1.Construction of NFA

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main() {
  int nfa[3][2][3] = {
    {{1,2,-1},{-1}}, // state 0
    {{-1},{2,-1}}, // state 1
    {{-1},{-1}}
                };
  int final = 2, curr[10] = \{0\}, next[10], i, j, k, c = 1, n;
  char str[100];
  printf("Enter the string :\n");
  scanf("%s", str);
  printf("%c ", str[0]);
  for (i = 0; str[i]; i++) {
     int sym = str[i] - 'a', nc = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
       int st = curr[j];
       for (k = 0; nfa[st][sym][k] != -1; k++) {
         int exists = 0;
         for (n = 0; n < nc; n++)
            if (next[n] == nfa[st][sym][k]) exists = 1;
         if (!exists)
            next[nc++] = nfa[st][sym][k]; }}
     if (nc == 0) {
       printf("-1\nSTRING NOT ACCEPTED\n");
       return 0;}
    for (j = 0; j < nc; j++) printf("%d ", next[j]);
     memcpy(curr, next, sizeof(next));
     c = nc;
  for (i = 0; i < c; i++)
     if (curr[i] == final) {
       printf("\nSTRING ACCEPTED\n");
       return 0;}
  printf("\nSTRING NOT ACCEPTED\n");
  return 0;}
```

2.Construction DFA:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  FILE *fp = fopen("dfa.txt", "r");
  int Fa[10][10], states[3][10], row = 0, col = 0, sr = 0, sc = 0, in, curr, i, j;
  char str[100], k;
  int flag = 0;
  if (!fp) {
     printf("File could not be found\n");
     return 1; }
  for (i = 0; i < 3; i++)
     for (j = 0; j < 10; j++)
       states[i][j] = -1;
  while (fscanf(fp, "%d", &in) != EOF) {
     k = fgetc(fp);
     if (flag)
       states[sr][sc++] = in;
     else
       Fa[row][col++] = in;
     if (k == '\n') {
       if (flag) sr++, sc = 0;
       else row++, col = 0;
    } else if (k == '#') {
       flag = 1;
    }}
  fclose(fp);
  while (1) {
     printf("\nEnter the string: ");
     scanf("%s", str);
     curr = states[0][0];
     printf("%d", curr);
     for (i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
       int next = Fa[curr][str[i] - 'a'];
       printf(" %c %d", str[i], next);
       if (next == -1) break;
       curr = next;}
    flag = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < 10 && states[1][i] != -1; i++) {
       if (curr == states[1][i]) {
          flag = 1;
          break;}}
     printf("\nSTRING %s\n", flag ? "ACCEPTED" : "NOT ACCEPTED"); }
  return 0;}
```

3.Generation of Tokens for Given Lexeme

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int isKeyword(char *s) {
  char *kw[] = {"if","else","while","do","for","int","float","return","char"};
  for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++)
     if (!strcmp(s, kw[i])) return 1;
  return 0; }
int main() {
  FILE *fp = fopen("source.txt", "r");
  char ch, str[20], ops[] = "+-*/\%=", i = 0;
  if (!fp) return printf("File error\n"), 1;
  while ((ch = fgetc(fp)) != EOF) {
     if (strchr(ops, ch)) printf("Operator: %c\n", ch);
     else if (isalnum(ch)) str[i++] = ch;
     else if ((ch == ' ' || ch == '\n' || ch == ';' || ch == ',') && i) {
       str[i] = '\0'; i = 0;
       printf("%s: %s\n", isKeyword(str) ? "Keyword" : "Identifier", str); }}
  fclose(fp);
  return 0; }
```

4. Generation of token for given lexeme:

```
#include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <ctype.h> #define MAX LEN 100
const char *keywords[] = {"int", "float", "if", "else", "return", "while", "for", "char", "double", "void",
"main"}:
const char delimiters[] = "(){};"; const char operators[] = "+-*/<>=!&|";
int isKeyword(char *word) {
  for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(keywords) / sizeof(keywords[0]); i++)
    if (strcmp(word, keywords[i]) == 0) return 1; return 0;}
int isOperator(char ch) { return strchr(operators, ch) != NULL; }
int isDelimiter(char ch) { return strchr(delimiters, ch) != NULL; }
int isNumber(char *str) {
  for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++)
    if (!isdigit(str[i]) && str[i] != '.') return 0; return 1;}
int main() {
  char input[MAX LEN], word[MAX LEN];
  printf("Enter the string: ");
  fgets(input, MAX_LEN, stdin);
  int i = 0, j = 0;
  char delimitersFound[MAX_LEN] = "", operatorsFound[MAX_LEN] = "",
identifiers[MAX LEN][MAX LEN], keywordsFound[MAX LEN][MAX LEN],
literals[MAX LEN][MAX LEN], constants[MAX LEN][MAX LEN];
  int idCount = 0, kwCount = 0, litCount = 0, constCount = 0;
  while (input[i] != \0') {char ch = input[i]; if (ch == \")") { j = 0;
      while (input[i] != '\" \&\& input[i] != '\0') word[j++] = input[i++];
      word[j] = '\0';
      if (input[i] == '\"') i++;
       strcpy(literals[litCount++], word);
    } else if (isOperator(ch)) {
       strncat(operatorsFound, &ch, 1);
    } else if (isDelimiter(ch)) {
       strncat(delimitersFound, &ch, 1);
    } else if (isalnum(ch) | | ch == '.' ) { j = 0; }
      while (isalnum(input[i]) || input[i] == '.') word[j++] = input[i++];
      word[j] = '\0'; i--;
      if (isKeyword(word)) strcpy(keywordsFound[kwCount++], word);
      else if (isNumber(word)) strcpy(constants[constCount++], word);
       else strcpy(identifiers[idCount++], word);} i++;}
  printf("\nDelimiters: %s\nOperators: %s\nIdentifiers: ", delimitersFound, operatorsFound);
  for (int k = 0; k < idCount; k++) printf("%s ", identifiers[k]);
  printf("\nKeywords: ");
  for (int k = 0; k < kwCount; k++) printf("%s ", keywordsFound[k]);
  printf("\nConstants: ");
  for (int k = 0; k < constCount; k++) printf("%s ", constants[k]);
  printf("\nLiterals: ");
  for (int k = 0; k < litCount; k++) printf("\"%s\" ", literals[k]); return 0;}
```

5. Conversion of infix to postfix

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
typedef struct {
  int top;
  char items[MAX];
} Stack;
void initStack(Stack *s) { s->top = -1; }
int isEmpty(Stack *s) { return s->top == -1; }
void push(Stack *s, char c) { s->items[++(s->top)] = c; }
char pop(Stack *s) { return isEmpty(s) ? 0 : s->items[(s->top)--]; }
int precedence(char c) { return (c == '+' || c == '-') ? 1 : (c == '*' || c == '/') ? 2 : (c == '^') ? 3 :
0; }
int isOperator(char c) { return strchr("+-*/^", c) != NULL; }
void infixToPostfix(char *infix, char *postfix) {
  Stack s; initStack(&s);
  int i, j = 0;
  for (i = 0; infix[i]; i++) {
    char token = infix[i];
    if (isspace(token)) continue;
    if (isalnum(token)) postfix[j++] = token;
    else if (token == '(') push(&s, token);
    else if (token == ')') {
       while (!isEmpty(&s) && pop(&s) != '(') postfix[j++] = pop(&s);
    } else if (isOperator(token)) {
       while (!isEmpty(&s) && precedence(s.items[s.top]) >= precedence(token)) postfix[j++]
= pop(\&s);
       push(&s, token);}
  } while (!isEmpty(&s)) postfix[j++] = pop(&s); postfix[j] = '\0'; }
int main() {
  char infix[MAX], postfix[MAX];
  printf("Enter the expression: ");
  fgets(infix, MAX, stdin);
  \inf[x[strcspn(infix, "\n")] = 0;
  infixToPostfix(infix, postfix);
  printf("Postfix Expression: %s\n", postfix); return 0;}
```

6.Implementtion for symbol table:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 10
typedef struct {
  char name[20];
  char type[10];
  int size;
} Symbol;
Symbol table[MAX];
int count = 0;
void insert(char* name, char* type, int size) {
  if (count >= MAX) {
    printf("Symbol Table Full!\n");
    return;}
  strcpy(table[count].name, name);
  strcpy(table[count].type, type);
  table[count].size = size;
  count++; }
void search(char* name) {
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (strcmp(table[i].name, name) == 0) {
       printf("Found: %s (%s, Size: %d)\n", table[i].name, table[i].type, table[i].size);
       return;}}
  printf("Symbol not found.\n")}
void display() {
  printf("\nSymbol Table:\n----\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
    printf("%s\t%s\t%d\n", table[i].name, table[i].type, table[i].size);
  printf("----\n");}
int main() {
  insert("x", "int", 4);
  insert("y", "float", 4);
  insert("arr", "int[10]", 40);
  display();
  printf("\nSearch symbol: ");
  char key[20];
  scanf("%19s", key); // Fixed potential buffer overflow
  search(key);
  return 0;}
```

```
7. Syntax Analysis using YACC:
A.Lex File:
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]+
           { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUMBER; }
[\t]+
          { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
          { return '\n'; }
\n
         { return yytext[0]; }
%%
B.YACC File
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int yylex();
void yyerror(const char *s) { printf("Error: %s\n", s); }
%}
%token NUMBER
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%right '^'
%%
expr: expr '+' expr { printf("Add\n"); }
  | expr'-'expr { printf("Subtract\n"); }
  | expr'*' expr { printf("Multiply\n"); }
  | expr '/' expr { printf("Divide\n"); }
  | '(' expr ')' { }
                   { printf("Number: %d\n", $1); }
  NUMBER
%%
int main() {
  printf("Enter expression:\n");
  yyparse();
  return 0;
}
Step to run:
bison -d expr.y # Generates y.tab.c and y.tab.h
flex expr.l
              # Generates lex.yy.c
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o expr -ll
./expr
```

8.Implementaiton of Shift reduce parsing: #include <stdio.h>

```
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
char input[MAX], stack[MAX];
int top = -1, ip = 0;
void push(char c) { stack[++top] = c; }
void display() {
  printf("$");
  for (int i = 0; i <= top; i++) printf("%c", stack[i]); }
void reduce() {
  while (1) {
    if (top >= 0 && (stack[top] == 'a' | | stack[top] == 'b')) {
      stack[top] = 'E'; printf("\t\tE->%c\n", stack[top]);
    } else if (top >= 2 && stack[top] == 'E' && stack[top - 1] == '+' && stack[top - 2] == 'E') {
      top -= 2; printf("\t\tE->E+E\n");
    } else if (top >= 2 && stack[top] == 'E' && stack[top - 1] == '*' && stack[top - 2] == 'E') {
      top -= 2; printf("\t\tE->E*E\n");
    } else break;}}
int main() {
  printf("SHIFT REDUCE PARSER\n\nGRAMMAR:\nE -> E+E\nE -> a\nE -> b\n\n");
  printf("Enter input: ");
  scanf("%s", input);
  printf("\nStack\t\tInput\t\tAction\n-----\n");
  while (input[ip] != '\0') {
    push(input[ip]);
    display(); printf("\t\t%s\t\tShift %c\n", input + ip + 1, input[ip]);
    ip++;
    reduce();}
  reduce();
  printf("----\n");
  if (top == 0 \&\& stack[top] == 'E')
    printf("ACCEPTED\n");
  else
    printf("PARSING FAILED\n");
  return 0;}
```