

Question No: 1

Marks [2+2+3+4+6+2+1=20]

- ✓ a. Explain the following challenges of machine learning with help of examples.
 - a. Explainability
 - b. Fairness in AI
- ✓ b. Most of the ML algorithm if given the opportunity to have the capability of remembering things. Explain the phenomenon and the solution.
- ✓ c. Is there any way to get data point distribution? If no, then what we can do? Is there a single distribution that can governs for all the data?
- ✓ d. The following are the two methods to choose Hypothesis. Explain the following:
 - a. Random
 - b. Exhaustively
- ✓ e. Define the following methods used for evaluating hypothesis function (h) with the help of equations.
 - a. 0/1 Loss
 - b. Squared Loss
 - c. Absolute Loss
- ✓ f. How the lifecycle of traditional programming differ from machine learning life cycle?
- ✓ g. We think there is a particular class of algorithms, which are superior to every other Machine learning algorithms to solve every problem type. What do you think about this misconception?

Question No: 2

Marks [5]

- ✓ a) Explain the following Machine learning setup with help of Feature space, Label space and Hypothesis space.

$$D = \{(\vec{x}_1, y_1), x_2, y_2, \dots, x_n, y_n\} \subseteq X \times Y$$

Where,

$$(\vec{x}_i, y_i) \sim P(x, y)$$

Learn a function $h \in H$, such that for a new instance $(x, y) \sim P$,
 $h(x) \approx y$