

PROJECT 4

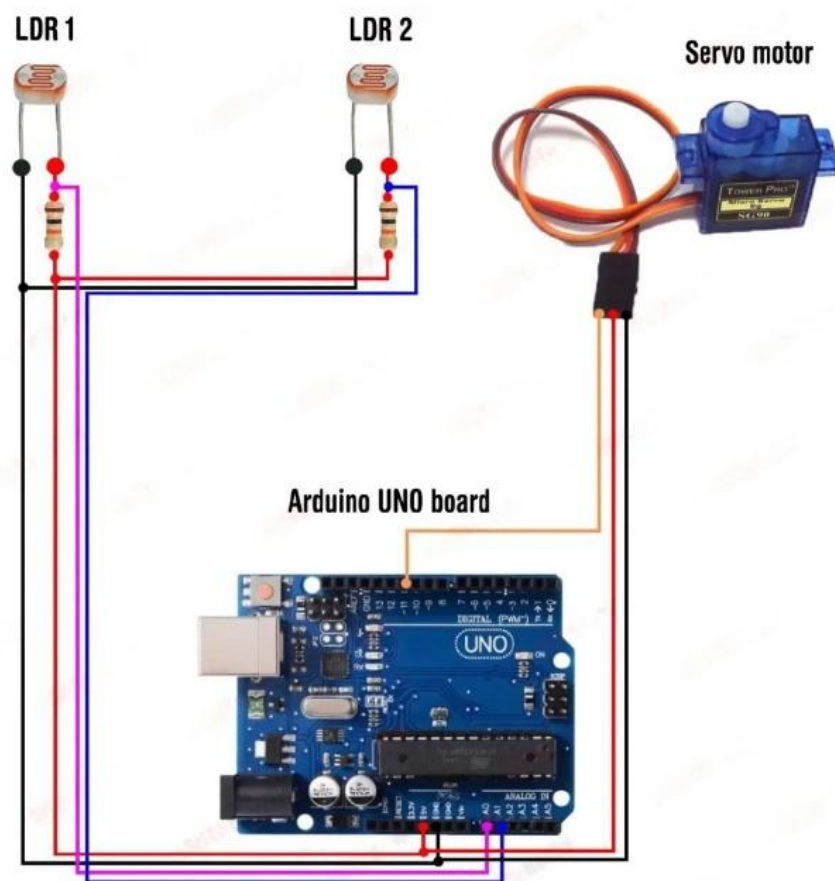
Solar Tracking System

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G11 ES

Components Used:

- Arduino UNO R3
- LDR * 2
- Battery
- Servo
- Bread Board
- Hookup Wires
- Solar Panel (optional)
- Resistor (1K ohm) * 2



Circuit Diagram

Program:

```
1  #include <Servo.h>
2
3  #define LDR1 A0
4  #define LDR2 A1
5  #define error 10
6
7  int Spoint = 90;
8  Servo servo;
9  void setup() {
10     servo.attach(11);
11     servo.write(Spoint);
12     delay(1000);
13 }
14 void loop() {
15     int ldr1 = analogRead(LDR1);
16     int ldr2 = analogRead(LDR2);
17     int value1 = abs(ldr1 - ldr2);
18     int value2 = abs(ldr2 - ldr1);
19     if ((value1 <= error) || (value2 <= error)) {
20     } else
21     {
22         if (ldr1 > ldr2) {
23             Spoint = --Spoint;
24         }
25         if (ldr1 < ldr2) {
26             Spoint = ++Spoint;
27         }
28     }
29
30     servo.write(Spoint);
31     delay(80);
32 }
33
```

Advantages:

- It increases the efficiency of the solar panel.
- It manages the direction according to the sun.
- It will increase the falling time of sun rays on it.

Limitations:

- It requires more space than space required for normal solar panels.
- It will increase the overall cost of the solar project on roof.