epiworld

0.0-1

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1 Example: 00-hello-world	1
2 Benchmarking	3
3 Contributor Code of Conduct	5
4 epiworld c++ template library	7
4.1 Main features	7
4.2 Algorithm	7
4.3 Hello world (C++)	8
4.4 Surveillance simulation	8
4.4.1 Preliminary results	9
4.4.2 Cases detected	10
5 MIT License	11
6 model1	13
7 EPI Simulator	15
7.1 Disease dynamics	15
7.2 Network dynamics	15
7.3 Contagion dynamics	15
7.4 Time dynamics	15
7.5 Updating agent's status	16
7.5.1 Other parameters	16
8 Namespace Index	17
8.1 Namespace List	17
9 Hierarchical Index	19
9.1 Class Hierarchy	19
10 Class Index	21
10.1 Class List	21
11 File Index	23
11.1 File List	23
12 Namespace Documentation	25
12.1 sampler Namespace Reference	25
12.1.1 Detailed Description	25
12.1.2 Function Documentation	25
12.1.2.1 make_sample_virus_neighbors()	25
12.1.2.2 make_update_susceptible()	26
12.1.2.3 sample_virus_single()	26
13 Class Documentation	29

13.1 Action < TSeq > Struct Template Reference	29
13.1.1 Detailed Description	29
13.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	30
13.1.2.1 Action()	30
13.2 AdjList Class Reference	31
13.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	31
13.2.1.1 AdjList()	31
13.2.2 Member Function Documentation	31
13.2.2.1 read_edgelist()	32
13.3 Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference	32
13.3.1 Detailed Description	34
13.3.2 Member Function Documentation	35
13.3.2.1 operator()()	35
13.3.2.2 swap_neighbors()	35
13.3.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation	36
13.3.3.1 default_rm_entity	36
13.4 AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference	36
13.4.1 Detailed Description	36
13.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	37
13.4.2.1 AgentsSample()	37
13.5 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference	37
13.5.1 Detailed Description	39
13.5.2 Member Function Documentation	39
13.5.2.1 generation_time()	40
13.5.2.2 get_transmissions()	40
13.5.2.3 operator==() [1/2]	40
13.5.2.4 operator==() [2/2]	41
13.5.2.5 record_virus()	41
13.5.2.6 reproductive_number()	41
13.5.2.7 transition_probability()	41
13.6 Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference	42
13.6.1 Detailed Description	42
13.7 Entities_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	43
13.7.1 Detailed Description	43
13.8 Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference	43
13.8.1 Friends And Related Function Documentation	44
13.8.1.1 default_rm_entity	44
13.9 GlobalAction < TSeq > Class Template Reference	45
13.9.1 Detailed Description	45
13.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	45
13.9.2.1 GlobalAction()	45
13.10 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference	46

13.10.1 Detailed Description	47
13.11 Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference	47
13.11.1 Detailed Description	55
13.11.2 Member Function Documentation	55
13.11.2.1 actions_add()	55
13.11.2.2 actions_run()	56
13.11.2.3 add_global_action()	56
13.11.2.4 clone_ptr()	56
13.11.2.5 load_agents_entities_ties()	57
13.11.2.6 reset()	57
13.11.2.7 run_multiple()	57
13.11.2.8 set_agents_data()	58
13.11.2.9 set_name()	58
13.11.2.10 write_data()	58
13.11.3 Member Data Documentation	59
13.11.3.1 rbinomd	59
13.11.3.2 rexpd	59
13.11.3.3 rgammad	59
13.11.3.4 rlognormald	60
13.11.3.5 rnormd	60
13.11.3.6 runifd	60
13.11.3.7 time_elapsed	60
13.12 ModelDiffNet< TSeq > Class Template Reference	61
13.12.1 Detailed Description	62
13.13 ModelSEIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference	62
13.13.1 Detailed Description	63
13.13.2 Member Data Documentation	63
13.13.2.1 update_exposed_seir	64
13.13.2.2 update_infected_seir	64
13.14 ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	64
13.14.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	65
13.14.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()	65
13.15 ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference	66
13.15.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	67
13.15.1.1 ModelSEIRCONNLogit()	67
13.16 ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	68
13.16.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	69
13.16.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()	69
13.17 ModelSIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference	69
13.17.1 Detailed Description	70
13.18 ModelSIRCONN < TSeq > Class Template Reference	71
13.18.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	72

**14 File Documentation** 

13.18.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()	72
13.19 ModelSIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference	72
13.19.1 Detailed Description	73
13.20 ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq > Class Template Reference	74
13.20.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	74
13.20.1.1 ModelSIRDCONN()	75
13.21 ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference	75
13.21.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	76
13.21.1.1 ModelSIRLogit()	77
13.22 ModelSIS < TSeq > Class Template Reference	77
13.22.1 Detailed Description	78
13.23 ModelSISD< TSeq > Class Template Reference	79
13.23.1 Detailed Description	79
13.24 ModelSURV < TSeq > Class Template Reference	80
13.25 Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype > Class Template Reference	82
13.26 PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference	82
13.27 Progress Class Reference	82
13.27.1 Detailed Description	82
13.28 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference	83
13.28.1 Detailed Description	83
13.29 RandGraph Class Reference	84
13.30 SAMPLETYPE Class Reference	84
13.31 Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference	84
13.31.1 Detailed Description	85
13.32 Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference	85
13.32.1 Detailed Description	86
13.33 Tools_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	86
13.33.1 Detailed Description	87
13.34 UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference	87
13.34.1 Detailed Description	88
13.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	88
13.34.2.1 UserData()	88
13.35 vecHasher < T > Struct Template Reference	89
13.35.1 Detailed Description	89
13.36 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference	89
13.36.1 Detailed Description	91
13.37 Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference	91
13.37.1 Detailed Description	92
13.38 Viruses_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	92
13.38.1 Detailed Description	93

95

	<u> </u>
14.1 include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp File Reference	95
14.1.1 Detailed Description	96
Index	97

# Example: 00-hello-world

#### Output from the program:

```
Running the model...
```

# **Benchmarking**

Here we keep a list of scenarios where we compare epiworld with other ABM simulation engines. Although the comparison is made at the speed level, we also list features of capabilities and main differences between the engines.

4 Benchmarking

# **Contributor Code of Conduct**

As contributors and maintainers of this project, we pledge to respect all people who contribute through reporting issues, posting feature requests, updating documentation, submitting pull requests or patches, and other activities.

We are committed to making participation in this project a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of level of experience, gender, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, disability, personal appearance, body size, race, ethnicity, age, or religion.

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This Code of Conduct is adapted from the Contributor Covenant ( http://contributor-covenant.org), version 1.0.0, available at http://contributor-covenant.org/version/1/0/0/

# epiworld c++ template library

## 4.1 Main features

This C++ template-header-only library provides a general framework for epidemiologic simulation. The main features of the library are:

- 1. Four key classes: Model, Person, Tool, and Virus.
- 2. The model features a social networks of Persons.
- 3. Persons can have multiple Tools as a defense system.
- 4. Tools can reduce contagion rate, transmissibility, death rates, and improve recovery rates.
- 5. Viruses can mutate (generating new variants).
- 6. Models can feature multiple states, e.g., HEALTHY, SUSCEPTIBLE, etc.
- 7. Models can have an arbitrary number of parameters.
- 8. **REALLY FAST** About 6.5 Million person/day simulations per second.

## 4.2 Algorithm

## Setup

- · Create viruses.
- · Create tools (arbitrary).
- · Set model parameters (arbitrary).
- Create global events (e.g., surveillance).
- · Set up the population: small world network (default).
- Set up rewiring (optional).
- Set states (arbitrary number of them).

#### Run

- 1. Distribute the tool(s) and virus(es)
- 2. For each t in 1 -> Duration:
  - Update state for susceptible/infected/removed(?)
  - Mutate virus(es) (each individual)
  - Run global actions (e.g., surveillance)
  - · Run rewiring algorithm

#### Along update:

- · Contagion events are applied recorded.
- · New variants are recorded.
- · Optional user data is recorded.

## 4.3 Hello world (C++)

```
#include "include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp"
int main()
  // Creating a virus
 epiworld::Virus<> covid19("covid 19");
 covid19.set_infectiousness(.8);
  // Creating a tool
 epiworld::Tool<> vax("vaccine");
 vax.set_contagion_reduction(.95);
// Creating a model
  epiworld::Model<> model;
  // Adding the tool and virus
 model.add_virus(covid19, .01);
 model.add_tool(vax, .5);
  // Generating a random pop
 model.population_from_adjlist(
   epiworld::rgraph_smallworld(1000, 5, .2)
 // Initializing setting days and seed
model.init(60, 123123);
 // Running the model
model.run();
 model.print();
 return;
```

### 4.4 Surveillance simulation

- Incubation time of the disease  $\sim~\text{Gamma}$  (3, ~1)
- Duration of the disease  $\sim$ Gamma (12, 1)
- · Probability of becoming symptomatic: 0.9
- Prob. of transmission: 1.0.
- · Vaccinated population: 25%
- · Vaccine efficacy: .9.
- · Vaccine reduction on transmission: 0.5.
- Surveillance program of x% of the population at random.
- Individuals who test positive become isolated.

## 4.4.1 Preliminary results

```
# With low surveillance
pop_size <- 20e3
pop_seed <- pop_size * .01
s_levels <- c(0.0001, 0.002)
system(sprintf("./07-surveillance.o %i %i 100 %.04f 2>&1", pop_seed, pop_size, s_levels[1]), intern = TRUE)
 cat(sep = "\n")
## Running the model...
##
##
##
## SIMULATION STUDY
##
                   : 20000
## Population size
## Days (duration)
                  : 200 (of 200)
## Number of variants : 1
## Last run elapsed t : 505.00ms
## Rewiring
                    : off
##
## Virus(es):
## - Covid19 (baseline prevalence: 100 seeds)
## Tool(s):
##
   - Vaccine (baseline prevalence: 25.00%)
##
## Model parameters:
                           : 12.0000
## - Infect period
## - Latent period
## - Latent period : 3.0000
## - Prob of symptoms : 0.7000
## - Prob of transmission : 1.0000
## - Prob. death
                           : 0.0010
## - Prob. reinfect
                          : 0.1000
## - Surveilance prob. : 1.0e-04
## - Vax efficacy : 0.9000
## - Vax redux transmision : 0.5000
##
\#\# Distribution of the population at time 200:
## - Total susceptible (S) : 19900 -> 2106
## - Total recovered (S)
                                            0 -> 17369
## - Total latent (I)
                                          100 -> 109
## - Total symptomatic (I)
                                           0 -> 155
                                           0 -> 2
## - Total symptomatic isolated (I) :
##
   - Total asymptomatic (I)
  - Total asymptomatic isolated (I) :
                                           0 -> 0
##
## - Total removed (R)
                                           0 -> 187
##
## (S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
## _
hist1 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_hist.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
surv1 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_user_data.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
# With high surveillance
system(sprintf("./07-surveillance.o %i %i 100 %.04f 2>&1", pop_seed, pop_size, s_levels[2]), intern = TRUE)
 cat(sep = "\n")
## Running the model...
##
##
##
## SIMULATION STUDY
## Population size : 20000 . 200 (duration)
## Days (duration)
                    : 200 (of 200)
## Number of variants : 1
## Last run elapsed t : 530.00ms
## Rewiring
##
## Virus(es):
```

```
## - Covid19 (baseline prevalence: 100 seeds)
## Tool(s):
## - Vaccine (baseline prevalence: 25.00%)
##
## Model parameters:
## - Infect period
                           : 12.0000
                          : 3.0000
##
   - Latent period
## - Prob of symptoms
                            : 0.7000
  - Prob of transmission : 1.0000
                           : 0.0010
   - Prob. death
##
   - Prob. reinfect
##
                            : 0.1000
  - Surveilance prob.
                           : 0.0020
## - Vax efficacy
                          : 0.9000
##
   - Vax redux transmision : 0.5000
##
\#\# Distribution of the population at time 200:
  - Total susceptible (S)
##
                                       : 19900 -> 2125
## - Total recovered (S)
                                              0 -> 17325
  - Total latent (I)
                                             100 -> 109
##
##
   - Total symptomatic (I)
                                              0 -> 155
## - Total symptomatic isolated (I)
                                               0 -> 8
                                      :
## - Total asymptomatic (I)
                                              0 -> 76
##
   - Total asymptomatic isolated (I) :
                                               0 -> 1
  - Total removed (R)
                                               0 -> 201
##
## (S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
## _
hist2 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_hist.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
surv2 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_user_data.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
hist_comb <- rbind(
 cbind(sim = as.character(s_levels[1]), hist1),
 cbind(sim = as.character(s_levels[2]), hist2)
qqplot(hist\_comb, aes(x = date, y = counts + 1, colour = state, linetype=sim)) +
 geom_line() +
 # scale_y_log10() +
labs(y = "Counts (log)")
```

#### 4.4.2 Cases detected

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## model1

The dynamics of the simulation process are:

- 1. Discrete Markov process.
- 2. The simulation has the following parameters:
  - a. New variant emergence at rate X. b. For each variant k:
    - Unvaccinated individuals become sick rate C(k),
    - Mortality rate D(k),
    - Recovery rate H(k),
    - Vaccines have an efficaccy rate  $\mathbb{E}\left(v,k\right)$  and pseudo vaccines (recovered) have efficacy rate  $\mathbb{E}\left(r,k\right)$   $< \mathbb{E}\left(v,k\right)$ . In general, the probability of i acquiring the disease k from j will be equal to

```
``` P(i gets the disease from j | their states) = C(k) * (1 - E(i,k)) * (1 - E(j,k)) ```
```

where (i,j) in (u,v,r). Efficacy rate for unvaccinated is zero.

- Vaccinated individuals have a reduced mortality rate D(k,v) > D(k), and recovered individuals D(k,r) in (D(k,v), D(k)]
- Vaccinated individuals have an increased recovery rate H (k, v) > H (k), whereas recovered's rate H (k, r) in [H(k), H(k, v)).

The sum of mortality and recovery rates is less than one since the difference represents no change.

- c. Each country vaccinates citizens at rate V function of A (availability) and B (citizens' acceptance rate.) d. In each country i, the entire population N(i) distributes between the following states:
  - Healthy unvaccinated (N (i,t,u)),
  - Healthy vaccinated ( $\mathbb{N}(i,t,v)$ ),
  - Deceased (N(i,t,d)),
  - Recovered (N(i,t,r)),
  - Unvaccinated and sick with variant (N(i,t,s,k|u))k., and
  - Vaccinated and sick with variant (N (i,t,s,k|v)) k .

```
Total sick are N(i,t,k,s) = sum(g in \{u,v\}) N(i,t,k,s|g)
```

Globally, we keep track of the prevalence of new variants. Variants can disappear if no more individuals port the variant, i.e., the prevalence rate P(k,t) = sum(i) N(i,s,k) equals zero.

d. Vaccines are manufactured at each country at rates  $\mathbb{M}(i)$  and uniformly shared with other countries at rate  $\mathbb{S}(i)$ . c. Population flows between each country pair (i,j) at a rate  $\mathbb{F}(i,j)$ . Flows between countries do not change Population and are symmetric.

14 model1

- 3. The simulation process is as follows:
  - (a) Countries are initialized with a total population N(i).
  - (b) Variant zero initializes at a random location i, with an initial prevalence P(k,t) = N(i,t,k).
  - (c) For time t in (0,T) do:
    - a. Unvaccinated individuals can become sick of variant  ${\bf k}$  with probability:
    - ```  $Pr(h->s|i,t,k,u) \sim sum(g in \{u,v\}) (N(i,t-1,s,k|g) + sum(j != i) F(i,j) * N(j,t-1,s,k|g)) * C(k) / (N(i) + sum(j != i) N(j)) ```$
    - b. Vaccinated individuals can become sick of variant k with probability:  $\Pr(v->s|i,t,k,v) \sim \Pr(h->s|i,t,k) * (1 E(v,k))$ .
    - b. Recovered individuals can become sick of variant k with probability:  $\Pr(v->s|i,t,k,r) \sim \Pr(h->s|i,t,k) * (1 E(r,k))$ .
    - c. Sick individuals with variant k die with probability D(k) or recover with probability H(k), otherwise they stay infected; with the rates depending on their vaccination status v or n.
    - d. Unvaccinated individuals vaccinate in country i with probability  $P(u->v) \sim V(A(i,t), B(i))$ .
    - e. The country vaccine supply changes.

## **EPI Simulator**

## 7.1 Disease dynamics

Diseases continuously evolve in time. Changes in their genetic sequence make them more or less resistant to the particular version of the vaccine. Mutations also affect the transmissibility level and mortality rate of the disease. Using this approach allows making vaccination efficacy a function of compatibility between the variant and the vaccine.

When an individual becomes infected, the disease accumulates mutations in the new host. Ultimately, there is no single version of the disease present in the model, but rather an infinite number of them, each slightly different from the other.

## 7.2 Network dynamics

We can assume that the Population is organized in fully connected blocks for the first version of the model. Block sizes and the number of connections between blocks are Poisson random variables. Individuals interact with all the members of their blocks, and bridging individuals allow the disease to move across blocks.

## 7.3 Contagion dynamics

The transmission of the disease will be governed by the number of vaccinated, infected, and recovered within each block. Transmission between blocks will be treated in the same way, although individuals bridging the block will only interact with others within the block and their direct connections across the blocks.

## 7.4 Time dynamics

Time dynamics has two components, how biology evolves and how agents react.

The model develops as a continuous-time Markov process. Each block of individuals takes action at rates  $\mathbb{L}\left(\frac{1}{N}\right)$  function of the local number of infections. This way, if

16 EPI Simulator

## 7.5 Updating agent's status

Like most other components, updating agents' states can be personalized. A naive approach allows agents to get infected with a single virus or stay as-is. The probability of this event is conditional on acquiring at most one virus. Since these are independent events, the conditional probability is computed as follows:

### Where

```
P(only variant k) = P(k) * Prod(m!=v) (1 - P(m))

P(at most 1) = P(None) + Sum(v in variants) P(v) * Prod(m != v) (1 - P(m))

P(None) = Prod(v in variants) (1 - P(v))
```

Furthermore, the (Variant, Person) pairs are treated independently.

## 7.5.1 Other parameters

- · Who did you get the infection from.
- · Omicron is 1.5 more infectious than delta.
- · Surveillance:
  - Pull people to be tested at random.
  - Or at symptoms.
  - A mix of the two.
- Define a class for passing extra functions and datasets, for example, testing surveillance.
- · Exposed people become infectious after k days.
- Network changesthe can be a function of an ERGM. Apply K steps throughout time.
- · Add progress bar.

# Namespace Index

# 8.1 Namespace List

Here is a list	of all documented namespaces	with brief descri	iptions:	
sampler				
	Functions for sampling viruses			 2!

18 Namespace Index

# **Hierarchical Index**

# 9.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Action < TSeq >
AdjList
Agent < TSeq >
AgentsSample < TSeq >
DataBase < TSeq >
Entities < TSeq >
Entities_const< TSeq >
Entity < TSeq >
GlobalAction < TSeq >
LFMCMC< TData >
epiworld::Model
ModelDiffNet< TSeq >
ModelSEIR < TSeq >
ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >
ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq >
ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq >
ModelSIR < TSeq >
ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >
ModelSIRD< TSeq >
ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >
ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >
ModelSIS< TSeq >
ModelSISD< TSeq >
ModelSURV < TSeq >
Model < TSeq >
Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >
PersonTools < TSeq >
Progress
Queue < TSeq >
RandGraph
SAMPLETYPE
Tool < TSeq >
Tools < TSeq >
Tools_const< TSeq >
UserData < TSeq >

20 Hierarchical Index

vecHasher< T >	89
Virus< TSeq >	89
Viruses< TSeq >	91
Viruses_const< TSeq >	92

# **Class Index**

## 10.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Action< TSeq >	
Action data for update an agent	29
AdjList	31
Agent < TSeq >	
Agent (agents)	32
AgentsSample < TSeq >	
Sample of agents	36
DataBase < TSeq >	
Statistical data about the process	37
Entities < TSeq >	
Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)	42
Entities_const< TSeq >	
Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)	43
Entity < TSeq >	43
GlobalAction < TSeq >	
Template for a Global Action	45
LFMCMC< TData >	
Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo	46
Model < TSeq >	
Core class of epiworld	47
ModelDiffNet< TSeq >	
Template for a Network Diffusion Model	61
ModelSEIR < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model	62
ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >	64
ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq >	66
ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq >	68
ModelSIR < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	69
ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >	71
ModelSIRD< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model	72
ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >	74
${\sf ModelSIRLogit} {<} {\sf TSeq} {>} \ldots \ldots$	75
ModelSIS < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model	77

22 Class Index

ModelSISD< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model	79
ModelSURV < TSeq >	80
Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >	82
PersonTools < TSeq >	82
Progress	
A simple progress bar	82
Queue < TSeq >	
Controls which agents are verified at each step	83
RandGraph	84
SAMPLETYPE	84
Tool< TSeq >	
Tools for defending the agent against the virus	84
Tools< TSeq >	
Set of tools (useful for building iterators)	85
Tools_const< TSeq >	
Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)	86
UserData < TSeq >	
Personalized data by the user	87
vecHasher< T >	
Vector hasher	89
Virus< TSeq >	
Virus	89
Viruses < TSeq >	
Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)	91
Viruses_const< TSeq >	
Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)	92

# File Index

## 11.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

epiworld.hpp
include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-actions-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp
Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file
include/epiworld/agent-meat-virus-sampling.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>config.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>entities-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/entity-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/entity-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>epiworld-macros.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp
include/epiworld/globalactions-bones.hpp??
include/epiworld/globalactions-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/misc.hpp
include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/model-meat-print.hpp
include/epiworld/model-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>network-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/ <b>progress.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>randgraph.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/ <b>random_graph.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/seq_processing.hpp
include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/tool-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>userdata-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/ <b>userdata-meat.hpp</b>

24 File Index

include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp	??
include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp	??
include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp	??
include/epiworld/math/ <b>Ifmcmc.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-bones.hpp	??
include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat-print.hpp	
include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat.hpp	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>diffnet.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>globalactions.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>models.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/seir.hpp	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>seirconnected.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/seirconnected_logit.hpp	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>seird.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>seirdconnected.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>sir.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/sirconnected.hpp	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>sird.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>sirdconnected.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>sirlogit.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>sis.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>sisd.hpp</b>	
include/epiworld/models/ <b>surveillance.hpp</b>	
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# **Namespace Documentation**

## 12.1 sampler Namespace Reference

Functions for sampling viruses.

### **Functions**

```
    template<typename TSeq >
        std::function< void(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_update_susceptible (std::vector<
        epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

```
    template<typename TSeq = int>
    std::function< Virus< TSeq > *(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_sample_virus_neighbors
    (std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

```
    template<typename TSeq = int>
    Virus< TSeq > * sample_virus_single (Agent< TSeq > *p, Model< TSeq > *m)
```

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

## 12.1.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### 12.1.2 Function Documentation

### 12.1.2.1 make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

## 12.1.2.2 make\_update\_susceptible()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

TCon	
i Seq	

### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

### 12.1.2.3 sample\_virus\_single()

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

This function samples at most one virus from the pool of viruses from its neighbors. If no virus is selected, the function returns a nullptr, otherwise it returns a pointer to the selected virus.

This can be used to build a new update function (EPI\_NEW\_UPDATEFUN.)

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### **Parameters**

р	Pointer to person
m	Pointer to the model

## Returns

 $\label{thm:continuity} \mbox{Virus$<$TSeq$>*$ of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;}$ 

# **Chapter 13**

# **Class Documentation**

# 13.1 Action < TSeq > Struct Template Reference

Action data for update an agent.

#include <config.hpp>

# **Public Member Functions**

Action (Agent< TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr< TSeq > virus\_, ToolPtr< TSeq > tool\_, Entity< TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, ActionFun< TSeq > call\_, int idx\_agent\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Action object.

# **Public Attributes**

- Agent < TSeq > \* agent
- VirusPtr< TSeq > virus
- ToolPtr< TSeq > tool
- Entity < TSeq > \* entity
- epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state
- epiworld\_fast\_int queue
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{ActionFun} < \mathsf{TSeq} > \mathbf{call}$
- · int idx agent
- int idx\_object

# 13.1.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq > struct Action < TSeq >

Action data for update an agent.

# **Template Parameters**

# 13.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 13.1.2.1 Action()

Construct a new Action object.

All the parameters are rather optional.

## **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over who the action will happen
virus_	Virus to add
tool_	Tool to add
virus_idx	Index of virus to be removed (if needed)
tool_idx	Index of tool to be removed (if needed)
new_←	Next state
state_	
queue_	Efect on the queue
call_	The action call (if needed)
idx_←	Location of agent in object.
agent_	
idx_←	Location of object in agent.
object_	

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/config.hpp

# 13.2 AdjList Class Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

- AdjList (const std::vector < int > &source, const std::vector < int > &target, int size, bool directed)
   Construct a new Adj List object.
- AdjList (AdjList &&a)
- AdjList (const AdjList &a)
- AdjList & operator= (const AdjList &a)
- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=true)

Read an edgelist.

- std::map< int, int > operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i) const
- void **print** (epiworld\_fast\_uint limit=20u) const
- size\_t vcount () const

Number of vertices/nodes in the network.

· size\_t ecount () const

Number of edges/arcs/ties in the network.

- std::vector< std::map< int, int > > & get\_dat ()
- bool is\_directed () const

true if the network is directed.

# 13.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 13.2.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

lds in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

### **Parameters**

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
size	Number of vertices in the network.
directed	Bool true if the network is directed

# 13.2.2 Member Function Documentation

### 13.2.2.1 read\_edgelist()

```
void AdjList::read_edgelist (
    std::string fn,
    int size,
    int skip = 0,
    bool directed = true ) [inline]
```

Read an edgelist.

Ids in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file
skip	Number of lines to skip (e.g., 1 if there's a header)
directed	true if the network is directed
size	Number of vertices in the network.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp

# 13.3 Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference

```
Agent (agents)
```

```
#include <agent-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

```
• Agent (Agent < TSeq > &&p)
```

- Agent (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- Agent < TSeq > & operator= (const Agent < TSeq > & other\_agent)
- int get\_id () const

Id of the individual.

- VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus (int i)
- Viruses < TSeq > get\_viruses ()
- const Viruses\_const< TSeq > get\_viruses () const
- · size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const noexcept
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- Tools < TSeq > get\_tools ()
- const Tools\_const < TSeq > get\_tools () const
- size\_t get\_n\_tools () const noexcept
- void mutate\_virus ()
- void add\_neighbor (Agent < TSeq > &p, bool check\_source=true, bool check\_target=true)
- void swap neighbors (Agent < TSeq > & other, size t n this, size t n other)

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > get\_neighbors ()

- size\_t get\_n\_neighbors () const
- void change\_state (Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_state, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=0)
- · const epiworld fast uint & get state () const
- void reset ()
- bool has\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- bool has\_tool (std::string name) const
- bool has\_tool (const Tool < TSeq > &t) const
- · bool has virus (epiworld fast uint t) const
- · bool has virus (std::string name) const
- bool has\_virus (const Virus < TSeq > &v) const
- void print (Model < TSeq > \*model, bool compressed=false) const
- Entities < TSeq > get\_entities ()
- const Entities\_const< TSeq > get\_entities () const
- const Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size\_t i) const
- Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size ti)
- size t get n entities () const
- bool operator== (const Agent < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Agent < TSeq > &other) const

### Add/Remove Virus/Tool

Any of these is ultimately reflected at the end of the iteration.

#### **Parameters**

tool	Tool to add
virus	Virus to add
state_new	state after the change
queue	

- void **add\_tool** (ToolPtr< TSeq > tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > tool, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld ← fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void add\_virus (Virus< TSeq > virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint entity\_idx, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (Entity< TSeq > &entity, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state ← \_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
  - Agent removed by virus.
- void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_
   —
   new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

Agent removed by virus.

### Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

#### **Parameters**

```
v A pointer to a virus.
```

#### Returns

epiworld double

- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double **get\_recovery\_enhancer** (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- double & operator() (size\_t j)

Access the j-th column of the agent.

- double & operator[] (size\_t j)
- double operator() (size\_t j) const
- double operator[] (size\_t j) const

# **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Viruses < TSeq >
- class Viruses\_const< TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Tools < TSeq >
- class Tools\_const< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >
- class Entities < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default add tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_entity (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void  ${\bf default\_rm\_virus}$  (Action<  ${\sf TSeq} > {\tt \&a}$ ,  ${\sf Model} < {\sf TSeq} > *m$ )
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

# 13.3.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Agent< TSeq >
```

Agent (agents)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq | Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)

## 13.3.2 Member Function Documentation

# 13.3.2.1 operator()()

Access the j-th column of the agent.

If an external array has been specified, then these two functions can be used to access additional agent's features not included in the model.

The <code>operator[]</code> method is with no boundary check, whereas the <code>operator()</code> method checks boundaries. The former can result in a segfault.

#### **Parameters**



### Returns

double&

# 13.3.2.2 swap\_neighbors()

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

#### **Parameters**

other	
n_this	
n_other	

# 13.3.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 13.3.3.1 default rm entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/agent-meat.hpp

# 13.4 AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Sample of agents.

```
#include <agentssample-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• AgentsSample ()=delete

Default constructor.

 $\bullet \ \ \ \mbox{AgentsSample} < \mbox{TSeq} > \&a) \mbox{=} \mbox{delete}$ 

Copy constructor.

• AgentsSample (AgentsSample < TSeq > &&a)=delete

Move constructor.

- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > &model\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Entity < TSeq > &entity\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
- $\bullet \ \ \, \mathsf{AgentsSample} \ \, (\mathsf{Model} < \mathsf{TSeq} > *\mathsf{model}, \, \mathsf{Agent} < \mathsf{TSeq} > \& \mathsf{agent}\_, \, \mathsf{size\_t} \, \, \mathsf{n}, \, \mathsf{bool} \, \, \mathsf{truncate=false})$

Sample from the agent's entities.

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector<  $\mbox{Agent}<\mbox{TSeq}>*>::iterator\mbox{ end }()$
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t n)
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator() (size\_t n)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

# 13.4.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class AgentsSample< TSeq >
```

Sample of agents.

This class allows sampling agents from Entity<TSeq> and Model<TSeq>.

**Template Parameters** 

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1364	

# 13.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.4.2.1 AgentsSample()

Sample from the agent's entities.

For example, how many individuals the agent contacts in a given point in time.

# **Template Parameters**



### **Parameters**

agent⇔	
_	
n	Sample size
truncate	If the agent has fewer than $n$ connections, then truncate = true will automatically reduce the number of possible samples. Otherwise, if false, then it returns an error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp

# 13.5 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

```
#include <database-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (Model < TSeq > &m)
- DataBase (const DataBase < TSeq > &db)
- void record virus (Virus < TSeq > &v)

Registering a new variant.

- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void set\_seq\_hasher (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- · void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- · size t size () const
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_virus\_info, std::string fn\_virus\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_transition, std::string fn\_tra
- void record\_transmission (int i, int j, int virus, int i\_expo\_date)
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const
- · size t get n tools () const
- void set user data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add user data (std::vector< epiworld double > x)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > transition\_probability (bool print=true) const

Calculates the transition probabilities.

- bool operator== (const DataBase< TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const DataBase < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator== (const DataBase< std::vector< int >> &other) const

### Get recorded information from the model

#### **Parameters**

what std::string, The state, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...

### Returns

In get\_today\_total, the current counts of what.

In get\_today\_virus, the current counts of what for each virus.

In get\_hist\_total, the time series of what

In get\_hist\_virus, the time series of what for each virus.

In get\_hist\_total\_date and get\_hist\_virus\_date the corresponding date

- · int get\_today\_total (std::string what) const
- · int get today total (epiworld fast uint what) const
- void get\_today\_total (std::vector< std::string > \*state=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_virus (std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*state, std::vector< int > \*counts) const
- void get\_hist\_virus (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_tool (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &counts) const

- void get\_hist\_transition\_matrix (std::vector< std::string > &state\_from, std::vector< std::string > &state\_to, std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &counts, bool skip\_zeros) const
- void get\_transmissions (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &source, std::vector< int > &target, std::vector< int > &virus, std::vector< int > &source\_exposure\_date) const

Get the transmissions object.

- void get\_transmissions (int \*date, int \*source, int \*target, int \*virus, int \*source\_exposure\_date) const
- MapVec\_type< int, int > reproductive\_number () const
   Computes the reproductive number of each case.
- void reproductive\_number (std::string fn) const
- void generation\_time (std::vector< int > &agent\_id, std::vector< int > &virus\_id, std::vector< int > &time, std::vector< int > &gentime) const
- void **generation\_time** (std::string fn) const

# **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

# 13.5.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class DataBase< TSeq >

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

### 13.5.2 Member Function Documentation

### 13.5.2.1 generation\_time()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void DataBase< TSeq >::generation_time (
    std::vector< int > & agent_id,
    std::vector< int > & virus_id,
    std::vector< int > & time,
    std::vector< int > & gentime ) const [inline]
```

# Calculates the generating time

### **Parameters**

# 13.5.2.2 get\_transmissions()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void DataBase< TSeq >::get_transmissions (
    std::vector< int > & date,
    std::vector< int > & source,
    std::vector< int > & target,
    std::vector< int > & virus,
    std::vector< int > & source_exposure_date ) const [inline]
```

Get the transmissions object.

#### **Parameters**

date	
source	
target	
virus	
source_exposure_date	

# 13.5.2.3 operator==() [1/2]

< Date when the source acquired the varia,

# 13.5.2.4 operator==() [2/2]

< Date when the source acquired the varia

# 13.5.2.5 record\_virus()

Registering a new variant.

#### **Parameters**

Pointer to the new virus. Since viruses are originated in the agent, the numbers simply move around. From the parent virus to the new virus. And the total number of infected does not change.

# 13.5.2.6 reproductive\_number()

```
template<typename TSeq >
MapVec_type< int, int > DataBase< TSeq >::reproductive_number [inline]
```

Computes the reproductive number of each case.

By definition, whereas it computes R0 (basic reproductive number) or Rt/R (the effective reproductive number) will depend on whether the virus is allowed to circulate naïvely or not, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

*fn* File where to write out the reproductive number.

### 13.5.2.7 transition probability()

```
{\tt template}{<}{\tt typename}~{\tt TSeq}~{>}
```

Calculates the transition probabilities.

Returns

```
std::vector< epiworld_double >
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp

# 13.6 Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <entities-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- Entities (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Entity< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- Entity< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- bool operator== (const Entities < TSeq > &other) const

# **Friends**

- class  ${f Entity}{<}\,{f TSeq}>$
- class Agent < TSeq >

# 13.6.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Entities< TSeq>
```

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp

# 13.7 Entities\_const < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

```
#include <entities-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Entities\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end ()
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- bool operator== (const Entities\_const < TSeq > &other) const

### **Friends**

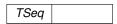
- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

# 13.7.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq > class Entities_const < TSeq >
```

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp

# 13.8 Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

Entity (std::string name)

```
\bullet \ \ \mathsf{void} \ \mathbf{add\_agent} \ (\mathsf{Agent} {<\mathsf{TSeq}} > \mathsf{\&p}, \\ \mathsf{Model} {<\mathsf{TSeq}} > *\mathsf{model}) \\
```

- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void rm\_agent (size\_t idx)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- void set\_location (std::vector< epiworld\_double > loc)
- std::vector< epiworld double > & get\_location ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end () const
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t i)
- int get\_id () const noexcept
- · const std::string & get\_name () const noexcept
- void **set\_state** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get\_state (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- void reset ()
- bool operator== (const Entity< TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Entity < TSeq > & other) const

### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_entity (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

### 13.8.1 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 13.8.1.1 default rm entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity
- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity
- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/entity-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/entity-meat.hpp

# 13.9 GlobalAction < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Global Action.

```
#include <globalactions-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- GlobalAction (GlobalFun < TSeq > fun, std::string name, int day=-99)
   Construct a new Global Action object.
- void operator() (Model < TSeq > \*m, int day)
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- void set day (int day)
- int get\_day () const
- · void print () const
- bool operator== (const GlobalAction < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const GlobalAction < TSeq > &other) const

# 13.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq > class Global Action < TSeq >
```

Template for a Global Action.

Global actions are functions that Model<TSeq> executes at the end of a day.

# 13.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 13.9.2.1 GlobalAction()

Construct a new Global Action object.

### **Parameters**

fun	A function that takes a Model <tseq> * as argument and returns void.</tseq>
name	A descriptive name for the action.
day	The day when the action will be executed. If negative, it will be executed every day.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/globalactions-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/globalactions-meat.hpp

# 13.10 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

```
#include <lfmcmc-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- void run (std::vector< epiworld double > param init, size t n samples , epiworld double epsilon )
- LFMCMC (TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set observed data (TData &observed data )
- void set\_proposal\_fun (LFMCMCProposalFun < TData > fun)
- void set simulation fun (LFMCMCSimFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (LFMCMCSummaryFun< TData > fun)
- void set\_kernel\_fun (LFMCMCKernelFun< TData > fun)
- size\_t get\_n\_samples () const
- · size t get n statistics () const
- size\_t get\_n\_parameters () const
- · epiworld double get epsilon () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_now ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_prev ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_init ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_statistics\_obs ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_statistics\_hist ()
- const std::vector< bool > & get\_statistics\_accepted ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_posterior\_lf\_prob ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_drawn\_prob ()
- std::vector< TData > \* get\_sampled\_data ()
- void set\_par\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void set\_stats\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_params\_mean ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_stats\_mean ()
- · void print ()

# Random number generation

#### **Parameters**



- void **set\_rand\_engine** (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s)
- void set\_rand\_gamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld\_double runif ()

- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double **runif** (epiworld\_double lb, epiworld\_double ub)
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld\_double **rgamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)

# 13.10.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TData > class LFMCMC < TData >

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

**Template Parameters** 

TData Type of data that is generated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

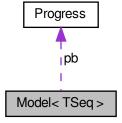
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat-print.hpp
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat.hpp

# 13.11 Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

#include <model-bones.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for Model < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase < TSeq > & get\_db ()
- epiworld\_double & operator() (std::string pname)
- size\_t size () const
- · void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (std::string fn, int skip)

Associate agents-entities from a file.

- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const
- size t get n tools () const
- · epiworld fast uint get\_ndays () const
- epiworld fast uint get n replicates () const
- void set\_ndays (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays)
- bool get\_verbose () const
- void verbose\_off ()
- void verbose on ()
- · int today () const

The current time of the model.

void write\_data (std::string fn\_virus\_info, std::string fn\_virus\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmissio

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- · virtual void reset ()

Reset the model.

- void print (bool lite=false) const
- Model < TSeq > && clone () const
- void **get\_elapsed** (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_
   elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit\_abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_global\_action (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, std::string name="A global action", int date=-99)

Set a global action.

- void add\_global\_action (GlobalAction < TSeq > action)
- GlobalAction < TSeq > & get\_global\_action (std::string name)

Retrieve a global action by name.

GlobalAction < TSeq > & get\_global\_action (size\_t i)

Retrieve a global action by index.

· void rm global action (std::string name)

Remove a global action by name.

void rm\_global\_action (size\_t i)

Remove a global action by index.

- · void run global actions ()
- void clear\_state\_set ()
- const std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > & get\_viruses () const
- const std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools () const
- Virus < TSeq > & get\_virus (size\_t id)
- Tool < TSeq > & get\_tool (size\_t id)
- void set\_agents\_data (double \*data\_, size\_t ncols\_)

Set the agents data object.

- double \* get\_agents\_data ()
- · size\_t get\_agents\_data\_ncols () const
- void set name (std::string name)

Set the name object.

std::string get\_name () const

- bool operator== (const Model < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Model < TSeq > &other) const

# Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

void set backup ()

#### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng	Random number generator
S	Seed

- void set rand engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (size ts)
- void set rand norm (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- void set rand unif (epiworld double a, epiworld double b)
- void **set\_rand\_exp** (epiworld\_double\_lambda)
- void set rand gamma (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)
- void set\_rand\_lognormal (epiworld double mean, epiworld double shape)
- void set rand binom (int n, epiworld double p)
- epiworld\_double runif ()
- epiworld\_double runif (epiworld\_double a, epiworld\_double b)
- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld\_double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double rgamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double rexp ()
- epiworld\_double rexp (epiworld\_double lambda)
- · epiworld double rlognormal ()
- epiworld\_double **rlognormal** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)
- int rbinom ()
- int **rbinom** (int n, epiworld\_double p)

# Add Virus/Tool to the model

This is done before the model has been initialized.

#### **Parameters**

V	Virus to be added
t	Tool to be added
preval	Initial prevalence (initial state.) It can be specified as a proportion (between zero and one,) or an integer indicating number of individuals.

- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > &v, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_virus\_n (Virus< TSeq > &v, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void  $add\_virus\_fun$  (Virus< TSeq > &v, VirusToAgentFun< TSeq > fun)
- void add\_tool (Tool< TSeq > &t, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_tool\_n (Tool< TSeq > &t, epiworld fast uint preval)
- void add\_tool\_fun (Tool< TSeq > &t, ToolToAgentFun< TSeq > fun)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > e)

- void rm\_virus (size\_t virus\_pos)
- void rm\_tool (size t tool pos)
- void rm\_entity (size\_t entity\_pos)

#### Accessing population of the model

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string Filename of the edgelist file.
skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.
size	Size of the network.
al	AdjList to read into the model.

- void agents from adjlist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=false)
- void agents\_from\_edgelist (const std::vector< int > &source, const std::vector< int > &target, int size, bool directed)
- void agents from adjlist (AdjList al)
- · bool is\_directed () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > & get\_agents ()

Returns a reference to the vector of agents.

• std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > get\_agents\_states () const

Returns a vector with the states of the agents.

std::vector< Viruses const< TSeq > > get agents viruses () const

Returns a const vector with the viruses of the agents.

std::vector< Viruses< TSeq > > get\_agents\_viruses ()

Returns a vector with the viruses of the agents.

- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > & get\_entities ()
- void agents\_empty\_graph (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000)

#### Functions to run the model

# Parameters

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.

- void update\_state ()
- void mutate\_virus ()
- void next ()
- virtual void run (epiworld fast uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

void run\_multiple (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, epiworld\_fast\_uint nexperiments, int seed\_=-1, std::function
 void(size\_t, Model< TSeq > \*)> fun=make\_save\_run< TSeq >(), bool reset=true, bool verbose=true, int nthreads=1)

# Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} \rightarrow \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} \rightarrow \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

#### **Parameters**

proportion	Proportion of ties to be rewired.

#### Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void set\_rewire\_fun (std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> fun)
- void set\_rewire\_prop (epiworld\_double prop)
- epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- void rewire ()

#### Export the network data in edgelist form

### **Parameters**

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- · void write edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< int > &source, std::vector< int > &target) const

### Manage state (states) in the model

The functions get\_state return the current values for the states included in the model.

#### **Parameters**

```
lab std::string Name of the state.
```

#### Returns

```
add_state* returns nothing.
get_state_* returns a vector of pairs with the states and their labels.
```

- void add\_state (std::string lab, UpdateFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_states () const
- const std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > & get\_state\_fun () const
- void print\_state\_codes () const

#### Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the <code>epiworld\_fast\_uint</code> method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the <code>std::string</code> method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The par() function members are aliases for get\_param().

In the case of the function read\_params, users can pass a file listing parameters to be included in the model. Each line in the file should have the following structure:

```
[name of parameter 1]: [value in double]
[name of parameter 2]: [value in double]
```

The only condition for parameter names is that these do not include a colon.

#### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch
fn	Path to the file containing parameters

#### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld double add\_param (epiworld double initial val, std::string pname)
- void read params (std::string fn)
- epiworld\_double **get\_param** (epiworld\_fast\_uint k)
- epiworld\_double get\_param (std::string pname)
- void set param (std::string pname, epiworld double val)
- epiworld double par (std::string pname)

# Set the user data object

#### **Parameters**

names string vector with the names of the variables.

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- UserData< TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

# **Queuing system**

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

- void queuing\_on ()
  - Activates the queuing system (default.)
- void queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

- bool is\_queuing\_on () const
  - Query if the queuing system is on.
- Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

# Get the susceptibility reduction object

### **Parameters**



#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)

### **Protected Member Functions**

```
• void dist_tools ()
```

- · void dist\_virus ()
- · void chrono start ()
- void chrono\_end ()
- void actions\_add (Agent < TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr < TSeq > virus\_, ToolPtr < TSeq > tool\_, Entity <
   TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_state\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, ActionFun < TSeq > call\_, int idx\_agent\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Action object.

• void actions\_run ()

Executes the stored action.

#### **Protected Attributes**

```
std::string name = ""
```

Name of the model.

- DataBase< TSeq > db = DataBase<TSeq>(\*this)
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> population = {}
- bool using backup = true
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > population\_backup = {}
- bool directed = false
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > viruses = {}
- std::vector< epiworld double > prevalence virus = {}

Initial prevalence\_virus of each virus.

- std::vector< bool > prevalence\_virus\_as\_proportion = {}
- std::vector< VirusToAgentFun< TSeq > > viruses\_dist\_funs = {}
- $std::vector < ToolPtr < TSeq > > tools = {}$
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > prevalence\_tool = {}
- std::vector< bool > prevalence\_tool\_as\_proportion = {}
- std::vector< ToolToAgentFun< TSeq > > tools\_dist\_funs = {}
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq >> entities = {}
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq >> entities\_backup = {}
- std::mt19937 engine
- std::uniform real distribution runifd
- std::normal\_distribution rnormd
- std::gamma\_distribution rgammad
- std::lognormal\_distribution rlognormald
- std::exponential\_distribution rexpd
- · std::binomial distribution rbinomd
- std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> rewire\_fun
- epiworld\_double rewire\_prop = 0.0
- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > parameters
- epiworld fast uint **ndays** = 0
- · Progress pb
- std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq >> state\_fun = {}
- std::vector< std::string > states\_labels = {}
- epiworld\_fast\_uint **nstates** = 0u
- bool verbose = true
- int current date = 0
- std::chrono::time\_point< std::chrono::steady\_clock > time\_start
- std::chrono::time\_point< std::chrono::steady\_clock > time\_end
- std::chrono::duration< epiworld\_double, std::micro > time\_elapsed

- epiworld\_fast\_uint n\_replicates = 0u
- std::vector< GlobalAction< TSeq > > global\_actions
- Queue < TSeq > queue
- bool use\_queuing = true
- std::vector< Action< TSeq >> actions = {}

Variables used to keep track of the actions to be made regarding viruses.

• epiworld\_fast\_uint nactions = 0u

#### Auxiliary variables for AgentsSample<TSeq> iterators

These variables+objects are used by the AgentsSample< TSeq> class for building efficient iterators over agents. The idea is to reduce the memory allocation, so only during the first call of AgentsSample< TSeq>::Agents Sample(Model< TSeq>) these vectors are allocated.

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > sampled\_population
- size\_t sampled\_population\_n = 0u
- std::vector< size t > population left
- size\_t population\_left\_n = 0u

### **Agents features**

Optionally, a model can include an external data source pointing to agents information. The data can then be access through the Agent::operator() method.

- double \* agents data = nullptr
- size\_t agents\_data\_ncols = 0u

### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class DataBase < TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

### **Tool Mixers**

These functions combine the effects tools have to deliver a single effect. For example, wearing a mask, been vaccinated, and the immune system combine together to jointly reduce the susceptibility for a given virus.

- MixerFun< TSeq > susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer = susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- MixerFun< TSeq > transmission\_reduction\_mixer = transmission\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- MixerFun< TSeq > recovery\_enhancer\_mixer = recovery\_enhancer\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- MixerFun< TSeg > death reduction mixer = death reduction mixer default<TSeg>
- $\bullet \quad \mathsf{std} :: \mathsf{vector} < \mathsf{epiworld\_double} > \mathbf{array\_double\_tmp}$
- std::vector< Virus< TSeq > \* > array\_virus\_tmp
- virtual Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

- · Model ()
- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &m)=delete
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- virtual ∼Model ()
- void clone\_population (std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > &other\_population, std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > &other\_entities, Model< TSeq > \*other\_model, bool &other\_directed) const
- void clone\_population (const Model < TSeq > &other\_model)

# 13.11.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Model< TSeq>
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Agent, Virus, and Tools.

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is
	represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)

# 13.11.2 Member Function Documentation

# 13.11.2.1 actions\_add()

# Construct a new Action object.

### **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over which the action will be called
virus_	Virus pointer included in the action
tool_	Tool pointer included in the action
entity_	Entity pointer included in the action
new_←	New state of the agent
state_	
call_	Function the action will call
queue_	Change in the queue
idx_←	Location of agent in object.
agent_	
idx_←	Location of object in agent.
object_	

# 13.11.2.2 actions\_run()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::actions_run [inline], [protected]
```

Executes the stored action.

### **Parameters**

model←	Model over which it will be executed.

# 13.11.2.3 add\_global\_action()

Set a global action.

### **Parameters**

fun	A function to be called on the prescribed date
name	Name of the action.
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

# 13.11.2.4 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * Model< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

### **Parameters**



### 13.11.2.5 load\_agents\_entities\_ties()

Associate agents-entities from a file.

The structure of the file should be two columns separated by space. The first column indexing between 0 and nagents-1, and the second column between 0 and nentities - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file.
skip	How many rows to skip.

# 13.11.2.6 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

# 13.11.2.7 run\_multiple()

### **Parameters**

ndays	Multiple runs of the simulation

# 13.11.2.8 set\_agents\_data()

Set the agents data object.

The data should be an array with the data stored in a column major order, i.e., by column.

### **Parameters**

data⊷	Pointer to the first element of an array of size size() *
_	ncols
ncols⊷	Number of features included in the data.
_	

# 13.11.2.9 set\_name()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::set_name (
          std::string name ) [inline]
```

Set the name object.

#### **Parameters**

name

# 13.11.2.10 write\_data()

```
std::string fn_total_hist,
std::string fn_transmission,
std::string fn_transition,
std::string fn_reproductive_number,
std::string fn_generation_time ) const [inline]
```

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

#### **Parameters**

fn_virus_info	Filename. Information about the virus.
fn_virus_hist	Filename. History of the virus.
fn_tool_info	Filename. Information about the tool.
fn_tool_hist	Filename. History of the tool.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (state)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.
fn_reproductive_number	Filename. Case by case reproductive number

# 13.11.3 Member Data Documentation

### 13.11.3.1 rbinomd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::binomial_distribution Model< TSeq >::rbinomd [protected]
```

#### Initial value:

std::binomial\_distribution<>()

# 13.11.3.2 rexpd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::exponential_distribution Model< TSeq >::rexpd [protected]
```

## Initial value:

std::exponential\_distribution<>()

# 13.11.3.3 rgammad

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::gamma_distribution Model< TSeq >::rgammad [protected]
```

# Initial value:

std::gamma\_distribution<>()

# 13.11.3.4 rlognormald

### 13.11.3.5 rnormd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::normal_distribution Model< TSeq >::rnormd [protected]
```

# Initial value:

```
std::normal_distribution<>(0.0)
```

# 13.11.3.6 runifd

# 13.11.3.7 time\_elapsed

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::chrono::duration<epiworld_double,std::micro> Model< TSeq >::time_elapsed [protected]
```

# Initial value:

```
std::chrono::duration<epiworld_double,std::micro>::zero()
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

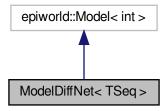
- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-meat-print.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-meat.hpp

# 13.12 ModelDiffNet< TSeq > Class Template Reference

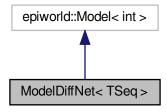
Template for a Network Diffusion Model.

#include <diffnet.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelDiffNet< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelDiffNet< TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelDiffNet** (ModelDiffNet< TSeq > &model, std::string innovation\_name, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double prob\_adopt, bool normalize\_exposure=true, double \*agents\_data=nullptr, size\_t data\_← ncols=0u, std::vector< size\_t > data\_cols={}, std::vector< double > params={})
- ModelDiffNet (std::string innovation\_name, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double prob\_adopt, bool normalize\_exposure=true, double \*agents\_data=nullptr, size\_t data\_ncols=0u, std::vector< size\_t > data← \_cols={}, std::vector< double > params={})

### **Public Attributes**

- bool normalize\_exposure = true
- std::vector< size\_t > data\_cols
- std::vector< double > params

# **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int NONADOPTER = 0
- static const int ADOPTER = 1

# 13.12.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int> class ModelDiffNet< TSeq >

Template for a Network Diffusion Model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

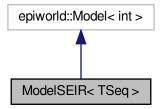
• include/epiworld/models/diffnet.hpp

# 13.13 ModelSEIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

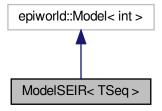
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#include <seir.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSEIR** (ModelSEIR< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- **ModelSEIR** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld 
  \_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

# **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_exposed\_seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected\_seir

# 13.13.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int> class ModelSEIR< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence the immune system
transmission_rate	epiworld_double Transmission rate of the virus
avg_incubation_days	epiworld_double Average incubation days of the virus.
recovery_rate	epiworld_double Recovery rate of the virus.

# 13.13.2 Member Data Documentation

### 13.13.2.1 update\_exposed\_seir

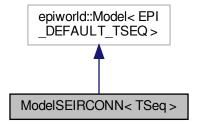
# 13.13.2.2 update\_infected\_seir

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

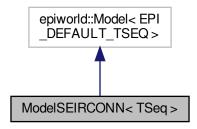
• include/epiworld/models/seir.hpp

# 13.14 ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >:



### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONN (ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld
 —double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- **ModelSEIRCONN** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery rate)
- void run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)
- void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int RECOVERED = 3

## 13.14.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.14.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

### **Parameters**

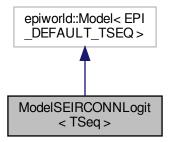
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

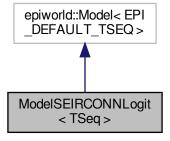
• include/epiworld/models/seirconnected.hpp

## 13.15 ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRCONNLogit< TSeq >:



### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONNLogit (ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, double \*covars, std::vector< double > logit params)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

ModelSEIRCONNLogit (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_
 double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld
 double recovery\_rate double \*covars, std::vector< double > logit\_params)

### **Public Attributes**

```
    std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> * > tracked_agents_infected = {}
    std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> * > tracked_agents_infected_next = {}
    bool tracked_started = false
```

- int tracked\_ninfected = 0
- int tracked\_ninfected\_next = 0

## 13.15.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.15.1.1 ModelSEIRCONNLogit()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

## **Parameters**

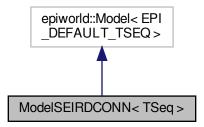
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>	
vname	std::string Name of the virus	
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)	
contact_rate	Reproductive number (beta)	
transmission_rate	nsmission_rate Probability of transmission	
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

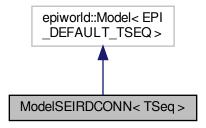
include/epiworld/models/seirconnected\_logit.hpp

## 13.16 ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRDCONN (ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- **ModelSEIRDCONN** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
- void run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)
- void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **REMOVED** = 3
- static const int **DECEASED** = 4

## 13.16.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.16.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery
death_rate	Probability of death

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

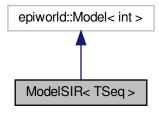
• include/epiworld/models/seirdconnected.hpp

## 13.17 ModelSIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

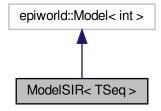
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

```
#include <sir.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIR < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIR < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSIR** (ModelSIR< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- **ModelSIR** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_← double recovery\_rate)

## 13.17.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq = int > \\ class ModelSIR < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

## **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system

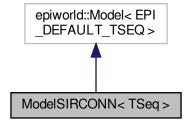
Generated by Doxygen

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

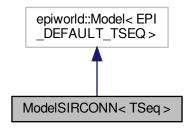
• include/epiworld/models/sir.hpp

## 13.18 ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

 ModelSIRCONN (ModelSIRCONN 
 TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld \_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- **ModelSIRCONN** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact rate, epiworld double transmission rate, epiworld double recovery rate)
- void run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)
- void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

## 13.18.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.18.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

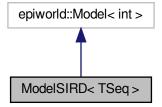
• include/epiworld/models/sirconnected.hpp

## 13.19 ModelSIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

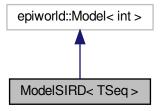
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model.

```
#include <sird.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRD< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRD< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSIRD** (ModelSIRD< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
- **ModelSIRD** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld → \_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

## 13.19.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq = int > class ModelSIRD < TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model.

## Parameters

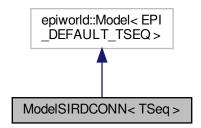
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIRD.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system
initial_death	epiworld_double Initial death_rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

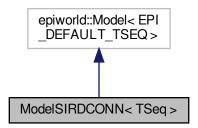
• include/epiworld/models/sird.hpp

## 13.20 ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRDCONN (ModelSIRDCONN 
 TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld 
 \_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- **ModelSIRDCONN** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_← rate)
- void run (epiworld fast uint ndays, int seed=-1)
- · void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

## 13.20.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.20.1.1 ModelSIRDCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

### **Parameters**

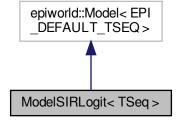
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery
death_rate	Probability of death

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

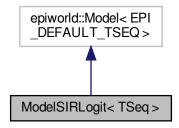
• include/epiworld/models/sirdconnected.hpp

## 13.21 ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRLogit  $\!<$  TSeq > :



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRLogit (ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, double \*data, size\_t ncols, std::vector < double > coefs\_infect, std::vector < double > coefs\_recover, std::vector < size\_t > coef\_infect\_cols, std ← ::vector < size\_t > coef\_recover\_cols, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double prevalence)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- ModelSIRLogit (std::string vname, double \*data, size\_t ncols, std::vector< double > coefs\_infect, std 
  ::vector< double > coefs\_recover, std::vector< size\_t > coef\_infect\_cols, std::vector< size\_t > coef 
  \_recover\_cols, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double prevalence)
- void run (epiworld fast uint ndays, int seed=-1)
- Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()
- · void reset ()

## **Public Attributes**

- std::vector< double > coefs\_infect
- $std::vector < double > coefs\_recover$
- std::vector < size t > coef\_infect\_cols
- std::vector< size\_t > coef\_recover\_cols

## 13.21.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.21.1.1 ModelSIRLogit()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

### **Parameters**

vname	Name of the virus.
coefs_infect	Double ptr. Infection coefficients.
coefs_recover	Double ptr. Recovery coefficients.
ncoef_infect	Unsigned int. Number of infection coefficients.
ncoef_recover	Unsigned int. Number of recovery coefficients.
coef_infect_cols	Vector <unsigned int="">. Ids of infection vars.</unsigned>
coef_recover_cols	Vector <unsigned int="">. Ids of recover vars.</unsigned>
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

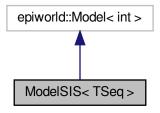
• include/epiworld/models/sirlogit.hpp

## 13.22 ModelSIS < TSeq > Class Template Reference

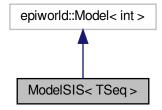
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

```
#include <sis.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIS < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIS < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSIS** (ModelSIS< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- **ModelSIS** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_← double recovery\_rate)

## 13.22.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int> class ModelSIS< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

## Parameters

vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

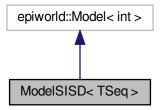
· include/epiworld/models/sis.hpp

## 13.23 ModelSISD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

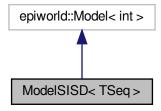
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model.

```
#include <sisd.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSISD< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSISD< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSISD** (ModelSISD< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_← double transmission rate, epiworld double recovery rate, epiworld double death rate)
- ModelSISD (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld
   —double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

## 13.23.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq = int > \\ class ModelSISD < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model.

### **Parameters**

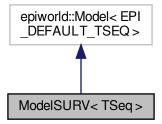
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system	
inital_death	epiworld_double Initial death_rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

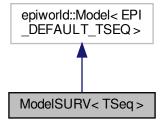
• include/epiworld/models/sisd.hpp

## 13.24 ModelSURV < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSURV < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSURV < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

## Construct a new ModelSURV object

The ModelSURV class simulates a survaillence model where agents can be isolated, even if asyptomatic.

#### **Parameters**

vname	String. Name of the virus	
prevalence	Integer. Number of initial cases of the virus.	
efficacy_vax	Double. Efficacy of the vaccine (1 - P(acquire the disease)).	
latent_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (latent_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of latent days.	
infect_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (infected_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of infectious days.	
prob_symptoms	Double. Probability of generating symptoms.	
prop_vaccinated	Double. Probability of vaccination. Coincides with the initial prevalence of vaccinated individuals.	
prop_vax_redux_transm	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces transmissibility.	
prop_vax_redux_infect	redux_infect Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces the chances of becoming infected.	
surveillance_prob	_prob Double. Probability of testing an agent.	
prob_transmission	Double. Raw transmission probability.	
prob_death	Double. Raw probability of death for symptomatic individuals.	
prob_noreinfect	Double. Probability of no re-infection.	

This model features the following states:

- · Susceptible
- Latent
- · Symptomatic
- · Symptomatic isolated
- · Asymptomatic
- · Asymptomatic isolated
- · Recovered
- Removed

#### Returns

An object of class epiworld\_surv

- ModelSURV ()
- ModelSURV (ModelSURV < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop← \_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_← prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_← double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)
- **ModelSURV** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0. ← 9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_← symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/surveillance.hpp

# 13.25 Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype > Class Template Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- NType ()
- Edgetype **operator()** (int i, int j)
- bool is\_directed () const
- size\_t vcount () const
- size\_t ecount () const
- void add\_edge (int i, int j)
- void **rm\_edge** (int i, int j)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/network-bones.hpp

## 13.26 PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/config.hpp

## 13.27 Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include cpress.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- Progress (int n\_, int width\_)
- · void start ()
- void next ()
- void end ()

## 13.27.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/progress.hpp

## 13.28 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

```
#include <queue-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld\_fast\_int & operator[] (epiworld\_fast\_uint i)
- · void reset ()
- bool operator== (const Queue < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Queue < TSeq > &other) const

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int NoOne = 0
- static const int OnlySelf = 1
- static const int **Everyone** = 2

### **Friends**

class Model < TSeq >

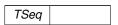
## 13.28.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Queue< TSeq>
```

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp

## 13.29 RandGraph Class Reference

## **Public Member Functions**

- RandGraph (int N\_)
- · void init (int s)
- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &e)
- epiworld double runif ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/random\_graph.hpp

## 13.30 SAMPLETYPE Class Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int MODEL = 0
- static const int ENTITY = 1
- static const int AGENT = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp

## 13.31 Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

```
#include <tool-bones.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- void set\_sequence (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence (std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > d)
- std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > get\_sequence ()
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- Agent < TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- int get\_id () const
- · void set\_id (int id)
- void set\_date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void **set\_state** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- void get queue (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- bool operator== (const Tool < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Tool < TSeq > &other) const
- void print () const
- bool operator== (const Tool < std::vector < int >> &other) const

## Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

٧	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld double get susceptibility reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get transmission reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void **set\_susceptibility\_reduction** (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set recovery enhancer (epiworld double prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)

## **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

## 13.31.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq > class Tool < TSeq >

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq Type of sequence

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/tool-meat.hpp

## 13.32 Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <tools-bones.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- Tools (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector < ToolPtr < TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.32.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>class Tools< TSeq>

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp

## 13.33 Tools\_const< TSeq> Class Template Reference

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <tools-bones.hpp>

## **Public Member Functions**

- Tools\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > :::const\_iterator **begin** () const
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator end () const
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- void print () const noexcept

### **Friends**

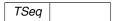
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.33.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Tools\_const< TSeq>

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

## **Template Parameters**



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp

## 13.34 UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

#include <userdata-bones.hpp>

## **Public Member Functions**

- UserData (Model < TSeq > &m)
- UserData (Model < TSeq > \*m)
- UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()
- void **get\_all** (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld\_double > \*data=nullptr)
- epiworld\_fast\_uint nrow () const
- · epiworld fast uint ncol () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- · void print () const

## Append data

#### **Parameters**

Х	A vector of length ncol() (if vector), otherwise a epiworld_double.
j	Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol () - 1.

- void add (std::vector< epiworld double > x)
- void add (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)

### Access data

#### **Parameters**

```
i Row (0 through ndays - 1.)
j Column (0 through ncols()).
```

#### Returns

epiworld\_double&

- epiworld\_double & operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, epiworld\_fast\_uint j)
- epiworld\_double & **operator()** (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, std::string name)

## **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class  ${\bf DataBase}{<}{\,{\sf TSeq}}{\,>}$

## 13.34.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class UserData< TSeq>

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq

## 13.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.34.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

#### **Parameters**

names	A vector of names.	The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.
-------	--------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-meat.hpp

## 13.35 vecHasher < T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <misc.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

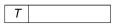
• std::size\_t **operator()** (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

## 13.35.1 Detailed Description

template<typename T> struct vecHasher< T>

Vector hasher.

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/misc.hpp

## 13.36 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

## Virus.

```
#include <virus-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- void mutate (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_mutation (MutFun< TSeq > fun)
- std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > get\_sequence ()
- void **set sequence** (TSeq sequence)
- Agent< TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- void set\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, epiworld\_fast\_uint idx)
- void set date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set id (int idx)
- · int get id () const
- · void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- std::vector< epiworld double > & get\_data ()
- bool operator== (const Virus < TSeq > & other) const
- bool operator!= (const Virus < TSeq > &other) const
- · void print () const
- bool operator== (const Virus< std::vector< int >> &other) const

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

## Returns

### epiworld double

- epiworld\_double  $get\_prob\_infecting$  (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_recovery (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double  $get\_prob\_death$  (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double  $get\_incubation$  (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void post\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set post recovery (PostRecoveryFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set post immunity (epiworld double prob)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set prob recovery fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_death\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_incubation\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set prob recovery (const epiworld double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_incubation (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_incubation (epiworld\_double prob)

## Get and set the state and queue

After applied, viruses can change the state and affect the queue of agents. These function sets the default values, which are retrieved when adding or removing a virus does not specify a change in state or in queue.

#### **Parameters**

init	After the virus/tool is added to the agent.
end	After the virus/tool is removed.
removed	After the agent (Agent) is removed.

- · void set state (epiworld fast int init, epiworld fast int end, epiworld fast int removed=-99)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed=-99)
- void get\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)
- void **get\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)

## **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

## 13.36.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Virus< TSeq >

#### Virus.

## **Template Parameters**

TSeq

Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the agent.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

## 13.37 Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

#include <viruses-bones.hpp>

## **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- · size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.37.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Viruses< TSeq>

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp

## 13.38 Viruses\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <viruses-bones.hpp>

## **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator begin () const
- $std::vector < VirusPtr < TSeq > >::const_iterator end () const_iterator end () const$
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

## **Friends**

- class Virus< TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.38.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq > class Viruses\_const < TSeq > Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

Template Parameters

TSeq	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp

## **Chapter 14**

## **File Documentation**

## 14.1 include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp File Reference

Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file.

#include "agent-meat-virus-sampling.hpp"
Include dependency graph for agent-meat-state.hpp:



96 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

- template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
   void default\_update\_susceptible (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> void **default\_update\_exposed** (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)

## 14.1.1 Detailed Description

Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file.

**Author** 

George G. Vega Yon (g.vegayon en gmail)

Version

0.1

Date

2022-06-15

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## Index

Action	LFMCMC< TData >, 46
Action < TSeq >, 30	load_agents_entities_ties
Action < TSeq >, 29	Model < TSeq >, 56
Action, 30	
actions_add	make_sample_virus_neighbors
Model < TSeq >, 55	sampler, 25
actions_run	make_update_susceptible
Model < TSeq >, 56	sampler, 26
add_global_action	Model < TSeq >, 47
Model < TSeq >, 56	actions_add, 55
AdjList, 31	actions_run, 56
AdjList, 31	add_global_action, 56
read_edgelist, 31	clone_ptr, 56
Agent < TSeq >, 32	load_agents_entities_ties, 56
default_rm_entity, 36	rbinomd, 59
operator(), 35	reset, 57
swap_neighbors, 35	rexpd, 59
AgentsSample	rgammad, 59
AgentsSample < TSeq >, 37	rlognormald, 59
AgentsSample < TSeq >, 36	rnormd, 60
AgentsSample, 37	run_multiple, 57
	runifd, 60
clone_ptr	set_agents_data, 58
Model < TSeq >, 56	set_name, 58
DataPage < TCog > 27	time_elapsed, 60
DataBase < TSeq >, 37	write_data, 58
generation_time, 39	ModelDiffNet< TSeq >, 61
get_transmissions, 40	ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 62
operator==, 40	update_exposed_seir, 63
record_virus, 41 reproductive_number, 41	update_infected_seir, 64
transition_probability, 41	ModelSEIRCONN
default_rm_entity	ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >, 65
·	ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >, 64
Agent < TSeq >, 36 Entity < TSeq >, 44	ModelSEIRCONN, 65
Entity < 19eq >, 44	ModelSEIRCONNLogit
Entities < TSeq >, 42	ModelSEIRCONNLogit< TSeq >, 67
Entities_const< TSeq >, 43	ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq >, 66
Entity< TSeq >, 43	ModelSEIRCONNLogit, 67
default_rm_entity, 44	ModelSEIRDCONN
	ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >, 69
generation_time	ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >, 68
DataBase < TSeq >, 39	ModelSEIRDCONN, 69
get_transmissions	ModelSIR< TSeq >, 69
DataBase < TSeq >, 40	ModelSIRCONN
GlobalAction	ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 72
GlobalAction < TSeq >, 45	ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 71
GlobalAction < TSeq >, 45	ModelSIRCONN, 72
GlobalAction, 45	ModelSIRD< TSeq >, 72
	ModelSIRDCONN
include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp, 95	ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >, 74

98 INDEX

ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >, 74	time_elapsed
ModelSIRDCONN, 74	Model < TSeq >, 60
ModelSIRLogit	Tool < TSeq >, 84
ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >, 76	Tools < TSeq >, 85
ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >, 75	Tools_const< TSeq >, 86
ModelSIRLogit, 76	transition_probability
ModelSIS < TSeq >, 77	DataBase< TSeq >, 41
ModelSISD< TSeq >, 79	
ModelSURV< TSeq >, 80	update_exposed_seir
N. I. N. I. N. I. S. El	ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 63
Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >, 82	update_infected_seir
0	ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 64
operator()	UserData
Agent < TSeq >, 35	UserData < TSeq >, 88
operator==	UserData < TSeq >, 87
DataBase < TSeq >, 40	UserData, 88
D T 1 170 1 100	
PersonTools < TSeq >, 82	vecHasher $<$ T $>$ , 89
Progress, 82	Virus< TSeq >, 89
	Viruses< TSeq >, 91
Queue < TSeq >, 83	Viruses_const< TSeq >, 92
David Cranh 04	_ ,
RandGraph, 84	write_data
rbinomd	Model $<$ TSeq $>$ , 58
Model< TSeq >, 59	
read_edgelist	
AdjList, 31	
record_virus	
DataBase < TSeq >, 41	
reproductive_number	
DataBase< TSeq >, 41	
reset	
Model < TSeq >, 57	
rexpd	
Model < TSeq >, 59	
rgammad	
Model < TSeq >, 59	
rlognormald	
Model < TSeq >, 59	
rnormd	
Model < TSeq >, 60	
run_multiple	
Model < TSeq >, 57	
runifd	
Model < TSeq >, 60	
·	
sample_virus_single	
sampler, 26	
sampler, 25	
make_sample_virus_neighbors, 25	
make_update_susceptible, 26	
sample_virus_single, 26	
SAMPLETYPE, 84	
set_agents_data	
Model < TSeq >, 58	
set_name	
Model < TSeq >, 58	
swap_neighbors	
Agent< TSeq >, 35	