

Chapter 16 Multimedia

1. You can use AIFF, MIDI, and RMF in addition to AU and WAS files in Java 2.
2. You can play the audio file directly by using the `play()` method in the `Applet` class, or play it by creating an audio clip and using the `getAudioClip()` method. You can then invoke `AudioClip`'s `play()`, `stop()`, and `loop()` methods to play, stop, or repeatedly play the audio, respectively.
3. You have to run the program as an applet in order to use audio at the present time. Future releases of the Java API may be more flexible, allowing you to get audio files from within Java applications.
4. `getDocumentBase()` returns the URL of the HTML file; `getCodeBase()` return the URL of the applet.
5. The `getImage()` method in the `Applet` class requires the URL, but the `getImage()` method in the `ImageIcon` class does not require the URL.
6. You can get the URL of the files including image and audio files using the following method:

```
URL url = this.getClass().getResource(filename);
```

7. The `drawImage()` method displays the image on the viewing area.
8. Yes, but you have to make sure the image files are obtained through its URL so it can be loaded from a Web browser.
9. The images cannot be stretched in `JLabel`. The images can be stretched in `JPanel`.
10. Use the `Applet.getAudioClip()` method to obtain an audio clip for Java applications.
11. `MediaTracker` is used to track images to determine their loading status. You can add an image to a `MediaTracker` object by invoking its instance method, `addImage()`. The `waitForAll()` method can be used to see if all images are loaded. You can assign images with the same ID to register them with a media tracker.