190432J

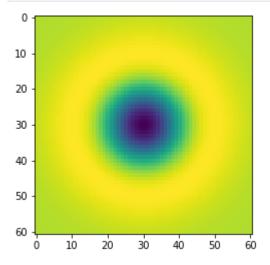
Pathirana R.P.U.A.

```
import numpy as np
import cv2 as cv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

sigma = 10
hw = 3 *sigma
X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hw,hw+1,1),np.arange(-hw,hw+1,1))

log = 1/(2*np.pi*sigma**2)*(X**2/(sigma**2) + Y**2/(sigma**2) - 2)*np.exp(-(X**2 + Y**

plt.imshow(log)
plt.show()
```

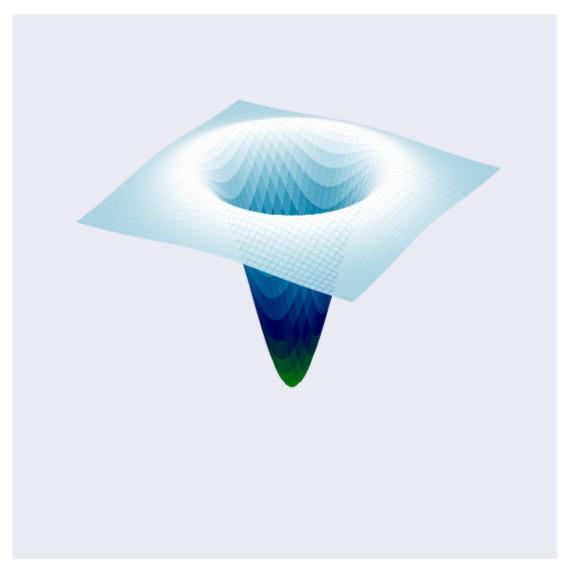


```
In []: from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
    from matplotlib import cm
    from matplotlib.ticker import LinearLocator, FormatStrFormatter

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111,projection = '3d')

surf = ax.plot_surface(X,Y,log,cmap=cm.ocean,linewidth=0,antialiased = True)

ax.zaxis.set_major_locator(LinearLocator(10))
    ax.zaxis.set_major_formatter(FormatStrFormatter('%.02f'))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```

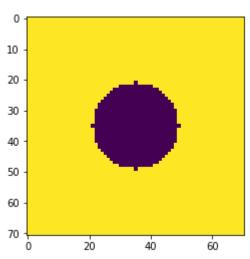


```
import numpy as np
import cv2 as cv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
w,h = 71,71
hw,hh = w//2,h//2

f = np.ones((h,w),dtype=np.float32)*255
X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hh,hh+1,1),np.arange(-hw,hw+1,1))

r = w//5 #4
f *= X**2 +Y**2 > r**2

plt.imshow(f)
plt.show()
```



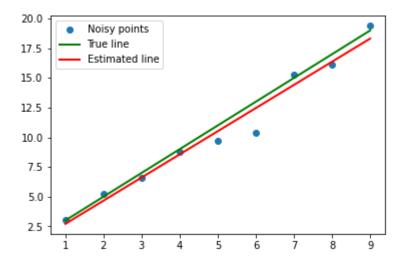
```
In [ ]: | s = 11
                          fig, ax = plt.subplots(2,s, figsize= (20,5))
                           scale_space = np.empty((h,w,s),dtype=np.float32)
                           sigmas = np.arange(5,16,1)
                           for i,sigma in enumerate(sigmas):
                                       log_hw = 3*np.max(sigmas)
                                       X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-log_hw,log_hw+1,1),np.arange(-log_hw,log_hw+1,1))
                                       log = 1/(2*np.pi*sigma*2)*(X**2/(sigma**2) + Y**2/(sigma**2) - 2)*np.exp(-(X**2 + 2)*np
                                       f_log = cv.filter2D(f,-1,log)
                                       scale_space [:,:,i] = f_log
                                       ax[0,i].imshow(log)
                                       ax[0,i].axis('off')
                                       ax[0,i].set_title('$\sigma = {}$'.format(sigma))
                                       ax[0,i].imshow(log)
                                       ax[1,i].imshow(f_log)
                                       ax[1,i].axis('off')
                           indices = np.unravel_index(np.argmax(scale_space,axis=None),scale_space.shape)
                           print(indices) # r = \sqrt{2}*sigma
                           plt.style.use('seaborn')
                           (35, 35, 8)
                                \sigma = 5
                                                                                                                                                          \sigma = 10
                                                                                                                                                                                  \sigma = 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                           \sigma = 12
In [\ ]: \ m = 2 # Line equation : y = m*x + c . m is the slope .c is the intercept.
                           x = np.arange (1,10,1)
                           np.random.seed(45)
                           noise = np.random.randn(len(x))
                          o = np.zeros(x.shape)
                           \# o [-1] = 20
                          y = m*x + c + noise + o
```

n = len(x)

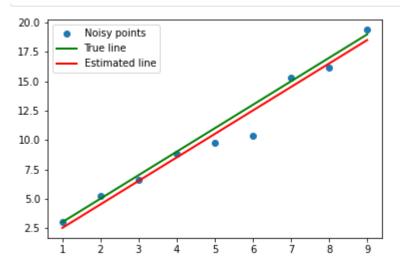
```
X = np.concatenate([x.reshape(n,1),np.ones((n,1))],axis=1)
B = np.linalg.pinv(X.T @ X) @ X.T @ y
mstar = B[0]
cstar = B[1]

plt.plot(x,y,'o',label='Noisy points')
plt.plot([x[0],x[-1]],[m*x[0]+c,m*x[-1] + c], color='g',linewidth=2, label=r'True line
plt.plot([x[0],x[-1]],[mstar*x[0] + cstar,mstar*x[-1] + cstar], color='r', linewidth=2
plt.legend()
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x19331d67f40>



```
In [ ]:
        m = 2 # Line equation : y = m*x + c . m is the slope .c is the intercept.
        c = 1
        x = np.arange (1,10,1)
        np.random.seed(45)
        noise = np.random.randn( len(x) )
        o = np.zeros(x.shape)
        \# o [-1] = 20
        y = m*x + c + noise + o
        n = len(x)
        u11 = np.sum((x - np.mean(x))**2)
        u12 = np.sum((x - np.mean(x))*(y - np.mean(y)))
        u21 = u12
        u22 = np.sum((y - np.mean(y))**2)
        U = np.array([[u11,u12],[u21,u22]])
        W,V = np.linalg.eig(U)
        ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev = V[:,np.argmin(W)]
        a = ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev[0]
        b = ev corresponding to smallest ev[1]
        d = a*np.mean(x) + b*np.mean(y)
        mstar = -a/b
        cstar = d/b
        plt.plot(x,y,'o',label='Noisy points')
        plt.plot([x[0],x[-1]],[m*x[0]+c,m*x[-1]+c], color='g',linewidth=2, label=r'True line
        plt.plot([x[0],x[-1]],[mstar*x[0] + cstar,mstar*x[-1] + cstar], color='r', linewidth=2
        plt.legend(loc = 'best')
        plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
        import cv2 as cv
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        img1 = cv.imread('img1.ppm')
        img2 = cv.imread('img2.ppm')
        img1 = cv.cvtColor(img1, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        img2 = cv.cvtColor(img2, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        sift = cv.SIFT_create()
        keypoints_1, descriptors_1 = sift.detectAndCompute(img1,None)
        keypoints_2, descriptors_2 = sift.detectAndCompute(img2,None)
        bf = cv.BFMatcher(cv.NORM_L1, crossCheck=True)
        matches = bf.match(descriptors_1,descriptors_2)
        matches = sorted(matches, key = lambda x:x.distance)
        img3 = cv.drawMatches(img1, keypoints_1, img2, keypoints_2, matches[:50], img2, flags=
        plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
        plt.imshow(img3)
        plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
        plt.show()
```

