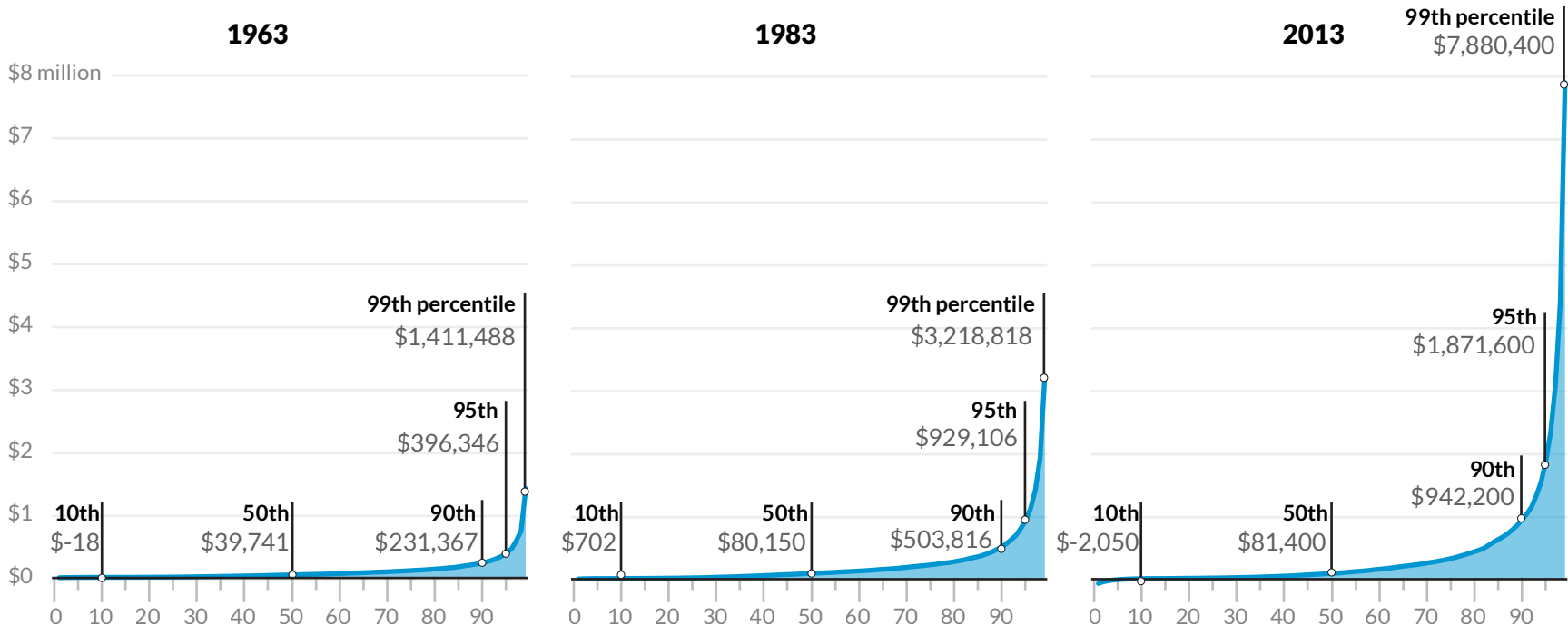


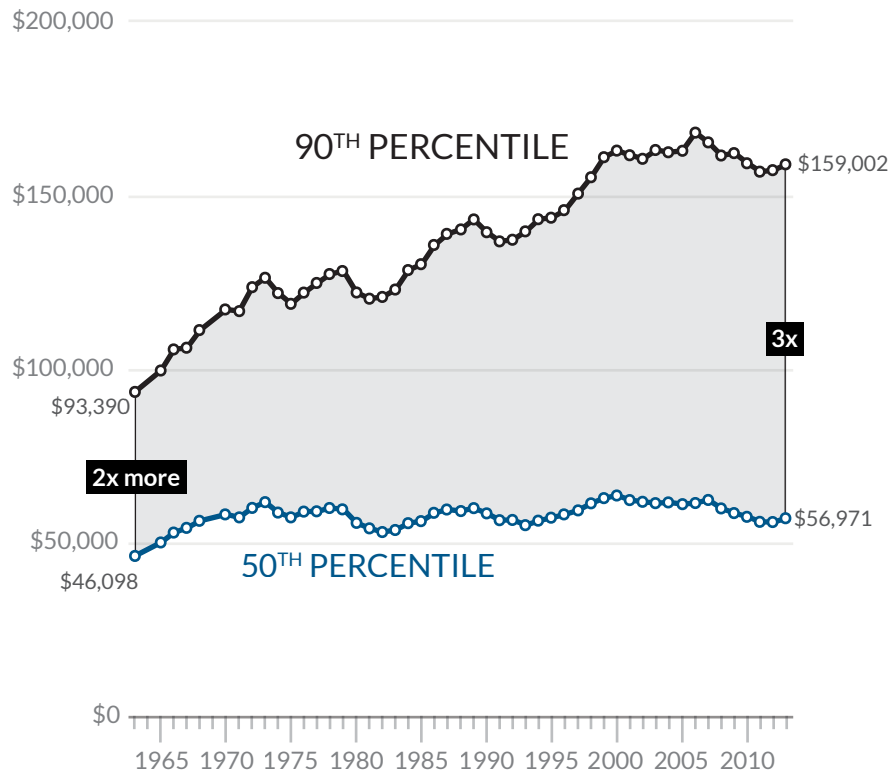
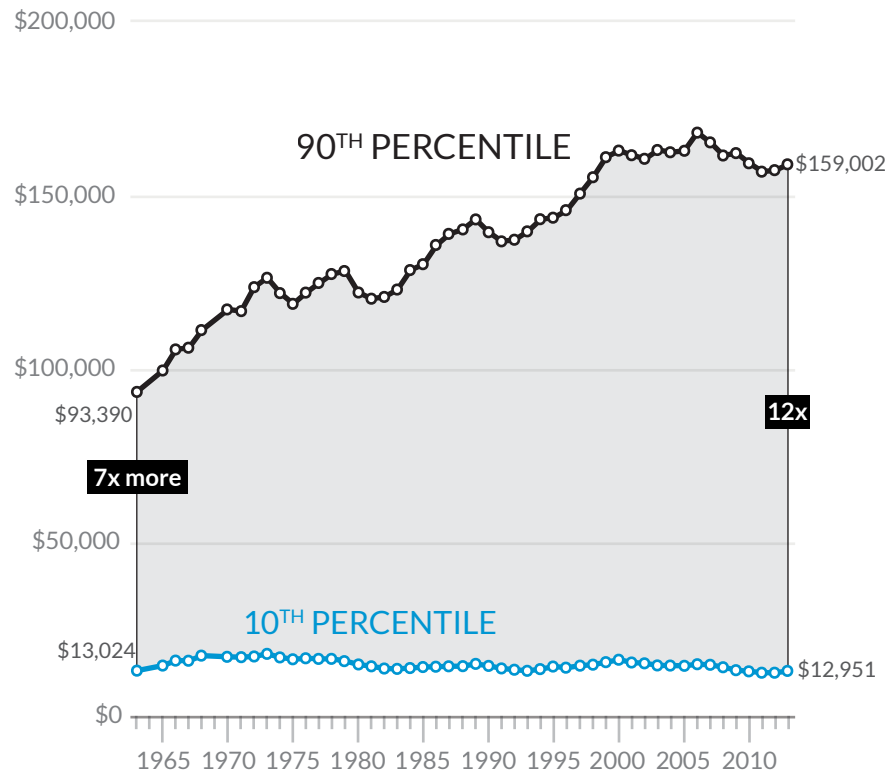
Percentiles of Family Wealth, 1963–2013



Sources: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Financial Characteristics of Consumers 1962 (December 31), Survey of Changes in Family Finances 1963, and Survey of Consumer Finances 1983 and 2013.

Note: 2013 dollars.

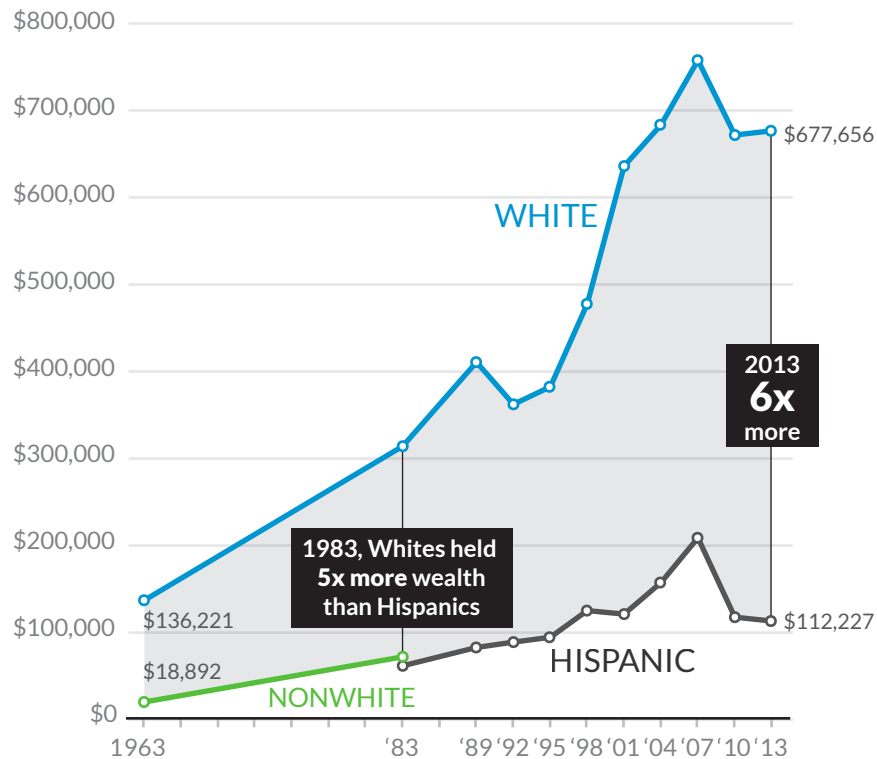
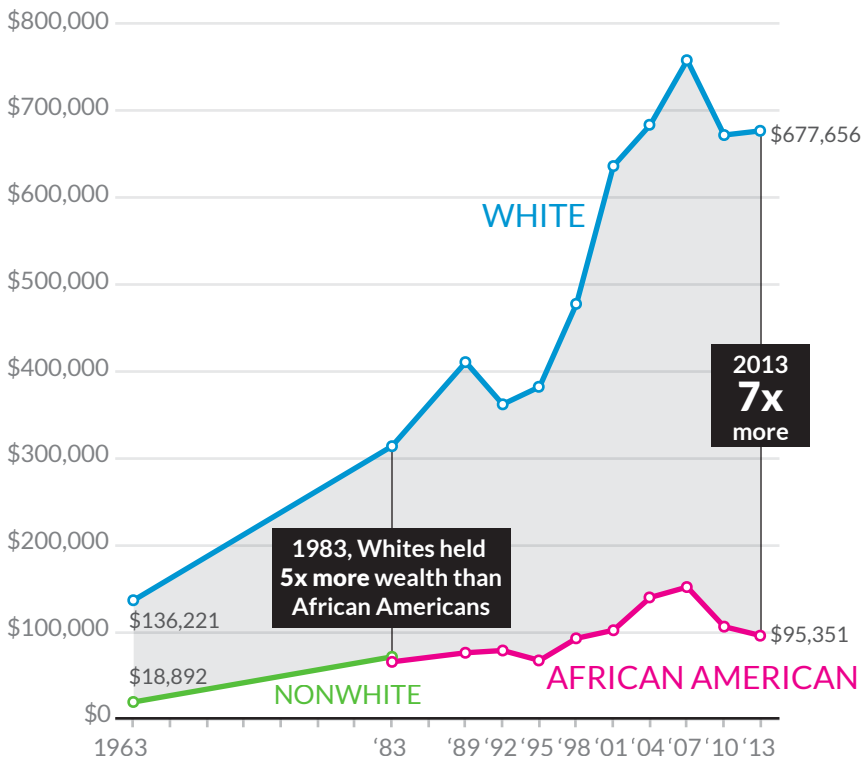
Distribution of Family Income, 1963–2013



Sources: Current Population Survey 1963–2014. Calculations provided by Karen Smith, Urban Institute.

Notes: 2013 dollars. Income here is measured as private income (e.g., earnings and dividends) plus cash government benefits. Income differences narrow when all taxes and transfers—such as health insurance and in-kind government benefits—are included, but private wealth does not change.

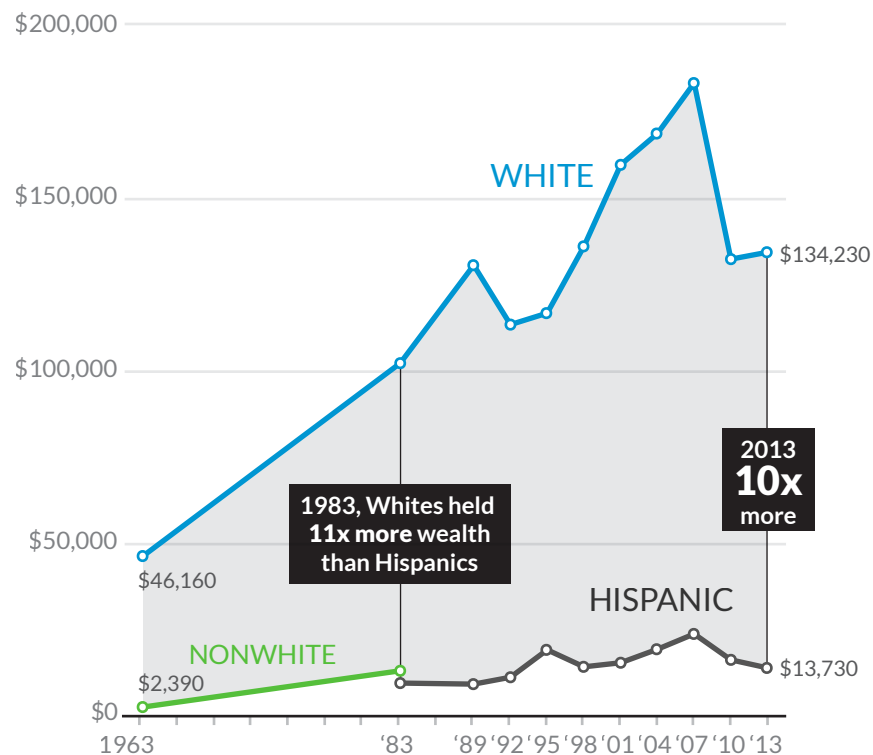
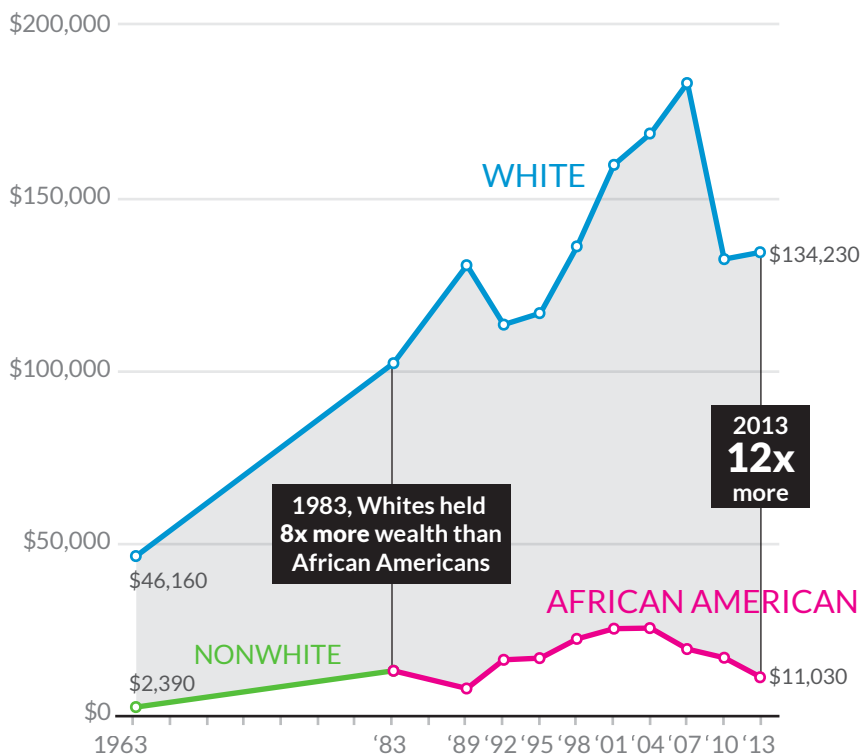
Average Family Wealth by Race/Ethnicity, 1963–2013



Sources: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Financial Characteristics of Consumers 1962 (December 31), Survey of Changes in Family Finances 1963, and Survey of Consumer Finances 1983–2013.

Notes: 2013 dollars. No comparable data are available between 1963 and 1983. African American/Hispanic distinction within nonwhite population available only in 1983 and later.

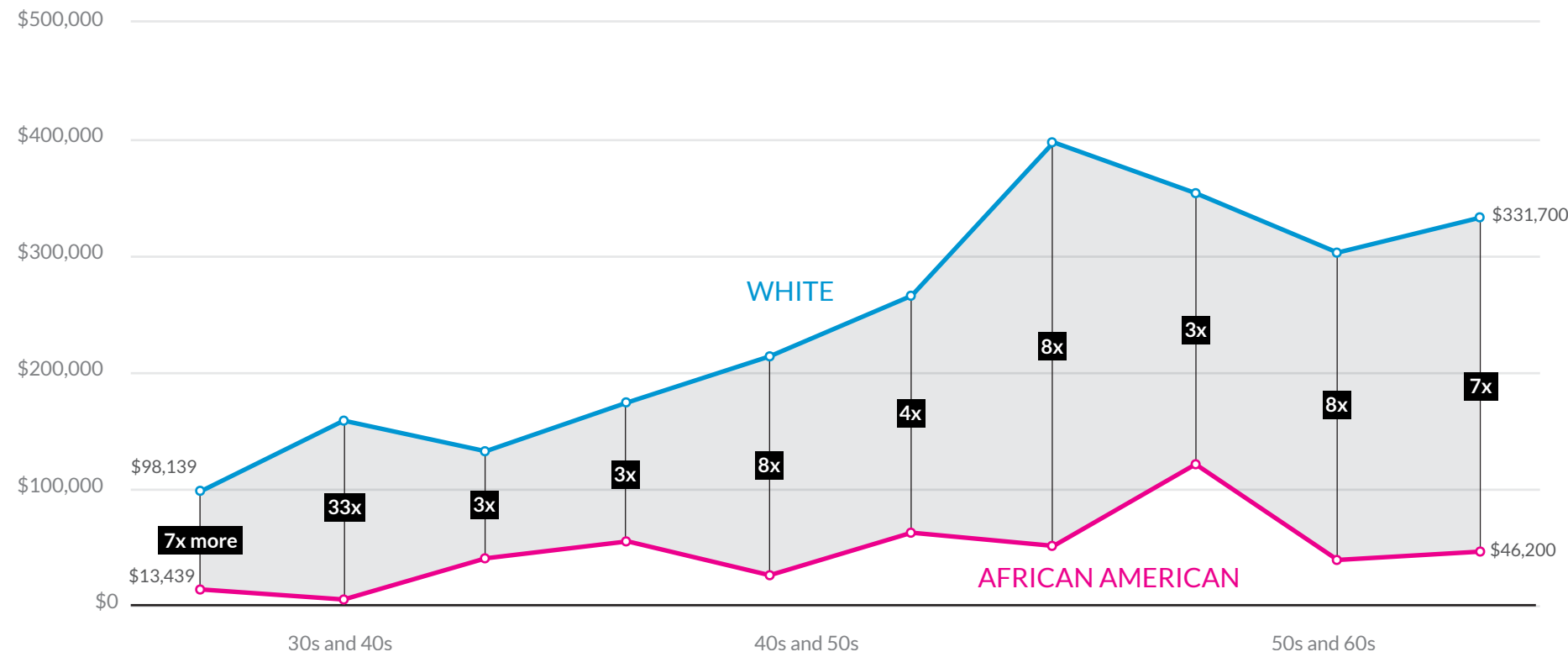
Median Family Wealth by Race/Ethnicity, 1963–2013



Sources: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Financial Characteristics of Consumers 1962 (December 31), Survey of Changes in Family Finances 1963, and Survey of Consumer Finances 1983–2013.

Notes: 2013 dollars. No comparable data are available between 1963 and 1983. African American/Hispanic distinction within nonwhite population available only in 1983 and later.

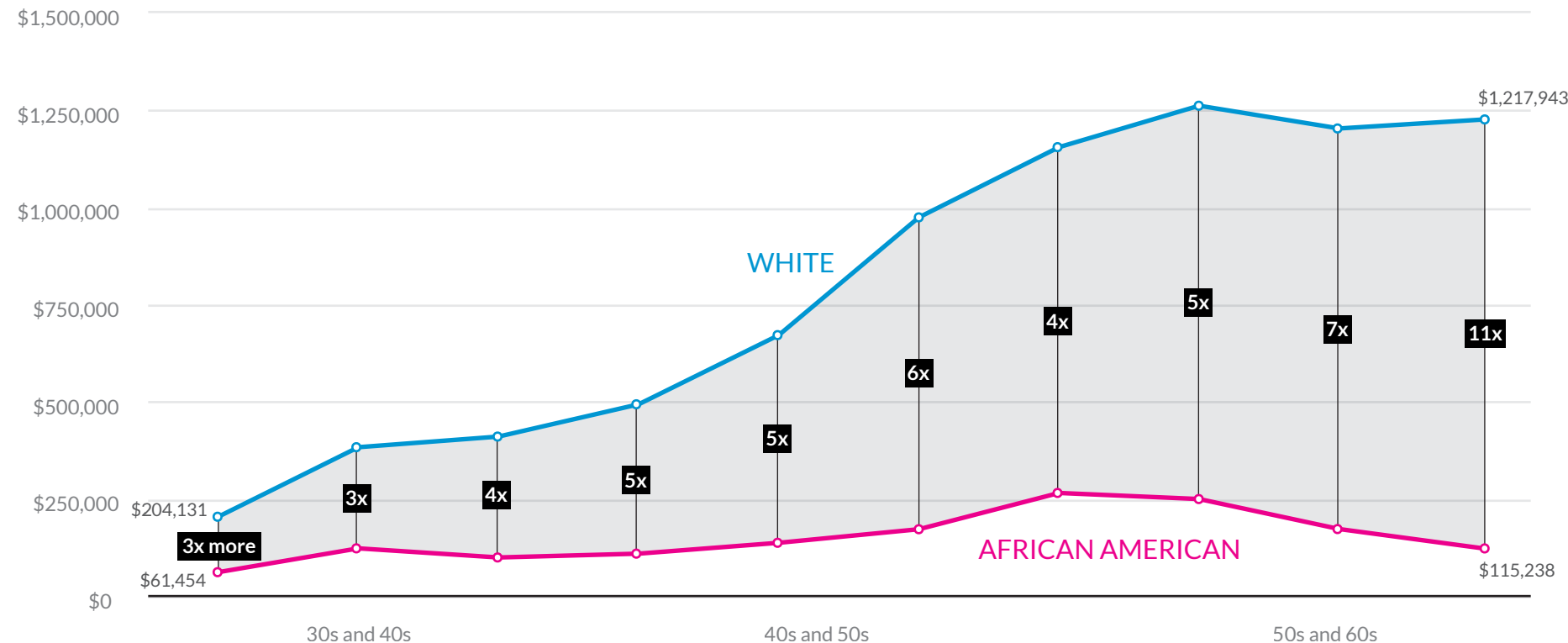
Median Family Wealth for Those Born 1943–51



Source: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Consumer Finances 1983–2013.

Notes: 2013 dollars. Hispanic sample size too small to show. Age is defined as the age of the household head. In 2013, these people were age 62–70. In 1983, ages 32–40.

Average Family Wealth for Those Born 1943–51



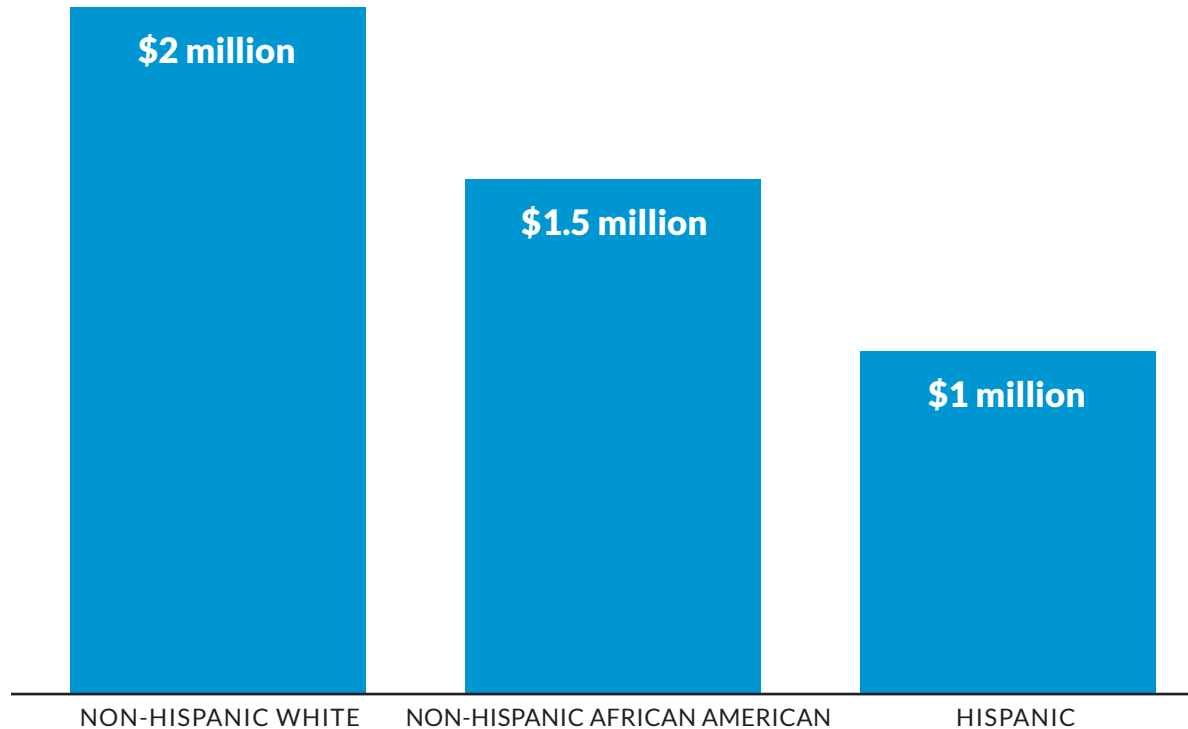
Source: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Consumer Finances 1983–2013.

Notes: 2013 dollars. Hispanic sample size too small to show. Age is defined as the age of the household head. In 2013, these people were age 62–70. In 1983, ages 32–40.

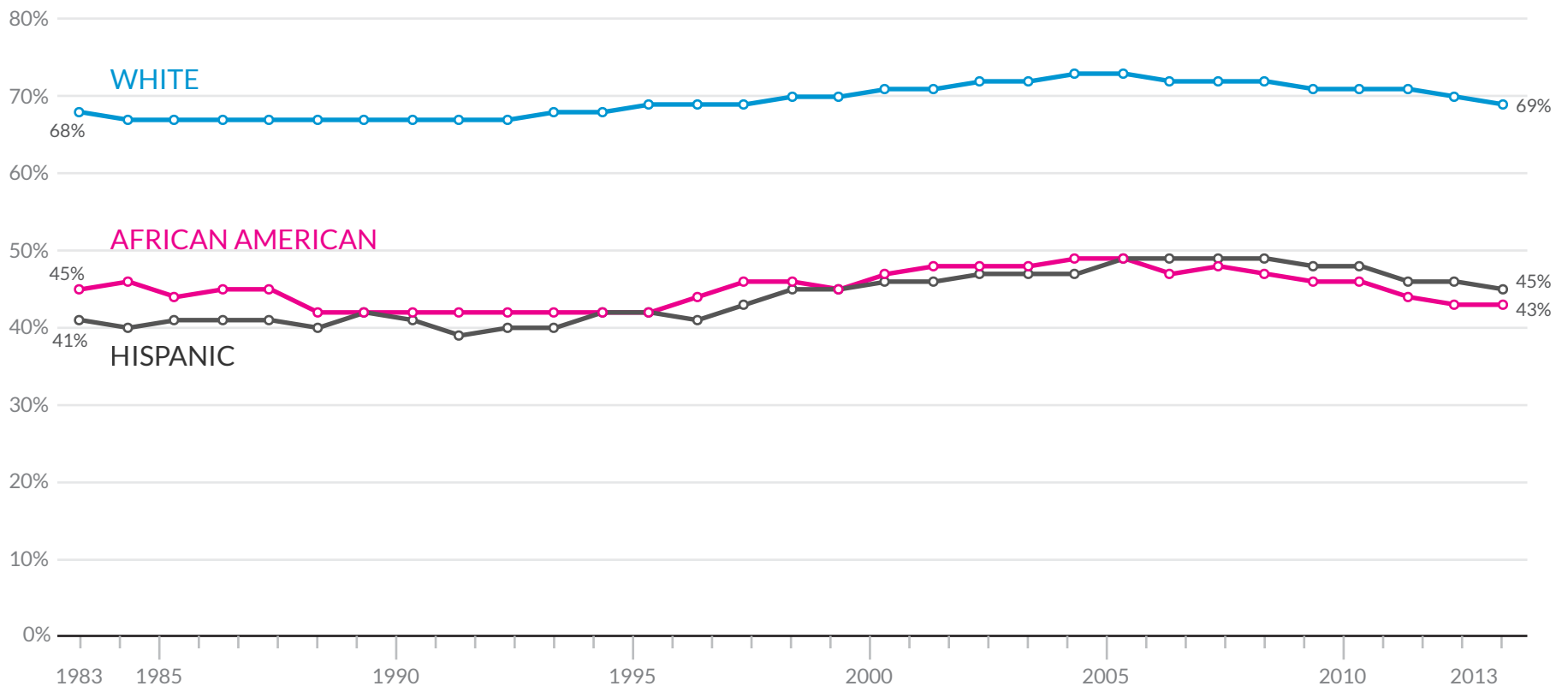
Median Present Value of Lifetime Earnings at Age 61 for People Born 1943–51, by Race/Ethnicity

Sources: Health and Retirement Study 1992–2012 matched to Summary Earnings Records 1951–2007. Calculations provided by Melissa Favreault, Urban Institute.

Note: 2013 dollars. These people are age 61 in 2004–12.

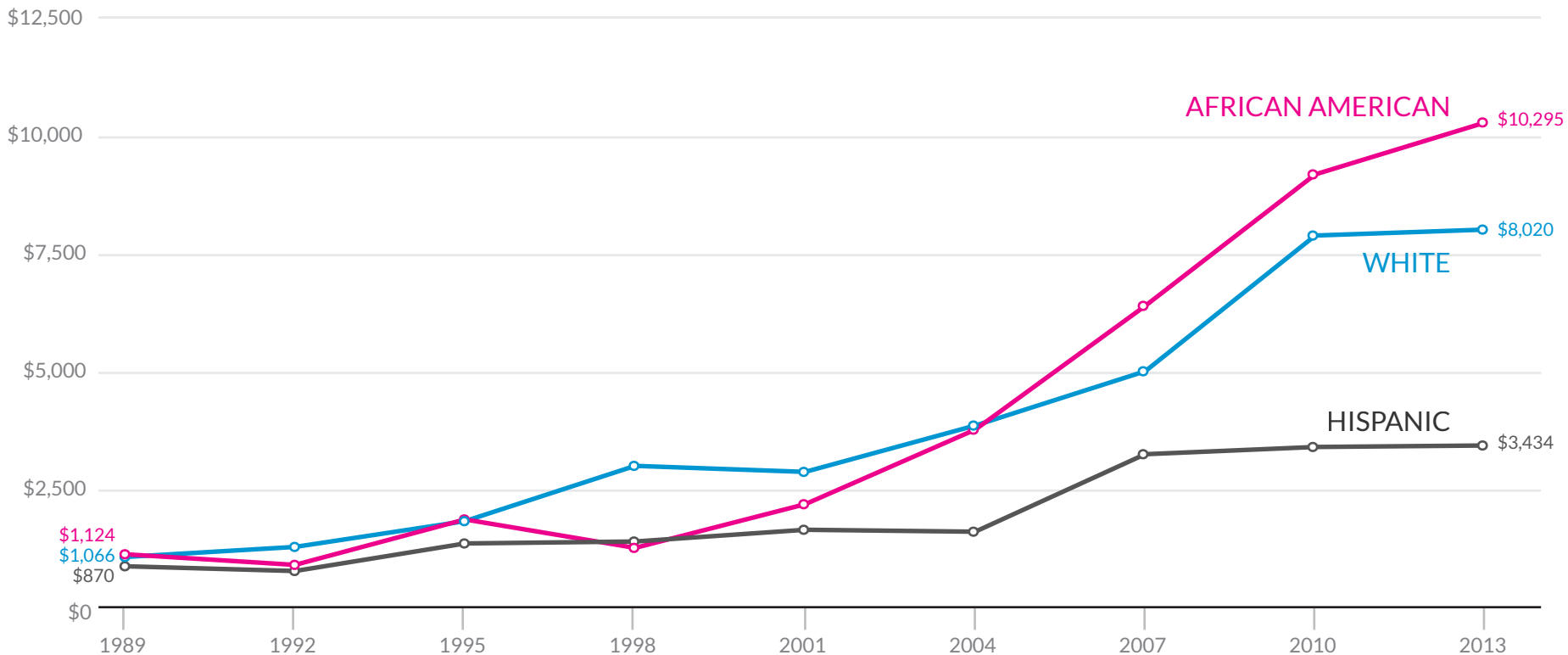


Homeownership Rate by Race/Ethnicity, 1983–2013



Source: Urban Institute calculations from Current Population Survey 1983–2013.

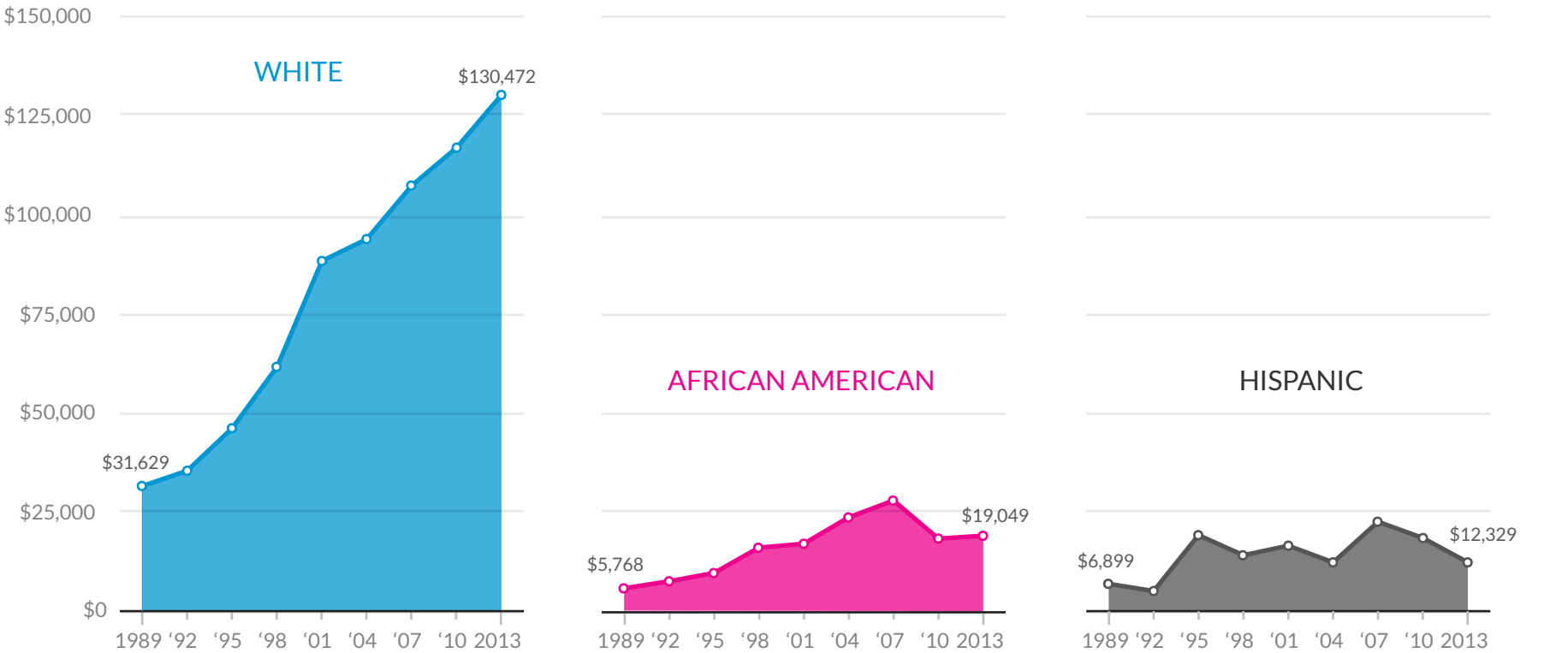
Average Family Student Loan Debt for Those Ages 25–55, 1989–2013



Source: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Consumer Finances 1989–2013.

Note: 2013 dollars. Age is defined as the age of the household head.

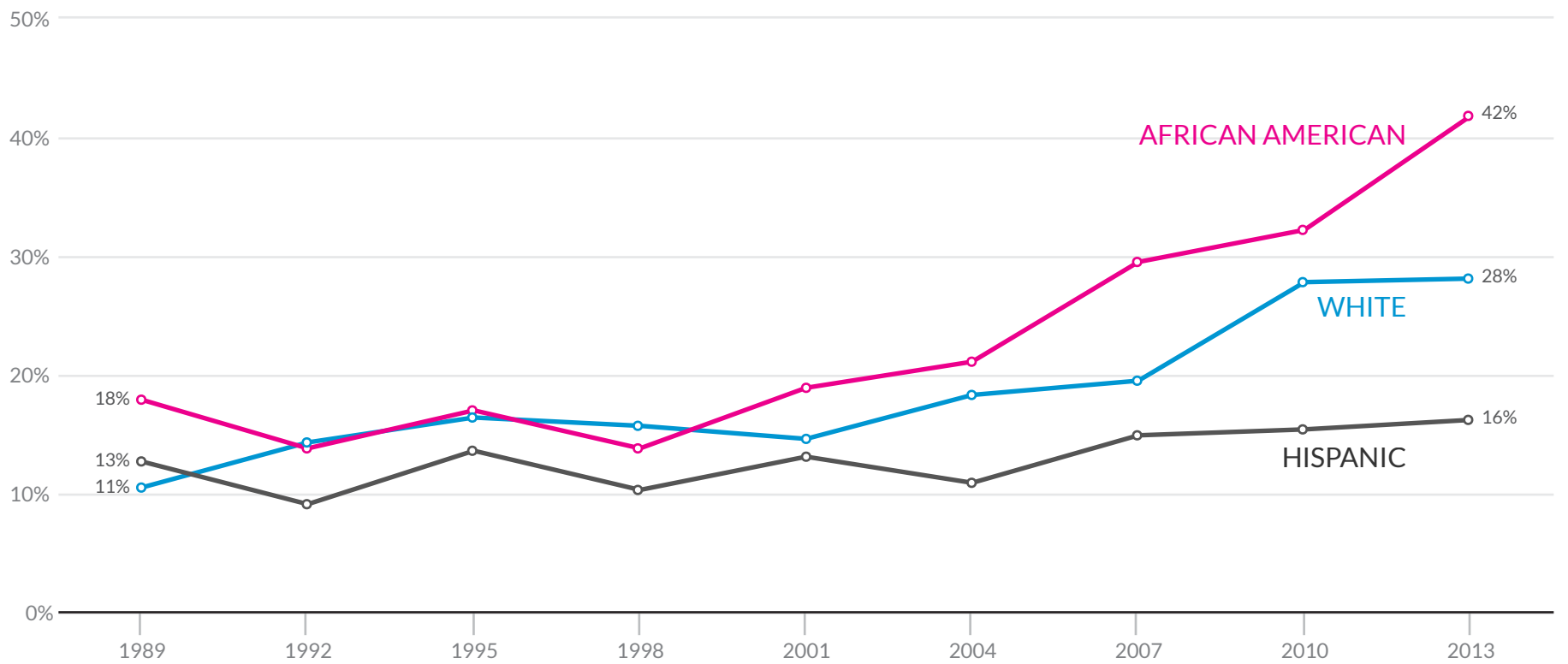
Average Family Liquid Retirement Savings, 1989–2013



Source: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Consumer Finances 1989–2013.

Notes: 2013 dollars. Liquid retirement savings include dollars in accounts such as 401(k), 403(b), and IRAs. Median liquid retirement savings for African American and Hispanic families were zero from 1989 to 2013. Median liquid retirement savings for whites were zero through the mid-1990s, about \$1,500 in 1998, and \$5,000 in 2013.

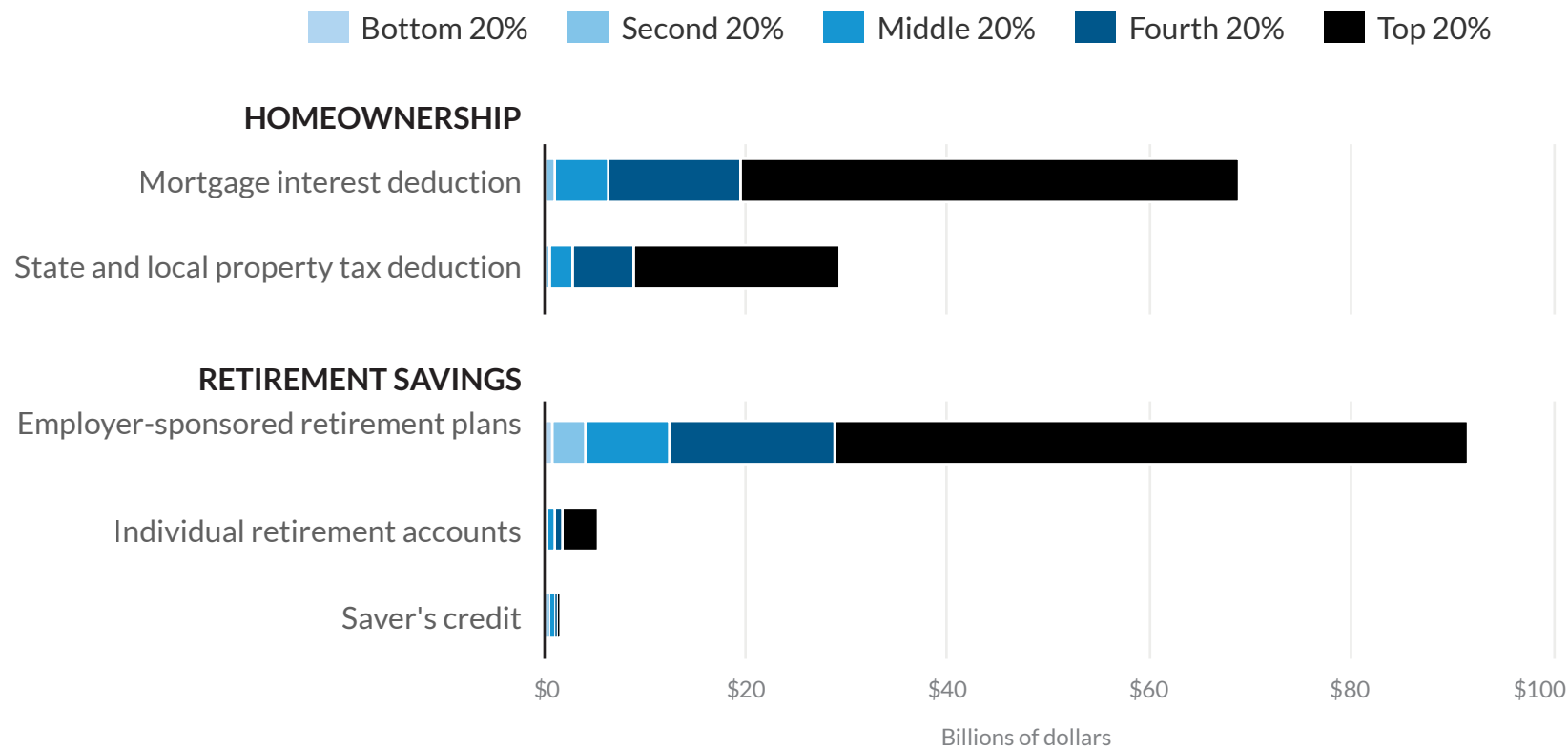
Share of Families With Student Loan Debt for Those Ages 25–55, 1989–2013



Source: Urban Institute calculations from Survey of Consumer Finances 1983–2013.

Note: Age is defined as the age of the household head.

Size and Distribution of Select Asset-Building Tax Subsidies, 2013



Source: Steuerle et al. (2014).

Note: "Income" refers to the Tax Policy Center's "expanded cash income" measure, which is described in Rosenberg (2013).