```
In [ ]: #LINEAR ALGEBRA
         #x+y=2
         #2x+3y=6
         # Find x and y value
In [4]: import numpy as np
         a=np.array([[1,1],[2,3]])
         b=np.array([[2,6],[3,8]])
         print(a,type(a))
         print(b,type(b))
         [[1 \ 1]
          [2 3]] <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
         [[2 6]
          [3 8]] <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
In [5]: #solving linear algebra equations
         np.linalg.solve(a,b)
         array([[ 3., 10.],
Out[5]:
                [-1., -4.]])
In [6]: #solving linear Algebra quotations
         sol=np.linalg.solve(a,b)
         print(sol,type(sol))
         [[ 3. 10.]
          [-1. -4.]] <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
In [7]: print("Value of x =",sol[0])
         print("Value of y =",sol[1])
         Value of x = [3.10.]
         Value of y = [-1, -4]
In [8]: print("Type of Linear Object =",type(np.linalg))
         Type of Linear Object = <class 'module'>
In [9]: a
Out[9]: array([[1, 1],
                [2, 3]])
In [11]: a.T # T is used for transpose of the matrix
         array([[1, 2],
Out[11]:
                [1, 3]])
In [16]: a= np.matrix([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9])
         print (a,type(a),id(a))
         [[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]] <class 'numpy.matrix'> 2495294208928
In [18]: a.shape=[3,3]
         a
         matrix([[1, 2, 3],
                 [4, 5, 6],
                [7, 8, 9]])
In [19]: a
         matrix([[1, 2, 3],
                 [4, 5, 6],
                [7, 8, 9]])
In [20]: a.T
         matrix([[1, 4, 7],
                [2, 5, 8],
                [3, 6, 9]])
In [25]: a=np.sort(a)
         a
         matrix([[1, 2, 3],
Out[25]:
                 [4, 5, 6],
                 [7, 8, 9]])
In [26]: a= np.transpose(a)
In [27]: a
         matrix([[1, 4, 7],
                 [2, 5, 8],
                 [3, 6, 9]])
```