

# Inter-process Communication (IPC)

## 1. Pipes (Named and Unnamed)

### 1.1 Usage of pipe as a symbol |:

```
somrita@somrita-H110M-H:~/Handson/OS/IPC$ ls -l | grep nmd
-rw-rw-r-- 1 somrita somrita 251 Nov 21 17:00 pipe_nmd_crt.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 somrita somrita 533 Nov 22 11:30 pipe_nmd_read.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 somrita somrita 588 Nov 22 11:41 pipe_nmd_write.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 somrita somrita 472 Nov 21 16:25 pipe_unnmd0.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 somrita somrita 720 Nov 21 16:42 pipe_unnmd1.c
somrita@somrita-H110M-H:~/Handson/OS/IPC$
```

### 1.2 Creating a pipe from the Command Line Interface:

```
$ mkfifo filename
```

### 1.3 Some Example Programs

Q1. Write a c program (single process) to create an **unnamed pipe** and pass data through that pipe.

Note: Include header file unistd.h for the built in functions pipe().

```
int pipe(int file_descriptor[2]);
```

Pipe is passed (a pointer to) an array of two integer file descriptors. It fills the array with two new file descriptors and returns a zero. The two file descriptors returned are connected in a special way. Any data written to file\_descriptor[1] can be read back from file\_descriptor[0]. The data is processed in a first in, first out basis, usually abbreviated to FIFO. This means that if you write the bytes 1, 2, 3 to file\_descriptor[1], reading from file\_descriptor[0] will produce 1, 2, 3.

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    int res,pipes[2];
    char data[1024];
    char buffer[1024];

    printf("enter data\n");
    scanf("%s", data);

    memset(buffer, '\0', sizeof(buffer));

    if(pipe(pipes) == 0)
    {
        res=write(pipes[1], data, strlen(data));
        printf("Wrote %d bytes\n",res);

        res=read(pipes[0], buffer,1024);
```

```

        printf("Read %d bytes:\n%s\n", res, buffer);

        exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
    }

    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

```

---

Q2. Write a c program which will create a child process using fork (), and parent process and Child process will pass data through an **unnamed pipe**.

```

#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

int main()
{
    int res;
    int pipes[2];
    char msg[1024];
    char buffer[BUFSIZ+1];
    pid_t pid;

    printf("Enter Data\n");
    scanf("%s",msg);

    memset(buffer, '\0', sizeof(buffer));
    if(pipe(pipes) == 0)
    {
        pid = fork();
        if(pid == -1)
        {
            fprintf(stderr, "Fork failure");
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
        if(pid==0)
        {
            res = read(pipes[0], buffer, BUFSIZ);
            printf("processid %d Read %d bytes: %s from parent
process %d\n",getpid(),res, buffer,getppid());
            exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
        }
        else
        {
            res = write(pipes[1], msg, strlen(msg));
            printf("Processid %d Wrote %d bytes\n",getpid(),res);
            sleep(10);
        }
    }
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

Q3. Write a program which will write on pipe and another program to

read data from that pipe

Note: Include header file fcntl.h for the built in functions write() and read (), and also for the macros O\_WRONLY and O\_RDONLY

### **Program for Writing into the pipe**

```
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
int main()
{
    int pipe_fd;
    int res;
    int s=0;
    char buffer[1024];

    printf("Enter data\n");
    fgets(buffer,1024,stdin);

    res = mkfifo("fifo3", 0777);
    printf("Process %d opening FIFO O_WRONLY\n", getpid());

    pipe_fd=open("fifo3",O_WRONLY);
    printf("Process %d result %d\n", getpid(), pipe_fd);

    res=write(pipe_fd, buffer, sizeof(buffer));

    (void)close(pipe_fd);
    unlink("fifo3");
    printf("Process %d finished\n", getpid());

    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

### **Program for reading from the pipe**

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
int main()
{
    int fd;
    int r,l;
    char buffer[1024];

    printf("Process %d opening FIFO O_RDONLY\n", getpid());
    fd=open("fifo3",O_RDONLY);
    printf("Process %d result %d\n",getpid(),fd);
```

```
r=read(fd, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
l=strlen(buffer)-1;

(void)close(fd);
unlink("fifo3");

printf("Process %d finished, with reading %s of %d bytes\n",
getpid(), buffer, l);

exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```