

Case Study: Simple Food Application (No Database)

Creating a simple food application using Spring Boot with Thymeleaf and without a database involves setting up a web application where you can manage food items (e.g., view a list, add items, etc.) in memory. Here's a basic case study outline:

Project Structure

css

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food-application

```
├── src
|   ├── main
|   |   ├── java
|   |   |   ├── com
|   |   |   |   ├── example
|   |   |   |   |   ├── foodapplication
|   |   |   |   |   |   ├── FoodApplication.java
|   |   |   |   |   |   ├── controller
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   ├── FoodController.java
|   |   |   |   |   |   ├── model
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   ├── FoodItem.java
|   |   |   |   |   |   ├── service
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   ├── FoodService.java
|   |   |   ├── resources
|   |   |   |   ├── templates
|   |   |   |   |   ├── food-list.html
|   |   |   |   |   ├── add-food.html
|   |   |   ├── application.properties
└── pom.xml
```

Step 1: Create the Spring Boot Application

FoodApplication.java

java

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```
package com.example.foodapplication;
```

```
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
```

```
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
```

@SpringBootApplication

```
public class FoodApplication {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        SpringApplication.run(FoodApplication.class, args);  
    }  
}
```

Step 2: Create the Model

FoodItem.java

java

Copy code

```
package com.example.foodapplication.model;  
  
public class FoodItem {  
    private String name;  
    private String description;  
  
    // Constructors, getters, and setters  
    public FoodItem(String name, String description) {  
        this.name = name;  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
  
    public String getName() {  
        return name;  
    }  
  
    public String getDescription() {  
        return description;  
    }  
}
```

Step 3: Create the Service

FoodService.java

java

Copy code

```
package com.example.foodapplication.service;

import com.example.foodapplication.model.FoodItem;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

@Service

public class FoodService {

    private final List<FoodItem> foodItems = new ArrayList<>();

    public List<FoodItem> getAllFoodItems() {

        return foodItems;

    }

    public void addFoodItem(FoodItem foodItem) {

        foodItems.add(foodItem);

    }

}
```

Step 4: Create the Controller

FoodController.java

java

Copy code

```
package com.example.foodapplication.controller;

import com.example.foodapplication.model.FoodItem;
import com.example.foodapplication.service.FoodService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
```

```
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
```

```
@Controller
```

```
public class FoodController {
```

```
    @Autowired
```

```
    private FoodService foodService;
```

```
    @GetMapping("/")
```

```
    public String listFood(Model model) {
```

```
        model.addAttribute("foodItems", foodService.getAllFoodItems());
```

```
        return "food-list";
```

```
    }
```

```
    @GetMapping("/add-food")
```

```
    public String showAddFoodForm() {
```

```
        return "add-food";
```

```
    }
```

```
    @PostMapping("/add-food")
```

```
    public String addFood(@RequestParam String name, @RequestParam String description) {
```

```
        FoodItem foodItem = new FoodItem(name, description);
```

```
        foodService.addFoodItem(foodItem);
```

```
        return "redirect:/";
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Step 5: Create Thymeleaf Templates

food-list.html

html

Copy code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
```

```
<head>
```

```
    <title>Food List</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>

<h1>Food Items</h1>

<table>

  <tr>

    <th>Name</th>

    <th>Description</th>

  </tr>

  <tr th:each="food : ${foodItems}">

    <td th:text="${food.name}"></td>

    <td th:text="${food.description}"></td>

  </tr>

</table>

<a href="/add-food">Add Food Item</a>

</body>

</html>
```

add-food.html

html

Copy code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">

<head>

  <title>Add Food</title>

</head>

<body>

<h1>Add Food Item</h1>

<form action="/add-food" method="post">

  <label for="name">Name:</label>

  <input type="text" id="name" name="name" required>

  <label for="description">Description:</label>

  <input type="text" id="description" name="description" required>

  <button type="submit">Add Food Item</button>

</form>

<a href="/">Back to Food List</a>

</body>
```

</html>

Step 6: Configure application.properties

You may not need specific properties for this simple case, but you can customize server settings if necessary.

Step 7: Run the Application

1. Build and run your Spring Boot application.
2. Visit <http://localhost:8080/> to view the food list and add new food items.

Summary

This simple Spring Boot web application allows users to view a list of food items and add new ones without using a database, leveraging in-memory storage through a service layer. You can extend this application further by adding more features like editing and deleting food items or improving the UI.