

Encrypting data with GPG

Tip: stay focused

- The background for this topic is HUGE,
 - While the objectives for this topic are tiny.
- I have a video for all foundations on Youtube.
 - *Introduction to cryptography, PKI and certificates.*

Tip: stay focused

- For LPIC1, all you need to know is:
 - Generating and securing a new key pair.
 - Sharing and importing public keys.
 - Encrypting and decrypting data.
 - Signing and verifying data.

Generating a key pair

- You need ample "entropy", a source of randomness.
- *gpg --gen-key*
 - This makes new keys in *~/.gnupg/keyring*.
 - Use unique email addresses!

See: [Understanding random number generation](#)

Inventory of key pairs

- You can see which keys are available to you:
 - *gpg --list-keys*
- Type "*[unknown]*" indicates an imported public key.
- "*ls -al ~/.gnupg*" does not show individual keys.

Sharing public keys

- Exporting your & importing someone's public key:

```
$ gpg --export tess@fedora.local > ./fedora.pub
```

```
$ gpg --import /tmp/ubuntu.pub
```

Encrypting data

- First make a message, like *secret.txt*.
- Then:

```
$ gpg --out ./secret.gpg \  
--recipient tess@fedora.local \  
--encrypt ./secret.txt # 📌 must be last!
```

Decrypting data

- Transfer the *secret.gpg* to your recipient.
- They can decrypt it:

```
$ gpg --decrypt /tmp/secret.gpg
```


Signing / verifying

- Signing does not require encryption.

```
$ gpg --out contract.gpg \  
--local-user tess@ubuntu.nl \  
--sign contract.txt # 📌 must be last!  
  
$ gpg --verify contract.gpg
```

LAB: Using GPG

Assignment

- On both your VMs, create a GPG key pair.
 - One for *yourname@fedora.local*
 - One for *yourname@ubuntu.local*
- Import the public keys across the systems.
 - Fedora -> Ubuntu, and Ubuntu -> Fedora.

Assignment

- On Fedora:
 - Create a message file "*secret.txt*".
 - Encrypt this file to send it to your Ubuntu user.
 - Sign the encrypted message.
 - Copy the encrypted and signed file to Ubuntu.

Assignment

- On Ubuntu:
 - Verify the signature on the file.
 - Decrypt the received file.
- Verify: are the contents correct?