

CompTIA A+ Core 2 Exam 220-1102

# Lesson 17



## Managing Security Settings

# Objectives

- Configure workstation security
- Configure browser security
- Troubleshoot workstation security issues

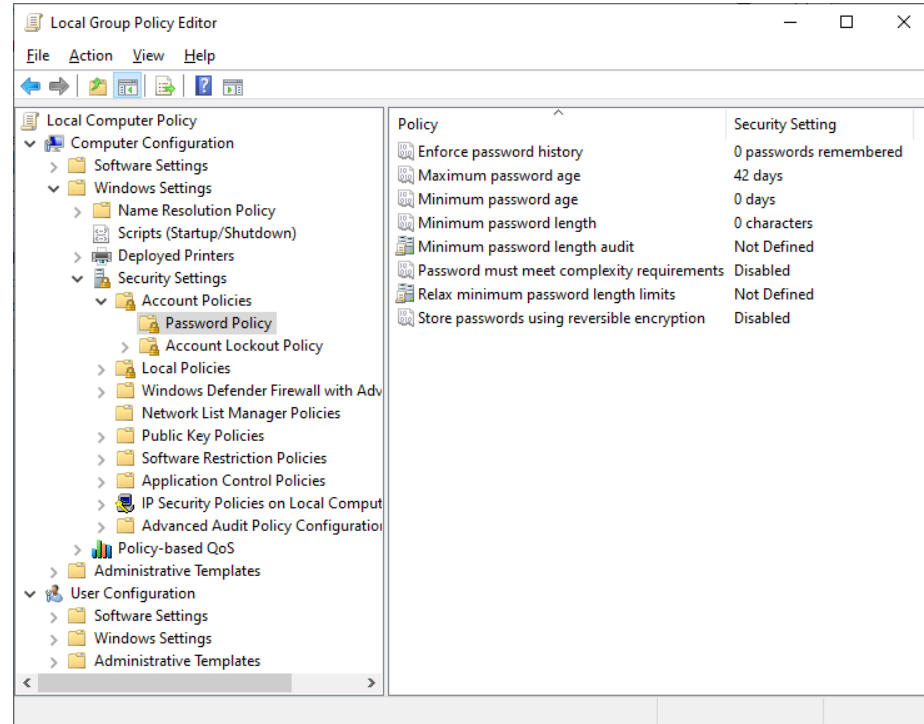
## Lesson 17

# Topic 17A

## Configure Workstation Security

# Password Best Practices

- Complexity requirements
  - Length
  - Character types
- Expiration requirements
- Basic input/output system (BIOS)/Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) passwords



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

# End User Best Practices

- Log off when not in use
  - Mitigate lunchtime attacks
  - Use screensaver locks
  - Manually lock workstation before leaving unattended
- Secure/protect critical hardware
  - Equipment locks
  - Care in public locations
- Secure personally identifiable information (PII) and passwords
  - Clean desk policy
  - Do not store in unencrypted documents or make unauthorized copies

# Account Management

- Restrict user permissions
  - File permissions versus OS rights/privileges
  - Restrict privileges with UAC/sudo
- Change default administrator's user account/password
  - Default Administrator/root is usually disabled
  - Avoid shared accounts
- Disable guest account

# Account Policies

- Policies
  - Restrict login times
  - Failed attempts lockout
  - Concurrent logins
  - Use timeout/screen lock
- Re-enabling accounts
- Resetting passwords

The screenshot shows the 'David Martin Properties' dialog box with the 'Account' tab selected. The 'User logon name' is 'dmartin' and the domain is '@classroom.local'. The 'User logon name (pre-Windows 2000)' is 'classroom\dmartin'. The 'Unlock account' checkbox is checked. Under 'Account options', the following are checked: 'User must change password at next logon', 'User cannot change password', 'Password never expires', and 'Store password using reversible encryption'. The 'Account expires' section has 'Never' selected. The 'OK' button is highlighted with a blue border.

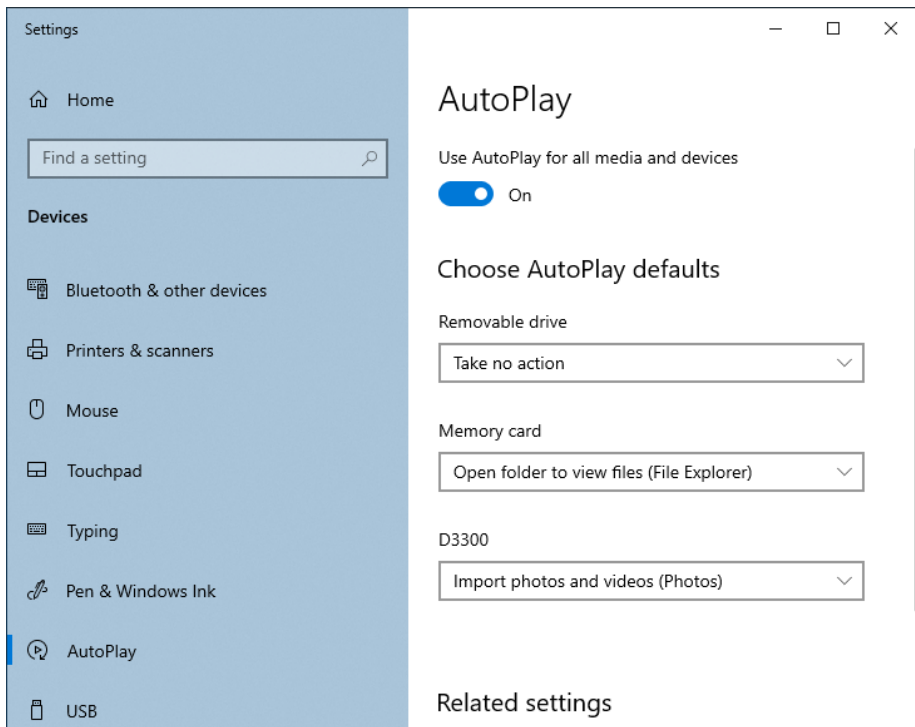
Member Of	Dial-in	Environment	Sessions
Remote control	Remote Desktop Services Profile		COM+

General	Address	Account	Profile	Telephones	Organization
User logon name: dmartin @classroom.local					
User logon name (pre-Windows 2000): classroom\dmartin					
Logon Hours... Log On To...					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlock account					
Account options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User must change password at next logon</li><li><input type="checkbox"/> User cannot change password</li><li><input type="checkbox"/> Password never expires</li><li><input type="checkbox"/> Store password using reversible encryption</li></ul>					
Account expires: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><input checked="" type="radio"/> Never</li><li><input type="radio"/> End of: Tuesday, October 30, 2018</li></ul>					

OK Cancel Apply Help

*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

# Execution Control

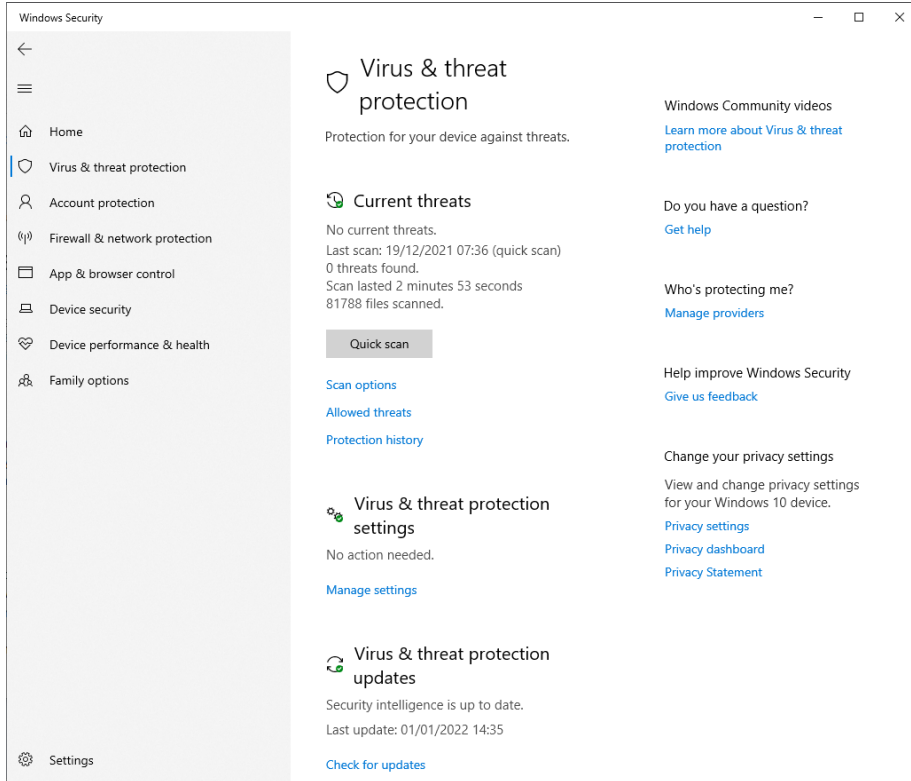


*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

- Trusted/untrusted software sources
  - Code signing and hash verification
  - App stores
  - App blocklists
- AutoRun and AutoPlay
  - Configure default action for media attachment
  - Keep UAC enabled to prevent unauthorized code execution



# Windows Defender Antivirus

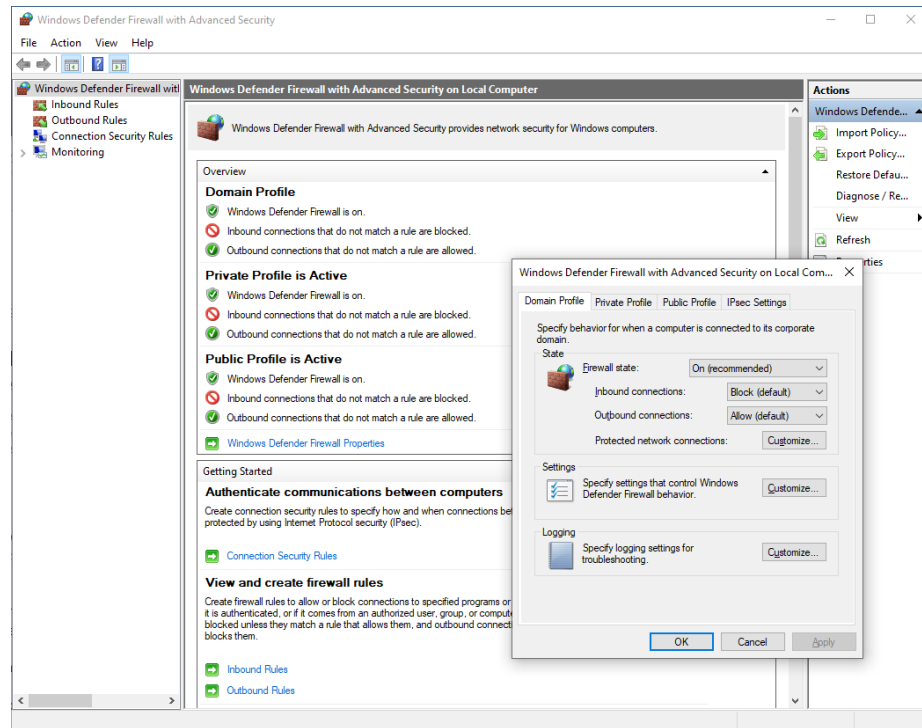


*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

- Antivirus detection methods
  - Definitions versus heuristic
- Updates
  - Definitions versus scan engine
- Activating and deactivating
  - Temporarily disable online scanning
  - Replace with third-party product
  - Folder exclusions

# Windows Defender Firewall

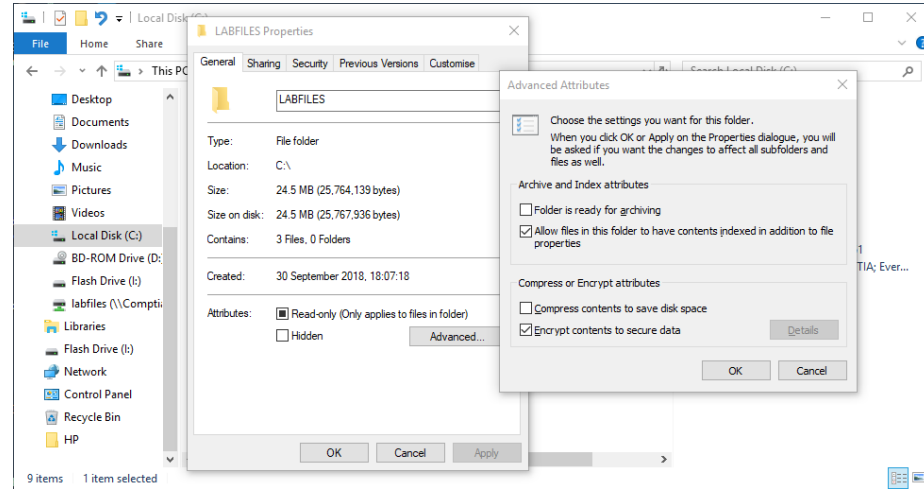
- Activating and deactivating
- Default block/allow policy
- Rule trigger types
  - Port security
  - Application security
  - Address
- Windows Defender Firewall with Advanced Security (wf.msc)



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

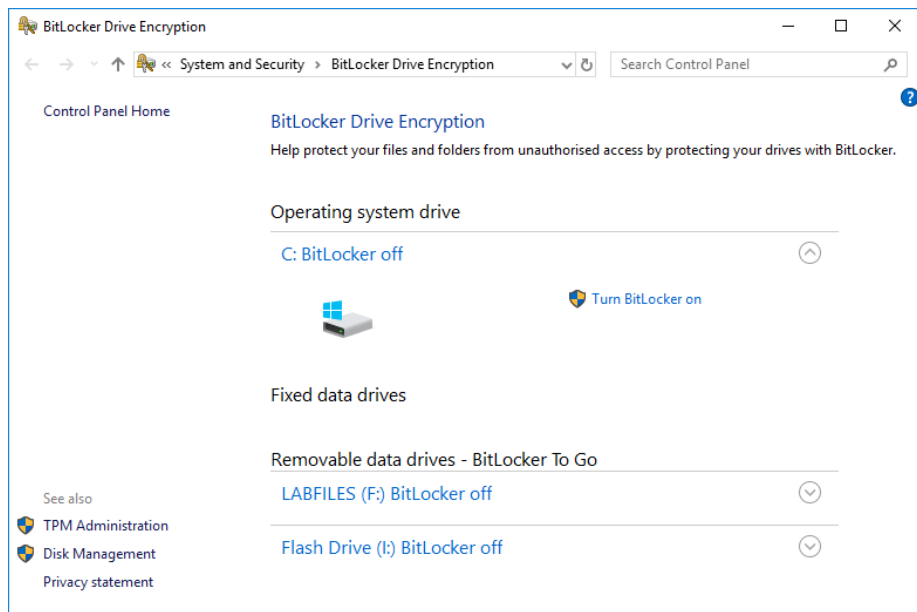
# Encrypting File System

- Data-at-rest encryption
  - Protect data when storage media is lost or stolen
  - Data cannot be read with encryption key
- Encrypting File System (EFS)
  - Encrypts selected folder/files
  - Encryption key stored in account and linked to password



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

# Windows BitLocker and BitLocker-to-Go



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

- Encrypts all data on drive
  - BitLocker for fixed disks
  - BitLocker To Go for removable disks
- Startup key stored in Trusted Platform Module (TPM) or on protected USB media
- Recovery key

## Review Activity: Workstation Security

- Password and End User Best Practices
- Account Management and Account Policies
- Execution Control
- Windows Defender Antivirus
- Windows Defender Firewall
- Encrypting File System
- Windows BitLocker and BitLocker To Go

## Lab Activity

- Assisted Lab: Configure Workstation Security
  - Enforce security settings using Local Security Policy in the Windows operating system

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# Topic 17B

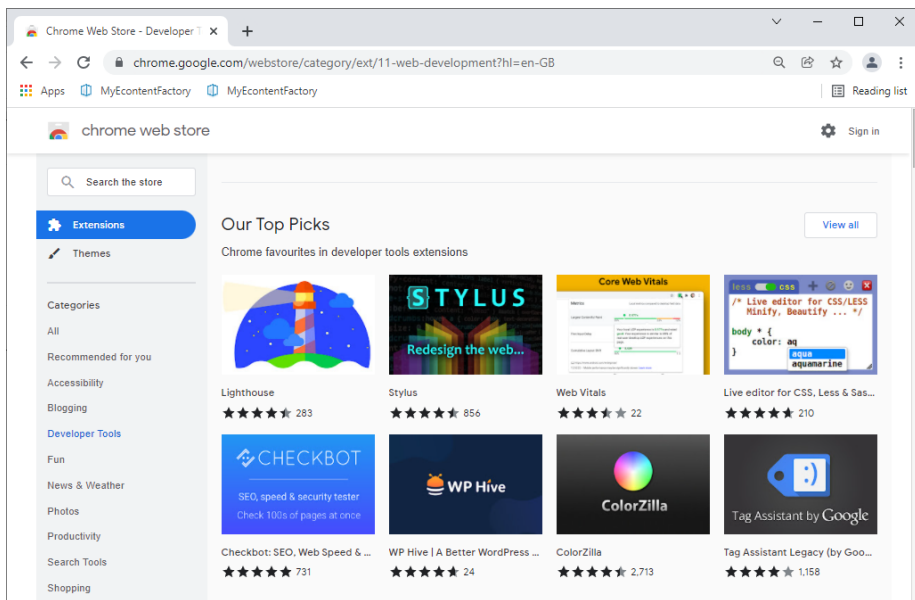
## Configure Browser Security

# Browser Selection and Installation

- Trusted sources
  - Major browser vendors (Google Chrome, Opera, Mozilla Firefox, Microsoft Edge, Apple Safari)
  - App stores
  - Hash-based checksums/signatures to validate integrity
- Untrusted sources
  - Adware and bundled software
  - Potentially unwanted applications (PUAs)



# Browser Extensions and Plug-ins

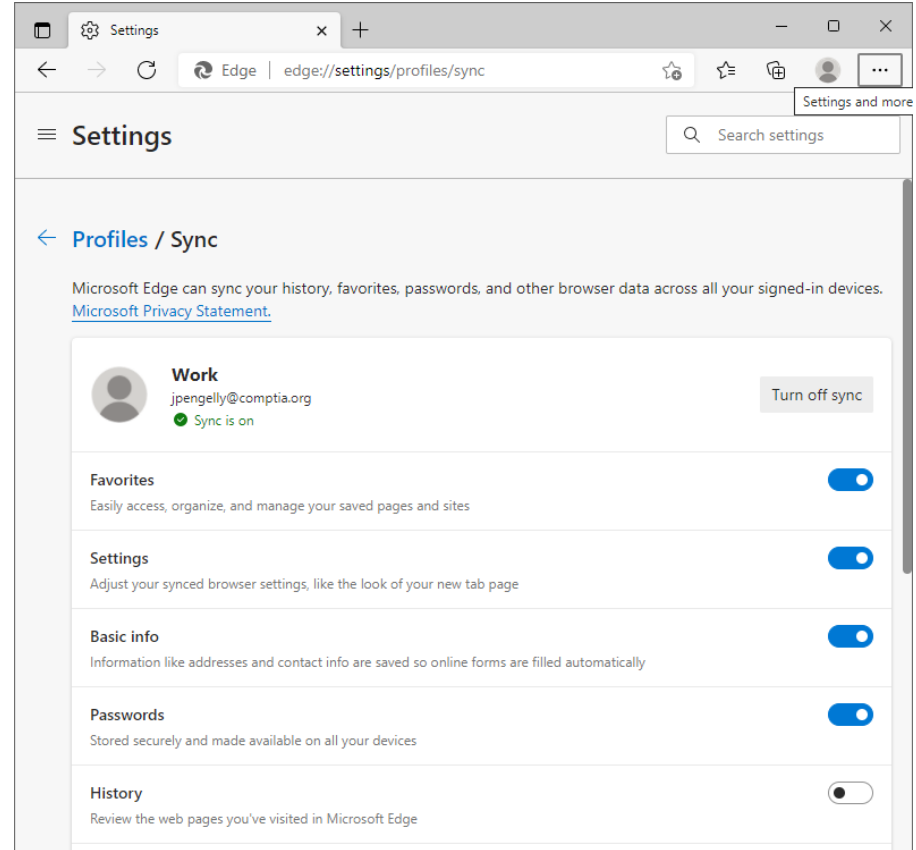


*Screenshot courtesy of Google, a trademark of Google LLC.*

- Extension
  - Script that uses the browser application programming interface (API) to implement new or modified functionality
- Plug-in
  - Executable designed to handle a specific type of object embedded on a web page
  - Generally deprecated due to risks from vulnerabilities
- Apps, default search provider, and themes
- Trusted versus untrusted sources
  - Browser plug-in store/marketplace

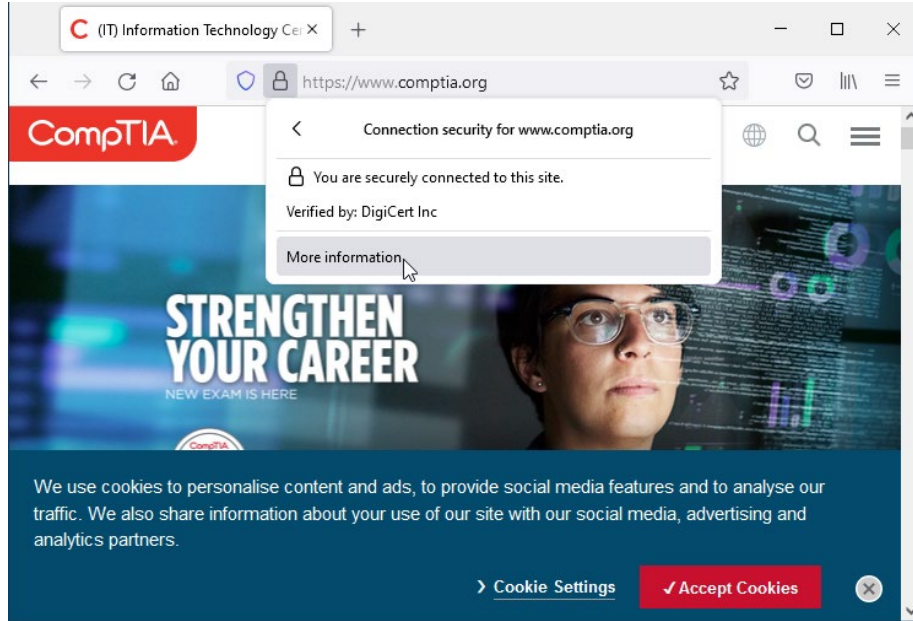
# Browser Settings

- Accessing settings page
  - Ellipsis (...) or Hamburger (≡) menu
  - chrome://settings
  - edge://settings
  - about:preferences
- Sign-in and browser data synchronization
- Password managers



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

# Secure Connections and Valid Certificates

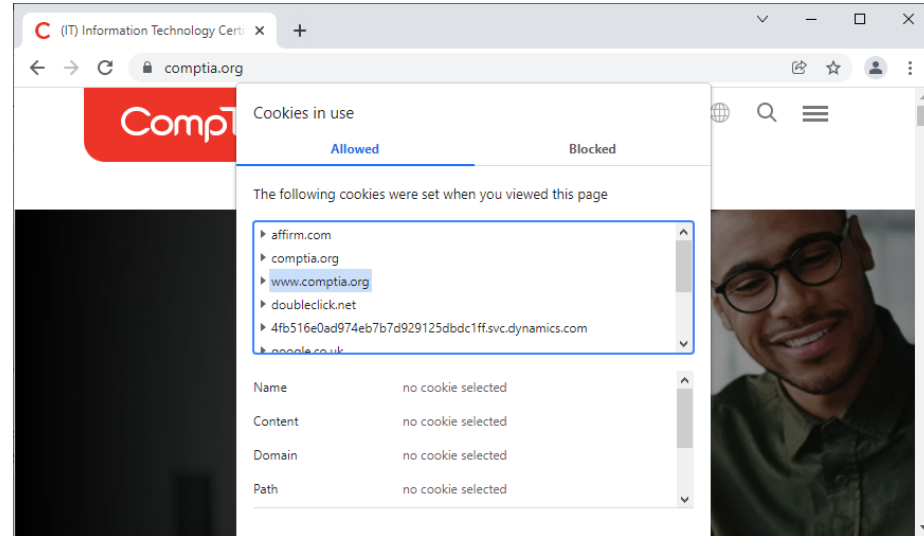


*Screenshot courtesy of CompTIA and Mozilla*

- Transport Layer Security (TLS) and digital certificates
- HTTPS browser validation
  - Padlock icon
  - High assurance certificates
- Trusted root certificate updates
  - Windows Update
  - Separate per-browser stores

# Browser Privacy Settings

- Site privacy and content controls
  - Cookie policy and tracking protection
  - Pop-up blocker
  - Ad blockers
- Browser cache
  - Clearing cache and browsing data
  - Private/incognito browsing mode



*Screenshot courtesy of CompTIA and Google, a trademark of Google, LLC.*

## Review Activity: Browser Security

- Browser Selection and Installation
- Browser Extensions and Plug-ins
- Browser Settings
- Secure Connections and Valid Certificates
- Browser Privacy Settings

## Lab Activity

- Assisted Lab: Configure Browser Security
  - Configure privacy settings for Microsoft's Edge browser

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# Topic 17C

## Troubleshoot Workstation Security Issues

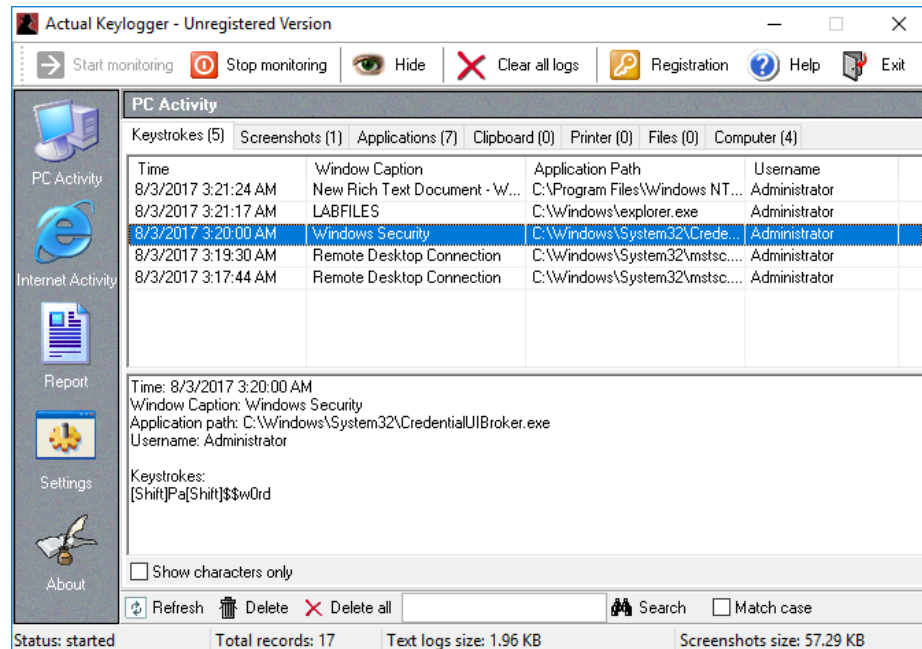
# Malware Vectors

- Viruses
  - Infects executable image and runs on execution
- Boot sector viruses
  - Infects disk media and runs at boot or on attachment to computer
- Trojans
  - Concealed within installer for legitimate software
- Worms
  - Infects process in system RAM and can spread over network ports
- Fileless malware
  - Uses local scripting technologies (PowerShell or JavaScript) to create malicious processes in memory



# Malware Payloads

- Backdoors
  - Remote access Trojans (RATs) and bots
  - Command and control (C&C) network
- Spyware and keyloggers
  - Malware records user and system activity
- Rootkits
  - Malware elevates privileges to run at the highest possible level of trust
  - Makes any local process potentially unreliable



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

# Ransomware and Cryptominers

- Ransomware
  - Malware disables access to data files and/or system/shell
  - Often uses encryption
- Cryptominer
  - Malware hijacks computer resources to generate cryptocurrency



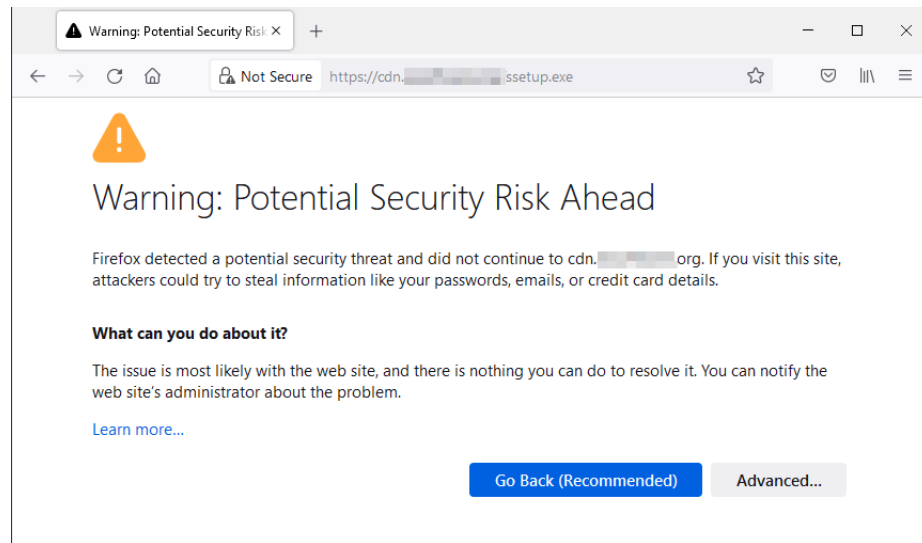
*Screenshot courtesy of Wikimedia*

# Troubleshoot Desktop Symptoms

- Performance symptoms
  - Faulty/slow startup or general performance
  - Unable to access the network
- Application crashes and service problems
  - Security apps stop working
  - OS and definition update failures
- File system errors and anomalies
- Desktop alerts and notifications
  - False alerts regarding antivirus protection

# Troubleshoot Browser Symptoms

- Random/frequent pop-ups
- Redirection
  - URL/web address
  - Search engine
- Certificate warnings
  - Self-signed or issuer not trusted
  - Subject does not match host FQDN
  - Expired or revoked
- On-path attacks by malicious proxies

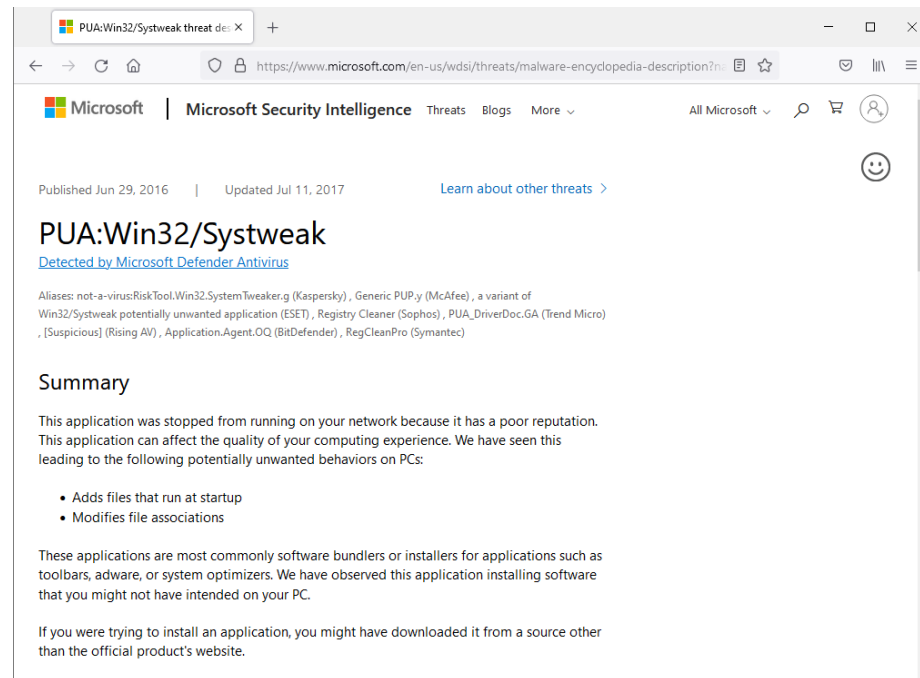
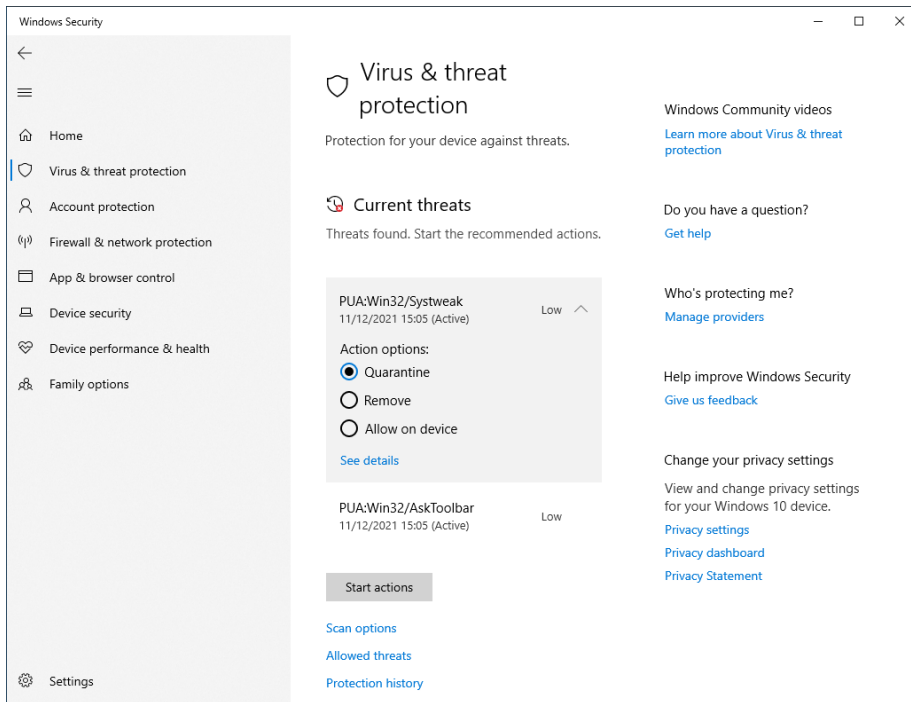


*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*

# Best Practices for Malware Removal (Slide 1 of 2)

1. Investigate and verify malware symptoms
2. Quarantine infected systems
3. Disable System Restore in Windows
4. Remediate infected systems
  - Update anti-malware software
  - Scanning and removal techniques (e.g., safe mode, preinstallation environment)
5. Schedule scans and run updates
6. Enable System Restore and create a restore point in Windows
7. Educate the end user

# Best Practices for Malware Removal (Slide 2 of 2)



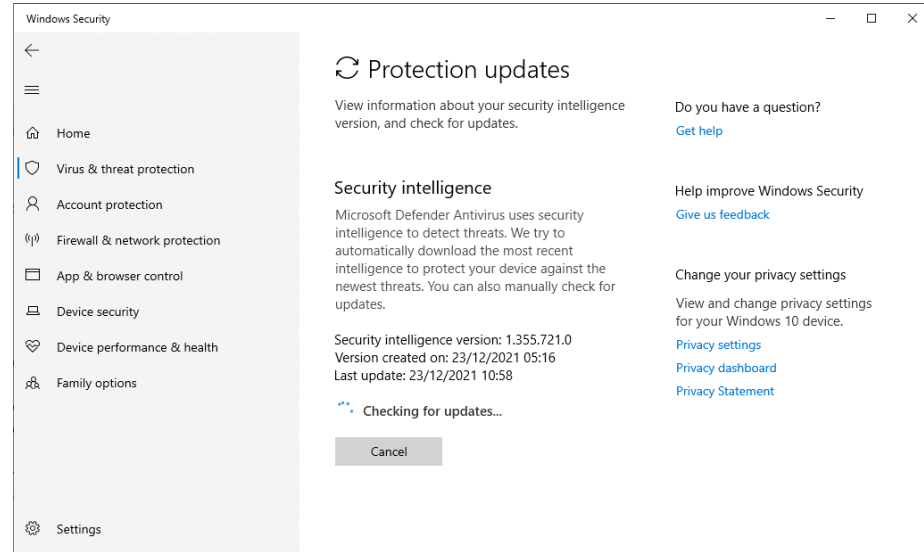
*Screenshots courtesy of Microsoft*

# Infected Systems Quarantine

- Quarantine infected systems
  - Prevent use of privileged accounts
  - Isolate from production network
  - Isolate and scan removable media
- Disable System Restore
  - Turn off backup services that might preserve the malware

# Malware Removal Tools and Methods

- Antivirus and anti-malware
  - Range of threat detection
  - Check for latest updates
- Recovery mode
  - Manual removal via antivirus tool or OS tool
  - Safe Mode and Windows Preinstallation Environment (WinPE)
- OS reinstallation



*Screenshot courtesy of Microsoft*



# Malware Infection Prevention

- Configure on-access scanning
- Configure scheduled scans
- Re-enable System Restore and services
- Educate the end user
  - General threat awareness
  - Specific anti-phishing training

## **Review Activity: Workstation Security Issues**

- Malware Vectors and Payloads
- Ransomware and Cryptominers
- Troubleshoot Desktop and Browser Symptoms
- Best Practices for Malware Removal
- Infected Systems Quarantine
- Malware Removal Tools and Methods
- Malware Infection Prevention

## Lab Activity

- Assisted Lab: Troubleshoot Security Issues Scenario #1
  - Investigate and remediate a host where the security configuration has been compromised
- APPLIED Lab: Troubleshoot Security Issues Scenario #2
  - Work independently to investigate and remediate a host where the security configuration has been compromised

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## Summary