1.DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

#define max 20

int main()

{

int trans\_table[4][2]={{1,3},{1,2},{1,2},{3,3}};

int final\_state=2,i;

int present\_state=0;

int next\_state=0;

int invalid=0;

char input\_string[max];

printf("enter a string: ");

scanf("%s",input\_string);

int l=strlen(input\_string);

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(input\_string[i]=='a')

next\_state=trans\_table[present\_state][0];

else if(input\_string[i]=='b')

next\_state=trans\_table[present\_state][1];

else

invalid=l;

present\_state=next\_state;

}

if(invalid==l)

{

printf("invalid input");

}

else if(present\_state==final\_state)

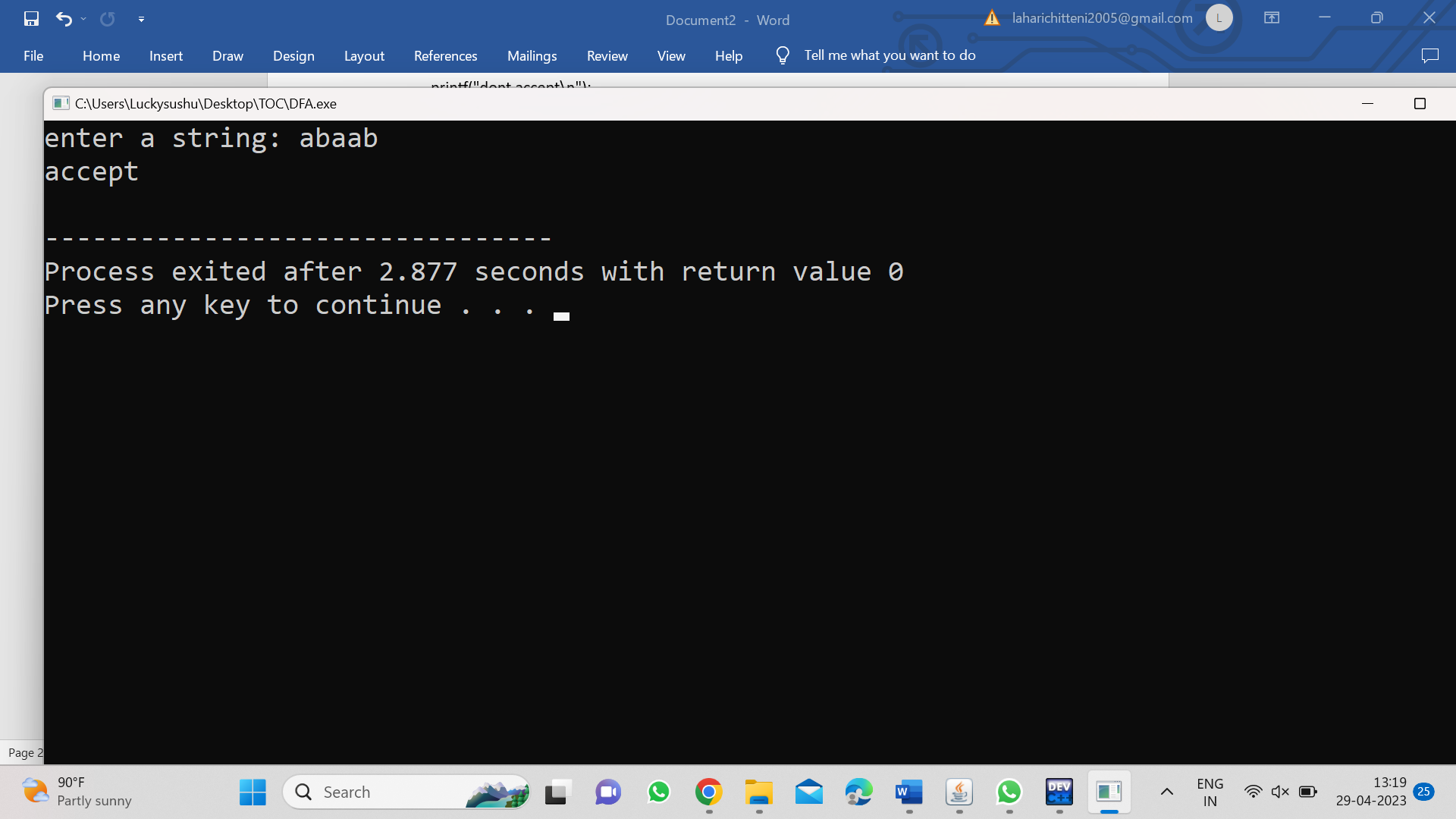
printf("accept\n");

else

printf("dont accept\n");

}

OUTPUT:



2.NON-DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA:

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

int i,j,k,l,m,next\_state[20],n,mat[10][10][10],flag,p,exit;

int num\_states,final\_state[5],num\_symbols,num\_final;

int present\_state[20],prev\_trans,new\_trans;

char ch,input[20];

int symbol[5],inp,inp1;

printf("how many states in the nfa: ");

scanf("%d",&num\_states);

printf("how many symbols in the input alphabet: ");

scanf("%d",&num\_symbols);

for(i=0;i<num\_symbols;i++)

{

printf("enter the input symbol %d: ",i+1);

scanf("%d",&symbol[i]);

}

printf("how many final states: ");

scanf("%d",&num\_final);

for(i=0;i<num\_final;i++)

{

printf("enter the final state %d: ",i+1);

scanf("%d",&final\_state[i]);

}

for(i=0;i<10;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<10;j++)

{

for(k=0;k<10;k++)

{

mat[i][j][k]=-1;

}

}

}

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<num\_symbols;j++)

{

printf("how many transitions from state %d for the input %d: ",i,symbol[j]);

scanf("%d",&n);

for(k=0;k<n;k++)

{

printf("enter the transition %d from state %d for the input %d: ",k+1,i,symbol[j]);

scanf("%d",&mat[i][j][k]);

}

}

}

printf("the transitions are stored as below\n");

for(i=0;i<10;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<10;j++)

{

for(k=0;k<10;k++)

{

if(mat[i][j][k]!=-1)

printf("mat[%d][%d][%d]=%d\n",i,j,k,mat[i][j][k]);

}

}

}

while(1)

{

printf("enter the input string: ");

scanf("%s",input);

present\_state[0]=0;

prev\_trans=1;

l=strlen(input);

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(input[i]=='0')

inp1=0;

else if(input[i]=='1')

inp=1;

else

{

printf("invalid input\n");

exit;

}

for(m=0;m<num\_symbols;m++)

{

if(inp1==symbol[m])

{

inp=m;

break;

}

}

new\_trans=0;

for(j=0;j<prev\_trans;j++)

{

k=0;

p=present\_state[j];

while(mat[p][inp][k]!=-1)

{

next\_state[new\_trans++]=mat[p][inp][k];

k++;

}

}

for(j=0;j<new\_trans;j++)

{

present\_state[j]=next\_state[j];

}

prev\_trans=new\_trans;

}

flag=0;

for(i=0;i<prev\_trans;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<num\_final;j++)

{

if(present\_state[i]==final\_state[j])

{

flag=1;

break;

}

}

}

if(flag==1)

printf("accepted\n");

else

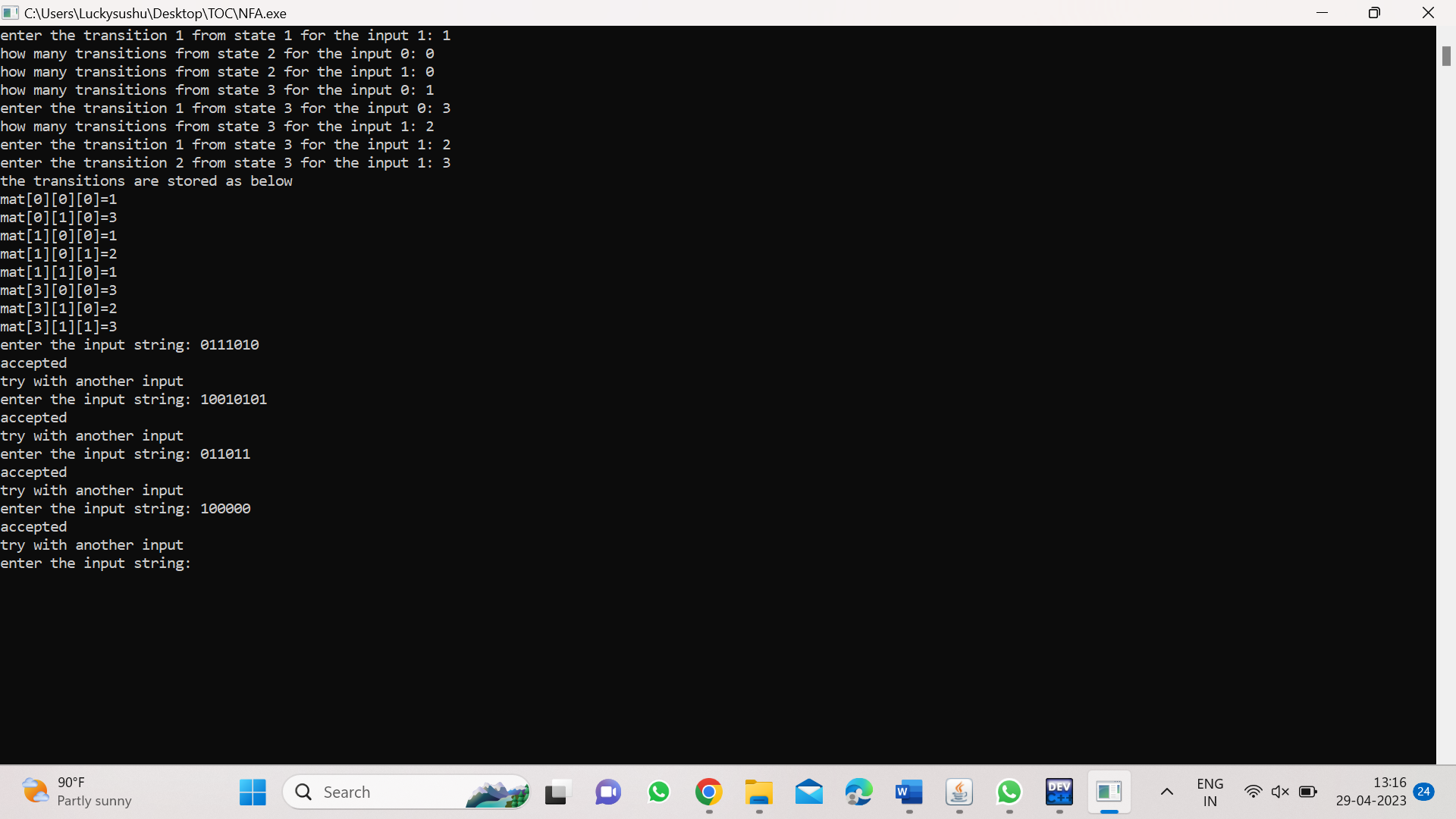
printf("not accepted\n");

printf("try with another input\n");

}

}

OUTPUT:



3.EPSILON CLOSURE FOR NFA

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int trans\_table[10][5][3];

char symbol[5],a;

int e\_closure[10][10],ptr,state;

void find\_e\_closure(int x);

int main()

{

int i,j,k,n,num\_states,num\_symbols;

for(i=0;i<10;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<5;j++)

{

for(k=0;k<3;k++)

{

trans\_table[i][j][k]=-1;

}

}

}

printf("How many states in the NFA with e-moves:");

scanf("%d",&num\_states);

printf("How many symbols in the input alphabet including e:");

scanf("%d",&num\_symbols);

printf("Enter the symbols without space.Give 'e' first:");

scanf("%s",symbol);

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<num\_symbols;j++)

{

printf("How many transitions from state %d for the input %c:",i,symbol[j]);

scanf("%d",&n);

for(k=0;k<n;k++)

{

printf("Enter the transitions %d from state %d for the input %c:",i,symbol[j]);

scanf("%d",&trans\_table[i][j][k]);

}

}

}

for(i=0;i<10;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<10;j++)

{

e\_closure[i][j]=-1;

}

}

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

e\_closure[i][0]=i;

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

{

if(trans\_table[i][0][0]==-1)

continue;

else

{

state=i;

ptr=1;

find\_e\_closure(i);

}

}

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

{

printf("e-closure(%d)={",i);

for(j=0;j<num\_states;j++)

{

if(e\_closure[i][j]!=-1)

{

printf("%d,",e\_closure[i][j]);

}

}

printf("}\n");

}

}

void find\_e\_closure(int x)

{

int i,j,y[10],num\_trans;

i=0;

while(trans\_table[x][0][i]!=-1)

{

y[i]=trans\_table[x][0][i];

i=i+1;

}

num\_trans=i;

for(j=0;j<num\_trans;j++)

{

e\_closure[state][ptr]=y[j];

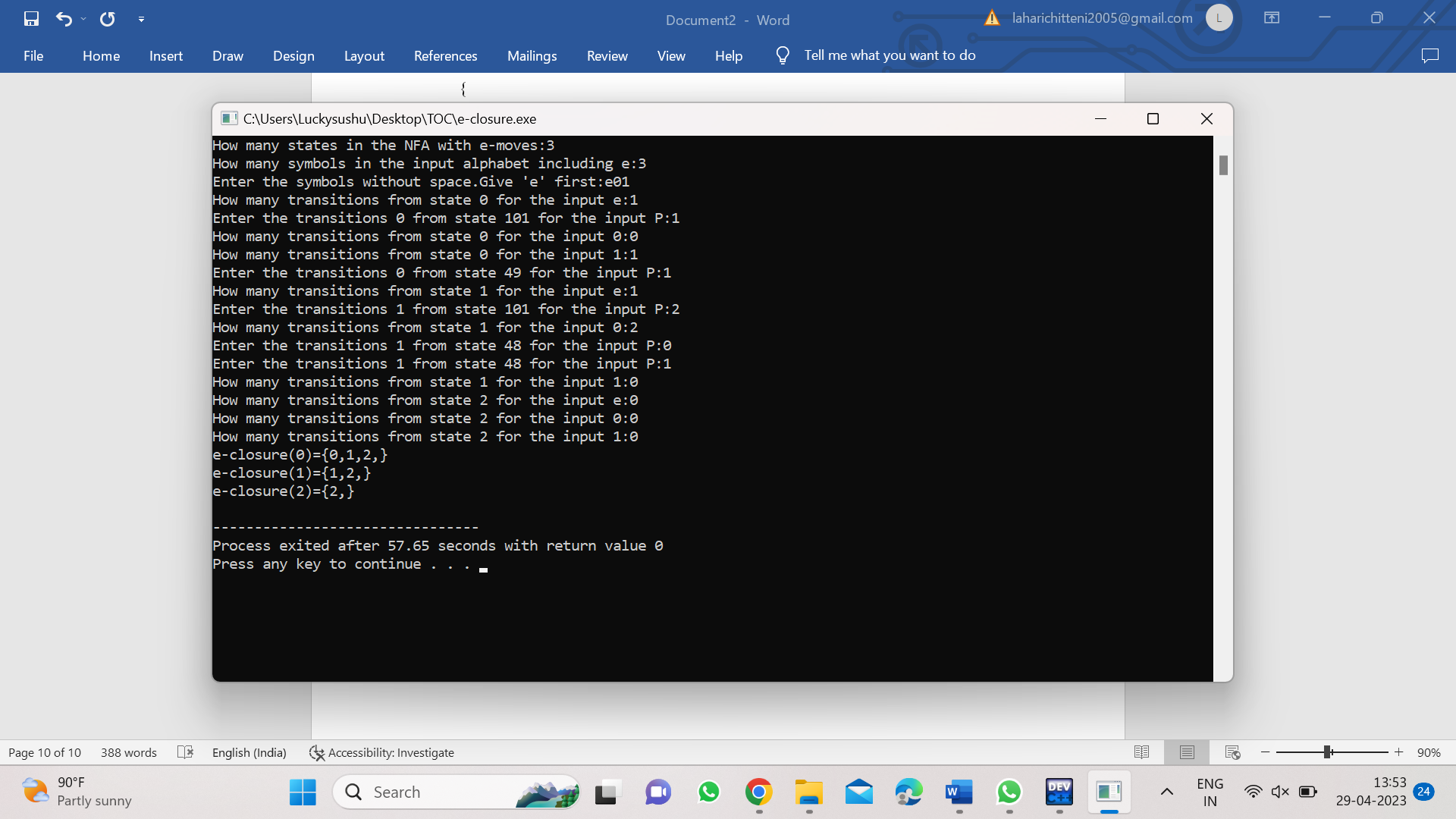
ptr++;

find\_e\_closure(y[j]);

}

}

OUTPUT:



4.CHECKING STRING BELONGS TO THE GRAMMAR

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

char s[100];

int i,flag;

int l;

printf("enter the string to check:");

scanf("%s",s);

l=strlen(s);

flag=1;

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(s[i]!='0' && s[i]!='1')

{

flag=0;

}

}

if(flag!=1)

printf("string is not valid\n");

if(flag==1)

{

if(s[0]=='0'&&s[l-1]=='1')

printf("string is accepted\n");

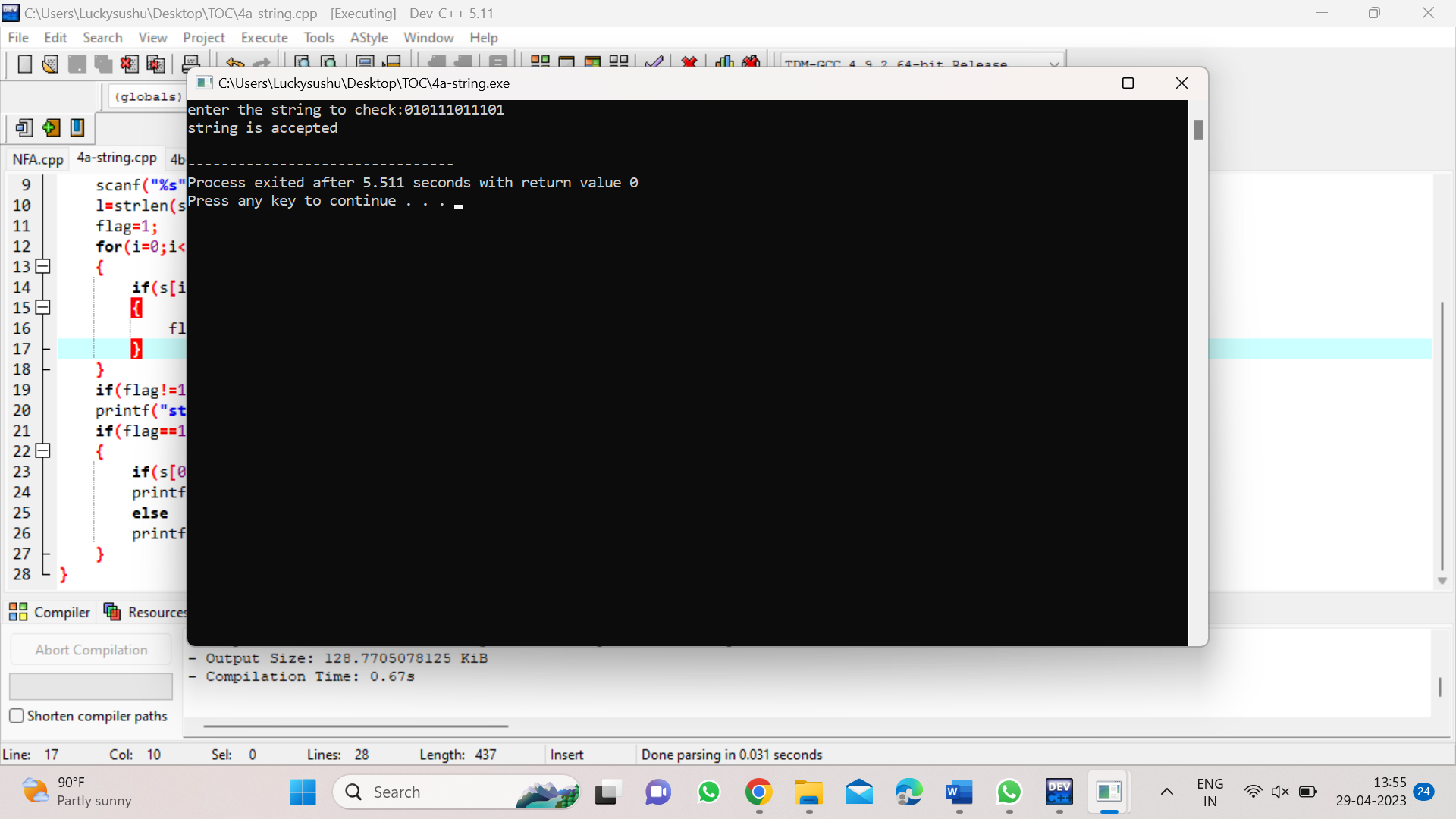
else

printf("string is not accepted");

}

}

OUTPUT:



5.CHECKING WHETHER STRING BELONGS TO THE GRAMMAR

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

char s[100];

int i,flag,flag1,a,b;

int l;

printf("enter the string to check: ");

scanf("%s",s);

l=strlen(s);

flag=1;

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(s[i]!='0' && s[i]!='1')

{

flag=0;

}

}

if(flag!=1)

printf("string is not valid\n:");

if(flag==1)

{

flag1=1;

a=0;

b=l-1;

while(a!=(1/2))

{

if(s[a]!=s[b])

{

flag1=0;

}

a=a+1;

b=b-1;

}

if(flag1==1)

{

printf("the string is a palindrome\n");

printf("string is accepted\n");

}

else

{

printf("the string is not a palindrome\n");

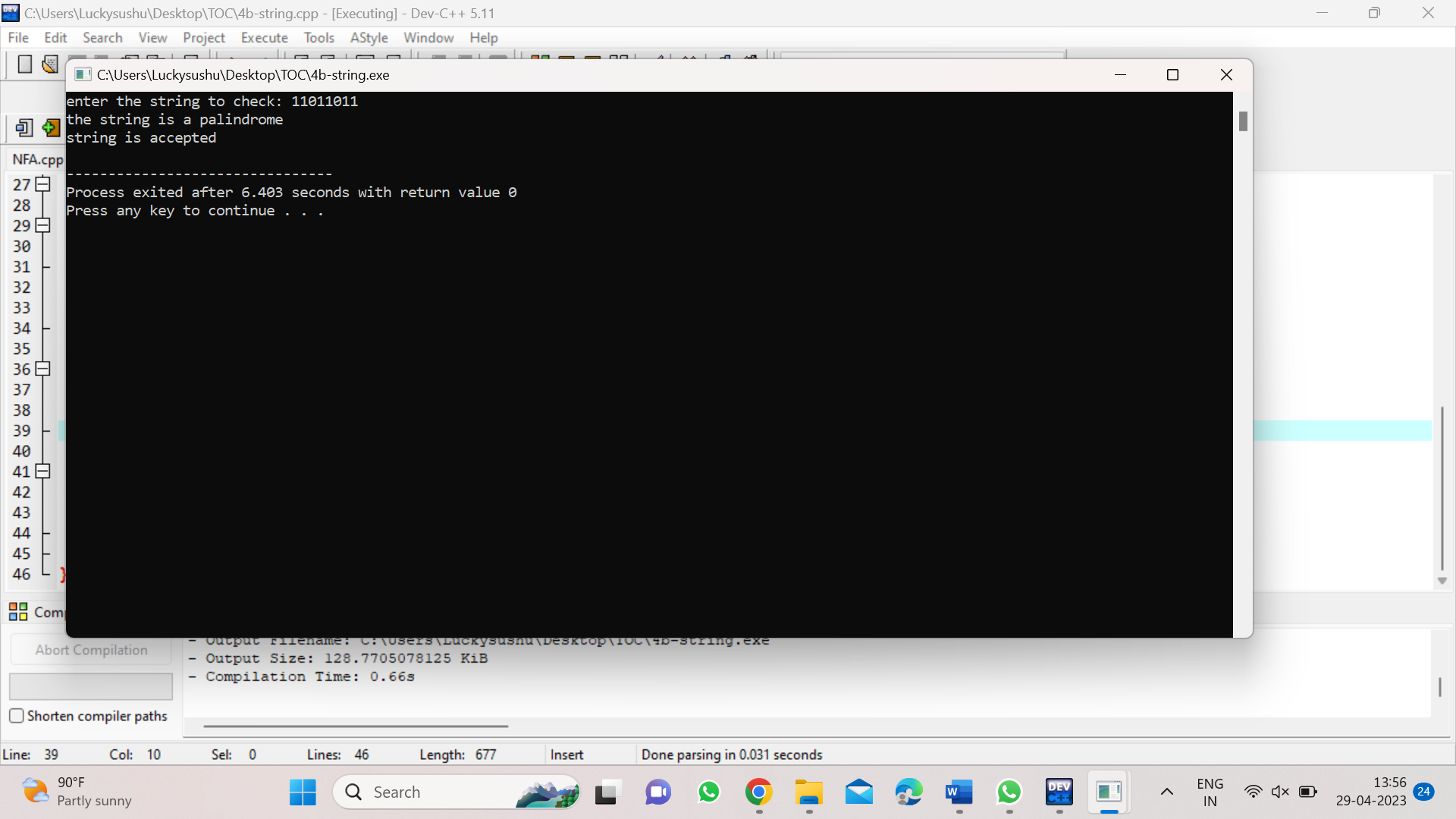
printf("string is not accepted\n");

}

}

}

OUTPUT:



6.CHECKING WHETHER STRING BELONGS TO THE GRAMMAR

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

char s[100];

int i,flag,flag1,a,b;

int l,count1,count2;

printf("enter a string to check: ");

scanf("%s",s);

l=strlen(s);

flag=1;

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(s[i]!='0' &&s[i]!='1')

{

flag=0;

}

}

if(flag!=1)

printf("string is not valid\n");

if(flag==1)

{

i=0;

count1=0;

while(s[i]=='0')

{

count1++;

i++;

}

while(s[i]=='1')

{

i++;

}

flag1=1;

count2=0;

while(i<l)

{

if(s[i]=='0')

{

count2++;

}

else

{

flag1=0;

}

i++;

}

if(flag1==1)

{

if(count1==count2)

{

printf("the string satisfies the condition 0^n1^m0^n\n");

printf("string accepted\n");

}

else

{

printf("the string does not satisfy the condition 0^n1^m0^n\n");

printf("string not accepted\n");

}

}

else

{

printf("the string does not satisfy the condition 0^n1^m0^n\n");

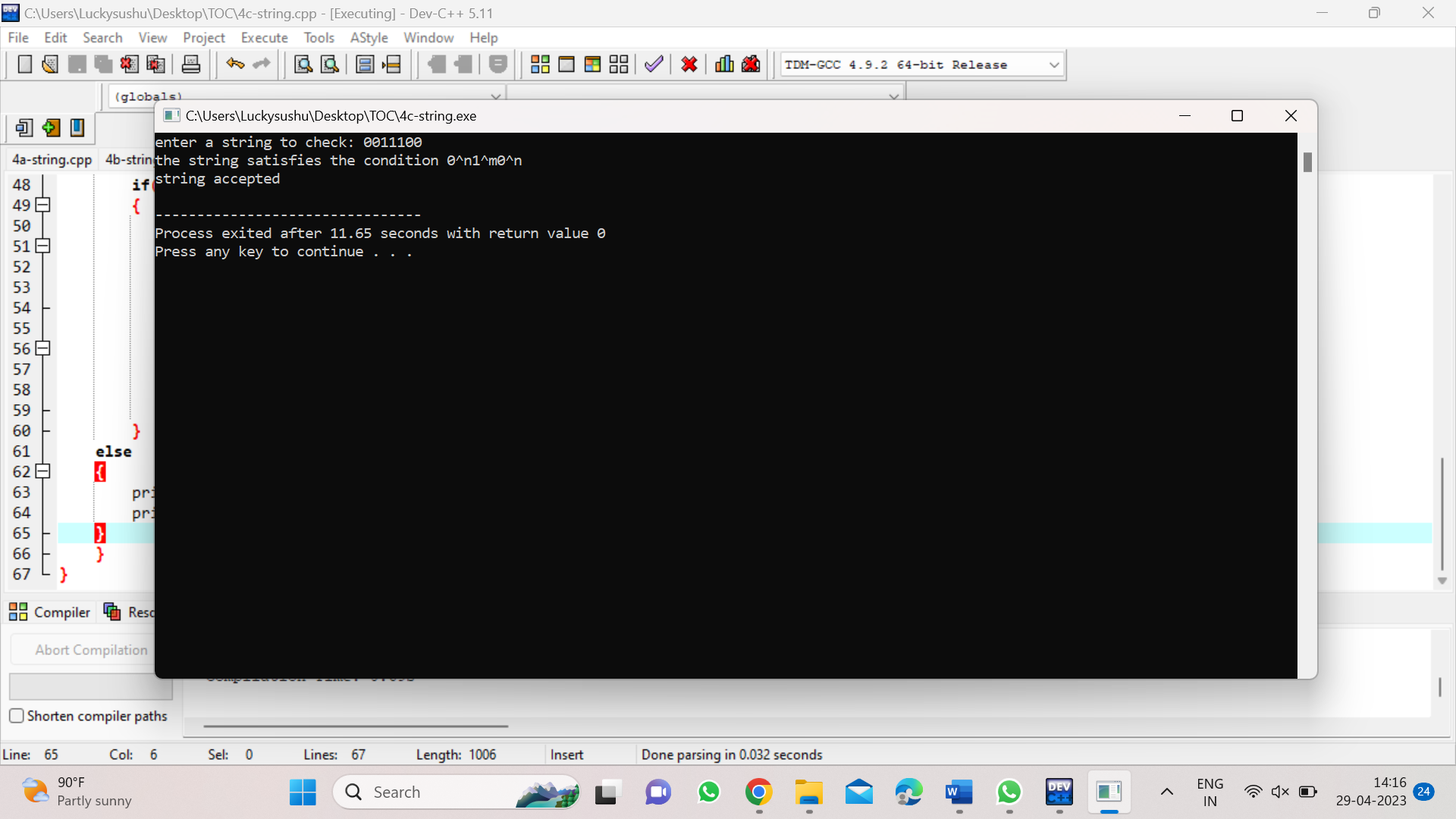
printf("string not accepted\n");

}

}

}

OUTPUT:



7.CHECKING WHETHER STRING BELONGS TO THE GRAMMAR

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

char s[100];

int i,flag,flag1,flag2;

int l;

printf("enter a string to check: ");

scanf("%s",s);

l=strlen(s);

flag=1;

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(s[i]!='0' && s[i]!='1')

{

flag=0;

}

}

if(flag!=1)

printf("string is not valid\n");

if(flag==1)

{

if(l%2!=0)

{

printf("the string doesnot satisfy the condition 0^n1^n\n");

printf("string not accepted\n");

}

else

{

flag1=1;

for(i=0;i<(l/2);i++)

{

if(s[i]!='0')

{

flag1=0;

}

}

flag2=1;

for(i=l/2;i<l;i++)

{

if(s[i]!='1')

{

flag2=0;

}

}

if(flag1==1 && flag2==1)

{

printf("the string satisfies the condition 0^n1^n\n");

printf("string accepted\n");

}

else

{

printf("the string does not satisfies the condition 0^n1^n\n");

printf("string not accepted\n");

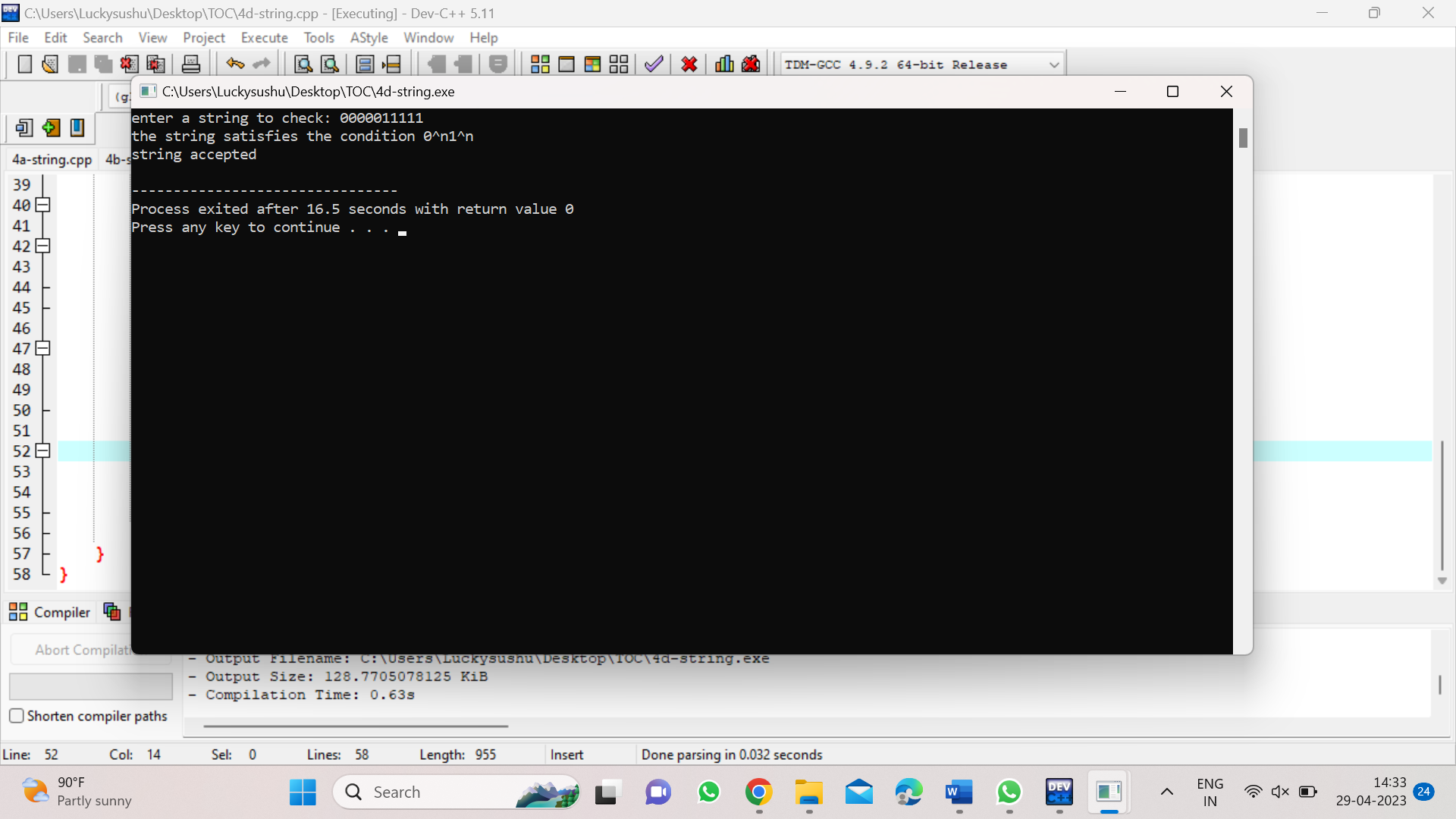
}

}

}

}

OUTPUT:



8.CHECKING WHETHER STRING BELONGS TO THE GRAMMAR

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

char s[100];

int i,flag,flag1;

int l;

printf("enter the string to check: ");

scanf("%s",s);

l=strlen(s);

flag=1;

for(i=0;i<l;i++)

{

if(s[i]!='0' && s[i]!='1')

{

flag=0;

}

}

if(flag==1)

printf("string is valid\n");

else

printf("string is not valid\n");

if(flag==1)

{

flag1=0;

for(i=0;i<l-2;i++)

{

if(s[i]=='1')

{

if(s[i+1]=='0' && s[i+2]=='1')

{

flag1=1;

printf("substring 101 exists,string is accepted\n");

break;

}

}

}

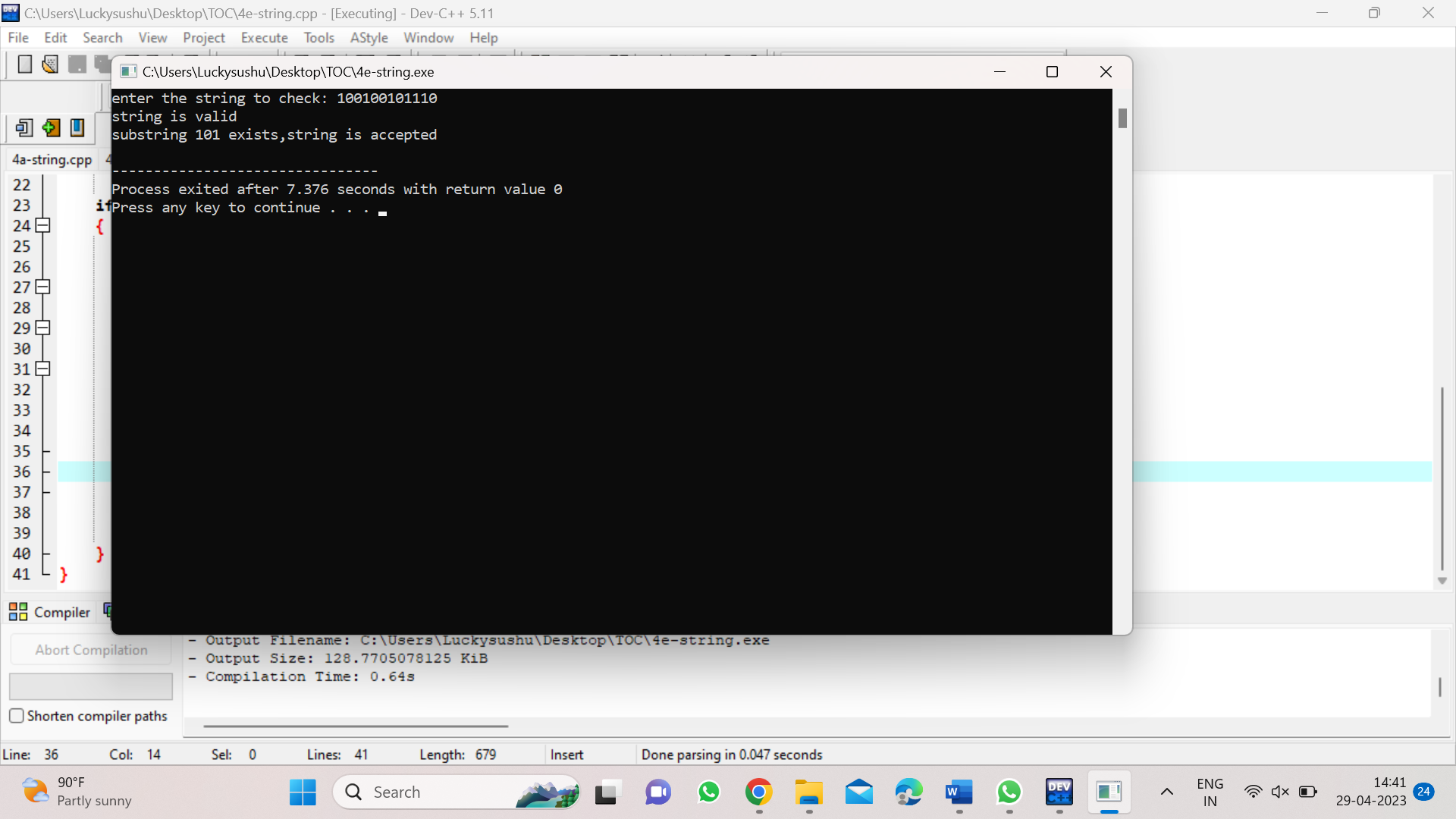
if(flag1==0)

printf("substring 101 does not exist.string is not accepted\n");

}

}

OUTPUT:



9.SIMULATING PUSHDOWN AUTOMATA (0^n1^n):

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

char stack[20];

int top;

int push()

{

top=top+1;

stack[top]='0';

stack[top+1]='\0';

}

int pop()

{

if(top<1)

return(0);

else

{

stack[top]='\0';

top=top-1;

return(1);

}

}

int main()

{

int m,i,j,k,l,a,len;

char input[20],rem\_input[20];

printf("Simulation of Pushdown Automata for 0n1n\n");

printf("Enter a string : ");

scanf("%s",input);

l=strlen(input);

j=0;stack[0]='Z';top=0;

printf("Stack\tInput\n");

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

while(1)

{

len=strlen(input);

while(len>0)

{

if(input[0]=='0')

{

push();

m=0;

for(k=1;k<len;k++)

{

rem\_input[m]=input[k];

m=m+1;

}

rem\_input[m]='\0';

strcpy(input,rem\_input);

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

}

if(input[0]=='1')

{

a=pop();

if(a==0)

{

printf("String not accepted");

goto b;

}

else

{

m=0;

for(k=1;k<len;k++)

{

rem\_input[m]=input[k];

m=m+1;

}

rem\_input[m]='\0';

strcpy(input,rem\_input);

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

}

}

break;

} j=j+1;

if(j==(l))

{ break;

}

}

if(top>=1)

{

printf("String not accepted");

} else

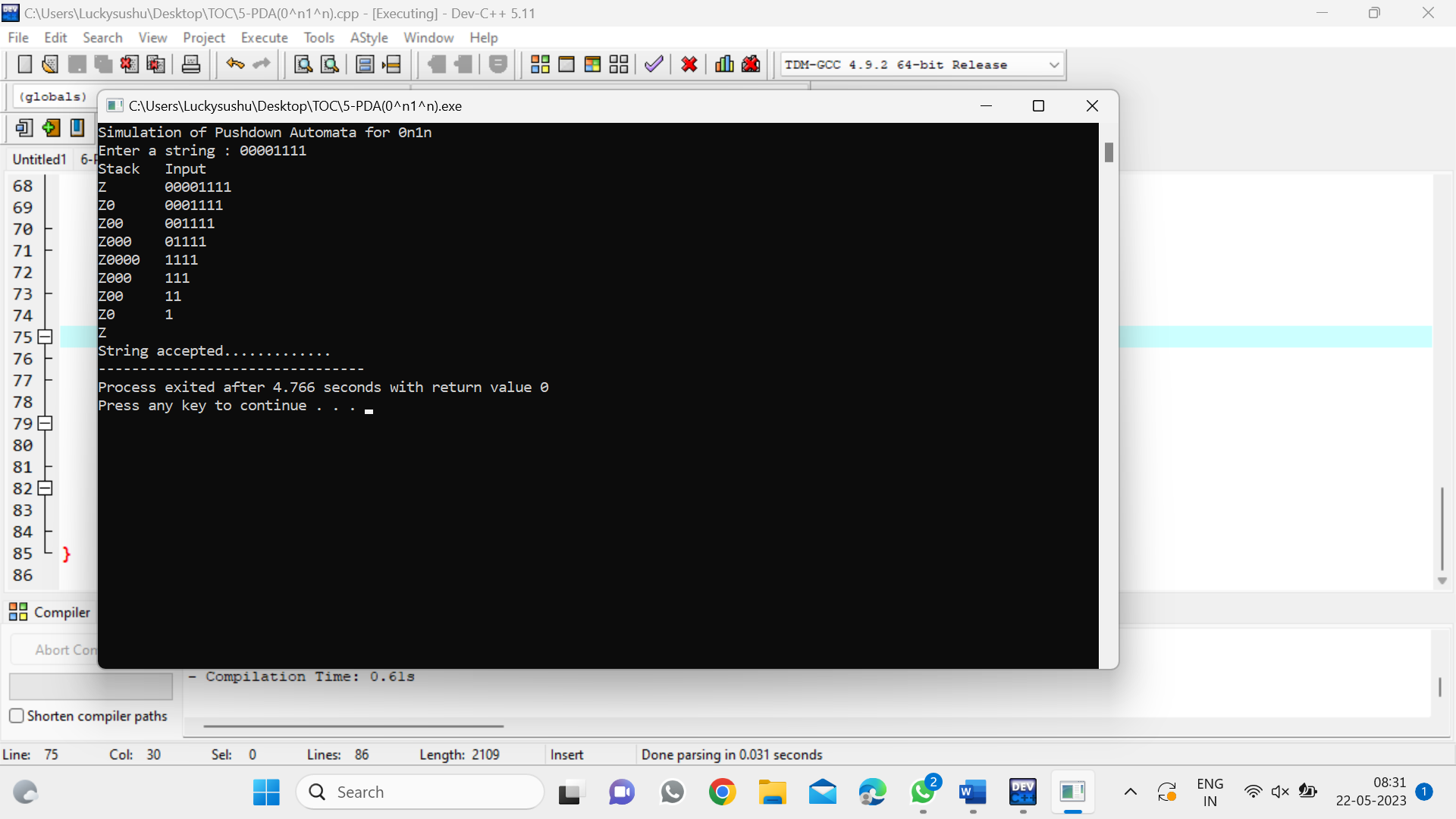
{

printf("String accepted");

} b: printf(".............");

}

OUTPUT:



10)SIMULATING PUSHDOWN AUTOMATA (0^N1^2N):

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

char stack[20];

int top,count=0;

int push()

{

top=top+1;

stack[top]='0';

stack[top+1]='\0';

}

int pop()

{

if(top<1)

return(0);

else

{

stack[top]='\0';

top=top-1;

return(1);

}

}

int main()

{

int m,i,j,k,l,a,len;

char input[20],rem\_input[20];

printf("Simulation of PDA for n 0's followed by 2n 1's\n");

printf("Enter a string : ");

scanf("%s",input);

l=strlen(input);

j=0;

stack[0]='Z';

top=0;

printf("Stack\tInput\n");

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

while(1)

{

len=strlen(input);

while(len>0)

{

if(input[0]=='0')

{

push();

m=0;

for(k=1;k<len;k++)

{

rem\_input[m]=input[k];

m=m+1;

}

rem\_input[m]='\0';

strcpy(input,rem\_input);

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

}

if(input[0]=='1')

{

count++;

if(count%2==0)

{

a=pop();

if(a==0)

{

printf("String not accepted");

goto b;

}

else

{

m=0;

for(k=1;k<len;k++)

{

rem\_input[m]=input[k];

m=m+1;

}

}

rem\_input[m]='\0';

strcpy(input,rem\_input);

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

} else {

m=0;

for(k=1;k<len;k++)

{

rem\_input[m]=input[k];

m=m+1;

}

rem\_input[m]='\0';

strcpy(input,rem\_input);

printf("%s\t%s\n",stack,input);

}

}

break;

}

j=j+1;

if(j==l)

{ break;

}

}

if(top>=1)

{

printf("String not accepted");

} else

{

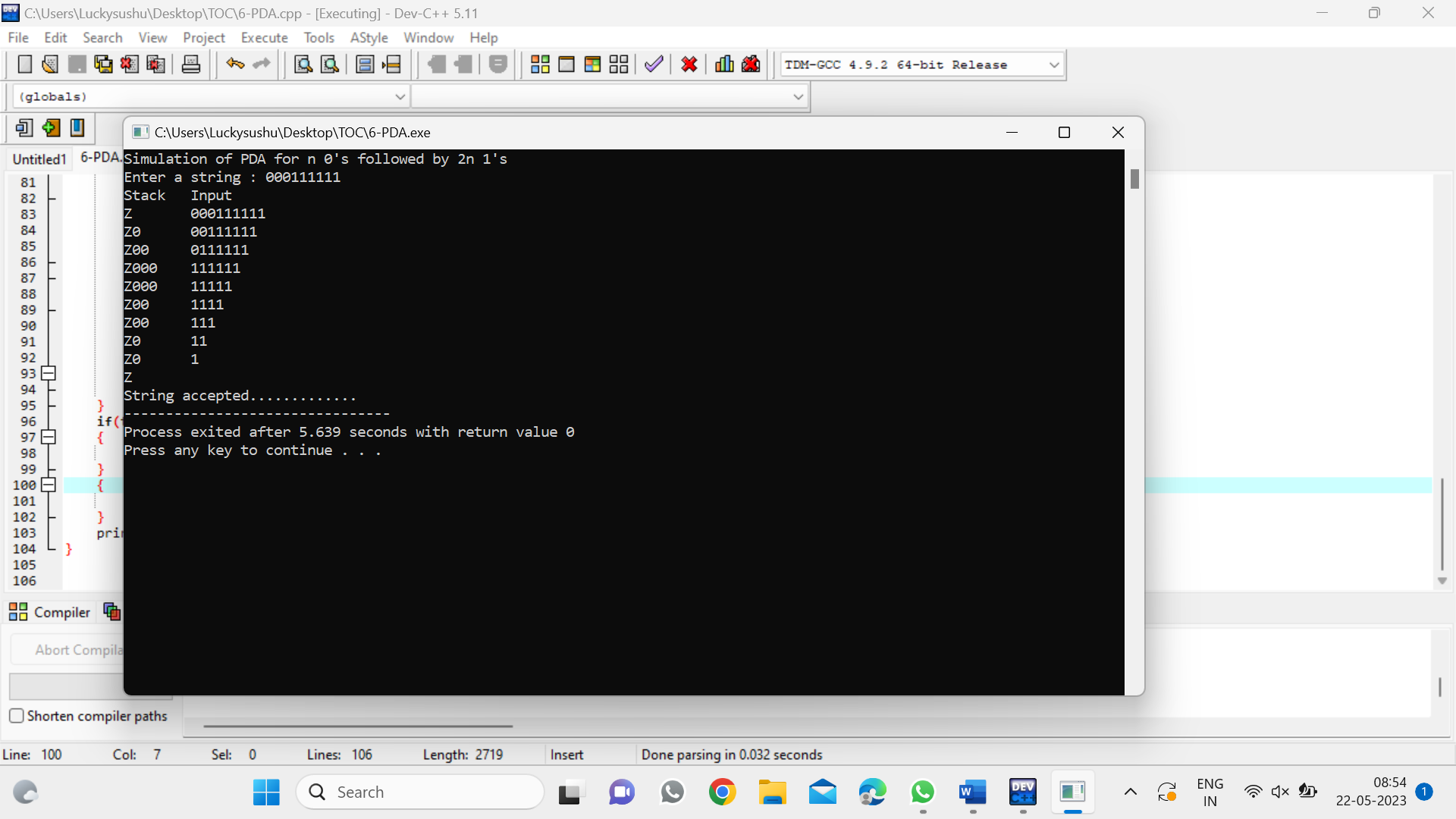
printf("String accepted");

} b:

printf(".............");

}

OUTPUT:



11)SIMULATING TURING MACHINE(ON1N2N):

INPUT:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int main()

{

int i,j,le,flag,flag1,flag2;

char str[20];

printf("Program to show how a turing machine will process 0n1n2n\n");

printf("Enter a string : ");

scanf("%s",str);

le=strlen(str);

j=0; while(1)

{

flag=0;flag1=0;

flag2=0;i=0;

while(i<le)

{

if((str[i]=='0')&&(flag==0))

{

str[i] = 'A';

printf("%s\n",str);

flag=1;

i=i+1;

}

else if((str[i]=='0')&&(flag==1))

{

i=i+1;

}

else if(str[i]=='A')

{

i=i+1;

}

else if((str[i]=='1')&&(flag1==0))

{

str[i] = 'B';

printf("%s\n",str);

flag1=1;

i=i+1;

}

else if((str[i]=='1')&&(flag1==1))

{

i=i+1;

}

else if(str[i]=='B')

{

i=i+1;

}

else if((str[i]=='2')&&(flag2==0))

{

str[i] ='C';

printf("%s\n",str);

flag2=1;

i=i+1;

}

else if((str[i]=='2')&&(flag2==1))

{

i=i+1;

}

else if(str[i]=='C')

{

i=i+1;

}

}

j=j+1;

if(j==le)

{

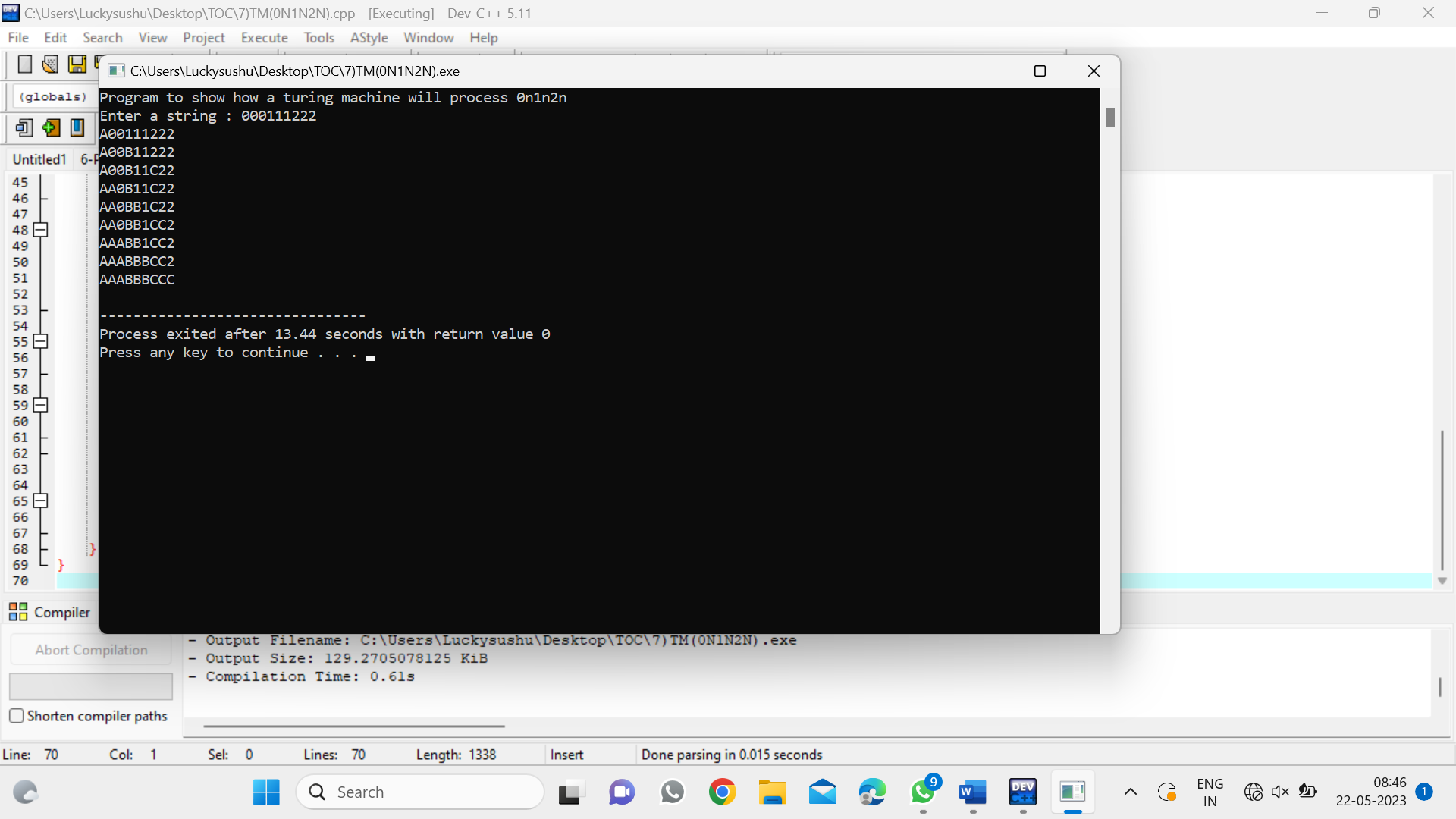
break;

}

}

}

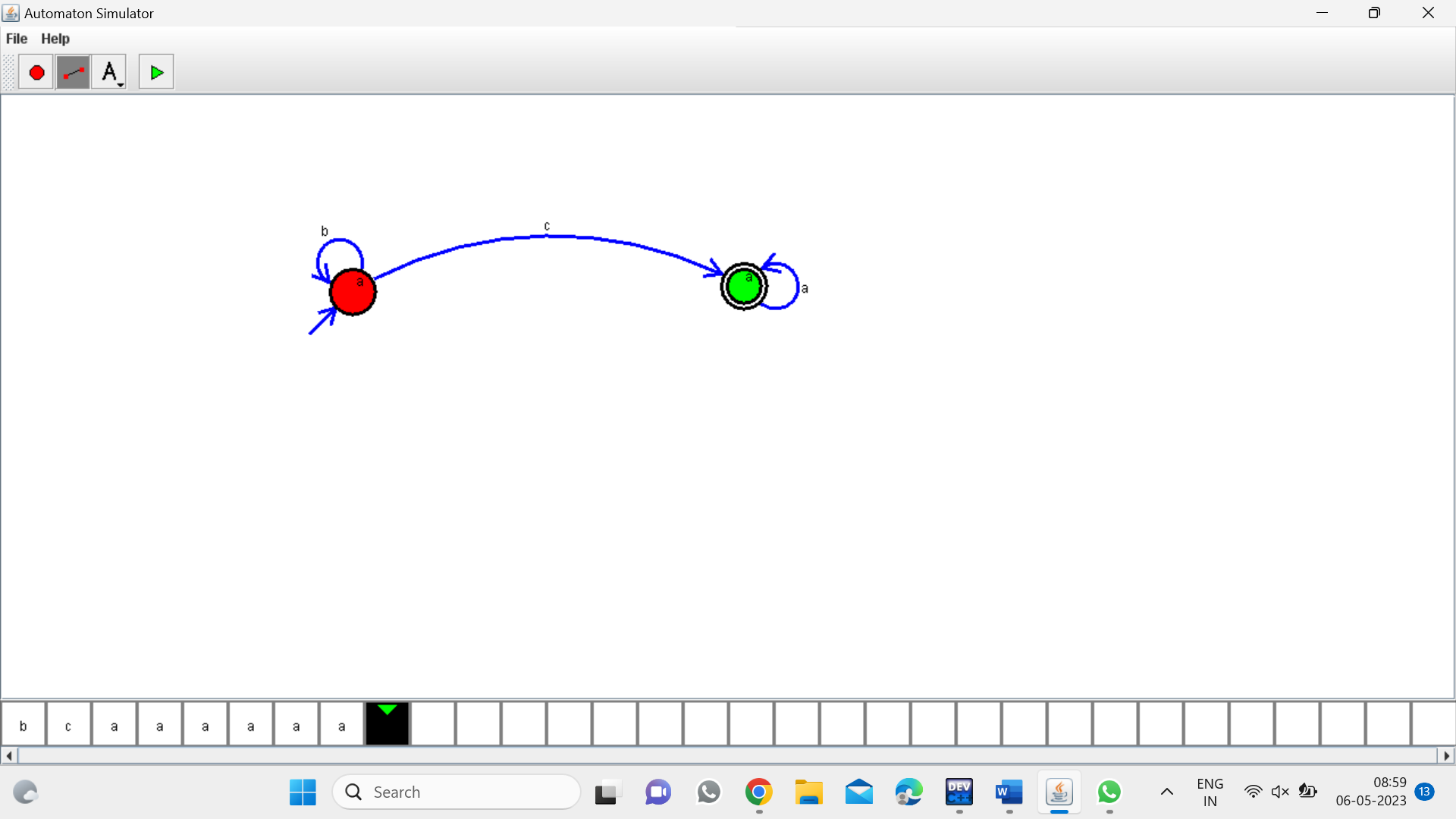
OUTPUT:



SIMULATION PROGRAMS

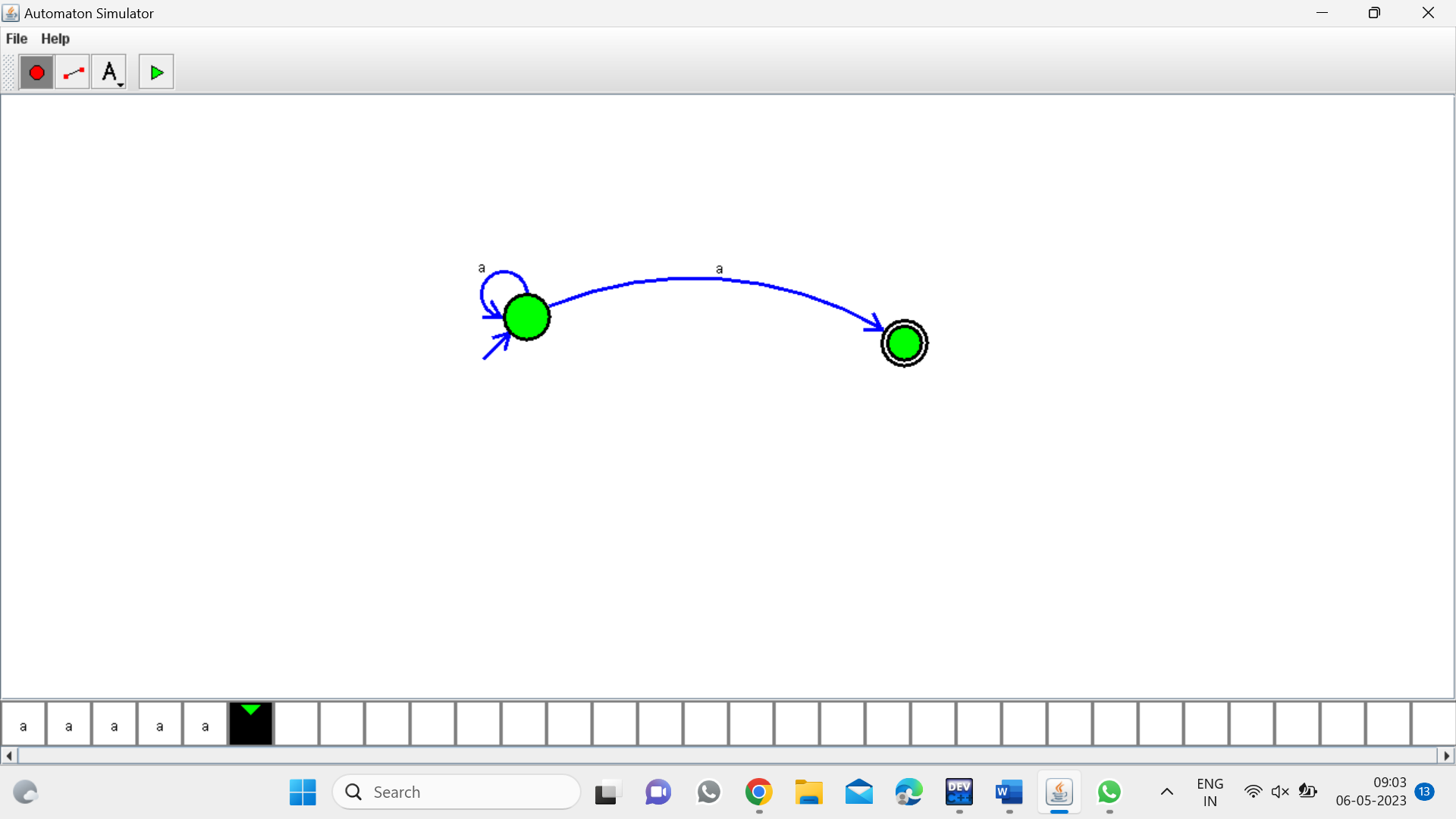
PROGRAM12: 29

DFA to accept bcaaaaa:



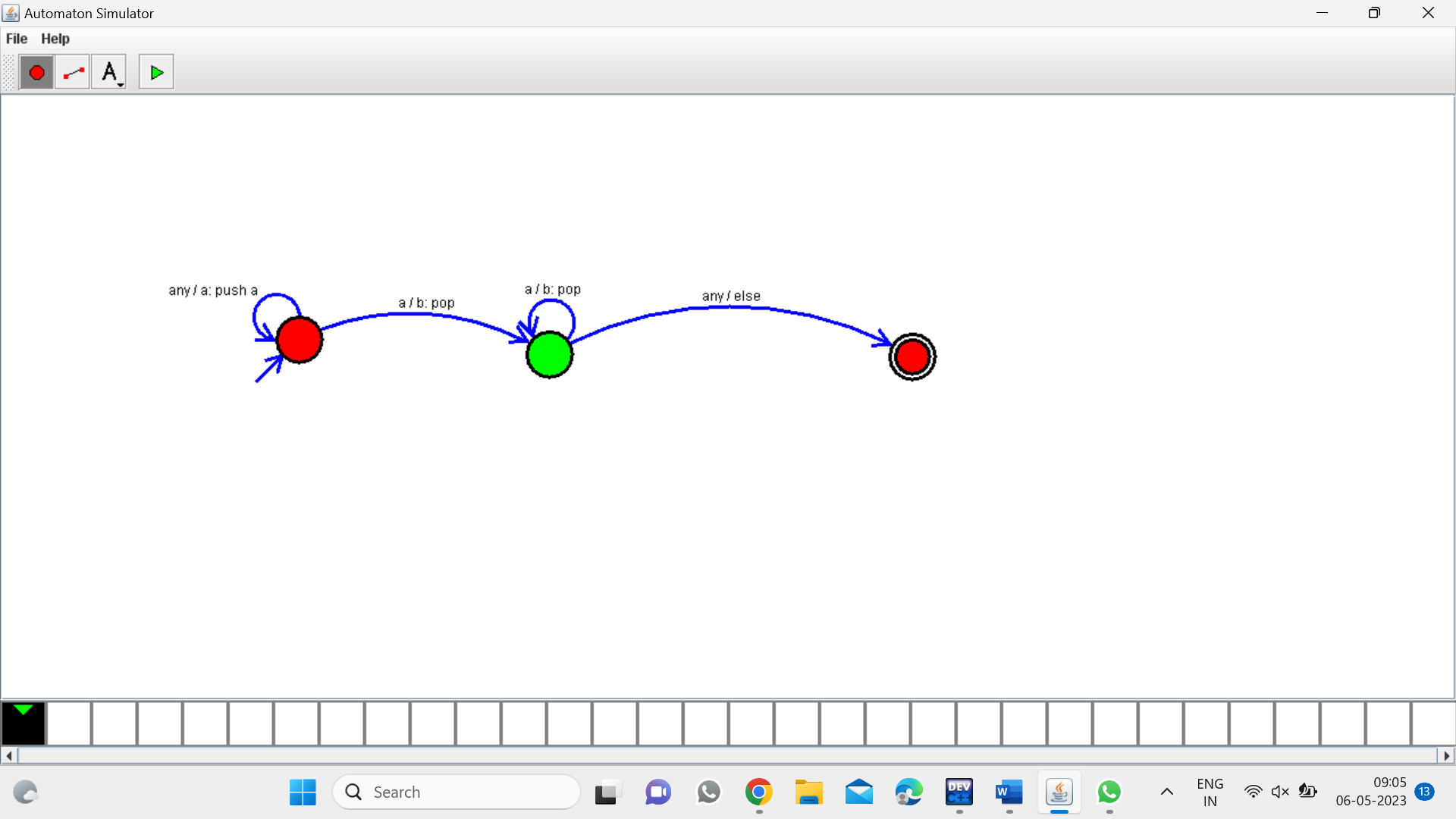
PROGRAM13:

NFA to accept aaaa: 30



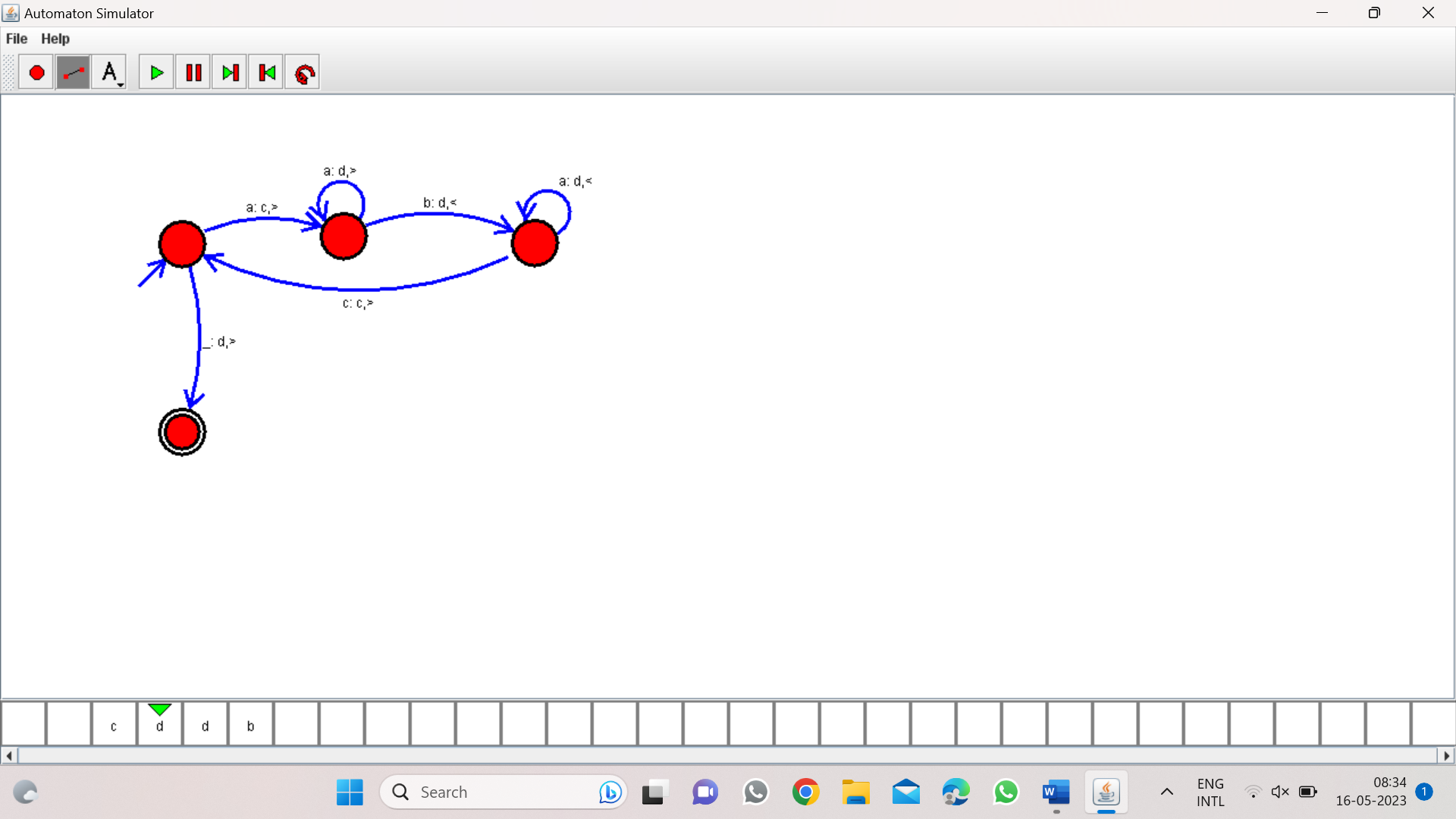
PROGRAM14: 31

PDA for a^nb^n:



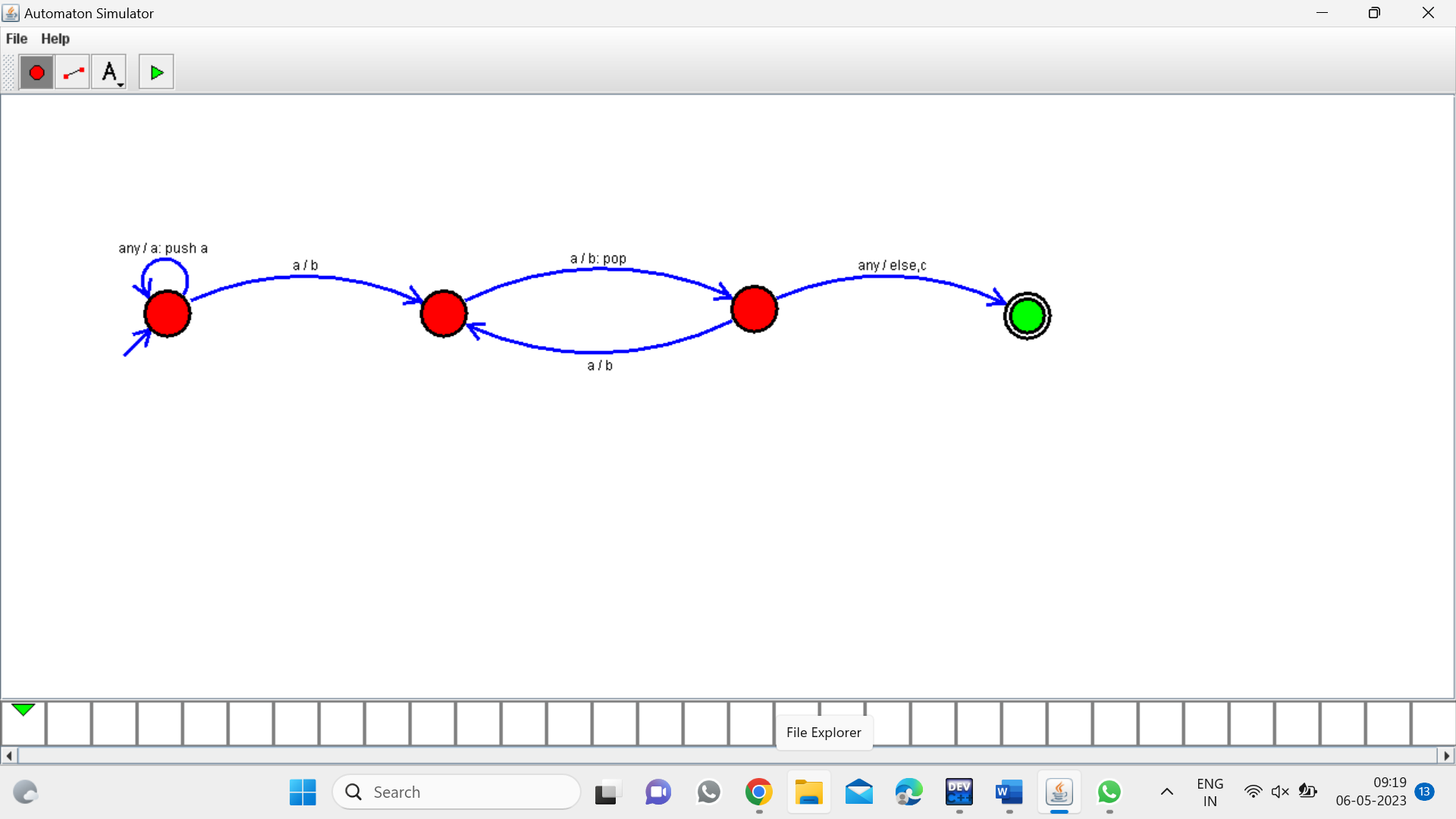
PROGRAM 15:

TM For a^nb^n: 15



PROGRAM16: 16

TM for a^nb^2n:



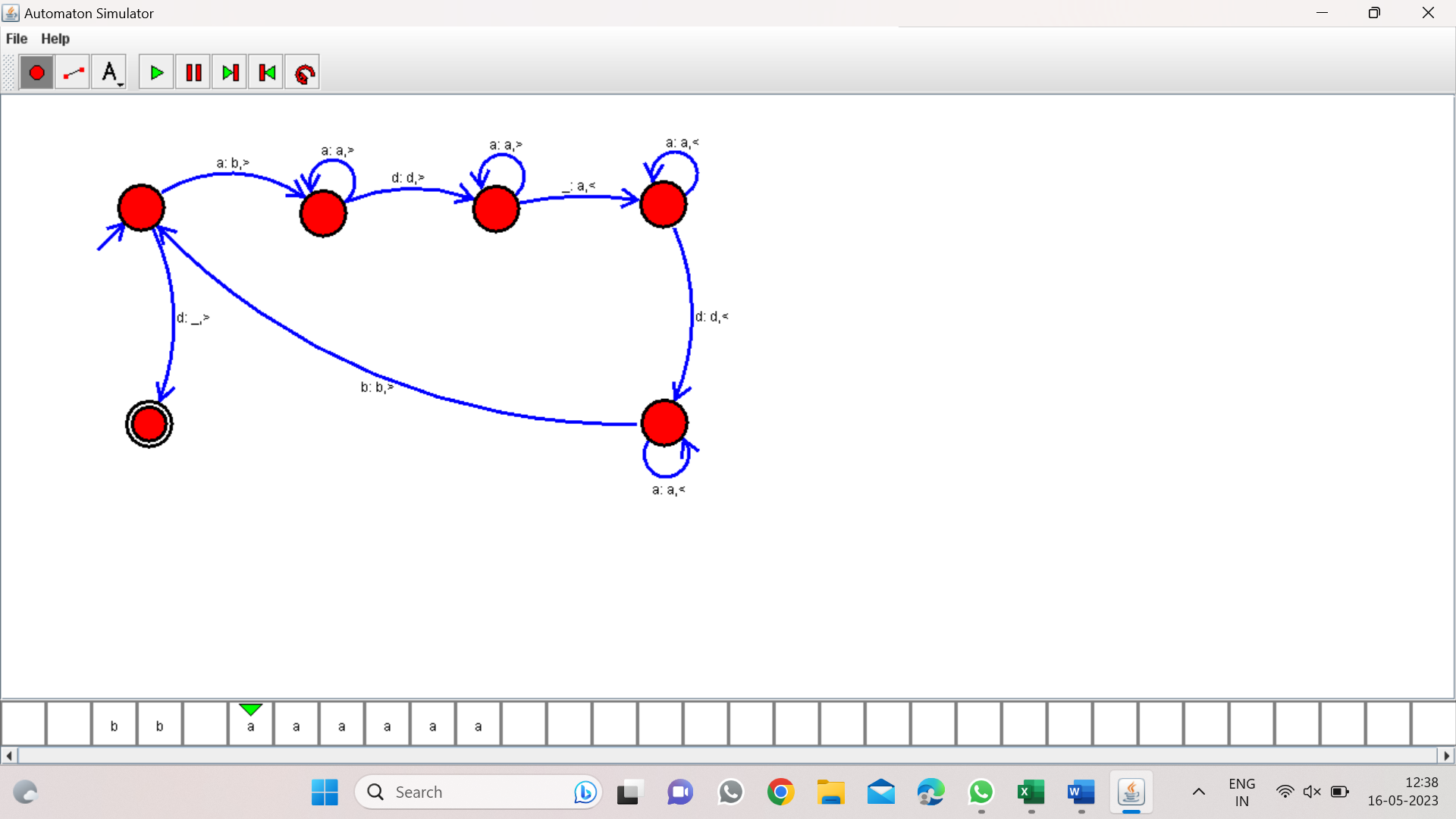
Program17: 17

TM for palindrome



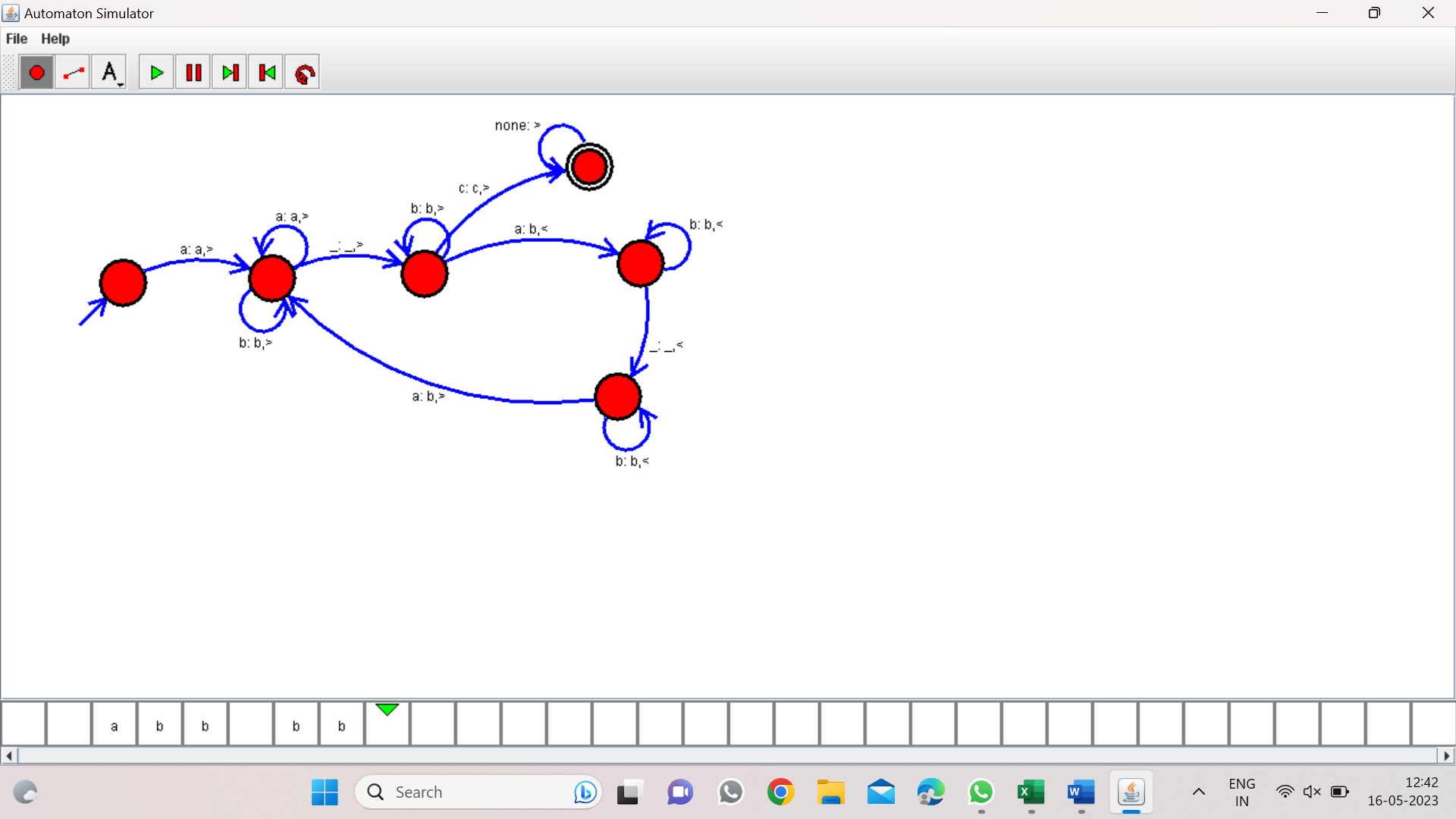
Program 18: 19

TM for addition:



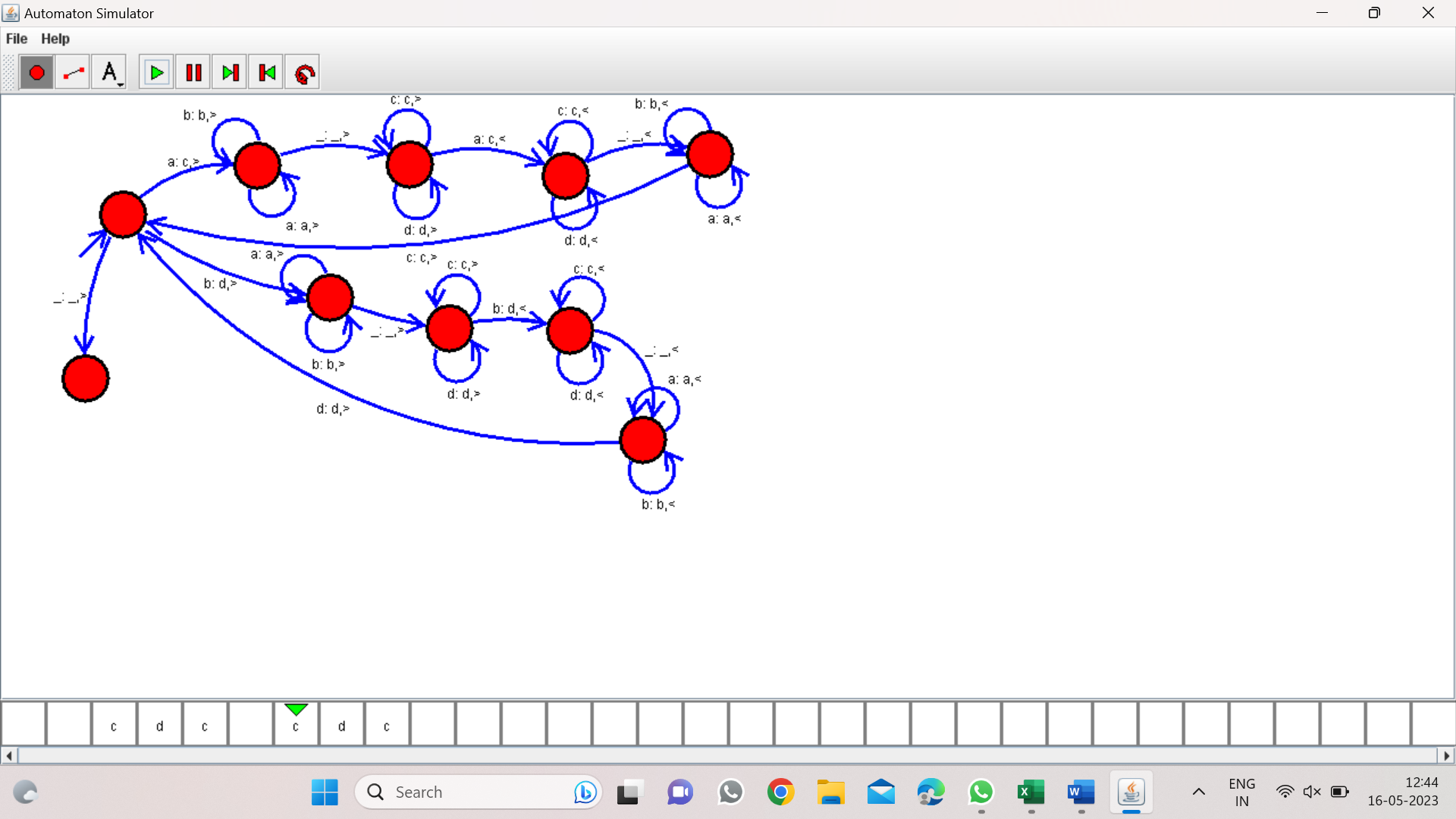
Program 19: 20

TM for subtraction:



Program 20: 32

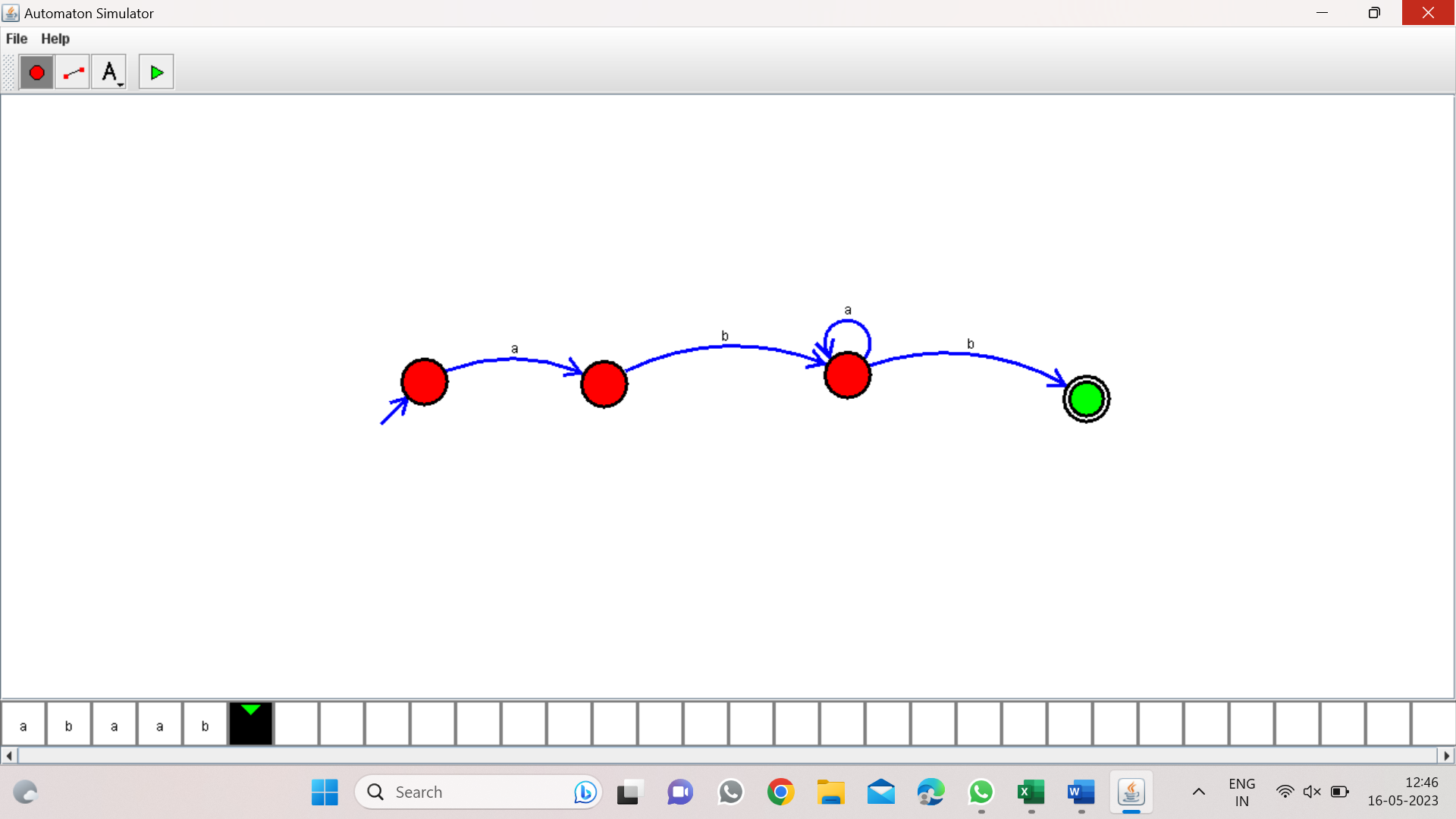
TM for string coparision:



Program 21: 36

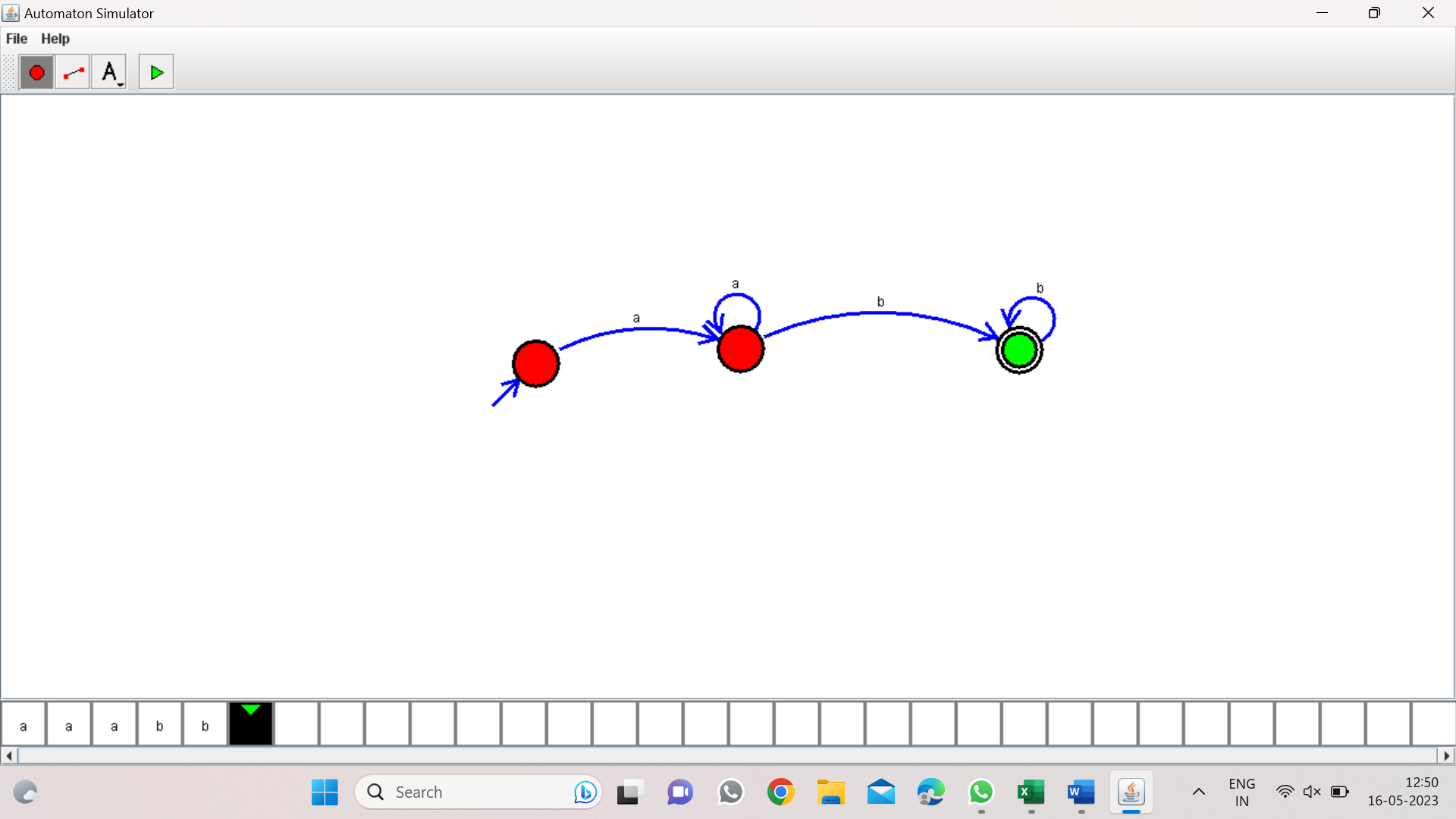
NFA to accept start with a and end with b:

W=abaab



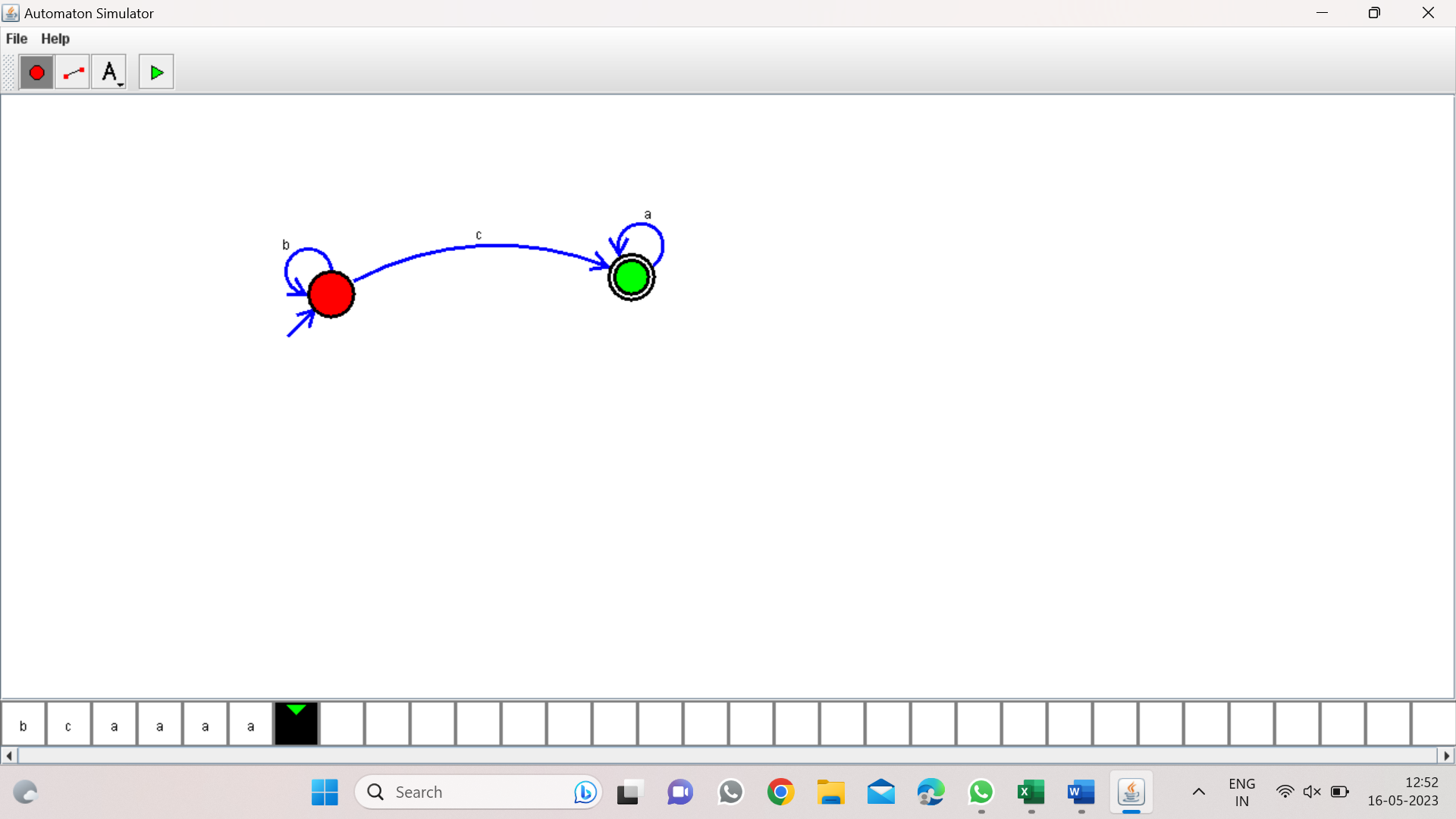
Program 22: 37

NFA to accept string that start and end with different symbols:



Program 23: 38

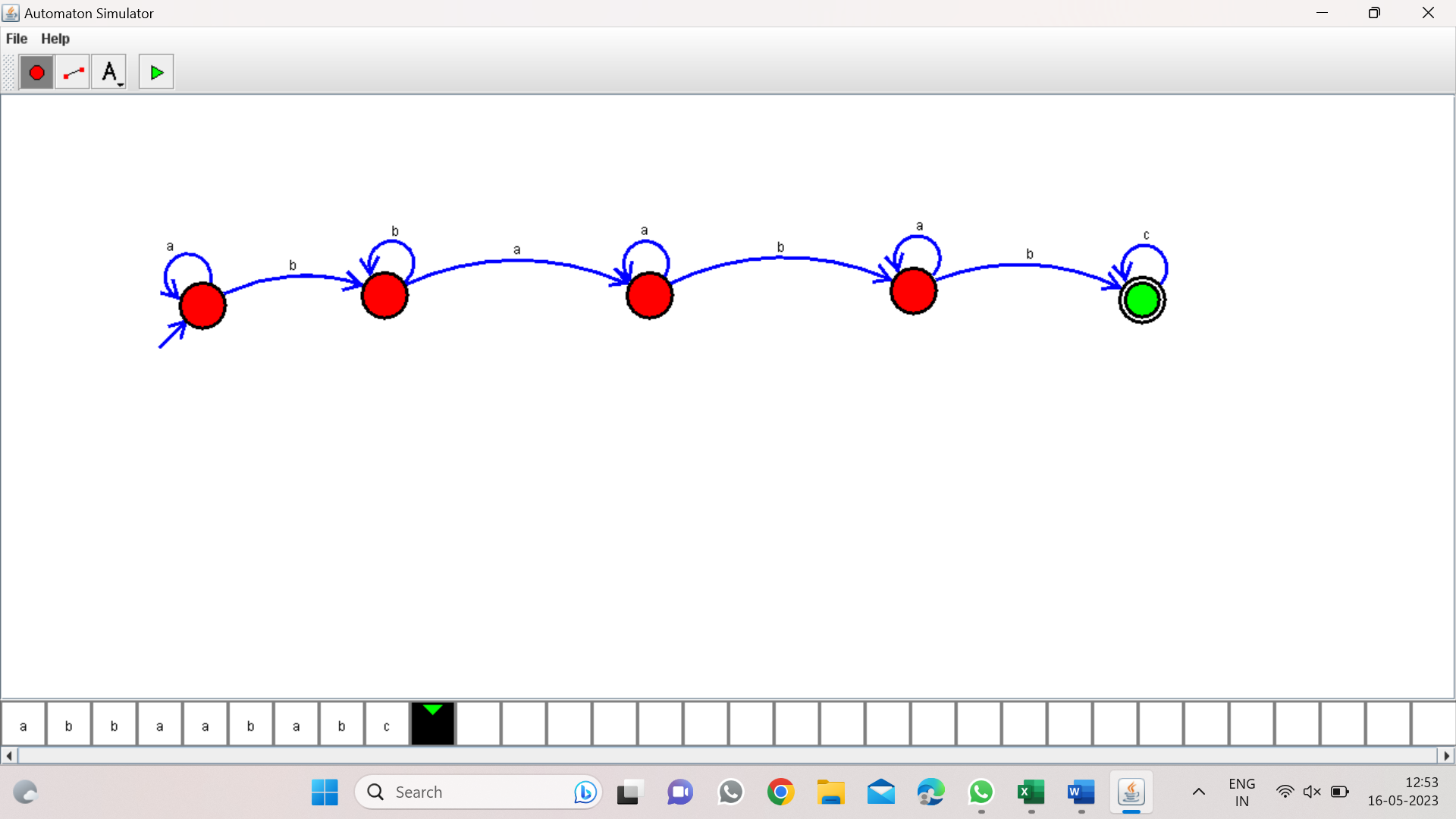
NFA to accept the string bbc,c,bcaaa:



Program 24: 39

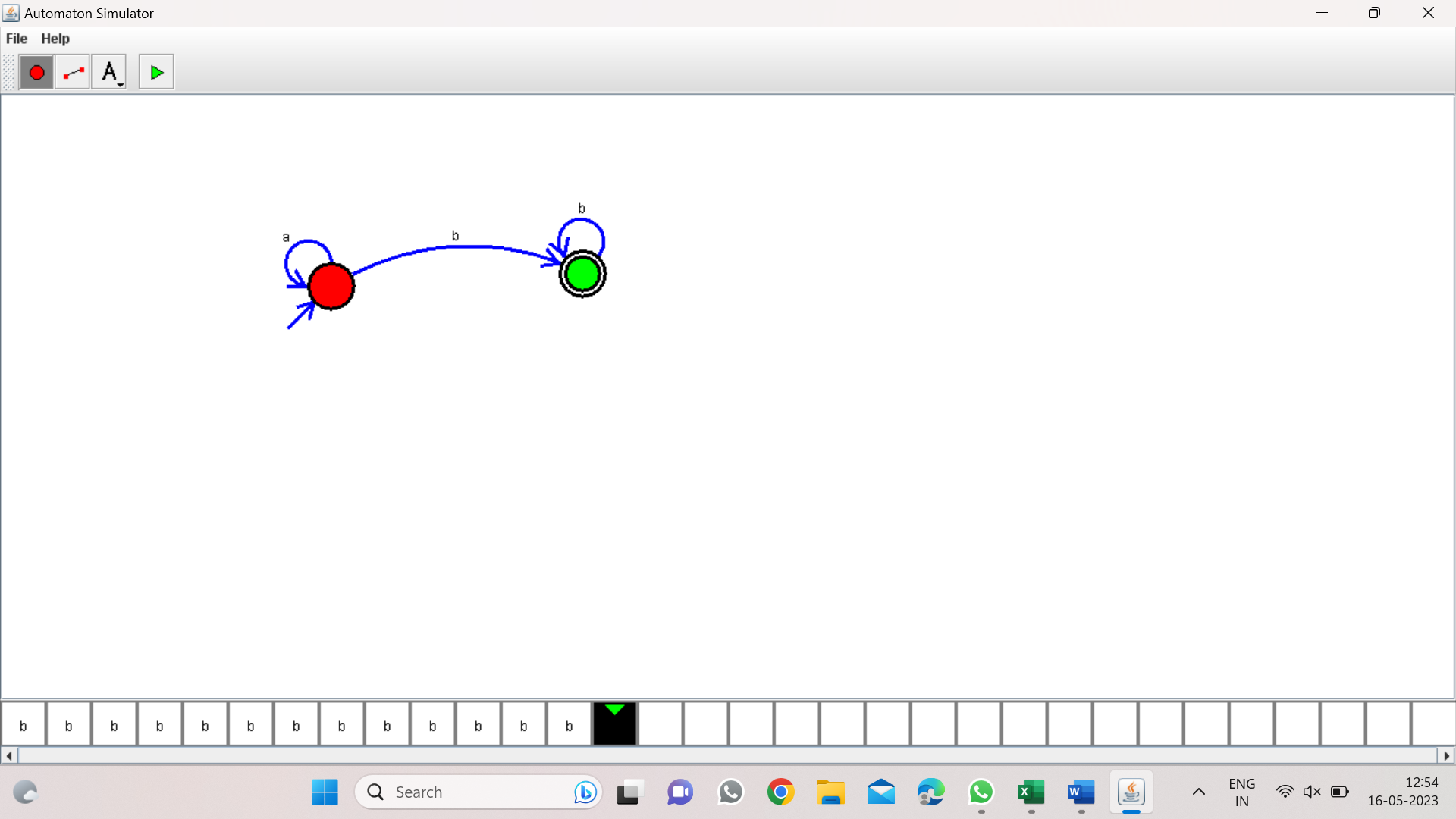
DFA to accept the string that end with abc:

W=abbaababc



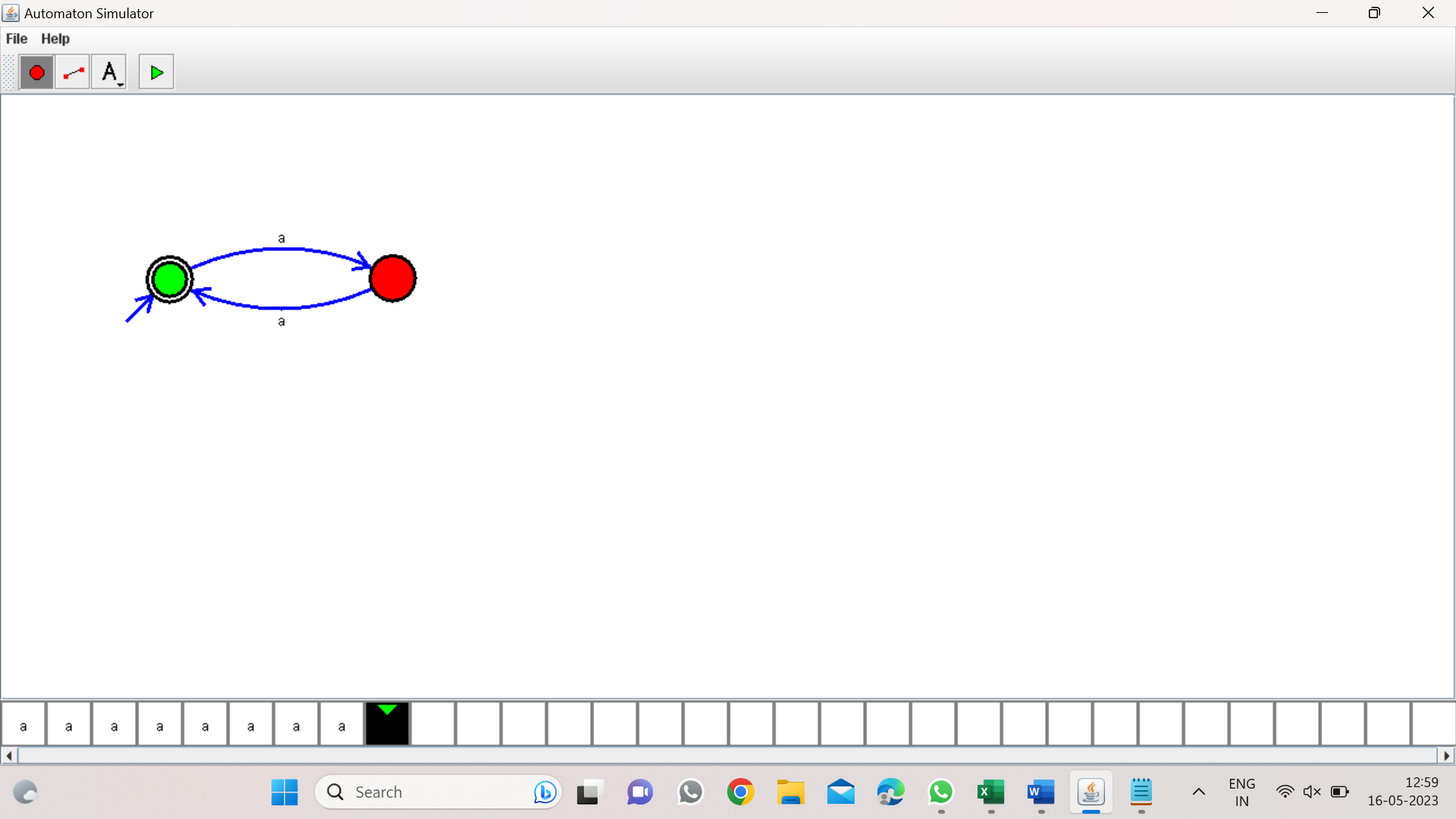
Program 25: 40

NFA to accept any number of b’s:



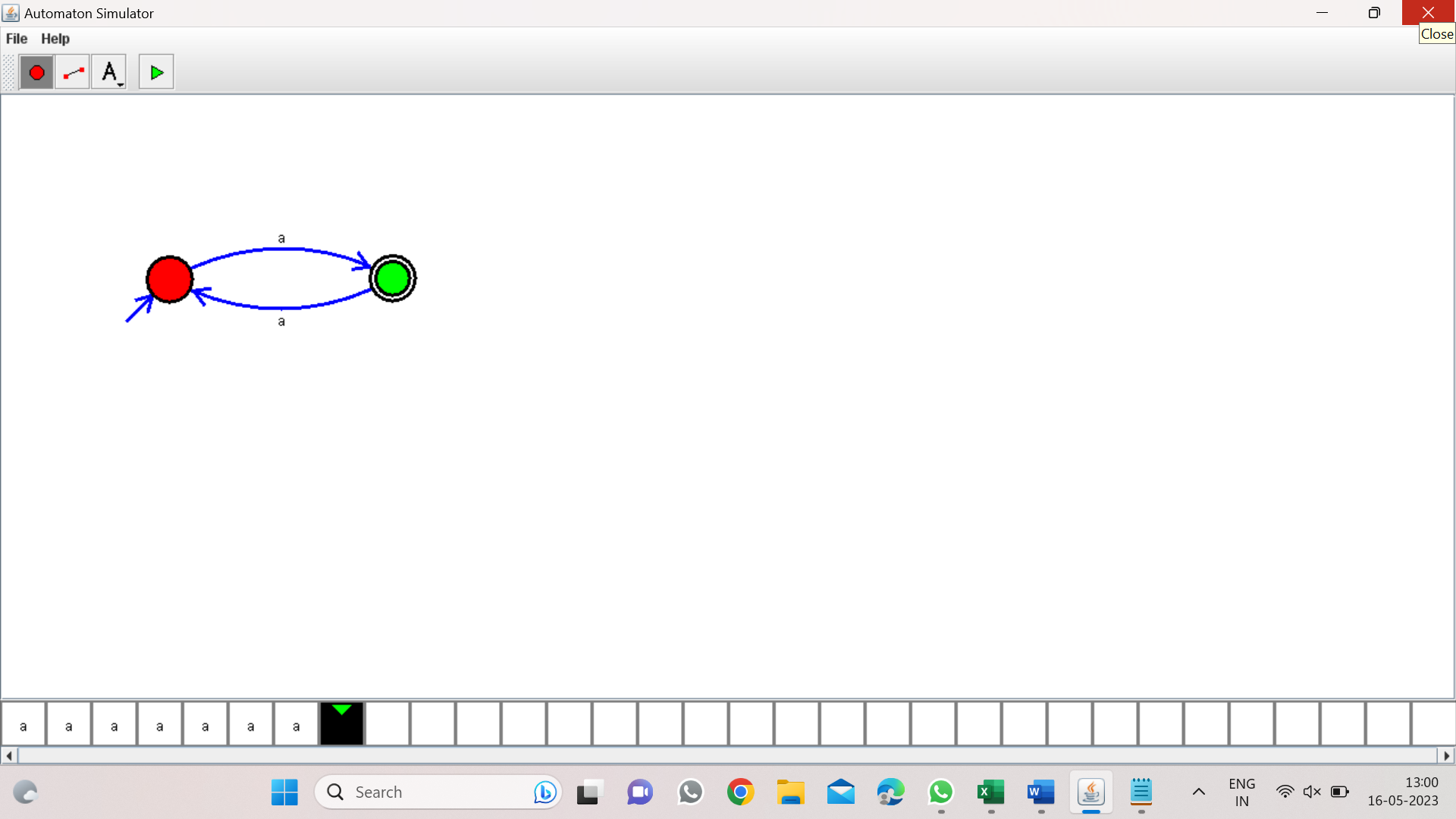
Program 26: 21

DFA for even no.of a’s:



Program27: 22

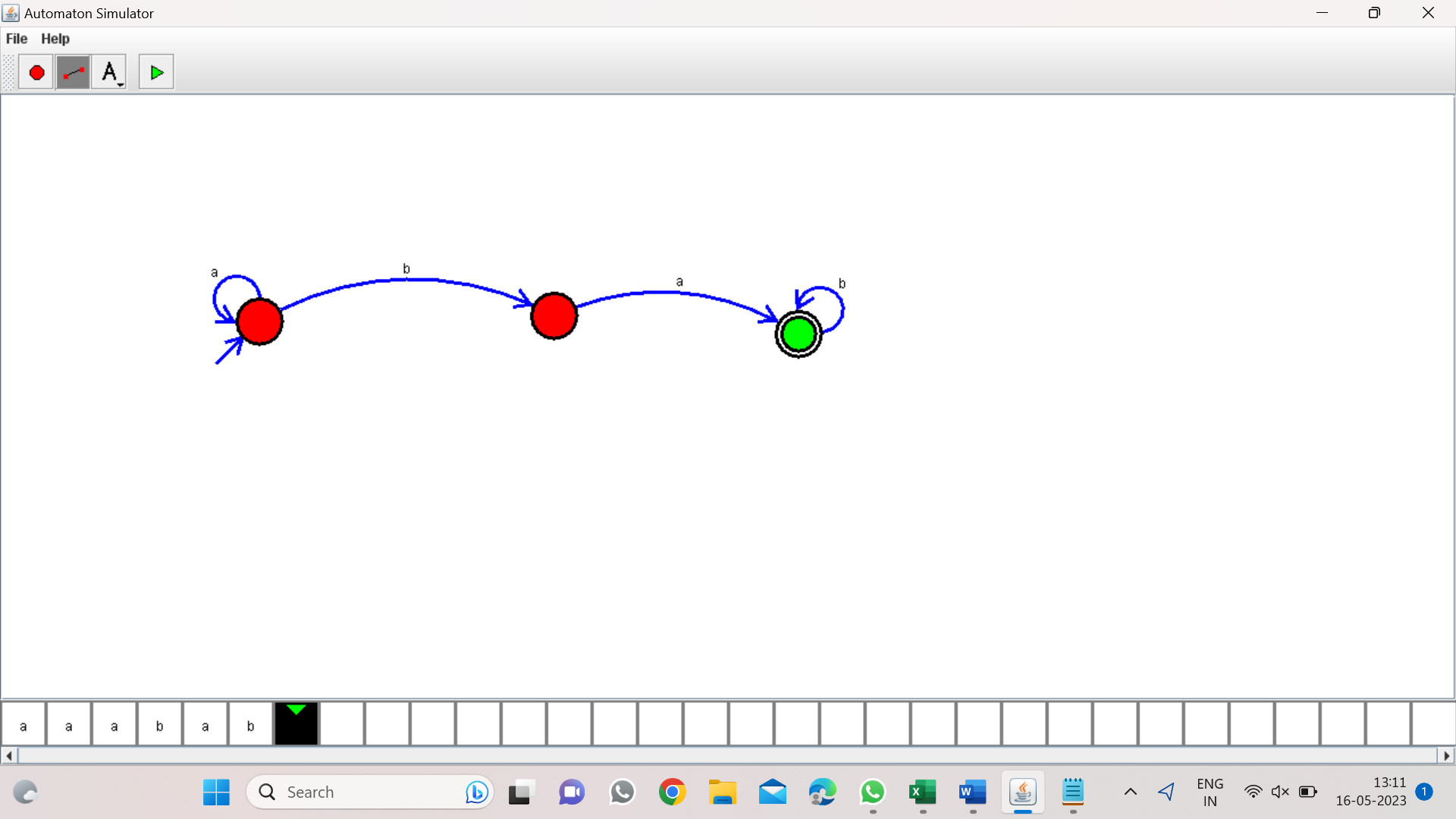
DFA for odd no.of a’s:



Program 28: 23

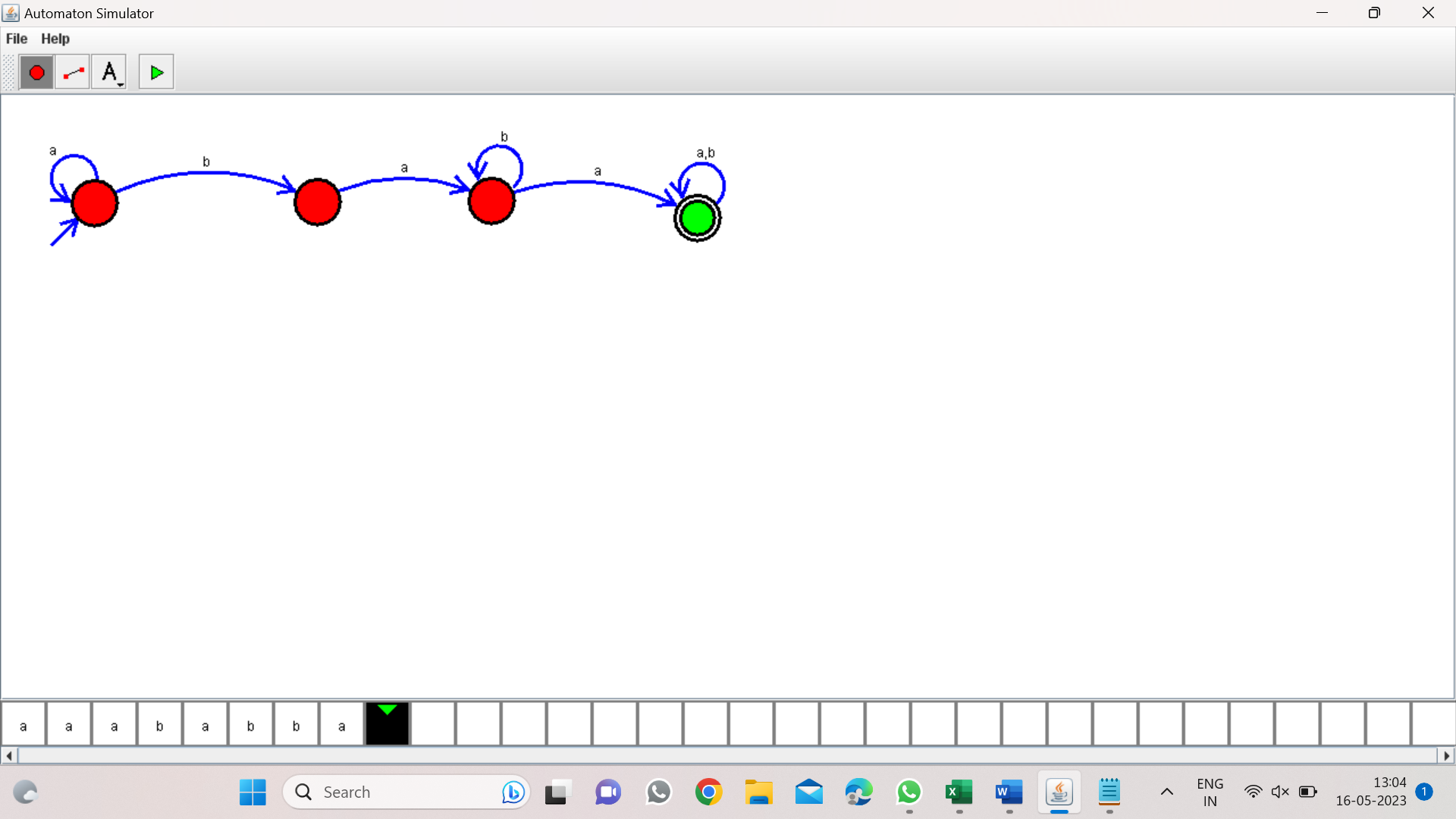
DFA to accept string end with ab:

W=aaabab:



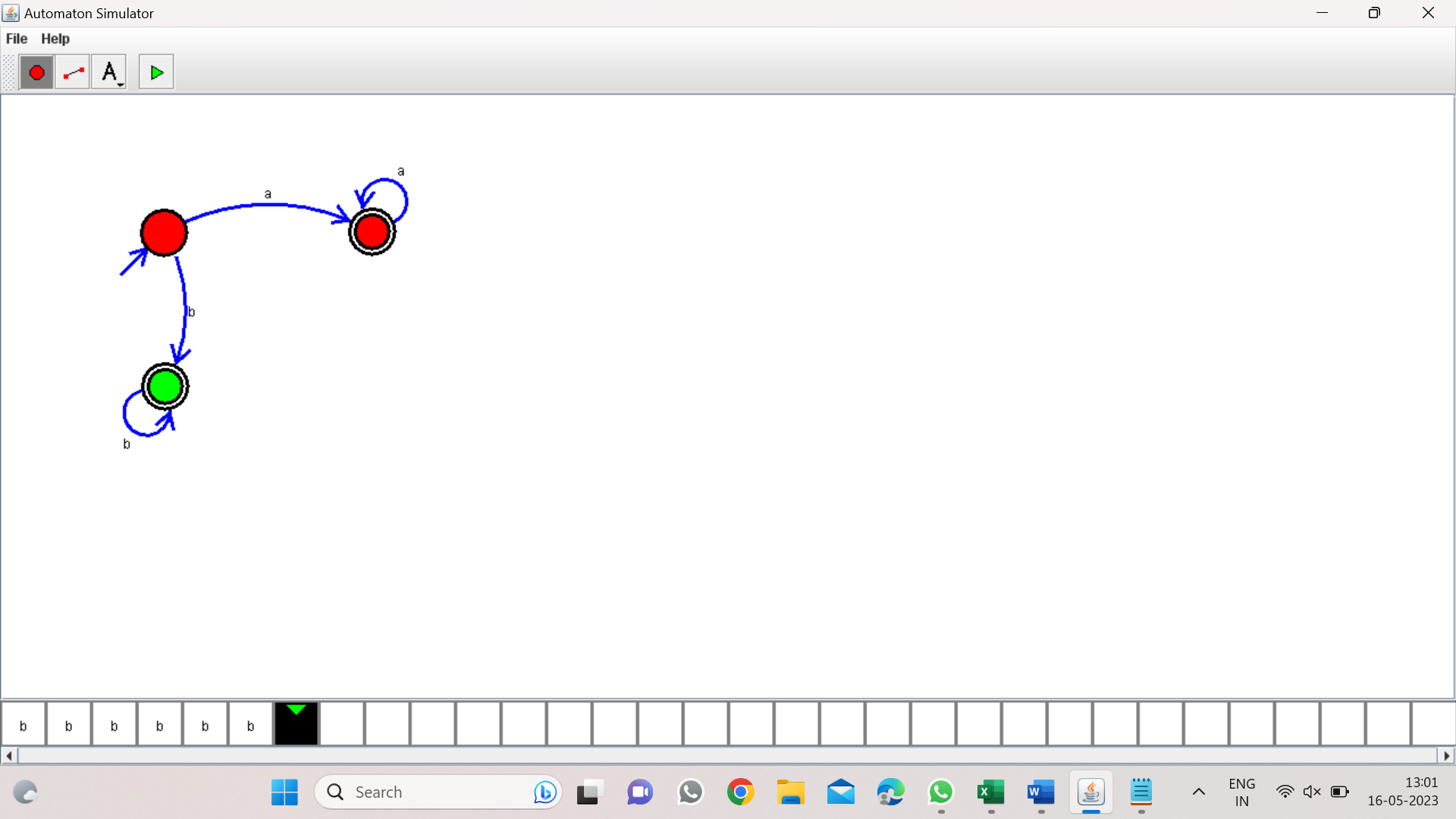
Program 29: 24

DFA consisting substring ab:



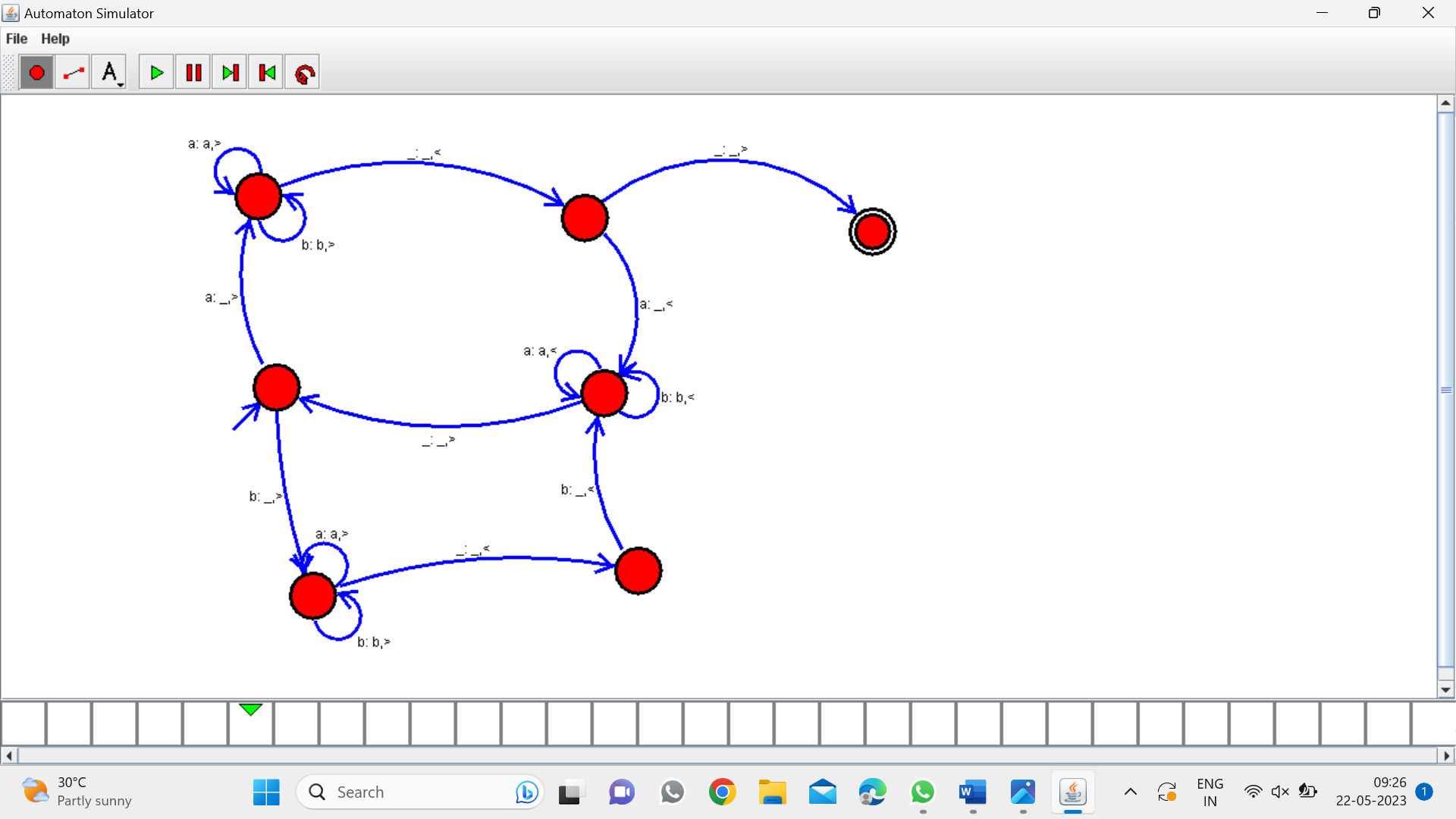
Program 30: 25

DFA start with a or b:



PROGRAM 31: 26

TM TO ACCEPT STRINNG PALINDROME (bbabb):



PROGRAM 32:

DFA TO ACCEPT EVEN NUMBER OF C’s: