

Building software: Version control with Git

Data Sciences Institute
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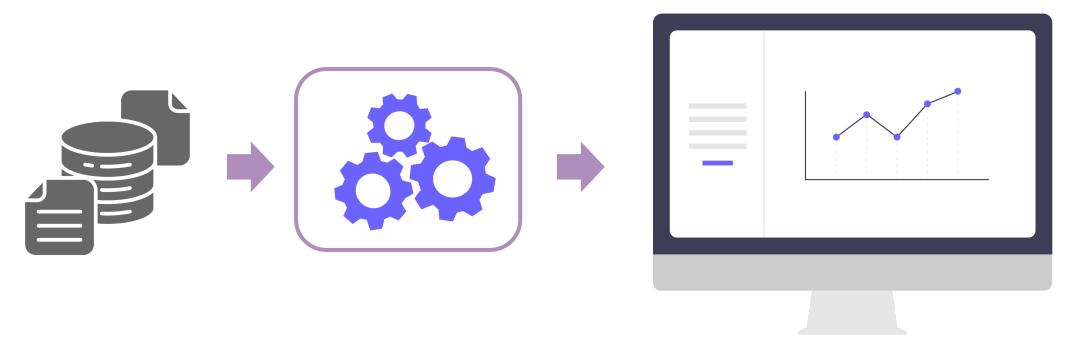
Course objective

How to write robust software in a team that we, our colleagues, and the public can trust and use with confidence.



Alex's new data pipeline

 Alex is a data engineer at a mid-sized company working on a new data processing pipeline and BI dashboard module



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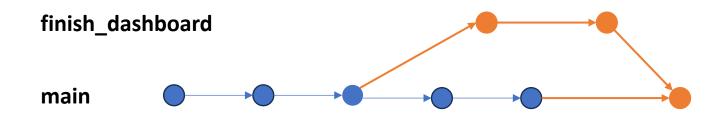
 Alex is a data engineer at a mid-sized company working on a new data processing pipeline and BI dashboard module

- Alex has a basic data pipeline and most of the BI module written
- Alex is currently working on expanding the data pipeline with more features. The
 expanded pipeline is not yet working, but.....
- She has a big client meeting coming up and they want a demo!



Alex's new data pipeline

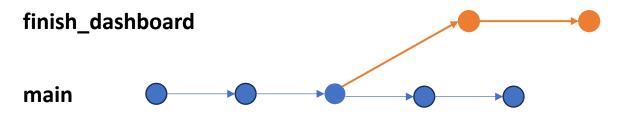
- Alex can use Git to go back to the last working state of her basic data pipeline
- Alex can finish up the BI module on another <u>branch</u>
- Present the amazing new BI module and wow then client
- Then <u>merge</u> her dashboard work back into the main branch incorporating both the in-progress pipeline and finished BI module





\$> Interactive live coding

Finish the dashboard on a separate branch.



1. Clone https://github.com/dtxe/DSI_branch_demo

git clone https://github.com/dtxe/DSI_branch_demo

2. Switch to good commit

git switch -c finish_dashboard 6539845acab60c73ab50b65d58d9e39fd4a10119

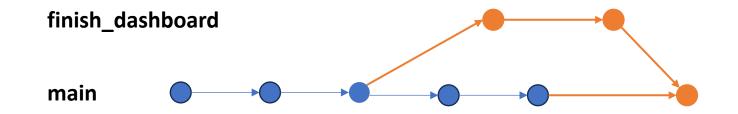
Finish the dashboard

touch dashboard; git add -A; git commit -m "finish dashboard"



\$> Interactive live coding

Merge the dashboard work into the main branch.



1. Switch to main

git switch main

2. Merge finish_dashboard

git merge finish_dashboard

Tracking changes with Alex

- Follow along as Alex uses Git to simplify her work
 - Create a new branch from a commit git switch
 - Merge changes from another branch git merge



Questions?

Listing branches

 List branches in your repo with git branch -v

\$> Let's try it now!

Deleting branches

Delete branches in your repo with

git branch –d <branch name>

- Git will warn you if your branch contains work that hasn't been incorporated into the main branch yet
 - But it is best practice to check before deleting anyways!

Pop-quiz: How do we check what commits are in a branch?

Deleting branches

Delete branches in your repo with

git branch –d <branch name>

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 - But it is best practice to check before deleting anyways!

\$> Let's try it now!

• Create a branch, make a commit, try deleting, merge, try deleting again

Git: Branching \$> Deleting branches

```
git switch -c newbranch

touch newfile; git add -A; git commit -m "newfile"

git switch main

git branch -d newbranch

>>> Error: branch is not fully merged

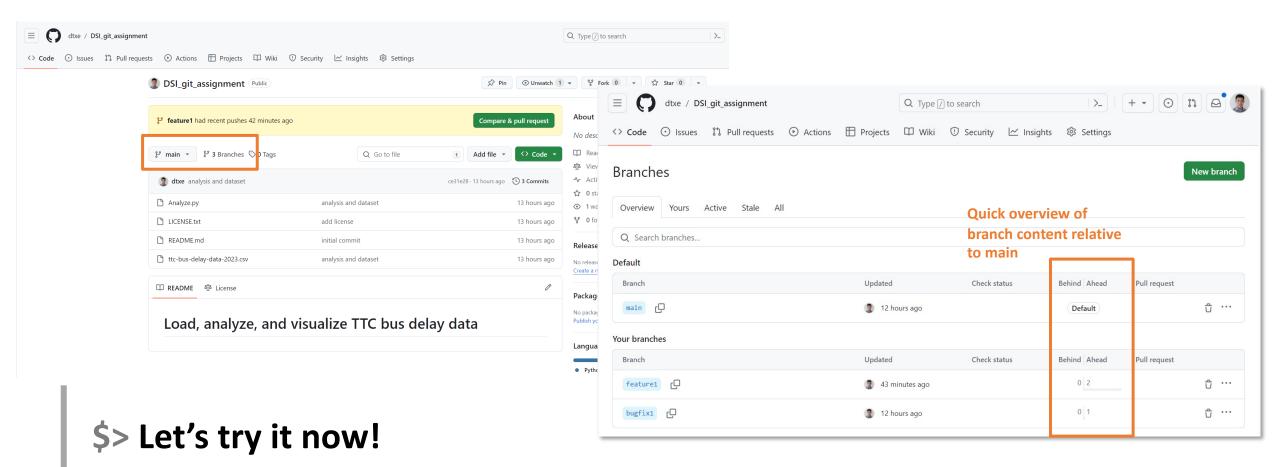
git merge newbranch

git branch -d newbranch

>>> Success!
```



Branches on GitHub



Git fetch

- Ask git to download from remote repositories
- Does not change your current working directory
- Enables subsequent merge from or switch to remote branches

git fetch upstream newfeature

THEN git merge upstream/newfeature

OR git switch -c newfeature upstream/newfeature

Pull = Fetch + Merge

- The combined fetch and merge happens very often
- Combined into the verb pull

git pull upstream newfeature

essentially performs:

git fetch upstream newfeature

git merge upstream/newfeature

Questions?

Git: Branching Git in VSCode

- Basic git commands are built-in with VSCode
 - Staging files, Commits, Branches

• View relationship between git commits intuitively with Git Graph

\$> Let's try it now!

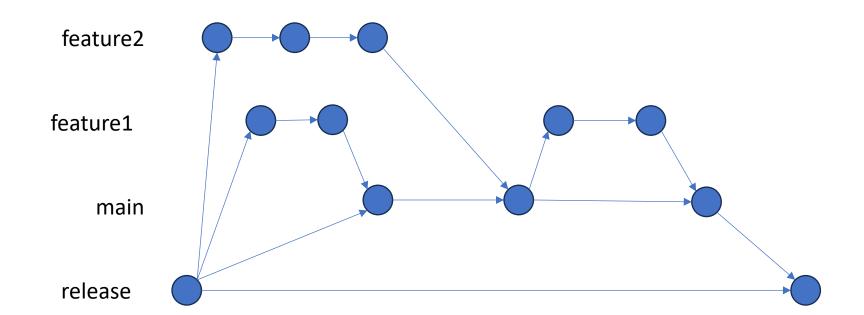
Questions?

Everything is a branch

- Including forks!
- We can merge from local branches, forks, remote branches, etc...

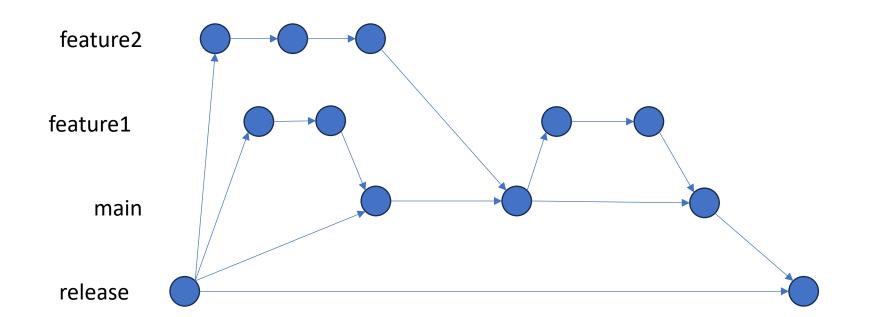
Branch workflows

- Multiple long-running branches are helpful for large projects
- Features are developed in their own branches, based on release commits



Branch workflows

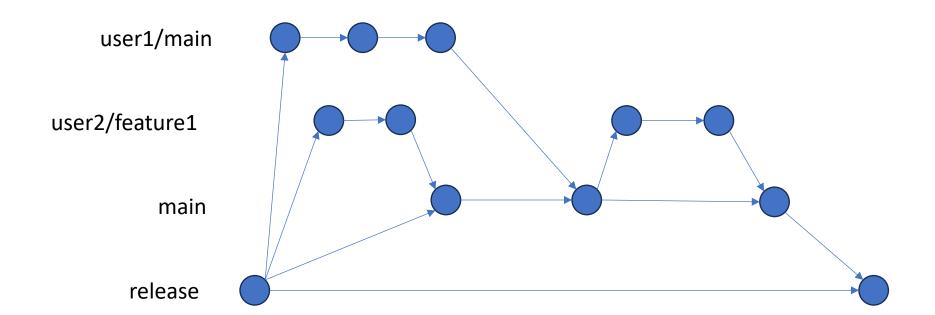
- Branches can have various levels of stability
 - Code can graduate/merge from **feature/topic** branches when stable
 - Features can be developed in parallel and merged into main





Branch workflows

• Branches can be user forks too



Questions?

Git: Ignoring files

.gitignore

- Why?
 - Large data files, intermediate output, secret keys, etc...
- Defined in the .gitignore file
- Specify path with wildcards
- Best practice: use existing .gitignore templates
 - Find them on GitHub: https://github.com/github/gitignore/blob/main/Python.gitignore

Questions?