SQL EXERCISE 1

1. Create the table SEMP with the following structure:-

EMPNO CHAR(4)

EMPNAME CHAR(20)

BASIC FLOAT(9,2)

DEPTNO CHAR(2)

DEPTHEAD CHAR(4)

```
mysql> create table SEMP(EMPNO CHAR(4), EMPNAME CHAR(20), BASIC FLOAT(9,2), DEPTNO CHAR(2),DEPTHEAD CHAR(4)); Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.05 sec)
```

mysql> dESC -> ;	semp		.	.	.
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
EMPNO EMPNAME BASIC DEPTNO DEPTHEAD	char(4) char(20) float(9,2) char(2) char(4)	YES YES YES YES YES		NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	
5 rows in set (0.02 sec)					

2. Create the table SDEPT with the following structure:-

DEPTNO CHAR(2)

DEPTNAME CHAR(15)

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE sdept(DEPTNO CHAR(2), DEPTNAME CHAR(15));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> DESC SDEPT;
                       Null | Key
                                    Default
  Field
             Type
  DEPTNO
             char(2)
                        YES
                                      NULL
  DEPTNAME
             char(15)
                        YES
                                      NULL
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

- 3. Insert into the SDEPT table the following values:-
 - 10, Development
 - 20, Training

4. Insert into the SEMP table the following values:-

```
0001, SUNIL, 6000, 10
```

0002, HIREN, 8000, 20

0003, ALI, 4000, 10, 0001

0004, GEORGE, 6000, 0002

```
mysql> insert into SEMP (empno,empname,basic,deptno) values(0001,'SUNIL', 60
00,10);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into SEMP (empno,empname,basic,deptno) values(0002,'HIREN', 80
00,20);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into SEMP (empno,empname,basic,deptno,depthead) values(0003,'A
LI', 4000,10,0001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into SEMP (empno,empname,basic,depthead) values(0004,'GEORGE',
6000,0002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysgl> select * from semp;
  EMPNO
                      BASIC
                                 DEPTNO
                                          DEPTHEAD
          EMPNAME
                      6000.00
          SUNIL
                                 10
                                           NULL
  2
          HIREN
                      8000.00
                                 20
                                          NULL
  3
           ALI
                      4000.00
                                 10
                                           1
  4
          GEORGE
                     6000.00
                                NULL
                                           2
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create S, P, J, SPJ tables as specified below and insert a few rows in each table:-

SUPPLIER

(S#, Sname, Status, City)

```
mysql> create table supp(sid char(2),sname varchar(20), status int, city var char(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

PARTS

(P#, Pname, Color, Weight, City)

```
mysql> create table parts(pid char(2),pname varchar(20), colour varchar(20),
weight int, city varchar(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

PROJECTS

```
(J#, Jname, City)
```

```
mysql> create table project(jid char(2),jname varchar(20),city varchar(10));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

SUPPLIER-PARTS-PROJECT (S#, P#, J#, Qty) - SPJ Sample data for S# column:- 'S1', 'S2', 'S3', etc.

```
mysql> insert into supp values(s1,'sarika',0,'nagar');
ERROR 1054 (42S22): Unknown column 's1' in 'field list'
mysql> insert into supp values('s1','sarika',0,'nagar');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into supp values('s2','shravani',1,'agra');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into supp values('s3','shweta',0,'alibaug');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into supp values('s4','Dhanika',1,'shravanbaug');
ERROR 1406 (22001): Data too long for column 'city' at row 1
mysql>
```

Sample data for P# column:- 'P1', 'P2', 'P3', etc.

```
mysql> insert into parts values('p1','Dhanika','black',44,'goa');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into parts values('p2','Manoj','red',64,'gujrat');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into parts values('p3','Mansi','orange',88,'Bangal');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from parts:
  pid
         pname
                   colour | weight
                                       city
  p1
         Dhanika
                    black
                                  44
                                        goa
  p2
         Manoi
                    red
                                  64
                                        gujrat
  p3
         Mansi
                                  88
                    orange
                                        Bangal
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Sample data for J# column:- 'J1', 'J2', 'J3', etc.

```
mysql> insert into project values('j1','Krishna','Mathura'),('j2','Gopal','G
okul'),('j3','Nandan','Dwarika');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from project;

+----+

| jid | jname | city |

+----+

| j1 | Krishna | Mathura |

| j2 | Gopal | Gokul |

| j3 | Nandan | Dwarika |

+----+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Write the SELECT queries to do the following:-

5. Display all the data from the S table.

6. Display only the S# and SNAME fields from the S table.

```
mysql> select sid, sname from supp;
+----+
| sid | sname |
+----+
| s1 | sarika |
| s2 | shravani |
| s3 | shweta |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Display the PNAME and COLOR from the P table for the CITY="London".

8. Display all the Suppliers from London.

```
mysql> select * from supp where city ="nagar";
+----+
| sid | sname | status | city |
+----+
| s1 | sarika | 0 | nagar |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Display all the Suppliers from Paris or Athens.

10. Display all the Projects in Athens.

```
mysql> select * from project where city ="Mathura";
+----+
| jid | jname | city |
+----+
| j1 | Krishna | Mathura |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Display all the Partnames with the weight between 12 and 14 (inclusive of both).

```
mysql> select pname from parts where weight between 12 and 14; Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Display all the Suppliers with a Status greater than or equal to 20.

13. Display all the Suppliers except the Suppliers from London.

14. Display only the Cities from where the Suppliers come from.

15. Assuming that the Part Weight is in GRAMS, display the same in MILLIGRAMS and KILOGRAMS.

```
mysql> select weight*100 grams, weight*1000 miligrams from parts;
+----+
| grams | miligrams |
+----+
| 4400 | 44000 |
| 6400 | 64000 |
| 8800 | 88000 |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```