

TAMIL NADU

Tamil Nadu is a state located in the southern part of India. It is known for its cich cultural heritage, classical music, dance froms, and acchitecture. The capital city is Chemiai (formerly known as Madras). Tamid is the official language of the state. Tamid Nadu has a diverse landscape that includes control acres along the Bay of Beagal, fertile plants, and the Eastern Glass mountain range. The state has a population of approximately '8 million people. The state is also famous for its vibrant famil canena industry, which has a significant cultural impact across india. Tamid Nadu has a robust economy divers by industries such as automobiles, excitles, information technology; and manufacturing. The state's custine, known for its spicy flavors and use of rice and limits, is another highlight, with dishes like dosa, idli, and similar enjoyed widely both locally and internationally.

Tarmil Nado's cultural richness extends beyond its temples and cuisine. It has a strong tradition of classical music and dance forms like Bharatanatyam, which originated in the temples of Tarmil Nado. The state also beasts a fairwing film industry, colloquially known as "Kollywood," producing a rant marker of Tarmil Nado's literary tradition is equally illustrous, with ancient Sangam Interature during back thousands of years, showcasing profound poetry and interature that continue to inspire and exsense with readers today.

Apart from its temples. Tamil Nadu is celebrated for its classical music and dance forms like Bharatanatyam, which originated in the region. The state's cussine is another highlight, with accusate dishos like dois, idl. sambar, and filter coffee forming integral parts of its cultivary identity. Tamil Nadu's coartine along the Bay of Bengal, and Indian Ocean converge. With a vibrant cultural tapestry, diverse landscapes ranging from losh hills to read plains, and a deep-rooted tradition of arts and interature. Turnil Nadu captivates visitors with its blend of history, spirituality, and natural beauty.

- Area 1,30,058 Sq.Km
 Capital Chemia:
 Language Tamil
 Population 6,21,10,839



KARNATAKA

Kamataka, similard in the southwestern part of India, w. a state known for its diverse culture, berninge, and natural beauty. The state spans an area of 191,976 square kilometers and is berdeed by Maharashira to the north, Goe to the northwest. Telangana to the northeast, Andher Pradesh to the cast Tamin Natu to the southwest, and Kerala to the southwest. The capital city of Kanastaka is Bengaliure, widely recognized as a limb for technology and innovation in India Kanastaka is home to a rich mix of languages and cultures, with Kanastaka is Bengaliure, with Kanastaka is Bengaliure, with Kanastaka is Bengaliure, and the state is renowned for its historical states such as Hampi, a UNESCO World Heritage are known for its ancient temples and rules, to the lish Western Glaifs mountain range, which harbors diverse flora and funa. The state's economy is diverse, with agriculture, manufacturing, information technology, and tourism playing significant roles in its growth and development.

Kamatska's cultural tapestry is woven with a blend of ancient traditions and modern advancements. Beyond its economic provess and technological impossion centered in Bengaluru, the state is steeped in history, evident in the magnificent Hoysale temples of Belter and Halebolu, showcasing introduce and sculptures. Kamatskin also boasts natural wonders like the Jog Falls, one of the highest plunge waterfalls in India, and the boodeversity hotspot of the Western Chass, house to a diverse range of flora and fining. The state's neb cultural heritage is celebrated through valents fravials such as Mysuru Dasara, where the cary comes alive with grand processions, inditional insist, and dance performances, offering values a glumpse into Kamatskin's cultural vibrancy.

- Area 191,976 square bifometers
 Capital: Bengaluru
 Language Kaonada
 Population: Approximately 67 million



ANDHRA PRADESH

Anthra Pendesh, located as the southoastern part of lacks, a known for its rich cultural hereage, historical significance, and coastal beauty. Covering an area of 162,968 square kilometers, the state shares as beefers with Telangana to the northwest. Colorable has Assaurants, while Hyderabad serves as the shared capital with Telangana until Amarivan is fally developed Telaps as the official language of Assaurants, while Hyderabad serves as the shared capital with Telangana until Amarivan is fally developed Telaps as the official language of Assaurant Fradesh, reflecting its cultural feeting the same boars a diverse geography, fraturing feetile coastal plasms along the Bey of Bengal, both finests in the Easters Gluts, and arid regions in the Revalancema region. Another Pradesh has a population of approximately 33 million people and is known for its madesianal arts, vibrant festivals, and arid regions in the Revalancema region.

Andles Pradesh is renovated the an deep-rotted classical arts, particularly Kuchipudi dance, which originated in the state and continues to captivate audiences with its graceful investments and storytelling. The state's cultural landscape is enriched further by its significant contributions to Carantic investments, and Sarbanyanan Distribute hazing from the region. Andless Pradesh also boarts a rich literary tradition, with Flugur internative during back to assessmentances, producing secure poets and writtens whose weeks have left as indelible mark on India Internative. The state's cultural heatings is outroately internative during the state of th

- Asez 162,968 square hilometers
 Capital: Amaravet
 Language Telogu
 Population: Approximately 53 million.



RAJASTHAN

Rajasthan, India's largest state by area, is a laid of vibrant culturer, history, and nanceal beauty. Located in the northwest part of the country, it is renowned for its majestic forts, palaces, and desert landscapes. The start's capital, Jaigou, known as the Pank City, is famous for its stumming palaces and ribrant beauty. Rajasthan science forms like Chomma and Kalbelia, and its sungenous cusiner, which includes dal-baste-fluorina and lair mans, among others. Congrephically, Rajasthan encompasses the That Desert, also known as the Great Indian Desert, which dominates the western part of the state. Despite its and terms, Rajasthan does not remain a sunger a five with its sand dunes, cannot sufficient sunger a sunder way of life. Beyond the desert, Rajasthan booms served wildlife sunctions of an annual parks, with a Runthenbore and Sarains, hours to diverse form and frame, including the majestic Bengal tige. The state's architectural wonders, like the form of Jaistimer, Chritorgich, and Mehrangach in Jodhgur, stand as testaments to its royal heritage and continue to draw visitors from account the globe, making Rajasthan a captivating destination for history enthusiasts and adventurers alide.

Rajasthan's history is a tapestry woven with tales of valorous Rajput kings. Moghal influences, and a legacy of dynasties that shaped in outural identity. From the imposing Amber Fort to the intricately curved Jain temples of Mount Abu, each monument marries a chapter of Rajasthan's storied past. The state's are and craft madinous, including enquisite tentiles, pottery, and minimum printings, reflect its nich artistic heritage passed down through generations. Rajasthan's hospitality is legendary, with warm-hearted locals reflecting visitors to experience their age-old traditions and immerse themselves in the timeless allier of this cachanting lend.