Report of Programming Task 3 of the course "Introduction to Optimization" - Fall 2024

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1 Team Leader Report

- \bullet Team leader: Nikita Zagainov 5 Managed team work, Implemented North-West corner method, Wrote report
- Team member 1: Ilyas Galiev 5
 Wrote QA tests for all algorithms, Contributed to the implementation of the Russel's approximation algorithm
- Team member 2: Arthur Babkin 5
 Implemented Russel's approximation algorithm
- Team member 3: Nikita Menshikov 5
 Implemented Vogel's approximation algorithm
- \bullet Team member 4: Sergey Aitov 5 Contributed to the implementation of the Russel's approximation algorithm, Developed test cases for all algorithms

2 Link to the product

Project source code

3 Programming language

Python

4 Testing Results

All the algorithm we implemented were tested on 4 inputs. The acceptance criteria for solvable problems was the following:

$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} X_{ij} = S_i, \quad \forall i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{m} X_{ij} = D_j, \quad \forall j$$

where X_{ij} is the amount of goods transported from *i*-th source to *j*-th destination, S_i is the supply of *i*-th source, and D_j is the demand of *j*-th destination.

The following test cases were used:

• Test Case 1 (valid)

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 30 & 50 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 10 & 30 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 7 & 6 & 5 & 3 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

• Test Case 2 (valid)

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 200 & 300 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 50 & 500 & 50 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 7 & 8 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

• Test Case 3 (valid)

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

• Test Case 4 (valid)

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 50 & 70 & 120 & 80 & 60 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 120 & 70 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

• Test Case 5 (invalid)

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 40 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 10 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

5 Code for Testing

```
import os
   import sys
   import numpy as np
   sys.path.append(os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))))
   from north_west_corner import north_west_corner
   from russel import russel
   from vogel import vogel
10
   test_cases = [
       dict(
12
           S=np.array([20, 30, 50], dtype=np.float32),
13
           D=np.array([30, 10, 30, 30], dtype=np.float32),
14
           C=np.array(
              [
16
                  [5, 4, 3, 2],
                  [7, 6, 5, 3],
                  [6, 5, 4, 3],
              dtype=np.float32,
           ),
           valid=True,
       ),
       dict(
           S=np.array([100, 200, 300], dtype=np.float32),
```

```
D=np.array([50, 500, 50], dtype=np.float32),
27
           C=np.array(
28
               [
29
                   [10, 7, 8],
30
                   [3, 2, 4],
                   [2, 4, 6],
               ],
               dtype=np.float32,
34
           ),
35
           valid=True,
36
       ),
       dict(
38
           S=np.array([10, 10, 10, 10, 10], dtype=np.float32),
39
           D=np.array([10, 10, 10, 10, 10], dtype=np.float32),
40
           C=np.array(
41
               [
42
                   [2, 3, 1, 4, 5],
43
                   [4, 1, 2, 3, 2],
                   [3, 2, 5, 1, 2],
                   [1, 4, 3, 2, 1],
46
                   [2, 3, 2, 1, 4],
47
               ],
               dtype=np.float32,
49
           ),
           valid=True,
51
       ),
52
       dict(
53
           S=np.array([50, 70, 120, 80, 60], dtype=np.float32),
54
           D=np.array([100, 120, 70, 90], dtype=np.float32),
           C=np.array(
               [
                   [2, 3, 1, 4],
                   [4, 1, 2, 3],
                   [3, 2, 5, 1],
60
                   [1, 4, 3, 2],
61
                   [2, 3, 2, 1],
62
               ],
               dtype=np.float32,
           ),
65
           valid=True,
66
       ),
67
       dict(
68
           S=np.array([20, 40, 10], dtype=np.float32),
69
           D=np.array([30, 10, 10], dtype=np.float32),
70
           C=np.array(
               Ε
                   [2, 3, 1],
73
                   [4, 1, 2],
74
                   [3, 2, 5],
75
               ],
```

```
dtype=np.float32,
77
            ),
78
            valid=False,
79
        ),
80
    ]
81
82
83
    def test_no_negative_supply():
84
        for test_case in test_cases:
85
            S = test_case["S"]
86
            D = test_case["D"]
            C = test_case["C"]
            valid = test_case["valid"]
            solved, X = north_west_corner(S, C, D)
90
            assert valid == solved
91
            if valid:
92
                assert np.allclose(S, np.sum(X, axis=1))
93
                assert np.allclose(D, np.sum(X, axis=0))
94
96
    def test_vogel():
97
        for test_case in test_cases:
98
            S = test_case["S"]
99
            D = test_case["D"]
            C = test_case["C"]
101
            valid = test_case["valid"]
102
            solved, X = vogel(S, C, D)
103
            assert valid == solved
104
            if valid:
                assert np.allclose(S, np.sum(X, axis=1))
106
                assert np.allclose(D, np.sum(X, axis=0))
107
108
109
    def test_russel():
        for test_case in test_cases:
            S = test_case["S"]
112
            D = test_case["D"]
113
            C = test_case["C"]
114
            valid = test_case["valid"]
115
            solved, X = russel(S, C, D)
            assert valid == solved
117
            if valid:
118
                assert np.allclose(S, np.sum(X, axis=1))
119
                assert np.allclose(D, np.sum(X, axis=0))
```