Para crear el DNS primero vamos a crear un fichero Vagrant (.vagrantfile), en el que meteremos los siguientes comandos:

Esto creará cuatro máquinas, con los nombres "dns", "apache1", "apache2" y "nginx".

Donde el nombre de cada equipo son las primeras comillas, y las ip serán las que escojamos.

Luego pondrá a cada una de las máquinas su nombre e ip, así como la cantidad de cpus y memoria a usar. También el nombre completo de host, la máscara de red y más. Al final instalará webmin en las máquinas.

```
BOX_IMAGE = "ubuntu/focal64"
equipos = {
  "dns" => {:ip=> "10.10.17.85", :cpus => 1, :mem => 1024},
 "apache1" => {:ip=> "10.10.17.86", :cpus => 1, :mem => 1024},
  "apache2" => {:ip=> "10.10.17.87", :cpus => 1, :mem => 1024},
  "nginx" => {:ip=> "10.10.17.88", :cpus => 1, :mem => 1024},
Vagrant.configure("2") do |config|
    equipos.each_with_index do |(hostname, info), index|
      config.vm.define hostname do |cfg|
        cfg.vm.provider :virtualbox do |vb, override|
          config.vm.box = BOX_IMAGE
          override.vm.network :public_network, ip:"#{info[:ip]}", netmask:
"255.255.255.0"
          override.vm.hostname = "#{hostname}.aula104"
          vb.name = hostname
          vb.customize ["modifyvm", :id, "--memory", info[:mem], "--cpus",
info[:cpus], "--hwvirtex", "on"]
        end
      end
    end
    config.vm.provision "shell", inline: <<-SHELL</pre>
    echo -e "\n --> PRIMER UPDATE-\n\n"
    apt update
    #apt-get install -y net-tools
    #route add default gw 10.10.17.254 enp0s8
    echo -e "\n --> WEBMIN.\n\n"
    sh -c 'echo "deb http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge
contrib" > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/webmin.https://dns:10000"'
    wget -q0 - http://www.webmin.com/jcameron-key.asc \sudo apt-key add -
    apt update
    apt install -y webmin
    SHELL
end
```

```
C:\Users\2daw3\Desktop\DNS>vagrant up
Bringing machine 'dns104' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
Bringing machine 'apache1104' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
Bringing machine 'apache2104' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
Bringing machine 'nginx104' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
```

Acceder a dns con vagrant ssh dns, y comprobar que la ip se ha asignado correctamente

```
C:\Users\2daw3\Desktop\DNS>vagrant ssh dns104
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-84-generic x86_64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com

* Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Tue Nov 2 09:11:26 UTC 2021

System load: 0.16 Processes: 108
Usage of /: 3.7% of 38.71GB Users logged in: 0
Memory usage: 19% IPv4 address for enp0s3: 10.0.2.15
Swap usage: 0% IPv4 address for enp0s8: 10.10.17.85

62 updates can be applied immediately.
35 of these updates are standard security updates.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable
```

```
vagrant@dns104:~$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 02:6e:81:45:38:65 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 10.0.2.15/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global dynamic enp0s3
        valid_lft 86258sec preferred_lft 86258sec
    inet6 fe80::6e:81ff:fe45:3865/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: enp0s8: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:4c:30:72 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 10.10.17.85/24 brd 10.10.17.255 scope global enp0s8
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe4c:3072/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Para instalar webmin, añadir la siguiente línea al archivo etc/apt/sources.list

deb http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge contrib

sudo apt update

```
vagrant@dns104:/etc/apt$ vagrant@dns104:/etc/apt$ sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
Get:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease [114 kB]
Get:3 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease [114 kB]
Ign:4 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge InRelease
Get:5 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [101 kB]
Get:6 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release [16.9 kB]
Get:7 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release.gpg [173 B]
Ign:7 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release.gpg
Reading package lists... Done
W: GPG error: http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release: The following signatures couldn't be veri fied because the public key is not available: NO_PUBKEY D97A3AE911F63C51
E: The repository 'http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release' is not signed.
N: Updating from such a repository can't be done securely, and is therefore disabled by default.
N: See apt-secure(8) manpage for repository creation and user configuration details.
```

wget -g -O- http://www.webmin.com/jcameron-key.asc | sudo apt-key add

```
vagrant@dns104:/etc/apt$ wget -q -O- http://www.webmin.com/jcameron-key.asc | sudo apt-key add
OK
```

Nuevamente sudo apt update

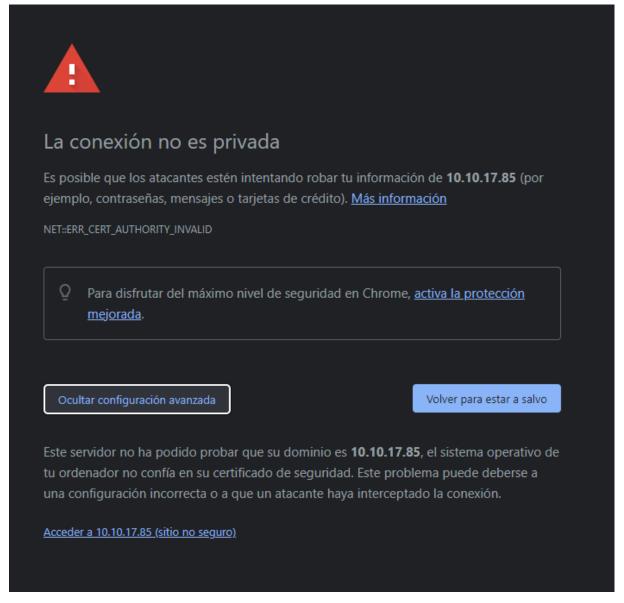
```
vagrant@dns104:/etc/apt$ sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
Hit:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease
Ign:5 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge InRelease
Get:6 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release [16.9 kB]
Get:7 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge Release.gpg [173 B]
Get:8 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge/contrib amd64 Packages [1387 B]
Fetched 18.4 kB in 1s (15.9 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
58 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
```

## sudo apt install webmin

```
/apt$ sudo apt install webmin
Reading package lists... Done
 Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    libauthen-pam-perl libio-pty-perl libnet-ssleay-perl perl-openssl-defaults unzip
 Suggested packages:
    zip
 The following NEW packages will be installed:
    libauthen-pam-perl libio-pty-perl libnet-ssleay-perl perl-openssl-defaults unzip webmin
 0 upgraded, 6 newly installed, 0 to remove and 58 not upgraded.
 Need to get 29.2 MB of archives.
Need to get 29.2 MB of archives.
After this operation, 308 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 perl-openssl-defaults amd64 4 [7192 B]
Get:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 libnet-ssleay-perl amd64 1.88-2ubuntu1 [291 kB]
Get:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 libauthen-pam-perl amd64 0.16-3build7 [24.3 kB]
Get:4 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 libio-pty-perl amd64 1:1.12-1 [32.4 kB]
Get:5 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 unzip amd64 6.0-25ubuntu1 [169 kB]
Get:6 http://download.webmin.com/download/repository sarge/contrib amd64 webmin all 1.981 [28.7 MB]
Fetched 29.2 MB in 3min 44s (130 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package perl-openssl-defaults:amd64.
Received 29.2 MB IIII 3MIII 445 (130 KG/S)
Selecting previously unselected package perl-openssl-defaults:amd64.
(Reading database ... 63194 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../0-perl-openssl-defaults_4_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking perl-openssl-defaults:amd64 (4) ...
Selecting previously unselected package libert-ssleay-perl.
Preparing to unpack //llibert-ssleay-perl 1 88-2ubuntul amd64 deb
 Preparing to unpack .../1-libnet-ssleay-perl_1.88-2ubuntu1_amd64.deb ...
Preparing to unpack .../1-libnet-ssleay-perl 1.88-2ubuntu1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libnet-ssleay-perl (1.88-2ubuntu1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package libauthen-pam-perl.
Preparing to unpack .../2-libauthen-pam-perl 0.16-3build7_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libauthen-pam-perl (0.16-3build7) ...
Selecting previously unselected package libio-pty-perl.
Preparing to unpack .../3-libio-pty-perl 1.13a1.12-1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libio-pty-perl (1:1.12-1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package unzip.
Preparing to unpack .../4-unzip_6.0-25ubuntu1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking unzip (6.0-25ubuntu1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package webmin.
Preparing to unpack .../5-webmin_1.981_all.deb ...
Unpacking webmin (1.981) ...
Unpacking webmin (1.981) ...
Setting up libio-pty-perl (1:1.12-1) ...
Setting up unzip (6.0-25ubuntu1) ...
 Setting up perl-openssl-defaults:amd64 (4) ...
Setting up libauthen-pam-perl (0.16-3build7) ...
Setting up libnet-ssleay-perl (1.88-2ubuntu1) ...
Setting up webmin (1.981) ...
Webmin install complete. You can now login to https://dns104:10000/
 as root with your root password, or as any user who can use sudo
 to run commands as root.
 Processing triggers for systemd (245.4-4ubuntu3.11) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.1-1) ...
 Processing triggers for mime-support (3.64ubuntu1) ...
```

Como vemos al final, está funcionando correctamente según la siguiente línea

Webmin install complete. You can now login to https://dns104:10000/ as root with your root password, or as any user who can use sudo to run commands as root. Aunque el ir a <a href="https://dns104:10000/">https://dns104:10000/</a> nos da error, sí que funciona yendo a <a href="https://10.10.17.85:10000/">https://10.10.17.85:10000/</a>



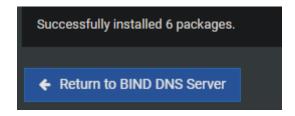
Pincharemos en configuración avanzada y a <u>Acceder a 10.10.17.85</u>, con usuario y contraseña `vagrant`.

En el menú lateral izquierdo, accedemos a un-used Modules y a Bind DNS Server.

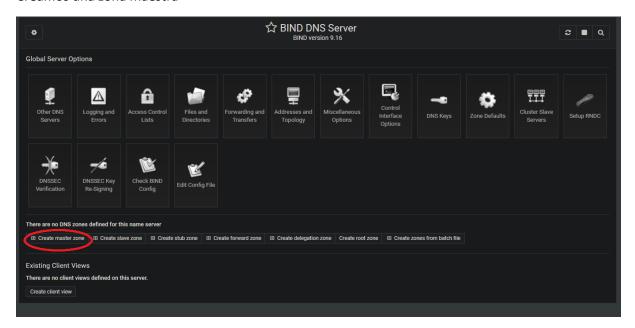
Si nos aparece el siguiente cuadro, pinchamos en Install Now



Todo ha ido bien



## Creamos una zona maestra



## Con los siguientes parámetros

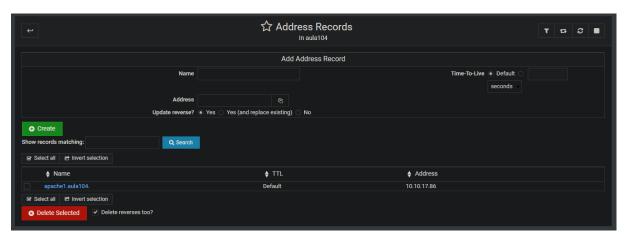


Ahora añadiremos una dirección de una máquina cliente





Ahora, en la lista de direcciones tendremos la nueva



Vamos a ir a una máquina cliente, que tenga esa dirección ip 10.10.17.86 y como dns 10.10.17.85, y vamos a hacer un ping a DNS para ver si lo resuelve.

Como vemos, ha salido correctamente, ya tenemos un servidor con webmin