

# 0x19 - Wrap Up

ENGR 3410: Computer Architecture

Jon Tse

Fall 2020

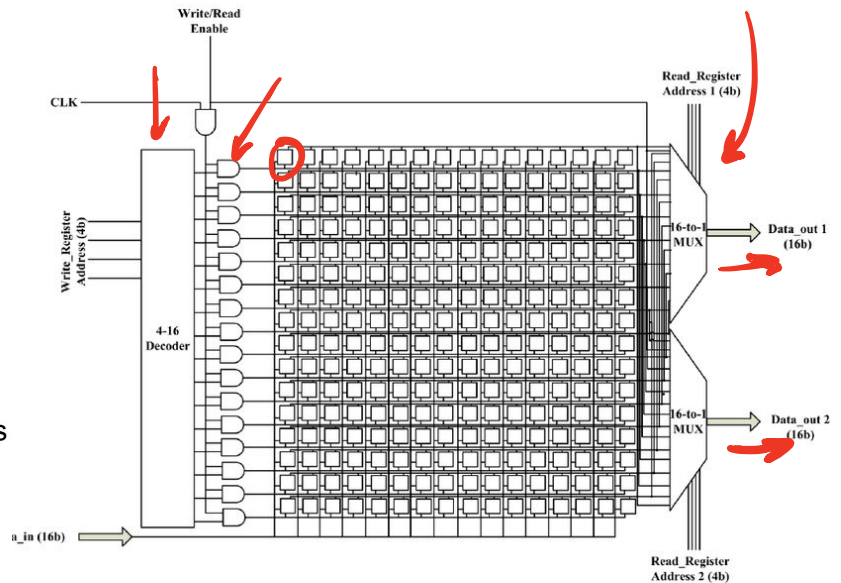
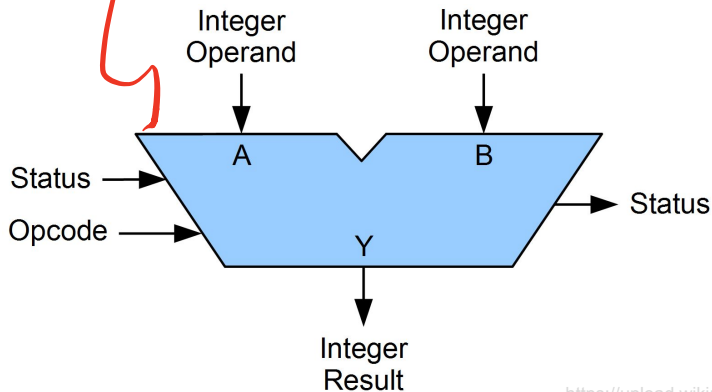
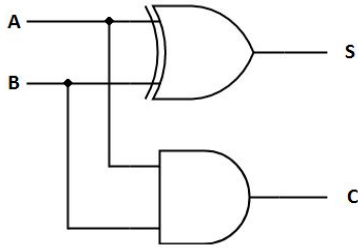
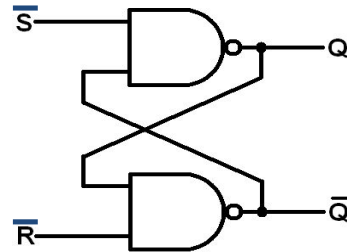
# Housekeeping

- Write Up Draft due Dec 14, Midnight Eastern
- Presentation Dec 15/17 during “class time”
  - Sign up in the Google Spreadsheet
  - Conflicts/special casing, please email me.
- Final Write Up (if necessary) due Dec 18.

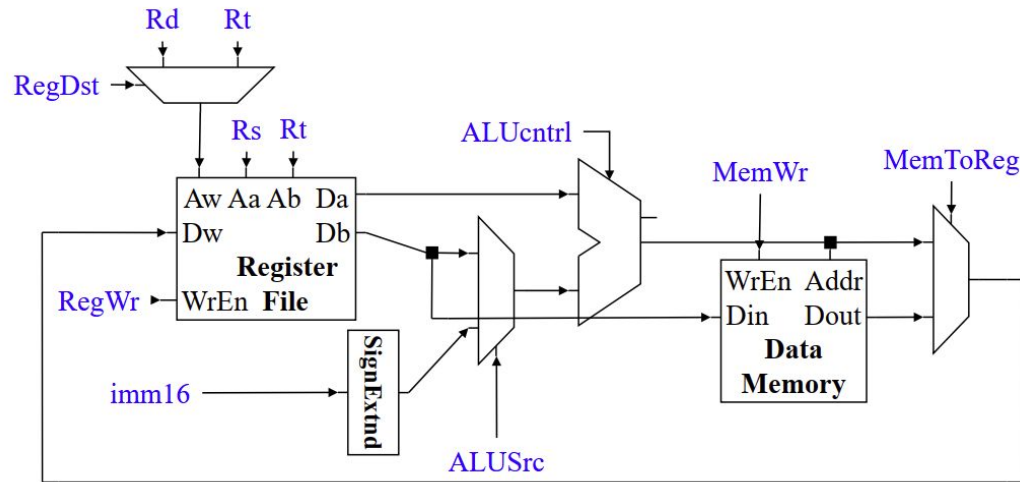
# Retrospective

- 3 Classes in 1
  - Digital Logic
  - Computer Organization
  - Computer Architecture
- Bonus
  - Pareto Optimality
  - Heuristic Optimization Methods

# Class 1 - Digital Logic



# Class 2 - Computer Organization



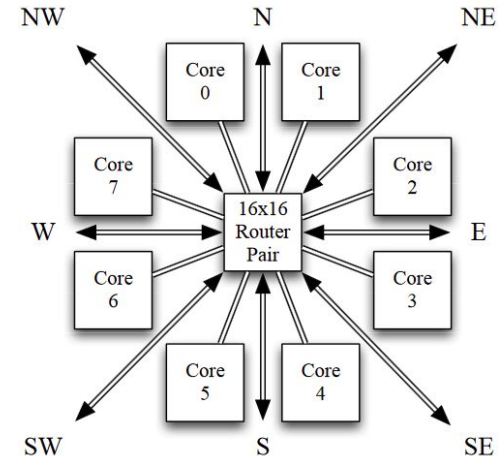
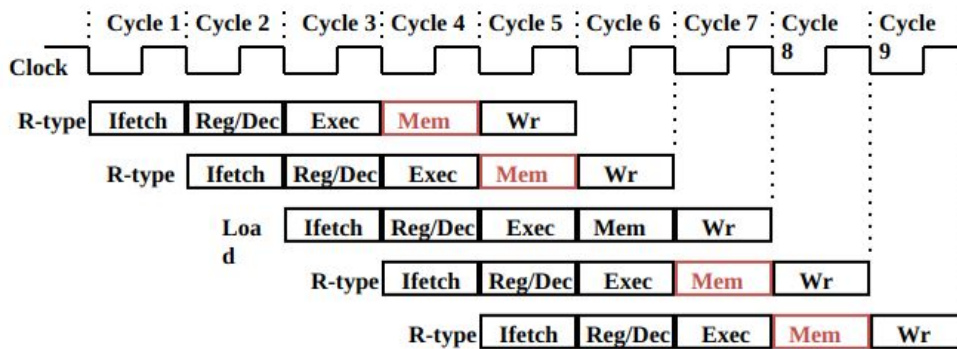
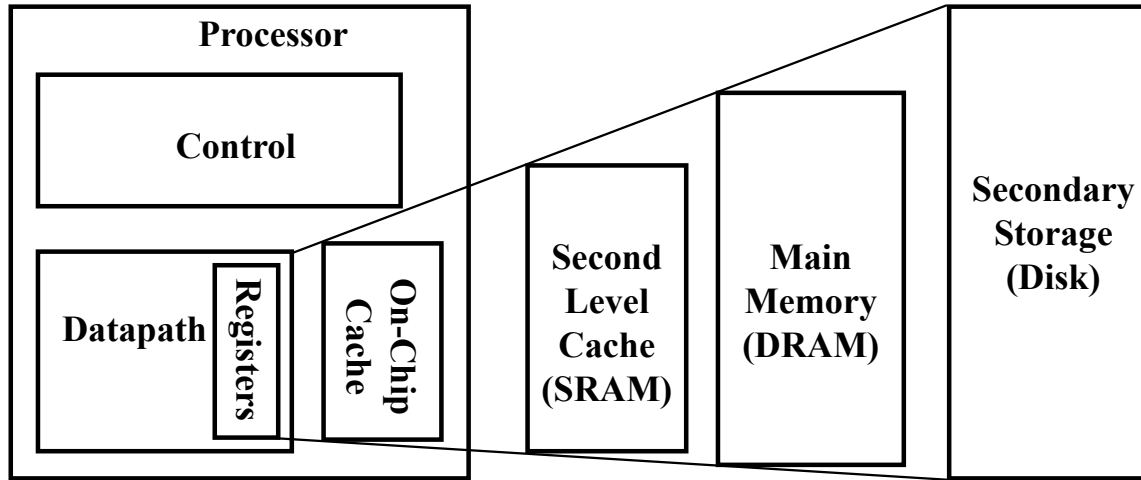
```

addi $a0, $zero, 5      #assume N=2 argument provided in a0
addi $t0, $zero, 1      #F_(n-1)
addi $t1, $zero, 1      #F_(n-2)
addi $t2, $zero, 2      #n
                        #t3 is F_n

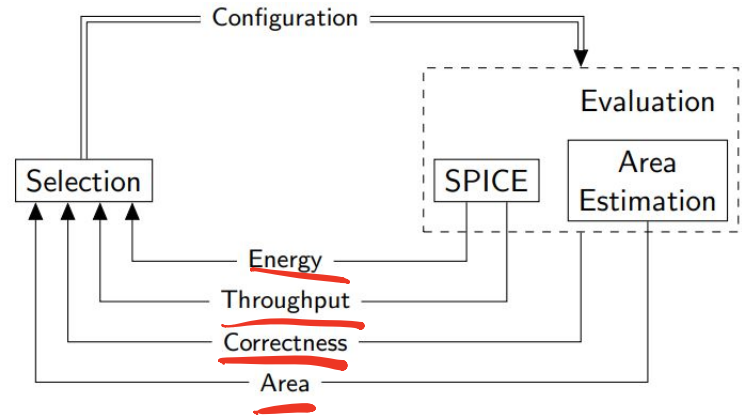
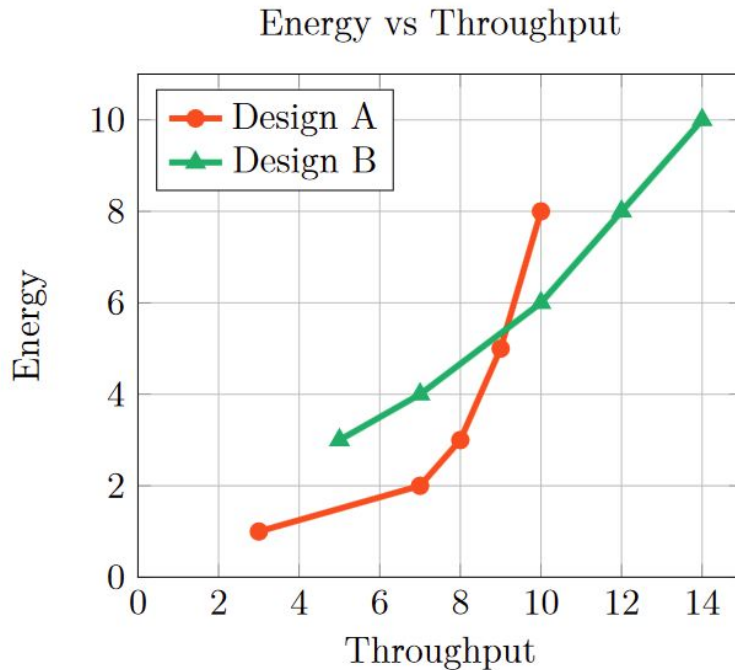
loop:
    add $t3,$t0,$t1      #F_n=F_(n-1)+F_(n-2)
    beq $t2,$a0,breakloop #if (n==N) goto breakloop;
    addi $t2,$t2,1      #n++
    add $t1,$zero,$t0    #F_(n-2)=F_(n-1)
    add $t0,$zero,$t3    #F_(n-1)=F_n
    j loop              #restart loop

breakloop:
    add $a0,$zero,$t3    #return the answer
    addi $v0,$zero,1     #set syscall type to print int
    SYSCALL              #print $a0
    addi $v0,$zero,10    #set syscall type to exit
    SYSCALL              #exit
    
```

# Class 3 - Computer Architecture




# Bonus - Pareto and Optimization



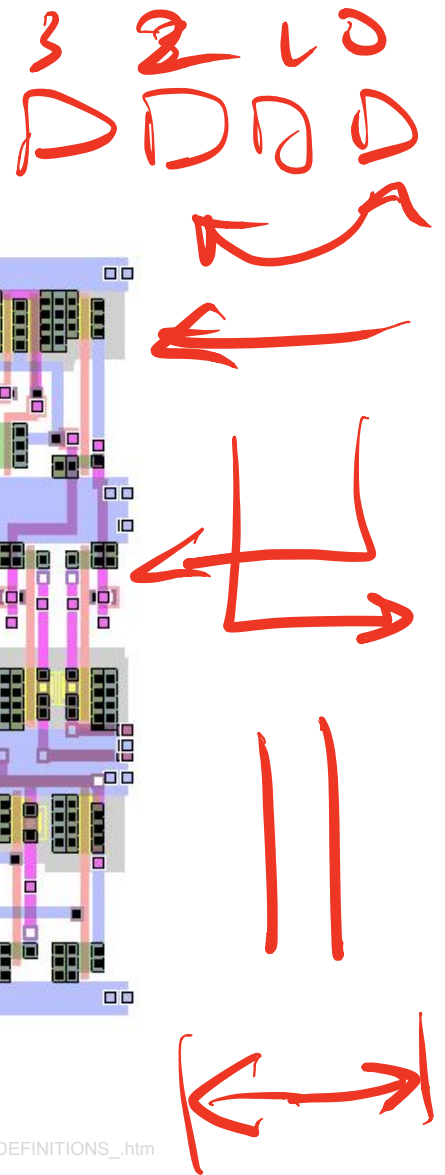
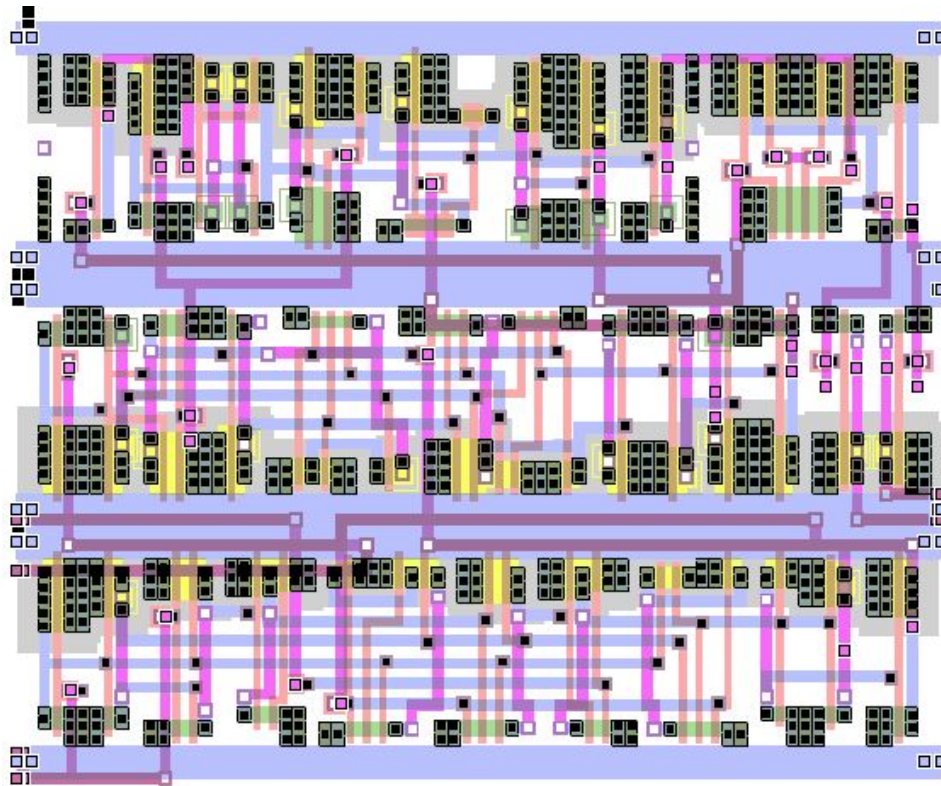
# Digital System Abstraction

Transistors	Billions
Gates	100s of Millions
Microarchitectural Blocks	100s
Chips	10s
Boards	~10
System	1

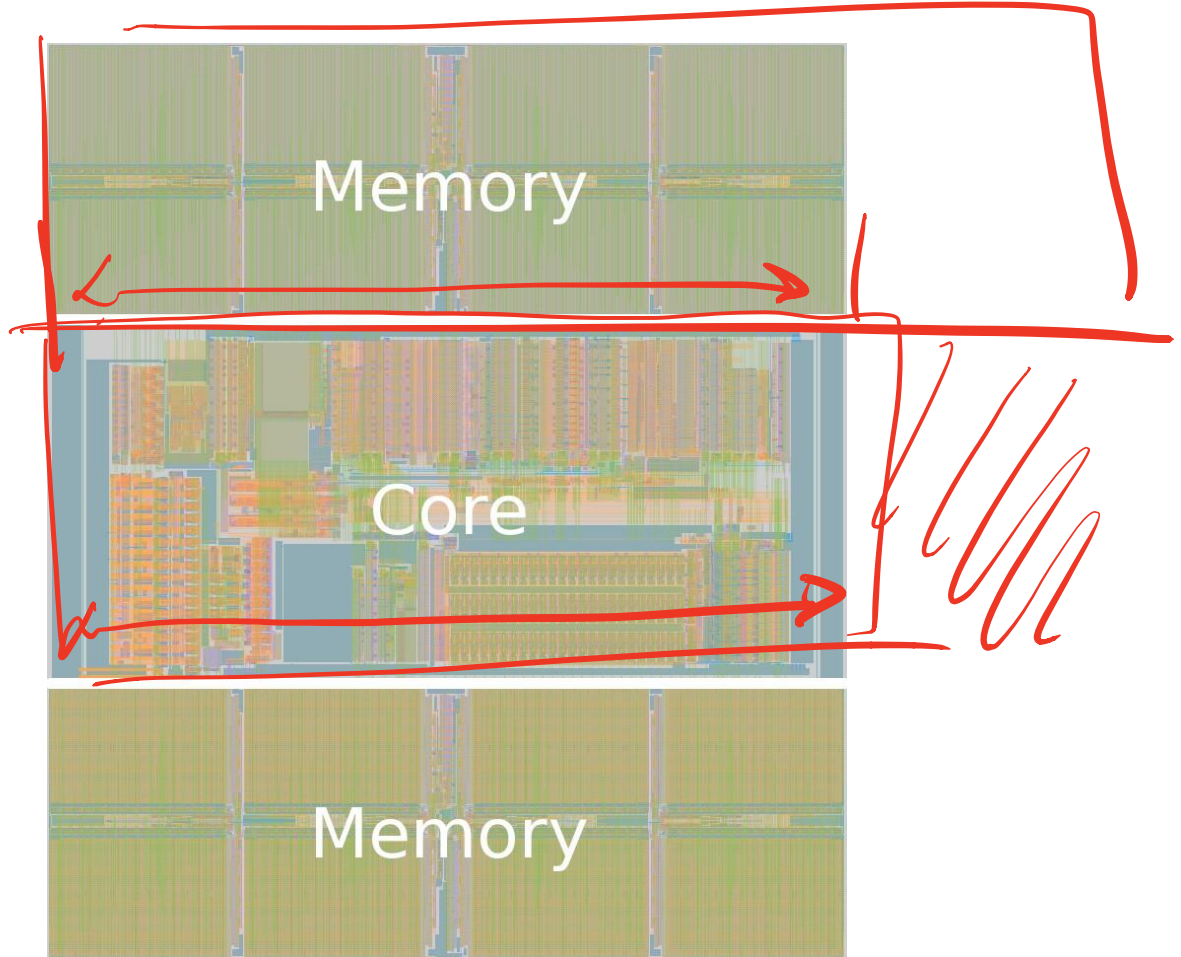




# Place and Route



# Close Design



In today's society, knowing a little about computers can go a long way! They're not magic boxes. In fact, the more you learn about them the less magical they'll be!



Soon you'll be staring at an obscure compiler error and no magic will be left in the world!



Are you starting with object-oriented development or structured programming? And either way, how are you introducing declaration scope and abstractions?



I thought I'd actually start with logic gates, and build up to simple machine languages from that?

Hmm... maybe start with functional programming, so state isn't a concern?



Computers: more complicated than they seem?

NO, DON'T SAY THAT!



People don't learn about computers because they worry it'll be hard, and if word gets out that they're actually machines so incredibly complex that the last CPU to be

designed without other computers helping us was the 386 processor back in 1985, then we're DOOMED.



I'm serious! Don't tell a soul that current processors are so complex that we literally cannot fully

understand them, and engineers work in teams where each only understands a little bit at a time!!

BECAUSE OTHERWISE, AS I SAY, WE ARE ALL TOTALLY DOOMED

