

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

# Uploading the data into df

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("tested.csv")
```

```
In [3]: df
```

Out[3]:	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	892	0	3	Kelly, Mr. James	male	34.5	0	0	330911	7.8292	NaN	
1	893	1	3	Wilkes, Mrs. James (Ellen Needs)	female	47.0	1	0	363272	7.0000	NaN	
2	894	0	2	Myles, Mr. Thomas Francis	male	62.0	0	0	240276	9.6875	NaN	
3	895	0	3	Wirz, Mr. Albert	male	27.0	0	0	315154	8.6625	NaN	
4	896	1	3	Hirvonen, Mrs. Alexander (Helga E Lindqvist)	female	22.0	1	1	3101298	12.2875	NaN	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
413	1305	0	3	Spector, Mr. Woolf	male	NaN	0	0	A.5. 3236	8.0500	NaN	
414	1306	1	1	Oliva y Ocana, Dona. Fermina	female	39.0	0	0	PC 17758	108.9000	C105	
415	1307	0	3	Saether, Mr. Simon Sivertsen	male	38.5	0	0	SOTON/O.Q. 3101262	7.2500	NaN	
416	1308	0	3	Ware, Mr. Frederick	male	NaN	0	0	359309	8.0500	NaN	
417	1309	0	3	Peter, Master. Michael J	male	NaN	1	1	2668	22.3583	NaN	

418 rows × 12 columns

# Get the information about the dataset using info function

```
In [4]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 418 entries, 0 to 417
Data columns (total 12 columns):
 #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   PassengerId     418 non-null    int64  
 1   Survived        418 non-null    int64  
 2   Pclass         418 non-null    int64  
 3   Name            418 non-null    object  
 4   Sex             418 non-null    object  
 5   Age             332 non-null    float64 
 6   SibSp           418 non-null    int64  
 7   Parch           418 non-null    int64  
 8   Ticket          418 non-null    object  
 9   Fare            417 non-null    float64 
10   Cabin           91 non-null     object  
11   Embarked        418 non-null    object  
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 39.3+ KB
```

## Identify the missing values

```
In [5]: for i in df:
        print(df[i].value_counts())
```

```
892      1
1205      1
1177      1
1176      1
1175      1
..
1028      1
1027      1
1026      1
1025      1
1309      1
Name: PassengerId, Length: 418, dtype: int64
0        266
1        152
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
3        218
1        107
2         93
Name: Pclass, dtype: int64
Kelly, Mr. James      1
Carr, Miss. Jeannie   1
Dennis, Mr. William   1
Rosblom, Miss. Salli Helena  1
Touma, Miss. Maria Youssef  1
..
Zakarian, Mr. Mapriededer  1
Carlsson, Mr. Carl Robert  1
Dintcheff, Mr. Valtcho     1
Thomas, Mr. Charles P      1
Peter, Master. Michael J   1
Name: Name, Length: 418, dtype: int64
```

```

male          266
female        152
Name: Sex, dtype: int64
21.0          17
24.0          17
22.0          16
30.0          15
18.0          13
..
76.0          1
28.5          1
22.5          1
62.0          1
38.5          1
Name: Age, Length: 79, dtype: int64
0            283
1            110
2             14
3              4
4              4
8              2
5              1
Name: SibSp, dtype: int64
0            324
1             52
2             33
3              3
4              2
9              2
6              1
5              1
Name: Parch, dtype: int64
PC 17608      5
CA. 2343      4
113503        4
PC 17483      3
220845        3
..
349226        1
2621          1
4133          1
113780        1
2668          1
Name: Ticket, Length: 363, dtype: int64
7.7500        21
26.0000        19
13.0000        17
8.0500         17
7.8958         11
..
7.8208         1
8.5167         1
78.8500        1
52.0000        1
22.3583        1
Name: Fare, Length: 169, dtype: int64
B57 B59 B63 B66      3
B45                   2
C89                   2
C55 C57              2
A34                  2
..
E52                   1
D30                   1
E31                   1
C62 C64              1

```

```
C105      1
Name: Cabin, Length: 76, dtype: int64
S      270
C      102
Q       46
Name: Embarked, dtype: int64
```

# Handling the missing values

```
In [6]: from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
```

```
In [7]: si=SimpleImputer(missing_values=np.nan, strategy="most_frequent")
df["Age"]=si.fit_transform(df[["Age"]])
```

```
In [8]: df
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	892	0	3	Kelly, Mr. James	male	34.5	0	0	330911	7.8292	NaN	
1	893	1	3	Wilkes, Mrs. James (Ellen Needs)	female	47.0	1	0	363272	7.0000	NaN	
2	894	0	2	Myles, Mr. Thomas Francis	male	62.0	0	0	240276	9.6875	NaN	
3	895	0	3	Wirz, Mr. Albert	male	27.0	0	0	315154	8.6625	NaN	
4	896	1	3	Hirvonen, Mrs. Alexander (Helga E Lindqvist)	female	22.0	1	1	3101298	12.2875	NaN	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
413	1305	0	3	Spector, Mr. Woolf	male	21.0	0	0	A.5. 3236	8.0500	NaN	
414	1306	1	1	Oliva y Ocana, Dona. Fermina	female	39.0	0	0	PC 17758	108.9000	C105	
415	1307	0	3	Saether, Mr. Simon Sivertsen	male	38.5	0	0	SOTON/O.Q. 3101262	7.2500	NaN	
416	1308	0	3	Ware, Mr. Frederick	male	21.0	0	0	359309	8.0500	NaN	
417	1309	0	3	Peter, Master. Michael J	male	21.0	1	1	2668	22.3583	NaN	

418 rows × 12 columns

# Dropping the unwanted columns from a dataset

```
In [9]: df.drop(['PassengerId', 'Name', 'Ticket', 'Cabin', 'Fare', 'SibSp', 'Parch'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [10]: df
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Embarked
0	0	3	male	34.5	Q
1	1	3	female	47.0	S
2	0	2	male	62.0	Q
3	0	3	male	27.0	S
4	1	3	female	22.0	S
...	...	...	...	...	...
413	0	3	male	21.0	S
414	1	1	female	39.0	C
415	0	3	male	38.5	S
416	0	3	male	21.0	S
417	0	3	male	21.0	C

418 rows × 5 columns

## Separate the feature and target columns

```
In [11]: target=df["Survived"]
```

```
In [12]: features=df.iloc[:,1:]
```

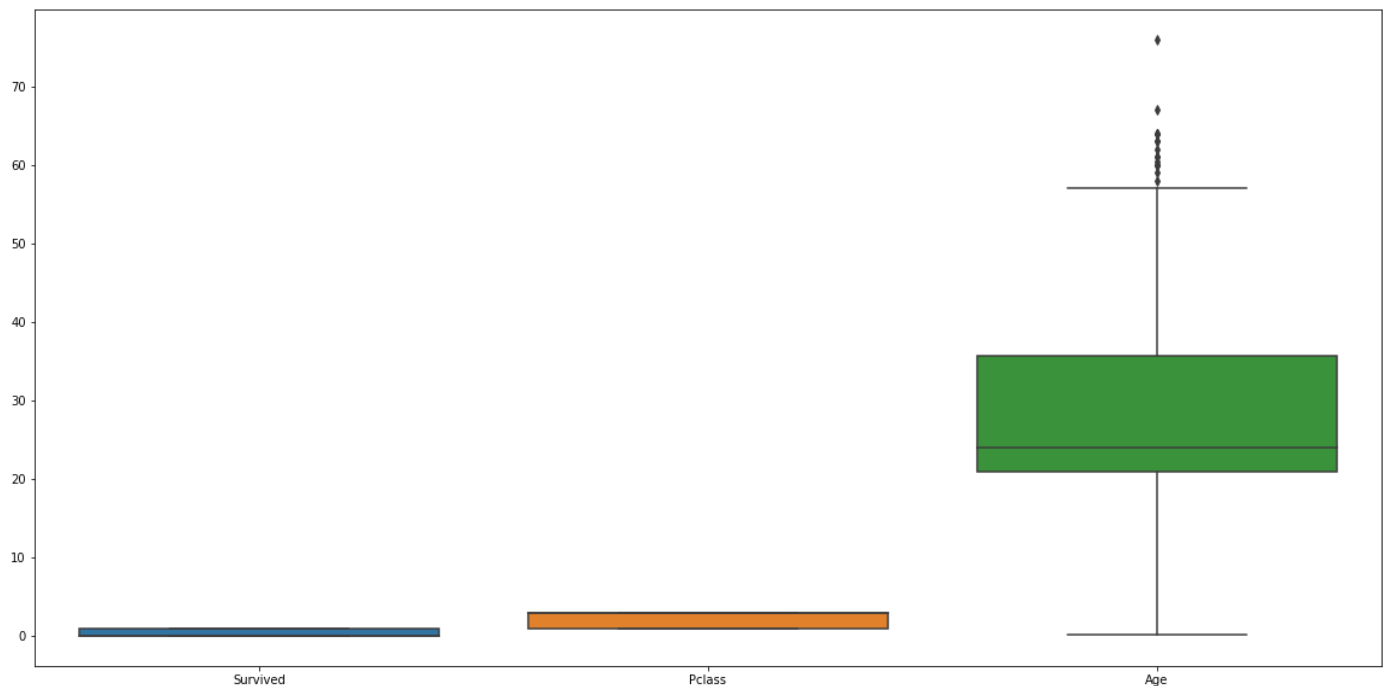
```
In [13]: features
```

```
Out[13]:
```

	Pclass	Sex	Age	Embarked
0	3	male	34.5	Q
1	3	female	47.0	S
2	2	male	62.0	Q
3	3	male	27.0	S
4	3	female	22.0	S
...	...	...	...	...
413	3	male	21.0	S
414	1	female	39.0	C
415	3	male	38.5	S
416	3	male	21.0	S
417	3	male	21.0	C

## Finding the outliers

```
In [14]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.boxplot(data=df);
```



## Finding the correlation between the variables in the dataset

```
In [15]: pd.concat([features,target],axis=1).corr().style.background_gradient()
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	Pclass	Age	Survived
Pclass	1.000000	-0.503026	-0.108615
Age	-0.503026	1.000000	0.021962
Survived	-0.108615	0.021962	1.000000

```
In [16]: print('skewness value of Age: ',df['Age'].skew())

skewness value of Age: 0.8188583248551901
```

```
In [17]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[17]:
```

	Survived	Pclass	Age
count	418.000000	418.000000	418.000000
mean	0.363636	2.265550	28.364833
std	0.481622	0.841838	13.180116
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.170000

<b>25%</b>	0.000000	1.000000	21.000000
<b>50%</b>	0.000000	3.000000	24.000000
<b>75%</b>	1.000000	3.000000	35.750000
<b>max</b>	1.000000	3.000000	76.000000

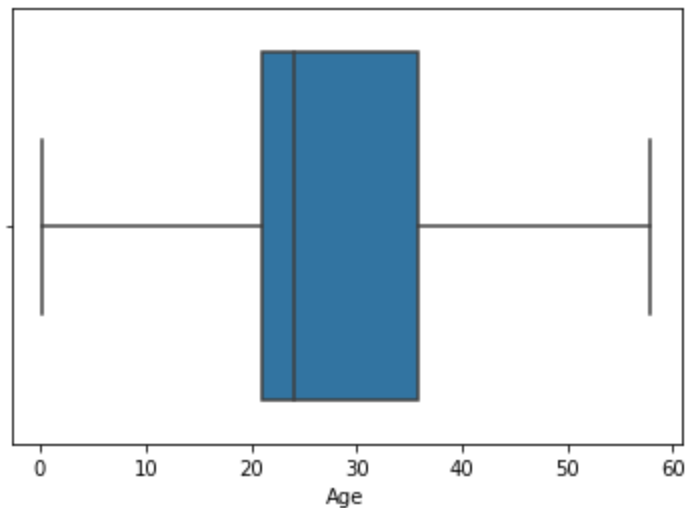
## Handling the outliers

```
In [18]: q1=np.quantile(df["Age"],0.25)
q3=np.quantile(df["Age"],0.75)
iqr=q3-q1
uw=q3+1.5*iqr
lw=q1-1.5*iqr
print(q1,q3)
print(uw,lw)
index=df['Age'][(df['Age']>uw)|(df['Age']<lw)].index
#print(index)
#df.drop(index,inplace=True)
```

21.0 35.75  
57.875 -1.125

```
In [19]: for i in df["Age"]:
#       print(i)
#       if i>uw:
#           df["Age"]=df["Age"].replace(i,uw)
#       elif i<lw:
#           df["Age"]=df["Age"].replace(i,lw)
```

```
In [20]: sns.boxplot(df['Age'],data=df);
```



```
In [21]: print('skewness value of Age: ',df['Age'].skew())
```

skewness value of Age: 0.6480019342560972

## Encoding the categorical data

```
In [22]: from sklearn.preprocessing import OrdinalEncoder
```

```
In [23]: ordinal=OrdinalEncoder()
df["Sex"]=ordinal.fit_transform(df[["Sex"]])
```

```
In [24]: df
```

Out[24]:

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Embarked
0	0	3	1.0	34.500	Q
1	1	3	0.0	47.000	S
2	0	2	1.0	57.875	Q
3	0	3	1.0	27.000	S
4	1	3	0.0	22.000	S
...	...	...	...	...	...
413	0	3	1.0	21.000	S
414	1	1	0.0	39.000	C
415	0	3	1.0	38.500	S
416	0	3	1.0	21.000	S
417	0	3	1.0	21.000	C

418 rows × 5 columns

# Scaling

```
In [30]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
s=StandardScaler()
pd.DataFrame(s.fit_transform(df.iloc[:, :-1]))
```

Out[30]:

	0	1	2	3
0	-0.755929	0.873482	0.755929	0.498027
1	1.322876	0.873482	-1.322876	1.483332
2	-0.755929	-0.315819	0.755929	2.340548
3	-0.755929	0.873482	0.755929	-0.093156
4	1.322876	0.873482	-1.322876	-0.487278
...	...	...	...	...
413	-0.755929	0.873482	0.755929	-0.566103
414	1.322876	-1.505120	-1.322876	0.852737
415	-0.755929	0.873482	0.755929	0.813325
416	-0.755929	0.873482	0.755929	-0.566103
417	-0.755929	0.873482	0.755929	-0.566103

418 rows × 4 columns

values between -1 to 1

```
In [ ]:
```



