

PROJECT 5

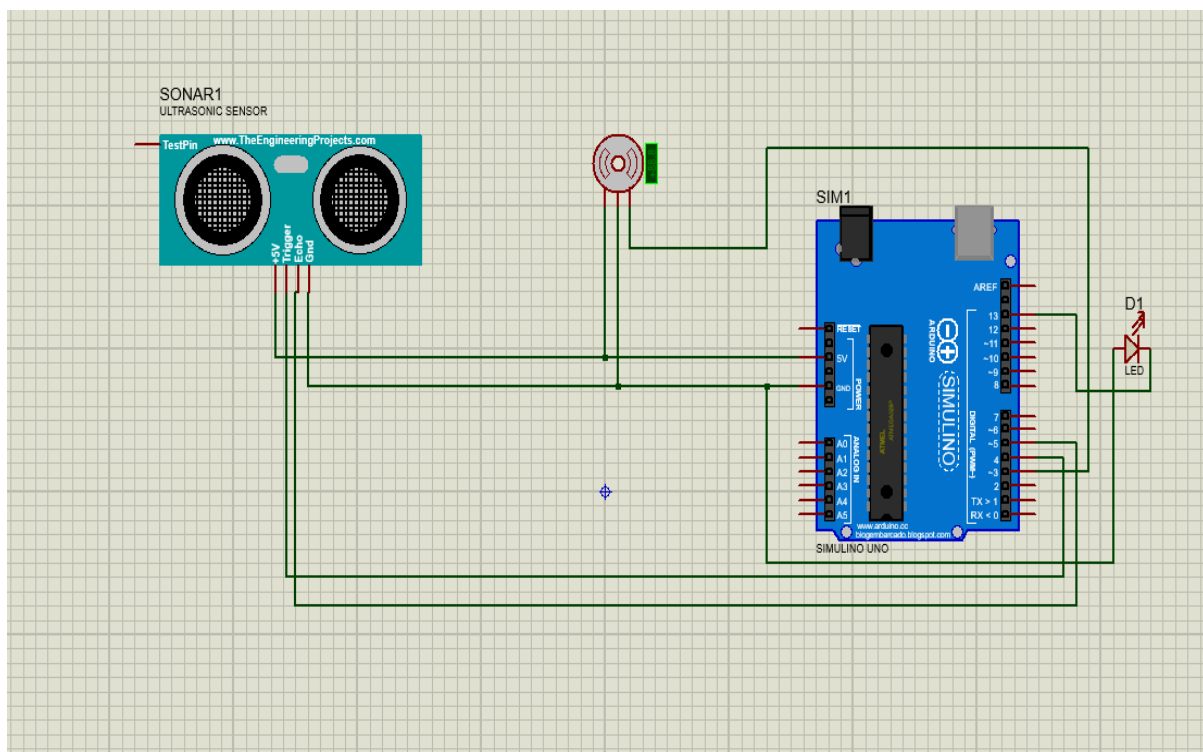
Automatic Hand Sanitizer Machine

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G11 ES

Components Used:

- Arduino UNO R3
- LED
- Resistor (250ohm)
- Servo motor
- Ultrasonic Sensor (HC-SR04)



Schematic Diagram

Program:

```
1  #include<Servo.h>
2  #define echoPin 4
3  #define trigPin 5
4  Servo mservo;
5  int long duration;
6  int distance;
7  void setup(){
8      pinMode(13,OUTPUT);
9      mservo.attach(3);
10     pinMode(echoPin,INPUT);
11     pinMode(trigPin,OUTPUT);
12 }
13 void loop()
14 {
15     digitalWrite(trigPin,LOW);
16     delayMicroseconds(2);
17     digitalWrite(trigPin,HIGH);
18     delayMicroseconds(10);
19     digitalWrite(trigPin,LOW);
20     duration=pulseIn(echoPin,HIGH);
21     distance=(duration*0.034/2);
22     if(distance<=15) {
23         mservo.write(90);
24         digitalWrite(13,HIGH);
25     }
26     else {
27         mservo.write(0);
28         digitalWrite(13,LOW);
29     }
30     delay(1000);
31 }
32
```

Advantages:

- It helps in sanitizing hands without touching bottle.

- It can be used at any place like in office, hospitals, schools or at home also.
- Easy to use, making it accessible for children, elderly individuals, and people with disabilities.

Disadvantages:

- It requires power to work.
- More expensive than manual dispensers due to technology and automation.
- Regular cleaning, refilling, and technical maintenance may be needed, adding to operational costs.
- Users may sanitize excessively, leading to skin dryness or irritation if the sanitizer contains high alcohol content.

Improvements:

- Servo motor can be replaced with mist sensor.
- Sanitizer level indication can be added.