## **WEEK 3: BANK DATABASE**

## By V. Kenny Philip

(1BM21CS232)

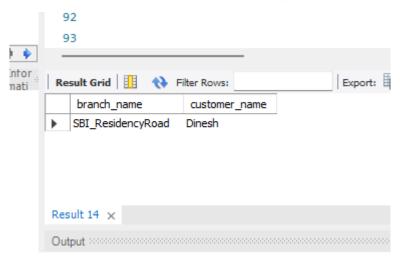
```
create database bank;
use bank;
create table branch
       branch_name varchar(20) primary key,
  branch_city varchar(15),
  assets real
);
show tables;
desc branch;
create table bank_account
(
       accno int primary key,
  branch_name varchar(20),
  balance real,
  foreign key(branch_name) references branch(branch_name) on delete cascade
);
desc bank_account;
create table bank_customer
(
       customer_name varchar(20) primary key,
  customer_street varchar(20),
  customer_city varchar(15)
);
create table depositer
(
       customer_name varchar(20),
  accno int,
```

```
primary key(customer_name,accno),
  foreign key(customer_name) references bank_customer(customer_name) on delete cascade,
  foreign key(accno) references bank_account(accno) on delete cascade
);
create table loan
(
        loan_number int primary key,
  branch_name varchar(20),
  amount real,
  foreign key(branch_name) references branch(branch_name) on delete cascade
);
insert into branch
values('SBI_Chamrajpet','Bangalore',50000),('SBI_ResidencyRoad','Bangalore',10000),
('SBI ShivajiRoad', 'Bombay', 20000), ('SBI ParlimentRoad', 'Delhi', 10000),
                                               ('SBI Jantarmatar', 'Delhi', 20000);
insert into bank account values(1,'SBI Chamrajpet',2000);
insert into bank_account values(2,'SBI_ResidencyRoad',5000);
insert into bank_account values(3,'SBI_ShivajiRoad',6000);
insert into bank_account values(4, 'SBI_ParlimentRoad', 9000);
insert into bank_account values(5,'SBI_Jantarmatar',8000);
insert into bank_account values(6,'SBI_ShivajiRoad',4000);
insert into bank_account values(8,'SBI_ResidencyRoad',4000);
insert into bank_account values(9,'SBI_ParlimentRoad',3000);
insert into bank_account values(10,'SBI_ResidencyRoad',5000);
insert into bank_account values(11, 'SBI_Jantarmatar', 2000);
desc bank_account;
select * from bank_account;
insert into bank_customer values('Avinash','Bull_Temple_Road','Bangalore');
```

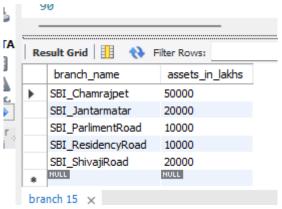
```
insert into bank_customer values('Dinesh','Bannergatta_Road','Bangalore');
insert into bank_customer values('Mohan','NationalCollege_Road','Bangalore');
insert into bank_customer values('Nikil','Akbar_Road','Delhi');
insert into bank_customer values('Ravi','Prithviraj_Road','Delhi');
select * from bank_customer;
insert into depositer values('Avinash',1);
insert into depositer values('Dinesh',2);
insert into depositer values('Nikil',4);
insert into depositer values('Ravi',5);
insert into depositer values('Avinash',8);
insert into depositer values('Nikil',9);
insert into depositer values('Dinesh',10);
insert into depositer values('Nikil',11);
select * from depositer;
insert into loan values(1,'SBI_Chamrajpet',1000);
insert into loan values(2,'SBI_ResidencyRoad',2000);
insert into loan values(3, 'SBI_ShivajiRoad', 3000);
insert into loan values(4, 'SBI_ParlimentRoad', 4000);
insert into loan values(5, 'SBI_Jantarmatar', 5000);
select * from loan;
select b.branch_name,d.customer_name
         from bank_account b, depositer d
    where d.accno=b.accno and branch_name='SBI_ResidencyRoad'
    group by b.branch_name, d.customer_name
   having count(d.customer_name)>1;
select name ,assets assets_in_lakhs from branch;
create view sum_loans as select name, sum(amount) from loan group by name; select * from
sum_loans;
```

## **OUTPUTS**

 Find all the customers who have at least two accounts at the same branch (ex. SBI\_ResidencyRoad)



2. Display the branch name and assets from all branches in lakhs of rupees and rename the assets column to 'assets in lakhs'.



3. CREATE A VIEW WHICH GIVES EACH BRANCH THE SUM OF THE AMOUNT OF ALL THE LOANS AT THE BRANCH.

