Dash Components

Objectives

After completing the lab you will be able to:

- Know how to add multiple graphs to the dashboard
- Work with Dash Callbacks to handle multiple outputs

Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

Dataset Used

Airline Reporting Carrier On-Time Performance dataset from Data Asset eXchange

About Skills Network Cloud IDE

This Skills Network Labs Cloud IDE (Integrated Development Environment) provides a hands-on environment in your web browser for completing course and project related labs. It utilizes Theia, an open-source IDE platform, that can be run on desktop or on the cloud.

So far in the course you have been using Jupyter notebooks to run your python code. This IDE provides an alternative for editing and running your Python code. In this lab you will be using this alternative Python runtime to create and launch your Dash applications.

Important Notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. When you launch the Cloud IDE, you are presented with a 'dedicated computer on the cloud' exclusively for you. This is available to you as long as you are actively working on the labs.

Once you close your session or it is timed out due to inactivity, you are logged off, and this 'dedicated computer on the cloud' is deleted along with any files you may have created, dowloaded or installed. The next time you launch this lab, a new environment is created for you.

If you finish only part of the lab and return later, you may have to start from the beginning. So, it is a good idea to plan to your time accordingly and finish your labs in a single session.

Let's start creating dash application

Theme

Analyze flight delays in a dashboard.

Dashboard Components

- Monthly average carrier delay by reporting airline for the given year.
- Monthly average weather delay by reporting airline for the given year.
- Monthly average national air system delay by reporting airline for the given year.
- Monthly average security delay by reporting airline for the given year.
- Monthly average late aircraft delay by reporting airline for the given year.

NOTE: Year range should be between 2010 and 2020

Expected Output

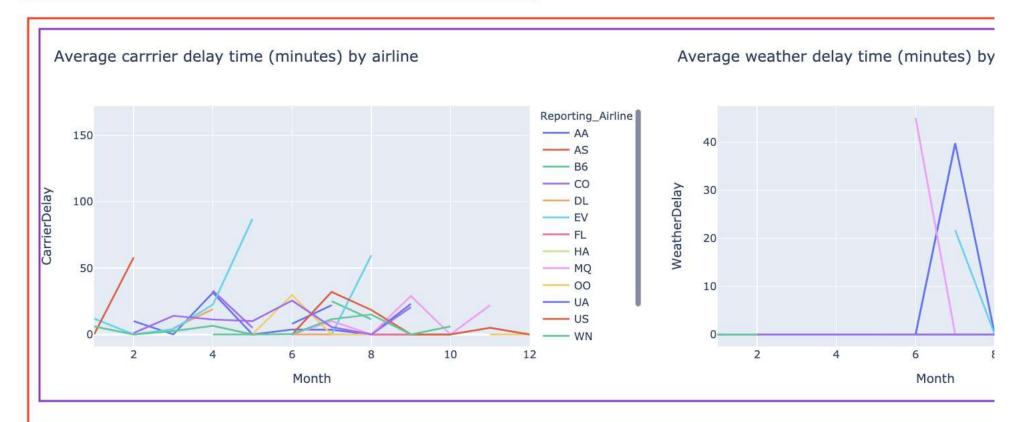
Below is the expected result from the lab. Our dashboard application consists of three components:

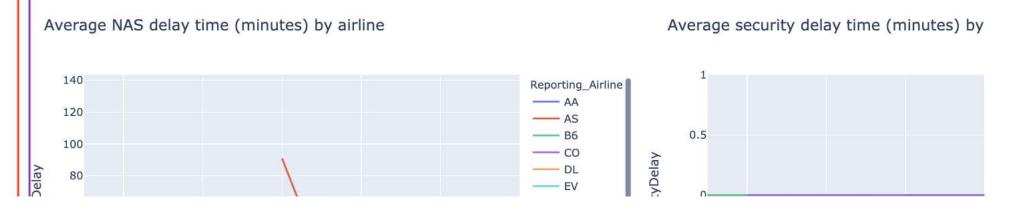
- Title of the application
- Component to enter input year

- 5 Charts conveying the different types of flight delay. Chart section is divided into three segments.
 Carrier and Weather delay in the first segment
 National air system and Security delay in the second segment
 Late aircraft delay in the third segment

Input Year: 2011

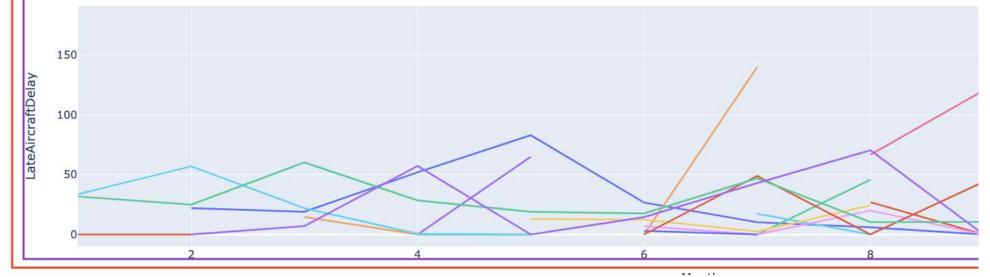
☐ Input







Average late aircraft delay time (minutes) by airline



To do:

- Design layout for the application.
- Create a callback function. Add callback decorator, define inputs and outputs.
- Review the helper function that performs computation on the provided inputs.
- Create 5 line graphs.
- Run the application.

Get the tool ready

- Install python packages required to run the application. Copy and paste the below command to the terminal.
- 1. 1
- 1. python3 -m pip install packaging

Copied!

1. 1

python3 -m pip install pandas dash

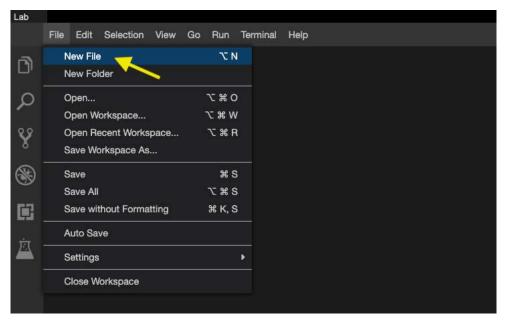
Copied!

1. 1

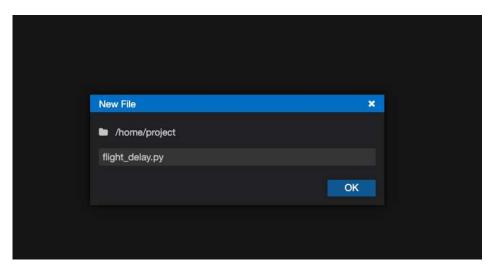
1. pip3 install httpx==0.20 dash plotly

Copied!

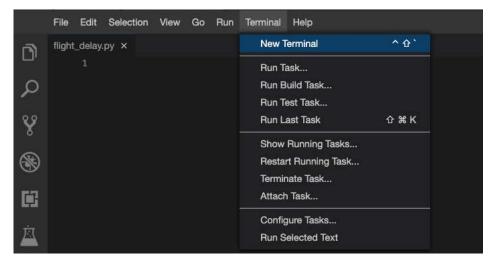
• Create a new python script, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **File->New File**, as in the image below.



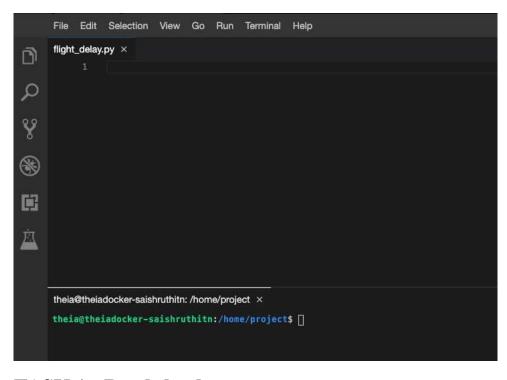
• Provide the file name as flight_details.py



• Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal->New Terminal**, as in the image below.



• Now, you have script and terminal ready to start the lab.



TASK 1 - Read the data

Let's start with

- Importing necessary libraries
- Reading the data

Copy the below code to the flight_delay.py script and review the code.

- 1. 1 2. 2
- 3. 3
- 4. 4 5. 5
- 6.6
- 7. 7 8. 8
- 9.9
- 10. 10
- 11. 11 12. 12
- 13. 13
- 14. 14
- 1. # Import required libraries
- 2. import pandas as pd
- import plotly.graph_objects as go
- 4. import dash
- 5. from dash import dcc
- 6. from dash import html
- 7. from dash.dependencies import Input, Output
- 8. import plotly.express as px
- a
- 10. # Read the airline data into pandas dataframe
- 11. airline_data = pd.read_csv('https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DV0101EN-SkillsNetwork/Data%20Files/airline_data.csv',

```
12. encoding = "ISO-8859-1",
13. dtype={'Div1Airport': str, 'Div1TailNum': str,
14. 'Div2Airport': str, 'Div2TailNum': str})

Copied!
```

TASK 2 - Create dash application and get the layout skeleton

Next, we create a skeleton for our dash application. Our dashboard application layout has three components as seen before:

- Title of the application
- Component to enter input year inside a layout division
- 5 Charts conveying the different types of flight delay

Mapping to the respective Dash HTML tags:

- Title added using html.H1() tag
- Layout division added using html.Div() and input component added using dcc.Input() tag inside the layout division.
- 5 charts split into three segments. Each segment has a layout division added using html.Div() and chart added using dcc.Graph() tag inside the layout division.

Copy the below code to the flight_delay.py script and review the structure.

NOTE: Copy below the current code

1. 1

```
2. 2
3. 3
7. 7
8.8
10. 10
11. 11
13. 13
14. 14
15. 15
16. 16
17. 17
18. 18
19. 19
20. 20
1. # Create a dash application
2. app = dash.Dash(__name__)
3.
4. # Build dash app layout
5. app.layout = html.Div(children=[ html.H1(),
                                    html.Div(["Input Year: ", dcc.Input()],
7.
                                    style={'font-size': 30}),
8.
                                    html.Br(),
                                   html.Br(),
9.
10.
                                   html.Div([
11.
                                           html.Div(),
                                           html.Div()
12.
                                    ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
13.
                                   html.Div([
15.
                                           html.Div(),
16.
17.
                                           html.Div()
18.
                                    ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
19.
                                    html.Div(, style={'width':'65%'})
20.
                                    ])
```



NOTE: We are using display as flex for two outer divisions to get graphs side by side in a row.

TASK 3 - Update layout components

Application title

• Title as Flight Delay Time Statistics, align text as center, color as #503D36, and font size as 30.

Input component

• Update dcc.Input component id as input-year, default value as 2010, and type as number. Use style parameter and assign height of the input box to be 35px and font-size to be 30.

Output component - Segment 1

Segment 1 is the first html.Div(). We have two inner division where first two graphs will be placed.

Skeleton

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4

1. html.Div([
2. html.Div(),
3. html.Div()
4. ], style={'display': 'flex'}),

Copied!
```

First inner division

- Add dcc.Graph() component.
- Update dcc.Graph component id as carrier-plot.

Second inner division

- Add dcc.Graph() component.
- Update dcc.Graph component id as weather-plot.

Output component - Segment 2

Segment 2 is the second html.Div(). We have two inner division where the next two graphs will be placed.

Skeleon

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
1. html.Div([
2. html.Div(),
3. html.Div()
4. ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
```

Copied!

First inner division

- Add dcc.Graph() component.
- Update dcc.Graph component id as nas-plot.

Second inner division

- Add dcc.Graph() component.
- Update dcc.Graph component id as security-plot.

Output component - Segment 3

Segment 3 is the last html.Div().

Skeleon

```
    1. 1
    1. html.Div(, style={'width':'65%'})
```

Copied!

- Add dcc.Graph() component to the first inner division.
- Update dcc.Graph component id as late-plot.

TASK 4 - Review and add supporting function

Below is the function that gets input year and data, perform computation for creating charts and plots.

Copy the below code to the flight_delay.py script and review the structure.

NOTE: Copy below the current code

```
2. 2
11. 11
12. 12
13. 13
14. 14
15. 15
16. 16
17. 17
18. 18
19. 19
20. 20
21. 21
22. 22

    """ Compute_info function description

3. This function takes in airline data and selected year as an input and performs computation for creating charts and plots.
4.
5. Arguments:
       airline_data: Input airline data.
        entered_year: Input year for which computation needs to be performed.
9. Returns:
```

```
Computed average dataframes for carrier delay, weather delay, NAS delay, security delay, and late aircraft delay.
11.
12. """
13. def compute_info(airline_data, entered_year):
14.
         # Select data
         df = airline_data[airline_data['Year']==int(entered_year)]
15.
16.
         # Compute delay averages
         avg_car = df.groupby(['Month','Reporting_Airline'])['CarrierDelay'].mean().reset_index()
17.
         avg_weather = df.groupby(['Month','Reporting_Airline'])['WeatherDelay'].mean().reset_index()
          avg_NAS = df.groupby(['Month','Reporting_Airline'])['NASDelay'].mean().reset_index()
         avg_sec = df.groupby(['Month', 'Reporting_Airline'])['SecurityDelay'].mean().reset_index()
avg_late = df.groupby(['Month', 'Reporting_Airline'])['LateAircraftDelay'].mean().reset_index()
20.
21.
         return avg_car, avg_weather, avg_NAS, avg_sec, avg_late
Copied!
```

TASK 5 - Add the application callback function

The core idea of this application is to get year as user input and update the dashboard in real-time. We will be using callback function for the same.

Steps:

- · Define the callback decorator
- Define the callback function that uses the input provided to perform the computation
- · Create graph and return it as an output
- Run the application

Copy the below code to the flight_delay.py script and review the structure.

NOTE: Copy below the current code

```
1. 1
2. 2
8.8
10. 10
11. 11
12. 12
13. 13
14. 14
15. 15
16. 16
17. 17
18. 18
19. 19
20. 20
21. 21
22. 22
23. 23
24. 24
25. 25
26. 26
27. 27
28. 28
29. 29
30. 30
31. 31
1. # Callback decorator
@app.callback( [
3.
                  Output(component_id='carrier-plot', component_property='figure'),
5.
```

```
8.
                   ],
                  Input(....))
10. # Computation to callback function and return graph
11. def get_graph(entered_year):
13.
        # Compute required information for creating graph from the data
       avg_car, avg_weather, avg_NAS, avg_sec, avg_late = compute_info(airline_data, entered_year)
14.
15.
       # Line plot for carrier delay
17.
       carrier_fig = px.line(avg_car, x='Month', y='CarrierDelay', color='Reporting_Airline', title='Average carrier delay time (minutes) by airline')
18.
       # Line plot for weather delay
19.
       weather_fig = -----
       # Line plot for mas delay
20.
21.
       nas_fig = -----
       # Line plot for security delay
23.
       sec_fig = -----
24.
       # Line plot for late aircraft delay
25.
       late_fig = -----
26.
27.
       return[carrier_fig, weather_fig, nas_fig, sec_fig, late_fig]
28.
29. # Run the app
30. if __name__ == '__main__':
       app.run_server()
```

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TASK 6 - Update the callback function

Callback decorator

- Refer examples provided <u>here</u>
- We have 5 output components added in a list. Update output component id parameter with the ids provided in the dcc.Graph() component and set the component property as figure. One sample has been added to the skeleton.
- Update input component id parameter with the id provided in the dcc.Input() component and component property as value.

Callback function

Next is to update the get graph function. We have already added a function compute info that will perform computation on the data using the input.

Mapping the returned value from the function compute_info to graph:

- avg car input for carrier delay
- avg_weather input for weather delay
- avg NAS input for NAS delay
- avg_sec input for security delay
- avg_late input for late aircraft delay

Code has been provided for plotting carrier delay. Follow the same process and use the above mapping to get plots for other 4 delays.

Refer to the full code of 4.8_Flight_Delay_Time_Statistics_Dashboard.py

- 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4 5. 5 6. 6 7. 7 8. 8 9. 9 10. 10 11. 11
- 12. 12 13. 13

14. 14
15. 15
16. 16. 16
16. 16. 17
17. 18. 18
19. 19
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21. 21
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24. 24
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84. 84
85. 85
86. 86
87. 87

```
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 89.89
 90.90
 91. 91
 92. 92
 93. 93
 94.94
 95.95
 96.96
 97. 97
 98.98
 99.99
100. 100
101. 101
102. 102
103. 103
104. 104
105. 105
106. 106
 1. # Import required libraries
 2. import pandas as pd
 import dash
 4. from dash import dcc
 5. from dash import html
 6. from dash.dependencies import Input, Output
 7. import plotly.express as px
 8.
 9. # Read the airline data into pandas dataframe
 10. airline_data = pd.read_csv('https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DV0101EN-SkillsNetwork/Data%20Files/airline_data.csv',
 11.
                                 encoding = "ISO-8859-1",
                                 dtype={'Div1Airport': str, 'Div1TailNum': str,
 12.
 13.
                                        'Div2Airport': str, 'Div2TailNum': str})
 15. # Create a dash application
 16. app = dash.Dash(__name__)
 17.
 18. # Build dash app layout
 19. app.layout = html.Div(children=[ html.H1('Flight Delay Time Statistics',
                                     style={ 'textAlign': 'center', 'color': '#503D36',
 20.
 21.
                                     'font-size': 30}),
 22.
                                     html.Div(["Input Year: ", dcc.Input(id='input-year', value='2010',
 23.
                                     type='number', style={'height':'35px', 'font-size': 30}),],
 24.
                                     style={'font-size': 30}),
 25.
                                     html.Br(),
 26.
                                     html.Br(),
 27.
                                     # Segment 1
 28.
                                     html.Div([
 29.
                                            html.Div(dcc.Graph(id='carrier-plot')),
                                            html.Div(dcc.Graph(id='weather-plot'))
 30.
 31.
                                     ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
 32.
                                     # Segment 2
 33.
                                     html.Div([
 34.
                                            html.Div(dcc.Graph(id='nas-plot')),
 35.
                                            html.Div(dcc.Graph(id='security-plot'))
 36.
                                     ], style={'display': 'flex'}),
 37.
                                     # Segment 3
 38.
                                     html.Div(dcc.Graph(id='late-plot'), style={'width':'65%'})
 39.
 40.
 41. """ Compute info function description
 42.
 43. This function takes in airline data and selected year as an input and performs computation for creating charts and plots.
 44.
 45. Arguments:
 46.
         airline data: Input airline data.
 47.
         entered year: Input year for which computation needs to be performed.
 48.
 49. Returns:
 50.
         Computed average dataframes for carrier delay, weather delay, NAS delay, security delay, and late aircraft delay.
 51.
 52. """
 53. def compute_info(airline_data, entered_year):
        # Select data
```

```
df = airline data[airline data['Year']==int(entered year)]
 56.
         # Compute delay averages
         avg car = df.groupby(['Month', 'Reporting Airline'])['CarrierDelay'].mean().reset index()
         avg_weather = df.groupby(['Month','Reporting_Airline'])['WeatherDelay'].mean().reset_index()
         avg_NAS = df.groupby(['Month','Reporting_Airline'])['NASDelay'].mean().reset_index()
 59.
         avg_sec = df.groupby(['Month', 'Reporting_Airline'])['SecurityDelay'].mean().reset_index()
         avg_late = df.groupby(['Month', 'Reporting Airline'])['LateAircraftDelay'].mean().reset_index()
 61.
 62.
         return avg_car, avg_weather, avg_NAS, avg_sec, avg_late
 64. """Callback Function
 66. Function that returns fugures using the provided input year.
 68. Arguments:
 69.
 70.
         entered_year: Input year provided by the user.
 71.
 72. Returns:
        List of figures computed using the provided helper function `compute_info`.
 76. # Callback decorator
 77. @app.callback( [
                    Output(component_id='carrier-plot', component_property='figure'),
 78.
 79.
                    Output(component_id='weather-plot', component_property='figure'),
 80.
                    Output(component id='nas-plot', component property='figure'),
 81.
                    Output(component_id='security-plot', component_property='figure'),
                    Output(component id='late-plot', component property='figure')
                    Input(component id='input-year', component property='value'))
 85. # Computation to callback function and return graph
 86. def get graph(entered year):
 88.
         # Compute required information for creating graph from the data
 89.
         avg_car, avg_weather, avg_NAS, avg_sec, avg_late = compute_info(airline_data, entered_year)
 90.
 91.
         # Line plot for carrier delay
 92.
         carrier fig = px.line(avg car, x='Month', y='CarrierDelay', color='Reporting Airline', title='Average carrrier delay time (minutes) by airline')
 93.
         # Line plot for weather delay
         weather_fig = px.line(avg_weather, x='Month', y='WeatherDelay', color='Reporting_Airline', title='Average weather delay time (minutes) by airline')
         # Line plot for nas delay
 96.
         nas fig = px.line(avg NAS, x='Month', y='NASDelay', color='Reporting Airline', title='Average NAS delay time (minutes) by airline')
 97.
         # Line plot for security delay
 98.
         sec fig = px.line(avg sec, x='Month', y='SecurityDelay', color='Reporting Airline', title='Average security delay time (minutes) by airline')
 99.
         # Line plot for late aircraft delay
100.
        late fig = px.line(avg late, x='Month', y='LateAircraftDelay', color='Reporting Airline', title='Average late aircraft delay time (minutes) by airline')
         return[carrier_fig, weather_fig, nas_fig, sec_fig, late_fig]
102.
103.
104. # Run the app
105. if __name__ == '__main__':
         app.run_server()
Copied!
```

TASK 6 - Run the application

• Copy and paste the below command in the terminal to run the application.

```
    1. 1
    1. python3 flight_delay.py

Copied!
```

• Observe the port number shown in the terminal.

```
theia@theiadocker-saishruthitn:/home/project$ python dash_basics.py
Dash is running on http://127.0.0.1:8050/

* Serving Flask app "dash_basics" (lazy loading)

* Environment: production
WARNING: This is a development
Use a production WSGI server
Stead.

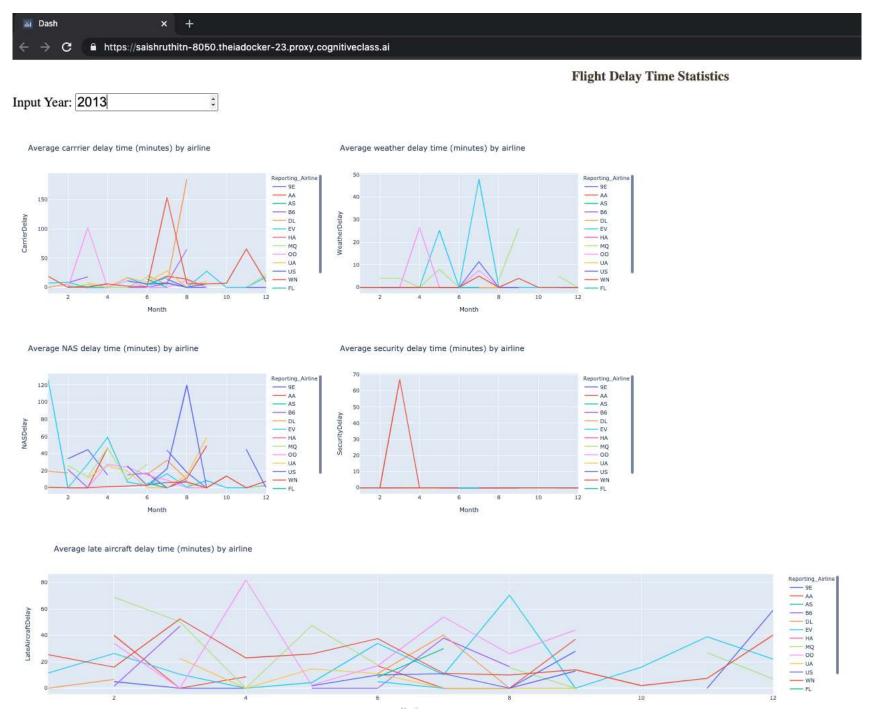
* Debug mode: Off

* Running or http://127.0.0.1:8050/

Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

• Click on the Launch Application option from the side menu bar. Provide the port number and click OK

The app will open in a new browser tab like below:



Congratulations, you have successfully created your dash application!

Exercise: Practice Tasks

You will practice some tasks to update the dashboard.

- Change the title to the dashboard from "Flight Delay Time Statistics" to "Flight Details Statistics Dashboard" using HTML H1 component and font-size as 35.
- ► Answer
- 2. Save the above changes and rename file as flight_details.pyand relaunch the dashboard application to see the updated dashboard title.
 - ► Answer
- 3. Write a command to stop the running app in the terminal
- ► Answer

Author

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
05-07-2021	1.0	Saishruthi	Initial version created
24-08-2022	1.1	Pratiksha	Updated Instructions
29-08-2022	1.2	Pratiksha Verma	Updated Screenshot

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