SCHOOL BASED ASSESSMENT 2023-24

First Term

Math Grade 8



School Name:

Workers Welfare School (Boys), Sahukimallian. (EMIS: wws12)

ANSWER KEYS

Q. No.1 : b	Q. No.2 : d	Q. No.3 : c
Q. No.4 : c	Q. No.5 : d	Q. No.6 : c
Q. No.7 : d	Q. No.8 : c	Q. No.9 : d
Q. No.10 : d		

ANSWERS / RUBRICS

Question No: 11

<u>a</u>) If $5\frac{1}{4}$ kilograms of sugar is to be packed equally in $1\frac{3}{4}$ kilogram packets, then how many packets of sugar will be packed? (5 marks)

$$(7)^{2}$$
 کاوگرام چینی $\frac{3}{4}$ کلوگرام کے پیکٹوں میں برابر پیک کی جائے تو چینی کے گل کتنے پیک ہوں گے $(7)^{2}$

Sol:

Total weight of sugar $=5\frac{1}{4}=\frac{21}{4}kg$ (1 mark)

Weight of sugar in 1 packet $=1\frac{3}{4}=\frac{7}{4}kg$ (1 mark) Number of packets will be packed $=\frac{21}{4}\div\frac{7}{4}$ (1 mark) $=\frac{21}{4} imesrac{4}{7}$ (1 mark)

Number of packets will be packed = 3

Volume of the cube $= l^3$ (0.5 Mark)

 $l=(3 imes3 imes3 imes3 imes3 imes3)^{rac{1}{3}}$ (1 Mark)

 $l^3=729m^3 \; ext{(0.5 Mark)}$

l=3 imes3 (0.5 Mark)

 $l=9\ m$ (1 Mark)

 $\sqrt[3]{l^3} = \sqrt[3]{729m^3}$ (0.5 Mark)

 $l = \left(3^3 imes 3^3
ight)^{rac{1}{3}} \; ext{(0.5 Mark)}$

 $l = 3^{\cancel{3} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{3}}} \times 3^{\cancel{3} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{3}}}$ (0.5 Mark)

ن المنبر) کلوگرام
$$\frac{21}{4}=\frac{5}{4}=\frac{5}{4}$$
 وزن الم $\frac{1}{4}$

$$\frac{4}{2} = \frac{21}{4} \div \frac{7}{4}($$
بنر $)$

$$= \frac{21}{4} \times \frac{4}{7}($$

$$= \frac{21}{4} \times \frac{4}{7}($$

The volume of a cubic shaped box is $729 \ m^3$. Find the length of its one side. (5 Marks)

رە نمبر)
$$l^3$$
 ھىب كا تجم $l^3=729$ كىب كا تجم $l^3=729$ كىب مىر ئىرى كىب مىرىر $l^3=729$

$$\sqrt[3]{l^3}=\sqrt[3]{729}$$
مکب میٹر (0.5)

$$l=(3 imes3 imes3 imes3 imes3 imes3)^{rac{1}{3}}$$
رونجر)

$$l=\left(3^3 imes3^3
ight)^{rac{2}{3}}$$
(منبر) المنجر (0.5)

$$l=3^{\cancel{3}\times\frac{1}{\cancel{3}}}\times3^{\cancel{3}\times\frac{1}{\cancel{3}}}(\cancel{2}0.5)$$

$$l=3$$
 کری کمبری کری کری کری کری کری کری کری کری کری از $l=3 imes3$

$$= \mathbf{3} \times \mathbf{3}(70.5)$$

$$l=9$$
بنبر)میٹر

Question No: 12

<u>a</u>) Verify Distributive law of intersection over union where, $A = \{1, 2, 3, \ldots, 10\}$, $B = \{5, 10, 15, 20\}$ and $C = \{3, 9, 15, 21\}$. (5 Marks) $C=\{3,9,15,21\}$ قاطع کی خاصیت نقسیمی بلحاظ یو نین کی تصدیق کریں جبکہ، $B=\{5,10,15,20\}$ ، $A=\{1,2,3,\ldots 10\}$ ور ے۔(5^نمبر)

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تقاطع كي خاصيت تقسيمي بلحاظ يونين
Distributive law of intersection over union
                                                                         A\cap (B\cup C)=(A\cap B)\cup (A\cap C) (بنا)
A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C) (1 Mark)
                                                                                               L.H.S = A \cap (B \cup C)
L.H.S = A \cap (B \cup C)
=\{1,2,3,\dots 10\}\cap (\{5,10,15,20\}\cup \{3,9,15,21\})=\{1,2,3,\dots 10\}\cap (\{5,10,15,20\}\cup \{3,9,15,21\})
                                                                    =\{1,2,3,\ldots 10\}\cap \{3,5,9,10,15,20,21\}
=\{1,2,3,\ldots 10\}\cap \{3,5,9,10,15,20,21\}
                                                                                                       = \{3, 5, 9, 10\}
= \{3, 5, 9, 10\} (2 Marks)
                                                                                      R. H. S = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)
R. H. S = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)
                                                                           =(\{1,2,3,\dots 10\}\cap \{5,10,15,20\})\cup (\{1,2,3,\dots 10\}\cap \{3,9,15,21\})
= (\{1,2,3,\dots 10\} \cap \{5,10,15,20\}) \cup (\{1,2,3,\dots 10\} \cap \{3,9,15,21\})
= \{5, 10\} \cup \{3, 9\}
                                                                                                       = \{5, 10\} \cup \{3, 9\}
= \{3, 5, 9, 10\} (2 Marks)
                                                                                                       = \{3, 5, 9, 10\}
L.H.S = R.H.S
                                                                                                       L.H.S = R.H.S
If U=\{a,b,c,d,e\} , A=\{a,c,e\} and B=\{c,d,e\} , then prove that (A\cap B)^c=A^c\cup B^c . (5 marks)
                A(c,c,d,e)اورA(c,c,d,e)اورA(c,c,d,e)اورA(c,c,d,e)اورA(c,c,d,e)اورA(c,c,d,e)
                                                                                                       L.H.S= (A \cap B)^c
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 $(A\cap B)=\{a,c,e\}\cap\{c,d,e\}$ $L.H.S = (A \cap B)^c$ $= \{c, e\}$ (1) $(A\cap B)=\{a,c,e\}\cap\{c,d,e\}$ $(A \cap B)^c = U - (A \cap B)$ $=\{c,e\}$ (1 Mark) $(A \cap B)^c = U - (A \cap B)$ $= \{a, b, c, d, e\} - \{c, e\}$ $= \{a, b, c, d, e\} - \{c, e\}$ $=\{a,b,d\}$(i) (,i) $=\{a,b,d\}$(i) (1 Mark) r.h.s $A^c \cup B^c$ $\mathsf{R.H.S} = A^c \cup B^c$ $A^c = U - A$ $A^c = U - A$ $= \{a,b,c,d,e\} - \{a,c,e\}$ $= \{a, b, c, d, e\} - \{a, c, e\}$ $=\{b,d\}$ (1 Mark) $= \{b,d\} \ (\cancel{x},1)$ $B^c = U - B$ $B^c = U - B$ $= \{a, b, c, d, e\} - \{c, d, e\}$ $= \{a, b, c, d, e\} - \{c, d, e\}$ $=\{a,b\}$ (1 Mark) $A^c \cup B^c = \{b,d\} \cup \{a,b\}$ $= \{a, b\}$ $= \{a, b, d\} \dots$ (ii) (1 Mark) $A^c \cup B^c = \{b,d\} \cup \{a,b\}$ Thus, form (i) and (ii) we have $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$ $= \{a, b, d\}$ (ii) (\dot{i}) $(A\cap B)^c=A^c\cup B^c$ پي ثابت ہوا کہ

Question No: 13

سوال نمبر 13

<u>a)</u> Hameed bought a piece of land in Rs 600000 and sold it in Rs 450000. Find his loss percentage. (5 marks)

حمید نے ایک زمین کا ٹکڑ ا600000رویے میں خرید ااور اس کو450000رویے میں فروخت کر دیا۔اس کانقصان فی صد معلوم کریں۔(5 نمبر) رویے 600000 = قیمت خرید Cost Price =Rs 600000 رویے 450000 قیمت فروخت Sale Price = Rs 450000 قیمت فروخت – قیمت خرید = نقصان Loss = Cost Price - Sale Price =600000-450000 = 600000 - 450000 (2نمبر)روپيے150000= = Rs 150000(2 mark) Loss Percentage = $\frac{Loss}{Cost\ Price} imes 100\%$ (1 نمبر) × 100 × (قيت خريد / نقصان)= نقصان في صد $=\frac{150000}{600000}$ \times 100 $= \frac{150000}{600000} \times 100$ $= \frac{15}{6} \times 10(\cancel{5}\cancel{1})$ $=\frac{15}{6} \times 10$ (1 mark) = 25 % (1 mark) (1 نمبر) 25 =

Amir borrowed Rs 45000 from a bank at the rate of 4% for 3 years. Find the amount of markup. (5 marks)

عامرنے45000رویے 4 فی صدیر 3 سال کے لیے بینک سے ادھار لیے۔مارک اپ کی رقم معلوم کریں۔(5 نمبر)

رویے P=45000 = اصل زر Principal (P) = Rs. 45000 فی صد R=4 = شرح Rate (R) = 4% سال T=3 = وقت Time (T) = 3 years ارک اپP imes R imes Tارک اپ= P imes R imes T $Markup = P \times R \times T \quad (1 mark)$ ارك اپ $\dot{4}5000 imes \dot{4}5000 imes \dot{4}$ مارك اپ Markup = $45000 imes rac{4}{100} imes 3$ (1 mark) =450 imes4 imes3 (1 mark) =450 imes4 imes3(دنجر) = Rs. 5400 (2 marks) (2 نمبر)رویے 5400= So, Amir will have to pay $Rs.\,\,5400$ as markup. عامر 5400رویے مارک ای اداکرے گا۔

Find the indicated term of the geometric sequence when $a=512,\ r=\frac{1}{2},\ a_5=?$ (5 marks)

$$($$
رین مطلوب رقم معلوم کریں جبکہ $a_5=7$ رون نہری معلوم کریں جبکہ $a_5=312,\ r=rac{1}{2},\ a_5=7$ (1 mark) $a_5=512ig(rac{1}{2}ig)^{5-1}$ (1 mark) $a_5=512ig(rac{1}{2}ig)^4$ (1 mark) $a_5=512ig(rac{1}{16}ig)$ (1 mark) $a_5=512ig(rac{1}{16}ig)$ (1 mark) $a_5=512ig(rac{1}{16}ig)$ (1 mark) $a_5=32$ (1 mark) $a_5=32$ (1 mark) $a_5=32$ (2 mark)