#### **Text Classifier**

### Importing necessary libraries

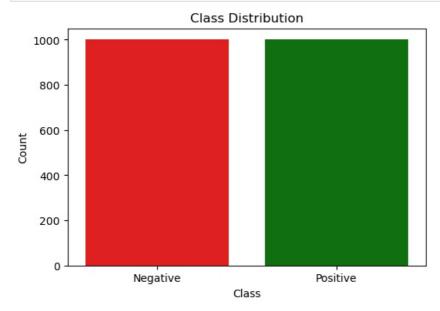
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
import pickle
import nltk
from sklearn.datasets import load_files
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
```

# Loading files

```
In [183... reviews=load_files('txt_sentoken')
    x,y=reviews.data,reviews.target
```

#### **Data Visualization**

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
y = np.array(y)
classes = ['Negative', 'Positive']
# Converting numerical labels to class labels
y_labels = [classes[label] for label in y]
# Create a countplot with custom colors
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.countplot(x=y_labels, palette={'Negative': 'red', 'Positive': 'green'})
plt.xticks([0, 1], classes)
plt.xlabel('Class')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Class Distribution')
plt.show()
```



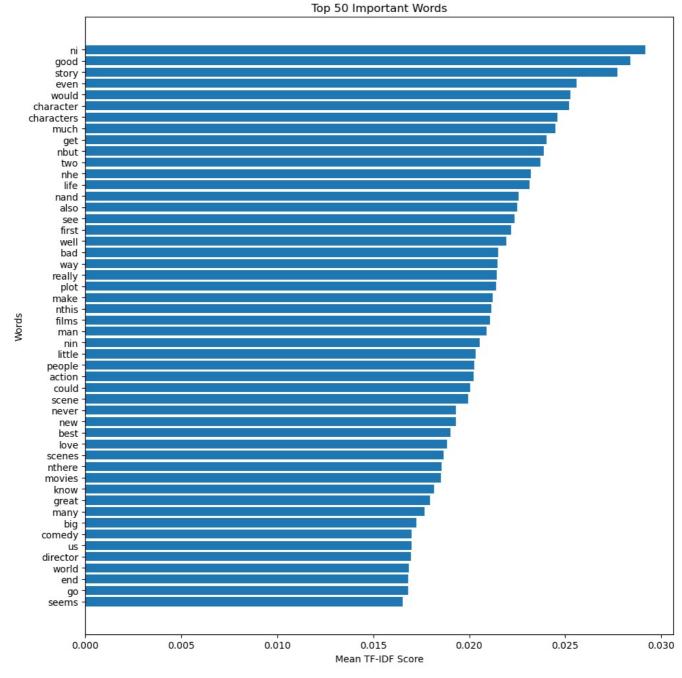
## Preprocessing

```
In [185...
corpus=[]
for i in range(0,len(x)):
    review=re.sub(r'\W',' ',str(x[i])) #removing all non_words
    review=review.lower() #converting to lower case
    review=re.sub(r'\s+[a-z]\s+',' ',review) #removing all single words between spaces
    review=re.sub(r'\fa-z]\s+',' ',review) #removing all single words before the space
    review=re.sub(r'\fa-z]\s+',' ',review) #removing all extra spaces
    corpus.append(review) #appending to the corpus
```

### Visualization of TF IDF Model

Visualizing a TF-IDF (Term Frequency-Inverse Document Frequency) model can provide insights into the importance of words in your text data. TF-IDF represents how relevant a word is to a document in a collection or corpus.

```
In [191. tfidf_matrix = vectorizer.fit_transform(corpus)
# Getting feature names (words)
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
# Calculating mean TF-IDF score for each word
mean_tfidf_scores = tfidf_matrix.mean(axis=0).A1
# Sorting words by TF-IDF score in ascending order
sorted_indices = mean_tfidf_scores.argsort()
sorted_words = [feature_names[i] for i in sorted_indices]
top_n = 50
# Plotting top N words as a horizontal bar plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
plt.barh(sorted_words[-top_n:], mean_tfidf_scores[sorted_indices][-top_n:])
plt.xlabel('Mean TF-IDF Score')
plt.ylabel('Words')
plt.title(f'Top {top_n} Important Words')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## **Creating Training and Test Sets**

```
In [173... from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=1)
```

# Training our classifier model on train data

```
In [143... from sklearn.svm import SVC
    clf=SVC(C=1.5)
In [144... clf.fit(x_train,y_train);
```

# **Evaluating our Model**

```
In [145...
accuracy=clf.score(x_test,y_test)
print(f'Accuracy :{accuracy*100}%')
Accuracy :86.5%
```

### **Making Predictions**

```
In [146... y_preds=clf.predict(x_test)
    predicted_vs_actual={'predicted_class':y_preds,'actual class':y_test}
    Result=pd.DataFrame(predicted_vs_actual)
    Result.head(10)
```

```
predicted class actual class
Out[146]:
             2
                             0
                                         0
             3
                             0
                             0
                                         0
             5
             6
                             0
                                         0
                             0
                                         0
             8
                                         1
```

#### **Confusion Matrix**

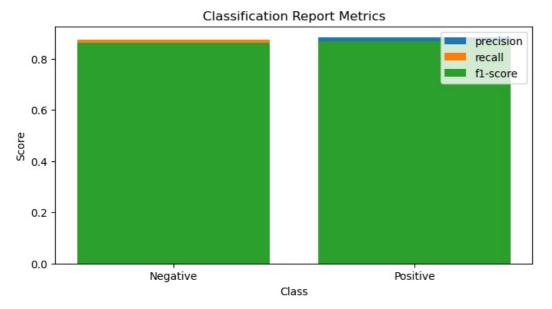
```
In [147... from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
In [148... cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_preds)
In [149... import seaborn as sns
          sns.heatmap(cm,annot=True,cmap='coolwarm')
          <Axes: >
Out[149]:
                                                                          160
                       1.7e+02
                                                     24
                                                                          - 140
                                                                          - 120
                                                                         - 100
                                                                          - 80
                          30
                                                  1.8e + 02
                                                                          - 60
                                                                           40
                          0
```

# Classification Report

```
In [150... | from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         cr=classification_report(y_test,y_preds)
         print('Classification Report:')
         print(cr)
         Classification Report:
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                         support
                     0
                             0.85
                                       0.87
                                                  0.86
                                                             191
                             0.88
                                       0.86
                                                  0.87
                                                             209
                                                             400
             accuracy
                                                  0.86
            macro avg
                             0.86
                                       0.87
                                                  0.86
                                                             400
         weighted avg
                             0.87
                                       0.86
                                                  0.87
                                                             400
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
class_names = ['Negative', 'Positive']
report = classification_report(y_test, y_preds, target_names=class_names, output_dict=True)
metrics = ['precision', 'recall', 'f1-score']
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
for metric in metrics:
    values = [report[label][metric] for label in class_names]
    plt.bar(class_names, values, label=metric)
```

```
plt.xlabel('Class')
plt.ylabel('Score')
plt.title('Classification Report Metrics')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



# Saving & Testing Our Model

```
In [152...
          from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          vect=TfidfVectorizer(max_features=2000,max_df=0.6,min_df=3,stop_words=stopwords.words('english'))
          x=vect.fit_transform(corpus).toarray()
In [153...
          with open('classifier.pickle','wb') as f:
              pickle.dump(clf,f)
In [154...
          with open('tfidfmodel.pickle','wb') as f:
              pickle.dump(vect,f)
In [155...
          with open ('classifier.pickle','rb') as f:
              classifier=pickle.load(f)
          with open('tfidfmodel.pickle','rb') as f:
In [156...
              tfidf=pickle.load(f)
          \label{eq:car_sample} \textbf{sample=['''I do not like this car. This view is horrible.}
In [157...
                  I feel tired this morning.
                  I am not looking forward to the concert. He is my enemy.''']
In [158...
         sample=tfidf.transform(sample).toarray()
In [159...
          pred=clf.predict(sample)
          prediction='Positive ' if pred >0.5 else 'Negative'
          print(f'{prediction} Review')
          Negative Review
 In [ ]:
```

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