

## Biomolecules

#### **Analysis of Chemical Composition**

- **1.** Read the following statements and choose the set of correct statements (2022)
  - A. Lecithin found in the plasma membrane is a glycolipid
  - B. Saturated fatty acids possess one or more c=c bonds
  - C. Gingely oil has lower melting point, hence remains as oil in winter
  - D. Lipids are generally insoluble in water but soluble in some organic solvents
  - E. When fatty acid is esterified with glycerol, monoglycerides are formed

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- a. A, B and D only
- b. A, B and C only
- c. A, D and E only
- d. C, D and E only
- 2. Following are the statements with reference to 'lipids'.
  - A. Lipids having only single bonds are called unsaturated fatty acids.
  - B. Lecithin is a phospholipid.
  - C. Trihydroxy propane is glycerol.
  - D. Palmitic acid has 20 carbon atoms including carboxyl carbon.
  - E. Arachidonic acid has 16 carbon atoms.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below. (2021)

- a. C & D only
- b. B & C only
- c. B & E only
- d. A & B only
- **3.** Identify the basic amino acid from the following. (2020)
  - a. Glutamic acid
- b. Lysine
- c. Valine
- d. Tyrosine
- **4.** Identify the statement which is incorrect. (2020-Covid)
  - a. Glycine is an example of lipids
  - b. Lecithin contains phosphorus atom in its structure
  - c. Tyrosine possesses aromatic ring in its structure
  - d. Sulphur is an integral part of cysteine
- 5. A typical fat molecule is made up of:
- (2016 I)
- a. Three glycerol molecules and one fatty acid molecule
- b. One glycerol and three fatty acid molecules
- c. One glycerol and one fatty acid molecule
- d. Three glycerol and three fatty acid molecules

**6.** A phosphoglyceride is always made up of:

(2013)

- a. A saturated or unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a phosphate group which is also attached to a glycerol molecule
- b. Only a saturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached
- c. Only an unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached
- d. A saturated or unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached

#### **Primary & Secondary Metabolites**

7. Identify the incorrect pair.

(2021)

- a. Toxin Abrin
- b. Lectins Concanavalin Ad. Alkaloids Codeine
- c. Drugs Ricin
- 8. Which of the following are not secondary metabolites in
- plants? (2021)
  - a. Amino acids, glucose
- b. Vinblastin, curcumin
- c. Rubber, gums
- d. Morphine, codeine
- 9. Concanavalin A isa. An alkaloid
- b. An essential oil
- c. A lectin
- o. mi essential
- d. A pigment

### **Biomacromolecules, Proteins**

10. Match List-I with List-II.

(2022)

(2019)

(Biol	List-I logical Molecules)	List-II (Biological function)					
(A)	Glycogen	(i)	Hormone				
(B)	Globulin	(ii)	Biocatalyst				
(C)	Steroids	(iii)	Antibody				
(D)	Thrombin	(iv)	Storage product				

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- a. A-iv B-iii C-i D-ii
- b. A-iii B-ii C-iv D-i
- c. A-iv B-ii C-i D-iii
- d. A-ii B-iv C-iii D-i



- 11. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
  - a. Collagen
- b. Lectin
- c. Insulin
- d. Haemoglobin
- 12. Which of the following glucose transporters is insulindependent? (2019)
  - a. GLUT I
- b. GLUT II
- c. GLUT III
- d. GLUT IV
- **13.** Which of the following are not polymeric? (2017-Delhi)
  - a. Nucleic acids
- b. Proteins
- c. Polysaccharides
- d. Lipids
- 14. Which of the following is the least likely to be involved in stabilising the three-dimensional folding of most proteins?

[OS] (2016 - II)

- a. Hydrophobic interaction b. Ester bonds
- c. Hydrogen bonds
- d. Electrostatic interaction

### Polysaccharides, Nucleic Acids & Types of Bond

**15.** Exoskeleton of arthropods is composed of:

(2022)

- a. Glucosamine
- b. Cutin
- c. Cellulose
- d. Chitin
- 16. Match List-II with List-II

(2021)

	List-I	List-II				
A.	Protein	(i)	C = C double bonds			
B.	Unsaturated fatty acid	(ii)	Phosphodiester bonds			
C.	Nucleic acid	(iii)	Glycosidic bonds			
D.	Polysaccharide	(iv)	Peptide bonds			

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- a. A-i B-iv C-iii D-ii
- b. A-ii B-i C-iv D-iii
- C-i c. A-iv B-iii D-ii
- C-ii d. A-iv B-i D-iii
- 17. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure: (2020)
  - a. Glycerol, trypsin
- b. Cellulose, lecithin
- c. Inulin, insulin
- d. Chitin, cholesterol
- 18. Match the following:

(2020-Covid)

1.	Aquaporin	(i)	Amide
2.	Asparagine	(ii)	Polysaccharide
3.	Abscisic acid	(iii)	Polypeptide
4.	Chitin	(iv)	Carotenoids

Select the correct option:

- (A) (B) (C) (D)
- a. (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- b. (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) c. (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- d. (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

- 19. The two functional groups characteristic of sugars are:
  - a. Hydroxyl and methyl
- b. Carbonyl and methyl
- c. Carbonyl and phosphate d. Carbonyl and hydroxyl
- **20.** Which one of the following statements is wrong? (2016 I)
  - a. Sucrose is a disaccharide
  - b. Cellulose is a polysaccharide
  - c. Uracil is a pyrimidine
  - d. Glycine is a sulphur containing amino acid
- 21. The chitinous exoskeleton of arthropods is formed by the polymerisation of: (2015 Re)
  - a. D-glucosamine
  - b. N-acetyl glucosamine
  - c. Lipoglycans
  - d. Keratin sulphate and chondroitin sulphate
- 22. Which of the following biomolecules does have phosphodiester bond? (2015 Re)
  - a. Monosacchardes in polysaccharide
  - b. Amino acids in a polypeptide
  - c. Nucleic acids in a nucleotide
  - d. Fatty acids in a diglyceride
- **23.** Which one of the following is a non-reducing carbohydrate? (2014)
  - a. Ribose 5-phosphate
- b. Maltose
- c. Sucrose
- d. Lactose

# **Enzymes**

24. Match the following. Choose the correct option from the following: (2020)

		Column-I	Column-II			
1	1.	Inhibitor of catalytic activity	(i)	Ricin		
	2.	Possess peptide bonds	(ii)	Malonate		
	3.	Cell wall material in fungi	(iii)	Chitin		
	4.	Secondary metabolite	(iv)	Collagen		

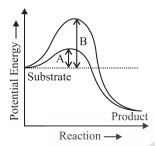
- (A) (B) (C) (D)
- a. (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- b. (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- c. (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- d. (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- **25.** Consider the following statement :
  - A. Coenzyme or metal ion that is tightly bound to enzyme protein is called prosthetic group.
  - B. A complete catalytic active enzyme with its bound prosthetic group is called apoenzyme.

Select the correct option.

(2019)

- a. Both (A) and (B) are true.
- b. (A) is true but (B) is false.
- c. Both (A) and (B) are false.
- d. (A) is false but (B) is true.

- **26.** Which one of the following statements is correct, with reference to enzymes? (2017-Delhi)
  - a. Apoenzyme = Holoenzyme + Coenzyme
  - b. Holoenzyme = Apoenzyme + Coenzyme
  - c. Coenzyme = Apoenzyme + Holoenzyme
  - d. Holoenzyme = Coenzyme + Cofactor
- **27.** Which of the following describes the given graph correctly? (2016 II)



- a. Endothermic reaction with energy A in absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme  $\,$
- b. Exothermic reaction with energy A in absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme
- c. Endothermic reaction with energy A in presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme
- d. Exothermic reaction with energy A in presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme.
- 28. A non-proteinaceous enzyme is:

(2016 - II)

- a. Ligase
- b. Deoxyribonuclease
- c. Lysozyme
- d. Ribozyme

- 29. Which one of the following statements is incorrect? (2015)
  - a. The competitive inhibitor does not affect the rate of breakdown of the enzyme substrate complex
  - b. The presence of the competitive inhibitor decreases the  $K_{m}$  of the enzyme for the substrate
  - c. A competitive inhibitor reacts with the enzyme to form an enzyme inhibitor complex
  - d. In competitive inhibition, the inhibitor molecule is not chemically changed by the enzyme
- **30.** Select the option which is not correct with respect to enzyme action: (2014)
  - a. Malonate is a competitive inhibitor of succinic dehydrogenase
  - b. Substrate binds with enzyme at its active site
  - c. Addition of lot of succinate does not reverse the inhibition of succinic dehydrogenase by malonate
  - d. A non-competitive inhibitor binds the enzyme at a site distinct from that which binds the substrate
- **31.** The essential chemical components of many coenzymes are: (2013)
  - a. Vitamins
- b. Proteins
- c. Nucleic acids
- d. Carbohydrates
- **32.** Transition state structure of the substrate formed during an enzymatic reaction is: (2013)
  - a. Permanent and stable
- b. Transient but stable
- c. Permanent but unstable
- d. Transient and unstable

## **Answer Key**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
d	b	b	a	b	d	c	a	c	a	a	d	d	b	d	d	c
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32		
d	d	d	b	c	С	d	b	b	d	d	b	c	a	d		