UMMUL QURA HIGH SCHOOL AROWONA BUS-STOP, AMULOKO-AKANRAN ROAD, IBADAN. 2020/2021 SECOND TERM EXAMINATION

DURATION: 2hrs: 30mins

SUBJECT: PRE-VOC

CLASS: JSS 2 INSTRUCTION: Attempt section A and B **SECTION A: OBJECTIVES** 1. Farm produces are stored for the (b) Arable following reasons except_ (c) Biannual (a) For availability of food (d) Perennial (b) To control pest 7. Which of this is not a food (c) For favorable price preservation method _____ (d) To increase femine (a) burning 2. Grain farm produce are best stored in (b) Freezing (c) Salting (a) Barn (b) Rhumbos (d) Smoking (c) Sacks 8. Farm animals are kept for the following purpose except _____ (d) Silo 3. Food spoilage can be prevented by (a) Provision of income storing foodstuff under-conditioned (b) Provision of labour (c) Provision of protein in diets (a) Cold (b) Hot (d) Source of farm power (c) Moist 9. A branch of agriculture which deals with production and management of (d) Warm 4. Raw meat should be stored in the fishes is (a) Middle shelf (a) Fishery (b) Refrigerator (b) Snail (c) Top most shelf (c) Net catch (d) Vegetable crisper (d) Trap 5. Farm animals can broadly be divided 10. Diary animals are animals kept into _____ except ____ mainly for (a) Aquatic and terrestrial (a) Dual purpose (b) Egg production (b) Endoparasite and ectoparasite (c) Land and water (c) Fulani (d) Ruminants and non-ruminants (d) Milk production 6. A crop coas planted in the month of 11. We eat food so as to give us _____ (a) Energy for daily activities September and harvested in the month of February the following (b) Energy for song (c) Energy to make noise year. What class does the plant belong? (d) Protein to laugh 12. The energy giving food is ___ (a) Annual

(a) Carbonhydrates	(c) Cotton seed
(b) Protein	(d) Fish
(c) Rice	19. Concentrate are foods rich in
(d) Water	(a) Fibre content
13. Availability of farm produce	(b) Fat content
throughtout the year is achieved by	(c) Energy content
the following practices except	(d) Mineral content
(a) Distribution	20. Fats and oils supply in the
(b) Harvesting	food of farm animals
(c) Processing	(a) Protein
(d) Storage	(b) Energy
14. Food stuffs that could be stored for a	(c) Vitamins minerals
long period are called	(d) Minerals
(a) Non-perishable	21. Corns rhizones and tuber are
(b) Non-protective	examples of
(c) Protective	(a) Underground stems
(d) Perishable	(b) Underground roots
15. Some useful products we get from	(c) Modified leaves
farm animals include the following	(d) Aerial stem
except	22. Which of the following is not a tool
(a) Meat	for taking body measurement?
(b) Breast	(a) Measuring tape
(c) Egg	(b) Pencil
(d) Milk	(c) Paper
16. Which of these is not a food	(d) String
nutrient?	23. There are types of patterns
(a) Sugar	(a) Five
(b) Protein	(b) Four
(c) Mineral	(c) Three
(d) Vitamin	(d) Two
17. Carbonhydrate rich food include the	24. All these measurement are needed
following except	for girls except measurement
(a) Yam	(a) Bust
(b) Maize	(b) Waist
(c) Beans	(c) Hip
(d) Guinea corn	(d) Neck
18. The following are examples of food	25. The process of buying food in large
rich in protein except	quantities is called
(a) Soyabean	(a) Bulk purchasing
(b) Millet	(b) Wise purchasing

(c) Impulse buying	(a) Plucking
(d) Good purchasing	(b) Digging
26. The foods that get spoilt easily is	(c) Picking
	(d) Cutting
(a) Perishable	33. Feed troughs are used to feed
(b) Non-perishable	(a) Concentrates
(c) Cooked food	(b) Hay
(d) Uncooked food	(c) Water
27. The process of keeping food cold is	(d) Mineral block
	34. Diseases of farm animals are usually
(a) Refrigeration	caused by the following organism
(b) Milling	except
(c) Per boiling	(a) Virus
(d) Fermentation	(b) Bacteria
28. Lack of proper storage and	(c) Warms
management can lead to food	(d) Nematode
(a) Spoilage	35. An example of a protozoan disease
(b) Fermentation	of farm animals is
(c) Milling	(a) Swine power
(d) Grading	(b) Red water ever
29. Examples of perishable foods	(c) Fowl cholera
include these except	(d) Aspergillosis
(a) Milk	36. Which of the following is an effect
(b) Vegetables	of disease on farm animals?
(c) Sea foods	(a) Reduced productivity
(d) Flour	(b) Large egg size
30. Which of the following cannot be	(c) Increased feed intake
considered in selection of sit?	(d) Increased market value
(a) Roads	37. Ticks are generally controlled by the
(b) Water supply	use of
(c) Soil conditions	(a) Acaricides
(d) Animals	(b) Fumigants
31. The following are methods of	(c) Herbicides
weeding except	(d) Insecticides
(a) Cultural method	38. Which of the following organisms is
(b) Solution method	not an ectoparasite?
(c) Chemical method	(a) Flea
(d) Mechanical method	(b) Lause
32. The method of harvesting used in	(c) Both Aand B
vam and cassava is	(d) None of the above

39. Which of the following is not a	40. All these except are types of
laundering process?	household linens
(a) Bluing	(a) Curtains
(b) Sewing	(b) Drying
(c) Soaking	(c) Bedsheets
(d) Starching	(d) Table cloth

SECTION B: THEORY PART INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

1a. Define planting operation	(2 marks)
1b. State three factors that may cause non-germination of seeds	(6 marks)
1c. State two importance of storage	(2 marks)
2a. Define pattern?	(2 marks)
2b. State types of pattern and define them	(6 marks)
2c. State two tools of fashion designing and their uses	(2 marks)
3a,i. Define food purchasing?	(2 marks)
3a,ii. State two reason for preserving foods	(3 marks)
3b,i. Define animal pests?	(2 marks)
3b,ii. State two classification of farm animal parasites with one example	(3 marks)
4a. List two types of foodstuffs	(2 marks)
4b. Explain two types of foodstuff	(4 marks)
4c. List four wise buying practices	(4 marks)