# UMMUL-QURA HIGH SCHOOL

Arowona Bus-Stop, Amuloko, Ibadan, Oyo State Second Term Examination, 2020/2021 Academic Session.

**Subject:** BST I **Class:** JSS 2 **Time:** 2:30 hours

Instructions: Answer all questions in Section A and two in Section B.

## PAPER I & II [Objective and Theory]

# SECTION A: OBJECTIVE (40 marks).

#### **BASIC SCIENCE**

- A ball of 2 kg was played to hang on top of 15 m pole. Calculate its potential energy.
  - [Take g =  $10.0 \, m/s^2$ ]
    - A. 200 N
    - B. 300 N
    - C. 2.5 J
    - D. 300 J
- 2. The capacity of any system to do work is called ----.
  - A. power
  - B. work
  - C. energy
  - D. newton
- 3. The scientist that proposed the universally accepted principles of gravitation is called ---.
  - A. Michael Faraday
  - B. Watt
  - C. Aristotle
  - D. Sir Isaac Newton
- 4. Which of the following statements is not correct about boiling and evaporation?
  - A. Boiling takes place at any temperature of liquids and different liquids have different evaporating points
  - B. Steady temperature is not important in evaporation but

- during boiling the temperature must be steady
- C. Evaporation is slower while boiling is faster
- Boiling is affected by the degree or intensity of the applied heat but evaporation doe not
- 5. Which of the following is compressible?
  - A. Solid
  - B. Liquid
  - C. Gas
  - D. Both liquid and gas
- 6. What is the kinetic energy of a fired bullet of mass 0.5 *kg* that moves with a velocity of 8 *m/s*?
  - A. 8*J*
  - B. 2 J
  - C. 16 J
  - D. 4*J*
- 7. Calculate the work done by a student that used a force of 2 *N* to carry a load to a distance of 10 *m*.
  - A. 20 J
  - B. 5*J*
  - C. 10 J
  - D. 2*J*
- 8. The energy possessed by a moving body is known as ----- energy.

- A. electrical
- B. potential
- C. chemical
- D. kinetic
- The measure of the earth's gravitational pull on a body is known as ----.
  - A. area
  - B. mass
  - C. height
  - D. weight
- 10. A state of **not** experiencing gravitational force is called ----.
  - A. acceleration
  - B. gravitation
  - C. velocity
  - D. weightlessness
- 11. All the following are examples of agrochemicals except ----.
  - A. dyes
  - B. de-warmers
  - C. insecticides
  - D. fertilizers
- 12. Chemicals that are used by farmers are classified as ----.
  - A. Pharmaceutical
  - B. industrial
  - C. agrochemicals
  - D. none of these
- 13. When a chemical is dangerous and poisonous, it described as ----.
  - A. non-hazardous and toxic
  - B. hazardous and toxic
  - C. explosives and corrosive
  - D. inflammable
- 14. Which of the following is **not** correct?
  - A. Chemical bottles should be well labelled
  - B. Chemicals should be well stored in a dry and cool place

- C. Safety signs and instructions should be partially followed
- D. Unlabeled chemicals should be discarded
- 15. Chemicals are classified based on -----. I intended use, II hazardous nature, III process of manufacturing
  - A. I and II only
  - B. I, II and III only
  - C. II only
  - D. II only
- 16. What makes man unique is the ----.
  - A. ability to walk uprightly on two legs
  - B. ability to produce young ones
  - C. possession of bigger and highly developed brain
  - D. possession of audible speech
- 17. ---- habitat is a type of aquatic habitat where the salt content is between, 0.5ppm and 28ppm.
  - A. Marine
  - B. Brackish
  - C. Fresh water
  - D. Sahel savannah
- 18. Aquatic habitat is classified into three based on ----.
  - A. physical factor
  - B. aquatic organisms
  - C. salinity
  - D. water volume
- 19. The following are adaptive features of terrestrial animal *except* ----.
  - A. fins
  - B. hair
  - C. lungs
  - D. limbs
- 20. Which of the following is an example of arboreal habitat?

- A. Tree snake
- B. Land snake
- C. Water snake
- D. Land goat

### **PHYSICAL EDUCATION**

- 21. When a ball is served and hit the net before falling into an opponent court, the occurrence is known as -----.
  - A. duce
  - B. ace
  - C. let
  - D. skill
- 22. Law tennis is also known as formally called ----.
  - A. tennis
  - B. table tennis
  - C. spairistrike
  - D. lawn
- 23. The following are the skills in table tennis except ----.
  - A. smash
  - B. kill
  - C. drop
  - D. grips
- 24. In table tennis and lawn tennis when a player has no point, it means ----.
  - A. love
  - B. 1<sup>st</sup> point
  - C. kill
  - D. advantage out
- 25. When two players have the same score of 3 point, it is called ----.
  - A. chop
  - B. advantage in
  - C. advantage -out
  - D. deuce
- 26. The dimensions of table tennis board is ----.
  - A. 7.24 by 1.55 m
  - B. 2.74 by 1.525 m
  - C. 2.74 by 2.525 m

- D. 7.24 by 15 m
- 27. Modern Tennis was introduced by --

--.

- A. William Morgan
- B. James Smith
- C. Konrad Koch
- D. Waiter Wingfield
- 28. Continuous exchange of strokes over the net is referred to as ----.
  - A. let
  - B. rally
  - C. ace
  - D. half volley
- 29. An immediate care given to an injured or sick person is known as ---
  - A. accident
  - B. treatment
  - C. first aid
  - D. injury
- 30. When was the tennis game introduced?
  - A. 1983
  - B. 1873
  - C. 1940
  - D. 1783
- 31. Bat is otherwise called ----.
  - A. Ratchet
  - B. paddle
  - C. shuttle cork
  - D. ball
- 32. A ---- is conducted to determine the first player to serve in tennis.
  - A. Toss of coin
  - B. Jump ball
  - C. Rally
  - D. Scoring
- 33. Table tennis is started with a ----.
  - A. bounce
  - B. pass
  - C. kick

- D. Service
- 34. When was the first international table tennis competition held? ----.
  - A. 1827
  - B. 1927
  - C. 1972
  - D. 1872
- 35. ---- is an injury caused by and heat.
  - A. Falls
  - B. Burn
  - C. Scald
  - D. Cut
- 36. An injury sustained from hot liquid or steam is referred to as ----.
  - A. burn
  - B. scald
  - C. cut
  - D. falls
- 37. Which of these is not a cause of sport injury?
  - A. Adequate supervision
  - B. Wet sport ground

- C. Unequal match
- D. Failure to follow instructions
- 38. Which one of the following is not a prevention of school accident?
  - A. Use of faulty equipment
  - B. Provision of a conducive teaching and learning environment
  - C. Adequate instruction
  - D. Provision of fire extinguisher
- 39. A kind of wound sustained from sharp objects like broken bottle and knife is called ----.
  - A. puncture wound
  - B. lacerated wound
  - C. incised wound
  - D. bruises
- 40. ---- is freedom from injury.
  - A. First aid
  - B. Accident
  - C. Safety
  - D. Safety education

# SECTION B: THEORY (40 marks).

*Instructions*: Answer *two* questions in *ALL* question <u>one</u> is compulsory.

- 1a. Define the following terms;
  - a) Work
  - b) Energy
  - c) Power
- 1b. State the laws of conservation of energy.
- 1b. State *three* forms of energy
- 1c. i. A load of mass 12 kg was raised through a vertical height of 5m in 30 s. If acceleration due to gravity is 10 m/s2. Calculate;
  - i. Force
  - ii. Work done
  - iii. Power
  - ii. A concrete block weighed 50 N was lay overhead bridge. Calculate its potential energy.
- 2a. Define the following terms;
  - i. Safety education
  - ii. Accident
  - iii. First aid
- 2b. State *three* rules in playing tennis.
- 2c. i. List any *six* skills in ping-pong game.
  - ii. List and explain *four* languages of tennis.
- 3a. State *two* factors that affects evaporation
- 3b. What is sport injuries? Explain *two* causes of sport injuries.
- 3c. i. A rock of 5 kg rolls down a tilt with a velocity of 10 m/s. Calculate it kinetic energy.
  - ii. Mention *three* states of matter.