Output Summary:

This a brief summary of the classification algorithm implemented on the *Pima Indian Diabetes* dataset. The entire work has been carried with the use of a single package- "*caret*". Caret is a wrapper for 200+ machine learning algorithms. Following steps have been carried to perform the analysis:

- Loading the data and caret package The dataset is loaded and caret package if required is installed.
- Preprocessing The structure shows that the data contains only numeric and integer
 values hence no one hot encoding is required. There are no NA values present as well.
 The values are scaled and centered using the preProcess function.
- **Splitting data** The data is split in the ratio of 7:3 for training and testing purpose using the createDataPartition function.
- **Feature Selection using caret** Recursive feature elimination method is used to select the important features. At the end of the method, following information is obtained: Resampling performance over subset size:

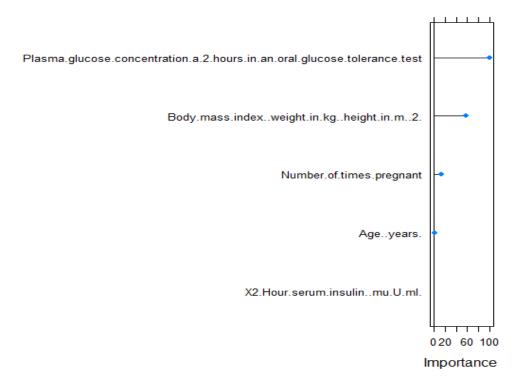
Variables	Accuracy	Карра	AccuracySD	KappaSD	Selected
4	0.7138	0.3532	0.05560	0.1247	
8	0.7423	0.4116	0.05488	0.1303	*

The top 5 variables (out of 8):

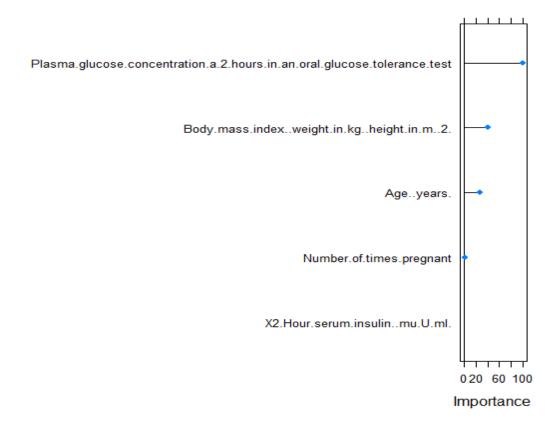
Plasma.glucose.concentration.a.2.hours.in.an.oral.glucose.tolerance.test,Body.mass.index..weight.in.kg..height.in.m..2.,Age..years.,Number.of.times.pregnant,X2.Hour.serum.insulin..mu.U.ml.

• Training models using caret – Caret has several ML algorithms available, the algorithms used here are GLM,GBM,RF and NNET. The variable importance plots obtained for the algorithms are as follows:

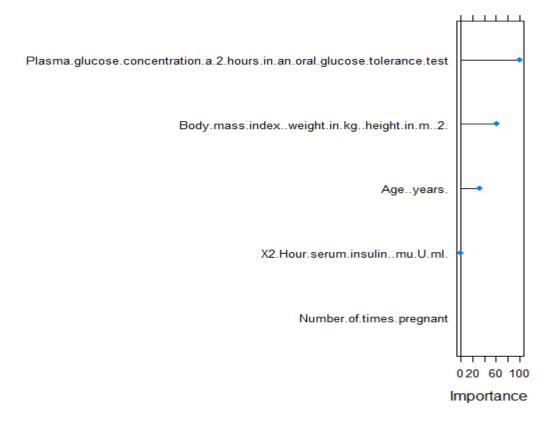
GLM - Variable Importance



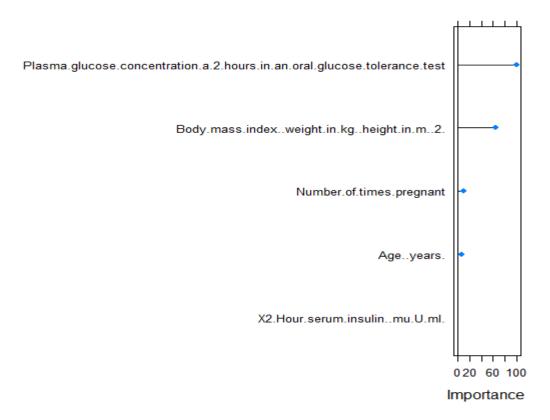
GBM - Variable Importance



RF - Variable Importance



NEURAL NET - Variable Importance



- Predictions using caret All the four aforementioned algorithms are used to perform prediction.
 - GLM: confusionMatrix function gives the following output for GLM

```
Confusion Matrix and Statistics
         Reference
Prediction 0 1
        0 134 34
         1 16 46
              Accuracy: 0.7826
95% CI: (0.7236, 0.8341)
   No Information Rate: 0.6522
   P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.156e-05
                 Kappa : 0.4943
Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.01621
           Sensitivity: 0.8933
           Specificity: 0.5750
         Pos Pred Value: 0.7976
        Neg Pred Value: 0.7419
            Prevalence: 0.6522
        Detection Rate: 0.5826
  Detection Prevalence: 0.7304
     Balanced Accuracy: 0.7342
       'Positive' Class: 0
```

➢ GBM : Accuracy − 77.83 %

```
Confusion Matrix and Statistics
           Reference
          on 0 1
0 137 38
Prediction
          1 13 42
    Accuracy: 0.7783
95% CI: (0.719, 0.8302)
No Information Rate: 0.6522
    P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 2.232e-05
                    Kappa : 0.4728
 Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.0007775
             Sensitivity: 0.9133
          Specificity: 0.5250
Pos Pred Value: 0.7829
          Neg Pred Value : 0.7636
              Prevalence: 0.6522
          Detection Rate: 0.5957
   Detection Prevalence: 0.7609
      Balanced Accuracy: 0.7192
       'Positive' Class : 0
```

> RF: Accuracy – 79.57 %

```
Confusion Matrix and Statistics
          Reference
Prediction 0 1
         0 129 26
1 21 54
                Accuracy: 0.7957
95% CI: (0.7377, 0.8458)
    No Information Rate : 0.6522
    P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.383e-06
Kappa : 0.5429
Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.5596
             Sensitivity: 0.8600
            Specificity: 0.6750
         Pos Pred Value : 0.8323
Neg Pred Value : 0.7200
             Prevalence: 0.6522
         Detection Rate: 0.5609
   Detection Prevalence: 0.6739
      Balanced Accuracy: 0.7675
       'Positive' Class: 0
```

➤ NNET : Accuracy 76.96 %

```
Reference
Prediction 0 1
0 131 34
1 19 46

Accuracy: 0.7696
95% CI: (0.7097, 0.8224)
No Information Rate: 0.6522
P-Value [Acc > NIR]: 7.748e-05

Kappa: 0.4688
Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.05447

Sensitivity: 0.8733
Specificity: 0.5750
Pos Pred Value: 0.7939
Neg Pred Value: 0.7077
Prevalence: 0.6522
Detection Rate: 0.5696
Detection Prevalence: 0.7174
Balanced Accuracy: 0.7242

'Positive' Class: 0
```