epiworld

0.8.2

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.1

1 Example: 00-hello-world		1
2 Benchmarking		3
3 Contributor Code of Conduct		5
4 ModelMeaslesMixing		7
4.1 Overview	 	. 7
4.2 Disease States	 	. 7
4.3 Key Features	 	. 8
4.3.1 Disease Progression	 	. 8
4.3.2 Population Mixing	 	. 8
4.3.3 Public Health Measures	 	. 8
4.4 Parameters	 	. 8
4.4.1 Disease Parameters	 	. 8
4.4.2 Detection and Isolation	 	. 9
4.4.3 Contact Tracing and Quarantine	 	. 9
4.4.4 Vaccination	 	. 9
4.5 Usage Example	 	. 9
4.6 Differences from Other Models	 	. 10
4.6.1 vs. ModelMeaslesSchool	 	. 10
4.6.2 vs. ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine	 	. 10
4.7 Testing		
5 epiworld c++ template library		11
5.1 Main features	 	. 11
5.2 Algorithm	 	. 11
5.3 Hello world (C++)	 	. 12
5.4 Surveillance simulation	 	. 12
5.4.1 Preliminary results	 	. 13
5.4.2 Cases detected	 	. 14
6 General parameters		15
6.1 Compartmental Models	 	. 15
6.1.1 SIR Model	 	. 15
6.1.2 SEIR Model	 	. 16
6.2 Agent-Based Model Approach	 	. 16
6.2.1 Mathematical preliminaries	 	. 17
6.2.2 Simulation study	 	. 17
6.3 Comparing ABM with Compartmental Models	 	. 17
6.3.1 SIR	 	. 17
6.3.2 SEIR	 	. 18
6.3.3 Rates	 	. 18

7 MIT License	19
8 model1	21
9 Mixing probabilities in connected model	23
9.1 Case 1: No grouping	23
9.2 Case 2: Grouping	24
10 EPI Simulator	25
10.1 Disease dynamics	25
10.2 Network dynamics	25
10.3 Contagion dynamics	25
10.4 Time dynamics	25
10.5 Updating agent's status	26
10.5.1 Other parameters	26
11 Namespace Index	27
11.1 Namespace List	27
12 Hierarchical Index	29
12.1 Class Hierarchy	29
13 Class Index	31
13.1 Class List	31
14 File Index	35
14.1 File List	35
15 Namespace Documentation	37
15.1 epiworld::sampler Namespace Reference	37
15.1.1 Detailed Description	37
15.1.2 Function Documentation	37
15.1.2.1 make_sample_virus_neighbors()	37
15.1.2.2 make_update_susceptible()	38
15.1.2.3 sample_virus_single()	38
15.2 sampler Namespace Reference	40
15.2.1 Detailed Description	40
15.2.2 Function Documentation	40
15.2.2.1 make_sample_virus_neighbors()	40
15.2.2.2 make_update_susceptible()	41
15.2.2.3 sample_virus_single()	41
16 Class Documentation	45
16.1 AdjList Class Reference	45
16.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	45
16.1.1.1 AdjList()	45

16.1.2 Member Function Documentation	46
16.1.2.1 read_edgelist()	46
16.2 epiworld::AdjList Class Reference	46
16.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	47
16.2.1.1 AdjList()	47
16.2.2 Member Function Documentation	47
16.2.2.1 read_edgelist()	47
16.3 Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference	48
16.3.1 Detailed Description	50
16.3.2 Member Function Documentation	50
16.3.2.1 operator()()	50
16.3.2.2 swap_neighbors()	52
16.3.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation	52
16.3.3.1 default_rm_entity	52
16.4 epiworld::Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference	53
16.4.1 Detailed Description	55
16.4.2 Member Function Documentation	55
16.4.2.1 operator()()	55
16.4.2.2 swap_neighbors()	56
16.4.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation	56
16.4.3.1 default_rm_entity	56
16.5 AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference	56
16.5.1 Detailed Description	57
16.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	57
16.5.2.1 AgentsSample()	57
16.6 epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference	58
16.6.1 Detailed Description	58
16.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	59
16.6.2.1 AgentsSample()	59
16.7 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference	59
16.7.1 Detailed Description	61
16.7.2 Member Function Documentation	62
16.7.2.1 get_generation_time()	62
16.7.2.2 get_reproductive_number()	62
16.7.2.3 get_transition_probability()	63
16.7.2.4 get_transmissions()	63
<b>16.7.2.5</b> operator==() [1/3]	63
<b>16.7.2.6</b> operator==() [2/3]	64
<b>16.7.2.7</b> operator==() [3/3]	64
16.7.2.8 record_virus()	64
16.8 epiworld::DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference	65
16.8.1 Detailed Description	67

16.8.2 Member Function Documentation	67
16.8.2.1 get_generation_time()	67
16.8.2.2 get_reproductive_number()	67
16.8.2.3 get_transition_probability()	68
16.8.2.4 get_transmissions()	68
16.8.2.5 operator==()	69
16.8.2.6 record_virus()	69
16.9 Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference	69
16.9.1 Detailed Description	70
16.10 epiworld::Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference	70
16.10.1 Detailed Description	71
16.11 Entities_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	71
16.11.1 Detailed Description	71
16.12 epiworld::Entities_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	72
16.12.1 Detailed Description	72
16.13 Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference	73
16.13.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	73
16.13.1.1 Entity()	73
16.13.2 Friends And Related Function Documentation	74
16.13.2.1 default_rm_entity	74
16.14 epiworld::Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference	74
16.14.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	75
16.14.1.1 Entity()	75
16.14.2 Friends And Related Function Documentation	75
16.14.2.1 default_rm_entity	76
16.15 epiworld::Event< TSeq > Struct Template Reference	76
16.15.1 Detailed Description	76
16.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	77
16.15.2.1 Event()	77
16.16 Event< TSeq > Struct Template Reference	77
16.16.1 Detailed Description	78
16.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	79
16.16.2.1 Event()	79
16.17 epiworld::GlobalEvent< TSeq > Class Template Reference	79
16.17.1 Detailed Description	80
16.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	80
16.17.2.1 GlobalEvent()	80
16.18 GlobalEvent< TSeq > Class Template Reference	81
16.18.1 Detailed Description	81
16.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	81
16.18.2.1 GlobalEvent()	81
16.19 epiworld::I_FMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference	82

16.19.1 Detailed Description	83
16.20 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference	83
16.20.1 Detailed Description	84
16.21 epiworld::Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference	85
16.21.1 Detailed Description	93
16.21.2 Member Function Documentation	93
16.21.2.1 add_globalevent()	93
16.21.2.2 clone_ptr()	94
16.21.2.3 draw()	94
16.21.2.4 events_add()	94
16.21.2.5 events_run()	95
16.21.2.6 load_agents_entities_ties()	95
16.21.2.7 reset()	96
16.21.2.8 run_multiple()	96
16.21.2.9 set_agents_data()	96
16.21.2.10 set_name()	97
16.21.2.11 write_data()	97
16.21.3 Member Data Documentation	98
16.21.3.1 initial_states_fun	98
16.21.3.2 rbinomd	98
16.21.3.3 rexpd	98
16.21.3.4 rgammad	98
16.21.3.5 rgeomd	99
16.21.3.6 rlognormald	99
16.21.3.7 rnbinomd	99
16.21.3.8 rnormd	99
16.21.3.9 rpoissd	99
16.21.3.10 runifd	100
16.21.3.11 time_elapsed	100
16.22 Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference	100
16.22.1 Detailed Description	108
16.22.2 Member Function Documentation	109
16.22.2.1 add_globalevent()	109
16.22.2.2 clone_ptr()	109
16.22.2.3 draw()	109
16.22.2.4 events_add()	110
16.22.2.5 events_run()	110
16.22.2.6 load_agents_entities_ties()	112
16.22.2.7 reset()	112
16.22.2.8 run_multiple()	113
16.22.2.9 set_agents_data()	113
16.22.2.10 set_name()	113

16.22.2.11 write_data()	114
16.22.3 Member Data Documentation	114
16.22.3.1 initial_states_fun	114
16.22.3.2 rbinomd	114
16.22.3.3 rexpd	115
16.22.3.4 rgammad	115
16.22.3.5 rgeomd	115
16.22.3.6 rlognormald	115
16.22.3.7 rnbinomd	115
16.22.3.8 rnormd	116
16.22.3.9 rpoissd	116
16.22.3.10 runifd	116
16.22.3.11 time_elapsed	116
16.23 epiworld::ModelDiagram Class Reference	117
16.24 ModelDiagram Class Reference	117
16.25 epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq > Class Template Reference	117
16.25.1 Detailed Description	118
16.26 ModelDiffNet< TSeq > Class Template Reference	119
16.26.1 Detailed Description	120
$16.27\ epiworld:: epimodels:: Model Measles Mixing < TSeq > Class\ Template\ Reference\ .\ .\ .\ .\ .$	120
16.27.1 Detailed Description	122
16.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	123
<b>16.27.2.1 ModelMeaslesMixing()</b> [1/2]	123
<b>16.27.2.2 ModelMeaslesMixing()</b> [2/2]	125
16.27.3 Member Function Documentation	126
16.27.3.1 clone_ptr()	126
16.27.3.2 get_agent_quarantine_triggered()	126
16.27.3.3 get_contact_matrix()	127
16.27.3.4 get_isolation_willingness()	127
16.27.3.5 get_quarantine_willingness()	127
16.27.3.6 initial_states()	127
16.27.3.7 run()	128
16.27.3.8 set_contact_matrix()	128
16.28 ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq > Class Template Reference	129
16.28.1 Detailed Description	131
16.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	132
<b>16.28.2.1 ModelMeaslesMixing()</b> [1/2]	132
<b>16.28.2.2 ModelMeaslesMixing()</b> [2/2]	133
16.28.3 Member Function Documentation	134
16.28.3.1 clone_ptr()	134
16.28.3.2 get_agent_quarantine_triggered()	135
16.28.3.3 get_contact_matrix()	135

16.28.3.4 get_isolation_willingness()	135
16.28.3.5 get_quarantine_willingness()	136
16.28.3.6 initial_states()	136
16.28.3.7 run()	136
16.28.3.8 set_contact_matrix()	137
16.29 epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq > Class Template Reference	137
16.29.1 Detailed Description	139
16.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	139
16.29.2.1 ModelMeaslesSchool()	139
16.29.3 Member Function Documentation	140
16.29.3.1 clone_ptr()	140
16.29.3.2 quarantine_agents()	141
16.29.3.3 reset()	141
16.30 ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq > Class Template Reference	142
16.30.1 Detailed Description	143
16.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	144
16.30.2.1 ModelMeaslesSchool()	144
16.30.3 Member Function Documentation	145
16.30.3.1 clone_ptr()	145
16.30.3.2 quarantine_agents()	145
16.30.3.3 reset()	146
16.31 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq > Class Template Reference	146
16.31.1 Detailed Description	147
16.31.2 Member Function Documentation	148
16.31.2.1 initial_states()	148
16.31.3 Member Data Documentation	148
16.31.3.1 update_exposed_seir	148
16.31.3.2 update_infected_seir	149
16.32 ModelSEIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference	149
16.32.1 Detailed Description	150
16.32.2 Member Function Documentation	150
16.32.2.1 initial_states()	151
16.32.3 Member Data Documentation	151
16.32.3.1 update_exposed_seir	151
16.32.3.2 update_infected_seir	151
16.33 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	152
16.33.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	153
16.33.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()	153
16.33.2 Member Function Documentation	153
16.33.2.1 clone_ptr()	154
16.33.2.2 initial_states()	154
16.33.2.3 reset()	154

16.34 ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq > Class Template Reference	55
16.34.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	56
16.34.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()	56
16.34.2 Member Function Documentation	56
16.34.2.1 clone_ptr()	57
16.34.2.2 initial_states()	57
16.34.2.3 reset()	57
16.35 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference	58
16.35.1 Detailed Description	59
16.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	59
16.35.2.1 ModelSEIRD() [1/2]	59
16.35.2.2 ModelSEIRD() [2/2]	60
16.35.3 Member Data Documentation	60
16.35.3.1 update_exposed_seir	60
16.36 ModelSEIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference	61
16.36.1 Detailed Description	62
16.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	62
16.36.2.1 ModelSEIRD() [1/2]	62
16.36.2.2 ModelSEIRD() [2/2]	63
16.36.3 Member Data Documentation	63
16.36.3.1 update_exposed_seir	63
16.37 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	64
16.37.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	65
16.37.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()	
	65
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()	65 66
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       10.37.2 Member Function Documentation       10.37.2 Memb	65 66 66
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       10         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       10         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       10	65 66 66
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16.37.2.2 initial_states	65 66 66 66
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       10         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       10         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       10         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       10         16.37.2.3 reset()       10	65 66 66 66 67
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16	65 66 66 67 68
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       10         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       10         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       10         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       10         16.37.2.3 reset()       10         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       10         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       10	65 66 66 67 68
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16	65 66 66 67 68 68
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16	65 66 66 67 68 69
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16	65 66 66 67 68 69 69
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.38.2.2 initial_states()       16	65 66 66 67 68 69 69
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.38.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.38.2.3 reset()       17	65 66 66 67 68 69 69 70
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.38.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.38.2.3 reset()       17         16.39 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq > Class Template Reference       17	65 66 66 67 68 69 69 70 71
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.38.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.38.2.3 reset()       17         16.39 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing       TSeq > Class Template Reference       17         16.39.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       17	65 66 66 67 68 69 70 71 71
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.38.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.39.2.3 reset()       17         16.39 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing       TSeq > Class Template Reference       17         16.39.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       17         16.39.1.1 ModelSEIRMixing() [1/2]       17	65 66 66 68 69 69 70 71 72
16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()       16         16.37.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.37.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.37.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.37.2.3 reset()       16         16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN       TSeq > Class Template Reference       16         16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       16         16.38.2 Member Function Documentation       16         16.38.2.1 clone_ptr()       16         16.38.2.2 initial_states()       16         16.39.2.3 reset()       17         16.39 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing       TSeq > Class Template Reference       17         16.39.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation       17         16.39.1.1 ModelSEIRMixing() [1/2]       17         16.39.1.2 ModelSEIRMixing() [2/2]       17	65 66 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 72

16.39.2.3 reset()
16.40 ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.40.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.40.1.1 ModelSEIRMixing() [1/2]
16.40.1.2 ModelSEIRMixing() [2/2]
16.40.2 Member Function Documentation
16.40.2.1 clone_ptr()
16.40.2.2 initial_states()
16.40.2.3 reset()
16.41 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > Class Template Reference 178
16.41.1 Detailed Description
16.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.41.2.1 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [1/2]
16.41.2.2 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [2/2]
16.41.3 Member Function Documentation
16.41.3.1 clone_ptr()
16.41.3.2 get_agent_quarantine_triggered()
16.41.3.3 get_contact_matrix()
16.41.3.4 get_isolation_willingness()
16.41.3.5 get_quarantine_willingness()
16.41.3.6 initial_states()
16.41.3.7 run()
16.41.3.8 set_contact_matrix()
16.42 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.42.1 Detailed Description
16.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.42.2.1 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [1/2]
16.42.2.2 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [2/2]
16.42.3 Member Function Documentation
16.42.3.1 clone_ptr()
16.42.3.2 get_agent_quarantine_triggered()
16.42.3.3 get_contact_matrix()
16.42.3.4 get_isolation_willingness()
16.42.3.5 get_quarantine_willingness()
16.42.3.6 initial_states()
16.42.3.7 run()
16.42.3.8 set_contact_matrix()
16.43 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.43.1 Detailed Description
16.43.2 Member Function Documentation
16.43.2.1 initial_states()
16.44 ModelSIB < TSeq > Class Template Reference 195

16.44.1 Detailed Description	196
16.44.2 Member Function Documentation	197
16.44.2.1 initial_states()	197
16.45 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	198
16.45.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	199
16.45.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()	199
16.45.2 Member Function Documentation	199
16.45.2.1 clone_ptr()	200
16.45.2.2 get_n_infected()	200
16.45.2.3 initial_states()	200
16.45.2.4 reset()	200
16.46 ModelSIRCONN < TSeq > Class Template Reference	201
16.46.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	202
16.46.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()	202
16.46.2 Member Function Documentation	203
16.46.2.1 clone_ptr()	203
16.46.2.2 get_n_infected()	203
16.46.2.3 initial_states()	203
16.46.2.4 reset()	204
16.47 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference	204
16.47.1 Detailed Description	205
16.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	205
16.47.2.1 ModelSIRD()	206
16.47.3 Member Function Documentation	207
16.47.3.1 initial_states()	207
16.48 ModelSIRD < TSeq > Class Template Reference	207
16.48.1 Detailed Description	208
16.48.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	209
16.48.2.1 ModelSIRD()	209
16.48.3 Member Function Documentation	209
16.48.3.1 initial_states()	209
16.49 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	210
16.49.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	211
16.49.1.1 ModelSIRDCONN()	211
16.49.2 Member Function Documentation	212
16.49.2.1 clone_ptr()	212
16.49.2.2 reset()	212
16.50 ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference	213
16.50.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	214
16.50.1.1 ModelSIRDCONN()	214
16.50.2 Member Function Documentation	214
16.50.2.1 clone_ptr()	214

16.50.2.2 reset()
16.51 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.51.1 Detailed Description
16.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.51.2.1 ModelSIRLogit()
16.51.3 Member Function Documentation
16.51.3.1 clone_ptr()
16.51.3.2 reset()
16.52 ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.52.1 Detailed Description
16.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.52.2.1 ModelSIRLogit()
16.52.3 Member Function Documentation
16.52.3.1 clone_ptr()
16.52.3.2 reset()
16.53 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.53.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.53.1.1 ModelSIRMixing() [1/2]
16.53.1.2 ModelSIRMixing() [2/2]
16.53.2 Member Function Documentation
16.53.2.1 clone_ptr()
16.53.2.2 initial_states()
16.53.2.3 reset()
16.54 ModelSIRMixing < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.54.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.54.1.1 ModelSIRMixing() [1/2]
16.54.1.2 ModelSIRMixing() [2/2]
16.54.2 Member Function Documentation
16.54.2.1 clone_ptr()
16.54.2.2 initial_states()
16.54.2.3 reset()
16.55 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.55.1 Detailed Description
16.56 ModelSIS< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.56.1 Detailed Description
16.57 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.57.1 Detailed Description
16.58 ModelSISD< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.58.1 Detailed Description
16.59 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.59.1 Member Function Documentation
16.59.1.1 reset()

16.60 ModelSURV < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.60.1 Member Function Documentation
16.60.1.1 reset()
16.61 Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype > Class Template Reference
16.62 epiworld::PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.63 PersonTools< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.64 epiworld::Progress Class Reference
16.64.1 Detailed Description
16.65 Progress Class Reference
16.65.1 Detailed Description
16.66 epiworld::Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.66.1 Detailed Description
16.67 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.67.1 Detailed Description
16.68 RandGraph Class Reference
16.69 epiworld::SAMPLETYPE Class Reference
16.70 SAMPLETYPE Class Reference
16.71 epiworld::Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.71.1 Detailed Description
16.72 Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.72.1 Detailed Description
16.73 epiworld::ToolFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.73.1 Detailed Description
16.74 ToolFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.74.1 Detailed Description
16.75 epiworld::Tools< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.75.1 Detailed Description
16.76 Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.76.1 Detailed Description
16.77 epiworld::Tools_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.77.1 Detailed Description
16.78 Tools_const < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.78.1 Detailed Description
16.79 epiworld::UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.79.1 Detailed Description
16.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.79.2.1 UserData()
16.80 UserData< TSeq > Class Template Reference
16.80.1 Detailed Description
16.80.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
16.80.2.1 UserData()
16.81 epiworld::vecHasher< T > Struct Template Reference 256

16.81.1 Detailed Description	. 256
16.82 vecHasher $<$ T $>$ Struct Template Reference	. 256
16.82.1 Detailed Description	. 256
16.83 epiworld::Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 257
16.83.1 Detailed Description	. 258
16.84 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 259
16.84.1 Detailed Description	. 261
16.85 epiworld::Viruses< TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 261
16.85.1 Detailed Description	. 261
16.86 Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 262
16.86.1 Detailed Description	. 262
16.87 epiworld::Viruses_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 263
16.87.1 Detailed Description	. 263
16.88 Viruses_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 263
16.88.1 Detailed Description	. 264
16.89 epiworld::VirusFunctions< TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 264
16.90 VirusFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference	. 265
17 File Documentation	267
17.1 include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp File Reference	_
17.1.1 Detailed Description	
17.2 include/epiworld/models/measlesmixing.hpp File Reference	
17.2.1 Detailed Description	
17.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation	
17.2.2.1 GET MODEL	
17.2.2.2 SAMPLE FROM PROBS	
17.3 include/epiworld/models/seirmixingquarantine.hpp File Reference	
17.3.1 Detailed Description	
17.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation	
17.3.2.1 GET_MODEL	
17.3.2.2 SAMPLE_FROM_PROBS	
Index	273

# Example: 00-hello-world

#### Output from the program:

```
Running the model...
SIMULATION STUDY
Name of the model
Population size : 10000
Agents' data : (none)
Number of entities : 0
Days (duration) : 100 (of 100)
Number of viruses : 1
Last run elapsed t : 17.00ms
Last run speed : 56.33 million agents x day / second Rewiring : off
Rewiring Global events:
 (none)
Virus(es):
 - covid 19
Tool(s):
 - vaccine
Model parameters:
 (none)
Distribution of the population at time 100:
 - (0) Susceptible: 9950 -> 0
- (1) Exposed: 50 -> 0
- (2) Recovered: 0 -> 9399
- (3) Removed: 0 -> 601
Transition Probabilities:
- Susceptible 0.92 0.08 - - Exposed - 0.85 0.14 0.01 - Recovered - 1.00 - 1.00
 - Removed
```

# **Benchmarking**

Here we keep a list of scenarios where we compare epiworld with other ABM simulation engines. Although the comparison is made at the speed level, we also list features of capabilities and main differences between the engines.

4 Benchmarking

## **Contributor Code of Conduct**

As contributors and maintainers of this project, we pledge to respect all people who contribute through reporting issues, posting feature requests, updating documentation, submitting pull requests or patches, and other activities.

We are committed to making participation in this project a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of level of experience, gender, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, disability, personal appearance, body size, race, ethnicity, age, or religion.

Examples of unacceptable behavior by participants include the use of sexual language or imagery, derogatory comments or personal attacks, trolling, public or private harassment, insults, or other unprofessional conduct.

Project maintainers have the right and responsibility to remove, edit, or reject comments, commits, code, wiki edits, issues, and other contributions that are not aligned to this Code of Conduct. Project maintainers who do not follow the Code of Conduct may be removed from the project team.

Instances of abusive, harassing, or otherwise unacceptable behavior may be reported by opening an issue or contacting one or more of the project maintainers.

This Code of Conduct is adapted from the Contributor Covenant ( http://contributor-covenant.org), version 1.0.0, available at http://contributor-covenant.org/version/1/0/0/

# ModelMeaslesMixing

A comprehensive epidemiological model that combines measles-specific disease progression with population mixing and quarantine measures.

#### 4.1 Overview

ModelMeaslesMixing implements a measles transmission model that extends the SEIR framework with:

- $\bullet \ \ \text{Measles-specific disease progression} : \mathsf{Susceptible} \to \mathsf{Exposed} \to \mathsf{Prodromal} \to \mathsf{Rash} \to \mathsf{Recovered}$
- · Population mixing: Uses contact matrices to model heterogeneous mixing between population groups
- Infectious period: Agents are infectious during the Prodromal state
- · Detection and isolation: Detection occurs during the Rash state when symptoms become visible
- Contact tracing: Comprehensive contact tracing with configurable success rates
- Quarantine measures: Multiple quarantine states for exposed contacts
- · Vaccination: Vaccine distribution with configurable efficacy and recovery enhancement

#### 4.2 Disease States

The model includes 13 distinct states:

- 1. Susceptible Can become infected
- 2. Exposed Infected but not yet infectious (incubation period)
- 3. Prodromal Infectious individuals (replaces "Infected" in standard SEIR)
- 4. Rash Non-infectious with visible symptoms (detection occurs here)
- 5. Isolated Detected individuals in self-isolation
- 6. Isolated Recovered Recovered individuals still in isolation

8 ModelMeaslesMixing

- 7. Detected Hospitalized Hospitalized individuals who were contact-traced
- 8. Quarantined Exposed Exposed individuals in quarantine
- 9. Quarantined Susceptible Susceptible individuals in quarantine
- 10. Quarantined Prodromal Prodromal individuals in quarantine
- 11. Quarantined Recovered Recovered individuals in quarantine
- 12. Hospitalized Individuals requiring hospital care
- 13. Recovered Immune individuals

### 4.3 Key Features

#### 4.3.1 Disease Progression

- · Incubation Period: Time from exposure to becoming infectious
- · Prodromal Period: Duration of infectiousness before rash appears
- Rash Period: Duration of visible symptoms (detection window)
- Detection: Probabilistic detection during rash period
- Hospitalization: Some individuals require hospitalization

#### 4.3.2 Population Mixing

- · Contact Matrices: Define mixing patterns between population groups
- · Heterogeneous Mixing: Different contact rates between groups
- Scalable: Supports multiple population entities

#### 4.3.3 Public Health Measures

- · Contact Tracing: Trace contacts of detected individuals
- · Quarantine: Quarantine exposed contacts with configurable compliance
- · Isolation: Isolate detected cases with configurable willingness
- · Vaccination: Reduce susceptibility and enhance recovery

#### 4.4 Parameters

#### 4.4.1 Disease Parameters

- contact\_rate: Average number of contacts per day
- transmission\_rate: Probability of transmission per contact
- incubation\_period: Average incubation period (days)
- prodromal\_period: Average prodromal period (days)
- rash\_period: Average rash period (days)
- hospitalization\_rate: Probability of hospitalization
- hospitalization\_period: Average hospitalization duration (days)

4.5 Usage Example 9

#### 4.4.2 Detection and Isolation

- days\_undetected: Average time until detection during rash period
- isolation period: Duration of isolation for detected cases
- isolation\_willingness: Proportion willing to self-isolate

#### 4.4.3 Contact Tracing and Quarantine

- contact\_tracing\_success\_rate: Probability of successfully tracing a contact
- contact\_tracing\_days\_prior: Number of days to trace back
- quarantine\_period: Duration of quarantine for contacts
- quarantine\_willingness: Proportion willing to quarantine

#### 4.4.4 Vaccination

- prop\_vaccinated: Proportion of population vaccinated
- vax\_efficacy: Vaccine efficacy (reduction in susceptibility)
- vax\_reduction\_recovery\_rate: Recovery enhancement from vaccination

### 4.5 Usage Example

```
#include "epiworld.hpp"
// Contact matrix for single homogeneous population
std::vector<double> contact_matrix = {1.0};
// Create the model
epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing<> model(
    "Measles",
                     // Virus name
// Population size
    1000.
                     // Initial prevalence
    0.005,
                     // Contact rate
    4.0,
    0.9,
                     // Transmission rate
    0.95,
                     // Vaccine efficacy
                      // Vaccine recovery enhancement
    0.5,
                      // Incubation period
    10.0.
                      // Prodromal period
    4.0,
                      // Rash period
    5.0,
    contact_matrix,
                     // Contact matrix
    0.1,
                     // Hospitalization rate
    7.0,
                      // Hospitalization period
                      // Days undetected
    2.0,
                     // Quarantine period
    14,
    0.8,
                     // Quarantine willingness
    0.9,
                     // Isolation willingness
                      // Isolation period
    10,
                      // Vaccination rate
    0.7,
                      // Contact tracing success rate
    0.8,
                      // Contact tracing days prior
    3u
);
// Add population entity
model.add_entity(Entity<>("Population", dist_factory<>(0, 1000)));
// Run simulation
model.run(60, 123);
model.print();
```

10 ModelMeaslesMixing

#### 4.6 Differences from Other Models

#### 4.6.1 vs. ModelMeaslesSchool

- Population Mixing: Adds contact matrices for heterogeneous mixing
- Contact Tracing: Enhanced contact tracing with configurable success rates
- · Scalability: Supports multiple population entities

#### 4.6.2 vs. ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine

- · Disease-Specific States: Uses Prodromal/Rash instead of generic Infected
- · Detection Timing: Detection occurs during Rash state, not Infected state
- · Infectious Period: Only Prodromal individuals are infectious
- Vaccination: Includes vaccine distribution and efficacy

### 4.7 Testing

The model includes comprehensive tests that verify:

- · Correct transition probabilities between states
- · Proper detection and quarantine mechanics
- · Population mixing functionality
- · Reproductive number calculations
- · All quarantine states function correctly

See tests/19-measles-mixing.cpp for test examples.

# epiworld c++ template library

#### 5.1 Main features

This C++ template-header-only library provides a general framework for epidemiologic simulation. The main features of the library are:

- 1. Four key classes: Model, Person, Tool, and Virus.
- 2. The model features a social networks of Persons.
- 3. Persons can have multiple Tools as a defense system.
- 4. Tools can reduce contagion rate, transmissibility, death rates, and improve recovery rates.
- 5. Viruses can mutate (generating new variants).
- 6. Models can feature multiple states, e.g., HEALTHY, SUSCEPTIBLE, etc.
- 7. Models can have an arbitrary number of parameters.
- 8. **REALLY FAST** About 6.5 Million person/day simulations per second.

## 5.2 Algorithm

#### Setup

- · Create viruses.
- · Create tools (arbitrary).
- · Set model parameters (arbitrary).
- Create global events (e.g., surveillance).
- · Set up the population: small world network (default).
- Set up rewiring (optional).
- Set states (arbitrary number of them).

#### Run

- 1. Distribute the tool(s) and virus(es)
- 2. For each t in 1 -> Duration:
  - Update state for susceptible/infected/removed(?)
  - Mutate virus(es) (each individual)
  - · Run Global events (e.g., surveillance)
  - · Run rewiring algorithm

#### Along update:

- · Contagion events are applied recorded.
- · New variants are recorded.
- · Optional user data is recorded.

### 5.3 Hello world (C++)

```
#include "include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp"
int main()
  // Creating a virus
 epiworld::Virus<> covid19("covid 19", .01, true);
 covid19.set_infectiousness(.8);
  // Creating a tool
 epiworld::Tool<> vax("vaccine", .5, true);
 vax.set_contagion_reduction(.95);
// Creating a model
  epiworld::Model<> model;
  // Adding the tool and virus
 model.add_virus(covid19);
 model.add_tool(vax);
  // Generating a random pop
 model.population_from_adjlist(
   epiworld::rgraph_smallworld(1000, 5, .2)
 // Initializing setting days and seed
model.init(60, 123123);
 // Running the model
model.run();
 model.print();
 return;
```

#### 5.4 Surveillance simulation

- Incubation time of the disease  $\sim$  Gamma (3, 1)
- Duration of the disease  $\sim$ Gamma (12, 1)
- · Probability of becoming symptomatic: 0.9
- Prob. of transmission: 1.0.
- · Vaccinated population: 25%
- · Vaccine efficacy: .9.
- · Vaccine reduction on transmission: 0.5.
- Surveillance program of x% of the population at random.
- · Individuals who test positive become isolated.

#### 5.4.1 Preliminary results

```
# With low surveillance
pop_size <- 20e3
pop_seed <- pop_size * .01
s_levels <- c(0.0001, 0.002)
cat(sep = "\n")
## Running the model...
##
##
##
## SIMULATION STUDY
##
                  : 20000
## Population size
## Days (duration)
                 : 200 (of 200)
## Number of variants : 1
## Last run elapsed t : 505.00ms
## Rewiring
                   : off
##
## Virus(es):
## - Covid19 (baseline prevalence: 100 seeds)
## Tool(s):
##
   - Vaccine (baseline prevalence: 25.00%)
##
## Model parameters:
## - Infect period
                         : 12.0000
## - Latent period
## - Latent period : 3.0000
## - Prob of symptoms : 0.7000
##
   - Prob of transmission : 1.0000
## - Prob. death
                         : 0.0010
## - Prob. reinfect
                        : 0.1000
## - Surveilance prob. : 1.0e-04
## - Vax efficacy : 0.9000
## - Vax redux transmision : 0.5000
##
\#\# Distribution of the population at time 200:
## - Total susceptible (S) : 19900 -> 2106
## - Total recovered (S)
                                        0 -> 17369
## - Total latent (I)
                                       100 -> 109
## - Total symptomatic (I)
                                       0 -> 155
                                       0 -> 2
## - Total symptomatic isolated (I) :
##
   - Total asymptomatic (I)
  - Total asymptomatic isolated (I) :
                                        0 -> 0
##
## - Total removed (R)
                                        0 -> 187
##
## (S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
## _
hist1 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_hist.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
surv1 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_user_data.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
# With high surveillance
system(sprintf("./07-surveillance.o %i %i 100 %.04f 2>&1", pop_seed, pop_size, s_levels[2]), intern = TRUE)
 cat(sep = "\n")
## Running the model...
##
##
##
## SIMULATION STUDY
## Population size : 20000 . 200 (duration)
## Days (duration)
                   : 200 (of 200)
## Number of variants : 1
## Last run elapsed t : 530.00ms
## Rewiring
##
## Virus(es):
```

```
- Covid19 (baseline prevalence: 100 seeds)
## Tool(s):
## - Vaccine (baseline prevalence: 25.00%)
##
## Model parameters:
## - Infect period
                           : 12.0000
                          : 3.0000
##
   - Latent period
## - Prob of symptoms
                            : 0.7000
  - Prob of transmission : 1.0000
                           : 0.0010
   - Prob. death
##
   - Prob. reinfect
##
                            : 0.1000
  - Surveilance prob.
                           : 0.0020
## - Vax efficacy
                          : 0.9000
##
   - Vax redux transmision : 0.5000
##
\#\# Distribution of the population at time 200:
  - Total susceptible (S)
##
                                       : 19900 -> 2125
## - Total recovered (S)
                                              0 -> 17325
  - Total latent (I)
                                             100 -> 109
##
##
   - Total symptomatic (I)
                                              0 -> 155
## - Total symptomatic isolated (I)
                                               0 -> 8
                                       :
## - Total asymptomatic (I)
                                               0 -> 76
##
   - Total asymptomatic isolated (I) :
                                               0 -> 1
  - Total removed (R)
                                               0 -> 201
##
## (S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
## _
hist2 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_hist.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
surv2 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_user_data.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
hist_comb <- rbind(
 cbind(sim = as.character(s_levels[1]), hist1),
 cbind(sim = as.character(s_levels[2]), hist2)
qqplot(hist\_comb, aes(x = date, y = counts + 1, colour = state, linetype=sim)) +
 geom_line() +
 # scale_y_log10() +
labs(y = "Counts (log)")
```

#### 5.4.2 Cases detected

```
survdat <- rbind(
  with(surv1, rbind()
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[1]), Date = date, Type = "N Sampled", n = nsampled),
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[1]), Date = date, Type = "N detected", n = ndetected),
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[1]), Date = date, Type = "N detected Asymp", n =
        ndetected_asympt),
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[1]), Date = date, Type = "N Asymp", n = nasymptomatic)
)),
   with(surv2, rbind(
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[2]), Date = date, Type = "N Sampled", n = nsampled),
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[2]), Date = date, Type = "N detected", n = ndetected),
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[2]), Date = date, Type = "N detected Asymp", n =
        ndetected_asympt),
   data.frame(Id = as.character(s_levels[2]), Date = date, Type = "N Asymp", n = nasymptomatic)
))
)
ggplot(survdat, aes(x = Date, y = n + 1, colour = Type)) +
   geom_line() +
   facet_wrap(~Id) +
   scale_y_log10() +
   labs(y = "Counts (log)")</pre>
```

# **General parameters**

The following are parameters used for both ABM and Compartmental models.

```
EPI_BETA <- 0.75

EPI_GAMMA <- 0.33

EPI_LATENCY <- 1/0.33

EPI_N <- 10000

EPI_0 <- 0.01

EPI_NDAYS <- 50

Sys.setenv( # nolint

EPI_BETA = EPI_BETA,

EPI_GAMMA = EPI_GAMMA,

EPI_LATENCY = EPI_LATENCY,

EPI_N = EPI_N,

EPI_O = EPI_O,

EPI_NDAYS = EPI_NDAYS
```

### 6.1 Compartmental Models

#### 6.1.1 SIR Model

```
library(deSolve)
library(ggplot2)
library(data.table)
# Code from
# Chapter 2: SIR
# Book "Epidemics: Models and Data using R."
# By: Ottar N. Bjørnstad
sirmod <- function(t, y, parms) {
    # Pull state variables from the vector y</pre>
       S = y[1]
       R = y[3]
       # Pull parameter values from parms vector
       beta = parms["beta"]
mu = parms["mu"]
       gamma = parms["gamma"]
N = parms["N"]
       # Define equations
       dS = mu * (N - S) - beta * S * I/N
dI = beta * S * I/N - (mu + gamma) * I
dR = gamma * I - mu * R
       res = c(dS, dI, dR)
       # Return list of gradients
       list(res)
times <- seq(0, EPI_NDAYS, by = 1)

parms <- c(mu = 0, N = EPI_N, beta = EPI_BETA, gamma = EPI_GAMMA)

start <- c(S = EPI_N * (1 - EPI_0), I = EPI_N * EPI_0, R = 0)

out <- ode(y = start, times = times, func = sirmod, parms= parms)
out <- as.data.frame(out)
out <- rbind(
```

16 General parameters

```
with(out, data.table(date = time, state = "Susceptible", counts = S)),
with(out, data.table(date = time, state = "Infected", counts = I)),
with(out, data.table(date = time, state = "Recovered", counts = R))
)

Now we visualize the model
ggplot(out, aes(x = date, y = counts)) +
    geom_line(aes(colour = state)) +
    labs(title = "Compartmental SIR")
```

#### 6.1.2 SEIR Model

```
# Code adapted from
  Chapter 2: SIR
# Book "Epidemics: Models and Data using R"
# By: Ottar N. Bjørnstad
seirmod <- function(t, y, parms) {
    # Pull state variables from y vector</pre>
     S = y[1]
     E = y[2]
     I = y[3]
     R = y[4]
     # Pull parameter values from parms vector
     beta = parms["beta"]
mu = parms["mu"]
     alpha = parms["alpha"]
     gamma = parms["gamma"]
            = parms["N"]
     # Define equations
     dS = mu * (N - S) - beta * S * I/N - mu * S
         = beta * S * I/N - (mu + alpha) * E
     dI = alpha * E - (mu + gamma) * I
dR = gamma * I - mu * R
     res = c(dS, dE, dI, dR)
     # Return list of gradients
# Initial parameters
parms <- c(

mu = 0, N = EPI_N, beta = EPI_BETA,
     alpha = 1/EPI_LATENCY, gamma = EPI_GAMMA
start <- c(S = EPI_N * (1 - EPI_0), E = EPI_N * EPI_0, I = 0, R = 0)
out_seir <- ode(y = start, times = times, func = seirmod, parms = parms)</pre>
out_seir <- as.data.frame(out_seir)</pre>
out_seir <- rbind(
     with(out_seir, data.table(date = time, state = "Susceptible", counts = S)),
     with (out_seir, data.table(date = time, state = "Exposed", counts = E)), with (out_seir, data.table(date = time, state = "Infected", counts = I)), with (out_seir, data.table(date = time, state = "Recovered", counts = I)), with (out_seir, data.table(date = time, state = "Recovered", counts = R))
Now we visualize the model
ggplot(out\_seir, aes(x = date, y = counts)) + geom\_line(aes(colour = state)) +
     labs(title = "Compartmental SEIR")
```

## 6.2 Agent-Based Model Approach

Calculation of the expected number of days in state \$a\$ when prob of changing state equals \$\alpha\$ is \$1/\alpha\$

```
set.seed(712)
a <- .3
R <- matrix(runif(2e5 * 50), ncol = 50)
dat <- apply(R, 1, \(x) {
      which.max(x < a)
})
mean(dat) - 1 / a</pre>
[1] -0.01049333
```

#### 6.2.1 Mathematical preliminaries

That agent \$i\$ becomes infected can be computed as follows:

At the same time, the probability of not becoming infected equals to the probability of no infected agent transmitting the infection. The probability that agent \$i\\$ infects \$i\\$ equals

In this case, \$\beta\$ is parametrized such that its values are within \$(0,1)\$. Since transmission from the \$I\$ infected agents happens independently, we finally have the following:

With the above equation, we can now calculate the change in the number of susceptible agents. In this case, it equals the expected number of new infections:

With the same parametrization in the canonical SIR model (Kermack and McKendrick), the instantaneous change in the number of susceptible agents equals  $\frac{s}{d} = -S \beta .$  (Wella \\$), we can show that, as \beta\downarrow 0\\$, i.e., the population grows, both rates converge to the same number. Formally:

The same can be shown for the change in the number recovered.

#### 6.2.2 Simulation study

### 6.3 Comparing ABM with Compartmental Models

To this end, we will compare the results of the first run of the Compartmental model with 100 runs of the ABM, compute the confidence interval, and see how likely is the compartmental model to fall within the trajectory of the ABM simulation.

#### 6.3.1 SIR

```
system("./09-sir-connected.o -n $EPI N -b $EPI BETA -d $EPI NDAYS -p $EPI 0 -r $EPI GAMMA -i 1.0 -s555599 -e
        100")
library(ggplot2)
library(data.table)
epiworld <- data.table::fread("09-sir-connected-experiments.csv")</pre>
epiworld <- epiworld[, .(
    min = quantile(counts, probs = .025),
    mean = mean(counts),
    max = quantile(counts, probs = .975)), by = .(date, state)]
# Merging Compartmental
epiworld <- merge(
     epiworld,
    out[, .(date = date, state = state, compartmental = counts)], by = c("date", "state")
setorder(epiworld, state, date)
ggplot(epiworld, aes(x = date, y = mean)) +
     geom_ribbon(aes(ymin = min, ymax = max, colour = state), alpha = 0.1) +
     \texttt{geom\_line}(\texttt{aes}\,(\texttt{x}\,=\,\texttt{date},\,\,\texttt{y}\,=\,\texttt{compartmental},\,\,\texttt{colour}\,=\,\texttt{sprintf}(\texttt{"\$s}\,\,\,(\texttt{compt})\,\texttt{"},\,\,\texttt{state})))
```

It seems that, although both yield the same equilibria, compartmental models reach the highest point of the simulation earlier. This makes sense as within a single day of the ABM simulation, compartmental models have more events taking place. Nonetheless, as predicted, as \$\beta\downarrow 0\\$, the differences become lesser. Furthermore, we could use the fact that the transition rates are known to compute an adjustment.

18 General parameters

#### 6.3.2 SEIR

#### **6.3.3 Rates**

```
S <- 1000
rate_comp <- function(I,B) S * B * I
rate_abm <- function(I,B) S * (1 - (1 - B)^I)
op <- par(mfrow = c(3, 2))
for (i in c(1, 10, 100)) {
      curve(rate_comp(i, x), from = .01, to = 0.05)
      curve(rate_abm(i, x), from = .01, to = 0.05, add = FALSE, lty = 2)
}
par(op)</pre>
```

## **MIT License**

Copyright (c) 2021 George G. Vega Yon

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

20 MIT License

## model1

The dynamics of the simulation process are:

- 1. Discrete Markov process.
- 2. The simulation has the following parameters:
  - a. New variant emergence at rate X. b. For each variant k:
    - Unvaccinated individuals become sick rate C(k),
    - Mortality rate D (k),
    - Recovery rate H(k),
    - Vaccines have an efficaccy rate  $\mathbb{E}\left(v,k\right)$  and pseudo vaccines (recovered) have efficacy rate  $\mathbb{E}\left(r,k\right)$   $< \mathbb{E}\left(v,k\right)$ . In general, the probability of i acquiring the disease k from j will be equal to

```
``` P(i gets the disease from j | their states) = C(k) * (1 - E(i,k)) * (1 - E(j,k)) ```
```

where (i,j) in (u,v,r). Efficacy rate for unvaccinated is zero.

- Vaccinated individuals have a reduced mortality rate D(k,v) > D(k), and recovered individuals D(k,r) in (D(k,v), D(k)]
- Vaccinated individuals have an increased recovery rate H (k, v) > H (k), whereas recovered's rate H (k, r) in [H(k), H(k, v)).

The sum of mortality and recovery rates is less than one since the difference represents no change.

- c. Each country vaccinates citizens at rate V function of A (availability) and B (citizens' acceptance rate.) d. In each country i, the entire population N(i) distributes between the following states:
  - Healthy unvaccinated (N (i,t,u)),
  - Healthy vaccinated (N(i,t,v)),
  - Deceased (N(i,t,d)),
  - Recovered (N(i,t,r)),
  - Unvaccinated and sick with variant (N(i,t,s,k|u))k., and
  - Vaccinated and sick with variant (N (i,t,s,k|v)) k .

```
Total sick are N(i,t,k,s) = sum(g in \{u,v\}) N(i,t,k,s|g)
```

Globally, we keep track of the prevalence of new variants. Variants can disappear if no more individuals port the variant, i.e., the prevalence rate P(k,t) = sum(i) N(i,s,k) equals zero.

d. Vaccines are manufactured at each country at rates  $\mathbb{M}(i)$  and uniformly shared with other countries at rate  $\mathbb{S}(i)$ . c. Population flows between each country pair (i,j) at a rate  $\mathbb{F}(i,j)$ . Flows between countries do not change Population and are symmetric.

22 model1

- 3. The simulation process is as follows:
  - (a) Countries are initialized with a total population N(i).
  - (b) Variant zero initializes at a random location i, with an initial prevalence P(k,t) = N(i,t,k).
  - (c) For time t in (0,T) do:
    - a. Unvaccinated individuals can become sick of variant  ${\bf k}$  with probability:
    - ```  $Pr(h->s|i,t,k,u) \sim sum(g in \{u,v\}) (N(i,t-1,s,k|g) + sum(j != i) F(i,j) * N(j,t-1,s,k|g)) * C(k) / (N(i) + sum(j != i) N(j)) ```$
    - b. Vaccinated individuals can become sick of variant k with probability:  $\Pr(v->s|i,t,k,v) \sim \Pr(h->s|i,t,k) * (1 E(v,k))$ .
    - b. Recovered individuals can become sick of variant k with probability:  $\Pr(v->s|i,t,k,r) \sim \Pr(h->s|i,t,k) * (1 E(r,k))$ .
    - c. Sick individuals with variant k die with probability D(k) or recover with probability H(k), otherwise they stay infected; with the rates depending on their vaccination status v or n.
    - d. Unvaccinated individuals vaccinate in country i with probability P(u->v)  $\sim$  V(A(i,t), B(i)).
    - e. The country vaccine supply changes.

# Mixing probabilities in connected model

George G. Vega Yon, Ph.D. 2024-04-25

### 9.1 Case 1: No grouping

We will look into the probability of drawing infected individuals to simplify the algorithm. There are \$1\$ infected individuals at any time in the simulation; thus, instead of drawing from \$Bern(c/N, N)\$, we will be drawing from \$ $\leftarrow$  Bern(c/N, I)\$. The next step is to check which infected individuals should be drawn. Let's compare the distributions using the hypergeometric as an example:

```
set.seed(132)
nsims <- 1e4
N <- 400
rate <- 5
p <- rate/N
I <- 10
sim_complex <- parallel::mclapply(1:nsims, \(i) {</pre>
 nsamples <- rbinom(N, N, p)
sum(rbinom(N, size = nsamples, prob = I/N) > 0)
}, mc.cores = 4L) |> unlist()
sim_simple <- parallel::mclapply(1:nsims, \(i) {</pre>
sum(rbinom(N, I, p) > 0)
}, mc.cores = 4L) |> unlist()
op <- par(mfrow = c(1,2))
MASS::truehist(sim_complex)
MASS::truehist(sim_simple)
par(op)
quantile(sim_complex)
  0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
  27 43 47 51
quantile(sim_simple)
  0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
  23 43 47 51 71
plotter(sim_complex, sim_simple)
```

These two approaches are equivalent, but the second one is more efficient from the computational perspective.

set.seed(123133)

## 9.2 Case 2: Grouping

This explores the case when we have mixing across groups. The question is if we can replicate the effect at the group level.

```
ngroups <- 3
mixing <- matrix(
  c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.2, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.2, 0.1),
  nrow = ngroups,
  ncol = ngroups
mixing <- mixing/rowSums(mixing)</pre>
mixing
             [,1]
                         [,2]
[1,] 0.1666667 0.3333333 0.5000000
[2,] 0.4000000 0.2000000 0.4000000
[3,] 0.5000000 0.3333333 0.1666667
N <- 500
sizes <- c(100, 150, 250) rate <- 5
p <- rate/N
I <- c(10, 30, 20)
ids <- rep.int(1:ngroups, times = sizes)</pre>
nsims <- 1e4
sim_complex <- parallel::mclapply(1:nsims, \(i) {</pre>
  # Sampling group first
  # How many each individual will sample from the groups
    ans <- rbinom(
     n = N, size = sizes[g], prob = mixing[ids,][,g] * p
      ) |> sum()
    # Sampling with replacement rbinom(ans, size = 1, prob = I[g]/sizes[g]) |> sum()
  }) |> sum()
, mc.cores = 4L) > unlist()
Using the alternative method in which we directly weight the probabilities:
sim_simple <- parallel::mclapply(1:nsims, \(i) {
    # Sampling group first</pre>
  sapply(1:ngroups, \(g) {
    rbinom(
      n = N, size = I[g], prob = mixing[cbind(ids,g)] * p
 ) |> sum()
}) |> sum()
}, mc.cores = 4L) |> unlist()
op <- par(mfrow = c(1,2))</pre>
MASS::truehist(sim_complex)
MASS::truehist(sim_simple)
par(op)
quantile(sim_complex)
  0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
              94 101 131
       88
quantile(sim_simple)
  0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
  58 87 94 101 135
plotter(sim_complex, sim_simple)
```

## **EPI Simulator**

### 10.1 Disease dynamics

Diseases continuously evolve in time. Changes in their genetic sequence make them more or less resistant to the particular version of the vaccine. Mutations also affect the transmissibility level and mortality rate of the disease. Using this approach allows making vaccination efficacy a function of compatibility between the variant and the vaccine.

When an individual becomes infected, the disease accumulates mutations in the new host. Ultimately, there is no single version of the disease present in the model, but rather an infinite number of them, each slightly different from the other.

#### 10.2 Network dynamics

We can assume that the Population is organized in fully connected blocks for the first version of the model. Block sizes and the number of connections between blocks are Poisson random variables. Individuals interact with all the members of their blocks, and bridging individuals allow the disease to move across blocks.

### 10.3 Contagion dynamics

The transmission of the disease will be governed by the number of vaccinated, infected, and recovered within each block. Transmission between blocks will be treated in the same way, although individuals bridging the block will only interact with others within the block and their direct connections across the blocks.

### 10.4 Time dynamics

Time dynamics has two components, how biology evolves and how agents react.

The model develops as a continuous-time Markov process. Each block of individuals takes action at rates  $\mathbb{L}\left(\frac{1}{N}\right)$  function of the local number of infections. This way, if

26 EPI Simulator

### 10.5 Updating agent's status

Like most other components, updating agents' states can be personalized. A naive approach allows agents to get infected with a single virus or stay as-is. The probability of this event is conditional on acquiring at most one virus. Since these are independent events, the conditional probability is computed as follows:

#### Where

```
P(only variant k) = P(k) * Prod(m!=v) (1 - P(m))

P(at most 1) = P(None) + Sum(v in variants) P(v) * Prod(m != v) (1 - P(m))

P(None) = Prod(v in variants) (1 - P(v))
```

Furthermore, the (Variant, Person) pairs are treated independently.

#### 10.5.1 Other parameters

- · Who did you get the infection from.
- · Omicron is 1.5 more infectious than delta.
- · Surveillance:
  - Pull people to be tested at random.
  - Or at symptoms.
  - A mix of the two.
- Define a class for passing extra functions and datasets, for example, testing surveillance.
- · Exposed people become infectious after k days.
- Network changesthe can be a function of an ERGM. Apply K steps throughout time.
- · Add progress bar.

# Namespace Index

# 11.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

epiworld	::sampler						
	Functions for sampling viruses	 	 	 	 	 	37
sampler							
	Functions for sampling viruses						40

28 Namespace Index

# **Hierarchical Index**

# 12.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

AdjList	 . 45
epiworld::AdjList	 . 46
Agent < TSeq >	 . 48
epiworld::Agent < TSeq >	 . 53
Agent< EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ >	 . 48
AgentsSample < TSeq >	 . 56
${\it epiworld::} Agents Sample < TSeq > \dots $	
DataBase < TSeq >	
epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >	
Entities < TSeq >	
epiworld::Entities< TSeq >	
Entities_const< TSeq >	
epiworld::Entities_const< TSeq >	
Entity < TSeq >	
epiworld::Entity< TSeq >	
Entity < EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ >	
epiworld::Event< TSeq >	
Event< TSeq >	
epiworld::GlobalEvent< TSeq >	
GlobalEvent< TSeq >	
epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >	
LFMCMC< TData >	
epiworld::Model < TSeq >	
Model < TSeq >	 . 100
${\sf ModelMeaslesSchool}{<}{\sf TSeq}{>}\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots$	 142
${\sf epiworld::} \\ {\sf Model} < {\sf EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} > \dots $	 . 85
ModelDiffNet < TSeq >	 119
ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >	 129
ModelSEIR< TSeq >	 149
ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >	 155
ModelSEIRD < TSeq >	
ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq >	
ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq >	
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >	
ModelSIR < TSeq >	
•	

30 Hierarchical Index

ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >	
ModelSIRD< TSeq >	
ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >	 213
ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >	
ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >	
ModelSIS< TSeq >	
ModelSISD< TSeq >	
ModelSURV < TSeq >	 239
epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq >	 117
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >	 120
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >	 137
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >	 146
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >	 152
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >	 158
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >	 164
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq >	 170
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >	 178
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR < TSeq >	 194
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq >	 204
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >	
epiworld::ModelDiagram	
ModelDiagram	
Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >	
epiworld::PersonTools< TSeq >	
PersonTools < TSeq >	
epiworld::Progress	
Progress	
epiworld::Queue < TSeq >	
Queue < TSeq >	
RandGraph	
epiworld::SAMPLETYPE	
SAMPLETYPE	
epiworld::Tool< TSeq >	245
Tool < TSeq >	246
epiworld::ToolFunctions< TSeq >	248
ToolFunctions < TSeq >	249
epiworld::Tools< TSeq >	249
Tools < TSeq >	250
epiworld::Tools_const< TSeq >	251
Tools const< TSeq >	251
epiworld::UserData< TSeq >	252
UserData < TSeq >	254
epiworld::vecHasher< T >	256
Vec Hasher $V$	256
epiworld::Virus< TSeq >	250 257
	257 259
Virus< TSeq >	259 261
·	
Viruses < TSeq >	262
epiworld::Viruses_const< TSeq >	263
Viruses_const< TSeq >	263
epiworld::VirusFunctions < TSeq >	264
VirusFunctions< TSeq >	 265

# **Class Index**

## 13.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AdjList	45
epiworld::AdjList	46
Agent < TSeq >	
Agent (agents)	48
epiworld::Agent< TSeq >	
Agent (agents)	53
AgentsSample < TSeq >	
Sample of agents	56
epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq >	
Sample of agents	58
DataBase < TSeq >	
Statistical data about the process	59
epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >	
Statistical data about the process	65
Entities < TSeq >	
Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)	69
epiworld::Entities< TSeq >	
Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)	70
Entities_const < TSeq >	
Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)	71
epiworld::Entities_const< TSeq >	
Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)	72
Entity < TSeq >	73
epiworld::Entity< TSeq >	74
epiworld::Event < TSeq >	
Event data for update an agent	76
Event< TSeq >	
Event data for update an agent	77
epiworld::GlobalEvent< TSeq >	
Template for a Global Event	79
GlobalEvent TSeq >	
Template for a Global Event	81
epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >	
Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo	82
LFMCMC< TData >	
Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo	83

32 Class Index

epiworld::Model < TSeq >	
Core class of epiworld	85
Model < TSeq >	
Core class of epiworld	100
epiworld::ModelDiagram	117
ModelDiagram	117
epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq >	
Template for a Network Diffusion Model	117
ModelDiffNet< TSeq >	
Template for a Network Diffusion Model	119
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >	
Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing	120
ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >	
Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing	129
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >	
Template for a Measles model with quarantine	137
ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >	
Template for a Measles model with quarantine	142
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model	146
ModelSEIR< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model	149
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >	152
ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >	155
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SEIRD) model	158
ModelSEIRD < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SEIRD) model	161
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >	164
ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >	167
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >	170
ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq >	174
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >	
SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing	178
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >	
SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing	186
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	194
ModelSIR< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	195
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >	198
ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >	201
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model	204
ModelSIRD < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model	207
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >	210
ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >	213
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	215
ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	219
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >	222
ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >	226
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model	229
ModelSIS < TSeq >	_
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model	232

13.1 Class List

epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model	233
ModelSISD < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model	235
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >	236
ModelSURV < TSeq >	239
Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >	
epiworld::PersonTools< TSeq >	
PersonTools< TSeq >	242
epiworld::Progress	
A simple progress bar	242
Progress	
A simple progress bar	242
epiworld::Queue < TSeq >	0.40
Controls which agents are verified at each step	243
Queue < TSeq >	0.40
Controls which agents are verified at each step	
RandGraph	
epiworld::SAMPLETYPE	
SAMPLETYPE	245
epiworld::Tool< TSeq > Tools for defending the agent against the virus	245
Tool < TSeq >	240
Tools for defending the agent against the virus	246
epiworld::ToolFunctions< TSeq >	240
Helper class to store the functions avoiding multiple shared_pointers (we have only one for the	
four of these)	
ToolFunctions < TSeq >	240
Helper class to store the functions avoiding multiple shared_pointers (we have only one for the	
four of these)	
epiworld::Tools< TSeq >	
Set of tools (useful for building iterators)	249
Tools < TSeq >	
Set of tools (useful for building iterators)	250
epiworld::Tools_const< TSeq >	
Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)	251
Tools_const< TSeq >	
Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)	251
epiworld::UserData < TSeq >	
Personalized data by the user	252
UserData < TSeq >	
Personalized data by the user	254
epiworld::vecHasher< T >	
Vector hasher	256
vecHasher< T >	
Vector hasher	256
epiworld::Virus< TSeq >	
Virus	257
Virus< TSeq >	
Virus	259
epiworld::Viruses< TSeq >	
Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)	261
Viruses < TSeq >	
Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)	262
epiworld::Viruses_const< TSeq >	
Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)	263
Viruses_const< TSeq >	000
Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)	263

epiworld::VirusFunctions<	TSeq >					 						 				 	264
VirusFunctions < TSeq >						 						 				 	265

# File Index

## 14.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

epiworld.hpp
include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-events-meat.hpp??
include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp
Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file
include/epiworld/agent-meat-virus-sampling.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>config.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/entity-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/entity-distribute-meat.hpp??
include/epiworld/entity-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/epiworld-macros.hpp
include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>globalevent-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/globalevent-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/misc.hpp
include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/model-meat-print.hpp
include/epiworld/model-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/modeldiagram-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/modeldiagram-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>network-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/ <b>progress.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>randgraph.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/random_graph.hpp??
include/epiworld/seq_processing.hpp
include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/tool-distribute-meat.hpp

36 File Index

# **Namespace Documentation**

## 15.1 epiworld::sampler Namespace Reference

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
    std::function< void(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_update_susceptible (std::vector<
    epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
 std::function< Virus< TSeq > \*(Agent< TSeq > \*, Model< TSeq > \*)> make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors
 (std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > exclude={})

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
 Virus< TSeq > \* sample\_virus\_single (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 15.1.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### 15.1.2 Function Documentation

#### 15.1.2.1 make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

е	exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling	1
---	---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------	---

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

#### 15.1.2.2 make\_update\_susceptible()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

#### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

#### 15.1.2.3 sample\_virus\_single()

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

This function samples at most one virus from the pool of viruses from its neighbors. If no virus is selected, the function returns a nullptr, otherwise it returns a pointer to the selected virus.

This can be used to build a new update function (EPI\_NEW\_UPDATEFUN.)

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

#### **Parameters**

р	Pointer to person	
m	Pointer to the model	

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

### 15.2 sampler Namespace Reference

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### **Functions**

```
    template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
    std::function< void(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_update_susceptible (std::vector<
    epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

• template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> std::function< Virus< TSeq > \*(Agent< TSeq > \*, Model< TSeq > \*)> make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors (std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > exclude={})

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

```
• template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>  
    Virus< TSeq > * sample_virus_single (Agent< TSeq > *p, Model< TSeq > *m)
```

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

#### 15.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### 15.2.2 Function Documentation

#### 15.2.2.1 make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

	exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling	
--	---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------	--

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

#### 15.2.2.2 make\_update\_susceptible()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

#### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

#### 15.2.2.3 sample\_virus\_single()

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

This function samples at most one virus from the pool of viruses from its neighbors. If no virus is selected, the function returns a nullptr, otherwise it returns a pointer to the selected virus.

This can be used to build a new update function (EPI\_NEW\_UPDATEFUN.)

Tem	plate	Parai	meters

TSeq	

#### **Parameters**

р	Pointer to person	
m	Pointer to the model	

#### Returns

 $\label{thm:continuity} Virus < TSeq > * of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;$ 

# **Class Documentation**

## 16.1 AdjList Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- AdjList (const std::vector < int > &source, const std::vector < int > &target, int size, bool directed)
   Construct a new Adj List object.
- AdjList (AdjList &&a)
- AdjList (const AdjList &a)
- AdjList & operator= (const AdjList &a)
- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=true)

Read an edgelist.

- std::map< int, int > operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i) const
- void print (epiworld\_fast\_uint limit=20u) const
- size t vcount () const

Number of vertices/nodes in the network.

• size\_t ecount () const

Number of edges/arcs/ties in the network.

- std::vector< std::map< int, int > > & get\_dat ()
- bool is\_directed () const

true if the network is directed.

#### 16.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.1.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

Ids in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

46 Class Documentation

#### **Parameters**

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
size	Number of vertices in the network.
directed	Bool true if the network is directed

#### 16.1.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.1.2.1 read\_edgelist()

```
void AdjList::read_edgelist (
    std::string fn,
    int size,
    int skip = 0,
    bool directed = true ) [inline]
```

Read an edgelist.

Ids in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file
skip	Number of lines to skip (e.g., 1 if there's a header)
directed	true if the network is directed
size	Number of vertices in the network.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp

## 16.2 epiworld::AdjList Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- AdjList (const std::vector< int > &source, const std::vector< int > &target, int size, bool directed)
   Construct a new Adj List object.
- AdjList (AdjList &&a)
- AdjList (const AdjList &a)
- AdjList & operator= (const AdjList &a)
- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=true)

Read an edgelist.

- std::map< int, int > operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i) const
- void **print** (epiworld\_fast\_uint limit=20u) const
- size\_t vcount () const

Number of vertices/nodes in the network.

• size\_t ecount () const

Number of edges/arcs/ties in the network.

- std::vector< std::map< int, int > > & get\_dat ()
- bool is\_directed () const

true if the network is directed.

#### 16.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.2.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

lds in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

### Parameters

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
size	Number of vertices in the network.
directed	Bool true if the network is directed

#### 16.2.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.2.2.1 read\_edgelist()

```
void AdjList::read_edgelist (
    std::string fn,
    int size,
    int skip = 0,
    bool directed = true ) [inline]
```

Read an edgelist.

lds in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

48 Class Documentation

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file
skip	Number of lines to skip (e.g., 1 if there's a header)
directed	true if the network is directed
size	Number of vertices in the network.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.3 Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Agent (agents)

#include <agent-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Agent (Agent < TSeq > &&p)
- Agent (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- Agent < TSeq > & operator= (const Agent < TSeq > &other\_agent)
- int get\_id () const

Id of the individual.

- VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus ()
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > &  $get\_virus$  () const
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- Tools < TSeq > get\_tools ()
- const Tools\_const< TSeq > get\_tools () const
- size t get n tools () const noexcept
- void mutate\_virus ()
- void add\_neighbor (Agent < TSeq > &p, bool check\_source=true, bool check\_target=true)
- void swap\_neighbors (Agent < TSeq > &other, size\_t n\_this, size\_t n\_other)

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > get\_neighbors ()
- size t get n neighbors () const
- void change\_state (Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_state, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=0)
- const unsigned int & get\_state () const
- · void reset ()
- bool has\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- bool has\_tool (std::string name) const
- bool has\_tool (const Tool < TSeq > &t) const
- bool has\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- · bool has\_virus (std::string name) const
- bool has\_virus (const Virus< TSeq > &v) const
- bool has\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- · bool has\_entity (std::string name) const
- · void print (bool compressed=false) const
- Entities < TSeq > get\_entities ()
- const Entities\_const< TSeq > get\_entities () const

- const Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size\_t i) const
- Entity< TSeq > & get\_entity (size\_t i)
- · size t get n entities () const
- bool operator== (const Agent < TSeq > & other) const
- bool operator!= (const Agent < TSeq > &other) const

#### Add/Remove Virus/Tool

Any of these is ultimately reflected at the end of the iteration.

#### **Parameters**

tool	Tool to add
virus	Virus to add
state_new	state after the change
queue	

- void add\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_tool (const Tool < TSeq > &tool, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void set\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void set\_virus (const Virus < TSeq > &virus, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint entity\_idx, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (Model < TSeq > \*model)
   Agent removed by virus.

#### Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

#### Parameters

v A pointer to a virus.

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)

50 Class Documentation

```
    double & operator() (size_t j)
```

Access the j-th column of the agent.

- double & operator[] (size\_t j)
- double operator() (size\_t j) const
- double operator[] (size\_t j) const

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Tools < TSeq >
- class Tools const< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >
- class Entities < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default add entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default rm entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_change\_state (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 16.3.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq>class Agent< TSeq>
```

Agent (agents)

**Template Parameters** 

```
TSeq | Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)
```

#### 16.3.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.3.2.1 operator()()

Access the j-th column of the agent.

If an external array has been specified, then these two functions can be used to access additional agent's features not included in the model.

The operator[] method is with no boundary check, whereas the operator() method checks boundaries. The former can result in a segfault.

52 Class Documentation

#### **Parameters**



#### Returns

double&

#### 16.3.2.2 swap\_neighbors()

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

#### **Parameters**

other	
n_this	
n_other	

### 16.3.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 16.3.3.1 default\_rm\_entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/agent-meat.hpp

### 16.4 epiworld::Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference

#### Agent (agents)

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Agent (Agent < TSeq > &&p)
- Agent (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- Agent < TSeq > & operator= (const Agent < TSeq > &other\_agent)
- int get id () const

Id of the individual.

- VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus ()
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus () const
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- Tools < TSeq > get\_tools ()
- const Tools\_const < TSeq > get\_tools () const
- size\_t get\_n\_tools () const noexcept
- void mutate\_virus ()
- void add neighbor (Agent < TSeq > &p, bool check source=true, bool check target=true)
- void swap\_neighbors (Agent < TSeq > &other, size\_t n\_this, size\_t n\_other)

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > get\_neighbors ()
- size\_t **get\_n\_neighbors** () const
- void **change\_state** (Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_state, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=0)
- const unsigned int & get\_state () const
- · void reset ()
- · bool has tool (epiworld fast uint t) const
- · bool has\_tool (std::string name) const
- bool has\_tool (const Tool < TSeq > &t) const
- bool has\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- bool has\_virus (std::string name) const
- bool has\_virus (const Virus < TSeq > &v) const
- bool has\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- bool has\_entity (std::string name) const
- void print (bool compressed=false) const
- Entities < TSeq > get\_entities ()
- const Entities\_const< TSeq > get\_entities () const
- const Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size t i) const
- Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size\_t i)
- size\_t get\_n\_entities () const
- bool operator== (const Agent < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Agent < TSeq > & other) const

#### Add/Remove Virus/Tool

Any of these is ultimately reflected at the end of the iteration.

#### **Parameters**

tool	Tool to add	
virus	Virus to add	
state_new	state after the change	
Georgia ted by Doxygen		

54 Class Documentation

void add\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

- void add\_tool (const Tool < TSeq > &tool, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void set\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void set\_virus (const Virus < TSeq > &virus, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint entity\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int state\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm agent by virus (Model < TSeq > \*model)

Agent removed by virus.

#### Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

#### **Parameters**

v A pointer to a virus.

#### Returns

epiworld double

- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double  $get_death_reduction$  (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- double & operator() (size\_t j)

Access the j-th column of the agent.

- double & operator[] (size\_t j)
- double operator() (size\_t j) const
- double operator[] (size\_t j) const

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Tools< TSeq >
- class Tools\_const< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >
- class Entities < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >

- void default\_add\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_change\_state (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 16.4.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{eq:template} \begin{split} & \text{template}\!<\!& \text{typename TSeq}\!> \\ & \text{class epiworld::Agent}\!<\!& \text{TSeq}> \end{split}
```

Agent (agents)

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq | Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)

### 16.4.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.4.2.1 operator()()

Access the j-th column of the agent.

If an external array has been specified, then these two functions can be used to access additional agent's features not included in the model.

The operator[] method is with no boundary check, whereas the operator() method checks boundaries. The former can result in a segfault.

#### **Parameters**



#### Returns

double&

56 Class Documentation

#### 16.4.2.2 swap\_neighbors()

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

#### **Parameters**

other	
n_this	
n_other	

#### 16.4.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 16.4.3.1 default\_rm\_entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.5 AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Sample of agents.

```
#include <agentssample-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• AgentsSample ()=delete

Default constructor.

AgentsSample (const AgentsSample < TSeq > &a)=delete

Copy constructor.

AgentsSample (AgentsSample < TSeq > &&a)=delete

Move constructor.

- **AgentsSample** (Model < TSeq > &model\_, size\_t n, std::vector < size\_t > states\_={}, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Entity < TSeq > &entity\_, size\_t n, std::vector < size\_t > states ←
   \_={}, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Agent < TSeq > &agent\_, size\_t n, std::vector < size\_t > states ←
   \_={}, bool truncate=false)

Sample from the agent's entities.

- std::vector < Agent < TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t n)
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator() (size\_t n)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

# 16.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class AgentsSample< TSeq >
```

Sample of agents.

This class allows sampling agents from Entity<TSeq> and Model<TSeq>.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

### 16.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.5.2.1 AgentsSample()

Sample from the agent's entities.

For example, how many individuals the agent contacts in a given point in time.

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq	
------	--

#### **Parameters**

agent⊷	
_	
n	Sample size
truncate	If the agent has fewer than $n$ connections, then truncate = true will automatically reduce the number of possible samples. Otherwise, if false, then it returns an error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp

# 16.6 epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Sample of agents.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

• AgentsSample ()=delete

Default constructor.

AgentsSample (const AgentsSample < TSeq > &a)=delete

Copy constructor.

AgentsSample (AgentsSample < TSeq > &&a)=delete

Move constructor.

- **AgentsSample** (Model < TSeq > &model\_, size\_t n, std::vector < size\_t > states\_={}, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Entity < TSeq > &entity\_, size\_t n, std::vector < size\_t > states ←
   \_={}, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Agent < TSeq > &agent\_, size\_t n, std::vector < size\_t > states ←
   \_={}, bool truncate=false)

Sample from the agent's entities.

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector < Agent < TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t n)
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator() (size\_t n)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

# 16.6.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class epiworld::AgentsSample< TSeq >

Sample of agents.

This class allows sampling agents from Entity<TSeq> and Model<TSeq>.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	
------	--

# 16.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.6.2.1 AgentsSample()

Sample from the agent's entities.

For example, how many individuals the agent contacts in a given point in time.

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq
------

# **Parameters**

agent⊷	
_	
n	Sample size
truncate	If the agent has fewer than $n$ connections, then truncate = true will automatically reduce the number of possible samples. Otherwise, if false, then it returns an error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.7 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

```
#include <database-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (Model < TSeq > &m)
- DataBase (const DataBase < TSeq > &db)
- void record virus (Virus < TSeq > &v)

Registering a new variant.

- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void set\_seq\_hasher (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- · void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- · size t size () const
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_virus\_info, std::string fn\_virus\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmiss
- void record\_transmission (int i, int j, int virus, int i\_expo\_date)
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const

Get the number of viruses.

size\_t get\_n\_tools () const

Get the number of tools.

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add user data (epiworld fast uint j, epiworld double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get user data ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_transition\_probability (bool print=true, bool normalize=true) const

Calculates the transition probabilities.

- bool operator== (const DataBase< TSeg > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const DataBase < TSeq > & other) const
- bool operator== (const DataBase< std::vector< int >> &other) const
- bool operator== (const DataBase< std::vector< int >> &other) const

# Get recorded information from the model

#### **Parameters**

```
what std::string, The state, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...
```

### Returns

```
In get_today_total, the current counts of what.

In get_today_virus, the current counts of what for each virus.

In get_hist_total, the time series of what
```

In get\_hist\_virus, the time series of what for each virus.

In  $get\_hist\_total\_date$  and  $get\_hist\_virus\_date$  the corresponding date

- int get today total (const std::string &what) const
- · int get today total (const epiworld fast uint &what) const
- void get\_today\_total (std::vector< std::string > \*state=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_virus (std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_today\_transition\_matrix (std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*state, std::vector< int > \*counts) const

- void get\_hist\_virus (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_tool (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_transition\_matrix (std::vector< std::string > &state\_from, std::vector< std::string > &state\_to, std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &counts, bool skip\_zeros) const
- void get\_transmissions (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &source, std::vector< int > &target, std::vector< int > &virus, std::vector< int > &source\_exposure\_date) const

Get the transmissions object.

- void **get\_transmissions** (int \*date, int \*source, int \*target, int \*virus, int \*source\_exposure\_date) const
- MapVec\_type < int, int > get\_reproductive\_number () const
   Computes the reproductive number of each case.
- void get\_reproductive\_number (std::string fn) const
- void get\_generation\_time (std::vector< int > &agent\_id, std::vector< int > &virus\_id, std::vector< int > &time, std::vector< int > &gentime) const

Get the generation time.

• void get\_generation\_time (std::string fn) const

Write the generation time to a file.

## **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void  $default\_add\_tool$  (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_change\_state (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

# 16.7.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class DataBase< TSeq >

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

# 16.7.2 Member Function Documentation

# 16.7.2.1 get\_generation\_time()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void DataBase< TSeq >::get_generation_time (
    std::vector< int > & agent_id,
    std::vector< int > & virus_id,
    std::vector< int > & time,
    std::vector< int > & gentime ) const [inline]
```

Get the generation time.

Calculates the generating time

**Parameters** 

agent_id,virus_id,time,gentime	vectors where to save the values
--------------------------------	----------------------------------

The generation time is the time between the infection of the source and the infection of the target.

# 16.7.2.2 get\_reproductive\_number()

```
template<typename TSeq >
MapVec_type< int, int > DataBase< TSeq >::get_reproductive_number [inline]
```

Computes the reproductive number of each case.

By definition, whereas it computes R0 (basic reproductive number) or Rt/R (the effective reproductive number) will depend on whether the virus is allowed to circulate naïvely or not, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

fn File where to write out the reproductive number.

In the case of MapVec\_type<int, int>, the key is a vector of 3 integers:

- Virus id
- · Source id
- · Date when the source was infected

# 16.7.2.3 get\_transition\_probability()

Calculates the transition probabilities.

#### **Parameters**

print	Print the transition matrix.
normalize	Normalize the transition matrix. Otherwise, it returns raw counts.

The transition matrix is the matrix of the counts of transitions from one state to another. So the ij-th element of the matrix is the number of transitions from state i to state j (when not normalized), or the probability of transitioning from state i to state j (when normalized).

### Returns

```
std::vector< epiworld_double >
```

# 16.7.2.4 get\_transmissions()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void DataBase< TSeq >::get_transmissions (
    std::vector< int > & date,
    std::vector< int > & source,
    std::vector< int > & target,
    std::vector< int > & virus,
    std::vector< int > & source_exposure_date ) const [inline]
```

Get the transmissions object.

#### **Parameters**

date	
source	
target	
virus	
source_exposure_date	

# **16.7.2.5** operator==() [1/3]

```
< Date of the transmission eve,
< Id of the sour,
< Id of the targ,
< Id of the varia,
< Date when the source acquired the varia,
16.7.2.6 operator==() [2/3]
bool DataBase< std::vector< int > >::operator== (
              const DataBase< std::vector< int >> & other ) const [inline]
< Date of the transmission eve,
< Id of the sour,
< Id of the targ,
< Id of the varia,
< Date when the source acquired the varia,
16.7.2.7 operator==() [3/3]
template<typename TSeq >
bool DataBase< TSeq >::operator== (
              const DataBase< TSeq > & other ) const [inline]
< Date of the transmission eve
< Id of the sour
< Id of the targ
< Id of the varia
< Date when the source acquired the varia
```

# 16.7.2.8 record\_virus()

Registering a new variant.

#### **Parameters**

*v* Pointer to the new virus. Since viruses are originated in the agent, the numbers simply move around. From the parent virus to the new virus. And the total number of infected does not change.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp

# 16.8 epiworld::DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (Model < TSeq > &m)
- DataBase (const DataBase < TSeq > &db)
- void record\_virus (Virus < TSeq > &v)

Registering a new variant.

- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void set seg hasher (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeg)> fun)
- · void reset ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- size\_t size () const
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_virus\_info, std::string fn\_virus\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmissio
- void record\_transmission (int i, int j, int virus, int i\_expo\_date)
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const

Get the number of viruses.

· size\_t get\_n\_tools () const

Get the number of tools.

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_transition\_probability (bool print=true, bool normalize=true) const Calculates the transition probabilities.
- bool operator== (const DataBase < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const DataBase< TSeq > &other) const

# Get recorded information from the model

#### **Parameters**

what std::string, The state, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...

#### Returns

In get\_today\_total, the current counts of what.

In get\_today\_virus, the current counts of what for each virus.

In get\_hist\_total, the time series of what

In get\_hist\_virus, the time series of what for each virus.

In get\_hist\_total\_date and get\_hist\_virus\_date the corresponding date

- int get\_today\_total (const std::string &what) const
- int get\_today\_total (const epiworld\_fast\_uint &what) const
- void get\_today\_total (std::vector< std::string > \*state=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_virus (std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_today\_transition\_matrix (std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*state, std::vector< int > \*counts) const
- void get\_hist\_virus (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_tool (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &state, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_transition\_matrix (std::vector< std::string > &state\_from, std::vector< std::string > &state\_to, std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &counts, bool skip\_zeros) const
- void get\_transmissions (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &source, std::vector< int > &target, std::vector< int > &virus, std::vector< int > &source\_exposure\_date) const

Get the transmissions object.

- void get transmissions (int \*date, int \*source, int \*target, int \*virus, int \*source exposure date) const
- MapVec\_type < int, int > get\_reproductive\_number () const
   Computes the reproductive number of each case.
- · void get\_reproductive\_number (std::string fn) const
- void get\_generation\_time (std::vector< int > &agent\_id, std::vector< int > &virus\_id, std::vector< int > &time, std::vector< int > &gentime) const

Get the generation time.

· void get\_generation\_time (std::string fn) const

Write the generation time to a file.

### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default add tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_change\_state (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

# 16.8.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld::DataBase < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}
```

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 

```
TSeq
```

# 16.8.2 Member Function Documentation

# 16.8.2.1 get\_generation\_time()

Get the generation time.

Calculates the generating time

**Parameters** 

```
agent_id,virus_id,time,gentime vectors where to save the values
```

The generation time is the time between the infection of the source and the infection of the target.

# 16.8.2.2 get\_reproductive\_number()

```
template<typename TSeq >
MapVec_type< int, int > DataBase< TSeq >::get_reproductive_number [inline]
```

Computes the reproductive number of each case.

By definition, whereas it computes R0 (basic reproductive number) or Rt/R (the effective reproductive number) will depend on whether the virus is allowed to circulate naïvely or not, respectively.

### **Parameters**

```
fn File where to write out the reproductive number.
```

In the case of MapVec\_type<int, int>, the key is a vector of 3 integers:

- · Virus id
- · Source id
- · Date when the source was infected

# 16.8.2.3 get\_transition\_probability()

Calculates the transition probabilities.

#### **Parameters**

print	Print the transition matrix.
normalize	Normalize the transition matrix. Otherwise, it returns raw counts.

The transition matrix is the matrix of the counts of transitions from one state to another. So the ij-th element of the matrix is the number of transitions from state i to state j (when not normalized), or the probability of transitioning from state i to state j (when normalized).

## Returns

```
std::vector< epiworld_double >
```

# 16.8.2.4 get\_transmissions()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void DataBase< TSeq >::get_transmissions (
    std::vector< int > & date,
    std::vector< int > & source,
    std::vector< int > & target,
    std::vector< int > & virus,
    std::vector< int > & source_exposure_date ) const [inline]
```

Get the transmissions object.

#### **Parameters**

date	
source	
target	
virus	
source_exposure_date	

### 16.8.2.5 operator==()

- < Id of the varia
- < Date when the source acquired the varia

# 16.8.2.6 record\_virus()

Registering a new variant.

#### **Parameters**

*v* Pointer to the new virus. Since viruses are originated in the agent, the numbers simply move around. From the parent virus to the new virus. And the total number of infected does not change.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.9 Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <entities-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

```
    Entities (Agent< TSeq > &p)
    std::vector< Entity< TSeq > * >::iterator begin ()
    std::vector< Entity< TSeq > * >::iterator end ()
```

- Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- bool operator== (const Entities < TSeq > &other) const

### **Friends**

- class Entity< TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

# 16.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq> class Entities < TSeq >
```

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp

# 16.10 epiworld::Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- Entities (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- Entity< TSeq > & operator[] (size t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- bool operator== (const Entities < TSeq > &other) const

### **Friends**

- class Entity< TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

# 16.10.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld::Entities < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.11 Entities\_const < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <entities-bones.hpp>

# **Public Member Functions**

- Entities\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end ()
- const Entity< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- bool operator== (const Entities\_const< TSeq > &other) const

# **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

# 16.11.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Entities\_const< TSeq >

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq	
,	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp

# 16.12 epiworld::Entities\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

```
Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)
```

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Entities\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end ()
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t **size** () const noexcept
- bool **operator==** (const Entities\_const< TSeq > &other) const

# **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

# 16.12.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>
class epiworld::Entities\_const< TSeq>

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.13 Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference

## **Public Member Functions**

- Entity (std::string name, EntityToAgentFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
   Constructs an Entity object.
- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > &p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void rm\_agent (size\_t idx, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- void set\_location (std::vector< epiworld\_double > loc)
- std::vector< epiworld double > & get location ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const iterator begin () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const iterator end () const
- size\_t operator[] (size\_t i)
- int **get\_id** () const noexcept
- · const std::string & get\_name () const noexcept
- void **set\_state** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void **set\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get state (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- · void reset ()
- bool operator== (const Entity < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Entity < TSeq > & other) const

#### **Entity distribution**

These functions are used for distributing agents among entities. The idea is to have a flexible way of distributing agents among entities.

- void distribute (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- std::vector< size\_t > & get\_agents ()
- · void print () const
- void set\_distribution (EntityToAgentFun< TSeq > fun)

# **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

# 16.13.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 16.13.1.1 Entity()

Constructs an Entity object.

This constructor initializes an Entity object with the specified parameters.

#### **Parameters**

name	The name of the entity.
fun	A function pointer to a function that maps the entity to an agent.

# 16.13.2 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 16.13.2.1 default rm entity

- < Last agent of the entity
- t = alor algorit or are or any
- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/entity-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/entity-meat.hpp

# 16.14 epiworld::Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

```
    Entity (std::string name, EntityToAgentFun < TSeq > fun=nullptr)
    Constructs an Entity object.
```

```
    void add_agent (Agent < TSeq > &p, Model < TSeq > *model)
```

- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void rm\_agent (size\_t idx, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- void set\_location (std::vector< epiworld\_double > loc)
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_location ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end () const
- size\_t operator[] (size\_t i)
- int get\_id () const noexcept
- const std::string & get\_name () const noexcept

- void set\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void **set\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get\_state (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- · void reset ()
- bool operator== (const Entity < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Entity < TSeq > &other) const

# **Entity distribution**

These functions are used for distributing agents among entities. The idea is to have a flexible way of distributing agents among entities.

- void distribute (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- std::vector< size\_t > & get\_agents ()
- void print () const
- void set distribution (EntityToAgentFun< TSeq > fun)

### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

# 16.14.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 16.14.1.1 Entity()

Constructs an Entity object.

This constructor initializes an Entity object with the specified parameters.

### Parameters

name The name of the entity.	
fun	A function pointer to a function that maps the entity to an agent.

# 16.14.2 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 16.14.2.1 default\_rm\_entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.15 epiworld::Event < TSeq > Struct Template Reference

Event data for update an agent.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

Event (Agent < TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr < TSeq > &virus\_, ToolPtr < TSeq > &tool\_, Entity < TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, EventFun < TSeq > &call\_, int idx\_agent ← \_\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Event object.

# **Public Attributes**

- Agent< TSeq > \* agent
- VirusPtr< TSeq > virus
- ToolPtr< TSeq > tool
- Entity < TSeq > \* entity
- epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state
- epiworld\_fast\_int queue
- EventFun< TSeq> call
- int idx\_agent
- · int idx\_object

# 16.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> struct epiworld::Event< TSeq >
```

Event data for update an agent.

# **Template Parameters**

### 16.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.15.2.1 Event()

Construct a new Event object.

All the parameters are rather optional.

#### **Parameters**

agent	Agent over who the action will happen
	11
virus_	Virus to add
tool_	Tool to add
virus_idx	Index of virus to be removed (if needed)
tool_idx	Index of tool to be removed (if needed)
new_←	Next state
state_	
queue_	Efect on the queue
call_	The action call (if needed)
idx_←	Location of agent in object.
agent_	
idx_←	Location of object in agent.
object_	

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.16 Event < TSeq > Struct Template Reference

Event data for update an agent.

#include <config.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for Event< TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

Event (Agent < TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr < TSeq > &virus\_, ToolPtr < TSeq > &tool\_, Entity < TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, EventFun < TSeq > &call\_, int idx\_agent \_\_\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Event object.

### **Public Attributes**

- Agent< TSeq > \* agent
- VirusPtr< TSeq > virus
- ToolPtr< TSeq> tool
- Entity < TSeq > \* entity
- epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state
- epiworld\_fast\_int queue
- EventFun< TSeq > call
- int idx\_agent
- int idx\_object

# 16.16.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> struct Event< TSeq >

Event data for update an agent.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

# 16.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 16.16.2.1 Event()

Construct a new **Event** object.

All the parameters are rather optional.

#### **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over who the action will happen
virus_	Virus to add
tool_	Tool to add
virus_idx	Index of virus to be removed (if needed)
tool_idx	Index of tool to be removed (if needed)
new_←	Next state
state_	
queue_	Efect on the queue
call_	The action call (if needed)
idx_←	Location of agent in object.
agent_	
idx_←	Location of object in agent.
object_	

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/config.hpp

# 16.17 epiworld::GlobalEvent< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Global Event.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- GlobalEvent (GlobalFun < TSeq > fun, std::string name, int day=-99)
   Construct a new Global Event object.
- void operator() (Model < TSeq > \*m, int day)
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- void set\_day (int day)
- int get\_day () const
- · void print () const
- bool operator== (const GlobalEvent < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const GlobalEvent < TSeq > &other) const

# 16.17.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld::GlobalEvent < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}
```

Template for a Global Event.

Global events are functions that Model<TSeq> executes at the end of a day.

# 16.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 16.17.2.1 GlobalEvent()

Construct a new Global Event object.

#### **Parameters**

fun	A function that takes a Model $<$ TSeq $>$ * as argument and returns void.	
name	A descriptive name for the action.	
day	The day when the action will be executed. If negative, it will be executed every day.	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.18 GlobalEvent < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Global Event.

```
#include <globalevent-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- GlobalEvent (GlobalFun < TSeq > fun, std::string name, int day=-99)
   Construct a new Global Event object.
- void operator() (Model < TSeq > \*m, int day)
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- void set\_day (int day)
- int get\_day () const
- · void print () const
- bool operator== (const GlobalEvent < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const GlobalEvent< TSeq > &other) const

# 16.18.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq > class Global Event < TSeq >
```

Template for a Global Event.

Global events are functions that Model<TSeq> executes at the end of a day.

# 16.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 16.18.2.1 GlobalEvent()

Construct a new Global Event object.

### **Parameters**

fun	A function that takes a Model <tseq> * as argument and returns void.</tseq>	
name	A descriptive name for the action.	
day	The day when the action will be executed. If negative, it will be executed every day.	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/globalevent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/globalevent-meat.hpp

# 16.19 epiworld::LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- void run (std::vector< epiworld\_double > params\_init\_, size\_t n\_samples\_, epiworld\_double epsilon\_, int seed=-1)
- LFMCMC (const TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set\_observed\_data (const TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set proposal fun (LFMCMCProposalFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_simulation\_fun (LFMCMCSimFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (LFMCMCSummaryFun < TData > fun)
- void set kernel fun (LFMCMCKernelFun < TData > fun)
- void set params names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void set\_stats\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- size\_t get\_n\_samples () const
- size\_t get\_n\_stats () const
- size\_t get\_n\_params () const
- epiworld\_double get\_epsilon () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get\_initial\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get current proposed params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_current\_accepted\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get current proposed stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get\_current\_accepted\_stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_observed\_stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_sample\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_sample\_stats () const
- const std::vector< bool > & get\_all\_sample\_acceptance () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get all sample\_drawn\_prob () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_sample\_kernel\_scores () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_accepted\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > &  ${\tt get\_all\_accepted\_stats}$  () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get all accepted kernel scores () const
- std::vector< TData > \* get simulated\_data () const
- std::vector< epiworld double > get\_mean\_params ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_mean\_stats ()
- LFMCMC< TData > & verbose\_off ()
- LFMCMC< TData > & verbose\_on ()
- void print (size\_t burnin=0u) const

# Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > &eng)
- std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld double rnorm ()
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld double runif (epiworld double lb, epiworld double ub)
- epiworld double **rnorm** (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- epiworld\_double **rgamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)

# 16.19.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TData> class epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

**Template Parameters** 

TData Type of data that is generated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.20 LFMCMC < TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

#include <1fmcmc-bones.hpp>

## **Public Member Functions**

- void run (std::vector< epiworld\_double > params\_init\_, size\_t n\_samples\_, epiworld\_double epsilon\_, int seed=-1)
- LFMCMC (const TData & observed data )
- void set\_observed\_data (const TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set\_proposal\_fun (LFMCMCProposalFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_simulation\_fun (LFMCMCSimFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (LFMCMCSummaryFun< TData > fun)
- void set\_kernel\_fun (LFMCMCKernelFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_params\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void set\_stats\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- size\_t get\_n\_samples () const

- size\_t get\_n\_stats () const
- · size\_t get\_n\_params () const
- · epiworld double get\_epsilon () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_initial\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_current\_proposed\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_current\_accepted\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_current\_proposed\_stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get current\_accepted\_stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get observed stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get all sample params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get all sample stats () const
- const std::vector< bool > & get\_all\_sample\_acceptance () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_sample\_drawn\_prob () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_sample\_kernel\_scores () const
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get all\_accepted\_params () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_accepted\_stats () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_all\_accepted\_kernel\_scores () const
- std::vector< TData > \* get simulated data () const
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_mean\_params ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_mean\_stats ()
- LFMCMC< TData > & verbose off ()
- LFMCMC< TData > & verbose\_on ()
- · void print (size\_t burnin=0u) const

#### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > &eng)
- std::shared ptr< std::mt19937 > & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** ()
- epiworld\_double rgamma ()
- epiworld double runif (epiworld double lb, epiworld double ub)
- epiworld double **rnorm** (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)

# 16.20.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TData > class LFMCMC < TData >

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

#### **Template Parameters**

TData Type of data that is generated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat-print.hpp
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat.hpp

# 16.21 epiworld::Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for epiworld::Model < TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase < TSeq > & get\_db ()
- const DataBase< TSeq > & get\_db () const
- epiworld\_double & operator() (std::string pname)
- size\_t size () const
- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (std::string fn, int skip)

Associate agents-entities from a file.

- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (const std::vector< int > &agents\_ids, const std::vector< int > &entities\_ids)

  Associate agents-entities from data.
- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (const int \*agents\_id, const int \*entities\_id, size\_t n)
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const

Number of viruses in the model.

• size\_t get\_n\_tools () const

Number of tools in the model.

- epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_ndays () const
- · epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_n\_replicates () const
- size\_t get\_n\_entities () const
- void set\_ndays (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays)
- bool get\_verbose () const
- Model < TSeq > & verbose\_off ()
- Model < TSeq > & verbose\_on ()

· int today () const

The current time of the model.

void write\_data (std::string fn\_virus\_info, std::string fn\_virus\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmiss

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- virtual void reset ()

Reset the model.

- const Model < TSeq > & print (bool lite=false) const
- void get\_elapsed (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_
  elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_globalevent (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, std::string name="A global action", int date=-99)

Set a global action.

- void add\_globalevent (GlobalEvent < TSeq > action)
- GlobalEvent < TSeq > & get\_globalevent (std::string name)

Retrieve a global action by name.

GlobalEvent < TSeq > & get globalevent (size t i)

Retrieve a global action by index.

void rm\_globalevent (std::string name)

Remove a global action by name.

· void rm globalevent (size ti)

Remove a global action by index.

- void run globalevents ()
- void clear\_state\_set ()
- const std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > & get\_viruses () const
- const std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools () const
- Virus < TSeq > & get\_virus (size\_t id)
- Tool < TSeq > & get\_tool (size\_t id)
- void set\_agents\_data (double \*data\_, size\_t ncols\_)

Set the agents data object.

- double \* get\_agents\_data ()
- size\_t get\_agents\_data\_ncols () const
- void set\_name (std::string name)

Set the name object.

- std::string get\_name () const
- bool operator== (const Model < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Model < TSeq > &other) const
- void events\_run ()

Executes the stored action.

• void <a href="draw">draw</a> (DiagramType diagram\_type=DiagramType::Mermaid, const std::string &fn\_output="", bool self=false)

Draws a mermaid diagram of the model.

# Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

void set\_backup ()

## Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng	Random number generator
S	Seed

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > &eng)
- std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (size\_t s)
- void set rand norm (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- void set rand unif (epiworld double a, epiworld double b)
- void set rand exp (epiworld double lambda)
- void set rand gamma (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)
- void set rand lognormal (epiworld double mean, epiworld double shape)
- void set rand binom (int n, epiworld double p)
- void set\_rand\_nbinom (int n, epiworld\_double p)
- void set\_rand\_geom (epiworld\_double p)
- void set rand poiss (epiworld double lambda)
- epiworld\_double runif ()
- epiworld\_double runif (epiworld\_double a, epiworld\_double b)
- epiworld double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double rgamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double rexp ()
- epiworld double rexp (epiworld double lambda)
- epiworld\_double rlognormal ()
- epiworld\_double **rlognormal** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)
- int rbinom ()
- int **rbinom** (int n, epiworld\_double p)
- int rnbinom ()
- int **rnbinom** (int n, epiworld\_double p)
- int rgeom ()
- int **rgeom** (epiworld double p)
- int rpoiss ()
- · int rpoiss (epiworld double lambda)

# Add Virus/Tool to the model

This is done before the model has been initialized.

#### **Parameters**

V	Virus to be added
t	Tool to be added
preval	Initial prevalence (initial state.) It can be specified as a proportion (between zero and one,) or an integer indicating number of individuals.

- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > &v)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > e)
- void rm\_virus (size\_t virus\_pos)
- void rm tool (size t tool pos)
- void rm\_entity (size\_t entity\_id)

#### Accessing population of the model

# **Parameters**

fn	std::string Filename of the edgelist file.
skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.
size	Size of the network.
al	AdjList to read into the model.

- void agents from adjlist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=false)
- void agents\_from\_edgelist (const std::vector< int > &source, const std::vector< int > &target, int size, bool directed)
- · void agents from adjlist (AdjList al)
- · bool is directed () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > & get\_agents ()

Returns a reference to the vector of agents.

- Agent < TSeq > & get\_agent (size\_t i)
- std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > get\_agents\_states () const

Returns a vector with the states of the agents.

std::vector< Viruses\_const< TSeq > > get\_agents\_viruses () const

Returns a const vector with the viruses of the agents.

std::vector< Viruses< TSeq > > get agents viruses ()

Returns a vector with the viruses of the agents.

- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > & get entities ()
- Entity < TSeg > & get entity (size t entity id, int \*entity pos=nullptr)
- Model < TSeq > & agents\_smallworld (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000, epiworld\_fast\_uint k=5, bool d=false, epiworld\_double p=.01)
- void agents\_empty\_graph (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000)

#### Functions to run the model

### **Parameters**

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.

- void update\_state ()
- void mutate\_virus ()
- void next ()
- virtual Model < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

void run\_multiple (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, epiworld\_fast\_uint nexperiments, int seed\_=-1, std::function 
 void(size\_t, Model < TSeq > \*) > fun=make\_save\_run < TSeq >(), bool reset=true, bool verbose=true, int nthreads=1)

# Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} \rightarrow \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} \rightarrow \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

#### **Parameters**

proportion	Proportion of ties to be rewired.
------------	-----------------------------------

#### Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void set\_rewire\_fun (std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> fun)
- void set\_rewire\_prop (epiworld\_double prop)
- epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- · void rewire ()

### Export the network data in edgelist form

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- void write\_edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< int > &source, std::vector< int > &target) const

# Manage state (states) in the model

The functions get\_state return the current values for the states included in the model.

#### **Parameters**

lab	std::string Name of the state.
-----	--------------------------------

## Returns

add\_state\* returns nothing.
get\_state\_\* returns a vector of pairs with the states and their labels.

- void add\_state (std::string lab, UpdateFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_states () const
- size\_t get\_n\_states () const
- const std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > & get\_state\_fun () const
- void print\_state\_codes () const

# Initial states

These functions are called before the simulation starts.

## **Parameters**

proportions↔	Vector of proportions for each state.
queue_	Vector of queue for each state.

virtual Model < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double >, std::vector < int >)

# Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the epiworld\_fast\_uint method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the std::string method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The par() function members are aliases for get\_param().

In the case of the function read\_params, users can pass a file listing parameters to be included in the model. Each line in the file should have the following structure:

```
[name of parameter 1]: [value in double]
[name of parameter 2]: [value in double]
```

The only condition for parameter names is that these do not include a colon.

#### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch
fn	Path to the file containing parameters

#### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld double add param (epiworld double initial val, std::string pname, bool overwrite=false)
- Model < TSeq > & read\_params (std::string fn, bool overwrite=false)
- epiworld double **get param** (epiworld fast uint k)
- epiworld double **get param** (std::string pname)
- void **set\_param** (std::string pname, epiworld\_double val)
- epiworld\_double par (std::string pname) const

# Set the user data object

# Parameters

	names	string vector with the names of the variables.	
--	-------	------------------------------------------------	--

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add user data (epiworld fast uint j, epiworld double x)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- UserData< TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

# Queuing system

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

void queuing on ()

Activates the queuing system (default.)

Model < TSeq > & queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

bool is\_queuing\_on () const

Query if the queuing system is on.

Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

# Get the susceptibility reduction object

#### **Parameters**

V

#### Returns

epiworld double

- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)

### **Protected Member Functions**

- · void dist\_tools ()
- · void dist\_virus ()
- void dist\_entities ()
- void chrono\_start ()
- void chrono end ()
- void events\_add (Agent< TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr< TSeq > virus\_, ToolPtr< TSeq > tool\_, Entity< TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, EventFun< TSeq > call\_, int idx\_
  agent\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Event object.

# **Protected Attributes**

• std::string name = ""

Name of the model.

- DataBase< TSeq > db = DataBase<TSeq>(\*this)
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> population = {}
- bool using\_backup = true
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > population\_backup = {}
- bool directed = false
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > viruses = {}
- $std::vector < ToolPtr < TSeq > > tools = {}$
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq >> entities = {}
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > >  $entities_backup$  = {}
- $std::shared\_ptr < std::mt19937 > engine = std::make\_shared < std::mt19937 > ()$
- · std::uniform\_real\_distribution runifd
- · std::normal distribution rnormd
- · std::gamma distribution rgammad
- · std::lognormal\_distribution rlognormald
- · std::exponential\_distribution rexpd
- · std::binomial distribution rbinomd
- std::negative\_binomial\_distribution rnbinomd
- std::geometric\_distribution rgeomd
- std::poisson\_distribution rpoissd
- std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> rewire\_fun
- epiworld\_double rewire\_prop = 0.0
- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > parameters
- epiworld\_fast\_uint **ndays** = 0
- Progress pb

```
std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > state_fun = {}
     Functions to update states.
std::vector< std::string > states labels = {}
     Labels of the states.

    std::function< void(Model< TSeq > *)> initial_states_fun

• epiworld fast uint nstates = 0u
• bool verbose = true
• int current date = 0

    std::chrono::time_point< std::chrono::steady_clock > time_start

    std::chrono::time_point< std::chrono::steady_clock > time_end

    std::chrono::duration< epiworld_double, std::micro > time_elapsed

• epiworld_fast_uint n_replicates = 0u

    std::vector< GlobalEvent< TSeq >> globalevents

    Queue < TSeq > queue

• bool use_queuing = true
std::vector< Event< TSeq >> events = {}
```

Variables used to keep track of the events to be made regarding viruses.

• epiworld fast uint nactions = 0u

## Auxiliary variables for AgentsSample<TSeq> iterators

These variables+objects are used by the AgentsSample< TSeq> class for building efficient iterators over agents. The idea is to reduce the memory allocation, so only during the first call of AgentsSample< TSeq>::Agents Sample(Model< TSeq>) these vectors are allocated.

```
    std::vector < Agent < TSeq > * > sampled_population
```

- size\_t sampled\_population\_n = 0u
- std::vector< size\_t > population\_left
- size\_t population\_left\_n = 0u

## Agents features

Optionally, a model can include an external data source pointing to agents information. The data can then be access through the Agent::operator() method.

```
double * agents_data = nullptrsize t agents_data_ncols = 0u
```

# **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class DataBase < TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

# **Tool Mixers**

These functions combine the effects tools have to deliver a single effect. For example, wearing a mask, been vaccinated, and the immune system combine together to jointly reduce the susceptibility for a given virus.

- MixerFun< TSeq > susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer = susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- MixerFun< TSeq > transmission\_reduction\_mixer = transmission\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- MixerFun< TSeq > recovery\_enhancer\_mixer = recovery\_enhancer\_mixer\_default<TSeq>

- MixerFun< TSeq > death\_reduction\_mixer = death\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > array\_double\_tmp
- std::vector< Virus< TSeq > \* > array\_virus\_tmp
- virtual Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

- Model ()
- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- virtual ∼Model ()

# 16.21.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Model< TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Agent, Virus, and Tools.

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is	
	represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)	

## 16.21.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.21.2.1 add globalevent()

Set a global action.

## **Parameters**

fun	A function to be called on the prescribed date
name	Name of the action.
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

## 16.21.2.2 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * Model< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented in ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >, ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >, ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >, and epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >.

#### 16.21.2.3 draw()

Draws a mermaid diagram of the model.

## **Parameters**

model	The model to draw.	
fn_output	The name of the file to write the diagram. If empty, the diagram will be printed to the standard output.	
self	Whether to allow self-transitions.	

## 16.21.2.4 events\_add()

Construct a new Event object.

## **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over which the action will be called
virus_	Virus pointer included in the action
tool_	Tool pointer included in the action
entity_	Entity pointer included in the action
new_←	New state of the agent
state_	
call_	Function the action will call
queue_	Change in the queue
idx_⊷	Location of agent in object.
agent_	
idx_⊷	Location of object in agent.
object_	

# 16.21.2.5 events\_run()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::events_run [inline]
```

Executes the stored action.

## **Parameters**

model⊷	Model over which it will be executed.

# 16.21.2.6 load\_agents\_entities\_ties()

Associate agents-entities from a file.

The structure of the file should be two columns separated by space. The first column indexing between 0 and nagents-1, and the second column between 0 and nentities - 1.

## **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file.
skip	How many rows to skip.

## 16.21.2.7 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

## 16.21.2.8 run\_multiple()

# Parameters

ndays | Multiple runs of the simulation

## 16.21.2.9 set\_agents\_data()

Set the agents data object.

The data should be an array with the data stored in a column major order, i.e., by column.

## **Parameters**

data⊷	Pointer to the first element of an array of size size () *	
_	ncols	
ncols⇔	ncols← Number of features included in the data.	

## 16.21.2.10 set\_name()

Set the name object.

## **Parameters**

```
name
```

## 16.21.2.11 write\_data()

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

#### **Parameters**

fn_virus_info	Filename. Information about the virus.
fn_virus_hist	Filename. History of the virus.
fn_tool_info	Filename. Information about the tool.
fn_tool_hist	Filename. History of the tool.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (state)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.
Gene <u>ranep by obsistive</u> number	Filename. Case by case reproductive number

## 16.21.3 Member Data Documentation

# 16.21.3.1 initial\_states\_fun

Function to distribute states. Goes along with the function

## 16.21.3.2 rbinomd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::binomial_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rbinomd [protected]

Initial value:
=
```

```
std::binomial_distribution<>()
```

## 16.21.3.3 rexpd

# 16.21.3.4 rgammad

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::gamma_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rgammad [protected]
Initial value:
```

```
std::gamma_distribution<>()
```

## 16.21.3.5 rgeomd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::geometric_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rgeomd [protected]
Initial value:
       std::geometric_distribution<>()
16.21.3.6 rlognormald
template<typename TSeq >
std::lognormal_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rlognormald [protected]
Initial value:
       std::lognormal_distribution<>()
16.21.3.7 rnbinomd
template<typename TSeq >
std::negative_binomial_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rnbinomd [protected]
Initial value:
       std::negative_binomial_distribution<>()
16.21.3.8 rnormd
template<typename TSeq >
std::normal_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rnormd [protected]
Initial value:
       std::normal_distribution<>(0.0)
16.21.3.9 rpoissd
template<typename TSeq >
```

```
std::poisson_distribution epiworld::Model< TSeq >::rpoissd [protected]
```

## Initial value:

std::poisson\_distribution<>()

## 16.21.3.10 runifd

## 16.21.3.11 time\_elapsed

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::chrono::duration<epiworld_double,std::micro> epiworld::Model< TSeq >::time_elapsed [protected]
```

## Initial value:

```
std::chrono::duration<epiworld_double,std::micro>::zero()
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

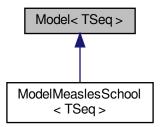
· epiworld.hpp

# **16.22** Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

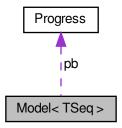
Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <model-bones.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Model < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for Model < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase < TSeq > & get\_db ()
- const DataBase< TSeq > & get\_db () const
- epiworld double & operator() (std::string pname)
- · size t size () const
- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (std::string fn, int skip)

Associate agents-entities from a file.

- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (const std::vector< int > &agents\_ids, const std::vector< int > &entities\_ids)
   Associate agents-entities from data.
- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (const int \*agents\_id, const int \*entities\_id, size\_t n)
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const

Number of viruses in the model.

• size\_t get\_n\_tools () const

Number of tools in the model.

- epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_ndays () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_n\_replicates () const
- size\_t get\_n\_entities () const
- void set\_ndays (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays)
- bool get\_verbose () const
- Model < TSeq > & verbose\_off ()
- Model < TSeq > & verbose\_on ()
- · int today () const

The current time of the model.

void write\_data (std::string fn\_virus\_info, std::string fn\_virus\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn—tool\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transition, std::string fn\_erroductive\_number, std::string fn\_generation\_time) const

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- virtual void reset ()

Reset the model.

- const Model < TSeq > & print (bool lite=false) const
- void get\_elapsed (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_←
  elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_globalevent (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, std::string name="A global action", int date=-99)

Set a global action.

- void add\_globalevent (GlobalEvent < TSeq > action)
- GlobalEvent < TSeq > & get\_globalevent (std::string name)

Retrieve a global action by name.

GlobalEvent < TSeq > & get\_globalevent (size t i)

Retrieve a global action by index.

void rm globalevent (std::string name)

Remove a global action by name.

void rm\_globalevent (size\_t i)

Remove a global action by index.

- void run globalevents ()
- · void clear state set ()
- const std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > & get\_viruses () const
- const std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools () const
- Virus< TSeq > & get\_virus (size\_t id)
- Tool < TSeq > & get\_tool (size t id)
- void set\_agents\_data (double \*data\_, size\_t ncols\_)

Set the agents data object.

- double \* get\_agents\_data ()
- · size t get agents data ncols () const
- void set name (std::string name)

Set the name object.

- std::string get\_name () const
- bool operator== (const Model < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Model < TSeq > & other) const
- void events run ()

Executes the stored action.

• void <a href="draw">draw</a> (DiagramType diagram\_type=DiagramType::Mermaid, const std::string &fn\_output="", bool self=false)

Draws a mermaid diagram of the model.

## Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

void set\_backup ()

## Random number generation

## **Parameters**

eng	Random number generator
S	Seed

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > &eng)
- std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (size t s)
- void set\_rand\_norm (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- void **set\_rand\_unif** (epiworld\_double a, epiworld\_double b)
- void set\_rand\_exp (epiworld\_double lambda)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- void set\_rand\_lognormal (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)
- void **set\_rand\_binom** (int n, epiworld\_double p)

- void **set\_rand\_nbinom** (int n, epiworld\_double p)
- void **set\_rand\_geom** (epiworld\_double p)
- void set\_rand\_poiss (epiworld\_double lambda)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld\_double runif (epiworld\_double a, epiworld\_double b)
- epiworld double rnorm ()
- epiworld double **rnorm** (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double rgamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double rexp ()
- epiworld\_double rexp (epiworld\_double lambda)
- epiworld\_double rlognormal ()
- epiworld\_double **rlognormal** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)
- int rbinom ()
- int **rbinom** (int n, epiworld\_double p)
- int rnbinom ()
- int **rnbinom** (int n, epiworld double p)
- int rgeom ()
- int **rgeom** (epiworld\_double p)
- int rpoiss ()
- int rpoiss (epiworld\_double lambda)

#### Add Virus/Tool to the model

This is done before the model has been initialized.

#### **Parameters**

V	Virus to be added	
t	Tool to be added	
preval	·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	integer indicating number of individuals.	

- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > &v)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > e)
- void rm\_virus (size\_t virus\_pos)
- void rm\_tool (size\_t tool\_pos)
- void rm\_entity (size\_t entity\_id)

## Accessing population of the model

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string Filename of the edgelist file.
skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.
size	Size of the network.
al	AdjList to read into the model.

- void agents\_from\_adjlist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=false)
- void agents\_from\_edgelist (const std::vector< int > &source, const std::vector< int > &target, int size, bool directed)
- void agents\_from\_adjlist (AdjList al)
- bool is\_directed () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> & get\_agents ()

Returns a reference to the vector of agents.

- Agent < TSeq > & get\_agent (size\_t i)
- std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > get\_agents\_states () const

Returns a vector with the states of the agents.

- std::vector< Viruses\_const< TSeq >> get\_agents\_viruses () const

Returns a const vector with the viruses of the agents.

std::vector< Viruses< TSeq > > get\_agents\_viruses ()

Returns a vector with the viruses of the agents.

- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > & get entities ()
- Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size t entity id, int \*entity pos=nullptr)
- Model < TSeq > & agents\_smallworld (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000, epiworld\_fast\_uint k=5, bool d=false, epiworld\_double p=.01)
- void agents empty graph (epiworld fast uint n=1000)

#### Functions to run the model

#### **Parameters**

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.

- void update\_state ()
- void mutate\_virus ()
- void next ()
- virtual Model < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)
   Runs the simulation (after initialization)
- void run\_multiple (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, epiworld\_fast\_uint nexperiments, int seed\_=-1, std::function 
   void(size\_t, Model < TSeq > \*) > fun=make\_save\_run < TSeq >(), bool reset=true, bool verbose=true, int nthreads=1)

## Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} \rightarrow \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} \rightarrow \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

## Parameters

proportion Proportion of ties to be rew	ired.
-----------------------------------------	-------

#### Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void set\_rewire\_fun (std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld double)> fun)
- void **set\_rewire\_prop** (epiworld\_double prop)
- · epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- · void rewire ()

## Export the network data in edgelist form

#### Parameters

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- · void write edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< int > &source, std::vector< int > &target) const

## Manage state (states) in the model

The functions get\_state return the current values for the states included in the model.

#### **Parameters**

```
lab std::string Name of the state.
```

#### Returns

add\_state\* returns nothing.

get state \* returns a vector of pairs with the states and their labels.

- void add\_state (std::string lab, UpdateFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_states () const
- size t get n states () const
- const std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > & get\_state\_fun () const
- · void print\_state\_codes () const

#### **Initial states**

These functions are called before the simulation starts.

#### **Parameters**

proportions← _	Vector of proportions for each state.
queue_	Vector of queue for each state.

virtual Model < TSeq > & initial states (std::vector < double >, std::vector < int >)

## Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the epiworld\_fast\_uint method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the std::string method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The par() function members are aliases for get\_param().

In the case of the function read\_params, users can pass a file listing parameters to be included in the model. Each line in the file should have the following structure:

```
[name of parameter 1]: [value in double]
[name of parameter 2]: [value in double]
```

The only condition for parameter names is that these do not include a colon.

#### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch
fn	Path to the file containing parameters

#### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld\_double add\_param (epiworld\_double initial\_val, std::string pname, bool overwrite=false)
- Model < TSeq > & read\_params (std::string fn, bool overwrite=false)
- epiworld\_double **get\_param** (epiworld\_fast\_uint k)
- epiworld\_double **get\_param** (std::string pname)
- void **set\_param** (std::string pname, epiworld\_double val)
- epiworld double par (std::string pname) const

#### Set the user data object

#### **Parameters**

names

string vector with the names of the variables.

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add user data (epiworld fast uint j, epiworld double x)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- UserData< TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

## Queuing system

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

• void queuing\_on ()

Activates the queuing system (default.)

Model < TSeq > & queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

• bool is\_queuing\_on () const

Query if the queuing system is on.

Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

# Get the susceptibility reduction object

## **Parameters**



## Returns

epiworld\_double

- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)

# **Protected Member Functions**

- void dist\_tools()
- void dist\_virus ()

- void dist\_entities ()
- void chrono\_start ()
- void chrono\_end ()
- void events add (Agent < TSeq > \*agent , VirusPtr < TSeq > virus , ToolPtr < TSeq > tool , Entity < TSeq</li> > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_state\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, EventFun< TSeq > call\_, int idx\_~ agent\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Event object.

## **Protected Attributes**

```
std::string name = ""
     Name of the model.

    DataBase< TSeq > db = DataBase<TSeq>(*this)

std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> population = {}
• bool using backup = true

    std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > population_backup = {}

    bool directed = false

std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq >> viruses = {}
std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > tools = {}
std::vector< Entity< TSeq >> entities = {}

    std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > entities_backup = {}

std::shared_ptr< std::mt19937 > engine = std::make_shared< std::mt19937 >()
· std::uniform_real_distribution runifd
• std::normal_distribution rnormd
· std::gamma distribution rgammad
· std::lognormal_distribution rlognormald

    std::exponential distribution rexpd

· std::binomial distribution rbinomd
• std::negative_binomial_distribution rnbinomd

    std::geometric_distribution rgeomd

· std::poisson distribution rpoissd

    std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> *, Model< TSeq > *, epiworld_double)> rewire_fun

• epiworld_double rewire_prop = 0.0

    std::map< std::string, epiworld_double > parameters

• epiworld_fast_uint ndays = 0
· Progress pb

    std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > state fun = {}

     Functions to update states.
std::vector< std::string > states_labels = {}
     Labels of the states.

    std::function< void(Model< TSeq > *)> initial_states_fun

• epiworld fast uint nstates = 0u
• bool verbose = true
• int current date = 0

    std::chrono::time_point< std::chrono::steady_clock > time_start

- std::chrono::time\_point < std::chrono::steady\_clock > time\_end

    std::chrono::duration< epiworld_double, std::micro > time_elapsed

• epiworld_fast_uint n_replicates = 0u
```

 Queue < TSeq > queue • bool use\_queuing = true

std::vector < GlobalEvent < TSeq > > globalevents

Variables used to keep track of the events to be made regarding viruses.

std::vector< Event< TSeq > > events = {}

• epiworld\_fast\_uint nactions = 0u

## Auxiliary variables for AgentsSample<TSeq> iterators

These variables+objects are used by the AgentsSample<TSeq> class for building efficient iterators over agents. The idea is to reduce the memory allocation, so only during the first call of AgentsSample<TSeq>::Agents←Sample(Model<TSeq>) these vectors are allocated.

```
    std::vector< Agent< TSeq > * > sampled_population
```

- size t sampled population n = 0u
- std::vector< size\_t > population\_left
- size t population left n = 0u

#### **Agents features**

Optionally, a model can include an external data source pointing to agents information. The data can then be access through the Agent::operator() method.

```
    double * agents data = nullptr
```

• size\_t agents\_data\_ncols = 0u

## **Friends**

```
class Agent < TSeq >
```

- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

## **Tool Mixers**

These functions combine the effects tools have to deliver a single effect. For example, wearing a mask, been vaccinated, and the immune system combine together to jointly reduce the susceptibility for a given virus.

```
    MixerFun< TSeq > susceptibility reduction mixer = susceptibility reduction mixer default<TSeq>
```

- MixerFun< TSeq > transmission\_reduction\_mixer = transmission\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- MixerFun < TSeq > recovery\_enhancer\_mixer = recovery\_enhancer\_mixer\_default < TSeq >
- MixerFun< TSeq > death\_reduction\_mixer = death\_reduction\_mixer\_default<TSeq>
- std::vector< epiworld double > array double tmp
- std::vector< Virus< TSeq > \* > array virus tmp
- virtual Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

- · Model ()
- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- virtual ∼Model ()

# 16.22.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Model< TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Agent, Virus, and Tools.

## **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is	1
	represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)	

# 16.22.2 Member Function Documentation

# 16.22.2.1 add\_globalevent()

Set a global action.

#### **Parameters**

fun	un A function to be called on the prescribed date	
name	Name of the action.	
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)	

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

## 16.22.2.2 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * Model< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

# **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented in ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >.

## 16.22.2.3 draw()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::draw (
```

```
DiagramType diagram_type = DiagramType::Mermaid,
const std::string & fn_output = "",
bool self = false ) [inline]
```

Draws a mermaid diagram of the model.

## **Parameters**

model	The model to draw.	
fn_output	The name of the file to write the diagram. If empty, the diagram will be printed to the standard output.	
self	Whether to allow self-transitions.	

## 16.22.2.4 events\_add()

Construct a new Event object.

## **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over which the action will be called
virus_	Virus pointer included in the action
tool_	Tool pointer included in the action
entity_	Entity pointer included in the action
new_← state_	New state of the agent
call_	Function the action will call
queue_	Change in the queue
idx_← agent_	Location of agent in object.
idx_← object_	Location of object in agent.

# 16.22.2.5 events\_run()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::events_run [inline]
```

Executes the stored action.

## **Parameters**

model←	Model over which it will be executed.
_	

# 16.22.2.6 load\_agents\_entities\_ties()

Associate agents-entities from a file.

The structure of the file should be two columns separated by space. The first column indexing between 0 and nagents-1, and the second column between 0 and nentities - 1.

## **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file.	
skip	How many rows to skip.	

## 16.22.2.7 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

 $\label{lem:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented:lemented$ 

## 16.22.2.8 run\_multiple()

#### **Parameters**

```
ndays Multiple runs of the simulation
```

## 16.22.2.9 set\_agents\_data()

Set the agents data object.

The data should be an array with the data stored in a column major order, i.e., by column.

#### **Parameters**

data⇔	Pointer to the first element of an array of size size() *	
_	ncols	
ncols⇔	Number of features included in the data.	
_		

# 16.22.2.10 set\_name()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::set_name (
          std::string name) [inline]
```

Set the name object.

#### **Parameters**

name

## 16.22.2.11 write\_data()

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

#### **Parameters**

fn_virus_info	Filename. Information about the virus.
fn_virus_hist	Filename. History of the virus.
fn_tool_info	Filename. Information about the tool.
fn_tool_hist	Filename. History of the tool.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (state)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.
fn_reproductive_number	Filename. Case by case reproductive number

## 16.22.3 Member Data Documentation

## 16.22.3.1 initial\_states\_fun

Function to distribute states. Goes along with the function

## 16.22.3.2 rbinomd

Generated by Doxygen

## 16.22.3.3 rexpd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::exponential_distribution Model< TSeq >::rexpd [protected]
Initial value:
       std::exponential_distribution<>()
16.22.3.4 rgammad
template<typename TSeq >
std::gamma_distribution Model< TSeq >::rgammad [protected]
Initial value:
       std::gamma_distribution<>()
16.22.3.5 rgeomd
template<typename TSeq >
std::geometric_distribution Model< TSeq >::rgeomd [protected]
Initial value:
       std::geometric_distribution<>()
16.22.3.6 rlognormald
template<typename TSeq >
std::lognormal_distribution Model< TSeq >::rlognormald [protected]
Initial value:
       std::lognormal_distribution<>()
16.22.3.7 rnbinomd
template<typename TSeq >
```

std::negative\_binomial\_distribution Model< TSeq >::rnbinomd [protected]

std::negative\_binomial\_distribution<>()

### Generated by Doxygen

Initial value:

## 16.22.3.8 rnormd

#### 16.22.3.9 rpoissd

## 16.22.3.10 runifd

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::uniform_real_distribution Model< TSeq >::runifd [protected]

Initial value:
=
    std::uniform_real_distribution<> (0.0, 1.0)
```

# 16.22.3.11 time\_elapsed

```
template<typename TSeq >
std::chrono::duration<epiworld_double,std::micro> Model< TSeq >::time_elapsed [protected]
```

# Initial value:

```
std::chrono::duration<epiworld_double,std::micro>::zero()
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-meat-print.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-meat.hpp

# 16.23 epiworld::ModelDiagram Class Reference

## **Public Member Functions**

- void draw\_from\_data (DiagramType diagram\_type, const std::vector< std::string > &states, const std
   ::vector< epiworld double > &tprob, const std::string &fn output="", bool self=false)
- void draw\_from\_file (DiagramType diagram\_type, const std::string &fn\_transition, const std::string &fn\_← output="", bool self=false)
- void **draw\_from\_files** (DiagramType diagram\_type, const std::vector< std::string > &fns\_transition, const std::string &fn\_output="", bool self=false)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 16.24 ModelDiagram Class Reference

## **Public Member Functions**

- void draw\_from\_data (DiagramType diagram\_type, const std::vector< std::string > &states, const std
   ::vector< epiworld\_double > &tprob, const std::string &fn\_output="", bool self=false)
- void draw\_from\_file (DiagramType diagram\_type, const std::string &fn\_transition, const std::string &fn\_← output="", bool self=false)
- void **draw\_from\_files** (DiagramType diagram\_type, const std::vector< std::string > &fns\_transition, const std::string &fn output="", bool self=false)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

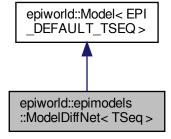
- include/epiworld/modeldiagram-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/modeldiagram-meat.hpp

# 16.25 epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq > Class Template Reference

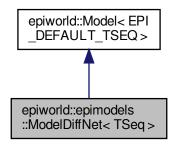
Template for a Network Diffusion Model.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ epiworld:: epimodels:: Model DiffNet < TSeq >:$ 



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- ModelDiffNet (ModelDiffNet < TSeq > &model, const std::string &innovation\_name, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld double prob adopt, bool normalize exposure=true, double \*agents data=nullptr, size ← t data\_ncols=0u, std::vector< size\_t > data\_cols={}, std::vector< double > params={})
- ModelDiffNet (const std::string &innovation\_name, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double prob \_adopt, bool normalize\_exposure=true, double \*agents\_data=nullptr, size\_t data\_ncols=0u, std::vector< size\_t > data\_cols={}, std::vector< double > params={})

## **Public Attributes**

- bool normalize\_exposure = true
- std::vector< size t > data\_cols
- std::vector< double > params

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int NONADOPTER = 0
- static const int ADOPTER = 1

## **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.25.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq >

Template for a Network Diffusion Model.

## **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>	
vname	std::string Name of the virus	Generated by
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence	denotated by
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system	
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system	

y Doxygen

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

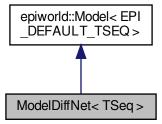
· epiworld.hpp

# 16.26 ModelDiffNet< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Network Diffusion Model.

```
#include <diffnet.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelDiffNet< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelDiffNet< TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelDiffNet** (ModelDiffNet< TSeq > &model, const std::string &innovation\_name, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double prob\_adopt, bool normalize\_exposure=true, double \*agents\_data=nullptr, size\_
  t data\_ncols=0u, std::vector< size\_t > data\_cols={}, std::vector< double > params={})
- ModelDiffNet (const std::string &innovation\_name, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double prob
   \_adopt, bool normalize\_exposure=true, double \*agents\_data=nullptr, size\_t data\_ncols=0u, std::vector<
   size\_t > data\_cols={}, std::vector< double > params={})

# **Public Attributes**

- bool normalize\_exposure = true
- std::vector< size\_t > data\_cols
- std::vector< double > params

# **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **NONADOPTER** = 0
- static const int ADOPTER = 1

## **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.26.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class ModelDiffNet< TSeq >
```

Template for a Network Diffusion Model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

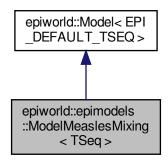
• include/epiworld/models/diffnet.hpp

# 16.27 epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

• ModelMeaslesMixing (ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq > &model, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax\_\circ\epiworld\_double vax\_reduction\_recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double rash\_period, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\circ\episorld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld\_double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_\circ\episorld\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days\_prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

ModelMeaslesMixing (epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax\_efficacy, epiworld\_double vax\_reduction\_← recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double rash\_period, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld← \_double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period,

epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days\_prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq > & run (epiworld fast uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Run the model simulation.

· void reset ()

Reset the model to initial state.

Model < TSeq > \* clone ptr ()

Create a clone of this model.

ModelMeaslesMixing
 TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

void set contact matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

std::vector< double > get\_contact\_matrix () const

Get the current contact matrix.

• std::vector< size\_t > get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered () const

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get quarantine willingness () const

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get\_isolation\_willingness () const

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int PRODROMAL = 2
- static const int RASH = 3
- static const int ISOLATED = 4
- static const int ISOLATED RECOVERED = 5
- static const int **DETECTED\_HOSPITALIZED** = 6
- static const int **QUARANTINED\_EXPOSED** = 7
- static const int QUARANTINED\_SUSCEPTIBLE = 8
- static const int **QUARANTINED\_PRODROMAL** = 9
- static const int **QUARANTINED\_RECOVERED** = 10
- static const int HOSPITALIZED = 11
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 12
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS INACTIVE = 0u
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS ACTIVE = 1u
- static const size\_t QUARANTINE\_PROCESS\_DONE = 2u

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.27.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
class epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >

Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

This class implements a Measles epidemiological model based on the SEIR framework with additional features including:

- · Population mixing based on contact matrices
- Measles-specific disease progression: Susceptible o Exposed o Prodromal o Rash
- Prodromal individuals are infectious (replace the "Infected" state in SEIR)
- · Rash individuals are no longer infectious but can be detected for isolation
- · Quarantine measures for exposed contacts during contact tracing
- Isolation policies for detected individuals during the rash state
- · Contact tracing with configurable success rates
- · Hospitalization of severe cases
- · Individual willingness to comply with public health measures

The model supports 13 distinct states:

- · Susceptible: Individuals who can become infected
- Exposed: Infected but not yet infectious (incubation period)
- Prodromal: Infectious individuals in the community (replaces "Infected" in SEIR)
- Rash: Non-infectious individuals with visible symptoms (detection occurs here)
- · Isolated: Detected individuals in self-isolation
- · Isolated Recovered: Recovered individuals still in isolation
- · Detected Hospitalized: Hospitalized individuals who were contact-traced
- · Quarantined Exposed: Exposed individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Susceptible: Susceptible individuals in guarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Prodromal: Prodromal individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Recovered: Recovered individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Hospitalized: Individuals requiring hospital care
- · Recovered: Individuals who have recovered and gained immunity

## **Template Parameters**

```
TSeq Type for genetic sequences (default: EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ)
```

## 16.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.27.2.1 ModelMeaslesMixing() [1/2]

```
template<typename TSeq >
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::ModelMeaslesMixing (
```

```
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq > & model,
epiworld_fast_uint n,
epiworld_double prevalence,
epiworld_double contact_rate,
epiworld_double transmission_rate,
epiworld_double vax_efficacy,
epiworld_double vax_reduction_recovery_rate,
epiworld_double incubation_period,
epiworld_double prodromal_period,
epiworld_double rash_period,
std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
epiworld_double days_undetected,
epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
epiworld_double prop_vaccinated,
epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
epiworld_fast_uint contact_tracing_days_prior = 4u ) [inline]
```

## Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

Template for a Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#### **Parameters**

erence to an existing ModelMeaslesMixing object.
number of entities in the model.
nitial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact rate between entities in the model.
ransmission rate of the disease in the model.
efficacy of the vaccine.
eduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine.
ncubation period of the disease in the model.
prodromal period of the disease in the model.
ash period of the disease in the model.
contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major
ate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
average duration of hospitalization in days.
average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
proportion of vaccinated agents.
probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default:
delMeaslesMixing <tseq> object where to set up the model.</tseq>
per of agents in the population
prevalence (proportion of infected individuals)

#### **Parameters**

contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission per contact
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine
incubation_period	Average incubation period in days
prodromal_period	Average prodromal period in days
rash_period	Average rash period in days
contact_matrix	Contact matrix specifying mixing patterns between population groups
hospitalization_rate	Rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized
hospitalization_period	Average duration of hospitalization in days
days_undetected	Average number of days an infected individual remains undetected
quarantine_period	Duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts
quarantine_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine
isolation_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected
isolation_period	Duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals
prop_vaccinated	Proportion of vaccinated agents
contact_tracing_success_rate	Probability of successfully identifying contacts during tracing
contact_tracing_days_prior	Number of days prior to detection for contact tracing

# 16.27.2.2 ModelMeaslesMixing() [2/2]

```
template<typename TSeq >
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::ModelMeaslesMixing (
             epiworld_fast_uint n,
             epiworld_double prevalence,
             epiworld_double contact_rate,
             epiworld_double transmission_rate,
             epiworld_double vax_efficacy,
             epiworld_double vax_reduction_recovery_rate,
             epiworld_double incubation_period,
             epiworld_double prodromal_period,
             epiworld_double rash_period,
             std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
             epiworld_double days_undetected,
             epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
             epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
             epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
             epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
             epiworld_double prop_vaccinated,
             epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
             {\tt epiworld\_fast\_uint} \ \ contact\_tracing\_days\_prior = 4u \ ) \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

#### **Parameters**

n	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine.
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine.
incubation_period	The incubation period of the disease in the model.
prodromal_period	The prodromal period of the disease in the model.
rash_period	The rash period of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.
hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
prop_vaccinated	The proportion of vaccinated agents.
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).

# 16.27.3 Member Function Documentation

# 16.27.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Create a clone of this model.

#### Returns

Pointer to a new model instance with the same configuration

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

# 16.27.3.2 get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< size_t > epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_agent_quarantine
_triggered ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

## Returns

Vector indicating quarantine process status for each agent

#### 16.27.3.3 get\_contact\_matrix()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< double > epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_contact_matrix ( )
const [inline]
```

Get the current contact matrix.

#### Returns

Vector representing the contact matrix

## 16.27.3.4 get\_isolation\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_isolation_willingness
( ) const [inline]
```

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to self-isolate

## 16.27.3.5 get\_quarantine\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_quarantine_willingness
( ) const [inline]
```

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

## Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to quarantine

# 16.27.3.6 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⊷	Double vector with two elements:
_	• [0]: The proportion of initially infected individuals who start in the exposed state.
	• [1]: The proportion of initially non-infected individuals who have recovered (immune).
queue_	Optional vector for queuing specifications (default: empty).

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.27.3.7 run()

Run the model simulation.

## **Parameters**

ndays	Number of days to simulate
seed	Random seed for reproducibility (default: -1 for random seed)

## Returns

Reference to this model instance

 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

# 16.27.3.8 set\_contact\_matrix()

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

## **Parameters**

cmat	Contact matrix specifying interaction rates between groups

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

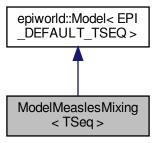
epiworld.hpp

# 16.28 ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#include <measlesmixing.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

ModelMeaslesMixing (epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax\_efficacy, epiworld\_double vax\_reduction\_← recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double rash\_period, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld← \_\_double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days\_prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Run the model simulation.

· void reset ()

Reset the model to initial state.

• Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Create a clone of this model.

ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

void set contact matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

std::vector< double > get\_contact\_matrix () const

Get the current contact matrix.

std::vector< size\_t > get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered () const

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get\_quarantine\_willingness () const

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get isolation willingness () const

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

#### Static Public Attributes

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int **PRODROMAL** = 2
- static const int RASH = 3
- static const int ISOLATED = 4
- static const int ISOLATED\_RECOVERED = 5
- static const int **DETECTED\_HOSPITALIZED** = 6
- static const int QUARANTINED\_EXPOSED = 7
- static const int QUARANTINED SUSCEPTIBLE = 8
- static const int QUARANTINED PRODROMAL = 9
- static const int QUARANTINED\_RECOVERED = 10
- static const int HOSPITALIZED = 11
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 12
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS INACTIVE = 0u
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS ACTIVE = 1u
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS DONE = 2u

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.28.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >

Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

This class implements a Measles epidemiological model based on the SEIR framework with additional features including:

- · Population mixing based on contact matrices
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{Measles\text{-}specific \ disease \ progression:} \ \mathsf{Susceptible} \to \mathsf{Exposed} \to \mathsf{Prodromal} \to \mathsf{Rash}$
- · Prodromal individuals are infectious (replace the "Infected" state in SEIR)
- · Rash individuals are no longer infectious but can be detected for isolation
- · Quarantine measures for exposed contacts during contact tracing
- · Isolation policies for detected individuals during the rash state
- · Contact tracing with configurable success rates
- · Hospitalization of severe cases
- · Individual willingness to comply with public health measures

The model supports 13 distinct states:

- Susceptible: Individuals who can become infected
- Exposed: Infected but not yet infectious (incubation period)
- Prodromal: Infectious individuals in the community (replaces "Infected" in SEIR)
- · Rash: Non-infectious individuals with visible symptoms (detection occurs here)
- · Isolated: Detected individuals in self-isolation
- · Isolated Recovered: Recovered individuals still in isolation
- · Detected Hospitalized: Hospitalized individuals who were contact-traced
- · Quarantined Exposed: Exposed individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Susceptible: Susceptible individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Prodromal: Prodromal individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Recovered: Recovered individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Hospitalized: Individuals requiring hospital care
- · Recovered: Individuals who have recovered and gained immunity

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq Type for genetic sequences (default: EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ)

#### 16.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.28.2.1 ModelMeaslesMixing() [1/2]

```
{\tt template}{<}{\tt typename}~{\tt TSeq}~{>}
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::ModelMeaslesMixing (
             ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq > & model,
              epiworld_fast_uint n,
              epiworld_double prevalence,
              epiworld_double contact_rate,
              epiworld_double transmission_rate,
              epiworld_double vax_efficacy,
              epiworld_double vax_reduction_recovery_rate,
              epiworld_double incubation_period,
              epiworld_double prodromal_period,
              epiworld_double rash_period,
              std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
              epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
              epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
              epiworld_double days_undetected,
              epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
              epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
              epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
              epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
              epiworld_double prop_vaccinated,
              epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
              {\tt epiworld\_fast\_uint} \ \ contact\_tracing\_days\_prior = 4u \ ) \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

# $Constructs\ a\ {\color{red}Model Measles Mixing\ object}.$

Template for a Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

### **Parameters**

model	A reference to an existing ModelMeaslesMixing object.
п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine.
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine.
incubation_period	The incubation period of the disease in the model.
prodromal_period	The prodromal period of the disease in the model.
rash_period	The rash period of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.

#### **Parameters**

hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.	
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.	
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.	
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.	
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.	
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.	
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.	
prop_vaccinated	The proportion of vaccinated agents.	
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).	
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).	
model	A ModelMeaslesMixing <tseq> object where to set up the model.</tseq>	
n	Number of agents in the population	
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion of infected individuals)	
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step	
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission per contact	
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine	
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine	
incubation_period	Average incubation period in days	
prodromal_period	Average prodromal period in days	
rash_period	Average rash period in days	
contact_matrix	Contact matrix specifying mixing patterns between population groups	
hospitalization_rate	Rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized	
hospitalization_period	Average duration of hospitalization in days	
days_undetected	Average number of days an infected individual remains undetected	
quarantine_period	Duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts	
quarantine_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine	
isolation_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected	
isolation_period	Duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals	
prop_vaccinated	Proportion of vaccinated agents	
contact_tracing_success_rate	Probability of successfully identifying contacts during tracing	
contact_tracing_days_prior	Number of days prior to detection for contact tracing	

# 16.28.2.2 ModelMeaslesMixing() [2/2]

```
epiworld_double rash_period,
std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
epiworld_double days_undetected,
epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
epiworld_double prop_vaccinated,
epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
epiworld_fast_uint contact_tracing_days_prior = 4u ) [inline]
```

# Constructs a ModelMeaslesMixing object.

#### **Parameters**

п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine.
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine.
incubation_period	The incubation period of the disease in the model.
prodromal_period	The prodromal period of the disease in the model.
rash_period	The rash period of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.
hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
prop_vaccinated	The proportion of vaccinated agents.
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).

#### 16.28.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.28.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Create a clone of this model.

#### Returns

Pointer to a new model instance with the same configuration

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI DEFAULT TSEQ >.

#### 16.28.3.2 get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< size_t > ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_agent_quarantine_triggered ( ) const
[inline]
```

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector indicating quarantine process status for each agent

#### 16.28.3.3 get\_contact\_matrix()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< double > ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_contact_matrix ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the current contact matrix.

#### Returns

Vector representing the contact matrix

#### 16.28.3.4 get\_isolation\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_isolation_willingness ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to self-isolate

#### 16.28.3.5 get\_quarantine\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >::get_quarantine_willingness ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to quarantine

#### 16.28.3.6 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⊷	Double vector with two elements:	]
_	• [0]: The proportion of initially infected individuals who start in the exposed state.	
	• [1]: The proportion of initially non-infected individuals who have recovered (immune).	
queue_	Optional vector for queuing specifications (default: empty).	1

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.28.3.7 run()

Run the model simulation.

#### **Parameters**

ndays	Number of days to simulate
seed	Random seed for reproducibility (default: -1 for random seed)

#### Returns

Reference to this model instance

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.28.3.8 set\_contact\_matrix()

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

#### **Parameters**

cmat Contact matrix specifying interaction rates between groups

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

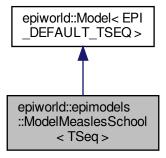
• include/epiworld/models/measlesmixing.hpp

# 16.29 epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq > Class Template Reference

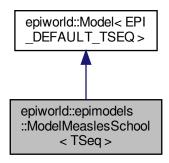
Template for a Measles model with quarantine.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool<\ TSeq>:$ 



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• void quarantine agents ()

Quarantine agents that are in the system.

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

- void update\_infectious ()
- Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

- ModelMeaslesSchool (ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq > &model, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_fast\_uint n\_exposed, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax
   \_efficacy, epiworld\_double vax\_reduction\_recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double rash\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_double fast int guarantine period, epiworld double guarantine willingness, epiworld fast int isolation period)
- ModelMeaslesSchool (epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_fast\_uint n\_exposed, epiworld\_double contact\_
   rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax\_efficacy, epiworld\_double vax\_reduction
   \_recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double
   rash\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double
   hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld\_
   double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period)

# **Public Attributes**

std::vector < Agent < TSeq > \* > infectious

Agents infectious for contact.

- bool system\_quarantine\_triggered = false
- std::vector< int > day\_flagged

Either detected or started quarantine.

std::vector< int > day\_rash\_onset

Day of rash onset.

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint SUSCEPTIBLE = 0u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint EXPOSED = 1u
- static const epiworld fast uint PRODROMAL = 2u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint RASH = 3u
- static const epiworld fast uint ISOLATED = 4u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint ISOLATED\_RECOVERED = 5u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint **DETECTED\_HOSPITALIZED** = 6u
- static const epiworld fast uint QUARANTINED EXPOSED = 7u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint QUARANTINED\_SUSCEPTIBLE = 8u
- static const epiworld fast uint QUARANTINED PRODROMAL = 9u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint QUARANTINED\_RECOVERED = 10u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint HOSPITALIZED = 11u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint RECOVERED = 12u

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.29.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
class epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >
```

Template for a Measles model with quarantine.

#### **Parameters**

TSeq	The type of the sequence to be used.
------	--------------------------------------

This model can be described as a SEIHR model with isolation and quarantine. The infectious state is divided into prodromal and rash phases. Furthermore, the quarantine state includes exposed, susceptible, prodromal, and recovered states.

The quarantine process is triggered any time that an agent with rash is detected. The agent is then isolated and all agents who are unvaccinated are quarantined. Isolated agents then may be moved out of the isolation in isolation ← \_period days.

#### 16.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.29.2.1 ModelMeaslesSchool()

```
epiworld_double transmission_rate,
epiworld_double vax_efficacy,
epiworld_double vax_reduction_recovery_rate,
epiworld_double incubation_period,
epiworld_double prodromal_period,
epiworld_double days_undetected,
epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
epiworld_double prop_vaccinated,
epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
epiworld_fast_int isolation_period) [inline]
```

#### **Parameters**

n	The number of agents in the system.
n_exposed	The number of exposed agents in the system.
contact_rate	The rate of contact between agents.
transmission_rate	The rate of transmission of the virus.
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine.
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine.
incubation_period	The incubation period of the virus.
prodromal_period	The prodromal period of the virus.
rash_period	The rash period of the virus.
days_undetected	The number of days the virus goes undetected.
hospitalization_rate	The rate of hospitalization.
hospitalization_period	The duration of hospitalization.
prop_vaccinated	The proportion of vaccinated agents.
quarantine_period	The number of days for quarantine.
quarantine_willingness	The willingness to be quarantined.
isolation_period	The number of days for isolation.

# 16.29.3 Member Function Documentation

# 16.29.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**



 $\label{lem:lemented_lemented_lemented} \textbf{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \\ \textbf{Model} < \textbf{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

#### 16.29.3.2 quarantine agents()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >::quarantine_agents [inline]
```

Quarantine agents that are in the system.

The flow should be:

- The function only runs if the quarantine status is active.
- · Agents who are in quarantine, isolation, removed, or hospitalized are ignored.
- · Agents who are in the RASH state are isolated.
- Vaccinated agents are ignored.
- Susceptible, Exposed, and Prodromal agents are moved to the QUARANTINED\_\* state.
- At the end of the function, the quarantine status is set false.

#### 16.29.3.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

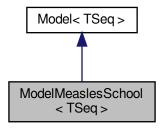
• epiworld.hpp

# 16.30 ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

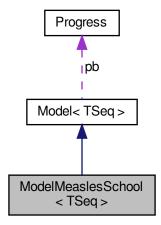
Template for a Measles model with quarantine.

#include <measlesquarantine.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >:



 $\label{local_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous} Collaboration \ diagram \ for \ ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >:$ 



#### **Public Member Functions**

• void quarantine\_agents ()

Quarantine agents that are in the system.

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

• void update\_infectious ()

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

- ModelMeaslesSchool (ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq > &model, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_fast\_uint n\_exposed, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax
   \_efficacy, epiworld\_double vax\_reduction\_recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double rash\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_date\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld\_double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period)
- ModelMeaslesSchool (epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_fast\_uint n\_exposed, epiworld\_double contact\_
   rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double vax\_efficacy, epiworld\_double vax\_reduction
   \_recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double incubation\_period, epiworld\_double prodromal\_period, epiworld\_double
   rash\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double
   hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld\_
   double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period)

#### **Public Attributes**

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > infectious
  - Agents infectious for contact.
- bool system\_quarantine\_triggered = false
- std::vector< int > day flagged

Either detected or started quarantine.

std::vector< int > day\_rash\_onset

Day of rash onset.

# **Static Public Attributes**

- static const epiworld fast uint SUSCEPTIBLE = 0u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint EXPOSED = 1u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint **PRODROMAL** = 2u
- static const epiworld fast uint RASH = 3u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint ISOLATED = 4u
- static const epiworld fast uint ISOLATED\_RECOVERED = 5u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint DETECTED\_HOSPITALIZED = 6u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint QUARANTINED\_EXPOSED = 7u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint QUARANTINED\_SUSCEPTIBLE = 8u
- static const epiworld fast uint QUARANTINED PRODROMAL = 9u
- static const epiworld fast uint QUARANTINED RECOVERED = 10u
- static const epiworld\_fast\_uint HOSPITALIZED = 11u
- static const epiworld fast uint RECOVERED = 12u

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.30.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >

Template for a Measles model with quarantine.

#### **Parameters**

This model can be described as a SEIHR model with isolation and quarantine. The infectious state is divided into prodromal and rash phases. Furthermore, the quarantine state includes exposed, susceptible, prodromal, and recovered states.

The quarantine process is triggered any time that an agent with rash is detected. The agent is then isolated and all agents who are unvaccinated are quarantined. Isolated agents then may be moved out of the isolation in isolation period days.

# 16.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 16.30.2.1 ModelMeaslesSchool()

```
template<typename TSeq >
ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >::ModelMeaslesSchool (
             ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq > & model,
             epiworld_fast_uint n,
             epiworld_fast_uint n_exposed,
             epiworld_double contact_rate,
             epiworld_double transmission_rate,
             epiworld_double vax_efficacy,
             epiworld_double vax_reduction_recovery_rate,
             epiworld_double incubation_period,
             epiworld_double prodromal_period,
             epiworld_double rash_period,
             epiworld_double days_undetected,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
             epiworld_double prop_vaccinated,
             epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
             epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
             epiworld_fast_int isolation_period ) [inline]
```

#### **Parameters**

n	The number of agents in the system.
n_exposed	The number of exposed agents in the system.
contact_rate	The rate of contact between agents.
transmission_rate	The rate of transmission of the virus.
vax_efficacy	The efficacy of the vaccine.
vax_reduction_recovery_rate	The reduction in recovery rate due to the vaccine.
incubation_period	The incubation period of the virus.
prodromal_period	The prodromal period of the virus.
rash_period	The rash period of the virus.
days_undetected	The number of days the virus goes undetected.
hospitalization_rate	The rate of hospitalization.

#### **Parameters**

hospitalization_period	The duration of hospitalization.
prop_vaccinated	The proportion of vaccinated agents.
quarantine_period	The number of days for quarantine.
quarantine_willingness	The willingness to be quarantined.
isolation_period	The number of days for isolation.

#### 16.30.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.30.3.1 clone ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from Model < TSeq >.

#### 16.30.3.2 quarantine agents()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >::quarantine_agents [inline]
```

Quarantine agents that are in the system.

The flow should be:

- The function only runs if the quarantine status is active.
- · Agents who are in quarantine, isolation, removed, or hospitalized are ignored.
- · Agents who are in the RASH state are isolated.
- · Vaccinated agents are ignored.
- Susceptible, Exposed, and Prodromal agents are moved to the QUARANTINED\_\* state.
- At the end of the function, the quarantine status is set false.

#### 16.30.3.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

Reimplemented from Model < TSeq >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

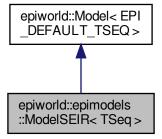
• include/epiworld/models/measlesquarantine.hpp

# 16.31 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq > Class Template Reference

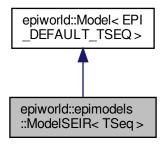
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSEIR** (ModelSEIR< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_← rate)
- **ModelSEIR** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSEIR < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue\_={})
   Set up the initial states of the model.

#### **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update exposed seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected\_seir

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int **EXPOSED** = 1
- static const int **INFECTED** = 2
- static const int **REMOVED** = 3

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.31.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence the immune system
transmission_rate	epiworld_double Transmission rate of the virus
avg_incubation_days	epiworld_double Average incubation days of the virus.
recovery_rate	epiworld_double Recovery rate of the virus.

# 16.31.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.31.2.1 initial\_states()

Set up the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⊷	Double vector with the following values:
_	0: Proportion of non-infected agents who are removed.
	• 1: Proportion of exposed agents to be set as infected.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

# 16.31.3 Member Data Documentation

# 16.31.3.1 update\_exposed\_seir

#### 16.31.3.2 update\_infected\_seir

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

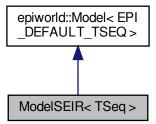
· epiworld.hpp

# 16.32 ModelSEIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

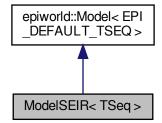
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

```
#include <seir.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• **ModelSEIR** (ModelSEIR< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_← rate)

- **ModelSEIR** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSEIR < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue\_={})
   Set up the initial states of the model.

#### **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_exposed\_seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected\_seir

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **REMOVED** = 3

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.32.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class ModelSEIR< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence the immune system
transmission_rate	epiworld_double Transmission rate of the virus
avg_incubation_days	epiworld_double Average incubation days of the virus.
recovery_rate	epiworld_double Recovery rate of the virus.

#### 16.32.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.32.2.1 initial\_states()

Set up the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

# proportions → Double vector with the following values: 0: Proportion of non-infected agents who are removed. 1: Proportion of exposed agents to be set as infected.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.32.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 16.32.3.1 update\_exposed\_seir

#### 16.32.3.2 update\_infected\_seir

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/epiworld/models/seir.hpp

# 16.33 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONN (ModelSEIRCONN
 TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld
 \_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

 $Template\ for\ a\ Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed\ (SEIR)\ model.$ 

- ModelSEIRCONN (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld 
  \_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld 
  \_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

• void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

- size\_t get\_n\_infected () const
- std::vector< double > generation\_time\_expected (int max\_days=200, int max\_contacts=200) const

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int RECOVERED = 3

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.33.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.33.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()

```
template<typename TSeq >
ModelSEIRCONN
ModelSEIRCONN
TSeq > ::ModelSEIRCONN (

ModelSEIRCONN
TSeq > & model,
const std::string & vname,
epiworld_fast_uint n,
epiworld_double prevalence,
epiworld_double contact_rate,
epiworld_double transmission_rate,
epiworld_double avg_incubation_days,
epiworld_double recovery_rate ) [inline]
```

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

# 16.33.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.33.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

```
сору
```

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.33.2.2 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

#### 16.33.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

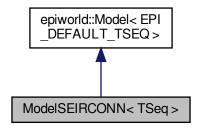
Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

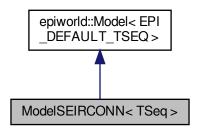
· epiworld.hpp

# 16.34 ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONN (ModelSEIRCONN 
 TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld—double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- ModelSEIRCONN (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   — double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld
   — double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

- size\_t get\_n\_infected () const
- std::vector< double > generation\_time\_expected (int max\_days=200, int max\_contacts=200) const

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int **EXPOSED** = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 3

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.34.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.34.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

# **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

#### 16.34.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.34.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

```
сору
```

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.34.2.2 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⊷	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

#### 16.34.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

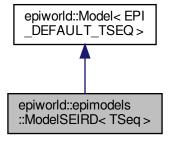
include/epiworld/models/seirconnected.hpp

# 16.35 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

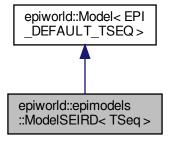
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SEIRD) model.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

 ModelSEIRD (ModelSEIRD< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Constructor for the SEIRD model.

• ModelSEIRD (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Constructor for the SEIRD model.

• ModelSEIRD< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

#### **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_exposed\_seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **REMOVED** = 3
- static const int **DECEASED** = 4

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.35.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SEIRD) model.

#### 16.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.35.2.1 ModelSEIRD() [1/2]

Constructor for the SEIRD model.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of the sequence used in the model.
------	-----------------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

model	Reference to the SEIRD model.
vname	Name of the model.

#### **Parameters**

prevalence	Prevalence of the disease.
transmission_rate	Transmission rate of the disease.
avg_incubation_days	Average incubation period of the disease.
recovery_rate	Recovery rate of the disease.
death_rate	Death rate of the disease.

#### 16.35.2.2 ModelSEIRD() [2/2]

#### Constructor for the SEIRD model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	Name of the model.
prevalence	Initial prevalence of the disease.
transmission_rate	Transmission rate of the disease.
avg_incubation_days	Average incubation period of the disease.
recovery_rate	Recovery rate of the disease.
death_rate	Death rate of the disease.

#### 16.35.3 Member Data Documentation

# 16.35.3.1 update\_exposed\_seir

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

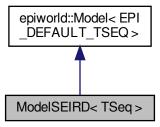
· epiworld.hpp

# 16.36 ModelSEIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

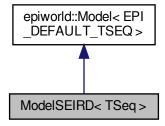
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SEIRD) model.

```
#include <seird.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRD< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRD< TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

• ModelSEIRD (ModelSEIRD< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld double death rate)

Constructor for the SEIRD model.

 ModelSEIRD (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Constructor for the SEIRD model.

ModelSEIRD< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

#### **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_exposed\_seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int **EXPOSED** = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **REMOVED** = 3
- static const int **DECEASED** = 4

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 16.36.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class ModelSEIRD< TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SEIRD) model.

#### 16.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.36.2.1 ModelSEIRD() [1/2]

Constructor for the SEIRD model.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq Type of the sequence used in the model.
----------------------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

model	Reference to the SEIRD model.
vname	Name of the model.

#### **Parameters**

prevalence	Prevalence of the disease.
transmission_rate	Transmission rate of the disease.
avg_incubation_days	Average incubation period of the disease.
recovery_rate	Recovery rate of the disease.
death_rate	Death rate of the disease.

#### 16.36.2.2 ModelSEIRD() [2/2]

#### Constructor for the SEIRD model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	Name of the model.
prevalence	Initial prevalence of the disease.
transmission_rate	Transmission rate of the disease.
avg_incubation_days	Average incubation period of the disease.
recovery_rate	Recovery rate of the disease.
death_rate	Death rate of the disease.

#### 16.36.3 Member Data Documentation

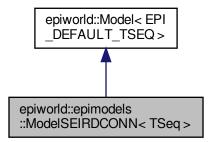
#### 16.36.3.1 update\_exposed\_seir

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/models/seird.hpp

# 16.37 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRDCONN (ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- ModelSEIRDCONN (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   —double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld
   —double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
- ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

Set up the initial states of the model.

• size\_t get\_n\_infected () const

#### Static Public Attributes

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int **EXPOSED** = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int REMOVED = 3
- static const int **DECEASED** = 4

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.37.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.37.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery
death_rate	Probability of death

## 16.37.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.37.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.37.2.2 initial\_states()

Set up the initial states of the model.

## **Parameters**

proportions → Double vector with the following values:
 0: Proportion of non-infected agents who are removed.
 1: Proportion of exposed agents to be set as infected.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI DEFAULT TSEQ >.

#### 16.37.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

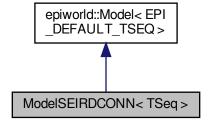
· epiworld.hpp

## 16.38 ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRDCONN (ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_← double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- ModelSEIRDCONN (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   — double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld
   — double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
- ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

• void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

Set up the initial states of the model.

· size t get n infected () const

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **REMOVED** = 3
- static const int **DECEASED** = 4

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.38.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.38.1.1 ModelSEIRDCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery
death_rate	Probability of death

## 16.38.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.38.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.38.2.2 initial\_states()

Set up the initial states of the model.

## **Parameters**

proportions←	Double vector with the following values:
_	0: Proportion of non-infected agents who are removed.
	• 1: Proportion of exposed agents to be set as infected.

 $\label{lem:lemented_lemented} \textbf{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \\ \textbf{Model} < \textbf{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >. \\$ 

#### 16.38.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

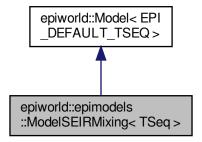
Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

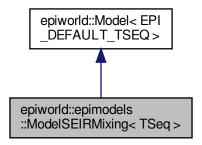
• include/epiworld/models/seirdconnected.hpp

# 16.39 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq > Class Template Reference

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq >:$ 



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRMixing (ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld—double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

ModelSEIRMixing (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_
 double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld
 double recovery\_rate, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

• void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

void set\_contact\_matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 3

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.39.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.39.1.1 ModelSEIRMixing() [1/2]

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model       A reference to an existing ModelSEIRMixing object.         vname       The name of the ModelSEIRMixing object.         n       The number of entities in the model.         prevalence       The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.         contact_rate       The contact rate between entities in the model.         transmission_rate       The transmission rate of the disease in the model.         avg_incubation_days       The average incubation period of the disease in the model.         recovery_rate       The recovery rate of the disease in the model.         contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission         recovery_rate       Probability of recovery</tseq>		
The number of entities in the model.  prevalence The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.  contact_rate The contact rate between entities in the model.  transmission_rate The transmission rate of the disease in the model.  avg_incubation_days The average incubation period of the disease in the model.  recovery_rate The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.  model A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.  vname std::string Name of the virus  prevalence Initial prevalence (proportion)  contact_rate Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.  transmission_rate Probability of transmission</tseq>	model	A reference to an existing ModelSEIRMixing object.
prevalence       The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.         contact_rate       The contact rate between entities in the model.         transmission_rate       The transmission rate of the disease in the model.         avg_incubation_days       The average incubation period of the disease in the model.         recovery_rate       The recovery rate of the disease in the model.         contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission</tseq>	vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixing object.
transmission_rate transmission_rate transmission_rate The transmission rate of the disease in the model.  The average incubation period of the disease in the model.  The recovery_rate The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  The contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.  The contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.  The contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model.  The contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model.  The recovery_rate  The recovery_rate of the disease in the model.  The recov	n	The number of entities in the model.
transmission_rate  The transmission rate of the disease in the model.  avg_incubation_days The average incubation period of the disease in the model.  recovery_rate The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.  model A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.  vname std::string Name of the virus  prevalence Initial prevalence (proportion)  contact_rate Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.  transmission_rate  Probability of transmission</tseq>	prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days       The average incubation period of the disease in the model.         recovery_rate       The recovery rate of the disease in the model.         contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission</tseq>	contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
recovery_rate       The recovery rate of the disease in the model.         contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission</tseq>	transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission</tseq>	avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.
model       A Model < TSeq > object where to set up the SIR.         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission	recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
vname     std::string Name of the virus       prevalence     Initial prevalence (proportion)       contact_rate     Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.       transmission_rate     Probability of transmission	contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.
prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission	model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission	vname	std::string Name of the virus
transmission_rate Probability of transmission	prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
	contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
recovery_rate Probability of recovery	transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
	recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

## 16.39.1.2 ModelSEIRMixing() [2/2]

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

#### **Parameters**

vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixing object.
п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.

## 16.39.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.39.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.39.2.2 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.39.2.3 reset()

template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.40 ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRMixing (ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld—double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

ModelSEIRMixing (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_
 double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld
 double recovery\_rate, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

void set\_contact\_matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

#### Static Public Attributes

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 3

## **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.40.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.40.1.1 ModelSEIRMixing() [1/2]

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A reference to an existing ModelSEIRMixing object.
vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixing object.
п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

## 16.40.1.2 ModelSEIRMixing() [2/2]

## Constructs a ModelSEIRMixing object.

## **Parameters**

vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixing object.
п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.

## 16.40.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.40.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

```
сору
```

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.40.2.2 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⊷	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

 $\label{eq:control_equation} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

#### 16.40.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

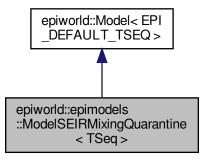
include/epiworld/models/seirmixing.hpp

# 16.41 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq > Class Template Reference

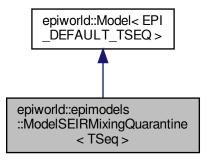
SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeg >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine (ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector < double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld\_double quarantine = \_\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days\_prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine — \_\_period, epiworld\_double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Run the model simulation.

· void reset ()

Reset the model to initial state.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Create a clone of this model.

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue ={})

Set the initial states of the model.

void set contact matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

std::vector< double > get\_contact\_matrix () const

Get the current contact matrix.

std::vector< size\_t > get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered () const

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get\_quarantine\_willingness () const

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

• std::vector< bool > get isolation willingness () const

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int **ISOLATED** = 3
- static const int **DETECTED\_HOSPITALIZED** = 4
- static const int QUARANTINED\_SUSCEPTIBLE = 5
- static const int QUARANTINED\_EXPOSED = 6
- static const int ISOLATED\_RECOVERED = 7
- static const int **HOSPITALIZED** = 8
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 9
- static const size\_t QUARANTINE\_PROCESS\_INACTIVE = 0u
- static const size\_t QUARANTINE\_PROCESS\_ACTIVE = 1u
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS DONE = 2u

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.41.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq>

SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

This class implements a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) epidemiological model with additional features including:

- · Population mixing based on contact matrices
- · Quarantine measures for exposed contacts
- · Isolation policies for detected infected individuals
- · Contact tracing with configurable success rates
- · Hospitalization of severe cases
- · Individual willingness to comply with public health measures

The model supports 10 distinct states:

- · Susceptible: Individuals who can become infected
- Exposed: Infected but not yet infectious (incubation period)
- · Infected: Infectious individuals in the community
- Isolated: Detected infected individuals in self-isolation
- Detected Hospitalized: Hospitalized individuals who were contact-traced
- · Quarantined Susceptible: Susceptible individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Exposed: Exposed individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Isolated Recovered: Recovered individuals still in isolation
- · Hospitalized: Individuals requiring hospital care
- · Recovered: Individuals who have recovered and gained immunity

## **Template Parameters**

TSeq Type for genetic sequences (default: EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ)

## 16.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.41.2.1 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [1/2]

```
template<typename TSeq >
{\tt ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<\ TSeq\ >::} ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine\ (
             ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq > & model,
             const std::string & vname,
             epiworld_fast_uint n,
             epiworld_double prevalence,
             epiworld_double contact_rate,
             epiworld_double transmission_rate,
             epiworld_double avg_incubation_days,
             epiworld_double recovery_rate,
             std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
             {\tt epiworld\_double}\ \textit{hospitalization\_period,}
             epiworld_double days_undetected,
             epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
             epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
             epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
             epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
             epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
             epiworld_fast_uint contact_tracing_days_prior = 4u ) [inline]
```

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#### **Parameters**

madal	A reference to an existing MadelCEIDMixingOverenting chiest
model	A reference to an existing ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.
vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.
n	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.
hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).
model	A ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine <tseq> object where to set up the SEIR model.</tseq>
vname	Name of the virus
n	Number of agents in the population
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion of infected individuals)

#### **Parameters**

contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission per contact
avg_incubation_days	Average incubation period in days
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery per day
contact_matrix	Contact matrix specifying mixing patterns between population groups
hospitalization_rate	Rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized
hospitalization_period	Average duration of hospitalization in days
days_undetected	Average number of days an infected individual remains undetected
quarantine_period	Duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts
quarantine_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine
isolation_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected
isolation_period	Duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals
contact_tracing_success_rate	Probability of successfully identifying contacts during tracing
contact_tracing_days_prior	Number of days prior to detection for contact tracing

## 16.41.2.2 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [2/2]

```
template<typename TSeq >
{\tt ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<\ TSeq\ >::} ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine\ (
            const std::string & vname,
             epiworld_fast_uint n,
             epiworld_double prevalence,
             epiworld_double contact_rate,
             epiworld_double transmission_rate,
             epiworld_double avg_incubation_days,
             epiworld_double recovery_rate,
             std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
             epiworld_double days_undetected,
             epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
             epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
             epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
             epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
             epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
             epiworld_fast_uint contact_tracing_days_prior = 4u ) [inline]
```

## Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

#### **Parameters**

vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.
п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.

#### **Parameters**

recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.
hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).

## 16.41.3 Member Function Documentation

## 16.41.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Create a clone of this model.

## Returns

Pointer to a new model instance with the same configuration

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.41.3.2 get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< size_t > epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_agent_
quarantine_triggered ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

## Returns

Vector indicating quarantine process status for each agent

#### 16.41.3.3 get\_contact\_matrix()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< double > epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_contact_
matrix ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the current contact matrix.

#### Returns

Vector representing the contact matrix

#### 16.41.3.4 get\_isolation\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_isolation_
willingness ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to self-isolate

## 16.41.3.5 get\_quarantine\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_quarantine_
willingness ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to quarantine

#### 16.41.3.6 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

$proportions \leftarrow$	Double vector with two elements:	
_	• [0]: The proportion of initially infected individuals who start in the exposed state.	
	• [1]: The proportion of initially non-infected individuals who have recovered (immune).	
queue_	Optional vector for queuing specifications (default: empty).	

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

### 16.41.3.7 run()

Run the model simulation.

#### **Parameters**

ndays	Number of days to simulate
seed	Random seed for reproducibility (default: -1 for random seed)

#### Returns

Reference to this model instance

 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

## 16.41.3.8 set\_contact\_matrix()

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

#### **Parameters**

_		
	cmat	Contact matrix specifying interaction rates between groups

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

epiworld.hpp

## 16.42 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > Class Template Reference

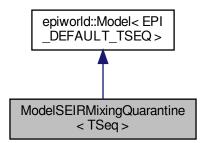
SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#include <seirmixingquarantine.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine (ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector < double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine\_period, epiworld\_double quarantine = \_\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days\_prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double avg\_incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector< double > contact\_matrix, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_rate, epiworld\_double hospitalization\_period, epiworld\_double days\_undetected, epiworld\_fast\_int quarantine — \_\_period, epiworld\_double quarantine\_willingness, epiworld\_double isolation\_willingness, epiworld\_fast\_int isolation\_period, epiworld\_double contact\_tracing\_success\_rate=1.0, epiworld\_fast\_uint contact\_tracing\_days\_prior=4u)

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Run the model simulation.

void reset ()

Reset the model to initial state.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Create a clone of this model.

ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue\_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

void set contact matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

std::vector< double > get contact matrix () const

Get the current contact matrix.

std::vector< size\_t > get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered () const

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get\_quarantine\_willingness () const

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

std::vector< bool > get\_isolation\_willingness () const

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int EXPOSED = 1
- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int ISOLATED = 3
- static const int **DETECTED HOSPITALIZED** = 4
- static const int QUARANTINED\_SUSCEPTIBLE = 5
- static const int QUARANTINED\_EXPOSED = 6
- static const int ISOLATED\_RECOVERED = 7
- static const int **HOSPITALIZED** = 8
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 9
- static const size\_t QUARANTINE\_PROCESS\_INACTIVE = 0u
- static const size t QUARANTINE PROCESS ACTIVE = 1u
- static const size\_t QUARANTINE\_PROCESS\_DONE = 2u

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.42.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >

SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

This class implements a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) epidemiological model with additional features including:

- · Population mixing based on contact matrices
- · Quarantine measures for exposed contacts
- · Isolation policies for detected infected individuals
- · Contact tracing with configurable success rates
- · Hospitalization of severe cases
- · Individual willingness to comply with public health measures

The model supports 10 distinct states:

- · Susceptible: Individuals who can become infected
- Exposed: Infected but not yet infectious (incubation period)
- · Infected: Infectious individuals in the community
- Isolated: Detected infected individuals in self-isolation
- Detected Hospitalized: Hospitalized individuals who were contact-traced
- · Quarantined Susceptible: Susceptible individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Quarantined Exposed: Exposed individuals in quarantine due to contact tracing
- · Isolated Recovered: Recovered individuals still in isolation
- · Hospitalized: Individuals requiring hospital care
- · Recovered: Individuals who have recovered and gained immunity

## **Template Parameters**

TSeq Type for genetic sequences (default: EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ)

## 16.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.42.2.1 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [1/2]

```
template<typename TSeq >
{\tt ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<\ TSeq\ >::} ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine\ (
             ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq > & model,
             const std::string & vname,
             epiworld_fast_uint n,
             epiworld_double prevalence,
             epiworld_double contact_rate,
             epiworld_double transmission_rate,
             epiworld_double avg_incubation_days,
             epiworld_double recovery_rate,
             std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
             epiworld_double days_undetected,
             epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
             epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
             epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
             epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
             epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
             epiworld_fast_uint contact_tracing_days_prior = 4u ) [inline]
```

Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#### **Parameters**

model	A reference to an existing ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.
vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.
n	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model. Specified in column-major order.
hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).
model	A ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine <tseq> object where to set up the SEIR model.</tseq>
vname	Name of the virus
n	Number of agents in the population
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion of infected individuals)

#### **Parameters**

contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission per contact
avg_incubation_days	Average incubation period in days
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery per day
contact_matrix	Contact matrix specifying mixing patterns between population groups
hospitalization_rate	Rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized
hospitalization_period	Average duration of hospitalization in days
days_undetected	Average number of days an infected individual remains undetected
quarantine_period	Duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts
quarantine_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine
isolation_willingness	Proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected
isolation_period	Duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals
contact_tracing_success_rate	Probability of successfully identifying contacts during tracing
contact_tracing_days_prior	Number of days prior to detection for contact tracing

## 16.42.2.2 ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine() [2/2]

```
template<typename TSeq >
{\tt ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<\ TSeq\ >::} ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine\ (
            const std::string & vname,
             epiworld_fast_uint n,
             epiworld_double prevalence,
             epiworld_double contact_rate,
             epiworld_double transmission_rate,
             epiworld_double avg_incubation_days,
             epiworld_double recovery_rate,
             std::vector< double > contact_matrix,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_rate,
             epiworld_double hospitalization_period,
             epiworld_double days_undetected,
             epiworld_fast_int quarantine_period,
             epiworld_double quarantine_willingness,
             epiworld_double isolation_willingness,
             epiworld_fast_int isolation_period,
             epiworld_double contact_tracing_success_rate = 1.0,
             epiworld_fast_uint contact_tracing_days_prior = 4u ) [inline]
```

## Constructs a ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.

#### **Parameters**

vname	The name of the ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine object.
п	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
avg_incubation_days	The average incubation period of the disease in the model.

#### **Parameters**

recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.
hospitalization_rate	The rate at which infected individuals are hospitalized.
hospitalization_period	The average duration of hospitalization in days.
days_undetected	The average number of days an infected individual remains undetected.
quarantine_period	The duration of quarantine in days for exposed contacts.
quarantine_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to comply with quarantine measures.
isolation_willingness	The proportion of individuals willing to self-isolate when detected.
isolation_period	The duration of isolation in days for detected infected individuals.
contact_tracing_success_rate	The probability of successfully identifying and tracing contacts (default: 1.0).
contact_tracing_days_prior	The number of days prior to detection for which contacts are traced (default: 4).

## 16.42.3 Member Function Documentation

## 16.42.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Create a clone of this model.

## Returns

Pointer to a new model instance with the same configuration

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.42.3.2 get\_agent\_quarantine\_triggered()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< size_t > ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_agent_quarantine_triggered ( )
const [inline]
```

Get the quarantine trigger status for all agents.

## Returns

Vector indicating quarantine process status for each agent

#### 16.42.3.3 get\_contact\_matrix()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< double > ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_contact_matrix ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the current contact matrix.

#### Returns

Vector representing the contact matrix

## 16.42.3.4 get\_isolation\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_isolation_willingness ( ) const
[inline]
```

Get the isolation willingness for all agents.

#### Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to self-isolate

## 16.42.3.5 get\_quarantine\_willingness()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
std::vector< bool > ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >::get_quarantine_willingness ( ) const
[inline]
```

Get the quarantine willingness for all agents.

## Returns

Vector of boolean values indicating each agent's willingness to quarantine

#### 16.42.3.6 initial states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with two elements:
_	• [0]: The proportion of initially infected individuals who start in the exposed state.
	• [1]: The proportion of initially non-infected individuals who have recovered (immune).
queue_	Optional vector for queuing specifications (default: empty).

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.42.3.7 run()

Run the model simulation.

#### **Parameters**

ndays	Number of days to simulate
seed	Random seed for reproducibility (default: -1 for random seed)

#### Returns

Reference to this model instance

 $\label{eq:control_equation} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

## 16.42.3.8 set\_contact\_matrix()

Set the contact matrix for population mixing.

#### **Parameters**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/epiworld/models/seirmixingquarantine.hpp

# 16.43 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq > Class Template Reference

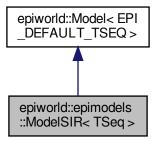
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSIR (ModelSIR < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   —double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- **ModelSIR** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSIR< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue\_={})

  Set the initial states of the model.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.43.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system

## 16.43.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.43.2.1 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

ſ	proportions⇔	Double vector with a single element:	]
	_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.	

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• epiworld.hpp

## 16.44 ModelSIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

```
#include <sir.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIR< TSeq >:



 $\label{local_continuity} \mbox{Collaboration diagram for ModelSIR} < \mbox{TSeq} >:$ 



## **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSIR (ModelSIR < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   —double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- **ModelSIR** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSIR < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue\_={})
   Set the initial states of the model.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.44.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class ModelSIR< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system

## 16.44.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.44.2.1 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

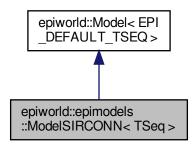
Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sir.hpp

# 16.45 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRCONN (ModelSIRCONN TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld← \_double recovery\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- **ModelSIRCONN** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_← double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSIRCONN
   TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

• size\_t get\_n\_infected () const

Get the infected individuals.

• std::vector< double > generation\_time\_expected (int max\_days=200, int max\_contacts=200) const

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 2

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.45.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.45.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

## **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

## 16.45.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.45.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

```
сору
```

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.45.2.2 get\_n\_infected()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
size_t epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::get_n_infected ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the infected individuals.

#### Returns

```
std::vector< epiworld::Agent<TSeq> * >
```

#### 16.45.2.3 initial states()

Set the initial states of the model.

## **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.45.2.4 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

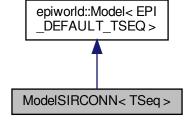
· epiworld.hpp

## 16.46 ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRCONN (ModelSIRCONN
 TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld← \_double recovery\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- ModelSIRCONN (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_← double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- ModelSIRCONN
   TSeq > & run (epiworld fast uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

• size t get n infected () const

Get the infected individuals.

std::vector< double > generation\_time\_expected (int max\_days=200, int max\_contacts=200) const

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 2

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.46.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.46.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>	
vname	std::string Name of the virus	
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)	Generated by Doxygen
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.	
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission	
recovery rate	Probability of recovery	

## 16.46.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.46.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.46.2.2 get\_n\_infected()

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>
size_t ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::get_n_infected ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the infected individuals.

#### Returns

std::vector< epiworld::Agent<TSeq> \* >

## 16.46.2.3 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

## **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

 $\label{lem:lemented_lemented} \textbf{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \\ \textbf{Model} < \textbf{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >. \\$ 

## 16.46.2.4 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/models/sirconnected.hpp

# 16.47 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

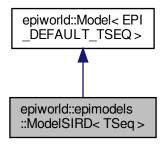
 $Template \ for \ a \ Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased \ (SIRD) \ model.$ 

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSIRD < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue\_={})
   Set the initial states of the model.
- ModelSIRD (ModelSIRD< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
  - Constructs a new SIRD model with the given parameters.
- **ModelSIRD** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

### **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.47.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model.

## 16.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.47.2.1 ModelSIRD()

Constructs a new SIRD model with the given parameters.

#### **Parameters**

model	The SIRD model to copy from.
vname	The name of the vertex associated with this model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the population.
transmission_rate	The rate at which the disease spreads from infected to susceptible individuals.
recovery_rate	The rate at which infected individuals recover and become immune.
death_rate	The rate at which infected individuals die.

#### 16.47.3 Member Function Documentation

## 16.47.3.1 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions←	Double vector with two elements:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.
	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have died.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

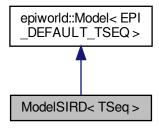
· epiworld.hpp

# 16.48 ModelSIRD< TSeq> Class Template Reference

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model.

```
#include <sird.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRD< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRD < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSIRD < TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector < double > proportions\_, std::vector < int > queue\_={})
   Set the initial states of the model.
- ModelSIRD (ModelSIRD< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
   Constructs a new SIRD model with the given parameters.
- **ModelSIRD** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.48.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class ModelSIRD< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed-Deceased (SIRD) model.

## 16.48.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.48.2.1 ModelSIRD()

Constructs a new SIRD model with the given parameters.

#### **Parameters**

model	The SIRD model to copy from.
vname	The name of the vertex associated with this model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the population.
transmission_rate	The rate at which the disease spreads from infected to susceptible individuals.
recovery_rate	The rate at which infected individuals recover and become immune.
death_rate	The rate at which infected individuals die.

## 16.48.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.48.3.1 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⇔	Double vector with two elements:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.
	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have died.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sird.hpp

# 16.49 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRDCONN (ModelSIRDCONN 
 TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery rate, epiworld double death rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- ModelSIRDCONN (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   \_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
- ModelSIRDCONN
   TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1
- static const int RECOVERED = 2
- static const int **DECEASED** = 3

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.49.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.49.1.1 ModelSIRDCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery
death_rate	Probability of death

## 16.49.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.49.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

**Parameters** 

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.49.2.2 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

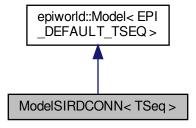
· epiworld.hpp

## 16.50 ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRDCONN (ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_← double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- **ModelSIRDCONN** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)
- ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

• void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 2
- static const int **DECEASED** = 3

## **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.50.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.50.1.1 ModelSIRDCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

## Parameters

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery
death_rate	Probability of death

## 16.50.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.50.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

**Parameters** 

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.50.2.2 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sirdconnected.hpp

# 16.51 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq > Class Template Reference

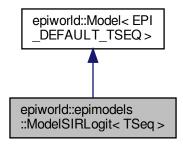
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >:$ 



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRLogit (ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, double \*data, size\_t ncols, std::vector < double > coefs\_infect, std::vector < double > coefs\_recover, std::vector < size\_t > coef\_← infect\_cols, std::vector < size\_t > coef\_recover\_cols, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double prevalence)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- ModelSIRLogit (const std::string &vname, double \*data, size\_t ncols, std::vector< double > coefs\_infect, std::vector< double > coefs\_recover, std::vector< size\_t > coef\_infect\_cols, std::vector< size\_t > coef← \_recover\_cols, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double prevalence)
- ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

## **Public Attributes**

- std::vector< double > coefs infect
- $std::vector < double > coefs\_recover$
- std::vector< size t > coef\_infect\_cols
- std::vector< size\_t > coef\_recover\_cols

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.51.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \mbox{typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ>} \\ \mbox{class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq>} \\$ 

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

In this model, infection and recoveru probabilities are computed using a logit model. Particularly, the probability of infection is computed as:

$$\frac{1}{1 + \exp\left(-\left(\beta_0 E_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i x_i\right)\right)}$$

where  $\beta_0$  is the exposure coefficient and  $E_i$  is the exposure number,  $\beta_i$  are the coefficients for the features  $x_i$  of the agents, and n is the number of features. The probability of recovery is computed as:

$$\frac{1}{1 + \exp\left(-\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \beta_i x_i\right)\right)}$$

where  $\beta_i$  are the coefficients for the features  $x_i$  of the agents, and n is the number of features.

#### **Parameters**

	TSeq	Type of the sequence (e.g. std::vector, std::deque)	
--	------	-----------------------------------------------------	--

## 16.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.51.2.1 ModelSIRLogit()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	Name of the virus.
coefs_infect	Double ptr. Infection coefficients.
coefs_recover	Double ptr. Recovery coefficients.
ncoef_infect	Unsigned int. Number of infection coefficients.
ncoef_recover	Unsigned int. Number of recovery coefficients.
coef_infect_cols	Vector <unsigned int="">. Ids of infection vars.</unsigned>
coef_recover_cols	Vector <unsigned int="">. Ids of recover vars.</unsigned>

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

## 16.51.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.51.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.51.3.2 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

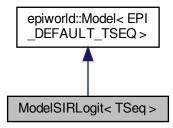
· epiworld.hpp

## 16.52 ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#include <sirlogit.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRLogit< TSeg >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >:



### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRLogit (ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, double \*data, size\_t ncols, std::vector < double > coefs\_infect, std::vector < double > coefs\_recover, std::vector < size\_t > coef\_ ← infect\_cols, std::vector < size\_t > coef\_recover\_cols, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double prevalence)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- ModelSIRLogit (const std::string &vname, double \*data, size\_t ncols, std::vector< double > coefs\_infect, std::vector< double > coefs\_recover, std::vector< size\_t > coef\_infect\_cols, std::vector< size\_t > coef← \_recover\_cols, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double prevalence)
- ModelSIRLogit < TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

## **Public Attributes**

- $std::vector < double > coefs_infect$
- std::vector< double > coefs\_recover
- std::vector< size t > coef\_infect\_cols
- std::vector< size\_t > coef\_recover\_cols

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.52.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

In this model, infection and recoveru probabilities are computed using a logit model. Particularly, the probability of infection is computed as:

$$\frac{1}{1 + \exp\left(-\left(\beta_0 E_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i x_i\right)\right)}$$

where  $\beta_0$  is the exposure coefficient and  $E_i$  is the exposure number,  $\beta_i$  are the coefficients for the features  $x_i$  of the agents, and n is the number of features. The probability of recovery is computed as:

$$\frac{1}{1 + \exp\left(-\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \beta_i x_i\right)\right)}$$

where  $\beta_i$  are the coefficients for the features  $x_i$  of the agents, and n is the number of features.

#### **Parameters**

```
TSeq Type of the sequence (e.g. std::vector, std::deque)
```

#### 16.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.52.2.1 ModelSIRLogit()

```
std::vector< double > coefs_infect,
std::vector< double > coefs_recover,
std::vector< size_t > coef_infect_cols,
std::vector< size_t > coef_recover_cols,
epiworld_double transmission_rate,
epiworld_double recovery_rate,
epiworld_double prevalence ) [inline]
```

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	Name of the virus.
coefs_infect	Double ptr. Infection coefficients.
coefs_recover	Double ptr. Recovery coefficients.
ncoef_infect	Unsigned int. Number of infection coefficients.
ncoef_recover	Unsigned int. Number of recovery coefficients.
coef_infect_cols	Vector <unsigned int="">. Ids of infection vars.</unsigned>
coef_recover_cols	Vector <unsigned int="">. Ids of recover vars.</unsigned>
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

## 16.52.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.52.3.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

### **Parameters**

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.52.3.2 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

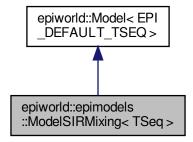
Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sirlogit.hpp

# 16.53 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >:



 $\label{localized} \mbox{Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::} \mbox{ModelSIRMixing} < \mbox{TSeq} > :$ 



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRMixing (ModelSIRMixing < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld
 — double recovery\_rate, std::vector < double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

ModelSIRMixing (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_
 double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector < double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

ModelSIRMixing < TSeq > & run (epiworld fast uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSIRMixing< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

- · size t get n infected (size t group) const
- void set\_contact\_matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

#### Static Public Attributes

- static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 2

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 16.53.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.53.1.1 ModelSIRMixing() [1/2]

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

## **Parameters**

model	A reference to an existing ModelSIRMixing object.
vname	The name of the ModelSIRMixing object.
n	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
recovery_rate	Probability of recovery

## 16.53.1.2 ModelSIRMixing() [2/2]

## Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

#### **Parameters**

vname	The name of the ModelSIRMixing object.
n	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.

## 16.53.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.53.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

```
сору
```

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

## 16.53.2.2 initial\_states()

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions⊷	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

#### 16.53.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

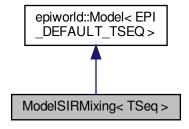
· epiworld.hpp

## 16.54 ModelSIRMixing < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRMixing (ModelSIRMixing < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld← \_double recovery\_rate, std::vector < double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

ModelSIRMixing (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_
 double contact\_rate, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, std::vector < double > contact\_matrix)

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

ModelSIRMixing< TSeq > & run (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, int seed=-1)

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

· void reset ()

Reset the model.

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

ModelSIRMixing< TSeq > & initial\_states (std::vector< double > proportions\_, std::vector< int > queue ← \_={})

Set the initial states of the model.

- size\_t get\_n\_infected (size\_t group) const
- void set\_contact\_matrix (std::vector< double > cmat)

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1
- static const int **RECOVERED** = 2

## **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.54.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.54.1.1 ModelSIRMixing() [1/2]

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname         The name of the ModelSIRMixing object.           n         The number of entities in the model.           prevalence         The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.           transmission_rate         The contact rate between entities in the model.           transmission_rate         The transmission rate of the disease in the model.           recovery_rate         The recovery rate of the disease in the model.           contact_matrix         The contact matrix between entities in the model.           model         A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIF           vname         std::string Name of the virus           prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission</tseq>		
n         The number of entities in the model.           prevalence         The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.           contact_rate         The contact rate between entities in the model.           transmission_rate         The transmission rate of the disease in the model.           recovery_rate         The recovery rate of the disease in the model.           contact_matrix         The contact matrix between entities in the model.           model         A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIF           vname         std::string Name of the virus           prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission</tseq>	model	A reference to an existing ModelSIRMixing object.
prevalence The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.  transmission_rate The transmission rate of the disease in the model.  transmission_rate The transmission rate of the disease in the model.  recovery_rate The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model  A Model < TSeq > object where to set up the SIF  vname std::string Name of the virus  prevalence Initial prevalence (proportion)  contact_rate Average number of contacts (interactions) per st  transmission_rate Probability of transmission	vname	The name of the ModelSIRMixing object.
contact_rate       The contact rate between entities in the model.         transmission_rate       The transmission rate of the disease in the model.         recovery_rate       The recovery rate of the disease in the model.         contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model.         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIF         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate</tseq>	п	The number of entities in the model.
transmission_rate The transmission rate of the disease in the model recovery_rate The recovery rate of the disease in the model.  contact_matrix The contact matrix between entities in the model Model TSeq> object where to set up the SIF vname std::string Name of the virus prevalence Initial prevalence (proportion)  contact_rate Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate Probability of transmission	prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate       The recovery rate of the disease in the model.         contact_matrix       The contact matrix between entities in the model         model       A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIF         vname       std::string Name of the virus         prevalence       Initial prevalence (proportion)         contact_rate       Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate         transmission_rate       Probability of transmission</tseq>	contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
contact_matrix         The contact matrix between entities in the mode           model         A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIF           vname         std::string Name of the virus           prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission</tseq>	transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
model         A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIF           vname         std::string Name of the virus           prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission</tseq>	recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
vname         std::string Name of the virus           prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per s           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission	contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.
prevalence         Initial prevalence (proportion)           contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per stransmission_rate           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission	model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
contact_rate         Average number of contacts (interactions) per s           transmission_rate         Probability of transmission	vname	std::string Name of the virus
transmission_rate Probability of transmission	prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
	contact_rate	Average number of contacts (interactions) per step.
recovery rate Probability of recovery	transmission_rate	Probability of transmission
Generated by Dovygen	recovery rate Generated by Doxygen	Probability of recovery

## 16.54.1.2 ModelSIRMixing() [2/2]

Constructs a ModelSIRMixing object.

#### **Parameters**

vname	The name of the ModelSIRMixing object.
n	The number of entities in the model.
prevalence	The initial prevalence of the disease in the model.
contact_rate	The contact rate between entities in the model.
transmission_rate	The transmission rate of the disease in the model.
recovery_rate	The recovery rate of the disease in the model.
contact_matrix	The contact matrix between entities in the model.

## 16.54.2 Member Function Documentation

## 16.54.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**



 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

## 16.54.2.2 initial\_states()

```
template<typename TSeq >
ModelSIRMixing< TSeq > & ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >::initial_states (
```

```
std::vector< double > proportions_,
std::vector< int > queue_ = {} ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Set the initial states of the model.

#### **Parameters**

proportions↔	Double vector with a single element:
_	The proportion of non-infected individuals who have recovered.

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

### 16.54.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sirmixing.hpp

# 16.55 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq > Class Template Reference

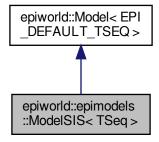
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSIS (ModelSIS < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   double transmission rate, epiworld double recovery rate)
- **ModelSIS** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.55.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ > \\ class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

## **Parameters**

vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# **16.56** ModelSIS< TSeq > Class Template Reference

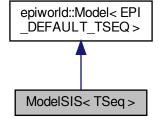
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

#include <sis.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIS < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIS < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSIS (ModelSIS < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld
   \_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)
- **ModelSIS** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate)

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int **SUSCEPTIBLE** = 0
- static const int INFECTED = 1

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.56.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class ModelSIS< TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sis.hpp

# 16.57 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSISD** (ModelSISD< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld double transmission rate, epiworld double recovery rate, epiworld double death rate)
- **ModelSISD** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.57.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system
inital_death	epiworld_double Initial death_rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.58 ModelSISD< TSeq > Class Template Reference

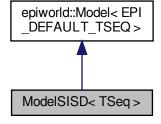
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model.

#include <sisd.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelSISD< TSeq >:



 $\label{eq:collaboration} \mbox{Collaboration diagram for ModelSISD} < \mbox{TSeq} >:$ 



## **Public Member Functions**

• **ModelSISD** (ModelSISD< TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

• **ModelSISD** (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double transmission\_rate, epiworld\_double recovery\_rate, epiworld\_double death\_rate)

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 16.58.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ> class ModelSISD< TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible-Deceased (SISD) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery_rate rate of the immune system
inital_death	epiworld_double Initial death_rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/sisd.hpp

# 16.59 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

• void reset ()

Reset the model.

## Construct a new ModelSURV object

The ModelSURV class simulates a survaillence model where agents can be isolated, even if asyptomatic.

#### **Parameters**

vname	String. Name of the virus
prevalence	Integer. Number of initial cases of the virus.
efficacy_vax	Double. Efficacy of the vaccine (1 - P(acquire the disease)).
latent_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (latent_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of latent days.
infect_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (infected_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of infectious days.
prob_symptoms	Double. Probability of generating symptoms.
prop_vaccinated	Double. Probability of vaccination. Coincides with the initial prevalence of vaccinated individuals.
prop_vax_redux_transm	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces transmissibility.
prop_vax_redux_infect	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces the chances of becoming infected.
surveillance_prob	Double. Probability of testing an agent.
prob_transmission	Double. Raw transmission probability.
prob_death	Double. Raw probability of death for symptomatic individuals.
prob_noreinfect	Double. Probability of no re-infection.

This model features the following states:

- Susceptible
- Latent
- Symptomatic
- Symptomatic isolated

- · Asymptomatic
- · Asymptomatic isolated
- Recovered
- Removed

#### Returns

An object of class epiworld\_surv

- ModelSURV ()
- ModelSURV (ModelSURV < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect⇔ \_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld⇔ \_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)
- ModelSURV (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_
   vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob
   \_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5,
   epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double
   prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)

#### **Public Attributes**

std::vector< epiworld\_double > days\_latent\_and\_infectious
 Vector of days spent in latent and infectious states A row-major matrix.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

### 16.59.1 Member Function Documentation

### 16.59.1.1 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSURV< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

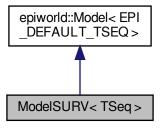
 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

epiworld.hpp

## 16.60 ModelSURV < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSURV < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSURV < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

• void reset ()

Reset the model.

## Construct a new ModelSURV object

The ModelSURV class simulates a survaillence model where agents can be isolated, even if asyptomatic.

#### **Parameters**

vname	String. Name of the virus
prevalence	Integer. Number of initial cases of the virus.
efficacy_vax	Double. Efficacy of the vaccine (1 - P(acquire the disease)).
latent_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (latent_period, 1) distribution.  This coincides with the expected number of latent days.

#### **Parameters**

infect_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (infected_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of infectious days.
prob_symptoms	Double. Probability of generating symptoms.
prop_vaccinated	Double. Probability of vaccination. Coincides with the initial prevalence of vaccinated individuals.
prop_vax_redux_transm	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces transmissibility.
prop_vax_redux_infect	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces the chances of becoming infected.
surveillance_prob	Double. Probability of testing an agent.
prob_transmission	Double. Raw transmission probability.
prob_death	Double. Raw probability of death for symptomatic individuals.
prob_noreinfect	Double. Probability of no re-infection.

This model features the following states:

- Susceptible
- · Latent
- Symptomatic
- · Symptomatic isolated
- · Asymptomatic
- · Asymptomatic isolated
- Recovered
- · Removed

### Returns

An object of class epiworld\_surv

- ModelSURV ()
- ModelSURV (ModelSURV < TSeq > &model, const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect ← \_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld ← \_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)
- ModelSURV (const std::string &vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_ 
  vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob 
  \_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, 
  epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double 
  prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)

### **Public Attributes**

std::vector< epiworld\_double > days\_latent\_and\_infectious
 Vector of days spent in latent and infectious states A row-major matrix.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 16.60.1 Member Function Documentation

#### 16.60.1.1 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void ModelSURV< TSeq >::reset [inline], [virtual]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/surveillance.hpp

# 16.61 Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype > Class Template Reference

## **Public Member Functions**

- NType ()
- Edgetype operator() (int i, int j)
- bool is\_directed () const
- size\_t vcount () const
- size t ecount () const
- · void add edge (int i, int j)
- void **rm\_edge** (int i, int j)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/network-bones.hpp

## 16.62 epiworld::PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.63 PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/config.hpp

## 16.64 epiworld::Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- **Progress** (int n\_, int width\_)
- void start ()
- · void next ()
- void end ()

## 16.64.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.65 Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include cpress.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Progress (int n\_, int width\_)
- void start ()
- · void next ()
- void **end** ()

## 16.65.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/progress.hpp

## 16.66 epiworld::Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld\_fast\_int & operator[] (epiworld\_fast\_uint i)
- · void reset ()
- bool operator== (const Queue < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Queue < TSeq > &other) const

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int NoOne = 0
- static const int OnlySelf = 1
- static const int **Everyone** = 2

#### **Friends**

class Model < TSeq >

### 16.66.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Queue< TSeq>

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.67 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

#include <queue-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld fast int & operator[] (epiworld fast uint i)
- void reset ()
- bool operator== (const Queue < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Queue < TSeq > &other) const

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int NoOne = 0
- static const int OnlySelf = 1
- static const int **Everyone** = 2

### **Friends**

class Model < TSeq >

## 16.67.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq > class Queue < TSeq >
```

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp

## 16.68 RandGraph Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- RandGraph (int N )
- · void init (int s)
- void set\_rand\_engine (std::shared\_ptr< std::mt19937 > &e)
- epiworld\_double runif ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/random\_graph.hpp

## 16.69 epiworld::SAMPLETYPE Class Reference

### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int MODEL = 0
- static const int ENTITY = 1
- static const int AGENT = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.70 SAMPLETYPE Class Reference

## **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int MODEL = 0
- static const int ENTITY = 1
- static const int AGENT = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp

## 16.71 epiworld::Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- Tool (std::string name, epiworld double prevalence, bool as proportion)
- void set\_sequence (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence (std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > d)
- EPI\_TYPENAME\_TRAITS (TSeq, int) get\_sequence()
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- Agent < TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- int get\_id () const
- void set\_id (int id)
- void set\_date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get state (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- bool operator== (const Tool < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Tool < TSeq > &other) const
- · void print () const
- void distribute (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_distribution (ToolToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)

## Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld double get susceptibility reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get transmission reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set\_susceptibility\_reduction** (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set death reduction (epiworld double \*prob)
- void set susceptibility reduction (epiworld double prob)
- void set transmission reduction (epiworld double prob)
- void set recovery enhancer (epiworld double prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)

## **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

### 16.71.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Tool< TSeq >

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq Type of sequence

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## **16.72** Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

#include <tool-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- Tool (std::string name, epiworld\_double prevalence, bool as\_proportion)
- void set\_sequence (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence (std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > d)
- EPI TYPENAME TRAITS (TSeq, int) get sequence()
- · void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- Agent < TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- int get\_id () const
- · void set id (int id)
- void set date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get state (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- bool **operator==** (const Tool < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Tool < TSeq > &other) const
- · void print () const
- void distribute (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_distribution (ToolToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_sequence (int d)
- bool operator== (const Tool < std::vector < int >> &other) const
- void set\_sequence (int d)
- bool operator== (const Tool< std::vector< int >> &other) const

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### Parameters

٧	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

#### epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (VirusPtr < TSeq > v, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get transmission reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void  $set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun$  (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set death reduction (epiworld double \*prob)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

## 16.72.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq > class Tool < TSeq >
```

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

```
TSeq Type of sequence
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/tool-meat.hpp

## 16.73 epiworld::ToolFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Helper class to store the functions avoiding multiple shared\_pointers (we have only one for the four of these)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Attributes**

- ToolFun< TSeq > susceptibility\_reduction = nullptr
- ToolFun< TSeq> transmission\_reduction = nullptr
- ToolFun< TSeq> recovery\_enhancer = nullptr
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{ToolFun} < \mathsf{TSeq} > \mathbf{death\_reduction} = \mathsf{nullptr}$
- ToolToAgentFun< TSeq > dist = nullptr

## 16.73.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \mbox{template} < \mbox{typename TSeq} > \\ \mbox{class epiworld::ToolFunctions} < \mbox{TSeq} > \\
```

Helper class to store the functions avoiding multiple shared\_pointers (we have only one for the four of these)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.74 ToolFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Helper class to store the functions avoiding multiple shared\_pointers (we have only one for the four of these)

```
#include <tool-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

- ToolFun< TSeq > susceptibility\_reduction = nullptr
- ToolFun < TSeq > transmission\_reduction = nullptr
- ToolFun< TSeq > recovery\_enhancer = nullptr
- ToolFun< TSeq > death\_reduction = nullptr
- ToolToAgentFun< TSeq > dist = nullptr

## 16.74.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class ToolFunctions< TSeq >
```

Helper class to store the functions avoiding multiple shared\_pointers (we have only one for the four of these)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp

## 16.75 epiworld::Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.75.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld:: Tools < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}
```

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	
,	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.76 Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <tools-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- ToolPtr < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

## Friends

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.76.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Tools< TSeq>

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp

## 16.77 epiworld::Tools\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > :::const\_iterator **end** () const
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const ToolPtr < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.77.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>
class epiworld::Tools\_const< TSeq >

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.78 Tools\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <tools-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator end () const
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- · size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.78.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Tools\_const< TSeq>

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp

## 16.79 epiworld::UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- UserData (Model < TSeq > &m)
- UserData (Model < TSeq > \*m)
- UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()

- void get\_all (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld\_double > \*data=nullptr)
- epiworld\_fast\_uint nrow () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint ncol () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- · void print () const

### Append data

#### **Parameters**

Х	x A vector of length ncol () (if vector), otherwise a epa	iworld_double.
j	j Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol() - 1.	

- void add (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)

#### Access data

#### **Parameters**

i	Row (0 through ndays - 1.)	
j	Column (0 through ncols()).	

#### Returns

epiworld double&

- epiworld double & operator() (epiworld fast uint i, epiworld fast uint j)
- epiworld\_double & **operator()** (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, std::string name)

## **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class  ${\bf DataBase}{<}{\,{\sf TSeq}}{\,>}$

## 16.79.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::UserData< TSeq >

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

### 16.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 16.79.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

#### **Parameters**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.80 UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

```
#include <userdata-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- UserData (Model < TSeq > &m)
- UserData (Model < TSeq > \*m)
- UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()
- void **get\_all** (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector<</li>
   epiworld\_double > \*data=nullptr)
- · epiworld\_fast\_uint nrow () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint **ncol** () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- · void print () const

#### Append data

#### **Parameters**

Х	A vector of length ncol() (if vector), otherwise a epiworld_double.
j	Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol () - 1.

- void add (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void **add** (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)

#### Access data

#### **Parameters**

i	Row (0 through ndays - 1.)
j	Column (0 through ncols()).

## Returns

epiworld\_double&

- epiworld\_double & operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, epiworld\_fast\_uint j)
- epiworld\_double & **operator()** (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, std::string name)

## **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >

## 16.80.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class UserData< TSeq>
```

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 

```
TSeq
```

### 16.80.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 16.80.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

## **Parameters**

names A vector of names. The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/userdata-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-meat.hpp

## 16.81 epiworld::vecHasher< T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• std::size\_t operator() (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

## 16.81.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{split} & \text{template} \! < \! \text{typename T} \! > \\ & \text{struct epiworld::vecHasher} \! < \text{T} > \end{split}
```

Vector hasher.

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## **16.82** vecHasher< T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <misc.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

std::size\_t operator() (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

## 16.82.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{split} \text{template} &< \text{typename T}> \\ \text{struct vecHasher} &< \text{T}> \end{split}
```

Vector hasher.

#### **Template Parameters**



The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/misc.hpp

## 16.83 epiworld::Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

#### Virus.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- Virus (std::string name, epiworld\_double prevalence, bool as\_proportion)
- void mutate (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_mutation (MutFun < TSeq > fun)
- EPI\_TYPENAME\_TRAITS (TSeq, int) get\_sequence()
- void set\_sequence (TSeq sequence)
- Agent < TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- void set\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void set\_date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set\_id (int idx)
- int get\_id () const
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- bool **operator==** (const Virus< TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Virus < TSeq > &other) const
- · void print () const

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_infecting (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_death (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_incubation (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void post\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)

- void set\_post\_recovery (PostRecoveryFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set post immunity (epiworld double prob)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set prob recovery fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set prob death fun (VirusFun< TSeg > fun)
- void set\_incubation\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set prob recovery (const epiworld double \*prob)
- void set prob death (const epiworld double \*prob)
- void set\_incubation (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void **set\_prob\_infecting** (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set incubation (epiworld double prob)

#### Get and set the state and queue

After applied, viruses can change the state and affect the queue of agents. These function sets the default values, which are retrieved when adding or removing a virus does not specify a change in state or in queue.

#### Parameters

init	After the virus/tool is added to the agent.
end	After the virus/tool is removed.
removed	After the agent (Agent) is removed.

- void set state (epiworld fast int init, epiworld fast int end, epiworld fast int removed=-99)
- void **set\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed=-99)
- void get\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)
- void **get\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)
- void distribute (Model < TSeq > \*model)

Get information about the prevalence of the virus.

void set\_distribution (VirusToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class  $\mathbf{Model} < \mathbf{TSeq} >$
- class DataBase < TSeq >
- void  $\mbox{default\_add\_virus} \; \mbox{(Event} < \mbox{TSeq} > \mbox{\&a, Model} < \mbox{TSeq} > \mbox{*m)}$
- void default\_rm\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 16.83.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Virus< TSeq>

Virus.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	
,	

Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the agent.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.84 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

## Virus.

#include <virus-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- Virus (std::string name, epiworld\_double prevalence, bool as\_proportion)
- void mutate (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void  $\mathbf{set\_mutation}$  (MutFun< TSeq > fun)
- EPI\_TYPENAME\_TRAITS (TSeq, int) get\_sequence()
- void **set\_sequence** (TSeq sequence)
- Agent< TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- void set\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void set\_date (int d)
- · int get date () const
- void set\_id (int idx)
- int get\_id () const
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- bool operator== (const Virus < TSeq > &other) const
- bool operator!= (const Virus < TSeq > &other) const
- void print () const
- void **set\_sequence** (int sequence)
- bool operator== (const Virus< std::vector< int >> &other) const
- void set\_sequence (int sequence)
- bool operator== (const Virus< std::vector< int >> &other) const

## Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

#### epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_infecting (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_death (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_incubation (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void post\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set post recovery (PostRecoveryFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set post immunity (epiworld double prob)
- void set post immunity (epiworld double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_recovery\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set prob death fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_incubation\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void **set\_prob\_recovery** (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_incubation (const epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_incubation (epiworld\_double prob)

#### Get and set the state and queue

After applied, viruses can change the state and affect the queue of agents. These function sets the default values, which are retrieved when adding or removing a virus does not specify a change in state or in queue.

#### **Parameters**

init	After the virus/tool is added to the agent.
end	After the virus/tool is removed.
removed	After the agent (Agent) is removed.

- void set\_state (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed=-99)
- void set queue (epiworld fast int init, epiworld fast int end, epiworld fast int removed=-99)
- $\bullet \ \ void\ \textbf{get\_state}\ (epiworld\_fast\_int\ *init,\ epiworld\_fast\_int\ *end,\ epiworld\_fast\_int\ *removed=nullptr)$
- void **get\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)
- void distribute (Model < TSeq > \*model)

Get information about the prevalence of the virus.

void set distribution (VirusToAgentFun< TSeq > fun)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Event< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

## 16.84.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Virus< TSeq>

#### Virus.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the agent.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

## 16.85 epiworld::Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

## **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

### 16.85.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Viruses< TSeq>

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

### **Template Parameters**

TSea	
1009	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.86 Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

#include <viruses-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector < VirusPtr < TSeq > >::iterator**begin**()
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

## **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.86.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>class Viruses< TSeq>

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp

## 16.87 epiworld::Viruses\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator end () const
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.87.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>
class epiworld::Viruses\_const< TSeq>

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 16.88 Viruses\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <viruses-bones.hpp>

## **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator end () const
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const VirusPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- · size\_t size () const noexcept
- · void print () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 16.88.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class Viruses\_const< TSeq >

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp

## 16.89 epiworld::VirusFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference

## **Public Attributes**

- MutFun< TSeq > mutation = nullptr
- PostRecoveryFun< TSeq > post\_recovery = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > probability\_of\_infecting = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > probability\_of\_recovery = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > probability\_of\_death = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > incubation = nullptr
- VirusToAgentFun< TSeq > dist = nullptr

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

epiworld.hpp

## 16.90 VirusFunctions < TSeq > Class Template Reference

## **Public Attributes**

- MutFun< TSeq > mutation = nullptr
- PostRecoveryFun< TSeq > post\_recovery = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > probability\_of\_infecting = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > probability\_of\_recovery = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > probability\_of\_death = nullptr
- VirusFun< TSeq > incubation = nullptr
- VirusToAgentFun< TSeq > dist = nullptr

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp

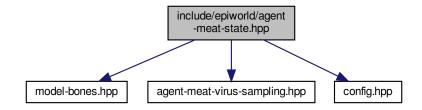
# **Chapter 17**

# **File Documentation**

## 17.1 include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp File Reference

Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file.

```
#include "model-bones.hpp"
#include "agent-meat-virus-sampling.hpp"
#include "config.hpp"
Include dependency graph for agent-meat-state.hpp:
```



268 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

- template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
   void default\_update\_susceptible (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> void **default\_update\_exposed** (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)

## 17.1.1 Detailed Description

Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file.

Author

George G. Vega Yon (g.vegayon en gmail)

Version

0.1

Date

2022-06-15

Copyright

Copyright (c) 2022

## 17.2 include/epiworld/models/measlesmixing.hpp File Reference

Template for a Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

class ModelMeaslesMixing
 TSeq >

Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#### **Macros**

- #define MM(i, j, n) j \* n + i
- #define **GET\_MODEL**(model, output)
- #define SAMPLE\_FROM\_PROBS(n, ans)

## 17.2.1 Detailed Description

Template for a Measles model with population mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

## 17.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

270 File Documentation

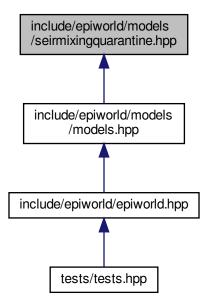
### 17.2.2.1 GET\_MODEL

## 17.2.2.2 SAMPLE\_FROM\_PROBS

## 17.3 include/epiworld/models/seirmixingquarantine.hpp File Reference

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Classes**

class ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >

SEIR model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

### **Macros**

- #define MM(i, j, n) j \* n + i
- #define **GET\_MODEL**(model, output)
- #define SAMPLE\_FROM\_PROBS(n, ans)

## 17.3.1 Detailed Description

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model with mixing, quarantine, and contact tracing.

#### 17.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 17.3.2.1 GET\_MODEL

### 17.3.2.2 SAMPLE\_FROM\_PROBS

272 File Documentation

## Index

```
DataBase< TSeq >, 59
add globalevent
    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 93
  get generation time, 62
    Model < TSeq >, 109
  get reproductive number, 62
AdjList, 45
  get transition probability, 62
    AdjList, 45
  get_transmissions, 63
    epiworld::AdjList, 47
  operator==, 63, 64
    read edgelist, 46
  record virus, 64
Agent < TSeq >, 48
  default_rm_entity
    default_rm_entity, 52
  Agent < TSeq >, 52
    operator(), 50
  Entity< TSeq >, 74
    swap neighbors, 52
  epiworld::Agent < TSeq >, 56
AgentsSample
  epiworld::Entity< TSeq >, 75
    AgentsSample < TSeq >, 57
  draw
    epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq >, 59
  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 94
AgentsSample < TSeq >, 56
  Model < TSeq >, 109
    AgentsSample, 57
  Entities < TSeq >, 69
clone ptr
  Entities const< TSeq >, 71
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq
  Entity
         >, 126
  Entity< TSeq >, 73
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq
  epiworld::Entity< TSeq >, 75
  Entity< TSeq >, 73
         >, 140
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >,
  default rm entity, 74
  Entity, 73
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq
  epiworld::AdjList, 46
         >. 166
  AdjList, 47
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >,
  read_edgelist, 47
  epiworld::Agent < TSeq >, 53
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<
  default rm entity, 56
         TSeq >, 183
  operator(), 55
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >,
  swap_neighbors, 55
         199
  epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq >, 58
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >,
  AgentsSample, 59
  epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >, 65
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq
  get generation time, 67
  get reproductive number, 67
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >,
  get transition probability, 68
         224
  get_transmissions, 68
    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 93
  operator==, 69
    Model < TSeq >, 109
  record_virus, 69
    ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >, 134
  epiworld::Entities < TSeq >, 70
    ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >, 145
  epiworld::Entities_const< TSeq >, 72
    ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >, 156
  epiworld::Entity< TSeq >, 74
    ModelSEIRDCONN < TSeq >, 169
  default rm entity, 75
    ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >, 176
  Entity, 75
    ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 191
  epiworld::epimodels::ModelDiffNet< TSeq >, 117
    ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >, 203
  epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeg >,
    ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, 214
   120
    ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >, 221
  clone ptr, 126
    ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, 228
  get_agent_quarantine_triggered, 126
```

get_contact_matrix, 126 get_isolation_willingness, 127	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >, 210 clone ptr, 212
get_quarantine_willingness, 127	ModelSIRDCONN, 211
initial_states, 127	reset, 212
ModelMeaslesMixing, 123, 125	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >, 215
run, 128	clone_ptr, 218
set_contact_matrix, 128	ModelSIRLogit, 217
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >,	reset, 218
137	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >, 222
clone_ptr, 140	clone_ptr, 224
ModelMeaslesSchool, 139	initial_states, 225
quarantine_agents, 141	ModelSIRMixing, 223, 224
reset, 141	reset, 225
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 146	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >, 229
initial_states, 148	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSISD< TSeq >, 233
update_exposed_seir, 148	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >, 236
update_infected_seir, 148	reset, 238
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >, 152	epiworld::Event< TSeq >, 76
clone ptr, 153	Event, 77
initial states, 154	epiworld::GlobalEvent< TSeq >, 79
ModelSEIRCONN, 153	GlobalEvent, 80
reset, 154	epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >, 82
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >, 158	epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 85
ModelSEIRD, 159, 160	add_globalevent, 93
update_exposed_seir, 160	clone_ptr, 93
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >,	draw, 94
164	events_add, 94
clone_ptr, 166	events_run, 95
initial_states, 166	initial_states_fun, 98
ModelSEIRDCONN, 165	load_agents_entities_ties, 95
reset, 166	rbinomd, 98
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >, 170	reset, 95
clone_ptr, 173	rexpd, 98
initial_states, 173	rgammad, 98
ModelSEIRMixing, 171, 172	rgeomd, 98
reset, 173	rlognormald, 99
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<	rnbinomd, 99
TSeq >, 178	rnormd, 99
clone ptr, 183	rpoissd, 99
get_agent_quarantine_triggered, 183	run_multiple, 96
get_contact_matrix, 183	runifd, 99
get_isolation_willingness, 184	set_agents_data, 96
get_quarantine_willingness, 184	set name, 97
initial_states, 184	time_elapsed, 100
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine, 180, 182	write_data, 97
run, 185	epiworld::ModelDiagram, 117
set_contact_matrix, 185	epiworld::PersonTools< TSeq >, 241
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >, 194	epiworld::Progress, 242
initial_states, 195	epiworld::Queue< TSeq >, 243
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 198	epiworld::sampler, 37
clone_ptr, 199	make_sample_virus_neighbors, 37
get_n_infected, 200	make_update_susceptible, 38
initial_states, 200	sample_virus_single, 38
ModelSIRCONN, 199	epiworld::SAMPLETYPE, 245
reset, 200	epiworld::Tool< TSeq >, 245
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq >, 204	epiworld::ToolFunctions< TSeq >, 248
initial_states, 207	epiworld::Tools < TSeq >, 249
ModelSIRD, 205	epiworld::Tools_const< TSeq >, 251
<b>,</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

epiworld::UserData< TSeq >, 252	epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >, 67
UserData, 254	get_transition_probability
epiworld::vecHasher< T >, 256	DataBase< TSeq >, 62
epiworld::Virus< TSeq >, 257	epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >, 68
epiworld::Viruses< TSeq >, 261	get_transmissions
epiworld::Viruses_const< TSeq >, 263	DataBase< TSeq >, 63
epiworld::VirusFunctions< TSeq >, 264	epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >, 68
Event	GlobalEvent
epiworld::Event< TSeq >, 77	epiworld::GlobalEvent< TSeq >, 80
·	·
Event < TSeq >, 79	GlobalEvent < TSeq >, 81
Event < TSeq >, 77	GlobalEvent < TSeq >, 81
Event, 79	GlobalEvent, 81
events_add	include/epiworld/agent-meat-state.hpp, 267
epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 94	include/epiworld/models/measlesmixing.hpp, 269
Model < TSeq >, 110	
events_run	include/epiworld/models/seirmixingquarantine.hpp, 270
epiworld::Model< TSeq >, 95	initial_states
Model < TSeq >, 110	epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq
and another tribunant	>, 127
get_agent_quarantine_triggered	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 148
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq	${\it epiworld::epimodels::} ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq>,$
>, 126	154
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq
TSeq >, 183	>, 166
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >, 135	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >,
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 191	173
get_contact_matrix	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq	TSeq >, 184
>, 126	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >, 195
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >,
TSeq >, 183	200
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >, 135	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRD< TSeq >, 207
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 191	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >,
get_generation_time	225
DataBase< TSeq >, 62	ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >, 136
epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >, 67	ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 150
get_isolation_willingness	ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >, 157
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq	ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >, 169
>, 127	ModelSEIRMixing < TSeq >, 177
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<	ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >, 192
TSeq >, 184	ModelSIR< TSeq >, 197
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >, 135	·
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >, 192	ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 203
GET MODEL	ModelSIRD < TSeq >, 209
<del>-</del>	ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, 228
measlesmixing.hpp, 269	initial_states_fun
seirmixingquarantine.hpp, 271	epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98
get_n_infected	Model < TSeq >, 114
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >,	LENONO (TD-t- ) 00
200	LFMCMC < TData >, 83
ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 203	load_agents_entities_ties
get_quarantine_willingness	epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 95
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq	Model < TSeq >, 112
>, 127	make appeals of the section of the s
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<	
TSeq >, 184	epiworld::sampler, 37
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >, 135	sampler, 40
ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 192	make_update_susceptible
get_reproductive_number	epiworld::sampler, 38
DataBase < TSeq >, 62	sampler, 41

measlesmixing.hpp	ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >, 156
GET_MODEL, 269	ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >, 155
SAMPLE_FROM_PROBS, 270	clone_ptr, 156
Model < TSeq >, 100	initial_states, 157
add_globalevent, 109	ModelSEIRCONN, 156
clone_ptr, 109	reset, 157
draw, 109	ModelSEIRD
events_add, 110	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >, 159,
events_run, 110	160
initial_states_fun, 114	ModelSEIRD< TSeq >, 162, 163
load_agents_entities_ties, 112	ModelSEIRD< TSeq >, 161
rbinomd, 114	ModelSEIRD, 162, 163
reset, 112	update_exposed_seir, 163
rexpd, 114	ModelSEIRDCONN
rgammad, 115	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq
rgeomd, 115	>, 165
rlognormald, 115	ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >, 168
rnbinomd, 115	ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >, 167
rnormd, 115	clone_ptr, 169
rpoissd, 116	initial_states, 169
run multiple, 112	ModelSEIRDCONN, 168
runifd, 116	reset, 170
set_agents_data, 113	ModelSEIRMixing
set_name, 113	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >,
time_elapsed, 116	171, 172
write_data, 114	ModelSEIRMixing< TSeq >, 175, 176
ModelDiagram, 117	ModelSEIRMixing TSeq >, 174
ModelDiffNet< TSeq >, 119	clone_ptr, 176
ModelMeaslesMixing	initial_states, 177
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq	ModelSEIRMixing, 175, 176
>, 123, 125	reset, 177
ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq >, 132, 133	ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine
ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >, 129	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<
clone_ptr, 134	TSeq >, 180, 182
get_agent_quarantine_triggered, 135	ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 188, 190
get_contact_matrix, 135	ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine< TSeq >, 186
get_isolation_willingness, 135	clone_ptr, 191
get_quarantine_willingness, 135	get_agent_quarantine_triggered, 191
initial_states, 136	get_contact_matrix, 191
ModelMeaslesMixing, 132, 133	get_isolation_willingness, 192
run, 136	get_quarantine_willingness, 192
set_contact_matrix, 137	initial_states, 192
ModelMeaslesSchool	ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine, 188, 190
epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq	run, 193
>, 139	set_contact_matrix, 193
ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >, 144	ModelSIR< TSeq >, 195
ModelMeaslesSchool < TSeq >, 142	initial_states, 197
clone_ptr, 145	ModelSIRCONN
ModelMeaslesSchool, 144	epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >,
quarantine_agents, 145	199
reset, 145	ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 202
ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 149	ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >, 201
initial_states, 150	clone_ptr, 203
update_exposed_seir, 151	get_n_infected, 203
update_infected_seir, 151	initial_states, 203
ModelSEIRCONN	ModelSIRCONN, 202
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >,	reset, 204
153	ModelSIRD
100	เพอนอเอแ เบ

ModelSIRD < TSeq >, 209 record_virus	
ModelSIRD< TSeq >, 207 DataBase< TSeq >, 64	
initial_states, 209 epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69	
ModelSIRD, 209 reset	
ModelSIRDCONN epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesSchool < 7	ΓSea
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSeq >, >, 141	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSe	n >
ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, 214	ч - ,
	ΓSeq
clone_ptr, 214 >, 166	Зец
	<b>~</b> \
•	q <i>&gt;</i> ,
reset, 215 173	
ModelSIRLogit epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSec	<b>)</b> >,
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >, 200	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRDCONN< TSe	q >,
ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >, 220 212	
ModelSIRLogit < TSeq >, 219 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRLogit < TSeq	>,
clone_ptr, 221 218	
ModelSIRLogit, 220 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSec	<b>)</b> >,
reset, 221 225	
ModelSIRMixing epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >, 2	238
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >, epiworld::Model< TSeq >, 95	
223, 224 Model < TSeq >, 112	
ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >, 227, 228 ModelMeaslesSchool< TSeq >, 145	
ModelSIRMixing < TSeq >, 226 ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >, 157	
clone_ptr, 228 ModelSEIRDCONN< TSeq >, 170	
ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >, 204	
reset, 229 ModelSIRDCONN < TSeq >, 215	
ModelSIS< TSeq >, 232 ModelSIRLogit< TSeq >, 221	
ModelSISD< TSeq >, 235 ModelSIRMixing< TSeq >, 229	
$ModelSURV < TSeq >, 239 \\ ModelSURV < TSeq >, 240$	
reset, 240 rexpd	
epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98	
Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >, 241 Model< TSeq >, 114	
rgammad	
operator() epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98	
Agent< TSeq >, 50 Model< TSeq >, 115	
epiworld::Agent< TSeq >, 55 rgeomd	
on overtex	
operator== epiworld::Model < TSeq > , 98	
operator== epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98 DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64 Model < TSeq >, 115	
operator==  DataBase< TSeq >, 63, 64  epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >, 69  Model< TSeq >, 98  Model< TSeq >, 115  rlognormald  epiworld::Model< TSeq > 99	
operator==  DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64 epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq > 242  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98 Model < TSeq >, 115 rlognormald epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99	
operator==     DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64     epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress 242  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98     Model < TSeq >, 115 rlognormald epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99     Model < TSeq >, 115	
$\begin{array}{lll} & & & & & & & \\ & \text{DataBase} < \text{TSeq} >, 63, 64 & & & & & \\ & \text{epiworld} :: \text{DataBase} < \text{TSeq} >, 69 & & & \\ & \text{epiworld} :: \text{DataBase} < \text{TSeq} >, 69 & & \\ & & \text{PersonTools} < \text{TSeq} >, 242 & & & \\ & \text{Progress}, 242 & & & \\ & \text{Progress}, 242 & & & \\ & & \text{Model} < \text{TSeq} >, 99 \\ & & \text{Model} < \text{TSeq} >, 115 \\ & & \text{rnbinomd} & \\ \end{array}$	
operator==     DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64     epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine agents  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98     Model < TSeq >, 115  rlognormald epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99     Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98    Model < TSeq >, 115  rlognormald    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98    Model < TSeq >, 115  rlognormald    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98    Model < TSeq >, 115    rlognormald    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 98    Model < TSeq >, 115  rlognormald    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnbinomd  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rnormd  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115  rpoissd  epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 116	
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242  Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rooissd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rooissd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rooissd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 116    run	「Seq
operator==    DataBase < TSeq >, 63, 64    epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >, 69  PersonTools < TSeq >, 242 Progress, 242  quarantine_agents    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnbinomd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rpoissd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 115    rnormd    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99    Model < TSeq >, 116    run	「Seq

```
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<
   epiworld::UserData < TSeq >, 254
         TSeq >, 185
   UserData < TSeq >, 255
    ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >, 136
  UserData < TSeq >, 254
    ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 193
   UserData, 255
run multiple
  vecHasher< T >, 256
    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 96
  Virus < TSeq >, 259
    \mathsf{Model} \! < \mathsf{TSeq} >, \textcolor{red}{\textbf{112}}
  Viruses < TSeq >, 262
runifd
  Viruses const< TSeq >, 263
     epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 99
  VirusFunctions < TSeq >, 265
    Model < TSeq >, 116
  write data
SAMPLE FROM PROBS
   epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 97
    measlesmixing.hpp, 270
   Model < TSeq >, 114
    seirmixingquarantine.hpp, 271
sample_virus_single
    epiworld::sampler, 38
    sampler, 41
sampler, 40
    make_sample_virus_neighbors, 40
     make update susceptible, 41
    sample virus single, 41
SAMPLETYPE, 245
seirmixingquarantine.hpp
    GET MODEL, 271
    SAMPLE_FROM_PROBS, 271
set_agents_data
     epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 96
     Model < TSeq >, 113
set_contact_matrix
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelMeaslesMixing< TSeq
         >, 128
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine<
         TSeq >, 185
    ModelMeaslesMixing < TSeq >, 137
     ModelSEIRMixingQuarantine < TSeq >, 193
set name
    epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 97
    Model < TSeq >, 113
swap_neighbors
    Agent < TSeq >, 52
    epiworld::Agent < TSeq >, 55
time elapsed
     epiworld::Model < TSeq >, 100
    Model < TSeq >, 116
Tool < TSeq >, 246
ToolFunctions < TSeq >, 249
Tools < TSeq >, 250
Tools_const< TSeq >, 251
update_exposed_seir
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >, 148
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRD< TSeq >, 160
    ModelSEIR < TSeq >, 151
    ModelSEIRD < TSeq >, 163
update infected seir
    epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeg >, 148
    ModelSEIR < TSeq >, 151
UserData
```