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**Started on** Wednesday, 3 September 2025, 10:34 AM

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**State** Finished

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**Completed on** Wednesday, 3 September 2025, 10:35 AM

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**Time taken** 32 secs

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**Marks** 1.00/1.00

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**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A person needs to eat burgers. Each burger contains a count of calorie. After eating the burger, the person needs to run a distance to burn out his calories.

If he has eaten  $i$  burgers with  $c$  calories each, then he has to run at least  $3^i * c$  kilometers to burn out the calories.

For example, if he ate 3

burgers with the count of calorie in the order: [1, 3, 2], the kilometers he needs to run are  $(3^0 * 1) + (3^1 * 3) + (3^2 * 2) = 1 + 9 + 18 = 28$ .

But this is not the minimum, so need to try out other orders of consumption and choose the minimum value. Determine the minimum distance

he needs to run. Note: He can eat burger in any order and use an efficient sorting algorithm. Apply greedy approach to solve the problem.

**Input Format**

First Line contains the number of burgers

Second line contains calories of each burger which is  $n$  space-separate integers

**Output Format**

Print: Minimum number of kilometers needed to run to burn out the calories

**Sample Input**

3

5 10 7

**Sample Output**

76

**For example:**

Test	Input	Result
Test Case 1	3 1 3 2	18

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <math.h>
4
5 int compare_desc(const void *a, const void *b) {
6     int val_a = *(const int *)a;
7     int val_b = *(const int *)b;
8     if (val_a < val_b) {
9         return 1;
10    }
11    if (val_a > val_b) {
12        return -1;
13    }
14    return 0;
15 }
16
17
18 int main() {
19     int n;
20     scanf("%d", &n);
21     int calories[n];
22     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
23         scanf("%d", &calories[i]);
24     }
25
26     qsort(calories, n, sizeof(int), compare_desc);
27
28     long long total_distance = 0;
29     long long power_of_n = 1;
30
31     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
32         total_distance += (long long)calories[i] * power_of_n;
33
34
35     if (i < n - 1) {
36         power_of_n *= n;
37     }
38 }
39
40 printf("%lld\n", total_distance);
41
42 return 0;
43 }
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	Test Case 1	3 1 3 2	18	18	✓
✓	Test Case 2	4 7 4 9 6	389	389	✓
✓	Test Case 3	3 5 10 7	76	76	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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