

# Quiz1

Ganji Varshitha - AI20BTECH11009

Download latex-tikz codes from

[https://github.com/VARSHITHAGANJI/EE3900\\_VECTORS\\_ASSIGNMENTS/blob/main/QUIZ1/QUIZ1.tex](https://github.com/VARSHITHAGANJI/EE3900_VECTORS_ASSIGNMENTS/blob/main/QUIZ1/QUIZ1.tex)

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[https://github.com/VARSHITHAGANJI/EE3900\\_VECTORS\\_ASSIGNMENTS/blob/main/QUIZ1/codes.py](https://github.com/VARSHITHAGANJI/EE3900_VECTORS_ASSIGNMENTS/blob/main/QUIZ1/codes.py)

## PROBLEM 2.27(SYSTEM C)

Three systems A, B, and C have the inputs and outputs indicated in Figure P2.27 -1. Determine whether each system could be LTI. If your answer is yes, specify whether there could be more than one LTI system with the given input-output pair. Explain your answer.

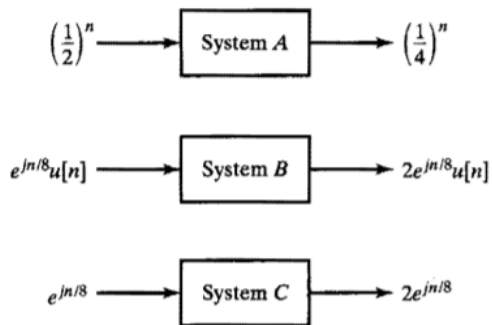


Figure P2.27-1

Fig. 1: Systems

## SOLUTION

**System B:** The input signal  $x[n]$  is,

$$x[n] = e^{\frac{jn}{8}} \quad (0.0.1)$$

The output signal  $y[n]$  is,

$$y[n] = 2e^{\frac{jn}{8}} \quad (0.0.2)$$

Then the fourier transform of  $x[n]$  is,

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]e^{-j\omega_0 n} \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\frac{jn}{8}} e^{-j\omega_0 n} \quad (0.0.4)$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\frac{jn}{8}} e^{-j\omega_0 n} \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-j(\omega_0 - \frac{1}{8})n} \quad (0.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi\delta\left(\omega - \frac{1}{8} + \omega_0 + 2\pi k\right) \quad (0.0.7)$$

As  $y[n]=2x[n]$ , Then the fourier transform of  $y[n]$  is,

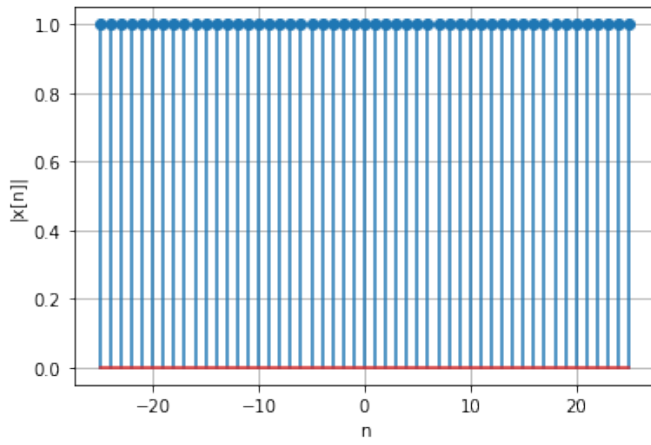
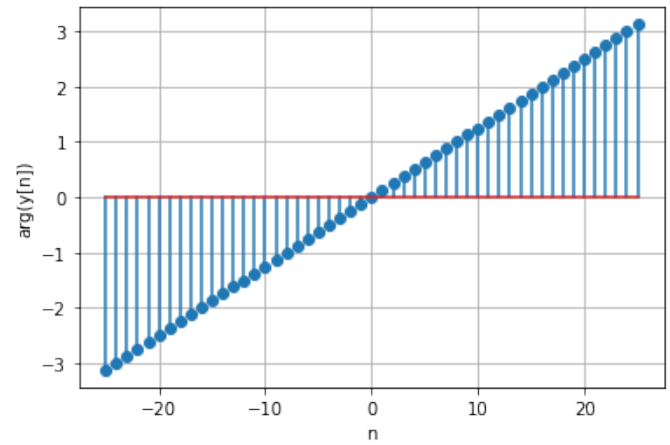
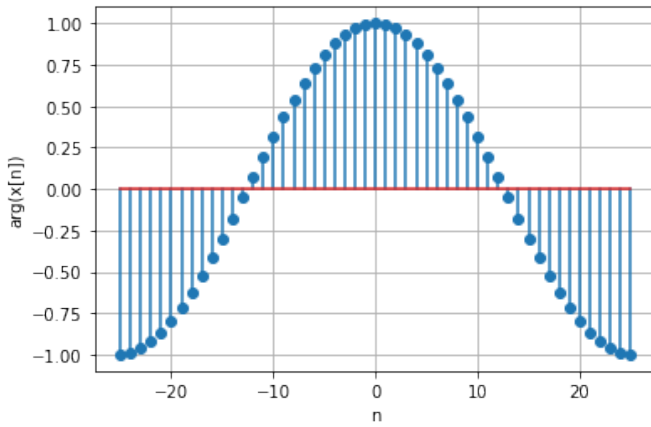
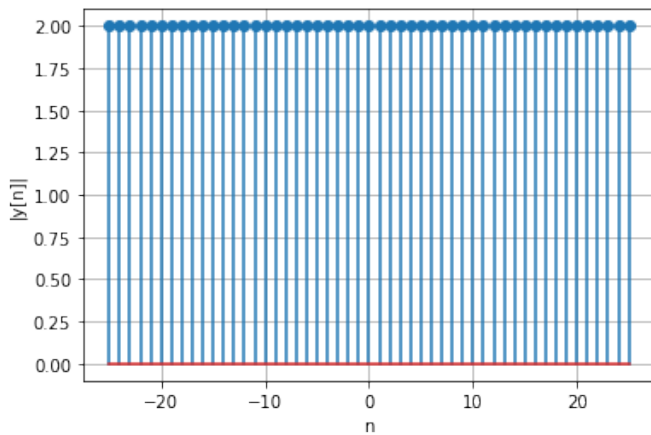
$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = 2 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi\delta\left(\omega - \frac{1}{8} + \omega_0 + 2\pi k\right) \quad (0.0.8)$$

Then the frequency response of the system is,

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})} \quad (0.0.9)$$

$$= 2 \quad (0.0.10)$$

$\Rightarrow$  The system is a LTI system and it is unique.

Fig. 2: Amplitude of  $x[n]$ Fig. 5: Phase of  $y[n]$ Fig. 3: Phase of  $x[n]$ Fig. 4: Amplitude of  $y[n]$