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A Documentary History of the Nock Combinator Calculus

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Abstract

Nock is a family of computational languages derived from the `SKI` combinator calculus. It serves as the ISA specification layer for the Urbit and NockApp systems. This article outlines the extant historical versions of the Nock combinator calculus and reconstructs the motivation for the changes made at each kelvin decrement. It begins with an exposition of Nock as a tool of computation, outlines the history of Nock’s decrements, and speculates on motivations for possible future developments.

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1 Introduction

Nock is a combinator calculus which serves as the computational specification layer for the Urbit and Nockchain/Nock-App systems. It is a hyper-RISC instruction set architecture (ISA) intended for execution by a virtual machine (but see **Mopfel2025** (**Mopfel2025**), pp. XX–XX herein). Nock’s simplicity and unity of expression make it amenable to proof-based reasoning and guarantees of correctness. Its Lisp-like nature surfaces the ability to introspect on the code itself, a property which higher-level languages compiling to it can exploit. Yet for all this, Nock was not born from a purely mathematical approach, but found its roots in practical systems engineering.

Nock permits itself a finite number of specification changes, called “decrements” or “kelvins”, which allow it to converge on a balance of expressiveness and efficacy. This article outlines the extant historical versions of the Nock combinator calculus and reconstructs the motivation for the changes made at each kelvin decrement. It begins with an exposition of Nock as a tool of computation, outlines the history of Nock’s decrements, and speculates on motivations for possible future developments.

2 Nock as a Combinator Calculus

Fundamental computer science research has identified a family of universal computers which may be instantiated in a variety of ways, such as the Turing machine, the lambda calculus,

and the combinator calculus. Equivalence theorems such as the Church–Turing thesis show that these systems are equivalent in their computational power, and that they can be used to compute any computable function. The combinator calculus is a family of systems which use a small set of combinators to express computation. The most well-known member of this family is the `SKI` combinator calculus, which uses only three combinators: `S`, `K`, and `I`. Other members of this family include the `BCKW` combinator calculus and the `H` combinator calculus. These systems are all equivalent in their computational power, but they differ in their syntax and semantics. The Nock combinator calculus is an extension of the `SKI` combinator calculus which adds a few axiomatic rules to navigate and manipulate binary trees, carry out a very primitive arithmetic, and provide for side effects.

Perhaps better put, Nock is a family of combinator calculi that sequentially converge on an “optimal” expressiveness for certain design desiderata. This includes an economy of expression (thus several macro opcodes) and consideration of how a higher-level language would invoke stored procedural expressions. Furthermore an opcode exists which produces and then ignores a computation, intended to signal to a runtime layer that a side effect may be desired by the caller.¹

Nock bears the following characteristics:

- Turing-complete. Put formally, Turing completeness (and thus the ability to evaluate anything we would call a computation) is exemplified by the μ -recursive functions. In practice, these amount to operations for constant, increment, variable access, program concatenation, and looping (Reitzig, 2012). Nock supports these directly through its primitive opcodes.
- Functional (as in language). Nock is a pure function of its arguments. In practice, the Urbit operating system provides a simulated global scope for userspace applications, but this virtualized environment reduces to

¹An able if dated document from January 2010, `5-whynock.txt`, further expounds desiderata for Nock in the context of Urbit as operating function.

garden-variety Nock. (See **Davis2025b (Davis2025b)**, pp. XX–XX in this volume, for details of a Nock virtualized interpreter.)

- Subject-oriented. Nock evaluation consists of a formula as a noun to be evaluated against a subject as a noun. Taken together, these constitute the entire set of inputs to a pure function.

Some Nock opcodes alter the subject (for instance a variable declaration) by producing a new subject which is utilized for subsequent axis lookups.

- Homoiconic. Nock unifies code and data under a single representation. A Nock atom is a natural number, and a Nock cell is a pair of nouns. Every Nock noun is acyclic, and every Nock expression is a binary tree. For example, Nock expressions intended to be evaluated as code are often pinned as data by the constant opcode until they are retrieved by evaluating the constant opcode at that axis.

- Untyped. Nock is untyped, meaning that it does not impose any type system on the expressions it evaluates. Nock “knows” about the natural numbers in two senses: such are used for addressing axes in the binary tree of a noun, and such are manipulated and compared using the increment and equality opcodes.

- Solid-state. A Nock interpreter is a solid-state machine, meaning that it operates from a state to a new state strictly according to inputs as a pure lifecycle function. The Nock interpreter must commit the results of a successful computation as the new state before subsequent computations, or events, can be evaluated. Transient evaluations (uncompleted events) and crashes (invalid evaluations) may be lost without consequence, and the Nock interpreter layer persists the underlying state of the machine.

We have asserted without demonstration thus far that Nock is a combinator calculus. We now show that this is the case,

128 with reference to Nock 4K, the latest specification. The sim-
129 plest combinator calculus consists of only three combinators:
130 s, κ , and ι (Wolfram, 2021). These combinators are:

- 131 1. s substitution. $xyz = xz(yz)$, returns the first argu-
132 ment applied to the third, then applies this to the re-
133 sult of the second argument applied to the third. This
134 corresponds to Nock 4K’s opcode 2, which substitutes
135 the second argument into the first argument at the third
136 argument’s axis. (There are some subtle differences to
137 Nock’s expression of s as opcode 2 that we will elide as
138 being fundamentally similar, but perhaps worthy of its
139 own monograph.)
- 140 2. κ constant. $\kappa xy = x$, consumes its argument and returns
141 a constant in all cases. This corresponds to Nock 4K’s
142 opcode 1, which yields its argument as a constant noun.
- 143 3. ι identity. $\iota x = x$, returns its argument. This corre-
144 sponds to a special case of Nock 4K’s opcode 0, a gener-
145 alized axis lookup operator, which can trivially retrieve
146 the current subject or expression as well as any children.

147 While Nock introduces a few more primitive operations as a
148 practicality, the above identities establish its bona fides as a
149 combinator calculus capable of general computation. Similar
150 to Haskell Curry’s BCKW system, which can be written in forms
151 isomorphic to SKI , Nock provides a set of primitive rules and
152 a set of economic extended rules for convenience in writing a
153 compiler.²

154 In an early document, Yarvin explained two of his design
155 criteria in producing Nock as a practical ISA target (*~sorreg-*
156 *namtyv*, 2010):

- 157 1. Natural conversion of source to code without other in-
158 puts.

²See Galebach2025 (Galebach2025), pp. 1–45 in this volume, for exposi-
tion on how to evaluate a Nock expression by hand or by interpreter.

2. Metacircularity without deep stacks; i.e., the ability to extend Nock semantics without altering the underlying substrate.

This latter idea he particularly connected to the concept of what came to be called a “scry namespace”: “dereferencing Urbit paths is as natural (and stateless) a function as increment or equals” (ibid.). Indeed, Urbit’s current userspace utilizes such an affordance to replicate a global scope environment for accessing system and remote resources. (See **Davis2025b** (**Davis2025b**), pp. XX–XX in this volume, for a discussion of the Nock virtualized interpreter.)

3 Nock's Decrements

The Nock family survives in a trail of breadcrumbs, with each version of the specification being a decrement of the previous version.³ Early versions were produced exclusively by Curtis Yarvin, eventually involving the input of other developers after the 2013 founding of Tlon Corporation. In this section, we present each extant version of the Nock specification and comment on the changes and their motivations. Only the layouts have been changed for print. Dates for Nock specifications were derived from dated public posts (U, 9K), internal dating (13K, 12K, 11K, 10K), or from Git commit history data (8K, 7K, 6K, 5K).⁴ No version of 14K survives publicly, nor does any primordial version prior to U (15K) appear to exist.

Yarvin’s background as a systems engineer with systems like Xaos Tools (for SGI Irix), Geoworks (on DoCoMo’s iMode), and Unwired Planet (on the Wireless Application Protocol, WAP) inclined him towards a formal break with Unix-era computing (~sorreg-namtyv, 2025). He sought to produce a system enabling server-like behavior rather than a network of clients dependent on centralized servers for a functional Internet. This

³This system, called “kelvin decrementing”, draws on analogy with absolute zero as the lowest possible temperature—and thus most stable state.

⁴In at least one case (7K), Yarvin claims to have finished the proposal a month earlier but to not have posted it until this date.

required a deep first-principles rederivation of computing; the foundational layer was a combinator calculus which became Nock. Nock was intended from the beginning to become less provisional over time, encoding a kelvin decrement which forced the specification to converge on a sufficiently good set of op-codes. Many downstream consequences of Urbit and NockApp as systems derive directly from the affordances encoded into Nock.

3.1 U

I have not really worked with combinator models, but my general impression is that it takes essentially an infinite amount of syntactic sugar to turn them into a programming language. U certainly takes some sweetener, but not, I think, as much. (~sorreg-namtyv⁵, 2006)

The earliest extant Nock is U, a proto-Nock posted to the *Lambda the Ultimate* blog in 2006 (~sorreg-namtyv (2006); ~sorreg-namtyv (2006)).⁶ The draft is versioned 0.15; subsequent evidence indicates that this is a downward-counting kelvin-versioned document already. The full specification is reproduced in Listing 1.

Extensive commentary on the operators is provided. Rightwards grouping of tuple expressions has already been introduced. Extension of the language is summarily ruled out.⁷ Data are conceived of as Unix-like byte streams; details of parsing and lexing are considered. Terms (the ancestor of nouns) include a NULL-like “foo” type ~ distinguishable by value rather than structure. ASCII is built in as numeric codes, similar to Gödel numbering.

As commenter Mario B. pointed out, the U specification permits SKI operators with the simple expressions,

⁵*Avant la lettre.*

⁶Curtis Yarvin was consulted for elements of this history. Unfortunately many elements of the original prehistory of Nock appear to be lost to the sands of time on unrecoverable hard drives.

⁷Compare Ax and Conk, pp. XX–XX herein.

221	[name]	[pattern]	[definition]
222	(I)	(I \$a)	\$a
223	(K)	(K \$a \$b)	\$b
224	(S)	(S \$a \$b \$c)	(\$a \$c (\$b \$c))

225 While early work (1940s–50s) had been carried out on
226 “minimal instruction set computers” (MISCs), it is more likely
227 that Yarvin was influenced by contemporaneous work on “re-
228 duced instruction set computers” (RISCs) in the 1980s and
229 90s. Language proposals like that of Madore’s Unlambda and
230 Burger’s Pico Lisp may have influenced Yarvin’s design choices
231 throughout this era.

232 The U specification is in some ways the single most inter-
233 esting historical document of our series. Yarvin particularly
234 identified a desire to avoid baking abstractions like variables
235 and functions into the U cake, and an emphasis on client–server
236 semantics. The scry namespace appears *avant la lettre* as a ref-
237 erentially transparent immutable distributed namespace. U ex-
238 presses a very ambitious hyper-Turing operator, acknowledg-
239 ing that its own instantiation from the specification is impos-
240 sible and approximate. Yarvin grapples in U with the halting
241 problem (via his follow operator) and with the tension between
242 a specification and an implementation (a gulf he highlighted as
243 a human problem in his 2025 LambdaConf keynote address).
244 Furthermore, asides on issues like the memory arena prefigure
245 implementation details of Vere as a runtime.

Listing 1: U, 31 January 2006. The earliest extant patriarch of
the Nock family.

```
246 U: Definition
247
248
249 1 Purpose
250   This document defines the U function and its data
251   model.
252
253 2 License
254   U is in the public domain.
255
256 3 Status
257   This text is a DRAFT (version 0.15).
258
```


4 Data

A value in U is called a "term." There are three kinds of term: "number," "pair," and "foo."

A number is any natural number (ie, nonnegative integer).

A pair is an ordered pair of any two terms.

There is only one foo.

5 Syntax

U is a computational model, not a programming language.

But a trivial ASCII syntax for terms is useful.

5.1 Trivial syntax: briefly

Numbers are in decimal. Pairs are in parentheses that nest to the right. Foo is "~".

Whitespace is space or newline. Line comments use "#".

5.2 Trivial syntax: exactly

```
term      : number
           | 40 ?white pair ?white 41
           | foo

number    : 48
           | [49-57] *[48-57]

pair      : term white term
           | term white pair

foo       : 126

white     : *(32 | 10 | (35 *[32-126] 10))
```

6 Semantics

U is a pure function from term to term.

301 This document completely defines U. There is no
 302 compatible way to extend or revise U.

303

304 6.1 Rules

305	[name]	[pattern]	[definition]
306			
307	(a)	(\$a 0 \$b)	\$b
308	(b)	(\$a 1 \$b \$c)	1
309	(c)	(\$a 1 \$b)	0
310	(d)	(\$a 2 0 \$b \$c)	\$b
311	(e)	(\$a 2 %n \$b \$c)	\$c
312	(f)	(\$a 3 \$b \$c)	=(\$b \$c)
313	(g)	(\$a 4 %n)	+%n
314			
315	(h)	(\$a 5 (~ ~ \$b) \$c)	\$b
316	(i)	(\$a 5 (~ \$b \$c) \$d)	*(\$a \$b \$c \$d)
317	(j)	(\$a 5 (~ ~) \$b)	~
318	(k)	(\$a 5 (~ \$b) \$c)	*(\$a \$b \$c)
319	(l)	(\$a 5 (\$b \$c) \$d)	*(\$a \$b \$d) *(\$a \$c \$d)
320			
321	(m)	(\$a 5 \$b \$c)	\$b
322			
323	(n)	(\$a 6 \$b \$c)	*(\$a *(\$a 5 \$b \$c))
324	(o)	(\$a 7 \$b)	*(\$a 5 \$a \$a \$b)
325	(p)	(\$a 8 \$b \$c \$d)	>(\$b \$c \$d)
326			
327	(q)	(\$a \$b \$c)	*(\$a 5 *(\$a 7 \$b) \$c)
328	(r)	(\$a \$b)	*(\$a \$b)
329	(s)	\$a	*\$a

330

331 The rule notation is a pseudocode, only used in
 332 this file. Its definition follows.

333

334 6.2 Rule pseudocode: briefly

335 Each line is a pattern match. "%" means
 336 "number." Match in order. See operators below.

337

338 6.3 Rule pseudocode: exactly

339 Both pattern and definition use the same
 340 evaluation language, an extension of the trivial
 341 syntax.

342

An evaluation is a tree in which each node is a term, a term-valued variable, or a unary operation.

Variables are symbols marked with a constraint. A variable "\$name" matches any term. "%name" matches any number.

There are four unary prefix operators, each of which is a pure function from term to term: "=", "+", "*", and ">". Their semantics follow.

6.4 Evaluation semantics

For any term \$term, to compute U(\$term):

- find the first pattern, in order, that matches \$term.
- substitute its variable matches into its definition.
- compute the substituted definition.

Iff this sequence of steps terminates, U(\$term) "completes." Otherwise it "chokes."

Evaluation is strict: incorrect completion is a bug. Choking is U's only error or exception mechanism.

6.5 Simple operators: equal, increment, evaluate

=(\$a \$b) is 0 if \$a and \$b are equal; 1 if they are not.

+%n is %n plus 1.

*\$a is U(\$a).

6.6 The follow operator

>(\$a \$b \$c) is always 0. But it does not always complete.

We say "\$c follows \$b in \$a" iff, for every \$term:

```

385         if *($a 5 $b $term) chokes:
386             *($a 5 $c $term) chokes.
387
388         if *($a 5 $b $term) completes:
389             either:
390                 *($a 5 $c $term) completes, and
391                 *($a 5 $c $term) equals
392                 *($a 5 $b $term)
393             or:
394                 *($a 5 $c $term) chokes.
395
396     If $c follows $b in $a, >($a $b $c) is 0.
397
398     If this statement cannot be shown (ie, if there
399     exists any $term that falsifies it, generates an
400     infinitely recursive series of follow tests, or is
401     inversely self-dependent, ie, exhibits Russell's
402     paradox), >($a $b $c) chokes.
403
404 7 Implementation issues
405     This section is not normative.
406
407 7.1 The follow operator
408     Of course, no algorithm can completely implement
409     the follow operator. So no program can completely
410     implement U.
411
412     But this does not stop us from stating the
413     correctness of a partial implementation - for
414     example, one that assumes a hardcoded set of
415     follow cases, and fails when it would otherwise
416     have to compute a follow case outside this set.
417
418     U calls this a "trust failure." One way to
419     standardize trust failures would be to standardize
420     a fixed set of follow cases as part of the
421     definition of U. However, this is equivalent to
422     standardizing a fixed trusted code base. The
423     problems with this approach are well-known.
424
425     A better design for U implementations is to
426     depend on a voluntary, unstandardized failure

```

mechanism. Because all computers have bounded memory, and it is impractical to standardize a fixed memory size and allocation strategy, every real computing environment has such a mechanism.

For example, packet loss in an unreliable packet protocol, such as UDP, is a voluntary failure mechanism.

If the packet transfer function of a stateful UDP server is defined in terms of U, failure to compute means dropping a packet. If the server has no other I/O, its semantics are completely defined by its initial state and packet function.

7.2 Other unstandardized implementation details

A practical implementation of U will detect and log common cases of choking. It will also need a timeout or some other unspecified mechanism to abort undetected infinite loops.

(Although trust failure, allocation failure or timeout, and choke detection all depend on what is presumably a single voluntary failure mechanism, they are orthogonal and should not be confused.)

Also, because U is so abstract, differences in implementation strategy can result in performance disparities which are almost arbitrarily extreme. The difficulty of standardizing performance is well-known.

No magic bullet can stop these unstandardized issues from becoming practical causes of lock-in and incompatibility. Systems which depend on U must manage them at every layer.

3.2 Nock 13K

At some point between January 2006 and March 2008, Nock acquired its cognomen.

The only compound opcode is opcode 6, the conditional branch opcode.

Axiomatic operator `* tar`⁸ is identified as a GOTO.⁹

Listing 2: Nock 13K, 8 March 2008.

```

Author: Curtis Yarvin (curtis.yarvin@gmail.com)
Date: 3/8/2008
Version: 0.13

```

1. Manifest

```

This file defines one Turing-complete function,
"nock."

```

```

nock is in the public domain. So far as I know,
it is neither patentable nor patented. Use it at
your own risk.

```

2. Data

```

Both the domain and range of nock are "nouns."

```

```

A "noun" is either an "atom" or a "cell." An
"atom" is an unsigned integer of any size. A
"cell" is an ordered pair of any two nouns, the
"head" and "tail."

```

3. Pseudocode

```

nock is defined in a pattern-matching pseudocode.

```

```

Match precedence is top-down. Operators are

```

⁸We refer to Nock axiomatic operators via their modern aural ASCII pronunciations. While these evolved over time (to wit, `^` “hat” became “ket”), to attempt to synchronize pronunciation with the era of a Nock release is a fool’s errand.

⁹One can see the influence of this version’s naming scheme on Atman’s Ax, pp. XX–XX herein.

542 4.2.5 Snip (/)

543

```
544         /(1 a)           -> a
545         /(2 a b)          -> a
546         /(3 a b)          -> b
547         /((a + a) b)       -> /(2 /(a b))
548         /((a + a + 1) b)   -> /(3 /(a b))
549         /(a)               -> /(a)
550
```

551 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2008)

552 3.3 Nock 12K

553 Opcodes were reordered slightly. Compound opcodes were in-
554 troduced, such as a conditional branch and a static hint opcode.

Listing 3: Nock 12K, 2008.

555

556 Author: Curtis Yarvin (curtis.yarvin@gmail.com)

557

Date: 3/28/2008

558

Version: 0.12

559

560 1. Introduction

561

562 This file defines one function, "nock."

563

564 nock is in the public domain.

565

566 2. Data

567

568 A "noun" is either an "atom" or a "cell." An
569 "atom" is an unsigned integer of any size. A
570 "cell" is an ordered pair of any two nouns,
571 the "head" and "tail."

572

573 3. Semantics

574

575 nock maps one noun to another. It doesn't
576 always terminate.

577

578 4. Pseudocode

579

580 nock is defined in a pattern-matching


```
581     pseudocode, below.
582
583     Parentheses enclose cells.  (a b c) is
584     (a (b c)).
585
586 5. Definition
587
588 5.1 Transformations
589
590     *(a (b c) d) => (*(a b c) *(a d))
591     *(a 0 b)      => /(b a)
592     *(a 1 b)      => (b)
593     *(a 2 b c)    => *(*(a b) c)
594     *(a 3 b)      => **(a b)
595     *(a 4 b)      => &*(a b)
596     *(a 5 b)      => ^*(a b)
597     *(a 6 b)      => =*(a b)
598
599     *(a 7 b c d) => *(a 3 (0 1) 3 (1 c d) (1 0)
600                      3 (1 2 3) (1 0) 5 5 b)
601     *(a 8 b c)    => *(a 2 (((1 0) b) c) 0 3)
602     *(a 9 b c)    => *(a c)
603
604     *(a)          => *(a)
605
606 5.2 Operators
607
608 5.2.1 Goto (*)
609
610     *(a)          -> nock(a)
611
612 5.2.2 Deep (&)
613
614     &(a b)         -> 0
615     &(a)           -> 1
616
617 5.2.4 Bump (^)
618
619     ^(a b)         -> ^(a b)
620     ^(a)           -> a + 1
621
622 5.2.5 Same (=)
```

```

623
624         = (a a)           -> 0
625         = (a b)           -> 1
626         = (a)             -> =(a)
627
628 5.2.6 Snip (/)
629
630         /(1 a)             -> a
631         /(2 a b)           -> a
632         /(3 a b)           -> b
633         /((a + a) b)       -> /(2 /(a b))
634         /((a + a + 1) b)   -> /(3 /(a b))
635         /(a)               -> /(a)

```

637 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2008)

638 3.4 Nock 11K

639 Opcodes were reordered slightly. The conditional branch was
640 moved to 2. Composition, formerly at 2, was removed.

641 The kelvin versioning system here became explicit (rather
642 than implicitly decreasing minor versions).

Listing 4: Nock 11K, 25 May 2008.

```

643 Author: Mencius Moldbug (moldbug@gmail.com)
644 Date: 5/25/2008
645 Version: 11K
646
647
648 1. Introduction
649
650     This file defines one function, "nock."
651
652     nock is in the public domain.
653
654 2. Data
655
656     A "noun" is either an "atom" or a "cell." An
657     "atom" is an unsigned integer of any size. A
658     "cell" is an ordered pair of any two nouns, the
659     "head" and "tail."
660
661 3. Semantics

```

662
663 nock maps one noun to another. It doesn't always
664 terminate.

665

666 4. Pseudocode

667

668 nock is defined in a pattern-matching pseudocode,
669 below.

670

671 Parentheses enclose cells. (a b c) is (a (b c)).

672

673 5. Definition

674

675 5.1 Transformations

676

677 *(a (b c) d) => (*(a b c) *(a d))
678 *(a 0 b) => /(b a)
679 *(a 1 b) => (b)
680 *(a 2 b c d) => *(a 3 (0 1) 3 (1 c d) (1 0)
681 3 (1 2 3) (1 0) 5 5 b)
682 *(a 3 b) => **(a b)
683 *(a 4 b) => &*(a b)
684 *(a 5 b) => ^*(a b)
685 *(a 6 b) => =*(a b)
686
687 *(a 7 b c) => *(a 3 (((1 0) b) c) 1 0 3)
688 *(a 8 b c) => *(a c)
689
690 *(a) => *(a)

691

692 5.2 Operators

693

694 5.2.1 Goto (*)

695

696 *(a) -> nock(a)

697

698 5.2.2 Deep (&)

699

700 &(a b) -> 0

701 &(a) -> 1

702

703 5.2.4 Bump (^)

```

704
705      ^ (a b)          -> ^ (a b)
706      ^ (a)           -> a + 1
707
708 5.2.5 Same (=)
709
710      = (a a)          -> 0
711      = (a b)          -> 1
712      = (a)            -> = (a)
713
714 5.2.6 Snip (/)
715
716      / (1 a)          -> a
717      / (2 a b)        -> a
718      / (3 a b)        -> b
719      / ((a + a) b)    -> / (2 / (a b))
720      / ((a + a + 1) b) -> / (3 / (a b))
721      / (a)            -> / (a)
722

```

723 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2008)

724 3.5 Nock 10K

725 Parentheses were replaced by brackets. Opcodes were re-
726 ordered slightly. Hint syntax was removed. Functionally, 11K
727 and 10K appear very similar, particularly if the Watt (proto-
728 Hoon) compiler is set up to produce variable declarations and
729 compositions as the compound opcodes had them.

Listing 5: Nock 10K, 15 September 2008.

```

730 Author: Mencius Moldbug [moldbug@gmail.com]
731
732 Date: 9/15/2008
733
734 Version: 10K
735
736 1. Introduction
737
738     This file defines one function, "nock."
739
740     nock is in the public domain.
741
742 2. Data

```

742
743 A "noun" is either an "atom" or a "cell." An
744 "atom" is an unsigned integer of any size. A
745 "cell" is an ordered pair of any two nouns, the
746 "head" and "tail."
747
748 3. Semantics
749
750 nock maps one noun to another. It doesn't always
751 terminate.
752
753 4. Pseudocode
754
755 nock is defined in a pattern-matching pseudocode,
756 below.
757
758 Brackets enclose cells. [a b c] is [a [b c]].
759
760 5. Definition
761
762 5.1 Transformations
763
764 *[a [b c] d] => [*[a b c] *[a d]]
765 *[a 0 b] => /[b a]
766 *[a 1 b] => [b]
767 *[a 2 b c d] => *[a 3 [0 1] 3 [1 c d]
768 [1 0] 3 [1 2 3] [1 0] 5 5 b]
769 *[a 3 b] => **[a b]
770 *[a 4 b] => &*[a b]
771 *[a 5 b] => ^*[a b]
772 *[a 6 b] => =*[a b]
773 *[a] => *[a]
774
775 5.2 Operators
776
777 5.2.1 Goto [*]
778
779 *[a] -> nock[a]
780
781 5.2.2 Deep [&]
782
783 &[a b] -> 0

```

784      &[ a ]          -> 1
785
786 5.2.4 Bump [ ^ ]
787
788      ^[ a b ]         -> ^[ a b ]
789      ^[ a ]           -> ( a + 1 )
790
791 5.2.5 Like [=]
792
793      =[ a a ]         -> 0
794      =[ a b ]         -> 1
795      =[ a ]           -> =[ a ]
796
797 5.2.6 Snip [ / ]
798
799      /[ 1 a ]         -> a
800      /[ 2 a b ]       -> a
801      /[ 3 a b ]       -> b
802      /[( a + a ) b ]  -> /[ 2 /[ a b ] ]
803      /[( a + a + 1 ) b ] -> /[ 3 /[ a b ] ]
804      /[ a ]           -> /[ a ]
805

```

806 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2008)

807 3.6 Nock 9K

808 The cell detection axiomatic operator underlying opcode 4 (cell
809 detection) was changed from & pam to ? wut. Versus 10K, 9K
810 elides operator names in favor of definitions. Other differences
811 are likewise primarily terminological, such as the replacement
812 of Deep & pam with ? wut.

813 This version of Nock was published on the Moron Lab blog
814 in 2010 (~sorreg-namtyv, 2010) as “Maxwell’s equations of
815 software”. Yarvin emphasized that Nock was intended to serve
816 as “foundational system software rather than foundational
817 metamathematics” (ibid.). Yarvin also publicly expounded on
818 the practicality of building a higher-level language on top of
819 Nock at this point (ibid.):

820 To define a language with Nock, construct two
821 nouns, q and r, such that *[q r] equals r, and

822 *[s *[p r]] is a useful functional language. In
823 this description,

- 824 • p is the function source;
- 825 • q is your language definition, as source;
- 826 • r is your language definition, as data;
- 827 • s is the input data.

828 More concretely, Watt (the predecessor to Hoon) is defined as:

```
829 urbit-formula == Watt(urbit-source)
830                == Nock(urbit-source watt-formula)
831 watt-formula  == Watt(watt-source)
832                == Nock(watt-source watt-formula)
```

833 This remains the essential pattern followed to this day by
834 higher-level languages targeting Nock as an ISA.

835 Yarvin had prepared to virtualize Nock interpretation to ex-
836 pose a broader namespace for interaction with values than the
837 “strict” subject of a formula (~sorreg-namtyv, 2010).

Listing 6: Nock 9K, *terminus ad quem* 7 January 2010.

840 1 Context

841 842 This spec defines one function, Nock.

843 844 2 Structures

845 846 A noun is an atom or a cell. An atom is any
847 848 unsigned integer. A cell is an ordered pair of
849 850 any two nouns.

851 3 Pseudocode

852 853 Brackets enclose cells. [a b c] is [a [b c]].

854 855 *a is Nock(a). Reductions match top-down.

856 857 4 Reductions

858 859 ?[a b] => 0

```

860      ? a                => 1
861
862      ^[a b]             => ^[a b]
863      ^ a                => (a + 1)
864
865      =[a a]              => 0
866      =[a b]              => 1
867      =a                  => =a
868
869      /[1 a]              => a
870      /[2 a b]            => a
871      /[3 a b]            => b
872      /[(a + a) b]        => /[2 /[a b]]
873      /[(a + a + 1) b]   => /[3 /[a b]]
874      /a                  => /a
875
876      *[a 0 b]            => /[b a]
877      *[a 1 b]            => b
878      *[a 2 b c d]        => *[a 3 [0 1] 3 [1 c d] [1 0]
879                          3 [1 2 3] [1 0] 5 5 b]
880      *[a 3 b]            => **[a b]
881      *[a 4 b]            => ?*[a b]
882      *[a 5 b]            => ^*[a b]
883      *[a 6 b]            => =*[a b]
884      *[a [b c] d]        => [*[a b c] *[a d]]
885      *a                  => *a
    
```

887 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2010)

888 3.7 Nock 8K

889 The compound opcodes reappeared. Opcode 6 defined a con-
 890 ditional branch. Opcode 7 was described as a function compo-
 891 sition operator. Opcode 8 served to define variables. Opcode 9
 892 defined a calling convention. The remaining opcodes are hints,
 893 but each serving a different purpose:

- 894 11. consolidate for reference equality.
- 895 12. yield an arbitrary, unspecified hint.
- 896 13. label for acceleration (jet).

Nock 8K received an uncharacteristic amount of commentary, given a preprint document prepared for presentation at the 42nd ISCIE International Symposium on Stochastic Systems Theory and Its Applications (sss'10) (~sorreg-namtyv, 2010).

Lambda was highlighted as a design pattern (a “gate” or stored procedure call) enabled by the “core” convention. Notably, `[[sample context] battery]` occurred in a different order than has been conventional since 2013 (emphasizing that the ubiquitous core pattern is a convention rather than a requirement). Watt was revealed to have a different ASCII pronunciation convention than Nock at this stage.

Listing 7: Nock 8K, 25 July 2010.

1 Structures

A noun is an atom or a cell. An atom is any unsigned integer. A cell is an ordered pair of nouns.

2 Pseudocode

`[a b c]` is `[a [b c]]`; `*a` is `nock(a)`. Reductions match top-down.

3 Reductions

<code>?[a b]</code>	<code>0</code>
<code>?a</code>	<code>1</code>
<code>^a</code>	<code>(a + 1)</code>
<code>= [a a]</code>	<code>0</code>
<code>= [a b]</code>	<code>1</code>
<code>/[1 a]</code>	<code>a</code>
<code>/[2 a b]</code>	<code>a</code>
<code>/[3 a b]</code>	<code>b</code>
<code>/[(a + a) b]</code>	<code>/[2 /[a b]]</code>
<code>/[(a + a + 1) b]</code>	<code>/[3 /[a b]]</code>
<code>*[a [b c] d]</code>	<code>[*[a b c] *[a d]]</code>
<code>*[a 0 b]</code>	<code>/[b a]</code>
<code>*[a 1 b]</code>	<code>b</code>

```

937      *[a 2 b c]          *[*[a b] *[a c]]
938      *[a 3 b]           ?*[a b]
939      *[a 4 b]           ^*[a b]
940      *[a 5 b]           =*[a b]
941
942      *[a 6 b c d]        *[a 2 [0 1] 2 [1 c d] [1 0]
943                          2 [1 2 3] [1 0] 4 4 b]
944      *[a 7 b c]          *[a 2 b 1 c]
945      *[a 8 b c]          *[a 7 [7 b [0 1]] c]
946      *[a 9 b c]          *[a 8 b 2 [[7 [0 3] d] [0 5]]
947                          0 5]
948      *[a 10 b c]         *[a 8 b 8 [7 [0 3] c] 0 2]
949      *[a 11 b c]         *[a 8 b 7 [0 3] c]
950      *[a 12 b c]         *[a [1 0] 1 c]
951
952      ^[a b]              ^[a b]
953      = a                  = a
954      /a                   /a
955      *a                   *a
956

```

957 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2010)

958 3.8 Nock 7K

959 During this era, substantial development took place on the
960 early Urbit operating system. Nock began to be battle-tested
961 in a way it had not previously been stressed. Several decre-
962 ments occurred in short order.

963 The three hint opcodes were refactored into two, a static
964 and a dynamic hint, both at 10.

Listing 8: Nock 7K, *terminus ad quem* 14 November 2010.

965 1 Structures

966
967
968 A noun is an atom or a cell. An atom is any
969 natural number. A cell is any ordered pair of
970 nouns.

971 2 Pseudocode

972
973
974 [a b c] [a [b c]]

```

975  nock(a)          *a
976
977  ?[a b]           0
978  ?a               1
979  ^a               1 + a
980  =[a a]           0
981  =[a b]           1
982
983  /[1 a]            a
984  /[2 a b]          a
985  /[3 a b]          b
986  /[(a + a) b]      /[2 /[a b]]
987  /[(a + a + 1) b]  /[3 /[a b]]
988
989  *[a [b c] d]      *[a b c] *[a d]]
990
991  *[a 0 b]          /[b a]
992  *[a 1 b]          b
993  *[a 2 b c]        *[*[a b] *[a c]]
994  *[a 3 b]          ?*[a b]
995  *[a 4 b]          ^*[a b]
996  *[a 5 b]          =*[a b]
997
998  *[a 6 b c d]      *[a 2 [0 1] 2 [1 c d] [1 0]
999                    2 [1 2 3] [1 0] 4 4 b]
1000 *[a 7 b c]         *[a 2 b 1 c]
1001 *[a 8 b c]         *[a 7 [[7 [0 1] b] 0 1] c]
1002 *[a 9 b c]         *[a 7 c 0 b]
1003 *[a 10 b c]        *[a c]
1004 *[a 10 [b c] d]    *[a 8 c 7 [0 3] d]
1005
1006 ^[a b]             ^[a b]
1007 =a                 =a
1008 /a                 /a
1009 *a                 *a
1010

```

1011 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2010)

1012 3.9 Nock 6K

1013 The axiomatic operator for increment was changed from ^ ket
1014 to + lus. Compound opcode syntax was reworked slightly.

Listing 9: Nock 6K, 6 July 2011.

```

1015
1016 1 Structures
1017
1018   A noun is an atom or a cell.  An atom is any
1019   natural number.  A cell is an ordered pair of
1020   nouns.
1021
1022 2 Reductions
1023
1024   nock(a)           *a
1025   [a b c]           [a [b c]]
1026
1027   ?[a b]            0
1028   ?a                1
1029   +a                1 + a
1030   =[a a]            0
1031   =[a b]            1
1032
1033   /[1 a]            a
1034   /[2 a b]          a
1035   /[3 a b]          b
1036   /[(a + a) b]      /[2 /[a b]]
1037   /[(a + a + 1) b]  /[3 /[a b]]
1038
1039   *[a [b c] d]      *[a b c] *[a d]]
1040
1041   *[a 0 b]          /[b a]
1042   *[a 1 b]          b
1043   *[a 2 b c]        *[*[a b] *[a c]]
1044   *[a 3 b]          ?*[a b]
1045   *[a 4 b]          ++[a b]
1046   *[a 5 b]          ==[a b]
1047
1048   *[a 6 b c d]      *[a 2 [0 1] 2 [1 c d] [1 0]
1049                      2 [1 2 3] [1 0] 4 4 b]
1050   *[a 7 b c]        *[a 2 b 1 c]
1051   *[a 8 b c]        *[a 7 [[0 1] b] c]
1052   *[a 9 b c]        *[a 7 c 0 b]
1053   *[a 10 b c]       *[a c]
1054   *[a 10 [b c] d]   *[a 8 c 7 [0 2] d]
1055
1056   +[a b]            +[a b]

```

1057	= a	= a
1058	/ a	/ a
1059	* a	* a
1060		

1061 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2011)

1062 3.10 Nock 5K

1063 Compound opcode syntax was reworked slightly. All trivial
1064 reductions of axiomatic operators were removed to the preface
1065 of the specification.

1066 (For instance, a trivial “cosmetic” change was made to 5K’s
1067 specification after it was publicly posted in order to synchro-
1068 nize it with the VM’s behavior (dd779c1).)

Listing 10: Nock 5K, 24 September 2012.

1069 1 Structures 1070

1071
1072 A noun is an atom or a cell. An atom is any natural
1073 number. A cell is an ordered pair of nouns.

1074 1075 2 Reductions

1076		
1077	nock(a)	* a
1078	[a b c]	[a [b c]]
1079		
1080	?[a b]	0
1081	?a	1
1082	+ [a b]	+ [a b]
1083	+ a	1 + a
1084	= [a a]	0
1085	= [a b]	1
1086	= a	= a
1087		
1088	/[1 a]	a
1089	/[2 a b]	a
1090	/[3 a b]	b
1091	/[(a + a) b]	/[2 /[a b]]
1092	/[(a + a + 1) b]	/[3 /[a b]]
1093	/a	/a

1094

```

1095  *a [b c] d]      [*a b c] *a d]]
1096
1097  *a 0 b]          /[b a]
1098  *a 1 b]          b
1099  *a 2 b c]        [*a b] *a c]]
1100  *a 3 b]          ?*a b]
1101  *a 4 b]          ++a b]
1102  *a 5 b]          ==a b]
1103
1104  *a 6 b c d]      *a 2 [0 1] 2 [1 c d] [1 0] 2
1105                                     [1 2 3] [1 0] 4 4 b]
1106  *a 7 b c]        *a 2 b 1 c]
1107  *a 8 b c]        *a 7 [[7 [0 1] b] 0 1] c]
1108  *a 9 b c]        *a 7 c 2 [0 1] 0 b]
1109  *a 10 [b c] d]   *a 8 c 7 [0 3] d]
1110  *a 10 b c]       *a c]
1111
1112  *a                *a
1113

```

Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2012)

3.11 Nock 4K

The primary change motivating 5K to 4K was the introduction of an edit operator # hax, which ameliorated the proliferation of cells in the Nock runtime's memory.¹⁰ The edit operator is an optimization which makes modifications to a Nock data structure more efficient. It's a notable example of a change motivated by the pragmatics of the runtime rather than theoretical or higher-level language concerns.¹¹

Opcode 5 (equality) was rewritten to more explicit with application of the cell distribution rule. Opcodes 6–9 were rewritten to utilize the * tar operator rather than routing via opcode 2. Opcode 11 (formerly opcode 10) was likewise massaged. In general, preferring to express rules using * tar proved to be slightly more terse than utilizing opcode 2.

¹⁰The date must be earlier than 27 September 2018; cf. `urbit/urbit` #1027.

¹¹See ~niblyx-malnus, pp. XX–XX, this volume, for a verbose derivation of the edit operator and opcode 10 from the primitive opcodes.

Listing 11: Nock 4K, *terminus ad quem* 27 September 2018.

```

1129
1130 Nock 4K
1131
1132 A noun is an atom or a cell. An atom is a natural
1133 number. A cell is an ordered pair of nouns.
1134
1135 Reduce by the first matching pattern; variables match
1136 any noun.
1137
1138 nock(a)          *a
1139 [a b c]          [a [b c]]
1140
1141 ?[a b]           0
1142 ?a               1
1143 +[a b]           +[a b]
1144 +a               1 + a
1145 =[a a]           0
1146 =[a b]           1
1147
1148 /[1 a]           a
1149 /[2 a b]          a
1150 /[3 a b]          b
1151 /[(a + a) b]      /[2 /[a b]]
1152 /[(a + a + 1) b]  /[3 /[a b]]
1153 /a               /a
1154
1155 #[1 a b]          a
1156 #[(a + a) b c]    #[a [b /[(a + a + 1) c]] c]
1157 #[(a + a + 1) b c] #[a [/[(a + a) c] b] c]
1158 #a               #a
1159
1160 *[a [b c] d]      [*[a b c] *[a d]]
1161
1162 *[a 0 b]          /[b a]
1163 *[a 1 b]          b
1164 *[a 2 b c]        *[*[a b] *[a c]]
1165 *[a 3 b]          ?*[*[a b]]
1166 *[a 4 b]          +*[*[a b]]
1167 *[a 5 b c]        =[*[a b] *[a c]]
1168
1169 *[a 6 b c d]      *[a *[[c d] 0 *[[2 3] 0 *[[a 4 4 b]]]]
1170 *[a 7 b c]        *[*[a b] c]

```

```

1171 * [a 8 b c]          * [[* [a b] a] c]
1172 * [a 9 b c]          * [* [a c] 2 [0 1] 0 b]
1173 * [a 10 [b c] d]     # [b * [a c] * [a d]]
1174
1175 * [a 11 [b c] d]      * [[* [a c] * [a d]] 0 3]
1176 * [a 11 b c]          * [a c]
1177
1178 * a                    * a
1179

```

1180 Source: ~sorreg-namtyv (2018-09-27)

1181 4 The Future of Nock

1182 While deviations from the trunk line of the Nock family have
1183 been proposed at various points,¹² Nock itself has remained
1184 the definitional substrate of Urbit since its inception. It has
1185 also been adopted as the primary ISA of Nockchain and the
1186 NockApp ecosystem.

1187 Why, then, do we contemplate further changes? The *skew*
1188 proposal by ~siprel and ~littl-ponnys argued that Nock 4K
1189 represented an undesirable saddle point in the design space of
1190 possible Nocks, itself a “ball of mud” (~siprel and ~littl-
1191 ponnys, 2020). While *skew* itself was not adopted, it inspired
1192 the development of *Plunder* and *PLAN* as a solid-state comput-
1193 ing architecture sharing some ambitions with Urbit and Nock
1194 (~siprel and ~littl-ponnys, 2023). A rigorously æsthetic
1195 argument can thus be sustained that Nock is not yet “close
1196 enough” to its final, diamond-perfect form to be a viable can-
1197 didate.

1198 While some have found this argument compelling, Urbit’s
1199 core developers have elected to maintain work in the “main
1200 line” of traditional Nock as the system’s target ISA. The Nock
1201 4K specification is a good candidate, in this sense, for a “final”
1202 version of Nock, as it has been successfully used in produc-
1203 tion for several years. It seems more likely that subsequent
1204 changes to Nock will derive not from alternative representa-
1205 tions but from either dramatically more elegant expressions

¹²Notably, *Ax* (see pp. XX–XX, this volume), *skew*, and *PLAN* (see pp. XX–XX, this volume).

1206 (e.g., of opcode 6 or a combinator refactor) or from an implicit
1207 underspecification in the current Nock 4K which should be
1208 made explicit.

1209 5 Conclusion

1210 A13: If you don't completely understand your
1211 code and the semantics of all the code it depends
1212 on, your code is wrong.

1213 A21: Prefer mechanical simplicity to mathemat-
1214 ical simplicity. Often mechanical simplicity and
1215 mathematical simplicity go together.

1216 F1: If it's not deterministic, it isn't real.

1217 (~wicdev-wisryt, Urbit Precepts (2020))

1218 Nock began life as a hyper-Turing machine language, a
1219 theoretical construct for the purpose of defining higher-level
1220 programming languages with appropriate affordances and se-
1221 mantics. While its opcodes and syntax have gradually evolved
1222 over the course of two decades, the ambition to uproot the Unix
1223 “ball of mud” and replace it with a simple operating function
1224 amenable to reason has remained the north star of Urbit and
1225 Nock. The history of Nock serves as an index of refinement
1226 as Yarvin and contributors sought to balance conciseness, effi-
1227 ciency, and practicality.

1228 The most recent version, Nock 4K, appears to provide all
1229 of the opcodes necessary for correct and efficient¹³ evaluation.
1230 It is likely that future versions of Nock will be based genet-
1231 ically on Nock 4K, but with some changes to improve its per-
1232 formance and usability. The road to zero kelvin is likely very
1233 long still, given an abundance of caution, but it also appears to
1234 be straight.

¹³Modulo the vagaries of the von Neumann architecture, etc.

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