

Article Stress-strain behavior of sand at high strain rates (Mehdi Omidvar et al,2012)

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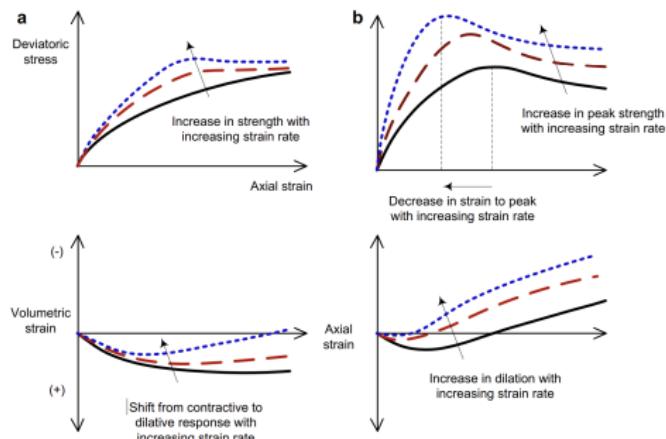


Fig. 19. Effect of increase in strain rate on stress-strain response and volumetric strains in (a) loose sand, (b) dense sand (interpreted based on data from Table 3).

"Under HSR loading, there is not enough time for strain energy accumulation, which prohibits crushing and promotes rolling-rearrangement resulting in a higher resistance to shear"

Trouver le régime de l'état critique

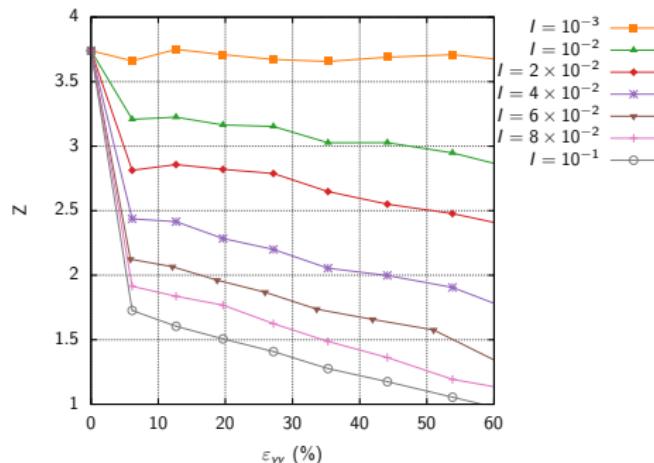


Figure 1 – Nombre de Coordination

$$\text{hpd} : \varepsilon_{yy} = \frac{\Delta y y}{h_{yy}^0}; \varepsilon_v = \varepsilon_{xx} + \varepsilon_{yy} + \varepsilon_{zz}$$

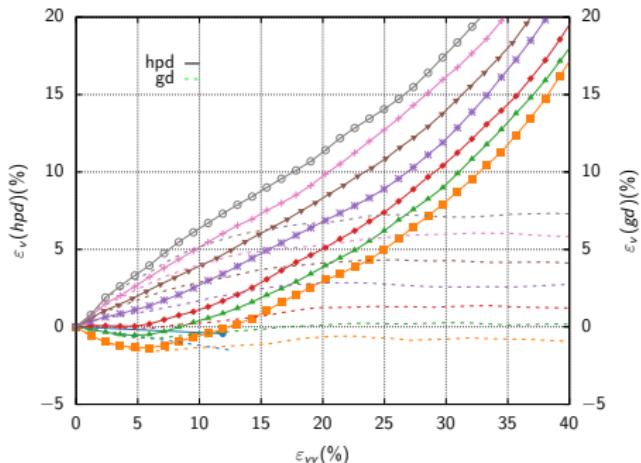


Figure 2 – Déformation Volumique

$$\text{gd} : \varepsilon_{yy} = \ln\left(\frac{h_{yy}}{h_{yy}^0}\right); \varepsilon_v = \frac{\Delta V}{V_0};$$

Trouver le régime de l'état critique

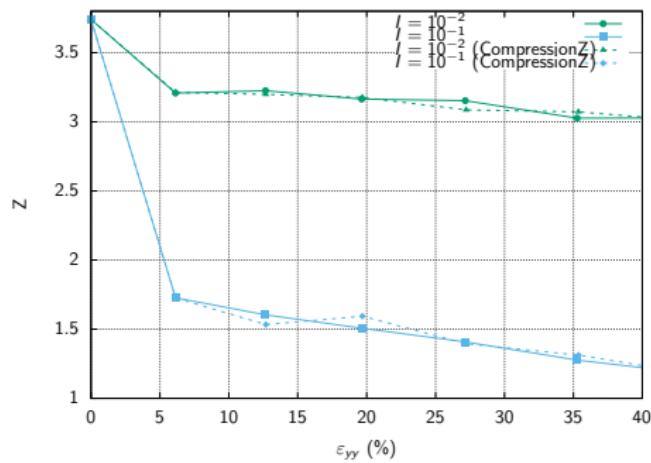


Figure 3 – Nombre de Coordination

échantillon aléatoire par compression dans l'axe Z

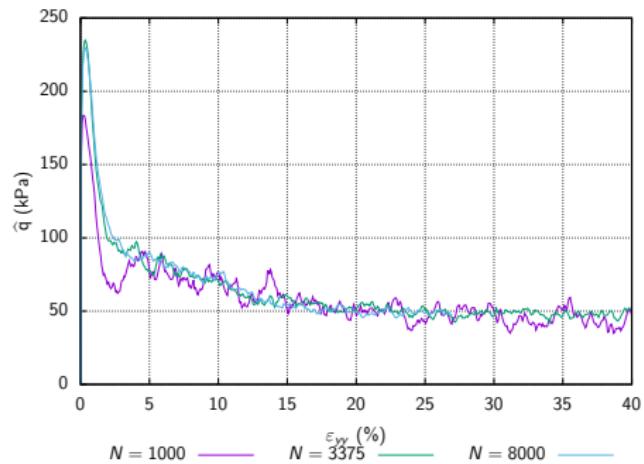


Figure 4 – Nombre de Particules

État Rankine

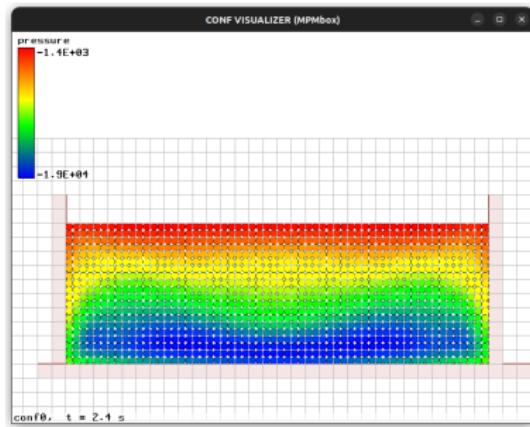


Figure 5 – Pression en bas

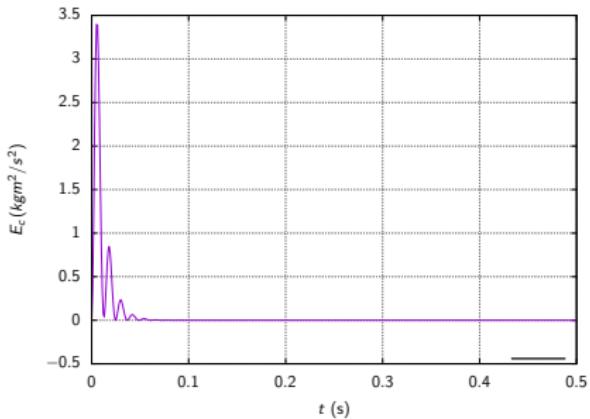


Figure 6 – Énergie cinétique

Paramètres principaux

Symbol	Paramètre	Valeur
L	Longueur	3 m
H	Hauteur	1 m
ρ	Densité	2700 kg/m ³
E	Module de Young	1×10^9 Pa
ν	Coefficient de Poisson	0.2
φ	Angle de frottement	25°
ψ	Angle de dilatance	≈ 0°
v	Vélocité de déplacement	0.005 m/s

Table 1 – Paramètres du modèle Mohr-Coulomb

État Rankine

Coefficient K : la relation entre la contrainte verticale et horizontale :

- Poussée active : $K_a = \frac{1 - \sin(\varphi)}{1 + \sin(\varphi)} = 0.406$
- Poussée passive : $K_p = 1/K_a = 2.464$
- État au repos : $K_0 = 1 - \sin(\varphi) = 0.577$

Sans cohésif :

$$F_a = \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 K_a = 5376.861$$

$$F_a = \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 K_p = 32619.458$$

$$F_0 = \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 K_0 = 7647$$

Cohésif :

$$F_a = \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 K_a - 2cH\sqrt{K_a} = 5249.425$$

$$F_p = \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 K_p + 2cH\sqrt{K_p} = 32933.34$$

$$F_0 = \frac{1}{2} \gamma H^2 K_0 + 2cH\sqrt{K_0} = 7495$$

Poster pour la conférence "Powder and grains"

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