epiworld

0.0-1

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.1

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Example: 00-hello-world

Output from the program:

```
Running the model...
```

```
[epiworld-debug] DEBUGGING ON (compiled with EPI_DEBUG defined)

SIMULATION STUDY
Population size : 10000
Number of entitites : 0
Days (duration) : 100 (of 100)
Number of variants : 1
Last run elapsed t : 40.00ms
Rewiring : off
Virus(es):
    - covid 19 (baseline prevalence: 50 seeds)
Tool(s):
    - vaccine (baseline prevalence: 50.00%)
    - Immunity (covid 19) (originated in the model...)
Model parameters:
    (none)
Distribution of the population at time 100:
    - (0) Susceptible : 9950 -> 70
    - (1) Exposed : 50 -> 70
    - (2) Recovered : 0 -> 9271
    - (3) Removed : 0 -> 589

Transition Probabilities:
    - Susceptible 0.95 0.05 0.00 0.00
    - Exposed 0.00 0.85 0.14 0.01
    - Recovered 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00
    - Removed 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00
    - Removed 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00
```

Benchmarking

Here we keep a list of scenarios where we compare epiworld with other ABM simulation engines. Although the comparison is made at the speed level, we also list features of capabilities and main differences between the engines.

4 Benchmarking

Contributor Code of Conduct

As contributors and maintainers of this project, we pledge to respect all people who contribute through reporting issues, posting feature requests, updating documentation, submitting pull requests or patches, and other activities.

We are committed to making participation in this project a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of level of experience, gender, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, disability, personal appearance, body size, race, ethnicity, age, or religion.

Examples of unacceptable behavior by participants include the use of sexual language or imagery, derogatory comments or personal attacks, trolling, public or private harassment, insults, or other unprofessional conduct.

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epiworld c++ template library

4.1 Main features

This C++ template-header-only library provides a general framework for epidemiologic simulation. The main features of the library are:

- 1. Four key classes: Model, Person, Tool, and Virus.
- 2. The model features a social networks of Persons.
- 3. Persons can have multiple Tools as a defense system.
- 4. Tools can reduce contagion rate, transmissibility, death rates, and improve recovery rates.
- 5. Viruses can mutate (generating new variants).
- 6. Models can feature multiple states, e.g., HEALTHY, SUSCEPTIBLE, etc.
- 7. Models can have an arbitrary number of parameters.
- 8. **REALLY FAST** About 6.5 Million person/day simulations per second.

4.2 Algorithm

Setup

- · Create viruses.
- · Create tools (arbitrary).
- · Set model parameters (arbitrary).
- Create global events (e.g., surveillance).
- · Set up the population: small world network (default).
- Set up rewiring (optional).
- · Set statuses (arbitrary number of them).

Run

- 1. Distribute the tool(s) and virus(es)
- 2. For each t in 1 -> Duration:
 - Update status for susceptible/infected/removed(?)
 - Mutate virus(es) (each individual)
 - Run global actions (e.g., surveillance)
 - · Run rewiring algorithm

Along update:

- · Contagion events are applied recorded.
- · New variants are recorded.
- · Optional user data is recorded.

4.3 Hello world (C++)

```
#include "include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp"
int main()
  // Creating a virus
 epiworld::Virus<> covid19("covid 19");
 covid19.set_infectiousness(.8);
  // Creating a tool
 epiworld::Tool<> vax("vaccine");
 vax.set_contagion_reduction(.95);
// Creating a model
  epiworld::Model<> model;
  // Adding the tool and virus
 model.add_virus(covid19, .01);
 model.add_tool(vax, .5);
  // Generating a random pop
 model.population_from_adjlist(
   epiworld::rgraph_smallworld(1000, 5, .2)
 // Initializing setting days and seed
model.init(60, 123123);
 // Running the model
model.run();
 model.print();
 return;
```

4.4 Surveillance simulation

- Incubation time of the disease \sim Gamma (3, 1)
- Duration of the disease \sim Gamma (12, 1)
- · Probability of becoming symptomatic: 0.9
- Prob. of transmission: 1.0.
- · Vaccinated population: 25%
- · Vaccine efficacy: .9.
- · Vaccine reduction on transmission: 0.5.
- Surveillance program of x% of the population at random.
- Individuals who test positive become isolated.

4.4.1 Preliminary results

```
# With low surveillance
pop_size <- 20e3
pop_seed <- pop_size * .01
s_levels <- c(0.0001, 0.002)
system(sprintf("./07-surveillance.o %i %i 100 %.04f 2>&1", pop_seed, pop_size, s_levels[1]), intern = TRUE)
 cat(sep = "\n")
## Running the model...
##
##
##
## SIMULATION STUDY
##
                   : 20000
## Population size
## Days (duration)
                  : 200 (of 200)
## Number of variants : 1
## Last run elapsed t : 505.00ms
## Rewiring
                    : off
##
## Virus(es):
## - Covid19 (baseline prevalence: 100 seeds)
## Tool(s):
##
   - Vaccine (baseline prevalence: 25.00%)
##
## Model parameters:
                           : 12.0000
## - Infect period
## - Latent period
## - Latent period : 3.0000
## - Prob of symptoms : 0.7000
## - Prob of transmission : 1.0000
## - Prob. death
                           : 0.0010
## - Prob. reinfect
                          : 0.1000
## - Surveilance prob. : 1.0e-04
## - Vax efficacy : 0.9000
## - Vax redux transmision : 0.5000
##
\#\# Distribution of the population at time 200:
## - Total susceptible (S) : 19900 -> 2106
## - Total recovered (S)
                                            0 -> 17369
## - Total latent (I)
                                          100 -> 109
## - Total symptomatic (I)
                                           0 -> 155
                                           0 -> 2
## - Total symptomatic isolated (I) :
##
   - Total asymptomatic (I)
  - Total asymptomatic isolated (I) :
                                           0 -> 0
##
## - Total removed (R)
                                           0 -> 187
##
## (S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
## _
hist1 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_hist.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
surv1 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_user_data.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
# With high surveillance
system(sprintf("./07-surveillance.o %i %i 100 %.04f 2>&1", pop_seed, pop_size, s_levels[2]), intern = TRUE)
 cat(sep = "\n")
## Running the model...
##
##
##
## SIMULATION STUDY
## Population size : 20000 . 200 (duration)
## Days (duration)
                    : 200 (of 200)
## Number of variants : 1
## Last run elapsed t : 530.00ms
## Rewiring
##
## Virus(es):
```

```
## - Covid19 (baseline prevalence: 100 seeds)
## Tool(s):
## - Vaccine (baseline prevalence: 25.00%)
##
## Model parameters:
## - Infect period
                           : 12.0000
                          : 3.0000
##
   - Latent period
## - Prob of symptoms
                            : 0.7000
  - Prob of transmission : 1.0000
                           : 0.0010
   - Prob. death
##
   - Prob. reinfect
##
                            : 0.1000
  - Surveilance prob.
                           : 0.0020
## - Vax efficacy
                          : 0.9000
##
   - Vax redux transmision : 0.5000
##
\#\# Distribution of the population at time 200:
  - Total susceptible (S)
##
                                       : 19900 -> 2125
## - Total recovered (S)
                                              0 -> 17325
  - Total latent (I)
                                             100 -> 109
##
##
   - Total symptomatic (I)
                                              0 -> 155
## - Total symptomatic isolated (I)
                                               0 -> 8
                                      :
## - Total asymptomatic (I)
                                              0 -> 76
##
   - Total asymptomatic isolated (I) :
                                               0 -> 1
  - Total removed (R)
                                               0 -> 201
##
## (S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
## _
hist2 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_hist.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
surv2 <- read.csv("07-surveillance_user_data.txt", sep = " ")</pre>
hist_comb <- rbind(
 cbind(sim = as.character(s_levels[1]), hist1),
 cbind(sim = as.character(s_levels[2]), hist2)
qqplot(hist_comb, aes(x = date, y = counts + 1, colour = status, linetype=sim)) +
 geom_line() +
 # scale_y_log10() +
labs(y = "Counts (log)")
```

4.4.2 Cases detected

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model1

The dynamics of the simulation process are:

- 1. Discrete Markov process.
- 2. The simulation has the following parameters:
 - a. New variant emergence at rate X. b. For each variant k:
 - Unvaccinated individuals become sick rate C(k),
 - Mortality rate D(k),
 - Recovery rate H(k),
 - Vaccines have an efficaccy rate $\mathbb{E}\left(v,k\right)$ and pseudo vaccines (recovered) have efficacy rate $\mathbb{E}\left(r,k\right)$ $< \mathbb{E}\left(v,k\right)$. In general, the probability of i acquiring the disease k from j will be equal to

```
``` P(i gets the disease from j | their states) = C(k) * (1 - E(i,k)) * (1 - E(j, k)) ```
```

where (i,j) in (u,v,r). Efficacy rate for unvaccinated is zero.

- Vaccinated individuals have a reduced mortality rate D(k,v) > D(k), and recovered individuals D(k,r) in (D(k,v), D(k)]
- Vaccinated individuals have an increased recovery rate H (k, v) > H (k), whereas recovered's rate H (k, r) in [H(k), H(k, v)).

The sum of mortality and recovery rates is less than one since the difference represents no change.

- c. Each country vaccinates citizens at rate V function of A (availability) and B (citizens' acceptance rate.) d. In each country i, the entire population N(i) distributes between the following states:
  - Healthy unvaccinated (N (i,t,u)),
  - Healthy vaccinated ( $\mathbb{N}(i,t,v)$ ),
  - Deceased (N(i,t,d)),
  - Recovered (N(i,t,r)),
  - Unvaccinated and sick with variant (N(i,t,s,k|u))k., and
  - Vaccinated and sick with variant (N (i,t,s,k|v)) k .

```
Total sick are N(i,t,k,s) = sum(g in \{u,v\}) N(i,t,k,s|g)
```

Globally, we keep track of the prevalence of new variants. Variants can disappear if no more individuals port the variant, i.e., the prevalence rate P(k,t) = sum(i) N(i,s,k) equals zero.

d. Vaccines are manufactured at each country at rates  $\mathbb{M}(i)$  and uniformly shared with other countries at rate  $\mathbb{S}(i)$ . c. Population flows between each country pair (i,j) at a rate  $\mathbb{F}(i,j)$ . Flows between countries do not change Population and are symmetric.

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- 3. The simulation process is as follows:
  - (a) Countries are initialized with a total population N(i).
  - (b) Variant zero initializes at a random location i, with an initial prevalence P(k,t) = N(i,t,k).
  - (c) For time t in (0,T) do:
    - a. Unvaccinated individuals can become sick of variant  ${\bf k}$  with probability:
    - ```  $Pr(h->s|i,t,k,u) \sim sum(g in \{u,v\}) (N(i,t-1,s,k|g) + sum(j != i) F(i,j) * N(j,t-1,s,k|g)) * C(k) / (N(i) + sum(j != i) N(j)) ```$
    - b. Vaccinated individuals can become sick of variant k with probability:  $\Pr(v->s|i,t,k,v) \sim \Pr(h->s|i,t,k) * (1 E(v,k))$ .
    - b. Recovered individuals can become sick of variant k with probability:  $\Pr(v->s|i,t,k,r) \sim \Pr(h->s|i,t,k) * (1 E(r,k))$ .
    - c. Sick individuals with variant k die with probability D(k) or recover with probability H(k), otherwise they stay infected; with the rates depending on their vaccination status v or n.
    - d. Unvaccinated individuals vaccinate in country i with probability  $P(u->v) \sim V(A(i,t), B(i))$ .
    - e. The country vaccine supply changes.

## **EPI Simulator**

## 7.1 Disease dynamics

Diseases continuously evolve in time. Changes in their genetic sequence make them more or less resistant to the particular version of the vaccine. Mutations also affect the transmissibility level and mortality rate of the disease. Using this approach allows making vaccination efficacy a function of compatibility between the variant and the vaccine.

When an individual becomes infected, the disease accumulates mutations in the new host. Ultimately, there is no single version of the disease present in the model, but rather an infinite number of them, each slightly different from the other.

### 7.2 Network dynamics

We can assume that the Population is organized in fully connected blocks for the first version of the model. Block sizes and the number of connections between blocks are Poisson random variables. Individuals interact with all the members of their blocks, and bridging individuals allow the disease to move across blocks.

## 7.3 Contagion dynamics

The transmission of the disease will be governed by the number of vaccinated, infected, and recovered within each block. Transmission between blocks will be treated in the same way, although individuals bridging the block will only interact with others within the block and their direct connections across the blocks.

### 7.4 Time dynamics

Time dynamics has two components, how biology evolves and how agents react.

The model develops as a continuous-time Markov process. Each block of individuals takes action at rates  $\mathbb{L}\left(\frac{1}{N}\right)$  function of the local number of infections. This way, if

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## 7.5 Updating agent's status

Like most other components, updating agents' states can be personalized. A naive approach allows agents to get infected with a single virus or stay as-is. The probability of this event is conditional on acquiring at most one virus. Since these are independent events, the conditional probability is computed as follows:

### Where

```
P(only variant k) = P(k) * Prod(m!=v) (1 - P(m))

P(at most 1) = P(None) + Sum(v in variants) P(v) * Prod(m != v) (1 - P(m))

P(None) = Prod(v in variants) (1 - P(v))
```

Furthermore, the (Variant, Person) pairs are treated independently.

### 7.5.1 Other parameters

- · Who did you get the infection from.
- · Omicron is 1.5 more infectious than delta.
- · Surveillance:
  - Pull people to be tested at random.
  - Or at symptoms.
  - A mix of the two.
- Define a class for passing extra functions and datasets, for example, testing surveillance.
- · Exposed people become infectious after k days.
- Network changesthe can be a function of an ERGM. Apply K steps throughout time.
- · Add progress bar.

# Namespace Index

# 8.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

epiworld	::sampler		
	Functions for sampling viruses		27
sampler			
	Functions for sampling viruses	9	30

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# **Hierarchical Index**

# 9.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Action < TSeq >	35
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AdjList	38
epiworld::AdjList	10
Agent < TSeq >	11
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AgentsSample < TSeq >	19
epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq >	50
	52
epiworld::DataBase < TSeq >	54
Entities < TSeq >	57
epiworld::Entities < TSeq >	58
Entities_const< TSeq >	59
epiworld::Entities_const< TSeq >	59
Entity < TSeq >	60
epiworld::Entity< TSeq >	31
epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >	32
LFMCMC< TData >	3
epiworld::Model < TSeq >	35
Model < TSeq >	75
epiworld::Model < EPI_DEFAULT_TSEQ >	35
ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >	<del>3</del> 0
ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq >	<u>)</u> 2
ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >	)0
ModelSURV < TSeq >	8(
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV < TSeq >	
epiworld::Model< int >	
ModelSEIR < TSeq >	36
ModelSIR < TSeq >	
ModelSIS < TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR < TSeq >	
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >	
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Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype >
epiworld::PersonTools < TSeq >
PersonTools < TSeq >
epiworld::Progress
Progress
epiworld::Queue < TSeq >
Queue < TSeq >
epiworld::QueueValues
QueueValues
RandGraph
epiworld::SAMPLETYPE
SAMPLETYPE 114
epiworld::Tool< TSeq >
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epiworld::Tools< TSeq >
Tools < TSeq >
epiworld::Tools_const< TSeq >
Tools_const < TSeq >
epiworld::UserData < TSeq >
UserData < TSeq >
epiworld::vecHasher< T >
vecHasher< T >
epiworld::Virus< TSeq >
Virus < TSeq >
epiworld::Viruses < TSeq >
Viruses < TSeq >
epiworld::Viruses_const< TSeq >
Viruses_const < TSeq >

# **Class Index**

## 10.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Action < TSeq >	
Action data for update an agent	35
epiworld::Action< TSeq >	
Action data for update an agent	37
AdjList	38
epiworld::AdjList	40
Agent < TSeq >	
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epiworld::Agent< TSeq >	
Agent (agents)	45
AgentsSample < TSeq >	
Sample of agents	49
epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq >	
Sample of agents	50
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epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >	
Statistical data about the process	54
Entities < TSeq >	
Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)	57
epiworld::Entities< TSeq >	
Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)	58
Entities_const < TSeq >	
Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)	59
epiworld::Entities_const< TSeq >	
Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)	59
Entity < TSeq >	60
epiworld::Entity< TSeq >	61
epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >	
Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo	62
LFMCMC< TData >	
Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo	63
epiworld::Model < TSeq >	
Core class of epiworld	65
Model < TSeq >	
Core class of epiworld	75

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epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model	83
ModelSEIR < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model	86
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >	88
ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >	90
${\sf ModelSEIRCONNLogit} < {\sf TSeq} > \dots $	92
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	95
ModelSIR < TSeq >	
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model	96
epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >	98
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epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >	
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	108
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Progress A simple progress bar	444
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<b>-9</b>	111
Queue < TSeq >	440
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·	113
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	114
epiworld::Tool< TSeq >	
Tools for defending the agent against the virus	114
Tool< TSeq >	
Tools for defending the agent against the virus	115
epiworld::Tools< TSeq >	
3	117
Tools < TSeq >	
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epiworld::Tools_const< TSeq >	
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Tools_const< TSeq >	
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epiworld::UserData< TSeq >	
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UserData < TSeq >	
Personalized data by the user	121
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Vector hasher	123
vecHasher< T >	
Vector hasher	124
epiworld::Virus< TSeq >	
Virus	124

10.1 Class List

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epiworld::Viruses < TSeq >	
Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)	 128
Viruses< TSeq >	
Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)	 129
epiworld::Viruses_const< TSeq >	
Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)	 130
Viruses_const< TSeq >	
Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)	 130

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# File Index

## 11.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

epiworld.hpp
include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp???
include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-actions-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-meat-status.hpp
Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file
include/epiworld/agent-meat-virus-sampling.hpp
include/epiworld/agent-meat.hpp??
include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/config.hpp
include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp??
include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/entity-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/entity-meat.hpp??
include/epiworld/epiworld-macros.hpp
include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp
include/epiworld/misc.hpp
include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp??
include/epiworld/model-meat-print.hpp
include/epiworld/model-meat.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>network-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/ <b>progress.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp??
include/epiworld/randgraph.hpp
include/epiworld/random_graph.hpp??
include/epiworld/seq_processing.hpp
include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/tool-meat.hpp??
include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/ <b>userdata-bones.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/ <b>userdata-meat.hpp</b>
include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

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nclude/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp	??
nclude/epiworld/math/lfmcmc.hpp	??
nclude/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/ <b>lfmcmc-bones.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat-print.hpp	??
nclude/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/ <b>lfmcmc-meat.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>models.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>seir.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>seirconnected.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>seirconnected_logit.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>sir.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>sirconnected.hpp</b>	??
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>sis.hpp</b>	
nclude/epiworld/models/ <b>surveillance.hpp</b>	
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# **Namespace Documentation**

## 12.1 epiworld::sampler Namespace Reference

Functions for sampling viruses.

### **Functions**

```
 template<typename TSeq >
 std::function< void(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_update_susceptible (std::vector<
 epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

```
 template<typename TSeq = int>
 std::function< Virus< TSeq > *(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_sample_virus_neighbors
 (std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

```
 template < typename TSeq = int>
 Virus < TSeq > * sample_virus_single (Agent < TSeq > *p, Model < TSeq > *m)
 Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)
```

### 12.1.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### 12.1.2 Function Documentation

### 12.1.2.1 make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

### 12.1.2.2 make\_update\_susceptible()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

### 12.1.2.3 sample\_virus\_single()

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

This function samples at most one virus from the pool of viruses from its neighbors. If no virus is selected, the function returns a nullptr, otherwise it returns a pointer to the selected virus.

This can be used to build a new update function (EPI\_NEW\_UPDATEFUN.)

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

#### **Parameters**

р	Pointer to person
m	Pointer to the model

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

## 12.2 sampler Namespace Reference

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### **Functions**

```
 template<typename TSeq >
 std::function< void(Agent< TSeq > *, Model< TSeq > *)> make_update_susceptible (std::vector<
 epiworld_fast_uint > exclude={})
```

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

template<typename TSeq = int>
 std::function< Virus< TSeq > \*(Agent< TSeq > \*, Model< TSeq > \*)> make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors
 (std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > exclude={})

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

```
 template < typename TSeq = int>
 Virus < TSeq > * sample_virus_single (Agent < TSeq > *p, Model < TSeq > *m)
 Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)
```

## 12.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sampling viruses.

#### 12.2.2 Function Documentation

### 12.2.2.1 make\_sample\_virus\_neighbors()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

#### 12.2.2.2 make\_update\_susceptible()

Make a function to sample from neighbors.

This is akin to the function default\_update\_susceptible, with the difference that it will create a function that supports excluding states from the sampling frame. For example, individuals who have acquired a virus can be excluded if in incubation state.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	

### **Parameters**

exclude	unsigned vector of states that need to be excluded from the sampling
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

Virus<TSeq>\* of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;

#### 12.2.2.3 sample\_virus\_single()

Sample from neighbors pool of viruses (at most one)

This function samples at most one virus from the pool of viruses from its neighbors. If no virus is selected, the function returns a nullptr, otherwise it returns a pointer to the selected virus.

This can be used to build a new update function (EPI\_NEW\_UPDATEFUN.)

Temi	nlate	Par	ame	ters
ICIIII	νιαις	, ı aı	ann	LUIS

TSeq	

#### **Parameters**

р	Pointer to person
m	Pointer to the model

## Returns

 $\label{thm:constraint} \mbox{Virus$<$TSeq$>*$ of the selected virus. If none selected (or none available,) returns a nullptr;}$ 

# **Chapter 13**

# **Class Documentation**

## 13.1 Action < TSeq > Struct Template Reference

Action data for update an agent.

```
#include <config.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

Action (Agent< TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr< TSeq > virus\_, ToolPtr< TSeq > tool\_, Entity< TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_status\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, ActionFun< TSeq > call\_, int idx\_agent←\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Action object.

### **Public Attributes**

- Agent < TSeq > \* agent
- VirusPtr< TSeq> **virus**
- ToolPtr< TSeq > tool
- Entity < TSeq > \* entity
- epiworld\_fast\_int new\_status
- epiworld\_fast\_int queue
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{ActionFun} < \mathsf{TSeq} > \mathbf{call}$
- int idx\_agent
- int idx\_object

## 13.1.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> struct Action< TSeq >

Action data for update an agent.

## **Template Parameters**

TSea	
1009	

#### 13.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 13.1.2.1 Action()

Construct a new Action object.

All the parameters are rather optional.

#### **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over who the action will happen
virus_	Virus to add
tool_	Tool to add
virus_idx	Index of virus to be removed (if needed)
tool_idx	Index of tool to be removed (if needed)
new_←	Next status
status_	
queue_	Efect on the queue
call_	The action call (if needed)
idx_agent⇔	Location of agent in object.
idx_object←	Location of object in agent.
_	

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/config.hpp

## 13.2 epiworld::Action < TSeq > Struct Template Reference

Action data for update an agent.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

Action (Agent< TSeq > \*agent\_, VirusPtr< TSeq > virus\_, ToolPtr< TSeq > tool\_, Entity< TSeq > \*entity\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_status\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, ActionFun< TSeq > call\_, int idx\_agent
\_, int idx\_object\_)

Construct a new Action object.

#### **Public Attributes**

- Agent < TSeq > \* agent
- VirusPtr< TSeq > virus
- ToolPtr< TSeq > tool
- Entity < TSeq > \* entity
- epiworld\_fast\_int new\_status
- · epiworld\_fast\_int queue
- ActionFun< TSeq > call
- int idx agent
- int idx\_object

## 13.2.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> struct epiworld::Action< TSeq >

Action data for update an agent.

**Template Parameters** 



#### 13.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.2.2.1 Action()

```
VirusPtr< TSeq > virus_,
ToolPtr< TSeq > tool_,
Entity< TSeq > * entity_,
epiworld_fast_int new_status_,
epiworld_fast_int queue_,
ActionFun< TSeq > call_,
int idx_agent_,
int idx_object_) [inline]
```

Construct a new Action object.

All the parameters are rather optional.

#### **Parameters**

agent_	Agent over who the action will happen
virus_	Virus to add
tool_	Tool to add
virus_idx	Index of virus to be removed (if needed)
tool_idx	Index of tool to be removed (if needed)
new_←	Next status
status_	
queue_	Efect on the queue
call_	The action call (if needed)
idx_agent⇔	Location of agent in object.
_	
idx_object⇔	Location of object in agent.
_	

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.3 AdjList Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

AdjList (const std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &source, const std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &target, int size, bool directed)

Construct a new Adj List object.

- AdjList (AdjList &&a)
- AdjList (const AdjList &a)
- AdjList & operator= (const AdjList &a)
- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=true)

Read an edgelist.

- std::map< epiworld fast uint, epiworld fast uint > operator() (epiworld fast uint i) const
- void print (epiworld\_fast\_uint limit=20u) const
- size\_t vcount () const

Number of vertices/nodes in the network.

• size t ecount () const

Number of edges/arcs/ties in the network.

- std::vector< std::map< epiworld\_fast\_uint, epiworld\_fast\_uint > > & get\_dat ()
- bool is\_directed () const

true if the network is directed.

## 13.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 13.3.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

lds in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

#### **Parameters**

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
size	Number of vertices in the network.
directed	Bool true if the network is directed

## 13.3.2 Member Function Documentation

## 13.3.2.1 read\_edgelist()

```
void AdjList::read_edgelist (
 std::string fn,
 int size,
 int skip = 0,
 bool directed = true) [inline]
```

Read an edgelist.

lds in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file	
skip	Number of lines to skip (e.g., 1 if there's a header)	
directed	ted true if the network is directed	
size Number of vertices in the network.		

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp

## 13.4 epiworld::AdjList Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

AdjList (const std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &source, const std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &target, int size, bool directed)

Construct a new Adj List object.

- AdjList (AdjList &&a)
- AdjList (const AdjList &a)
- AdjList & operator= (const AdjList &a)
- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=true)

Read an edgelist.

- std::map< epiworld\_fast\_uint, epiworld\_fast\_uint > operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i) const
- · void print (epiworld\_fast\_uint limit=20u) const
- size\_t vcount () const

Number of vertices/nodes in the network.

• size\_t ecount () const

Number of edges/arcs/ties in the network.

- std::vector< std::map< epiworld\_fast\_uint, epiworld\_fast\_uint > > & get\_dat ()
- bool is\_directed () const

true if the network is directed.

#### 13.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.4.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

Ids in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

#### **Parameters**

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
size	Number of vertices in the network.
directed	Bool true if the network is directed

#### 13.4.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.4.2.1 read\_edgelist()

```
void AdjList::read_edgelist (
 std::string fn,
 int size,
 int skip = 0,
 bool directed = true) [inline]
```

Read an edgelist.

lds in the network are assume to range from 0 to size - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file
skip	Number of lines to skip (e.g., 1 if there's a header)
directed	true if the network is directed
size	Number of vertices in the network.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• epiworld.hpp

## 13.5 Agent < TSeq > Class Template Reference

```
Agent (agents)
```

```
#include <agent-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

```
 Agent (Agent < TSeq > &&p)
```

- Agent (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- Agent < TSeq > & operator= (const Agent < TSeq > &other\_agent)
- int get\_id () const

Id of the individual.

- VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus (int i)
- Viruses < TSeq > get\_viruses ()
- const Viruses\_const< TSeq > get\_viruses () const
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const noexcept
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- Tools < TSeq > get\_tools ()
- const Tools\_const< TSeq > get\_tools () const
- size\_t get\_n\_tools () const noexcept

- void mutate\_variant ()
- void add\_neighbor (Agent < TSeq > &p, bool check\_source=true, bool check\_target=true)
- void swap neighbors (Agent < TSeq > & other, size t n this, size t n other)

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > get\_neighbors ()
- size\_t get\_n\_neighbors () const
- void change\_status (Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_status, epiworld fast int queue=0)
- const epiworld\_fast\_uint & get\_status () const
- · void reset ()
- · bool has tool (epiworld fast uint t) const
- bool has\_tool (std::string name) const
- bool has\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- · bool has\_virus (std::string name) const
- void **print** (Model < TSeq > \*model, bool compressed=false) const
- Entities < TSeq > get entities ()

Access the j-th column of the agent.

- const Entities\_const< TSeq > get\_entities () const
- const Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size\_t i) const
- Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size\_t i)
- size t get n entities () const

#### Add/Remove Virus/Tool

Any of these is ultimately reflected at the end of the iteration.

#### **Parameters**

tool	Tool to add
virus	Virus to add
status_new	Status after the change
queue	

- void add\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void **add\_tool** (Tool< TSeq > tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void add\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > virus, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint entity\_idx, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

Agent removed by virus.

void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status
 —new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

Agent removed by virus.

#### Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

#### **Parameters**

v A pointer to a virus.

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld double get susceptibility reduction (VirusPtr < TSeq > v, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get transmission reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get death reduction (VirusPtr< TSeg > v, Model< TSeg > \*model)

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Viruses < TSeq >
- class Viruses\_const< TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Tools < TSeq >
- class Tools\_const< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >
- class Entities < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_entity (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void  $\operatorname{default\_rm\_tool}$  (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 13.5.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq> class Agent < TSeq>

Agent (agents)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)

#### 13.5.2 Member Function Documentation

## 13.5.2.1 get\_entities()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Entities< TSeq > Agent< TSeq >::get_entities [inline]
```

Access the j-th column of the agent.

If an external array has been specified, then these two functions can be used to access additional agent's features not included in the model.

The operator[] method is with no boundary check, whereas the operator() method checks boundaries. The former can result in a segfault.

#### **Parameters**



#### **Returns**

double&

## 13.5.2.2 swap\_neighbors()

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

#### **Parameters**

other	
n_this	
n_other	

## 13.5.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 13.5.3.1 default\_rm\_entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/agent-meat.hpp

## 13.6 epiworld::Agent< TSeq > Class Template Reference

```
Agent (agents)
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Agent (Agent < TSeq > &&p)
- Agent (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- Agent < TSeq > & operator = (const Agent < TSeq > & other\_agent)
- int get\_id () const

Id of the individual.

- VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus (int i)
- Viruses < TSeq > get\_viruses ()
- const Viruses\_const< TSeq > get\_viruses () const
- size\_t get\_n\_viruses () const noexcept
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- Tools < TSeq > get\_tools ()
- const Tools\_const< TSeq > get\_tools () const
- · size t get n tools () const noexcept
- void mutate\_variant ()
- void add\_neighbor (Agent < TSeq > &p, bool check\_source=true, bool check\_target=true)
- void swap\_neighbors (Agent < TSeq > &other, size\_t n\_this, size\_t n\_other)

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* > get\_neighbors ()
- size t get n neighbors () const
- const epiworld\_fast\_uint & get\_status () const
- · void reset ()
- bool has\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- · bool has\_tool (std::string name) const
- bool has\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint t) const
- bool has virus (std::string name) const
- void print (Model < TSeq > \*model, bool compressed=false) const

- Entities < TSeq > get\_entities ()
  - Access the j-th column of the agent.
- const Entities const< TSeq > get entities () const
- const Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size t i) const
- Entity < TSeq > & get\_entity (size t i)
- size\_t get\_n\_entities () const

#### Add/Remove Virus/Tool

Any of these is ultimately reflected at the end of the iteration.

#### **Parameters**

tool	Tool to add
virus	Virus to add
status_new	Status after the change
queue	

- void add\_tool (ToolPtr< TSeq > tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_tool (Tool< TSeq > tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void add\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > virus, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > &entity, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void  $rm\_tool$  (ToolPtr< TSeq > &tool, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (epiworld\_fast\_uint entity\_idx, Model < TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void rm\_entity (Entity< TSeq > &entity, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld fast int gueue=-99)
- void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

Agent removed by virus.

void rm\_agent\_by\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > &virus, Model< TSeq > \*model, epiworld\_fast\_int status
 new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

Agent removed by virus.

#### Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

#### **Parameters**

v A pointer to a virus	3.
------------------------	----

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (VirusPtr < TSeq > v, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Viruses < TSeq >
- class Viruses\_const< TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Tools < TSeq >
- class Tools const< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >
- class Entities < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_entity (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

## 13.6.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Agent< TSeq >
```

Agent (agents)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq | Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)

## 13.6.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.6.2.1 get entities()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Entities< TSeq > Agent< TSeq >::get_entities [inline]
```

Access the j-th column of the agent.

If an external array has been specified, then these two functions can be used to access additional agent's features not included in the model.

The operator[] method is with no boundary check, whereas the operator() method checks boundaries. The former can result in a segfault.

#### **Parameters**



#### Returns

double&

#### 13.6.2.2 swap neighbors()

Swaps neighbors between the current agent and agent other

#### **Parameters**

other	
n_this	
n_other	

#### 13.6.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

## 13.6.3.1 default\_rm\_entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.7 AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Sample of agents.

```
#include <agentssample-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• AgentsSample ()=delete

Default constructor.

AgentsSample (const AgentsSample < TSeq > &a)=delete

Copy constructor.

AgentsSample (AgentsSample < TSeq > &&a)=delete

Move constructor.

- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > &model\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Entity < TSeq > &entity\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Agent < TSeq > &agent\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
   Sample from the agent's entities.
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t n)
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator() (size\_t n)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

## 13.7.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class AgentsSample< TSeq >

Sample of agents.

This class allows sampling agents from Entity<TSeq> and Model<TSeq>.

**Template Parameters** 



#### 13.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.7.2.1 AgentsSample()

```
Agent< TSeq > & agent_,
size_t n,
bool truncate = false) [inline]
```

Sample from the agent's entities.

For example, how many individuals the agent contacts in a given point in time.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	
------	--

#### **Parameters**

agent⊷	
_	
n	Sample size
truncate	If the agent has fewer than $n$ connections, then truncate = true will automatically reduce the number of possible samples. Otherwise, if false, then it returns an error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp

## 13.8 epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Sample of agents.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• AgentsSample ()=delete

Default constructor.

• AgentsSample (const AgentsSample < TSeq > &a)=delete

Copy constructor.

AgentsSample (AgentsSample < TSeq > &&a)=delete

Move constructor.

- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > &model\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
- AgentsSample (Model < TSeq > \*model, Entity < TSeq > &entity\_, size\_t n, bool truncate=false)
- $\bullet \ \, \mathsf{AgentsSample} \ (\mathsf{Model} < \mathsf{TSeq} > *\mathsf{model}, \\ \mathsf{Agent} < \mathsf{TSeq} > & \mathsf{agent}\_, \\ \mathsf{size\_t} \ \mathsf{n}, \\ \mathsf{bool} \ \mathsf{truncate=false})$

Sample from the agent's entities.

- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t n)
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator() (size\_t n)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

## 13.8.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld::AgentsSample < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Sample of agents.

This class allows sampling agents from Entity<TSeq> and Model<TSeq>.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	
------	--

## 13.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.8.2.1 AgentsSample()

Sample from the agent's entities.

For example, how many individuals the agent contacts in a given point in time.

**Template Parameters** 



## **Parameters**

agent⊷	
_	
n	Sample size
truncate	If the agent has fewer than $n$ connections, then truncate = true will automatically reduce the number of possible samples. Otherwise, if false, then it returns an error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.9 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

#include <database-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (Model < TSeq > &m)
- DataBase (const DataBase < TSeq > &db)
- void record\_variant (Virus < TSeq > &v)

Registering a new variant.

- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void set\_seq\_hasher (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- size\_t size () const
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transition, std::string fn\_creproductive\_number) const
- void **record\_transmission** (int i, int j, int variant, int i\_expo\_date)
- size\_t get\_n\_variants () const
- size\_t **get\_n\_tools** () const
- void set user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void  $add\_user\_data$  (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > transition\_probability (bool print=true) const

Calculates the transition probabilities.

#### Get recorded information from the model

#### **Parameters**

what std::string, The status, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...

#### Returns

In get\_today\_total, the current counts of what.

In get\_today\_variant, the current counts of what for each variant.

In get\_hist\_total, the time series of what

In get\_hist\_variant, the time series of what for each variant.

In get\_hist\_total\_date and get\_hist\_variant\_date the corresponding dates

- int get\_today\_total (std::string what) const
- int get\_today\_total (epiworld\_fast\_uint what) const
- void get\_today\_total (std::vector < std::string > \*status=nullptr, std::vector < int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_variant (std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const

- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*status, std::vector< int > \*counts) const
- void get\_hist\_variant (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- MapVec\_type < int, int > reproductive\_number () const
   Computes the reproductive number of each case.
- void reproductive\_number (std::string fn) const

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

### 13.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq> class DataBase < TSeq >
```

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 



#### 13.9.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.9.2.1 record\_variant()

Registering a new variant.

#### **Parameters**

Pointer to the new variant. Since variants are originated in the agent, the numbers simply move around.
 From the parent variant to the new variant. And the total number of infected does not change.

#### 13.9.2.2 reproductive number()

```
template<typename TSeq >
MapVec_type< int, int > DataBase< TSeq >::reproductive_number [inline]
```

Computes the reproductive number of each case.

By definition, whereas it computes R0 (basic reproductive number) or Rt/R (the effective reproductive number) will depend on whether the virus is allowed to circulate naïvely or not, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

*fn* File where to write out the reproductive number.

#### 13.9.2.3 transition\_probability()

Calculates the transition probabilities.

#### Returns

```
std::vector< epiworld_double >
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp

## 13.10 epiworld::DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (Model < TSeq > &m)
- DataBase (const DataBase < TSeq > &db)
- void record variant (Virus < TSeq > &v)

Registering a new variant.

- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void set\_seq\_hasher (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- void set model (Model < TSeg > &m)
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- · size t size () const
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_transition, std::string fn\_
- void record\_transmission (int i, int j, int variant, int i\_expo\_date)
- size\_t get\_n\_variants () const
- size t get n tools () const
- void set user data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add user data (std::vector< epiworld double > x)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld fast uint j, epiworld double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > transition\_probability (bool print=true) const

Calculates the transition probabilities.

#### Get recorded information from the model

#### **Parameters**

what std::string, The status, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...

#### Returns

 $\textit{In } \texttt{get\_today\_total}, \textit{the current counts of } \texttt{what}.$ 

In get today variant, the current counts of what for each variant.

In get\_hist\_total, the time series of what

*In* get\_hist\_variant, the time series of what for each variant.

In get\_hist\_total\_date and get\_hist\_variant\_date the corresponding dates

- int get today total (std::string what) const
- int get\_today\_total (epiworld\_fast\_uint what) const
- void **get\_today\_total** (std::vector < std::string > \*status=nullptr, std::vector < int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_variant (std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*status, std::vector< int > \*counts) const
- void get\_hist\_variant (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- MapVec type< int, int > reproductive number () const

Computes the reproductive number of each case.

• void reproductive\_number (std::string fn) const

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

### 13.10.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::DataBase< TSeq >
```

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 



#### 13.10.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.10.2.1 record\_variant()

Registering a new variant.

#### **Parameters**

Pointer to the new variant. Since variants are originated in the agent, the numbers simply move around. From the parent variant to the new variant. And the total number of infected does not change.

## 13.10.2.2 reproductive\_number()

```
template<typename TSeq >
MapVec_type< int, int > DataBase< TSeq >::reproductive_number [inline]
```

Computes the reproductive number of each case.

By definition, whereas it computes R0 (basic reproductive number) or Rt/R (the effective reproductive number) will depend on whether the virus is allowed to circulate naïvely or not, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

*fn* File where to write out the reproductive number.

#### 13.10.2.3 transition\_probability()

Calculates the transition probabilities.

#### Returns

```
std::vector< epiworld_double >
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.11 Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <entities-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Entities (Agent < TSeq > &p)

- Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- Entity< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Entity< TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.11.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Entities< TSeq >
```

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

#### **Template Parameters**

TSea	
1009	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp

## 13.12 epiworld::Entities < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Entities (Agent< TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- Entity< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

### **Friends**

- class Entity< TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.12.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Entities< TSeq>

Set of Entities (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.13 Entities\_const < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

```
#include <entities-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Entities\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end ()
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.13.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Entities_const< TSeq >
```

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/entities-bones.hpp

## 13.14 epiworld::Entities\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Entities\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end ()
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const Entity < TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.14.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \mbox{template} < \mbox{typename TSeq} > \\ \mbox{class epiworld::Entities_const} < \mbox{TSeq} > \\
```

Set of Entities (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.15 Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Entity (std::string name)
- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > &p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void rm\_agent (size\_t idx)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- void set\_location (std::vector< epiworld\_double > loc)
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_location ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator **begin** () const
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t i)
- int get\_id () const noexcept
- · const std::string & get\_name () const noexcept
- void **set\_status** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void **get\_status** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_entity (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 13.15.1 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 13.15.1.1 default\_rm\_entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/entity-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/entity-meat.hpp

## 13.16 epiworld::Entity < TSeq > Class Template Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

< Last agent of the entity

```
• Entity (std::string name)
```

```
 void add_agent (Agent < TSeq > &p, Model < TSeq > *model)
```

- void add\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void rm\_agent (size\_t idx)
- size\_t size () const noexcept
- void set\_location (std::vector< epiworld\_double > loc)
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_location ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::iterator end ()
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > \* >::const\_iterator end () const
- Agent< TSeq > \* operator[] (size\_t i)
- int get\_id () const noexcept
- const std::string & get\_name () const noexcept
- void set\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void **get\_status** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)

#### **Friends**

```
class Agent < TSeq >
```

- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default add entity (Action < TSeg > &a, Model < TSeg > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_entity (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 13.16.1 Friends And Related Function Documentation

#### 13.16.1.1 default rm entity

- < Last entity of the agent
- < Last agent of the entity

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.17 epiworld::LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- void run (std::vector< epiworld\_double > param\_init, size\_t n\_samples\_, epiworld\_double epsilon\_)
- LFMCMC (TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set\_observed\_data (TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set\_proposal\_fun (LFMCMCProposalFun< TData > fun)
- void set\_simulation\_fun (LFMCMCSimFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (LFMCMCSummaryFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_kernel\_fun (LFMCMCKernelFun < TData > fun)
- size\_t get\_n\_samples () const
- size\_t get\_n\_statistics () const
- size\_t get\_n\_parameters () const
- epiworld\_double get\_epsilon () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_now ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_prev ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_init ()

- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_statistics\_obs ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_statistics\_hist ()
- const std::vector< bool > & get\_statistics\_accepted ()
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get\_posterior\_lf\_prob ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_drawn\_prob ()
- std::vector< TData > \* get\_sampled\_data ()
- void set\_par\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void set\_stats\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_params\_mean ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_stats\_mean ()
- · void print ()

#### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**



- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld\_double runif ()
- epiworld double rnorm ()
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double runif (epiworld\_double lb, epiworld\_double ub)
- epiworld double **rnorm** (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- epiworld double **rgamma** (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)

#### 13.17.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TData> class epiworld::LFMCMC< TData >

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

**Template Parameters** 

TData Type of data that is generated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.18 LFMCMC < TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

#include <1fmcmc-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- void run (std::vector< epiworld\_double > param\_init, size\_t n\_samples\_, epiworld\_double epsilon\_)
- · LFMCMC (TData & observed data )
- · void set observed data (TData &observed data )
- void set\_proposal\_fun (LFMCMCProposalFun< TData > fun)
- void set simulation fun (LFMCMCSimFun < TData > fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (LFMCMCSummaryFun< TData > fun)
- void set\_kernel\_fun (LFMCMCKernelFun< TData > fun)
- size t get n samples () const
- size\_t get\_n\_statistics () const
- size t get n parameters () const
- epiworld\_double get\_epsilon () const
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_now ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_prev ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_params\_init ()
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get statistics obs ()
- const std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_statistics\_hist ()
- const std::vector< bool > & get\_statistics\_accepted ()
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get\_posterior\_lf\_prob ()
- const std::vector< epiworld double > & get drawn prob ()
- std::vector< TData > \* get sampled data ()
- void set\_par\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void set\_stats\_names (std::vector< std::string > names)
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > get\_params\_mean ()
- std::vector< epiworld double > get\_stats\_mean ()
- · void print ()

#### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng

- void set rand engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s)
- · void set rand gamma (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)
- epiworld\_double runif ()
- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld double runif (epiworld double lb, epiworld double ub)
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld double **rgamma** (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)

### 13.18.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TData > class LFMCMC < TData >

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

#### **Template Parameters**

TData	Type of data that is generated
-------	--------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat-print.hpp
- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc/lfmcmc-meat.hpp

# 13.19 epiworld::Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase< TSeq > & get\_db ()
- epiworld\_double & operator() (std::string pname)
- · size\_t size () const
- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (std::string fn, int skip)

Associate agents-entities from a file.

- size\_t get\_n\_variants () const
- size\_t get\_n\_tools () const
- · epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_ndays () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_n\_replicates () const
- void set\_ndays (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays)
- bool **get\_verbose** () const
- void verbose\_off ()
- void verbose\_on ()
- · int today () const

The current time of the model.

void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transition, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmiss

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- void reset ()

Reset the model.

- · void print () const
- Model < TSeq > && clone () const
- void get\_elapsed (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_
   elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit\_abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_global\_action (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, int date=-99)

Set a global action.

- void run\_global\_actions ()
- void clear status set ()
- const std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > & get\_viruses () const

- const std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools () const
- void set\_agents\_data (double \*data\_, size\_t ncols\_)

Set the agents data object.

void set\_name (std::string name)

Set the name object.

• std::string get\_name () const

#### Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

- void set backup ()
- · void restore backup ()

#### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng	Random number generator
s	Seed

- void **set\_rand\_engine** (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- · void seed (epiworld fast uints)
- void set rand norm (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- void set rand unif (epiworld double a, epiworld double b)
- void set rand exp (epiworld double lambda)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- void set\_rand\_lognormal (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld\_double runif (epiworld\_double a, epiworld\_double b)
- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double rnorm (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld\_double rgamma ()
- epiworld double rgamma (epiworld double alpha, epiworld double beta)
- epiworld\_double rexp ()
- epiworld\_double rexp (epiworld\_double lambda)
- epiworld double rlognormal ()
- epiworld\_double **rlognormal** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)

# Add Virus/Tool to the model

This is done before the model has been initialized.

#### **Parameters**

V	Virus to be added
t Tool to be added	
preval	Initial prevalence (initial state.) It can be specified as a proportion (between zero and one,) or an
pievai	
	integer indicating number of individuals.

- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > v, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_virus\_n (Virus < TSeq > v, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void add\_virus\_fun (Virus < TSeq > v, VirusToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > t, epiworld\_double preval)

- void add\_tool\_n (Tool < TSeq > t, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void add\_tool\_fun (Tool < TSeq > t, ToolToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > e, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_entity\_n (Entity < TSeq > e, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void add\_entity\_fun (Entity < TSeq > e, EntityToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)

#### Accessing population of the model

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string Filename of the edgelist file.
skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.
size	Size of the network.
al	AdjList to read into the model.

- void agents\_from\_adjlist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=false)
- void agents\_from\_adjlist (AdjList al)
- · bool is\_directed () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > & get\_agents ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > & get\_entities ()
- void agents\_empty\_graph (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000)

#### Functions to run the model

### Parameters

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.

- virtual void init (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays, epiworld\_fast\_uint seed)
- void update\_status ()
- void mutate\_variant ()
- void next ()
- virtual void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

void run\_multiple (epiworld\_fast\_uint nexperiments, std::function< void(size\_t, Model< TSeq > \*)> fun=make\_save\_run< TSeq >(), bool reset=true, bool verbose=true, int nthreads=1)

# Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} \rightarrow \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} \rightarrow \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

#### **Parameters**

proportion	Proportion of ties to be rewired.
------------	-----------------------------------

#### Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void set\_rewire\_fun (std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> fun)
- void set\_rewire\_prop (epiworld\_double prop)
- epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- void rewire ()

#### Export the network data in edgelist form

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- · void write edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &source, std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &target) const

# Manage status (states) in the model

The functions get\_status return the current values for the statuses included in the model.

#### **Parameters**

```
lab std::string Name of the status.
```

#### Returns

```
add_status* returns nothing.

get_status_* returns a vector of pairs with the statuses and their labels.
```

- void add status (std::string lab, UpdateFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_status () const
- const std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > & get\_status\_fun () const
- · void print status codes () const

#### Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the <code>epiworld\_fast\_uint</code> method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the <code>std::string</code> method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The par() function members are aliases for get\_param().

In the case of the function read\_params, users can pass a file listing parameters to be included in the model. Each line in the file should have the following structure:

```
[name of parameter 1]: [value in double]
[name of parameter 2]: [value in double]
```

The only condition for parameter names is that these do not include a colon.

#### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch
fn	Path to the file containing parameters

#### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld double add\_param (epiworld double initial val, std::string pname)
- void **read\_params** (std::string fn)
- epiworld\_double **get\_param** (epiworld\_fast\_uint k)
- epiworld\_double **get\_param** (std::string pname)
- epiworld\_double par (epiworld\_fast\_uint k)
- epiworld double par (std::string pname)

# Set the user data object

#### **Parameters**

names	string vector with the names of the variables.
-------	------------------------------------------------

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)
- void add user data (std::vector< epiworld double > x)
- UserData< TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

# Queuing system

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

- void queuing\_on ()
  - Activates the queuing system (default.)
- void queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

- bool is\_queuing\_on () const
  - Query if the queuing system is on.
- Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

# Get the susceptibility reduction object

## **Parameters**



#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)

## **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

#### **Tool Mixers**

These functions combine the effects tools have to deliver a single effect. For example, wearing a mask, been vaccinated, and the immune system combine together to jointly reduce the susceptibility for a given virus.

```
 std::vector< epiworld_double > array_double_tmp
```

- std::vector< Virus< TSeq > \* > array\_virus\_tmp
- · Model ()
- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &m)=delete
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- virtual ∼Model ()
- void clone\_population (std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > &other\_population, std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > &other\_entities, Model< TSeq > \*other\_model, bool &other\_directed) const
- void clone\_population (const Model< TSeq > &other\_model)

# 13.19.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Model< TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Agent, Virus, and Tools.

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)

# 13.19.2 Member Function Documentation

# 13.19.2.1 add\_global\_action()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::add_global_action (
```

```
std::function< void(Model< TSeq > *)> fun, int date = -99) [inline]
```

Set a global action.

#### **Parameters**

fun	A function to be called on the prescribed dates
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

# 13.19.2.2 load\_agents\_entities\_ties()

Associate agents-entities from a file.

The structure of the file should be two columns separated by space. The first column indexing between 0 and nagents-1, and the second column between 0 and nentities - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file.
skip	How many rows to skip.

# 13.19.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::reset [inline]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

# 13.19.2.4 run\_multiple()

#### **Parameters**

nexperiments
--------------

# 13.19.2.5 set\_agents\_data()

Set the agents data object.

The data should be an array with the data stored in a column major order, i.e., by column.

#### **Parameters**

data⊷	Pointer to the first element of an array of size size() *	
_	ncols	
ncols⊷	Number of features included in the data.	
_		

# 13.19.2.6 set\_name()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::set_name (
 std::string name) [inline]
```

Set the name object.

#### **Parameters**

name

# 13.19.2.7 write\_data()

```
std::string fn_total_hist,
std::string fn_transmission,
std::string fn_transition,
std::string fn_reproductive_number) const [inline]
```

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

#### **Parameters**

fn_variant_info	Filename. Information about the variant.
fn_variant_hist	Filename. History of the variant.
fn_tool_info	Filename. Information about the tool.
fn_tool_hist	Filename. History of the tool.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (status)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.
fn_reproductive_number	Filename. Case by case reproductive number

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

# 13.20 Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <model-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase < TSeq > & get\_db ()
- epiworld\_double & operator() (std::string pname)
- size\_t size () const
- void load\_agents\_entities\_ties (std::string fn, int skip)

Associate agents-entities from a file.

- size\_t get\_n\_variants () const
- · size\_t get\_n\_tools () const
- · epiworld fast uint get\_ndays () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_n\_replicates () const
- void set\_ndays (epiworld\_fast\_uint ndays)
- bool **get\_verbose** () const
- void verbose\_off ()
- void verbose\_on ()
- · int today () const

The current time of the model.

void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transition, std::string fn\_creproductive\_number) const

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- · void reset ()

Reset the model.

- · void print () const
- Model < TSeq > && clone () const
- void **get\_elapsed** (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_←
  elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit\_abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_global\_action (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, int date=-99)

Set a global action.

- void run\_global\_actions ()
- void clear status set ()
- const std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > & get\_viruses () const
- const std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools () const
- void set\_agents\_data (double \*data\_, size\_t ncols\_)

Set the agents data object.

• void set\_name (std::string name)

Set the name object.

std::string get\_name () const

#### Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

- void set\_backup ()
- void restore backup ()

# Random number generation

# **Parameters**

eng	Random number generator
s	Seed

- void set rand engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 & get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s)
- void **set\_rand\_norm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- void set rand unif (epiworld double a, epiworld double b)
- void set rand exp (epiworld double lambda)
- void set\_rand\_gamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- void set\_rand\_lognormal (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld double runif (epiworld double a, epiworld double b)
- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double rnorm (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld\_double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double **rgamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld\_double rexp ()
- epiworld\_double rexp (epiworld\_double lambda)
- epiworld double rlognormal ()
- epiworld\_double rlognormal (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double shape)

#### Add Virus/Tool to the model

This is done before the model has been initialized.

#### **Parameters**

V	Virus to be added
t	Tool to be added
preval	Initial prevalence (initial state.) It can be specified as a proportion (between zero and one,) or an integer indicating number of individuals.

- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > v, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_virus\_n (Virus< TSeq > v, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void add\_virus\_fun (Virus < TSeq > v, VirusToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > t, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_tool\_n (Tool < TSeq > t, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void add\_tool\_fun (Tool< TSeq > t, ToolToAgentFun< TSeq > fun)
- void add\_entity (Entity < TSeq > e, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_entity\_n (Entity< TSeq > e, epiworld\_fast\_uint preval)
- void add\_entity\_fun (Entity < TSeq > e, EntityToAgentFun < TSeq > fun)

# Accessing population of the model

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string Filename of the edgelist file.
skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.
size	Size of the network.
al	AdjList to read into the model.

- void agents from adjlist (std::string fn, int size, int skip=0, bool directed=false)
- void agents from adjlist (AdjList al)
- bool is\_directed () const
- std::vector< Agent< TSeq > > & get\_agents ()
- std::vector< Entity< TSeq > > & get entities ()
- void agents\_smallworld (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000, epiworld\_fast\_uint k=5, bool d=false, epiworld\_
   double p=.01)
- void agents\_empty\_graph (epiworld\_fast\_uint n=1000)

#### Functions to run the model

### Parameters

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.	
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.	
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.	

- virtual void init (epiworld fast uint ndays, epiworld fast uint seed)
- void update status ()
- void mutate variant ()
- void next ()
- · virtual void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

void run\_multiple (epiworld\_fast\_uint nexperiments, std::function< void(size\_t, Model< TSeq > \*)> fun=make save run< TSeq >(), bool reset=true, bool verbose=true, int nthreads=1)

# Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} \rightarrow \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} \rightarrow \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

#### **Parameters**

proportion	Proportion of ties to be rewired.
------------	-----------------------------------

#### Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void set\_rewire\_fun (std::function< void(std::vector< Agent< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> fun)
- void **set\_rewire\_prop** (epiworld\_double prop)
- epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- · void rewire ()

#### Export the network data in edgelist form

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- void write\_edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &source, std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > &target) const

#### Manage status (states) in the model

The functions get\_status return the current values for the statuses included in the model.

#### **Parameters**

```
lab std::string Name of the status.
```

## Returns

add\_status\* returns nothing.
get\_status\_\* returns a vector of pairs with the statuses and their labels.

- void add\_status (std::string lab, UpdateFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_status () const
- const std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > & get\_status\_fun () const
- void print\_status\_codes () const

# Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the epiworld\_fast\_uint method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the std::string method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The par() function members are aliases for get\_param().

In the case of the function read\_params, users can pass a file listing parameters to be included in the model. Each line in the file should have the following structure:

```
[name of parameter 1]: [value in double]
[name of parameter 2]: [value in double]
```

The only condition for parameter names is that these do not include a colon.

#### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch
fn	Path to the file containing parameters

#### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld\_double add\_param (epiworld\_double initial\_val, std::string pname)
- void read\_params (std::string fn)
- epiworld\_double **get\_param** (epiworld\_fast\_uint k)
- epiworld double get param (std::string pname)
- epiworld\_double **par** (epiworld\_fast\_uint k)
- epiworld\_double par (std::string pname)

# Set the user data object

#### **Parameters**

names	string vector with the names of the variables.
-------	------------------------------------------------

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

# **Queuing system**

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

void queuing on ()

Activates the queuing system (default.)

void queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

• bool is\_queuing\_on () const

Query if the queuing system is on.

Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

# Get the susceptibility reduction object

# **Parameters**

V

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class AgentsSample < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

#### **Tool Mixers**

These functions combine the effects tools have to deliver a single effect. For example, wearing a mask, been vaccinated, and the immune system combine together to jointly reduce the susceptibility for a given virus.

- std::vector< epiworld\_double > array\_double\_tmp
- std::vector< Virus< TSeq > \* > array\_virus\_tmp
- · Model ()
- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &m)=delete
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- virtual  $\sim$  Model ()
- void clone\_population (std::vector< Agent< TSeq > & other\_population, std::vector< Entity< TSeq > & other\_entities, Model< TSeq > \* other\_model, bool & other\_directed) const
- void clone population (const Model < TSeq > &other model)

# 13.20.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Model< TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Agent, Virus, and Tools.

#### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is
	represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)

# 13.20.2 Member Function Documentation

# 13.20.2.1 add\_global\_action()

Set a global action.

# **Parameters**

fun	A function to be called on the prescribed dates
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

#### 13.20.2.2 load\_agents\_entities\_ties()

Associate agents-entities from a file.

The structure of the file should be two columns separated by space. The first column indexing between 0 and nagents-1, and the second column between 0 and nentities - 1.

#### **Parameters**

fn	Path to the file.
skip	How many rows to skip.

# 13.20.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Model< TSeq >::reset [inline]
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- · set the date to 0

# 13.20.2.4 run\_multiple()

#### **Parameters**

# 13.20.2.5 set\_agents\_data()

Set the agents data object.

The data should be an array with the data stored in a column major order, i.e., by column.

# **Parameters**

data⊷	Pointer to the first element of an array of size size() *
_	ncols
ncols⇔	Number of features included in the data.

# 13.20.2.6 set\_name()

```
{\tt template}{<}{\tt typename}~{\tt TSeq}~{>}
```

```
void Model< TSeq >::set_name (
 std::string name) [inline]
```

Set the name object.

**Parameters** 

name

### 13.20.2.7 write\_data()

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

#### **Parameters**

fn_variant_info	Filename. Information about the variant.
fn_variant_hist	Filename. History of the variant.
fn_tool_info	Filename. Information about the tool.
fn_tool_hist	Filename. History of the tool.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (status)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.
fn_reproductive_number	Filename. Case by case reproductive number

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

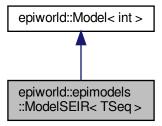
- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/model-meat-print.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-meat.hpp

# 13.21 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq > Class Template Reference

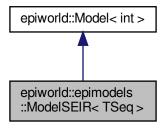
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR < TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSEIR** (ModelSEIR< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery)
- **ModelSEIR** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery)

# **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_exposed\_seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected\_seir

# 13.21.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int>
class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

# 13.21.2 Member Data Documentation

# 13.21.2.1 update\_exposed\_seir

```
template<typename TSeq = int>
epiworld::UpdateFun<TSeq> epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >::update_exposed_seir
```

### Initial value:

# 13.21.2.2 update\_infected\_seir

```
template<typename TSeq = int>
epiworld::UpdateFun<TSeq> epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIR< TSeq >::update_infected_seir
```

# Initial value:

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

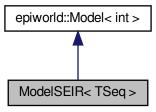
· epiworld.hpp

# 13.22 ModelSEIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

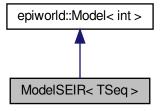
Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#include <seir.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIR< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- ModelSEIR (ModelSEIR< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery)
- **ModelSEIR** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_← double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double recovery)

# **Public Attributes**

- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_exposed\_seir
- epiworld::UpdateFun< TSeq > update\_infected\_seir

# 13.22.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int> class ModelSEIR< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

# 13.22.2 Member Data Documentation

# 13.22.2.1 update\_exposed\_seir

```
template<typename TSeq = int>
epiworld::UpdateFun<TSeq> ModelSEIR< TSeq >::update_exposed_seir
```

#### Initial value:

# 13.22.2.2 update\_infected\_seir

```
template<typename TSeq = int>
epiworld::UpdateFun<TSeq> ModelSEIR< TSeq >::update_infected_seir
```

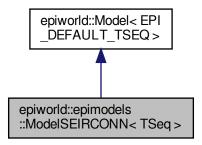
# Initial value:

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

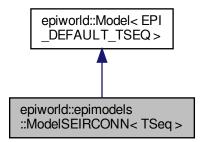
• include/epiworld/models/seir.hpp

# 13.23 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONN (ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld 
 \_double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld 
 \_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double prob\_recovery)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- ModelSEIRCONN (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double prob\_recovery)
- void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

Model < TSeq > \* clone\_ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

# **Public Attributes**

```
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> * > tracked_agents_infected = {}
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> * > tracked_agents_infected_next = {}
 bool tracked_started = false
 int tracked_ninfected = 0
 int tracked_ninfected_next = 0
```

# **Static Public Attributes**

```
 static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
 static const int EXPOSED = 1
 static const int INFECTED = 2
 static const int RECOVERED = 3
```

# 13.23.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.23.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

# **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
reproductive_number	Reproductive number (beta)
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

# 13.23.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.23.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

**Parameters** 



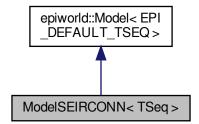
Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

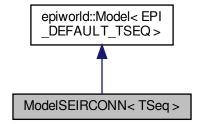
· epiworld.hpp

# 13.24 ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONN (ModelSEIRCONN < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld
 —double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld
 —double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double prob\_recovery)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

- ModelSEIRCONN (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_
   double prob\_recovery)
- void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

Model < TSeq > \* clone ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Public Attributes**

```
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> * > tracked_agents_infected = {}
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> * > tracked_agents_infected_next = {}
 bool tracked_started = false
 int tracked_ninfected = 0
 int tracked_ninfected_next = 0
```

### **Static Public Attributes**

```
 static const int SUSCEPTIBLE = 0
 static const int EXPOSED = 1
```

- static const int INFECTED = 2
- static const int RECOVERED = 3

# 13.24.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.24.1.1 ModelSEIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
reproductive_number	Reproductive number (beta)
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

# 13.24.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.24.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSEIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**



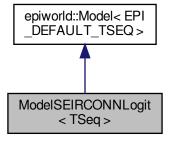
 $\label{eq:control_equation} \mbox{Reimplemented from epiworld::} \mbox{Model} < \mbox{EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ} >.$ 

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

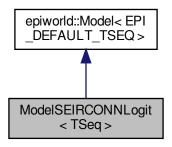
· include/epiworld/models/seirconnected.hpp

# 13.25 ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSEIRCONNLogit< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSEIRCONNLogit < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSEIRCONNLogit (ModelSEIRCONNLogit< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint
n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission,
epiworld\_double incubation\_days, epiworld\_double prob\_recovery, double \*covars, std::vector< double >
logit params)

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

• ModelSEIRCONNLogit (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld 
\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_double incubation\_days, 
epiworld\_double prob\_recovery double \*covars, std::vector< double > logit\_params)

### **Public Attributes**

- std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> \* > tracked agents infected = {}
- std::vector< epiworld::Agent<> \* > tracked agents\_infected\_next = {}
- bool tracked\_started = false
- int tracked\_ninfected = 0
- int tracked\_ninfected\_next = 0

#### 13.25.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.25.1.1 ModelSEIRCONNLogit()

```
epiworld_double prob_transmission,
epiworld_double incubation_days,
epiworld_double prob_recovery,
double * covars,
std::vector< double > logit_params) [inline]
```

Template for a Susceptible-Exposed-Infected-Removed (SEIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
reproductive_number	Reproductive number (beta)
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/seirconnected\_logit.hpp

# 13.26 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

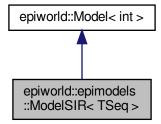
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >:



 $\label{localized_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_con$ 



# **Public Member Functions**

• **ModelSIR** (ModelSIR< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)

• **ModelSIR** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)

# **Additional Inherited Members**

# 13.26.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = int>
class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIR< TSeq >
```

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

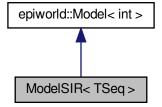
• epiworld.hpp

# 13.27 ModelSIR < TSeq > Class Template Reference

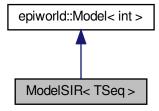
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

```
#include <sir.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIR< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIR < TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSIR** (ModelSIR< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)
- **ModelSIR** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)

# **Additional Inherited Members**

# 13.27.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq = int> class ModelSIR < TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

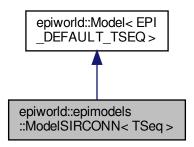
model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

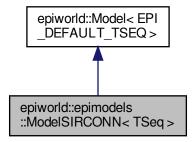
• include/epiworld/models/sir.hpp

# 13.28 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIRCONN< TSeg >:



# **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRCONN (ModelSIRCONN < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_
 double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_
 double prob\_recovery)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- **ModelSIRCONN** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_double prob\_recovery)
- void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

• Model < TSeq > \* clone ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

# **Public Attributes**

```
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent< TSeq > * > tracked_agents_infected = {}
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent< TSeq > * > tracked_agents_infected_next = {}
 bool tracked_started = false
```

int tracked\_ninfected = 0int tracked\_ninfected\_next = 0

• epiworld\_double tracked\_current\_infect\_prob = 0.0

# 13.28.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 13.28.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

## Parameters

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
reproductive_number	Reproductive number (beta)
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

#### 13.28.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 13.28.2.1 clone ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Parameters**

сору

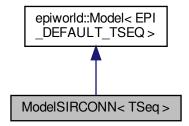
Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

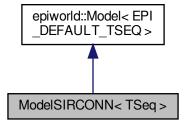
· epiworld.hpp

# 13.29 ModelSIRCONN< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIRCONN < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

ModelSIRCONN (ModelSIRCONN < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_
 double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_
 double prob\_recovery)

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

- **ModelSIRCONN** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint n, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double reproductive\_number, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission, epiworld\_double prob\_recovery)
- void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

Model < TSeq > \* clone ptr ()

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

#### **Public Attributes**

```
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent< TSeq > * > tracked_agents_infected = {}
 std::vector< epiworld::Agent< TSeq > * > tracked_agents_infected_next = {}
```

- bool tracked\_started = false
- int tracked\_ninfected = 0
- int tracked\_ninfected\_next = 0
- epiworld\_double tracked\_current\_infect\_prob = 0.0

#### 13.29.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.29.1.1 ModelSIRCONN()

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Removed (SIR) model.

#### **Parameters**

model	A Model <tseq> object where to set up the SIR.</tseq>
vname	std::string Name of the virus
prevalence	Initial prevalence (proportion)
reproductive_number	Reproductive number (beta)
prob_transmission	Probability of transmission
prob_recovery	Probability of recovery

#### 13.29.2 Member Function Documentation

## 13.29.2.1 clone\_ptr()

```
template<typename TSeq >
Model< TSeq > * ModelSIRCONN< TSeq >::clone_ptr [inline], [virtual]
```

Advanced usage: Makes a copy of data and returns it as undeleted pointer.

**Parameters** 

сору

Reimplemented from epiworld::Model < EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ >.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

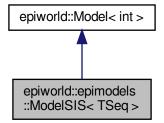
· include/epiworld/models/sirconnected.hpp

# 13.30 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq > Class Template Reference

 $\label{thm:continuous} Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.$ 

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS< TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSIS** (ModelSIS< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)
- ModelSIS (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 13.30.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq = int > class epiworld::epimodels::ModelSIS < TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

#### **Parameters**

vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immur	
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

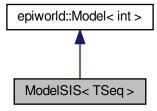
· epiworld.hpp

## 13.31 ModelSIS < TSeq > Class Template Reference

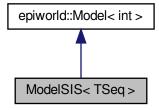
Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

```
#include <sis.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ModelSIS< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSIS < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- **ModelSIS** (ModelSIS< TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)
- **ModelSIS** (std::string vname, epiworld\_double prevalence, epiworld\_double infectiousness, epiworld\_double recovery)

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 13.31.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int> class ModelSIS< TSeq >

Template for a Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible (SIS) model.

#### **Parameters**

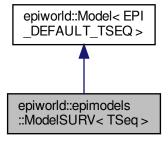
vname	std::string Name of the virus
initial_prevalence	epiworld_double Initial prevalence
initial_efficacy	epiworld_double Initial susceptibility_reduction of the immune system
initial_recovery	epiworld_double Initial recovery rate of the immune system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

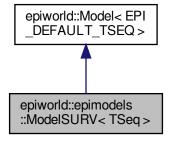
• include/epiworld/models/sis.hpp

# 13.32 epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV< TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for epiworld::epimodels::ModelSURV < TSeq >:



## **Public Member Functions**

### Construct a new ModelSURV object

The ModelSURV class simulates a survaillence model where agents can be isolated, even if asyptomatic.

#### **Parameters**

vname	String. Name of the virus
prevalence	Integer. Number of initial cases of the virus.
efficacy_vax	Double. Efficacy of the vaccine (1 - P(acquire the disease)).
latent_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (latent_period, 1) distribution.  This coincides with the expected number of latent days.
infect_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (infected_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of infectious days.
prob_symptoms	Double. Probability of generating symptoms.
prop_vaccinated	Double. Probability of vaccination. Coincides with the initial prevalence of vaccinated individuals.
prop_vax_redux_transm	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces transmissibility.
prop_vax_redux_infect	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces the chances of becoming infected.
surveillance_prob	Double. Probability of testing an agent.
prob_transmission	Double. Raw transmission probability.
prob_death	Double. Raw probability of death for symptomatic individuals.
prob_noreinfect	Double. Probability of no re-infection.

This model features the following states:

- Susceptible
- · Latent
- Symptomatic
- · Symptomatic isolated
- Asymptomatic
- · Asymptomatic isolated
- · Recovered
- Removed

#### Returns

An object of class epiworld\_surv

- ModelSURV ()
- ModelSURV (ModelSURV < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop←vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_tob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_tob=0.001, epiworld\_tob=0.001
- **ModelSURV** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0. ← 9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_← symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)

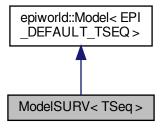
#### **Additional Inherited Members**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.33 ModelSURV < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for ModelSURV < TSeq >:



Collaboration diagram for ModelSURV < TSeq >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

#### Construct a new ModelSURV object

The ModelSURV class simulates a survaillence model where agents can be isolated, even if asyptomatic.

#### **Parameters**

vname	String. Name of the virus
prevalence	Integer. Number of initial cases of the virus.
efficacy_vax	Double. Efficacy of the vaccine (1 - P(acquire the disease)).
latent_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (latent_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of latent days.
infect_period	Double. Shape parameter of a Gamma (infected_period, 1) distribution. This coincides with the expected number of infectious days.
prob_symptoms	Double. Probability of generating symptoms.

#### **Parameters**

prop_vaccinated	Double. Probability of vaccination. Coincides with the initial prevalence of
	vaccinated individuals.
prop_vax_redux_transm	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces transmissibility.
prop_vax_redux_infect	Double. Factor by which the vaccine reduces the chances of becoming infected.
surveillance_prob	Double. Probability of testing an agent.
prob_transmission	Double. Raw transmission probability.
prob_death	Double. Raw probability of death for symptomatic individuals.
prob_noreinfect	Double. Probability of no re-infection.

This model features the following states:

- · Susceptible
- Latent
- · Symptomatic
- · Symptomatic isolated
- · Asymptomatic
- · Asymptomatic isolated
- · Recovered
- · Removed

#### Returns

An object of class epiworld\_surv

- · ModelSURV ()
- ModelSURV (ModelSURV < TSeq > &model, std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0.9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop← \_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_← prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_← double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)
- **ModelSURV** (std::string vname, epiworld\_fast\_uint prevalence=50, epiworld\_double efficacy\_vax=0. ← 9, epiworld\_double latent\_period=3u, epiworld\_double infect\_period=6u, epiworld\_double prob\_← symptoms=0.6, epiworld\_double prop\_vaccinated=0.25, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_transm=0.5, epiworld\_double prop\_vax\_redux\_infect=0.5, epiworld\_double surveillance\_prob=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_transmission=1.0, epiworld\_double prob\_death=0.001, epiworld\_double prob\_noreinfect=0.9)

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/models/surveillance.hpp

# 13.34 Network< Nettype, Nodetype, Edgetype > Class Template Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- NType ()
- Edgetype **operator()** (int i, int j)
- bool is\_directed () const
- size\_t vcount () const
- size\_t ecount () const
- void add\_edge (int i, int j)
- void **rm\_edge** (int i, int j)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/network-bones.hpp

## 13.35 epiworld::PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.36 PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/config.hpp

## 13.37 epiworld::Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Progress (int n\_, int width\_)
- void start ()
- void next ()
- void **end** ()

#### 13.37.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.38 Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include progress.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Progress (int n\_, int width\_)
- void start ()
- void next ()
- void **end** ()

#### 13.38.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/progress.hpp

## 13.39 epiworld::Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld\_fast\_int & operator[] (epiworld\_fast\_uint i)
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > \*m)

#### 13.39.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq>
class epiworld::Queue< TSeq>
```

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

#### **Template Parameters**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.40 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

```
#include <queue-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Agent < TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld\_fast\_int & operator[] (epiworld\_fast\_uint i)
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > \*m)

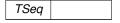
#### 13.40.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>class Queue< TSeq>

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp

## 13.41 epiworld::QueueValues Class Reference

#### **Static Public Attributes**

• static const int NoOne = 0

- static const int OnlySelf = 1
- static const int **Everyone** = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

#### 13.42 QueueValues Class Reference

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int NoOne = 0
- static const int OnlySelf = 1
- static const int **Everyone** = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/epiworld-macros.hpp

## 13.43 RandGraph Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- RandGraph (int N\_)
- · void init (int s)
- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &e)
- epiworld\_double runif ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/random\_graph.hpp

## 13.44 epiworld::SAMPLETYPE Class Reference

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int MODEL = 0
- static const int **ENTITY** = 1
- static const int AGENT = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

#### 13.45 SAMPLETYPE Class Reference

#### **Static Public Attributes**

- static const int MODEL = 0
- static const int **ENTITY** = 1
- static const int AGENT = 2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/agentssample-bones.hpp

## 13.46 epiworld::Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- void **set\_sequence** (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence (std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > d)
- std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > get\_sequence ()
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- Agent< TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- int get\_id () const
- void set\_id (int id)
- void set\_date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- · void set\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)

- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void  $default\_rm\_tool$  (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

#### 13.46.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Tool< TSeq>

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq Type of sequence

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.47 Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

#include <tool-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- void set\_sequence (TSeq d)
- void set sequence (std::shared ptr< TSeq > d)
- std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > get\_sequence ()

- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- Agent< TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- · int get id () const
- · void set id (int id)
- void set\_date (int d)
- · int get date () const
- · void set status (epiworld fast int init, epiworld fast int post)
- · void set queue (epiworld fast int init, epiworld fast int post)
- void get status (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)
- void **get\_queue** (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld double get susceptibility reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v, Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set susceptibility reduction (epiworld double \*prob)
- void set transmission reduction (epiworld double \*prob)
- void **set\_recovery\_enhancer** (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
   void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set recovery enhancer (epiworld double prob)
- void set death reduction (epiworld double prob)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void  $default\_add\_tool$  (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

#### 13.47.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq> class Tool < TSeq >
```

Tools for defending the agent against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq Type of sequence	
-----------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tool-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tool-meat.hpp

## 13.48 epiworld::Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools (Agent< TSeq> &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator **end** ()
- ToolPtr < TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

#### 13.48.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Tools< TSeq >

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.49 Tools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <tools-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::iterator end ()
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

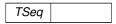
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

#### 13.49.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq>class Tools< TSeq>

Set of tools (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp

## 13.50 epiworld::Tools\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator **begin** () const
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator end () const
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size\_t i)
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

#### 13.50.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld:: Tools_const < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}
```

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.51 Tools\_const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

```
#include <tools-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tools\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator **begin** () const
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > >::const\_iterator end () const
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator() (size t i)
- const ToolPtr< TSeq > & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

#### 13.51.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Tools_const< TSeq>
```

Set of Tools (const) (useful for iterators)

#### **Template Parameters**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp

## 13.52 epiworld::UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- UserData (Model < TSeq > &m)
- UserData (Model < TSeq > \*m)
- UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()
- void get\_all (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld\_double > \*data=nullptr)
- epiworld\_fast\_uint nrow () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint **ncol** () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- void print () const

#### Append data

#### **Parameters**

Х	(	A vector of length ncol() (if vector), otherwise a epiworld_double.
j		Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol () - 1.

- void add (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)

#### Access data

#### Parameters

	Row (0 through ndays - 1.)	
j	Column (0 through ncols()).	

#### Returns

epiworld\_double&

- epiworld\_double & operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, epiworld\_fast\_uint j)
- epiworld\_double & **operator()** (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, std::string name)

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >

#### 13.52.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::UserData< TSeq>
```

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 



#### 13.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.52.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

#### **Parameters**

names A vector of names. The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.53 UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

```
#include <userdata-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- UserData (Model < TSeq > &m)
- UserData (Model < TSeq > \*m)
- UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld double > & get data ()
- void **get\_all** (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld double > \*data=nullptr)
- epiworld\_fast\_uint nrow () const
- · epiworld\_fast\_uint ncol () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- · void print () const

#### Append data

#### **Parameters**

Х	A vector of length ncol() (if vector), otherwise a epiworld_double.
j	Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol () - 1.

- void add (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add (epiworld\_fast\_uint j, epiworld\_double x)

#### Access data

#### **Parameters**

i	Row (0 through ndays - 1.)	
j	Column (0 through ncols()).	

#### Returns

epiworld\_double&

- epiworld double & operator() (epiworld fast uint i, epiworld fast uint j)
- epiworld\_double & operator() (epiworld\_fast\_uint i, std::string name)

#### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >

#### 13.53.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class UserData< TSeq>

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 

#### 13.53.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 13.53.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

#### **Parameters**

names A vector of names. The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-meat.hpp

## 13.54 epiworld::vecHasher< T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• std::size\_t **operator()** (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

### 13.54.1 Detailed Description

```
\label{template} \begin{split} & \text{template} \! < \! \text{typename T} \! > \\ & \text{struct epiworld::vecHasher} \! < \text{T} \! > \end{split}
```

Vector hasher.

Ter	nn	late	Pa	ra	mei	lers

T
---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.55 vecHasher < T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <misc.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

std::size\_t operator() (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

### 13.55.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{eq:typename} \begin{array}{l} \text{template}{<} \text{typename T}{>} \\ \text{struct vecHasher}{<} \text{T}{>} \end{array}$ 

Vector hasher.

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/misc.hpp

## 13.56 epiworld::Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

#### Virus.

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- void mutate (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_mutation (MutFun< TSeq > fun)
- const TSeq \* get\_sequence ()
- void **set\_sequence** (TSeq sequence)
- Agent < TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- void set\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, epiworld\_fast\_uint idx)
- void set date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set\_id (int idx)
- int get\_id () const
- void **set\_name** (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

#### epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_infecting (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_recovery (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld double get\_prob\_death (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- void post\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_post\_recovery (PostRecoveryFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_recovery\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_death\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set prob death (epiworld double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set prob recovery (epiworld double prob)
- void set prob death (epiworld double prob)

#### Get and set the status and queue

After applied, viruses can change the status and affect the queue of agents. These function sets the default values, which are retrieved when adding or removing a virus does not specify a change in status or in queue.

#### **Parameters**

init	After the virus/tool is added to the agent.
end	After the virus/tool is removed.
removed	After the agent (Agent) is removed.

- void set\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed=-99)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed=-99)
- void **get\_status** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >
- void default add virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

### 13.56.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Virus< TSeq>

#### Virus.

**Template Parameters** 



Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the agent.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.57 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

#### Virus.

#include <virus-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- void mutate (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_mutation (MutFun < TSeq > fun)
- const TSeq \* get\_sequence ()
- void **set\_sequence** (TSeq sequence)
- Agent < TSeq > \* get\_agent ()
- void set\_agent (Agent < TSeq > \*p, epiworld\_fast\_uint idx)
- void set\_date (int d)

- int get\_date () const
- void set\_id (int idx)
- · int get id () const
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

#### epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_infecting (Model< TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double **get\_prob\_recovery** (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_death (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void post\_recovery (Model < TSeq > \*model)
- void set\_post\_recovery (PostRecoveryFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set post immunity (epiworld double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_recovery\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_death\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double prob)

#### Get and set the status and queue

After applied, viruses can change the status and affect the queue of agents. These function sets the default values, which are retrieved when adding or removing a virus does not specify a change in status or in queue.

#### **Parameters**

init	After the virus/tool is added to the agent.		
end	After the virus/tool is removed.		
removed	After the agent (Agent) is removed.		

- · void set status (epiworld fast int init, epiworld fast int end, epiworld fast int removed=-99)
- void **set\_queue** (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed=-99)
- void **get\_status** (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed=nullptr)
- void get queue (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*end, epiworld fast int \*removed=nullptr)

#### **Friends**

- class Agent < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >

- class DataBase< TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

## 13.57.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class Virus< TSeq >
```

#### Virus.

**Template Parameters** 



Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the agent.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

## 13.58 epiworld::Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

```
#include <epiworld.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::iterator end ()
- VIRUSPTR & operator() (size\_t i)
- VIRUSPTR & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

### 13.58.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class epiworld::Viruses< TSeq>

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	
,	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.59 Viruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

#include <viruses-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses (Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::iterator begin ()
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::iterator end ()
- VIRUSPTR & operator() (size\_t i)
- VIRUSPTR & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

### 13.59.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq> class Viruses < TSeq >

Set of viruses (useful for building iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp

## 13.60 epiworld::Viruses const< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <epiworld.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::const\_iterator end () const
- const VIRUSPTR & operator() (size ti)
- const VIRUSPTR & operator[] (size\_t i)
- · size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus < TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

#### 13.60.1 Detailed Description

 $\label{template} \begin{tabular}{ll} template < typename TSeq > \\ class epiworld:: Viruses\_const < TSeq > \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· epiworld.hpp

## 13.61 Viruses\_const < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

#include <viruses-bones.hpp>

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Viruses\_const (const Agent < TSeq > &p)
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::const\_iterator begin () const
- std::vector< VIRUSPTR >::const\_iterator end () const
- const VIRUSPTR & operator() (size\_t i)
- const VIRUSPTR & operator[] (size\_t i)
- size\_t size () const noexcept

#### **Friends**

- class Virus< TSeq >
- class Agent < TSeq >

## 13.61.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq > class Viruses\_const < TSeq > Set of Viruses (const) (useful for iterators)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/agent-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/viruses-bones.hpp

# **Chapter 14**

## **File Documentation**

## 14.1 include/epiworld/agent-meat-status.hpp File Reference

Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file.

#include "agent-meat-virus-sampling.hpp"
Include dependency graph for agent-meat-status.hpp:



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This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

- template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ>
   void default\_update\_susceptible (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- template<typename TSeq = EPI\_DEFAULT\_TSEQ> void **default\_update\_exposed** (Agent< TSeq > \*p, Model< TSeq > \*m)

## 14.1.1 Detailed Description

Sampling functions are getting big, so we keep them in a separate file.

Author

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Version

0.1

Date

2022-06-15

Copyright

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