

CSc 372 Quiz 5: Midterm Warmup

Name	
UA Email	

This is a participation quiz and will be graded based on completion, not on accuracy. However, please do attempt to answer the questions as best you can so that I get an idea of where you are w.r.t. midterm preparedness. Put a '?' for questions you have no idea on.

Sources: reading assignments, ChatGPT conversation 4 Feb 2025.

Question 1 [2 pt]. The following code is a portion of the code snippet from lecture 6. What are the tokens for this program? (Separate the tokens with commas).

IF y { z = 42 }

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Question 2 [2 pt]. Using the grammar rules as defined below, draw a parsing tree for the code in question 1.

start -> stmts EOF
stmts -> ε | stmt stmts
stmt -> ifStmt | whileStmt
ifStmt -> IF id { stmts }
whileStmt -> WHILE id { stmts }

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Question 3 [1pt]. Put the letter for the best answer or a ? in this box

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Which of the following is a match for this regular expression?

$(0[1-9] | 1[0-2]) / (0[1-9] | [12][0-9] | 3[01]) / [0-9]\{4\}$

- A. 02/06/2025
- B. 2/6/2025
- C. 2/06/2025
- D. 02/6/2025

Question 4 [1pt]. Put the letter for the best answer or a ? in this box

What are the primary advantages to using polymorphic type checking in a statically-typed language?

- A. The data type of every variable must be specified explicitly during function declaration, making the code less flexible but more predictable.
- B. It enables great flexibility in code design by allowing functions to work with different types without needing to rewrite or overload them, while still maintaining type safety.
- C. It makes code easier to write because type checking is bypassed altogether, allowing greater freedom in variable assignments.
- D. It reduces the complexity of type inference by explicitly requiring all types to be declared in advance, simplifying the type system.

Question 5 [1pt]. Put the letter for the best answer or a ? in this box

Which of these SML functions correctly concatenate a list of strings and in the right order?

- A. `fun concat (lst:string list) = foldl (fn (x,acc) => acc) "" lst`
- B. `val concat = foldl (fn (_,a) => a+1) 0`
- C. `val concat = foldl (fn (x,a) => a^x) ""`
- D. `val concat = foldl (fn (x,a) => x^a) ""`

Question 6 [1pt]. Put the letter for the best answer or a ? in this box

Which line below DOES NOT use or define a higher-order function?

- A. `fun square (x: real) = x * x`
- B. `map Int.toString [1, 2]`
- C. `fun pairString showa showb (a, b) = "(" ^ showa a ^ ", " ^ showb b ^ ")"`
- D. `val sum = foldl (fn (x, y) => x + y) 0 [1, 2, 3, 4]`

Question 7 [1pt]. Put the letter for the best answer or a ? in this box

Given:

```
fun applyTwice(f, x) = f(f(x));  
val result = applyTwice(fn x => x + 2, 5);
```

Which function is the lambda function, and what is the value of `result`?

- A. `fn x => x + 2, 7`
- B. `applyTwice, 9`
- C. `fn x => x + 2, 9`
- D. `f(f), 9`

Question 8 [1pt]. Write the SML code that uses a lambda function to determine if a number is even (Hint: Modulo in SML is 'mod').

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