

### **Step 1: Access the Pfsense Web Interface**

- Launch the web browser and enter the LAN IP address of your pfSense firewall.
- Log in with your pfSense credentials.

### **Step 2: Navigate to DHCP Server Configuration**

- After logging in, locate the Services tab.
- Selecting the DHCP Server from the drop-down menu.

### **Step 3: Enable DHCP Server**

- In the DHCP Server configuration page, locate the interface where we want to enable DHCP and enable the DHCP server on the selected interface.

### **Step 4: Configure DHCP Settings**

- Go to the DHCP Server Configuration section for the selected interface.
- Specify the range of IP addresses to be leased out by the DHCP server. Enter the Start and End IP addresses accordingly.
- Setting the Lease Time, which determines how long each IP address lease will last.
- Optionally, configure additional settings such as Gateway, DNS servers, and domain name.

### **Step 5: Save and Apply Changes**

- Once all DHCP settings are configured to your requirements, click on the 'Save' button to save the changes.

General Options	
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable DHCP server on GUESTNET interface
BOOTP	<input type="checkbox"/> Ignore BOOTP queries
Deny unknown clients	<div>Allow all clients</div> <div>When set to <b>Allow all clients</b>, any DHCP client will get an IP address within this scope/range on this interface. If set to <b>Allow known clients from any interface</b>, any DHCP client with a MAC address listed on <b>any</b> scope(s)/interface(s) will get an IP address. If set to <b>Allow known clients from only this interface</b>, only MAC addresses listed below (i.e. for this interface) will get an IP address within this scope/range.</div>
Ignore denied clients	<div><input type="checkbox"/> Denied clients will be ignored rather than rejected.</div> <div>This option is not compatible with failover and cannot be enabled when a Failover Peer IP address is configured.</div>
Ignore client identifiers	<div><input type="checkbox"/> If a client includes a unique identifier in its DHCP request, that UID will not be recorded in its lease.</div> <div>This option may be useful when a client can dual boot using different client identifiers but the same hardware (MAC) address. Note that the resulting server behavior violates the official DHCP specification.</div>
Subnet	172.16.10.0
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Available range	172.16.10.1 - 172.16.10.254
Range	<div><div>172.16.10.11</div><div>172.16.10.200</div><div>FromTo</div></div>