

Security Assessment TIDE EXCHANGE

Vital Block Verified on June 24h, 2023



W @VB_Audit

info@vitalblock.org

www.vitalblock.org









INTRODUCTION

Auditing Company	VITAL BLOCK SECURITY
Client Project	TIDE EXCHANGE
Methodology	Automated Analysis, Manual Code Review
Language	Solidity
License	MIT
Contract Address	0x389F3026061A8FA1866628E30e4b9c284E118337
Network	ARBITRUM CHAIN
Optimization	200 RUNS
Token Type	ERC20
Website	https://www.tide.exchange
Telegram	https://t.me/daoxofficial
Twitter	https://twitter.com/tideexchange
Doc	https://tideexchange.gitbook.io/tide/
Prelim Report Date	June 23 rd 2023
Final Report Date	June 24 th 2023

[i] Verify the authenticity of this report on our GitHub Repo: https://www.github.com/vital-block





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Vital Block has performed the automated and manual analysis of the TIDE EXCHANGE Sol code. The code was reviewed for common contract vulnerabilities and centralized exploits. Here's a quick audit summary:

Status	Critical !	Major " 🔴	Medium # 🛑	Minor \$ •	Unknown %	
Open	0	0	0	2	0	
Acknowledged	0	0	2	3	0	
Resolved	0	0	1	0	0	
Noteworty OnlyOwner Privileges Set Taxes and Ratios, Airdrop, Set Protection Settings, Set Reward Properties Set Reflector Settings, Set Swap Settings, Set Pair and Router						

TIDE EXCHANGE Smart contract has achieved the following score: 95.0



Please note that smart contracts deployed on blockchains aren't resistant to exploits, vulnerabilities and/or hacks. Blockchain and cryptography assets utilize new and emerging technologies. These technologies present a high level of ongoing risks. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and audit limitations, kindly review the audit report thoroughly.

Please note that centralization privileges regardless of their inherited risk status - constitute an elevated impact on smart contract safety and security.





SCOPE OF WORK

Vital Block was consulted by TIDE EXCHANGE to conduct the smart contract audit of its .Sol source code. The audit scope of work is strictly limited to mentioned .SOL file only:

O TIDE EXCHANGE.Sol

External contracts and/or interfaces dependencies are not checked due to being out of scope.

Verify audited contract's contract address and deployed link below:

Public Contract.

0x389f3026061a8fa1866628e30e4b9c284e118337

Ptoject Name	TDE EXCHANGE
Token Symbol	DAOX
Total Supply	1,000,000,000
Decimals	18
Blockchain	Arbitrum Network





AUDIT METHODOLOGY

Smart contract audits are conducted using a set of standards and procedures. Mutual collaboration is essential to performing an effective smart contract audit. Here's a brief overview of Vital Block auditing process and methodology:

CONNECT

 The onboarding team gathers source codes, and specifications to make sure we understand the size, and scope of the smart contract audit.

AUDIT

- Automated analysis is performed to identify common contract vulnerabilities. We may use the
 following third-party frameworks and dependencies to perform the automated analysis:
 - Remix IDE Developer Tool
 - Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
 - SWC Vulnerabilities Registry
 - DEX Dependencies, e.g., Pancakeswap, Uniswap
- Simulations are performed to identify centralized exploits causing contract and/or trade locks.
- A manual line-by-line analysis is performed to identify contract issues and centralized privileges.
 We may inspect below mentioned common contract vulnerabilities, and centralized exploits:

	 Token Supply Manipulation
	 Access Control and Authorization
	o Assets Manipulation
Centralized Exploits	 Ownership Control
Ochtranized Exploits	o Liquidity Access
	 Stop and Pause Trading
	 Ownable Library Verification





Integer Overflow

Lack of Arbitrary limits

Incorrect Inheritance Order

Typographical Errors

Requirement Violation

Gas Optimization

Coding Style Violations

Re-entrancy

Third-Party Dependencies

Potential Sandwich Attacks

Irrelevant Codes

Divide before multiply

o Conformance to Solidity Naming Guides

Compiler Specific Warnings

Language Specific Warnings

REPORT

Common Contract Vulnerabilities

- The auditing team provides a preliminary report specifying all the checks which have been performed and the findings thereof.
- o The client's development team reviews the report and makes amendments to the codes.
- The auditing team provides the final comprehensive report with open and unresolved issues.

PUBLISH

o The client may use the audit report internally or disclose it publicly.

It is important to note that there is no pass or fail in the audit, it is recommended to view the audit

as an unbiased assessment of the safety of solidity codes.





RISK CATEGORIES

Smart contracts are generally designed to hold, approve, and transfer tokens. This makes them very tempting attack targets. A successful external attack may allow the external attacker to directly exploit. A successful centralization-related exploit may allow the privileged role to directly exploit. All risks which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Risk Type	Definition
Critical!	These risks could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
Major "	These risks are hard to exploit but very important to fix, they carry an elevated risk of smart contract manipulation, which can lead to high-risk severity.
Medium # 🛑	These risks should be fixed, as they carry an inherent risk of future exploits, and hacks which may or may not impact the smart contract execution. Low-risk reentrancy-related vulnerabilities should be fixed to deterexploits.
Minor \$	These risks do not pose a considerable risk to the contract or those who interact with it. They are code-style violations and deviations from standard practices. They should be highlighted and fixed nonetheless.
Unknown %	These risks pose uncertain severity to the contract or those who interact with it. They should be fixed immediately to mitigate the riskuncertainty.

All statuses which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Status Type	Definition
Open	Risks are open.
Acknowledged	Risks are acknowledged, but not fixed.
Resolved	Risks are acknowledged and fixed.





CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES

Centralization risk is the most common cause of cryptography asset loss. When a smart contract has a privileged role, the risk related to centralization is elevated.

There are some well-intended reasons have privileged roles, such as:

- o Privileged roles can be granted the power to pause()the contract in case of an external attack.
- Privileged roles can use functions like, include(), and exclude() to add or remove wallets from fees,
 swap checks, and transaction limits. This is useful to run a presale and to list on an exchange.

Authorizing privileged roles to externally-owned-account (EOA) is dangerous. Lately, centralization-related losses are increasing in frequency and magnitude.

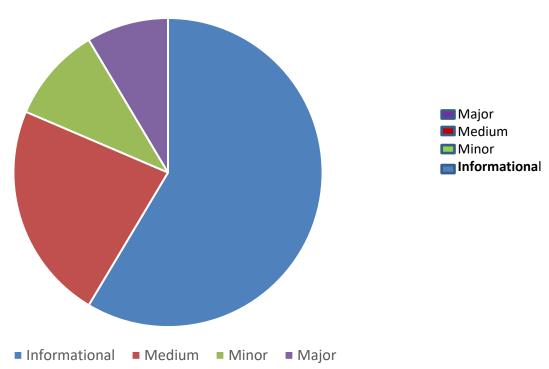
- o The client can lower centralization-related risks by implementing below mentioned practices:
- o Privileged role's private key must be carefully secured to avoid any potential hack.
- Privileged role should be shared by multi-signature (multi-sig) wallets.
- Authorized privilege can be locked in a contract, user voting, or community DAO can be introduced to unlock the privilege.
- Renouncing the contract ownership, and privileged roles.
- Remove functions with elevated centralization risk.
- Understand the project's initial asset distribution. Assets in the liquidity pair should be locked.

 Assets outside the liquidity pair should be locked with a release schedule.









Status Icon Definitions

▽	Resolved	1/14	In Progress		Ignored (pro)
×	Not Resolved		Incorrect	0	Ignored (con)





Contract Ownership

Ox554524a07D55f614deFDe6cA9a2162823B50C6B9 Is The Owner Of The Contracts.

Summary

- Owner is not able to change or set taxes (0% tax)
- Owner is not able to set a max amount for buys/sells/transfer
- MOWNER is not able to pause trades
- **30** Owner is not able to mint new tokens
- Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary address

Issues Found

Vital Block Security found that the **TIDE EXCHANGE** contracts contain no critical issue, no major issues, and 1 minor issue, in addition to 3 informational notes.

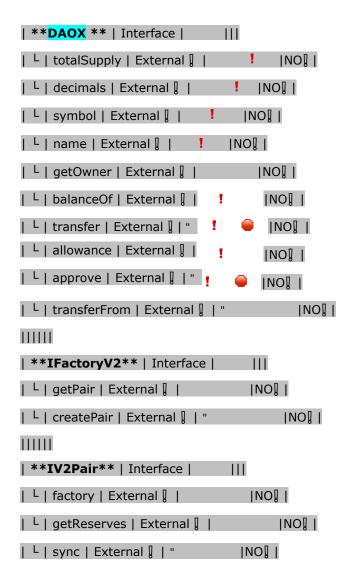
We recommend all issues are amended, while the notes are up to the team's discretion, as it refers to best practices.





AUTOMATED ANALYSIS

Symbol	Definition
<u> </u>	Function modifies state
4	Function is payable
Şì	Function is internal
8	Function is private
	Function is important







```
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **IRouter01** | Interface | | | | | | |
| L | factory | External | | NO | |
| L | addLiquidityETH | External | | # |NO|| |
| L | addLiquidity | External | | " | NO | |
| L | swapExactAPTForTokens | External | | # |NO|| |
| L | getAmountsOut | External | | NO| |
| L | getAmountsIn | External | | NO| |
111111
| **IRouter02** | Interface | IRouter01 |||
L | swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | "
                                                                             INO] I
L | swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | # |NO| |
| L | swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | "
                                                                            ■ INOI I
| L | swapExactTokensForTokens | External | | " | NO | |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **Protections** | Interface | | | |
| L | checkUser | External | | "
      | L | setLaunch | External | | " | NO | |
| L | setLpPair
                    | External | | " | | | | | | | | |
| L | DAOX
                     | External | | " | NO | |
| L | removeSniper | External | | " | NO | |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **Cashier** | Interface | | | |
| L | setRewardsProperties | External | | "
                                               INOI
| L | tally
            | External | | " | NO | |
| L | load
          | External | | # |NO|| | |
| L | cashout | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | giveMeWelfarePlease | External | | " | NO | |
| L | getTotalDistributed | External | | NO| |
| L | getUserInfo | External | | NO | |
| L | getUserRealizedRewards | External | |
                                               INOI
```





```
| L | getPendingRewards | External | | NO | |
| L | initialize | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | getCurrentReward | External | | NO| |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **SOL** | Implementation | SafeMath ||| | |
| L | <Constructor> | Public | | # |NO| |
| L | transferOwner | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | renounceOwnership | External | | " | NO!
| L | setOperator | Public [ | " | NO[ |
| L | renounceOriginalDeployer | External | | "
                                              INOI
| L | <Receive Ether> | External [ | # |NO[ | |
| L | totalSupply | External [ | | NO[ |
| L | decimals | External | | NO| |
| L | name | External | | NO | |
                              INO] I
| L | getOwner | External ] |
                             INO] I
| L | balanceOf | Public | |
                               INO] I
| L | allowance | External [ |
                           ON I
| L | approve | External | | "
| L | approve | Internal $ | " | | | |
| L | transfer | External | | " | NO | |
| L | transferFrom | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | setNewRouter | External [ | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setLpPair | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setInitializers | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | isExcludedFromFees | External | | NO| |
| L | isExcludedFromDividends | External | | NO | |
| L | isExcludedFromProtection | External | | NO | |
| L | setDividendExcluded
                        | Public | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setExcludedFromFees
                        | Public | | " | onlyOwner |
```



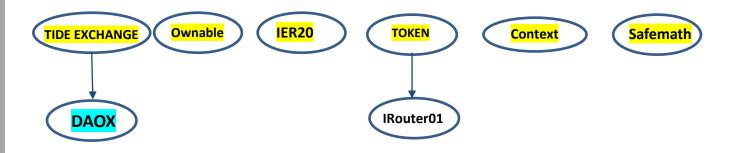
Vulnerability Run check

Tide Exchange / DAOX 24/06/2023 04:28 AM UTC+8 **Contract Info** Holders 1000000000 Total supply Holder count Transaction Tax Buy 0.00% / Sell 0.00% 0x55...c6b9 1000000000.00 (100.00%) Risk Analysis OWNERSHIP NOT RENOUNCED Creator 0x55...c6b9 1000000000.00 (100.00%) There is no proxy in the contract. I his token contract has not been The proxy contract means contract Owner verified. We cannot check the owner can modify the function of 0.00 (0.00%) contract code for details. Unsourced the token and possibly effect the token contracts are likely to have Liquidity Pool malicious functions to defraud users of their assets. Mint function is transparent or nonexistent. Hidden mint functions may If this function exists, it is possible for the project owner to regain increase the amount of tokens in ownership even after relinquishing circulation and effect the price of the token. Owner cant change balance The contract owner does not have the authority to modify the balance No whitelist function of tokens at other addresses. Whitelist function found Honeypot Risk Non Found The token contract has no trading cooldown function.If there is a trading cooldown function, the user will not be able to sell the token within a certain time or block after buying. No blacklist function is included. There is no limit to the number of token transactions. The number of scam token transactions may be limited (honeypot risk). No whitelist function Whitelist function found





INHERITANCE GRAPH



Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-12	Centralization privileges of TIDE EXCHANGE	Medium # 🔵

Vulnerability 0: No important security issue detected.

Threat level: Low





TZT-02 POSSIBLE OVERFLOW

Category	Severity •	Location	Status
Status Mathematical Operations	Minor	contracts/code/TIDEEXCHANGEsol	Acknowledged

Description

In **updateForMinter**, the following equation is used inside an unchecked block

Minter can not issue more **DAOX** tokens indefinitely.

Note that as of the date of publishing, the above review reflects the current understanding of known security patterns as they relate to the **DAOX** contract.

Recommendation

We recommend either checking for overflow in this case, or ensuring that the PairsIn is close enough it will never cause an overflow.





TTV-03 POSSIBLE OVERFLOW

Category	Severity •	Location	Status
Mathematical Operations	Minor	Contract/TIDEEXCHANGE.SOL	INFORMATIONAL

Description

State variables can be declared as constant using the constant keyword. This means that the value of the state variable cannot be changed after it has been set. Additionally, the constant variables decrease gas consumption of the corresponding transaction.

```
contract ERC20 is Context, IERC20, IERC20Metadata {
    mapping(address => uint256) private _balances;

mapping(address => mapping(address => uint256)) private _allowances;

uint256 private _totalSupply;

string private _name;
string private _symbol;
```

Recommendation

Constant state variables can be useful when the contract wants to ensure that the value of a state variable cannot be changed by any function in the contract. This can be useful for storing values that are important to the contract's behavior, such as the contract's address or the maximum number of times a certain function can be called. The team is advised to add the constant keyword to state variables that never change.





Vulnerability Scan

REENTRANCY

Severity Major

Confidence Parameter Certain

Vulnerability Description

NOTE: In a re-entrance attack, a malicious contract calls back into the calling contract before the first invocation of the function is finished. This may cause the different invocations of the function to interact in undesirable ways, especially in cases where the function is updating state variables after the external calls.

Scanning Line:

```
function _transfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount)
internal virtual {
       require(from != address(0), "ERC20: transfer from the
zero address");
       require(to != address(0), "ERC20: transfer to the zero
address"):
       _beforeTokenTransfer(from, to, amount);
        uint256 fromBalance = _balances[from];
       require(fromBalance >= amount, "ERC20: transfer amount
exceeds balance");
       unchecked {
           _balances[from] = fromBalance - amount;
           // Overflow not possible: the sum of all balances
is capped by totalSupply, and the sum is preserved by
            // decrementing then incrementing.
            balances[to] += amount;
       emit Transfer(from, to, amount);
        _afterTokenTransfer(from, to, amount);
```





General Detectors

Incorrect Solidity Version

This contract uses an unconventional or very old version of Solidity.

Public Functions Should be Declared External

Some functions in this contract should be declared as external in order to save gas.

State Variables Should be Declared Constant

Some state variables in this contract should be declared as constant





Attention Required



Attention Required

- No vulnerable withdrawal functions found
- No reentrancy risk found
- No locks detected
- Verified source code found
- No mintable risks found
- Users can always transfer their tokens
- Contract cannot be upgraded
- Wallets cannot be blacklisted from transfering the token
- No transfer fees found
- Token can be sold through regular AMMs
- No transfer limits found
- No ERC20 approval vulnerability found
- Contract owner cannot abuse ERC20 approvals
- No ERC20 interface errors found
- No blocking loops found
- No centralized balance controls found
- No transfer cooldown times found
- No approval restrictions found
- No external calls detected

- No dumping risks found
- No compiler version inconsistencies found
- No unchecked call responses found
- No vulnerable self-destruct functions found
- No assertion vulnerabilities found
- No old solidity code found
- No external delegated calls found
- No external call dependency found
- No vulnerable authentication calls found
- No invalid character typos found
- No RTL characters found
- No dead code found
- No risky data allocation found
- No uninitialized state variables found
- No uninitialized storage variables found
- No vulnerable initialization functions found
- ✓ No risky data handling found
- No number accuracy bug found
- No out-of-range number vulnerability found





OPTIMIZATIONS | TIDE EXCHANGE

ID	Title	Category	Status
GZT- 007	Logarithm Refinement Optimization	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
GZT- 323	Checks Can Be Performed Earlier	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged
GZT- 679	Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath	Gas Optimization	• Acknowledged
GZT- 122	Struct Optimization	Gas Optimization	• Acknowledged
GZT-067	Unused State Variable	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged





MANUAL REVIEW

TIDE EXCHANGE: The TideX Leveraged Trading Protocol is a decentralized platform for synthetic leveraged trading that offers features such as zero impact on the price of trades, leverage of up to 150x, self-custody options, and aggregated liquidity.

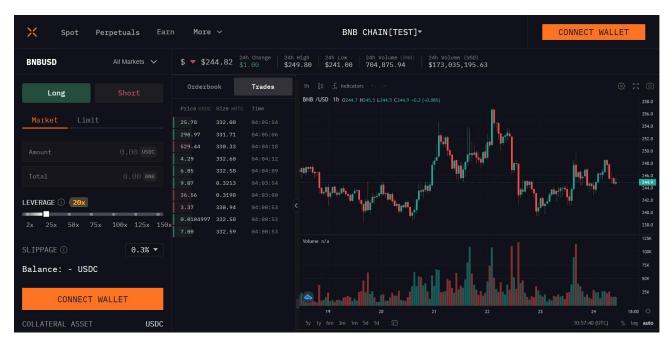
Token: TIDE EXCHANGE

Ticker: DAOX **Decimals:** 18

Chain/Standard: Arbitrum Network



Outstanding Features of TIDE EXCHANGE Is Launching On Arbitrum Network









issues checking status

Issue Description Checking Status

1.	Compiler errors.	PASSED
2.	Race Conditions and reentrancy. Cross-Function Race Conditions.	PASSED
3.	Possible Delay In Data Delivery.	PASSED
4.	Oracle calls.	PASSED
5.	Front Running.	PASSED
6.	Sol Dependency.	PASSED
7.	Integer Overflow And Underflow.	PASSED
8.	DoS with Revert.	PASSED
9.	Dos With Block Gas Limit.	PASSED
10.	Methods execution permissions.	PASSED
11.	Economy Model of the contract.	PASSED
12.	The Impact Of Exchange Rate On the solidity Logic.	PASSED
13.	Private use data leaks.	PASSED
14.	Malicious Event log.	PASSED
15.	Scoping and Declarations.	PASSED
16.	Uninitialized storage pointers.	PASSED
17.	Arithmetic accuracy.	PASSED
18.	Design Logic.	PASSED
19.	Cross-Function race Conditions	PASSED
20.	Save Upon solidity contract Implementation and Usage.	PASSED
21.	Fallback Function Security	PASSED





Identifier	Definition	Severity
TEN-02	Transfers User's Tokens	Minor 🌑

```
function transfer(address to, uint256 amount) public virtual override returns (bool) {
    address owner = _msgSender();
    _transfer(owner, to, amount);
    return true;
}
```

Location: Token.sol#L235-239

Alleviation:

Any user has the authority to transfer the balance of a user's address if the user has granted allowance. The contract does not subtract the allowance in the transferFrom() method, as a result, the transfer can be repeated until the user's balance go to zero.

RECOMMENDATION

The team is advised to subtract the allowance in the transferFrom() method and migrate to a new contract..





RECOMMENDATION

Deployer and/or contract owner private keys are secured carefully.

Please refer to PAGE-09 CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES for a detailed understanding.

ALLEVIATION

TIDE EXCHANGE project team understands the centralization risk. Some functions are provided privileged access to ensure a good runtime behaviour in the project





Identifier	Definition	Severity
TDB-12	Third Party Dependencies	Minor 🌑

A smart contract is interacting with third-party protocols e.g., Uniswap, Pancakeswap router, cashier contract,

And protections contract. The scope of the audit treats third-party entities as black boxes and assumes their functional correctness. However, in the real world, third parties can be compromised and exploited. Moreover, upgrades in third parties can create severe impacts, e.g., increased transactional fees, deprecation of previous routers, etc.

RECOMMENDATION

Inspect and validate third party dependencies regularly, and mitigate severe impacts whenever necessary.





CERTIFICATE BY VITAL BLOCK SECURITY









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Vital Block Security provides the easy-to-understand audit of Solidity, Move, and Raw source codes (commonly known as smart contracts).

The smart contract for this particular audit was analyzed for common contract vulnerabilities, and centralization exploits. This audit report makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. This audit report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the smart contract analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the client's business, business model, or legal compliance. This audit report does not extend to the compiler layer, any other areas beyond the programming language, or other programming aspects that could present security risks. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies, they carry high levels of technical risks and uncertainty. You agree that your access and/or use, including but not limited to any services, reports, and materials, will be at your sole risk on an as-is, where-is, and as-available basis. This audit report could include false positives, false negatives, and other unpredictable results.

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Vital Block is Dedicated to Making Defi & Web3 A Safer Place. We are Powered by Security engineers, developers, Ul experts, and blockchain enthusiasts. Our team currently consists of 5 core members, and 4+ casual contributors.

Website: https://www.Vitalblock.org

Email: info@vitalblock.org

GitHub: https://github.com/vital-block

Telegram (Engineering): https://t.me/vital_block

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