## Q-10.13.3.10

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**Question:** Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_{10}$  be a random sample of size 10 from a  $N_3(\mu, \Sigma)$  distribution, where  $\mu$  and a non-singular  $\Sigma$  are unknown parameters. If

$$\overline{X_1} = \frac{1}{5} \sum_{i=1}^{5} X_i \tag{1}$$

$$\overline{X_2} = \frac{1}{5} \sum_{i=6}^{10} X_i \tag{2}$$

$$S_1 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=1}^{5} (X_i - \overline{X_1})(X_i - \overline{X_1})^r$$
 (3)

$$S_2 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=6}^{10} (X_i - \overline{X_2})(X_i - \overline{X_2})^r \tag{4}$$

Then which one of the following statements is not true?

- 1)  $\frac{5}{6}(\overline{X_1} \mu)^T S_1^{-1}(\overline{X_1} \mu)$  follows a *F*-distribution with 3 and 2 degrees of freedom 2)  $\frac{6}{5(\overline{X_1} \mu)^T S_1^{-1}(\overline{X_1} \mu)}$  follows a *F*-distribution with 3 and 2 degrees of freedom 3)  $4(S_1 + S_2)$  follows a Wishart distribution of order 3 with 8 degrees of freedom
- 4)  $5(S_1 + S_2)$  follows a Wishart distribution of order 3 with 10 degrees of freedom

## **Solution:**