

YAKEEN NEET 2.0

2026

Motion in a straight line

PHYSICS

Lecture - 11

By - Saleem Ahmed Sir



Today's Goal

Motion under gravity

KPP-15

→ Part 1 \equiv Easy \equiv PYQ level $\hat{=}$ little above.

→ Part 2 \equiv (Level up) \equiv Pamic Mat hona...

→ Rank booster.

Learning

20% good

40% V good.

60-70% Gajab

Q A particle is projected with velocity 80m/s along $+x$ Axis from origin
s.t its acc is -10m/s^2 .

① Find when v become zero. $t=8$

② find v at $t=2, t=10$

③ find x -coordinate at $t=2, t=10$

④ when particle will come to origin. $\Rightarrow t=16$

⑤ $t=0 \rightarrow t=10$ Distance travel by particle.

⑥ $t=0 \rightarrow t=10$ Avg acc.

⑦ $t=0 \rightarrow t=10$ Avg velocity.

⑧ find x_{\max}



$$\textcircled{8} \quad v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$0 = (80)^2 - 2 \times 10 \times x_{\max}$$

$$x_{\max} = \frac{(80)^2}{20} = 320$$

$$\text{Stopping dist.} = \frac{u^2}{2a} = \frac{80^2}{2 \times 10}$$

② $t=2, v=60$

$t=10, v=-20$

③ $t=2, x = 80 \times 2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 2^2$
 $x = 140$

$t=10, x = 80 \times 10 - \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 = 300$

⑤ $(t=0 \rightarrow t=10)$ $A_1 = \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 80 = 320$
 $A_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 20 = 20$

Displacement = $320 - 20 = 300$

Distance = $320 + 20 = 340$

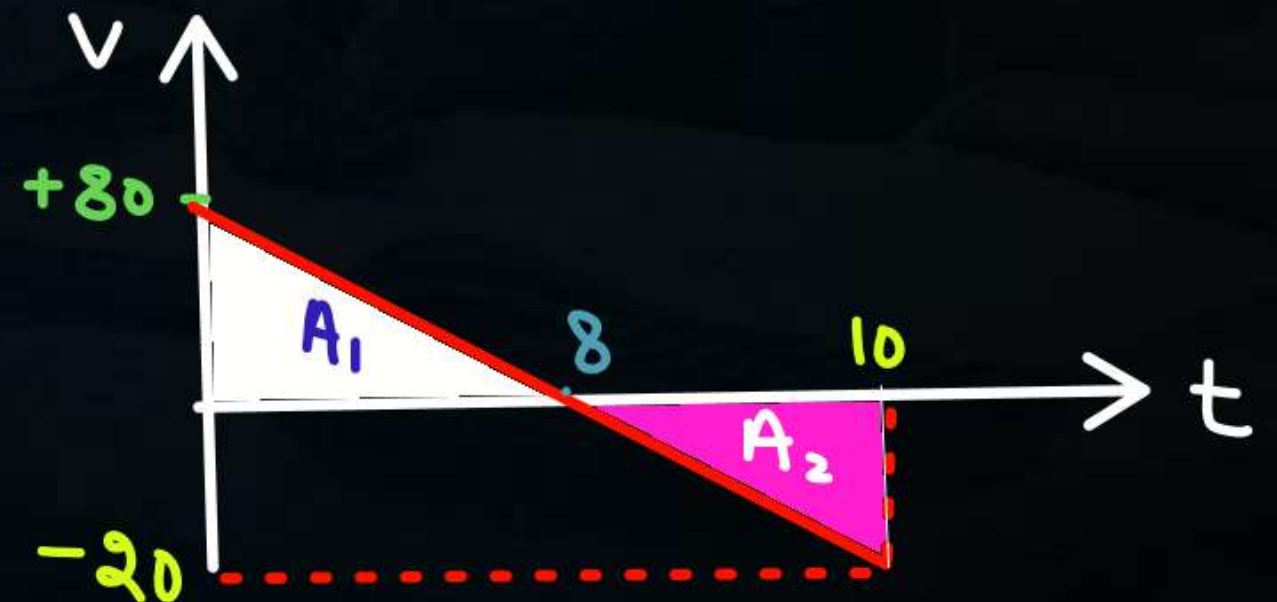
$\langle \vec{a} \rangle = \frac{v_f - v_i}{\text{time}} = \frac{-20 - 80}{10} = -10$

$\langle \vec{v} \rangle = \frac{300}{10} = 30$

or $\langle \vec{v} \rangle = \frac{\vec{u} + \vec{v}}{2} = \frac{80 + (-20)}{2} = 30 \hat{i}$



$A_1 = \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 80$
 $= 320$



Motion Under Gravity

$$g = \frac{GM}{r^2} = \frac{GM}{(R+h)^2}$$

Assumption

- Air resistance & other forces except gravity is neglected until mention.
- Variation of g is neglected.

$$\begin{aligned} g &= 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ g &= 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{aligned} \quad (g \rightarrow \text{const})$$

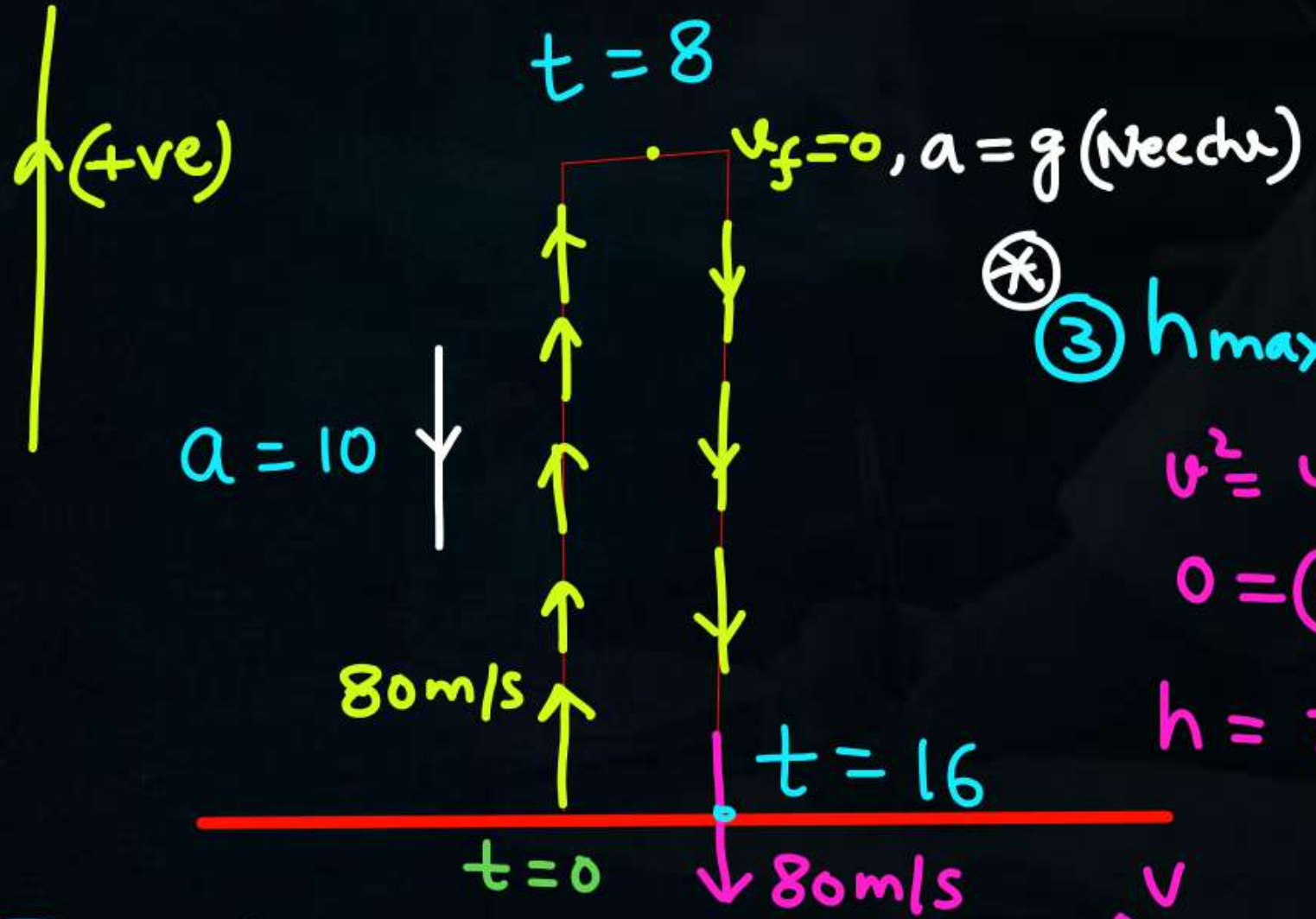
Q A particle is projected vertically upward with velocity 80 m/s.

① Find when particle will come to rest

$$t = 8 \text{ sec}$$

② $T = 8 + 8 = 16 = \text{Time of flight}$

$$\textcircled{3} h_{\max} = \frac{u^2}{2a} = \frac{(80)^2}{2 \times 10} = 320$$

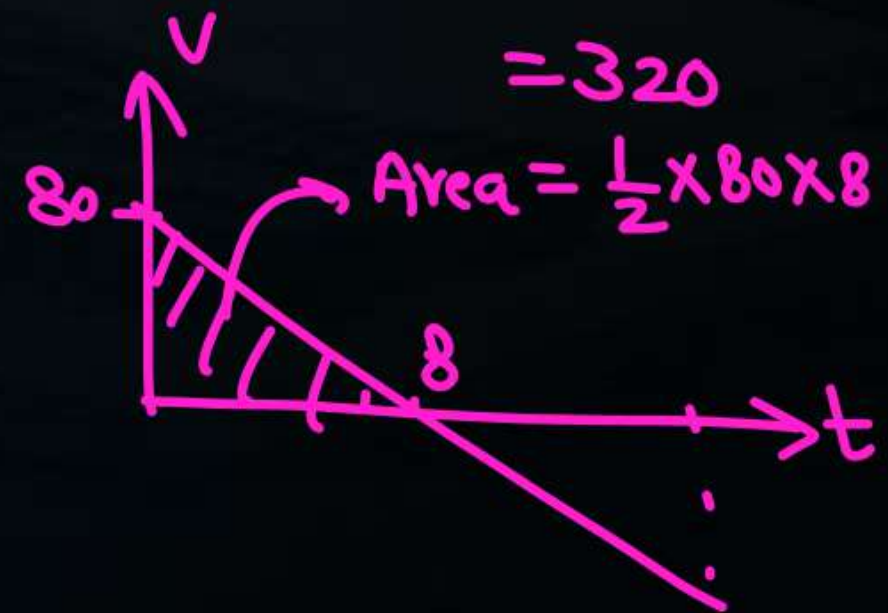


* ③ h_{\max} (3rd Eqⁿ of motion)

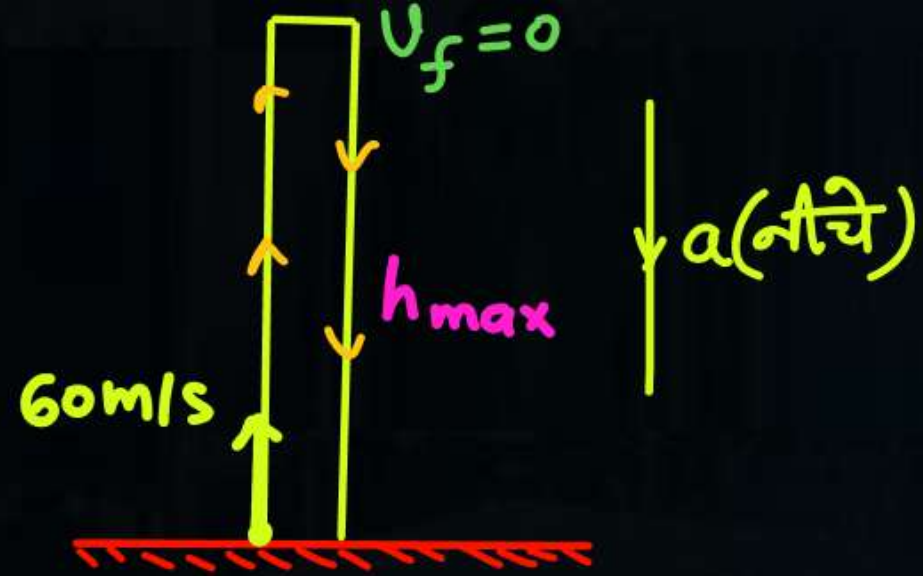
$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$0 = (80)^2 - 2 \times 10 \times h$$

$$h = 320 = h_{\max}$$

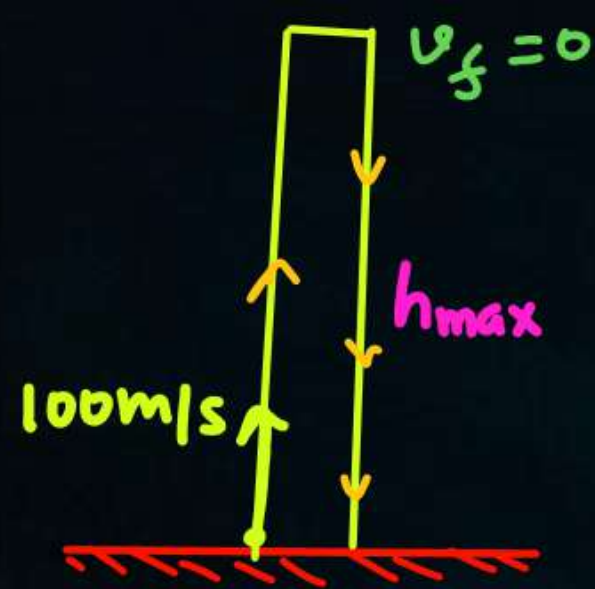


①



• Time of flight = $T = 6 + 6 = 12$

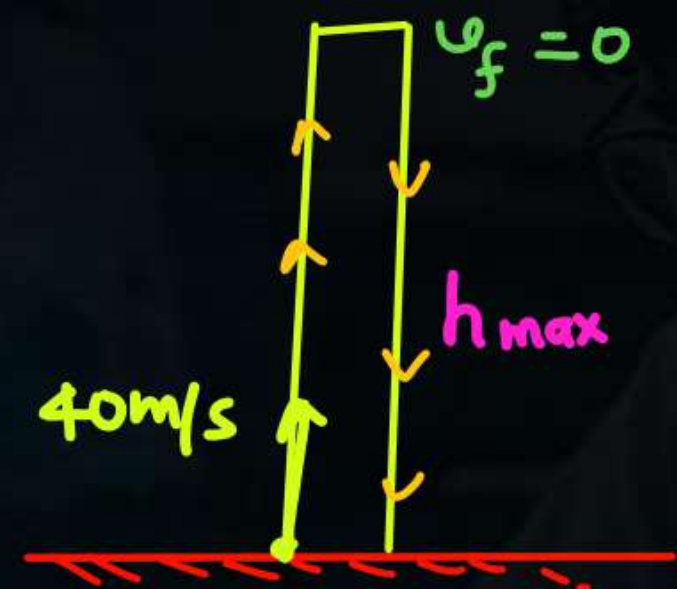
• $0^2 = (60)^2 - 2 \times 10 \times h_{\max}$
 $h_{\max} = 180$



$T = 10 + 10 = 20$

$0^2 = (100)^2 - 2 \times 10 \times h_{\max}$

$h_{\max} = 500$



$T = 4 + 4 = 8$

$0^2 = (40)^2 - 2 \times 10 \times h_{\max}$

$h_{\max} = 80$

Sign Convention

* SKC \rightarrow Uper/Neeche \rightarrow Jahan tera dil Kare Udhar positive man lo
Answer will come same.

But Agar qus wal Ne ye bol dia ki idhar
positive mano to udhar hi manna.

①



A particle is drop from top of a tower of height 500m. find

- ① when particle will hit the ground
- ② with what velocity particle will hit the ground.

Solⁿ

Downward positive let

$$u = 0$$

$$a = 10 \text{ (downward)}$$

$$a = +10$$

$$s = 500 \text{ (Neeche)} = +500$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$500 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$\boxed{t = 10 \text{ sec}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$v^2 = 0 + 2 \times 10 \times 500$$

$$\boxed{V = 100} \text{ Downward.}$$

②



Downward
positive.

$$u = 0$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = +40$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad S = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$40 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t = \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad v^2 = 0^2 + 2 \times 10 \times 40$$

$$v = \sqrt{800}$$

$$v = 10\sqrt{8}$$

③

drop

80m

(Downward positive)

$$u = 0$$
$$a = +10$$
$$s = +80$$
$$80 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$
$$t = 4$$
$$v^2 = 0 + 2 \times 10 \times 80$$
$$v = 40 \text{ (Downward.)}$$

The diagram shows a vertical red line representing a drop from a height of 80m. A dotted line indicates the path of the object. A yellow dot at the top is labeled 'drop'. A yellow dot at the bottom is labeled 't'. A yellow arrow points downwards from the bottom dot, labeled 'v'.

③

80m

drop

(Downward positive)

$$u = 0$$

$$a = +10$$

$$s = +80$$

$$80 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t = 4$$

$$v^2 = 0 + 2 \times 10 \times 80$$

$$v = 40 \text{ (Downward.)}$$

③

drop

(Downward positive)

$$u = 0$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = +80$$

80m

$$80 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t = 4$$

$$v^2 = 0 + 2 \times 10 \times 80$$

$$v = 40 \text{ (Downward.)}$$

④

↓ 40m/s

(Downward +ve)

$$u = +40$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = +240$$

$$S = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$240 = 40t + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$240 = 40t + 5t^2$$

$h = 240$

$$v^2 = (40)^2 + 2 \times 10 \times 240$$

$$v_f = \checkmark$$

$$t^2 + 8t - 48 = 0$$

$$t^2 + 12t - 4t - 48 = 0$$

$$t(t + 12) - 4(t + 12) = 0$$

$$(t - 4)(t + 12) = 0$$

$$t = 4$$

$$t = -12 \times$$

③

drop

(Downward positive)

$$u = 0$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = +80$$

80m

$$80 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t = 4$$

$$v^2 = 0 + 2 \times 10 \times 80$$

$$v = 40 \text{ (Downward.)}$$

④

↓ 40m/s

(Downward +ve)

$$u = +40$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = +240$$

$$S = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$240 = 40t + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$240 = 40t + 5t^2$$

$h = 240$

$$v^2 = (40)^2 + 2 \times 10 \times 240$$

$$v = 80$$

$$t^2 + 8t - 48 = 0$$

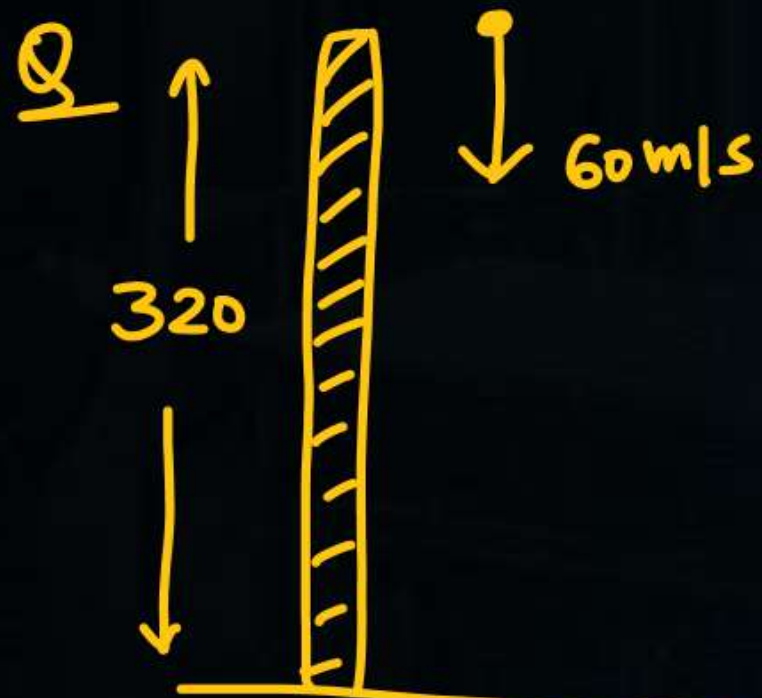
$$t^2 + 12t - 4t - 48 = 0$$

$$t(t + 12) - 4(t + 12) = 0$$

$$(t - 4)(t + 12) = 0$$

$$t = 4$$

$$t = -12 \times$$



$$t^2 + 12t - 64 = 0$$

$$t^2 + 16t - 4t - 64 = 0$$

$$t(t + 16) - 4(t + 16) = 0$$

$$(t - 4)(t + 16) = 0$$

$$\boxed{t = 4}$$

Downward (+ve)

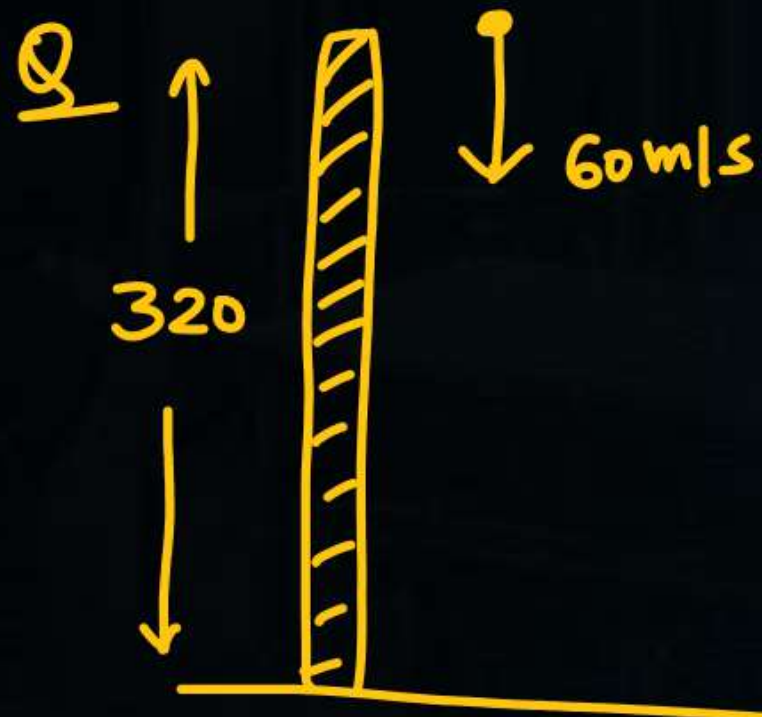
$$u = +60$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = 320$$

$$320 = 60t + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t^2 + 12t - 64 = 0$$



$$t^2 + 12t - 64 = 0$$

$$t^2 + 16t - 4t - 64 = 0$$

$$t(t+16) - 4(t+16) = 0$$

$$(t-4)(t+16) = 0$$

$$t = 4$$

Downward (+ve)

$$u = +60$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = 320$$

$$320 = 60t + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t^2 + 12t - 64 = 0$$



Downward (+ve)

$$u = -60$$

$$a = +10$$

$$S = 320$$

$$320 = -60t + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$t^2 - 12t - 64 = 0$$

$$t^2 - 16t + 4t - 64 = 0$$

$$t(t-16) + 4(t-16) = 0$$

$$(t-16)(t+4) = 0$$

$$t = 16$$

Upward dirⁿ is positive.

$$u = +60$$

$$a = -10$$

$$s = -320$$

$$-320 = 60t - \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$

$$-320 = 60t - 5t^2$$

$$5t^2 - 60t - 320 = 0$$

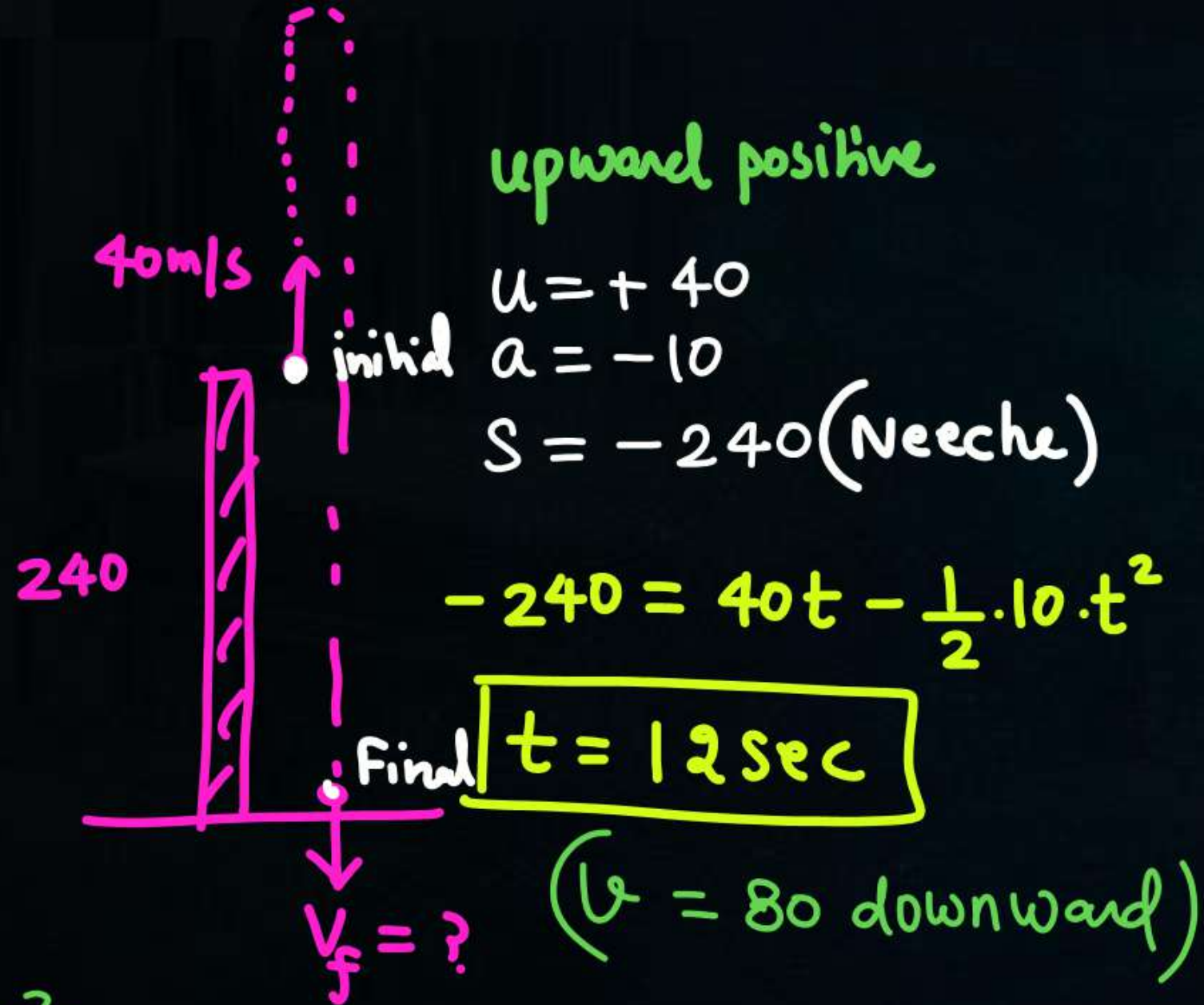
$$t^2 - 12t - 64 = 0$$

$$\boxed{t = 16}$$

Q



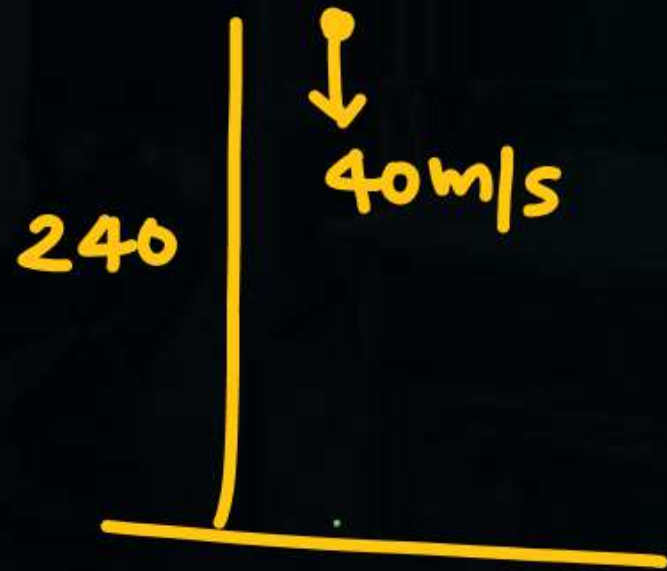
Q



$$V_f^2 = (40)^2 + 2(-10)(-240)$$

$$V_f = 80 \text{ Downward.}$$

Directly



$$240 = 40t + \frac{1}{2} 10 t^2$$



$$320 = 60 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2$$



Home work

- KPP - 15 part 1 (1-24)

- DPP

- Revise today notes

← join it

THANK
YOU