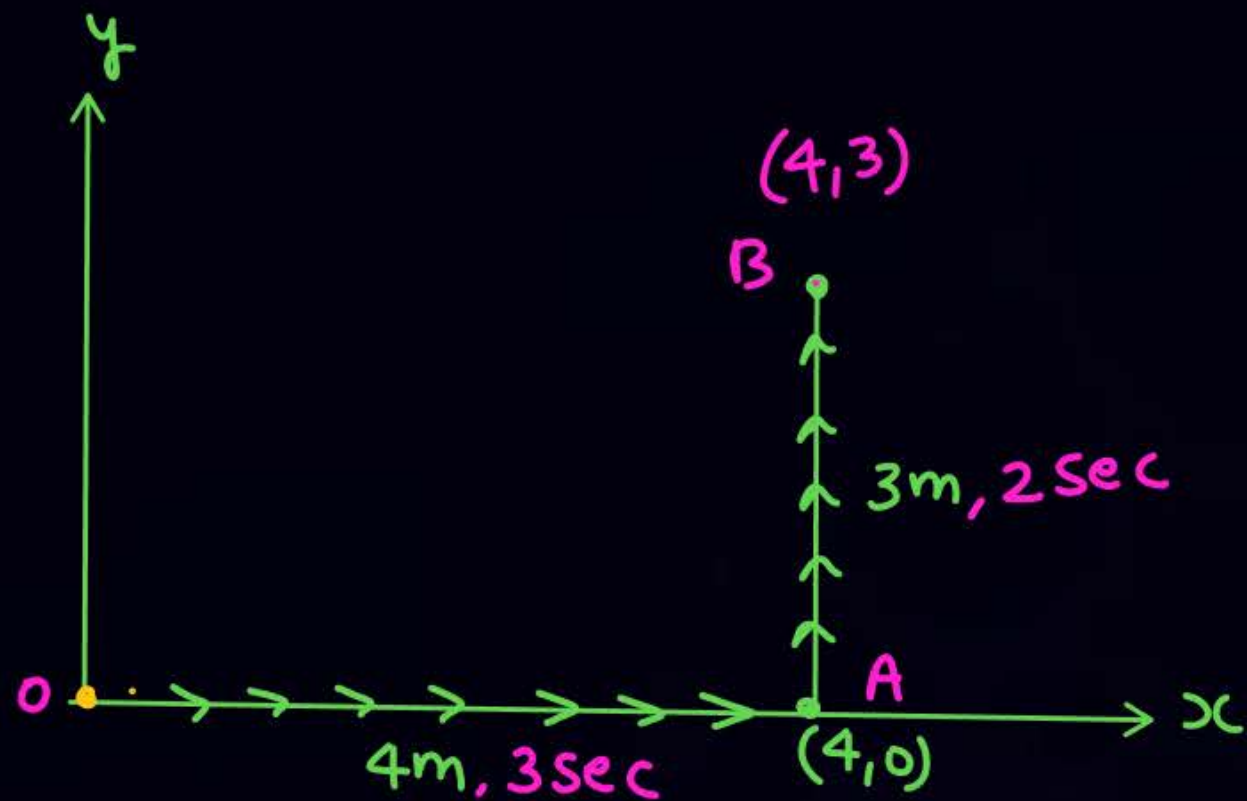
$$\text{Displacement} = 5 \text{ (magnitude)}$$

$$\vec{d} = 4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$$

$$\text{Avg speed} = \frac{7}{3+2} = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$\text{Avg velocity} = \frac{5}{5} = 1 \text{ (magnitude)}$$

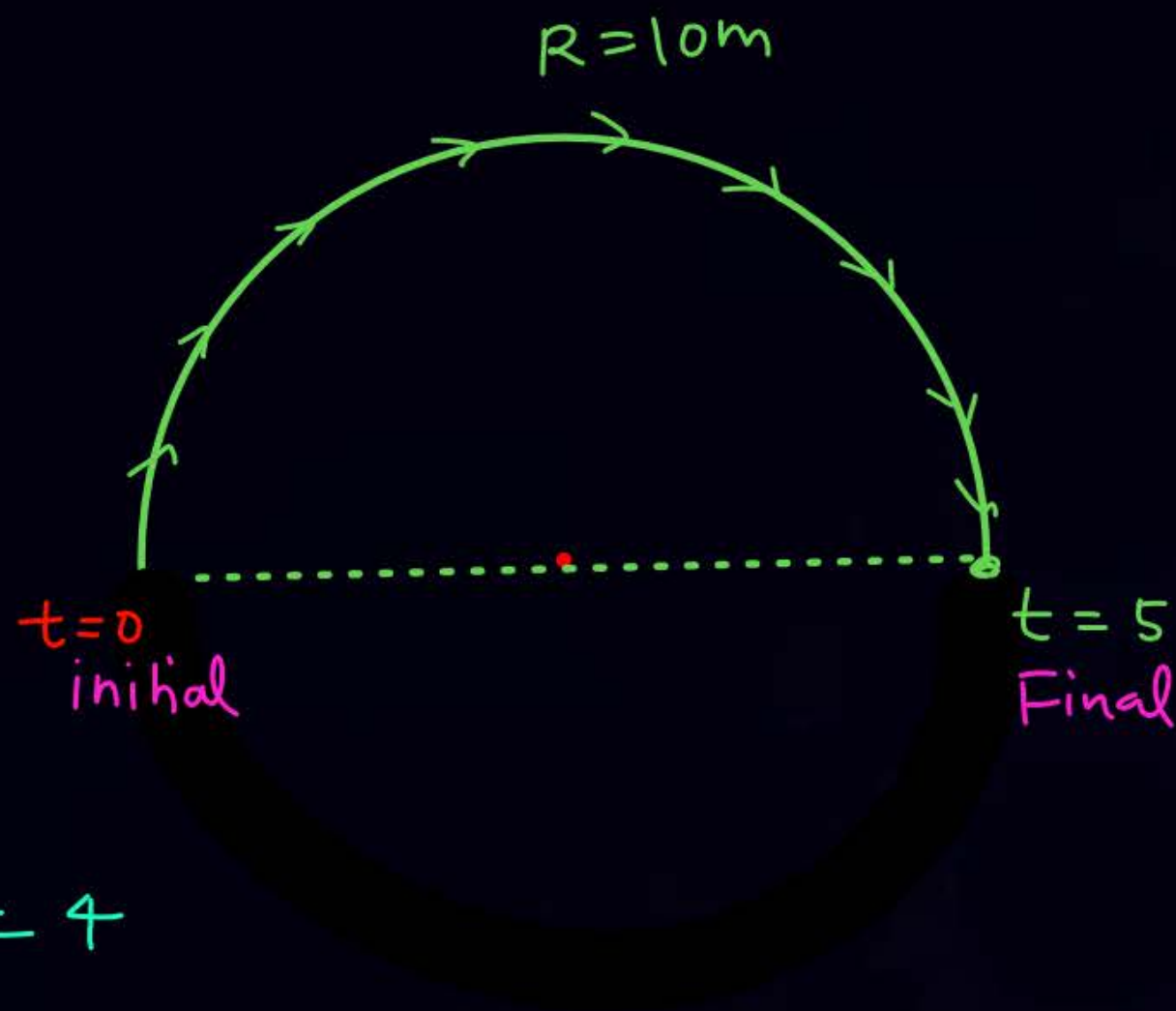
$$\langle \vec{v} \rangle = \frac{\vec{d}}{\text{time}} = \frac{4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}}{5}$$



$$t_{OA} = 3 \text{ sec}$$

$$t_{AB} = 2 \text{ sec}$$

Q



$$\text{Avg velocity} = \frac{\text{Displ.}}{\text{time}} = \frac{2R}{5}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 10}{5} = 4$$

$$\text{Avg Speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{time}} = \frac{2\pi R/2}{5} = \frac{\pi \times 10}{5} = 2\pi = 6.28$$

notes
Q

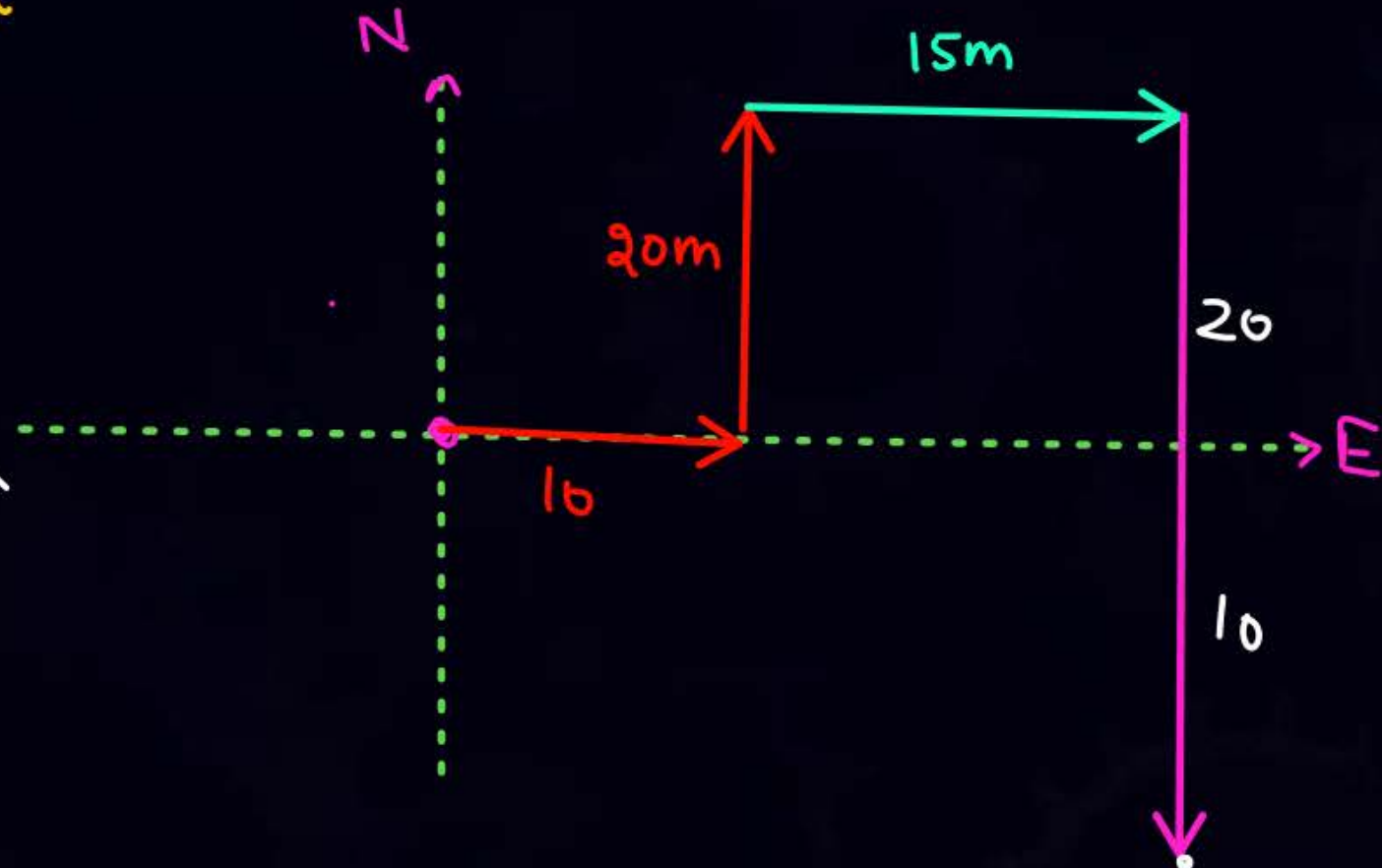


A man start moving from origin and travel 10m towards east and turn left & move 20m towards north. Then he turn right and travel 15m and then he turn again right and travel 30m. find distance & displacement

Solⁿ

$$\text{Distance} = 10 + 20 + 15 + 30 \\ = 75$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 10\hat{i} + 20\hat{j} + 15\hat{i} - 30\hat{j} \\ = 25\hat{i} - 10\hat{j}$$



(b) In last ques if man took a lift at last and travel 20m distance upward. by lift in air.
find

$$\text{distance} = 75 + 20 = 95$$

$$\text{displacement} = 25\hat{i} - 10\hat{j} + 20\hat{k}$$

Q

If a particle travel such that

$$\vec{d}_1 = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{d}_2 = 6\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} + 10\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{d}_3 = 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{d}_4 = \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{d}_{\text{net}} &= \vec{d}_1 + \vec{d}_2 + \vec{d}_2 + \vec{d}_3 + \vec{d}_4 \\ &= 12\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

Q A man start motion from origin and travel 10m along east and then he turn 37° north of east and move 10m. And then he travel $20\sqrt{2}$ meter along North-east. find displacement

Solⁿ



Q A man start motion from origin and travel 10m along east and then he turn 37° north of east and move 10m. And then he travel $20\sqrt{2}$ meter along North-east find displacement

Solⁿ

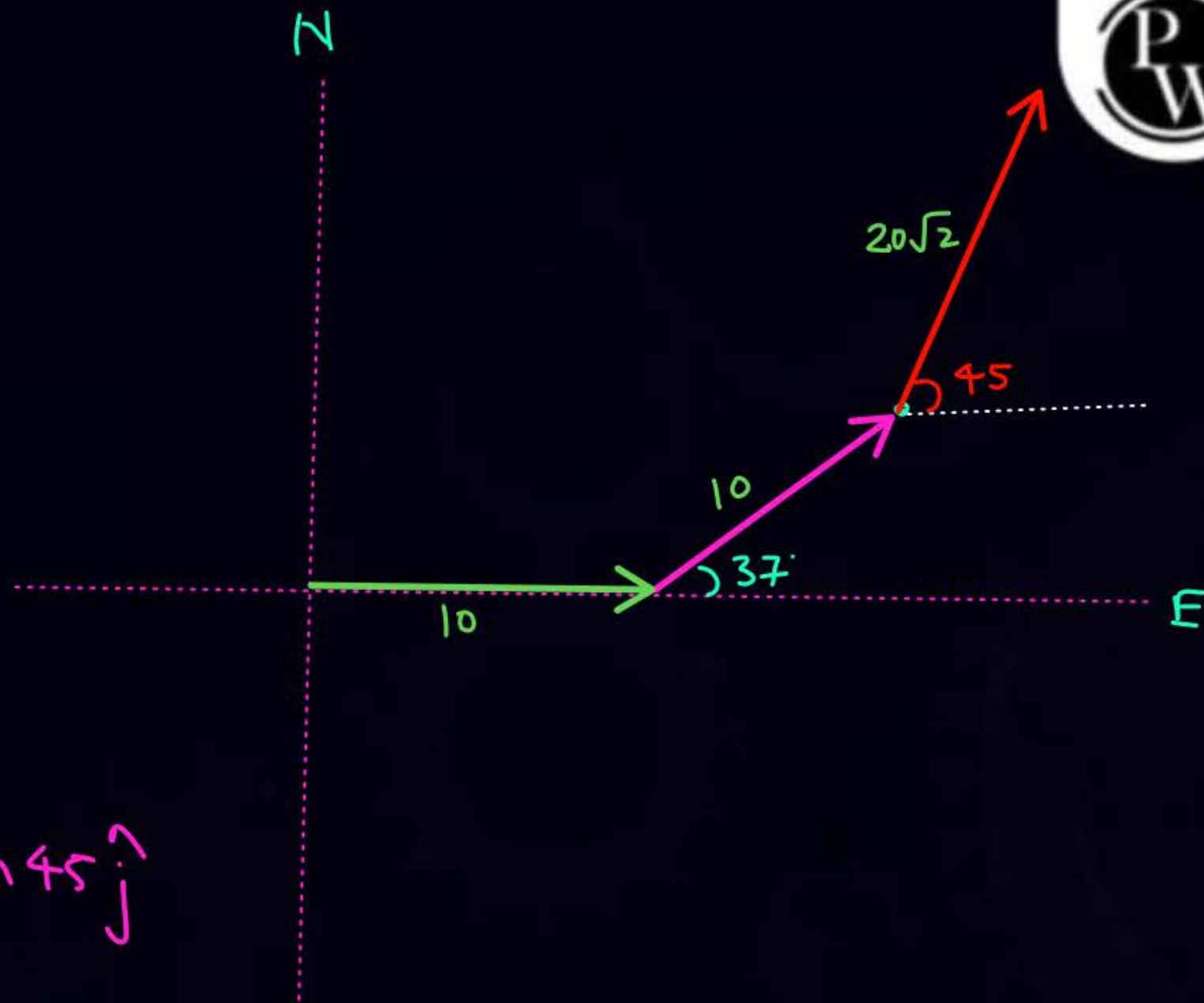
$$\vec{d}_1 = 10\hat{i}$$

$$\vec{d}_2 = 8\hat{i} + 6\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{d}_3 = 20\sqrt{2} \cos 45^\circ \hat{i} + 20\sqrt{2} \sin 45^\circ \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{d}_3 = 20\hat{i} + 20\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{d}_{\text{net}} = 38\hat{i} + 26\hat{j}$$



note

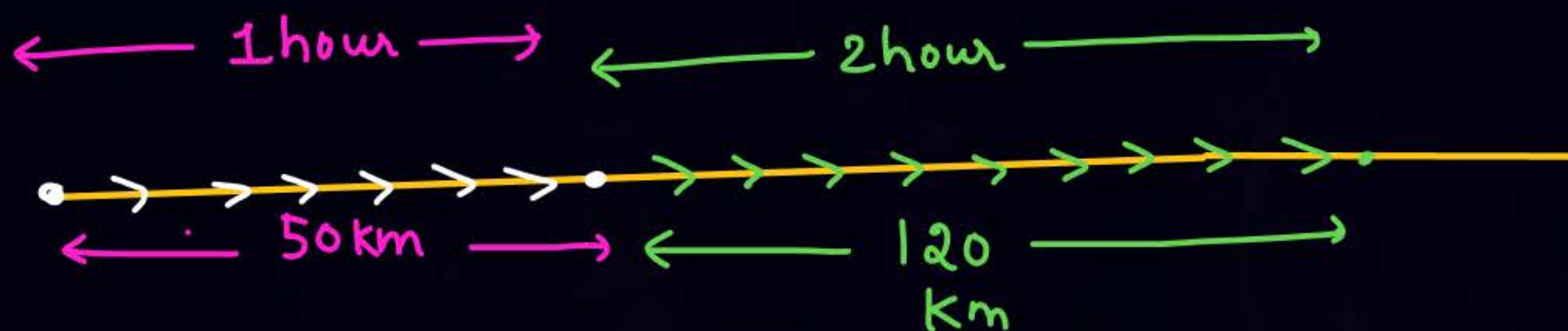
Q

A car start moving ^{from} origin along east dirⁿ. If it travel with velocity 50km/hr for one hour and with 60km/hr for next two hour. find average velocity.

Solⁿ

$$\text{Avg Velocity} = \frac{50 + 120}{3}$$

$$= \frac{170}{3} = 56.6 \text{ km/hr}$$



① 48.6 X

② 40.6 X

③ 56.6

④ 62.6 X

① 48.6 X

② 40.6 X

③ 56.6

④ 52.6

Q If a car travel in east dirⁿ. If car move with velocity v_1 for time t_1 and then it travel with speed v_2 for time t_2 - find Avg. velocity/speed.

Solⁿ



$$\text{Avg speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{total time}} = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{t_1 + t_2} = \frac{v_1 t_1 + v_2 t_2}{t_1 + t_2}$$

$$\text{distance} = \text{speed} \times \text{time}$$

92

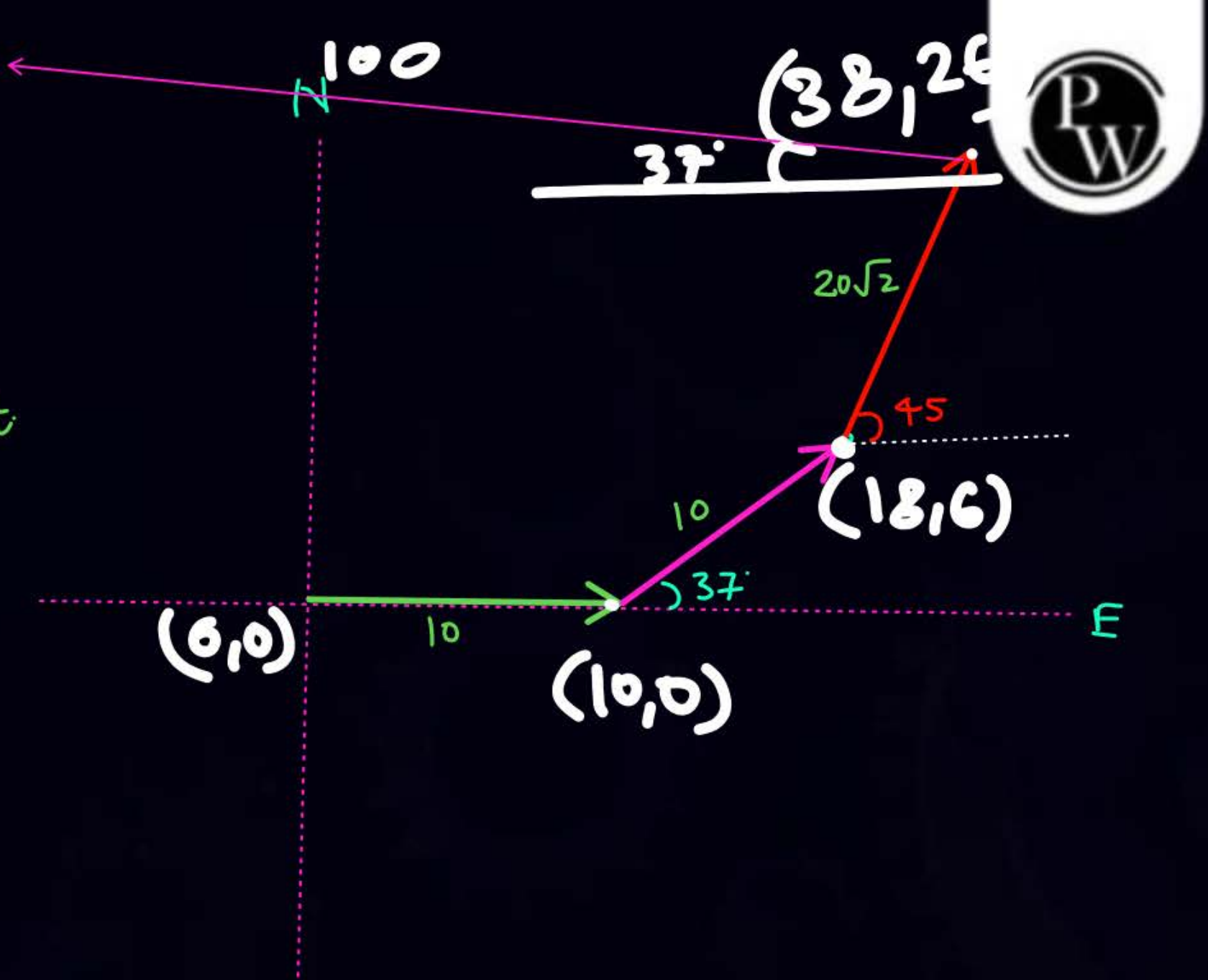
67
75
73
72
74

80.2%

67 \equiv 75

Q A man start motion from origin and travel 10m along east and then he turn 37° north of east and move 10m. And then he travel $20\sqrt{2}$ meter along North-east. find displacement

Solⁿ



Q A particle travel on x -Axis such that its x - t graph is given.

- ① Displacement
- ② Avg velocity
- ③ Distance
- ④ Avg speed
- * ⑤ Rosta Banco.



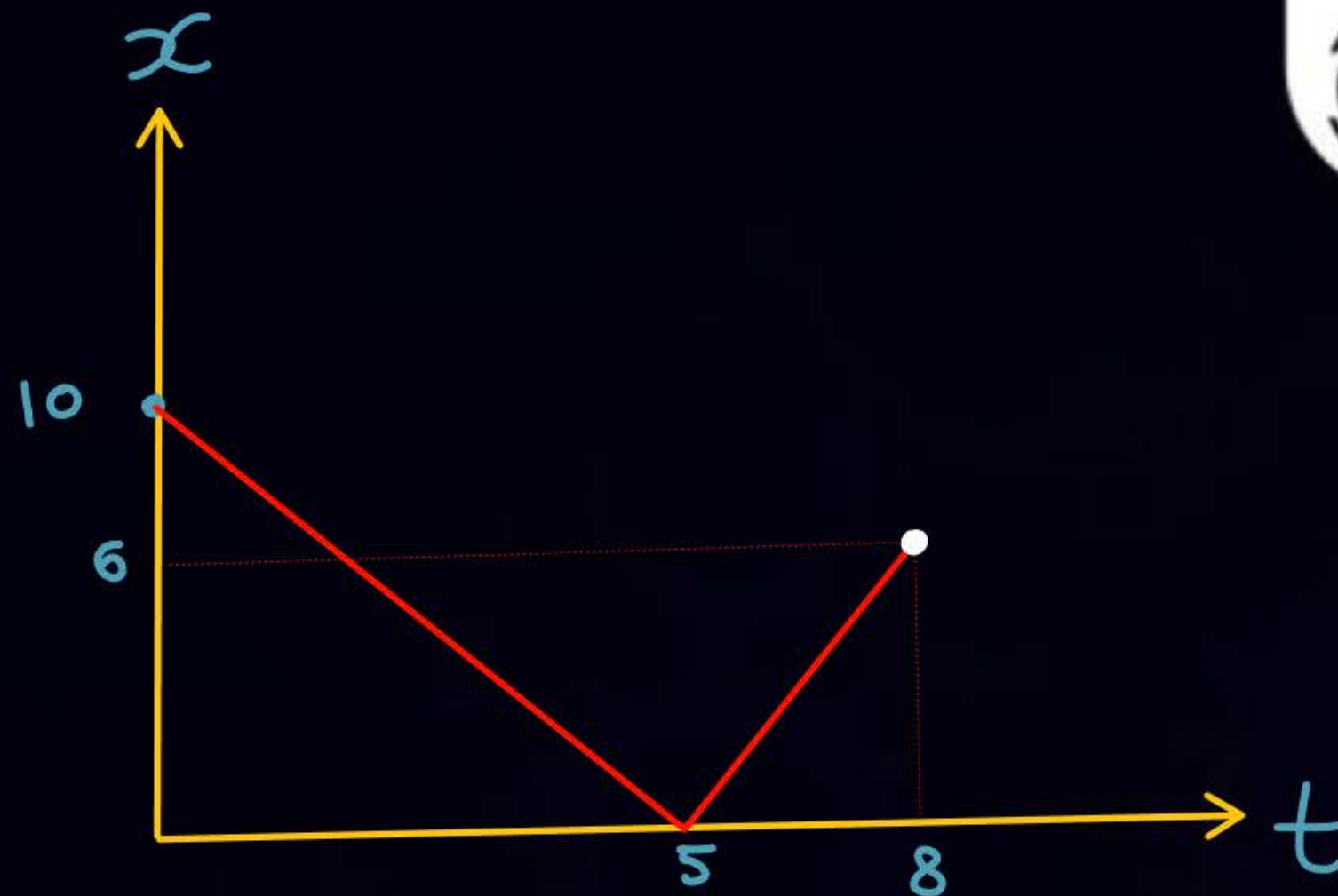
$$\text{Displacement} = x_f - x_i$$

$$= 6 - 10 = -4 \hat{i}$$

$$\text{Avg Velocity} = \frac{-4 \hat{i}}{8} = -\frac{1}{2} \hat{i}$$

Distance =

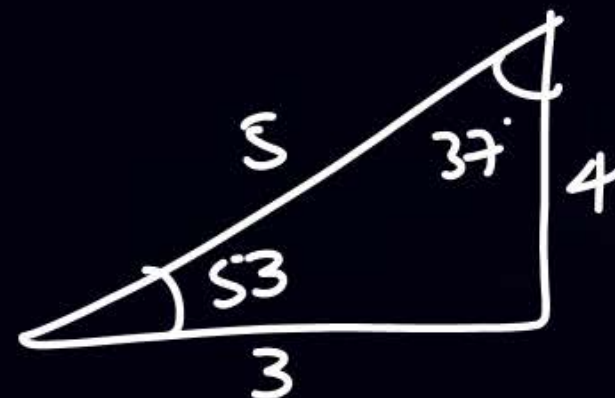
Avg speed =





$$10 \cos 37^\circ = 8 = 10 \sin 53^\circ$$

$$10 \cos 53^\circ = 6 = 10 \sin 37^\circ$$



$$10 \cos 53 = 10 \times \frac{3}{5} = 2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$\cos 37^\circ = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\cos 53 = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\sin 37 = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\sin 53 = \frac{4}{5}$$

$\theta \uparrow \sin \theta \uparrow$



Home work

- Complete your backlog
- module Prarambh \Rightarrow Ex. 1

Prabal \rightarrow Ex. 2 \Rightarrow 1, 2, ^④1
 \rightarrow think



THANK
YOU