

Q-11.16.3.41

Yash Patil - EE22BTECH11058

The probability of happening of an event A is 0.5 and that of B is 0.3. If A and B are mutually exclusive events, then the probability of neither A nor B is ____.

Solution: Given:

$$Pr(A) = 0.5 \quad (1)$$

$$Pr(B) = 0.3 \quad (2)$$

As A and B are mutually exclusive,

$$Pr(AB) = 0 \quad (3)$$

Probability of atleast one of A and B happening is given by:

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(AB) \quad (4)$$

$$= 0.5 + 0.3 - 0 \quad (5)$$

$$= 0.8 \quad (6)$$

∴ probability of neither A nor B happening is:

$$Pr((A + B)') = 1 - Pr(A + B) \quad (7)$$

$$= 1 - 0.8 \quad (8)$$

$$= 0.2 \quad (9)$$