UMMUL QURA HIGH SCHOOL AROWONA BUS-STOP, AMULOKO-AKANRAN ROAD, IBADAN. 2020/2021 THIRD TERM EXAMINATION

SUBJECT: BST1 DURATION: 2hrs: 30mins

CLASS: JSS1 INSTRUCTION: Attempt section A and B

SECTION A: OBJECTIVES

1.	Drug abuse include the following	C. Building
	Except	D. Animals
	A. Buying drug from peddlers	7. The <i>most</i> effective way of
	B. Taking drug from the hospitals	controlling soil pollution is
	C. Using overdose	A. Recycling
	D. Self medication	B. Burning
2.	All these are social problems caused	C. Burying
	by drug abuse <i>except</i>	D. All of the above
	A. Street fighting	8. A <i>negative</i> effect of human activities
	B. Road accident	on the environment is
	C. Mental disorderliness	A. Building of houses
	D. Broken homes	B. Construction of roads
3.	The following are commonly abuse	C. Polluting the environment
	drugs <i>Except</i>	D. Planting of trees
	A. Cocaine	9. An <i>example</i> of a gaseous air
	B. Indian hemp	pollutant is
	C. Panadol	A. Used batteries
	D. Heroine	B. Broken bottles
4.	The <i>best</i> method of sewage disposal	C. Carbon monoxide
	is	D. Sewage
	A. Septic tank system	10. A <i>positive</i> effect of human activities
	B. Open field system	in the environment is
	C. Pit latrine	A. Soil erosion
	D. Pail or bucket latrine	B. Pollution
5.	Old method of sewage disposal is no	C. Desertification
	longer in used because	D. Empowerment
	A. It is expensive	11. The <i>energy</i> of a moving object is
	B. It is cheap	
	C. It spread diseases	A. Nuclear energy
	D. It is safe	B. Kinetic energy
6.	Our environment consist of the	C. Electrical energy
	followings <i>Except</i>	D. Potential energy
	A. Snow	12. The <i>unit</i> of work is
	R Plant	A Newton

B. Volts	A. Anything that has weight and
C. Joules	occupy space
D. Ohms	B. Anything that has weight only
13. Energy from the <i>sun</i> is called	C. Anything that occupies space only
A. Radiant energy	D. Anything that exist
B. Chemical energy	20. The energy that enables us to <i>hear</i>
C. Nuclear energy	ourselves is
D. Sound energy	A. Solar energy
14. Calculate the <i>work done</i> by a student	B. Sound energy
that used a force of 20N to carry a	C. Electrical energy
bag to a distance of 10m.	D. Radio energy
A. 10J	21. What keeps us <i>physically</i> fit?
B. 12J	A. Picnic
C. 20J	B. Rhythm
D. 5J	C. Exercise
15. The state of doing work is <i>called</i>	D. Work
	22. The ability to combine strength with
A. Force	speed while moving is
B. Power	a. Balance
C. Energy	b. Power
D. Density	c. Strength
16. Plants are <i>different</i> from animals in	d. Speed
that they can	23. The preliminary exercise that one
A. Respire	engages in before the actual skills is
B. Manufacture their own food	referred to as
C. Move from place to place	A. Run – up
D. Reproduce	B. Warm – up
17. All living things are known by their	C. Pull – up
ability <i>to</i>	D. Chinese get up
A. Walk	24. <i>One</i> of the following is an exercises
B. Run	to develop cardiovascular endurance
C. Move	a. Crab walk
D. Thing	b. Sit up
18. The <i>three</i> state of matter are	c. Hand stand
	d. cycling
A. Solid, liquid and gas	25. Dancing is an aspect of physical
B. Red, blue and yellow	education used for
C. Tall, short and fat	A. Self expression
D. Element, compound and mixture	B. Body control
19. Mixture <i>is</i>	C. Relaxation
	D. Exercises

26. A series of movements and steps that	B. 25.55m
match the <i>speed</i> and <i>rhythm</i> of	C. 2.50m
music is	D. 2.135m
A. Recreation	33. The full meaning of <i>FIFA</i> is
B. Singing	
C. Dance	A. Federation International Football
D. Meditating	Association
27. The following are outdoor	B. Federation of International
recreational activities Except	Football Association
	C. Federal Islamic Football
A. Tourism	Association
B. Playing cards	D. Federal international Football
C. Beach games	Association
D. Visiting parks	34. Modern day soccer was established
28. Activities performed during leisure	in
or free time is <i>called</i>	A. 1863
A. Dance	B. 1866
B. Leisure	C. 1846
C. Fitness	D. 1893
D. Recreation	35. The No1 player in soccer is <i>called</i>
29. The competitive sports which	
involve running on the track,	A. Referee
<i>jumping</i> and <i>throwing</i> on the field is	B. Umpire
	C. Starter
A. Throwing	D. Goalkeeper
B. Athletics	36. The <i>dimensions</i> of soccer field
C. Jumping	measure is
D. Gymnastic	A. 100m by 75m
30. The weight of men's shot is	B. 95m by 65m
A. 7.26kg	C. 110m by 75m
B. 5.4kg	D. 120m by 60m
C. 3.75kg	37. Volley ball was introduced in
D. 4.26kg	
31. The following are track event <i>Except</i>	A. 1947
	B. 1895
A. 110m hurdles	C. 1934
B. Discus	D. 1857
C. 100m	38. Volley ball court <i>measures</i>
D. 400m race	A. 15m by 28m
32. The following sector for discus <i>is</i>	B. 9m by 18m
	C. 20m by 40m
A. 25.0m	D. 10m by 15m

- 39. The following are contact games
 - Except
 - A. Judo
 - B. Soccer
 - C. Swimming
 - D. Wrestling

- 40. _____ is scored by the defensive man, that is, the wrestler on the mat.
 - A. The fall
 - B. Escape
 - C. The takedown
 - D. The reversal

SECTION B: THEORY PART

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

- 1a,(i). Explain the *meaning* of force
 - ii. Mention two types of force
- b. Calculate the gravitational force of mass 10kg, if the acceleration due to gravity is 8m/s^2
- c(i). What is *friction*?
 - ii. State two advantages and disadvantages of friction
- 2a,(i). List *three* factors that determine a person health
 - ii. Itemize three characteristics of a healthy person
- b,(i). What is pollution?
 - ii. State three items that can pollute water
- c(i). Differentiate *between* sewage and refuse
 - ii. List *three* methods of disposing refuse
- 3a(i). Mention and explain *three* swimming skills relevant to swimming competition?
 - ii. Highlight *five* hygiene rules in swimming
- b(i). List *two* ways by which energy can be misuse?
 - ii. Give *three* advantages of renewable and non-renewable energy
- c(i). State the *law* of conversation of energy
 - ii. List *two* types of water suitable for swimming activities.

Ummul qura high school

- 1. In board practice when you place the drawing paper on the board, the first thing you need to do is to make sure the surface is
 - A. Smooth
 - B. Rough
 - C. Block
 - D. Opaque
- 2. In tips for attaching the drawing sheet to the board, position the paper close to the
 - A. Left side of the board
 - B. Right side of the board
 - C. No side of the board
 - D. Up side of the board
- 3. The following are three (3) ways of sharpening a pencil except
 - A. Use a pencil sharpener
 - B. Use a knife
 - C. Use a file or sand paper pad
 - D. Use axe
- 4. To sharpen a pencil to a conical point with
 - A. A file
 - B. A axe
 - C. Cloth
 - D. Cutlass
- 5. The boarder is usually _____ from the edge of paper
 - A. 10mm
 - B. 30mm
 - C. 40mm
 - D. 50mm
- 6. The following are tips to draw horizontal lines except
 - A. Keep the head of the T-square in firm contact with the left edge of the board

- B. Use the upper edge of the blade/ruler of the T-square for drawing lines
- C. Drawing lines from left to right
- D. If you are drawing a line tear the paper
- 7. To draw long vertical lines, you should use the
 - A. T Square
 - B. Blade
 - C. Ruler
 - D. None of the above
- 8. The following are tips to draw vertical line except
 - A. Hold the base of the triangle / set square against the blade/ruler of the T square
 - B. Draw lines from the bottom to the top
 - C. If you are drawing a set of lines, work from left to right
 - D. Don't draw properly
- 9. Drawing without instruments, except for a pencil is called
 - A. Freehand sketching
 - B. Instruction
 - C. Drawing book
 - D. Sketching
- 10. All rough sketches are
 - A. Freehand
 - B. Paper
 - C. Drawing book
 - D. Exercise book
- 11. A straight line is the shortest distance between
 - A. Two points
 - B. Fine points
 - C. Six points

- D. Three points
- 12. Measuring tools are tools to measure
 - A. Book
 - B. Objects
 - C. Basket
 - D. Chalkboard
- 13. The following are marking tools except
 - A. A surface plate
 - B. A carpenter's pencil
 - C. An angle plate
 - D. A book
- 14. Driving tools are used for pushing in nail, screws into
 - A. Position
 - B. Upward
 - C. Downward
 - D. Air
- 15. The following are examples of drawing tools except
 - A. Hammers
 - B. Mallets
 - C. Divider
 - D. Screwdriver
- 16. Holding devices are used for
 - A. Holding something
 - B. Driving something
 - C. Braking something
 - D. Marking something
- 17. A device used to make our work easily to be done and convenient without wasting of energy is called
 - A. Machine
 - B. Power
 - C. Work
 - D. Car
- 18. The following are example of machine except
 - A. Bicycle

- B. A horse drawn cart
- C. Truck
- D. Wood
- 19. The metalwork head tool shown below is used to



- A. File down rough surface
- B. Cut something
- C. Slide wood
- D. Measure
- 20. Maintenance is mostly carried out in order to
 - A. Prevent device from broken down
 - B. Prolong the life span of the tools or devices
 - C. Prevent components from being under used
 - D. Reduce the life span of the tools or devices
- 21. Which of the following does not belong to cutting and pairing tools?
 - A. Chisel
 - B. Plane
 - C. Saw
 - D. Tape measure
- 22. The name of the head tool in the question 19 above is
 - A. Hammer
 - B. Chisel
 - C. Caliper
 - D. Screw driver
- 23. Computer can be used to
 - A. Send and receive information
 - B. Send information
 - C. Receive information

- D. Send information but not to receive information
- 24. Computer can be used to
 - A. Process file
 - B. Save documents
 - C. Store documents
 - D. Create books
- 25. Computer security can be improved by the use of
 - A. Username
 - B. Passwords
 - C. ID numbers
 - D. Account numbers
- 26. A hand tool used to mark lines on metalwork pieces before cutting is
 - A. Hammer
 - B. Screwdriver
 - C. Scriber
 - D. Chisel
- 27. A piece of metal shaped in a half circle that is used for technical drawing, geometry and in woodwork for technical drawing geometry and in woodwork for making angles is called
 - A. Protactor
 - B. Divider
 - C. Hammer
 - D. Screw driver
- 28. Example of driving tool is
 - A. Screw driver
 - B. Chisel
 - C. File
 - D. Cold chisel
- 29. The following are types of maintenance except
 - A. Preventive maintenance
 - B. Corrective maintenance
 - C. Predictive maintenance

- D. Concord maintenance
- 30. Preventive maintenance means the following except
 - A. Keeping moving parts lubricated
 - B. Changing dirty engine oil regularly
 - C. Cleaning all oil and air filter
 - D. Waste clean engine oil
- 31. Which of the following is not a modern method of transmitting information
 - A. Radio
 - B. Television
 - C. Satellite
 - D. Drawing diagrams
- 32. Methods of information transmission can be divided into
 - A. 2
 - B. 3
 - C. 4
 - D. 5
- 33. The following are features of internet environment except
 - A. Home
 - B. Back
 - C. www
 - D. refresh
- 34. The form of metal include
 - A. Ferrous and non ferrous
 - B. Aluminium and non aluminium
 - C. Silicon and non silicon
 - D. Feron and non feron
- 35. The school's computer room should have the following except
 - A. Be dust free
 - B. Have good ventilation
 - C. Have good lighting
 - D. Have good water

- 36. The main area in which IT is used are the follow except
 - A. Communication
 - B. Timing and control
 - C. Information processing
 - D. Transportation processing
- 37. The following are ways of sharpening a pencil except
 - A. Use a pencil sharpen
 - B. Use a knife
 - C. Use a file
 - D. Use a ring

- 38. To draw long vertical lines, you should use
 - A. T square
 - B. Sharpner
 - C. Blade
 - D. Square
- 39. The following are impact of IT in society except
 - A. Communication
 - B. Health care
 - C. Education
 - D. Science

SECTION B: THEORY PART

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

- 1a. what is straight line
- b. describe how to control the thickness of the line
- c. describe freehand sketching
- 2a. mention three ways of sharpening a pencil
- b. describe tips for attaching the drawing sheet to the board
- 3a. what is maintenance?
- b. mention three types of maintenance
- c. describe any one mentioned in (b) above
- 4a. what is machine?
- b. mention five examples of machine
- c. explain one in example mentioned in (b)above, explain how it works.
- 5a. what do you understand by information transmission
- b. mention five examples of ancient method of transmitting information
- c. explain why drums were an important means of communication in Africa