CE-860 AI Assignment

HackerRank Tasks

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Aim:

Complete Medium and Hard tasks in HackerRank website.

Synopsis:

I first completed the Easy tasks and built on the already knowledge I had of python. Refreshed some earlier concepts and focused new logic building while expanding my understanding of functions. I faced difficulty in completing even the medium task and took help form W3Schools, GeeksforGeeks, PythonDocs and OpenAI. Hard tasks took a lot of time and in the end, I had to resort to using OpenAI, although I did make an effort to understand how it solved the problem. Following are the solved code and respective outputs:

Medium Tasks

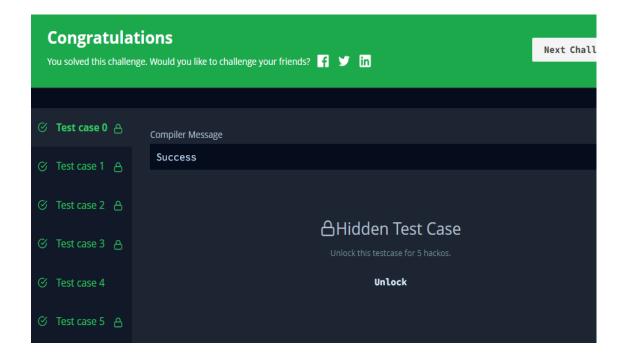
1. Write a Function

```
def is_leap(year):
    leap = False

# Write your logic here

if (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0):
    leap = True
    return leap

year = int(input())
print(is_leap(year))
```

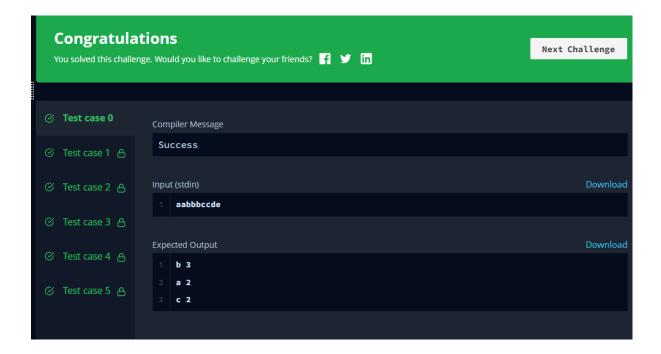


2. Company Logo

```
#!/bin/python3
     import math
     import os
     import random
     import re
     import sys
    from collections import Counter

    ∨ def print_top_three_characters(s):

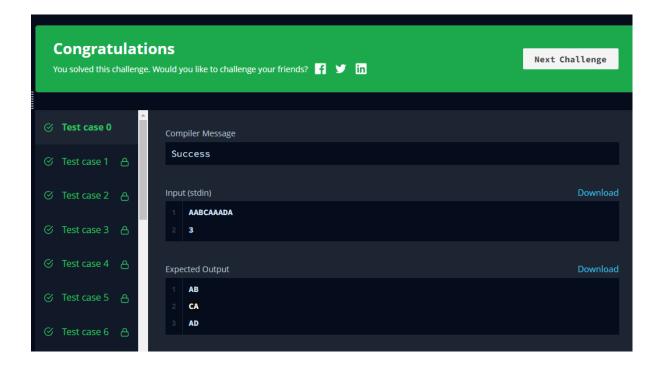
         # Count the occurrences of each character in the string
         char_count = Counter(s)
         # Sort characters based on occurrence count and alphabetical order
         sorted\_chars = sorted(char\_count.items(), key=lambda x: (-x[1], x[0]))
         # Print the top three characters along with their occurrence count
         for char, count in sorted_chars[:3]:
            print(char, count)
  vif __name__ == '__main__':
         s = input()
         print_top_three_characters(s)
24
```



3. Merge the Tools

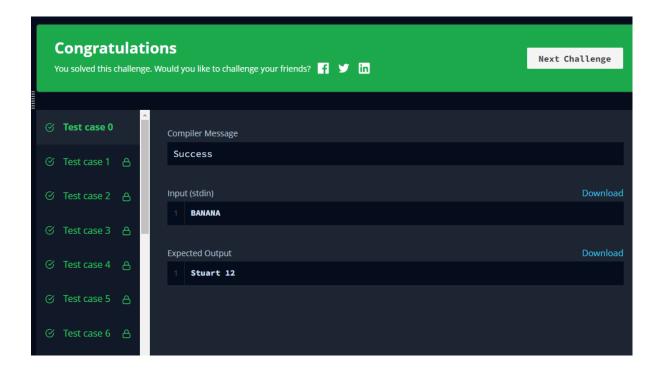
```
def merge_the_tools(s, k):
        # Iterate over the string with step size k
        for i in range(0, len(s), k):
            # Get the substring of length k
            substring = s[i:i+k]
            # Initialize an empty set to keep track of unique characters
            unique_chars = set()
9
            # Iterate over the characters in the substring
            result = ""
            for char in substring:
                # Add the character to the result if it is not already in the set
                if char not in unique_chars:
                    result += char
                    unique_chars.add(char)
            # Print the result for the current substring
            print(result)

∨ if __name__ == '__main__':
        string, k = input(), int(input())
       merge_the_tools(string, k)
```



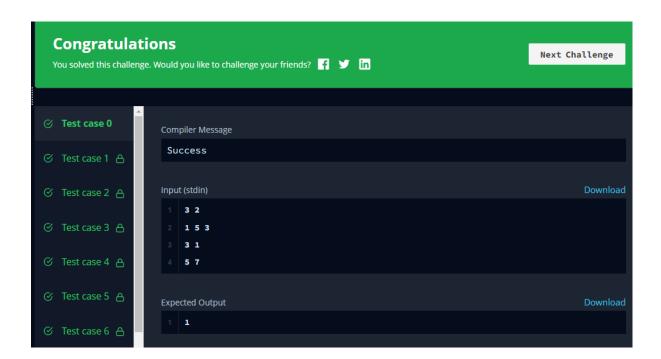
4. Minion Game

```
def minion_game(string):
        # your code goes here
        vowels = "AEIOU"
3
        stuart_score = 0
        kevin_score = 0
        length = len(string)
        for i in range(length):
            if string[i] in vowels:
                kevin_score += length - i
            else:
                stuart_score += length - i
        if stuart_score > kevin_score:
            print(f"Stuart {stuart_score}")
        elif kevin_score > stuart_score:
            print(f"Kevin {kevin_score}")
        else:
            print("Draw")
  > if __name__ == '__main__': ...
```



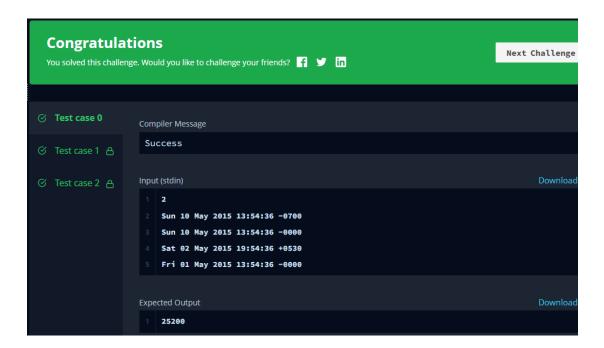
5. No Idea

```
∨ def calculate_happiness(n, m, array, set_a, set_b):
         happiness = 0
         for num in array:
             if num in set_a:
  V
                happiness += 1
             elif num in set_b:
                happiness -= 1
         return happiness
12 ∨ if __name__ == "__main__":
         # Read input values
        n, m = map(int, input().split())
        array = list(map(int, input().split()))
        set_a = set(map(int, input().split()))
         set_b = set(map(int, input().split()))
         # Calculate and print the total happiness
         result = calculate_happiness(n, m, array, set_a, set_b)
         print(result)
22
```



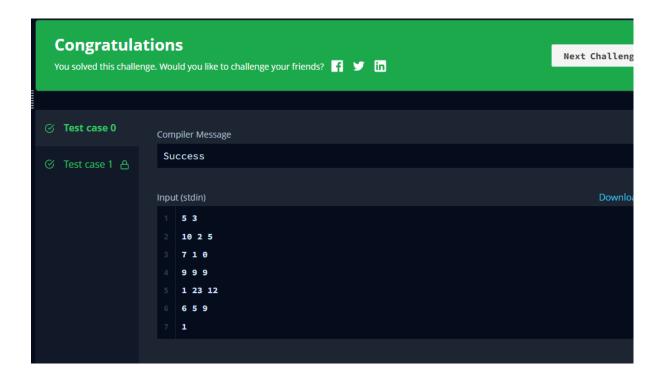
6. Time Delta

```
#!/bin/python3
    import math
    import os
    import random
    import re
    import sys
    from datetime import datetime, timedelta
     # Complete the time_delta function below.
10 \vee def time_delta(t1, t2):
        dt_format = "%a %d %b %Y %H:%M:%S %z"
        dt1 = datetime.strptime(t1, dt_format)
        dt2 = datetime.strptime(t2, dt_format)
14
         delta = abs(int((dt1 - dt2).total_seconds()))
        return delta
19 ∨ if __name__ == '__main__':
         fptr = open(os.environ['OUTPUT_PATH'], 'w')
         t = int(input())
         for t_itr in range(t):
             t1 = input()
             t2 = input()
             delta = time_delta(t1, t2)
             fptr.write(str(delta) + '\n')
         fptr.close()
```



7. Athlete

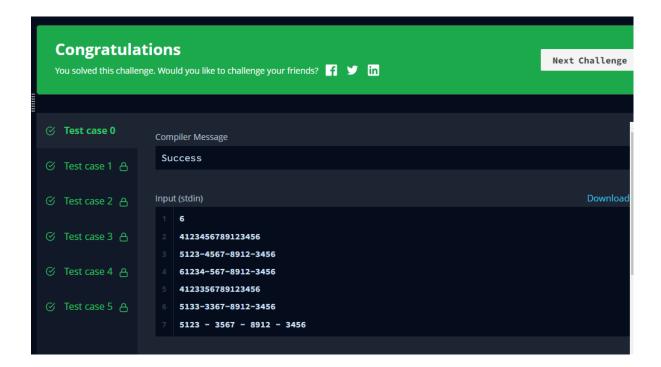
```
#!/bin/python3
    import math
     import os
    import random
    import re
    import sys
10 ∨ if __name__ == '__main__':
        # Read input values
        nm = input().split()
        n = int(nm[0])
        m = int(nm[1])
        arr = []
        # Read the spreadsheet data into a list of tuples
        for _ in range(n):
           arr.append(tuple(map(int, input().rstrip().split())))
        # Read the index by which to sort the data
        k = int(input())
        # Sort the data based on the specified index
        sorted_data = sorted(arr, key=lambda x: x[k])
        # Print the sorted data
         for row in sorted_data:
        print(*row)
30
```



8. Validating Credit Card Numbers

```
import re

∨ def is_valid_credit_card(card_number):
      # Define the regex pattern for a valid credit card
      pattern = r'^[456]\d{3}-?\d{4}-?\d{4}-?\d{4}\$'
      # Check if the card number matches the pattern and does not have consecutive repeated digits
      if \ re.match(pattern, \ card\_number) \ \ and \ \ not \ \ re.search(r'(\d)\1{3,}', \ card\_number.replace('-', \ '')):
          return 'Valid'
      else:
        return 'Invalid'
vif __name__ == "__main__":
      # Read the number of credit card numbers
      n = int(input())
      # Read and validate each credit card number
      for _ in range(n):
          card_number = input().strip()
          result = is_valid_credit_card(card_number)
          print(result)
```



Hard Tasks

1. Postal Code

```
import re

regex_integer_in_range = r"^[1-9][0-9]{5}$" # Do not delete 'r'.
regex_alternating_repetitive_digit_pair = r"(\d)(?=\d\1)" # Do not delete 'r'.

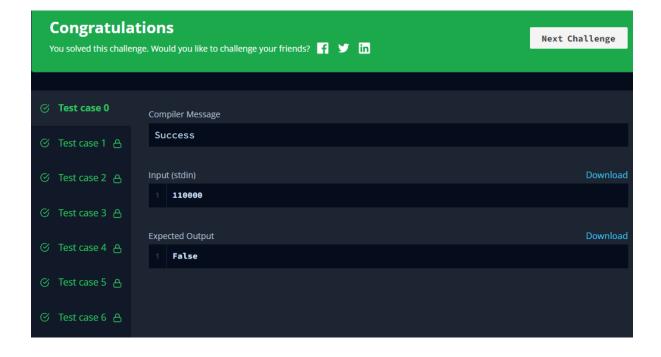
P = input()

print(bool(re.match(regex_integer_in_range, P)) and len(re.findall (regex_alternating_repetitive_digit_pair, P)) < 2)

import re
P = input()

print (bool(re.match(regex_integer_in_range, P)) and len(re.findall(regex_alternating_repetitive_digit_pair, P)) < 2)

and len(re.findall(regex_alternating_repetitive_digit_pair, P)) < 2)</pre>
```



2. Matrix Script

```
#!/bin/python3
    import math
    import os
    import random
    import re
   import sys
   first_multiple_input = input().rstrip().split()
   n = int(first_multiple_input[0])
   m = int(first_multiple_input[1])

∨ for _ in range(n):
       matrix_item = input()
       matrix.append(matrix_item)
   # Zip and join the characters from each column
   decoded_script = ''.join(''.join(chars) for chars in zip(*matrix))
    # Replace symbols or spaces between alphanumeric characters with a single space
    print(decoded_script)
27
```

