## POST CARDIAC ARREST

## **RETURN OF SPONTANEOUS CIRCULATION (ROSC)**

## ALL PROVIDERS / EMT

	Focused history and physical exam		
	Blood glucose assessment		
	Continuous ECG, CO2, and pulse oximetry monitoring, when available		
	Assist ventilations to maintain ETCO2 35-45mmHg		
	Document blood pressure after establishing ROSC		
	Prepare for transport while maintaining monitoring and re-checking for pulse periodically		
	Acquire and transmit a 12L EKG after establishing ROSC		
	Consider putting mechanical CPR device in place for transport if available for use in case of re-arrest		
	Treatment Plan		
	• Preferential transport to a STEMI/PCI receiving center, if available.		
	A DI II T		DEDIATRIC (45 CA )
	ADULT	NC	PEDIATRIC (<15 years of Age)  OTE: Pediatric weight based dosing should not
		110	exceed Adult dosing.
	AEMT		AEMT
	Supraglottic, vascular access and fluid therapy		Supraglottic, vascular access and fluid therapy
	Prepare Vasopressors for possible hypotension	0	Monitor closely for hypotensive shock. Consult
0	Push Dose Epinephrine 10mcg as needed to		with OLMC for direction if blood pressure is
	maintain a SBP > 100 mmHg after fluid bolus		less than pediatric lowest acceptable systolic
			blood pressures
			• Birth to 1 month = 60mmHg, 1 month to 1
			year = 70mmHg, 1 year to 10 years is =
			70mmHg + (age x 2) and over 10 years = 90mmHg.
			Prepare Vasopressors for possible
		_	hypotension
		0	Push Dose Epinephrine 1mcg/kg as needed to
			maintain a SBP>70 + (age in years x 2) mmHg
			after fluid bolus
	PARAMEDIC		PARAMEDIC
	<b>Epinephrine (1:1000) 0.1-0.5 mcg/kg/min</b> (7 to		
	35 mcg/minute in a 70 kg patient) IV/IO infusion		
	for hypoperfusion. Titrate to maintain SBP > 100		
	mmHg		

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□ **Norepinephrine 1 mcg/min** IV/IO for shock. Titrate up to 30 mcg/min to maintain SBP >100

mmHg.