UMMUL QURA HIGH SCHOOL

Arowona Bus-stop, Amuloko Area, Akanran Road, Ibadan.

2ND TERM 2020/2021 EXAMINATION

Subject: National Value Class: JSS2 Duration: 2hrs 30mins

Objective Test

1. ____ can be defined as government 5. is a body which is responsible of the people by the people and for for organising and conducting elections in Nigeria the people. A. Democrats A. political parties B. INEC B. Democracy C. Rule of law C. pressure group D. Majority rule D. Arms of government 2. Which of the following is not a 6. Which of the following is not a feature of democracy? function of INEC? A. Registration of parties A. registration of parties B. Rule of law B. registration of voters C. provision of electoral materials C. Majority rules D. Period free and fair election D. changing of government 7. All of the following are the pillars of 3. All the following are democratic institution except democracy except A. independent national electoral A. people commission B. rule of law B. political parties C. faulty electoral process C. pressure group D. democratic institution D. Arms of state 8. Democratic institutions include the 4. All the following are types of following except election except A. independent electoral A. direct commission B. indirect B. political parties C. bye-election C. pressure group

Examiner: Mrs. Oladoja M.

D. voting

D. executives

- 9. Arms of government include the following except
 - A. legislature
 - B. executives
 - C. judiciary
 - D. watchdogs
- 10. ____ is the supremacy of law over everybody in political system.
 - A. Law
 - B. Rule of law
 - C. Transparent electoral system
 - D. Democratic institution
- 11. The full meaning of PVC is
 - A. permanent voted card
 - B. permanent voter chord
 - C. permanent vexted card
 - D. permanent voters cards
- 12. Which of the following is not a basic qualification for election?
 - A. Non-residential qualification
 - B. citizenship
 - C. Age
 - D. Educational qualification
- 13. All the following are the importance of election except
 - A. free choice of electing leaders
 - B. does accreditation
 - C. changes from one government to the other
 - D. foster democracy
- 14. All the following happened during election day except
 - A. accreditation
 - B. voting.
 - C. voter registration
 - D. announcement of the result

- 15. ____ is an election conducted to ascertain the position of the electorate on a certain issues.
 - A. Nomination paper
 - B. free of bankruptcy
 - C. referendum
 - D. No criminal record
- 16. Which of the following is not an effect of political instability?
 - A. Burning of houses
 - B. military coup
 - C. political assassination
 - D. unemployment
- 17. Election rigging is carried out through the following except
 - A. violence
 - B. ballot box stuffing
 - C. gunshots
 - D. foreign investors.
- 18. Civic societies should be encouraged and developed as
 - A. watch
 - B. dog
 - C. watchdogs
 - D. all of the above
- 19. All of the following are part of social studies except
 - A. economics
 - B. geography
 - C. history
 - D. anthropology
- 20. Which of the following is an objective of social studies?
 - A. Unity
 - B. Education of children
 - C. protection
 - D. to inculcate the right type of values and attitude

21.	Extended family is also known as		B. single parents
	family.		C. extended
	A. double		D. staggering family
	B. joint	27.	is a group of people who live
	C. separate		together.
	D. cohesion		A. Share
	means father, mother,		B. Cohesion
	daughter, sons, grandparents,		C. Family
	uncles, nieces, and nephew		D. Bond
	A. Single parent family	28.	is a binding contract between
	B. Nuclear family		two parties that joins together their
	C. Extended family		possessions, income and lives.
	D. Monogamous family		A. Marriage
	is one where either the mother		B. Procreation
	or father is caring for the children in		C. Protection
	the family.		D. Sexual satisfaction
	A. Nuclear family	29.	Marriage is meant to provide
	B. Extended family		children for the next generation.
	C. A single parent family		This is
	D. A double parents family		A. sexual satisfaction
24.	Which of the following is not an		B. procreation
	importance of good family		C. satisfying economic and social
	reputation?		needs
	A. Good name		D. protection
	B. Respect from other members of	30.	Marriage provides a healthy place to
	the community		express sexuality without oneself up
	C. Affects social circle		to the severe emotional damage is
	D. family is neglect		A. reduces social problems
25.	All of the following are the		B. protection
	advantages of living together in the		C. procreation
	family except		D. sexual satisfaction
	A. protection	31.	Marriage helps to reduces social
	B. unity		problems
	C. education of children		A. true
	D. bad social behaviour		B. of course not
26.	All of the following are types of a		C. false
	family except		D. I don't think so
	A. nuclear		

- 32. When children inherit their parents property and possibly their fathers status is
 - A. acts as a means of regulating inheritance
 - B. reduces social problems
 - C. protection
 - D. procreation
- 33. Marriage helps to join together except
 - A. possessions
 - B. income
 - C. lives
 - D. social problems
- 34. _____ refers to regular income of man.
 - A. financial readiness
 - B. socially stability
 - C. psychological fitness
 - D. physiological fitness
- 35. ____ refers to the basic needs of man.
 - A. financial readiness
 - B. socially stability
 - C. psychological fitness
 - D. physiological fitness
- 36. ____ is the behaviour of man.
 - A. socially stability
 - B. physiological fitness

- C. psychological fitness
- D. financial fitness
- 37. Which of the following is not an effect of lack of readiness?
 - A. broken home
 - B. physiological fitness
 - C. constant fight
 - D. divorce
- 38. Marriage is a binding contract between the _____ parties that joins together their possessions, income and lives.
 - A. two
 - B. three
 - C. four
 - D. five
- 39. Which of the following is not a punishable offence?
 - A. raping
 - B. loyalty
 - C. cultism
 - D. kidnapping
- 40. The association of people from the same religious are known as
 - A. Faith-based Organisations
 - B. Trade Union
 - C. Ethics Association
 - D. Civic Society Organizations

SECTION B: **THEORY**

Answer any three (3) questions

1a. What do you understand by family Bond and Cohesic	n? (3mks)		
b. Mention seven (7) purposes of marriage.	(7mks)		
2a. What is social studies?	(3mks)		
b. State four (4) objectives of social studies.	(4mks)		
c. State three (3) advantages of living together in a family. (3mks)			
3a. Explain the meaning of Electoral malpractice.	(3mks)		
b. List seven (7) types/forms of electoral malpractice.	(7mks)		
4a. Define the following :			
i. Election.	(2mks)		
ii. Voter.	(2mks)		
iii. Voting.	(2mks)		
b. State four (4) basic qualifications for election.	(4mks)		
5a. List four (4) pillars of democracy.	(8mks)		
b. Define pillars of democracy.	(2mks)		