UMMUL QURA HIGH SCHOOL

Arowona Bus-stop, Amuloko Area, Akanran Road, Ibadan.

2ND TERM 2020/2021 EXAMINATION

Subject: History Class: JSS1 Duration: 2hrs 30mins

Objective Test

- The type of stories that have been passed down through generation by words of mouth are
 - A. written traditions
 - B. oral traditions
 - C. cultural objects
 - D. physical traditions
- are human made or human designed objects which provide more information about people or a society.
 - A. Artefacts
 - B. Maps
 - C. Documents
 - D. Textbooks
- 3. Which of the following types of history studies the relationship between different countries in the international community?
 - A. military history
 - B. political history
 - C. economics history
 - D. diplomatic history
- 4. According to history timeline chart, agriculture begins
 - A. 3000BC
 - B. 1000BC
 - C. 10000BC

- D. 2.5 million years BC
- 5. One of the following is kept and preserved in museum.
 - A. Farming tools
 - B. Old newspapers
 - C. textbooks
 - D. journals
- 6. ____ is believed to be the father of history.
 - A. Max Welber
 - B. Nnamdi Azikwe
 - C. Richard
 - D. Herodotus
- 7. Scholars who write about history are called
 - A. Artists
 - B. Historians
 - C. Magicians
 - D. Grammarians
- A place where old documents are kept for research and other purposes is called
 - A. Museum
 - B. School
 - C. Archive
 - D. Cinema

- is detailed description of account and important events in a person's life written by that person
 - A. Autobiography
 - B. Memoir
 - C. Biography
 - D. Bibliography
- 10. The word history entered the English language in the year
 - A. 2020
 - B. 1470
 - C. 1914
 - D. 1390
- 11. Which of the following sources is termed as a first-hand material?
 - A. Secondary sources of history
 - B. primary sources of history
 - C. Tertiary sources of history
 - D. Latest sources of history
- 12. All the following are examples of audio-visual sources except
 - A. cassettes
 - B. DVD
 - C. CDs
 - D. Newspaper
- 13. The accounts and important events in a person's life written by another person is called
 - A. bulletin
 - B. autobiography
 - C. biography
 - D. bibliography
- 14. The following are the examples of primary sources of history except
 - A. folklore
 - B. journal articles
 - C. legend
 - D. archaeological findings

- 15. The Greek word 'historia' means
 - A. inquiry
 - B. explanation
 - C. analysis
 - D. storytelling
- 16. Which of the following is not part of three things that are studied in history?
 - A. Natural environment
 - B. Man
 - C. Money
 - D. Time
- 17. One of these is not true about history
 - A. History must be chronological and sequential
 - B. History deals with imaginary and mere stories
 - C. History has man as its focus
 - D. History has a relationship with several disciplines.
- 18. The type of history where warfare and wars are studied is called
 - A. world history
 - B. diplomatic history
 - C. science history
 - D. military history
- 19. ____ refers to the various means through which the historian gather historical information.
 - A. Sources of history
 - B. Type of history
 - C. periodisation in history
 - D. Origin of history
- 20. A collection of memories that a person recounts that took place in his/her life is known as
 - A. Biography

| B. Memories | D. Cassettes |
|---|---|
| C. Bulletins | 27. Which of the following is not part of |
| D. Bibliography | primary sources? |
| 21 is public gathering and display | A. Images |
| of historical materials. | B. Archaeological findings |
| A. Excursion | C. Archival materials |
| B. Storytelling | D. Encyclopedia |
| C. Exhibition | 28. A person who tells a story is called |
| D. Cultural festival | A. an historian |
| 22. The Nok culture was discovered in | B. a musician |
| A. 1970 | C. a narrator |
| B. 1930 | D. a librarian |
| C. 1928 | 29. All the following are advantages of |
| D. 1960 | secondary sources of history except |
| 23. The origin of the word history is | A. saving time |
| associated with word. | B. saving blood |
| A. Latin | C. saving money |
| B. Greek | D. accessibility |
| C. German | 30. The Nok culture is culture. |
| D. Indian | A. an ancient |
| 24. Nok is said to be the earliest sub- | B. foreign culture |
| Saharan producer of | C. a new age |
| A. cowrie | D. an international |
| B. petroleum | 31. History help us to |
| C. copper | A. disrespectful to the elders |
| D. terracotta | B. miscalculate our time |
| 25. The terracotta heads was found in | C. misbehaves in the society |
| the following cities or areas except | D. understand our culture and |
| A. The Nok village | society |
| B. Kano state | 32. Prehistory covers |
| C. Katsina Ala in Benue state | A. 3 million years to 3000BC |
| D. Jemaa in Kaduna state | B. 2.5 million years to 100000 |
| 26. A printed statement that a group or | C. 3000BC to nowadays |
| an organization produces to tell | D. 1000BC to 2011AC |
| people its news is known as | 33. Which of the following is not part of |
| A. Bulletins | secondary sources of history? |
| B. Abstract | A. Proverbs |
| C. Newspaper | B. Publications |

- C. Textbooks D. Bulletins
- 34. The artifacts of Nok people was discovered by
 - A. bricklayers
 - B. road construction company
 - C. miners
 - D. drillers
- 35. A small village called Nok, is situated in present day ____ state.
 - A. Benue
 - B. Kaduna
 - C. Sokoto
 - D. Bauchi
- 36. We get or acquire knowledge of the past events from
 - A. mathematics
 - B. Business studies
 - C. Agricultural science
 - D. History
- 37. Nok figurines and artifacts were sculpture of
 - A. farming tools
 - B. animals

- C. vehicles
- D. weapons
- 38. ____ are places that tell stories about people or where past events took place.
 - A. Historical sites
 - B. Libraries
 - C. Cinema houses
 - D. Stadia
- 39. The following are the examples of archaeological findings except
 - A. reminants of building
 - B. human parts (bones)
 - C. cotton wool
 - D. fabrics
- 40. Which of the following provides online storage material?
 - A. Journal articles
 - B. Internet
 - C. Museum
 - D. Textbook

SECTION B: THEORY

Answer any three (3) questions

- 1a. What is History?
- b. List three (3) characteristics of history.
- c. State five (5) importance of history.
- 2. Give five (5) differences between History and Storytelling
- 3a. Mention five (5) examples of secondary sources of history.
- b. State five (5) examples of tertiary sources of history.
- 4a. Define sources of history.
- b. Write short notes on the following
- i. An Archive
- ii. Artefact
- iii. Biography
- iv. Autobiography
- 5. Discuss five (5) ways of accessing sources of history.

Examiner: Mall. Taoheed