

Chapter 18 Networking

1. You use new `ServerSocket (port)` to create a server socket. You can use any number after 1024. If a port is already in use, you will get an exception; then you can choose another number. You can have a server running on a port serving multiple clients.
2. A server socket can handle connection requests from a client. After the connection is established, the communications between the server and the client are through the client sockets.
3. The client program uses new `Socket (hostname , port)` to request a connection to the server.
4. The server listens for connecting requests from clients by invoking `serverSocket . accept ()`, which blocks the program from executing the next statement until a connection is established.
5. You need to use `getInputStream ()` to create a stream to receive data from the socket and use `getOutputStream ()` to create a stream to send data from the socket. Objects can be transferred using the object stream wrapped on the socket stream as long as the objects are instances of `Serializable`.
6. Use the `Thread` class and create multiple threads to handle multiple connections, one thread per client.
7. An application can retrieve a file from a remote host, but it cannot update a file on a remote host?