DAA ASSIGNMENT

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CSM21051

A. THE ALGORITHM:

- 1: start
- 2: Read the image and store in 2D array
- 4: For each rgb value P(i,j) of image 2D array
 - 4.1: Calculate diagonal gradient

```
gradient_cross = \{P(i,j)-P(i+1,j+1)\} + \{P(i,j+1)-P(i+1,j)\}
```

4.2: Calculate horizontal and vertical gradient

```
gradient_plus = \{P(i,j)-P(i,j+1)\} + \{P(i,j)-P(i+1,j)\}
```

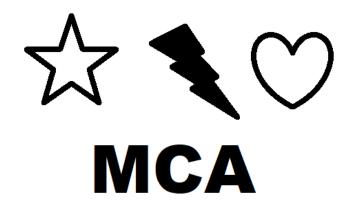
- 4.3: if gradient_cross or gradient_plus is none zero than EDGE pixel found and change the color to red.
 - 4.4 else keep the same as image pixel value.
- 5. Save the new generate 2D array as Image.
- 6. Stop.

Code Snippet:

```
int[][] GImg = new int[width][height];

for (int i = 0; i < width -1; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < height-1; j++) {
        int p1 = PImg[i][j];
        int p2 = PImg[i][j + 1];
        int p3 = PImg[i+1][j];
        int p4 = PImg[i+1][j+1];
        int gradient_cross = (p1-p4) + (p2-p3);
        int gradient_plus = (p1-p2) + (p1-p3);
        if(gradient_cross!=0 || gradient_plus!=0)
            GImg[i][j]=16711680;
        else
            GImg[i][j]=PImg[i][j];
        }
}</pre>
```

C. Input:



Output:



D. **Time Complexity**: (width * height) of the input image.

-> O(n^2).