

# Forgiveness and Restoration

## Reconciliation, Peacemaking

Biblical Conflict Resolutions Strengthens Unity

“If your brother sins, go and show him his fault when the two of you are alone. If he listens to you, you have regained your brother. But if he does not listen, take one or two others with you, so that ***at the testimony of two or three witnesses every matter may be established***. If he refuses to listen to them, tell it to the church. If he refuses to listen to the church, treat him like a Gentile or a tax collector. I tell you the truth, whatever you bind on earth will have been bound in heaven, and whatever you release on earth will have been released in heaven. Again, I tell you the truth, if two of you on earth agree about whatever you ask, my Father in heaven will do it for you. For where two or three are assembled in my name, I am there among them.” (Matthew 18:15-20)

[Phil@UsefulEngines.com](mailto:Phil@UsefulEngines.com)

<https://tinyurl.com/Call2Unity>

# Jesus' Step-by-Step Model

## Restoring Broken Fellowship (Matthew 18:15-20)

### Private Correction (v15)

*“If your brother sins against you, go and tell him his fault between you and him alone.”*

Reflects **love and honor** for the offender's dignity (Matthew 5:23–24).

Aims for swift, relational **repair before escalation**.

Encourages accountability without public shame.

### Shared Witness (v16)

*“Take one or two others along...”*

Prevents **false accusations** (Deuteronomy 19:15).

Invites **wise counsel** and objectivity.

Reinforces commitment to truth and restoration.

### Community Intervention (v17–20)

*“Tell it to the church...”*

**Church authority** is not about punishment, but healing.

Discipline is **pastoral and restorative**, not retributive.

Christ affirms that the Church bears spiritual authority when rightly aligned with His name (v19–20).

# Why are Christians so Easily Offended?

Theological misunderstandings, Cultural influences, Spiritual immaturity

## Misunderstanding of Identity in Christ

- When believers forget that their **core identity is secure in Christ**, they may:
  - Seek approval from others instead of resting in God's grace (Galatians 1:10).
  - React defensively to criticism, correction, or disagreement.
  - Feel personally attacked when their preferences or views are challenged.
- **Biblical Correction:**
  - *"For you have died, and your life is hidden with Christ in God."* (Colossians 3:3)
  - When our identity is secure in Christ, **offense loses its power**.

## Pride and Self-Righteousness

- Offense often grows from **wounded pride**. Christians may be offended because:
  - They see themselves as more righteous or doctrinally correct (Luke 18:11–12).
  - They believe their service or spiritual maturity entitles them to respect.
  - They interpret disagreement as disrespect rather than healthy tension.
  - *"God opposes the proud but gives grace to the humble."* (James 4:6)

# Why are Christians so Easily Offended?

Theological misunderstandings, Cultural influences, Spiritual immaturity

Issue	Gospel Remedy
Fragile identity	Root identity in Christ, not opinion or recognition
Inflated ego	Embrace humility and servanthood (Philippians 2:3)
Poor communication	Practice direct, grace-filled dialogue (Matthew 18:15)
Emotional immaturity	Grow in spiritual fruit, especially patience (Galatians 5)

## Lack of Forgiveness and Gospel Fluency

- When Christians fail to grasp the **depth of God's forgiveness**, they:
  - Struggle to extend grace to others.
  - Keep relational scorecards.
  - Over-personalize every offense instead of looking for opportunities to **display the gospel**.
- *"Forgive one another as God in Christ forgave you."* (Ephesians 4:32)

# *To Him who Overcomes...*

## Reconciliation is a Test of Faith

### The Heart of Reconciliation

- **Matthew 5:21–26:** Reconciliation is so urgent that it precedes worship.
- **1 John 2:9–11; 3:10–21; 4:17–5:4:** Love for fellow believers is a mark of true faith. Hatred or unresolved hostility is spiritual blindness.
- **Matthew 22:39:** The second greatest commandment—love your neighbor—demands relational care and forgiveness

### The Power of Forgiveness

- **Colossians 3:13:** *“Forgive as the Lord forgave you.”*
- **Matthew 6:14–15; Mark 11:25–26:** Our forgiveness from God is **connected** to our forgiveness of others.
- **Matthew 18:21–35:** The parable of the unforgiving servant illustrates the **serious consequences** of failing to extend mercy after receiving it.

### Christ as Our Model of Restoration

- **Romans 5:6–11:** While we were still sinners, Christ reconciled us through His death.
- **2 Corinthians 5:20–21:** We are now **ambassadors of reconciliation**—our relationships must reflect the gospel.
- **Colossians 1:19–20:** God’s purpose in Christ is to reconcile all things through the cross.

# *To Him who Overcomes...*

## Reconciliation is a Test of Faith (*"To Him who Overcomes"*)

### Community Flourishing in Unity

- **1 Peter 3:8–12:** Calls the church to sympathy, love, humility, and peacemaking.
- **Acts 1:14, 2:42:** The early church's power flowed from **shared prayer**, **fellowship**, and **doctrinal clarity**.

*"If anyone says 'I love God' and yet hates his fellow Christian, he is a liar because the one who does not love his fellow Christian whom he has seen cannot love God whom he has not seen. And the commandment we have from Him is this: that the one who loves God should love his fellow Christian too. Everyone who believes that Jesus is the Christ has been fathered by God, and everyone who loves the Father loves the child fathered by Him. By this we know that we love the children of God: whenever we love God and obey His commandments. For this is the love of God: that we keep His commandments. And His commandments do not weigh us down, because everyone who has been fathered by God overcomes the world."* 1 John 4:20 – 5:4

# The Cycle of Biblical Restoration

## How to *Overcome* the Test of Faith

### **Awareness**

Prompted by the Holy Spirit or a confrontation (Matthew 18:15).

### **Humility & Repentance**

A willingness to **admit** wrong (James 4:6; Acts 3:19).

### **Forgiveness Given & Received**

Rooted in God's mercy (Colossians 3:13).

### **Truth & Transparency**

Honest confession builds trust (Ephesians 4:15).

### **Community Restoration**

Through shared worship, accountability, and prayer (Acts 2:42).

### **Missional Reorientation**

Reconciled believers return to service (Philippians 1:5).

# The Restoration of John Mark

Acts 13, 15; 2 Timothy 4:11

**Initial Conflict:** During Paul and Barnabas's first missionary journey (Acts 13:13), **John Mark deserted them** and returned to Jerusalem.

**Division:** When Paul later prepared for a second journey, he **refused to take John Mark** due to this earlier failure (Acts 15:36–39).

Result: A **sharp disagreement** between Paul and Barnabas.

Paul took Silas, Barnabas took Mark—their paths diverged.

**Restoration:** Years later, Paul writes warmly about John Mark:

*“Get Mark and bring him with you, for he is very useful to me for ministry.”* (2 Timothy 4:11)

Also mentioned favorably in Colossians 4:10 and Philemon 1:24.

## Key Elements of Restoration

- **Humility:** Mark was willing to return to ministry despite past failure.
- **Forgiveness:** Paul extended restoration when Mark matured.
- **Missional Purpose:** The relationship was healed in service to the gospel.
- **Plural Leadership:** Barnabas’s faith in Mark played a role in long-term reconciliation.

Even prominent leaders experienced division, but restoration came through time, growth, and gospel-centered humility.