

# Security Assessment RED TOKEN

Vital Block Security Verified on October 13<sup>th</sup> , 2023





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#### **INTRODUCTION**

Auditing Firm	VITAL BLOCK SECURITY
Client Firm	RED TOKEN
Methodology	Automated Analysis, Manual Code Review
Language	Solidity
Contract	0xE1240ac7Bb51333510cbF37efD678cA46137f84B
Source Code Light	Verified
License	MIT
Centralization	Active ownership
Compiler Version	v0.4.24+commit.e67f0147
Blockchain	<b>Ethereum</b>
Website	https://red-token.org/
Telegram	https://t.me/portalRedTokenn
Twitter	https://twitter.com/redshibaerc
Medium	https://medium.com/@redtokenerc
Prelim Report Date	October 12 <sup>th</sup> 2023
Final Report Date	October 13 <sup>th</sup> 2023

■ Verify the authenticity of this report on our GitHub Repo: <a href="https://www.github.com/vital-block">https://www.github.com/vital-block</a>



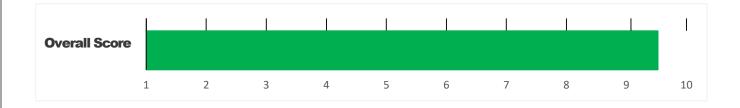


#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Vital Block Security has performed the automated and manual analysis of the REDTOKEN Sol code. The code was reviewed for common contract vulnerabilities and centralized exploits. Here's a quick audit summary:

Status	Critical !	Major " 🛑	Medium # 🦲	Minor \$	Unknown %
Open	0	0	1	3	0
Acknowledged	0	0	1	2	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0
Noteworty OnlyOwner Privileges  Set Taxes and Ratios, Airdrop, Set Protection Settings, Set Reward Properties, Set Reflector Settings, Set Swap Settings, Set Pair and Router					ard Properties,

**REDTOKEN Smart contract has achieved the following score: 95.0** 



- Please note that smart contracts deployed on blockchains aren't resistant to exploits, vulnerabilities and/or hacks. Blockchain and cryptography assets utilize new and emerging technologies. These technologies present a high level of ongoing risks. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and audit limitations, kindly review the audit report thoroughly.
- Please note that centralization privileges regardless of their inherited risk status constitute an elevated impact on smart contract safety and security.





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#### **SCOPE OF WORK**

Vital Block was consulted by REDTOKEN to conduct the smart contract audit of its. Sol source code. The audit scope of work is strictly limited to mentioned .Sol file only:

O.redtoken.sol

**External contracts and/or interfaces dependencies are not checked due to being out of scope.** 

Verify audited contract's contract address and deployed link below:

#### **Public Contract Address**

# https://etherscan.io/token/0xe1240ac7bb51333510cbf37efd678ca46137f84b#code

Contract Name	REDTOKEN
Token Symbol	RED
Decimals	18
Total Supply	750460.26896072546





#### **AUDIT METHODOLOGY**

Smart contract audits are conducted using a set of standards and procedures. Mutual collaboration is essential to performing an effective smart contract audit. Here's a brief overview of Vital Block

Security auditing process and methodology:

#### CONNECT

 The onboarding team gathers source codes, and specifications to make sure we understand the size, and scope of the smart contract audit.

#### **AUDIT**

- Automated analysis is performed to identify common contract vulnerabilities. We may use the following third-party frameworks and dependencies to perform the automated analysis:
  - Remix IDE Developer Tool
  - Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
  - SWC Vulnerabilities Registry
  - DEX Dependencies, e.g., Pancakeswap, Uniswap
- Simulations are performed to identify centralized exploits causing contract and/or trade locks.
- A manual line-by-line analysis is performed to identify contract issues and centralized privileges.
   We may inspect below mentioned common contract vulnerabilities, and centralized exploits:

	<ul> <li>Token Supply Manipulation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Access Control and Authorization</li> </ul>
	o Assets Manipulation
Centralized Exploits	<ul> <li>Ownership Control</li> </ul>
Ochtranized Exploits	o Liquidity Access
	<ul> <li>Stop and Pause Trading</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ownable Library Verification</li> </ul>





Common Contract Vulnerabilities

- o Integer Overflow
- Lack of Arbitrary limits
- Incorrect Inheritance Order
- Typographical Errors
- Requirement Violation
- Gas Optimization
- Coding Style Violations
- Re-entrancy
- Third-Party Dependencies
- Potential Sandwich Attacks
- Irrelevant Codes
- Divide before multiply
- Conformance to Solidity Naming Guides
- Compiler Specific Warnings
- Language Specific Warnings

#### **REPORT**

- The auditing team provides a preliminary report specifying all the checks which have been performed and the findings thereof.
- The client's development team reviews the report and makes amendments to the codes.
- The auditing team provides the final comprehensive report with open and unresolved issues.

#### **PUBLISH**

- o The client may use the audit report internally or disclose it publicly.
- It is important to note that there is no pass or fail in the audit, it is recommended to view the audit as an unbiased assessment of the safety of solidity codes.





#### **RISK CATEGORIES**

Smart contracts are generally designed to hold, approve, and transfer tokens. This makes them very tempting attack targets. A successful external attack may allow the external attacker to directly exploit. A successful centralization-related exploit may allow the privileged role to directly exploit. All risks which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Risk Type	Definition
Critical	These risks could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
Major 6	These risks are hard to exploit but very important to fix, they carry an elevated risk of smart contract manipulation, which can lead to high-risk severity.
Medium #	These risks should be fixed, as they carry an inherent risk of future exploits, and hacks which may or may not impact the smart contract execution. Low-risk reentrancy-related vulnerabilities should be fixed to deterexploits.
Minor 🗭	These risks do not pose a considerable risk to the contract or those who interact with it. They are code-style violations and deviations from standard practices. They should be highlighted and fixed nonetheless.
Unknown 🗩	These risks pose uncertain severity to the contract or those who interact with it. They should be fixed immediately to mitigate the riskuncertainty.

All statuses which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Status Type	Definition
Open	Risks are open.
Acknowledged	Risks are acknowledged, but not fixed.
Resolved	Risks are acknowledged and fixed.





#### CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES

Centralization risk is the most common cause of cryptography asset loss. When a smart contract has a privileged role, the risk related to centralization is elevated.

There are some well-intended reasons have privileged roles, such as:

- Privileged roles can be granted the power to pause() the contract in case of an external attack.
- Privileged roles can use functions like, include(), and exclude() to add or remove wallets from fees,
   swap checks, and transaction limits. This is useful to run a presale and to list on an exchange.

Authorizing privileged roles to externally-owned-account (EOA) is dangerous. Lately, centralization-related losses are increasing in frequency and magnitude.

- The client can lower centralization-related risks by implementing below mentioned practices:
- Privileged role's private key must be carefully secured to avoid any potential hack.
- Privileged role should be shared by multi-signature (multi-sig) wallets.
- Authorized privilege can be locked in a contract, user voting, or community DAO can be introduced to unlock the privilege.
- Renouncing the contract ownership, and privileged roles.
- Remove functions with elevated centralization risk.
- Understand the project's initial asset distribution. Assets in the liquidity pair should be locked.

  Assets outside the liquidity pair should be locked with a release schedule.





#### **AUTOMATED ANALYSIS**

Symbol	Definition
<u> </u>	Function modifies state
#	Function is payable
Şì	Function is internal
8	Function is private
	Function is important

```
| **REDTOKEN** | Interface | ||| | |
| L | totalSupply | External [ | NO[ |
| L | decimals | External | | | NO | |
| L | symbol | External 🎚 | | NO 🖟 |
| L | getOwner | External [ | NO[ |
| L | balanceOf | External | |
                               INO I
| L | transfer | External | | "
                            ■ INOI I
| L | allowance | External [ |
                               INO[ ]
| L | approve | External 🏿 | "
                               INO] I
| L | transferFrom | External | | " | NO | |
111111
| **IFactoryV2** | Interface | | | |
| L | getPair | External | |
                              [NO]
| L | createPair | External [ | "
                                  INO] I
ШШ
| **IV2Pair** | Interface | | | | | |
| L | factory | External [ | NO[ |
| L | getReserves | External [ | | NO[ |
| L | sync | External | | " | NO | |
```





```
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **IRouter01** | Interface | | | |
| L | factory | External | |
                                INO] I
| L | addLiquidityETH| External [ | # |NO[ | | | | | | | | | | |
| L | addLiquidity | External | | " | NO | |
| L | swapExactETHorTokens | External | | # |NO|| |
| L | getAmountsOut | External | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L | getAmountsIn | External | | NO| |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **IRouter02** | Interface | IRouter01 |||
L | swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | "
                                                                              INO] I
L | swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | # |NO| |
| L | swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | "
                                                                             ■ INOI I
| L | swapExactTokensForTokens | External | | " | NO | |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **Protections** | Interface | | | |
| L | checkUser | External | | "
      | L | setLaunch | External | | " | NO | |
| L | setLpPair
                    | External | | " | | | | | | | | |
| L | RED
                     | External | | " | NO | |
| L | removeSniper | External | | " | NO | |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **Cashier** | Interface | | | |
| L | setRewardsProperties | External | | "
                                               INOI
| L | tally
            | External | | " | NO | |
| L | load
           | External | | # |NO|| | |
| L | cashout | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | giveMeWelfarePlease | External | | " | NO | |
| L | getTotalDistributed | External | | NO | |
| L | getUserInfo | External | | NO | |
| L | getUserRealizedRewards | External | |
                                                INOI
```





```
| L | getPendingRewards | External | | NO | |
| L | initialize | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | getCurrentReward | External | | NO| |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **SOL** | Implementation | SafeMath ||| | |
| L | <Constructor> | Public | | # |NO| |
| L | transferOwner | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | renounceOwnership | External | | " | NO!
| L | setOperator | Public [ | "
                                INO] |
| L | renounceOriginalDeployer | External | | "
                                               INOI
| L | <Receive ETH> | External | | # |NO|| |
| L | totalSupply | External | | NO| |
| L | decimals | External | | NO| |
| L | name | External | | NO | |
                              INO] I
| L | getOwner | External | |
                             INO I
| L | balanceOf | Public | |
                               INO] I
| L | allowance | External [ |
                              INOI
| L | approve | External | | "
| L | approve | Internal $ | " 🔒
| L | transfer | External | | " | NO | |
| L | transferFrom | External | | " | NO | |
| L | setNewRouter | External [ | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setLpPair | External [ | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setInitializers | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | isExcludedFromFees | External | | NO| |
| L | isExcludedFromDividends | External | | NO | |
| L | isExcludedFromProtection | External | | NO| |
                        | Public | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setDividendExcluded
| L | setExcludedFromFees
                        | Public 🛛 | "
                                       | onlyOwner |
```





#### **BTV-01 POSSIBLE OVERFLOW**

Category	Severity •	Location	Status
Suboptimal	Minor	Contract/code/REDTOKEN	Acknowledged

### **Description**

In **updateForToken**, the following equation is used inside an unchecked block

```
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
    require(account != address(0),

    _beforeTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);

    uint256 accountBalance = _balances[account];
    require(accountBalance >= amount,);
    unchecked {
        _balances[account] = accountBalance - amount;
    }
    _totalSupply -= amount;
}
```

Where parameters. Block **Token** Out Used is a this and override In is a this. As these two are multiplied together in an unchecked block, they may overflow.

#### Recommendation

We recommend either checking for overflow in this case, or ensuring that the PairsIn is close enough it will never causean overflow





#### **BST-02 POSSIBLE OVERFLOW**

Category	Severity •	Location	Status
Status Mathematical Operations	Minor	Contract/code/REDTOKEN	Acknowledged

#### **Description**

In **updateForMinter**, the following equation is used inside an unchecked block

```
function rebase(uint256 epoch, int256 supplyDelta)
    external
    onlyMonetaryPolicy
    whenRebaseNotPaused
    returns (uint256)
{
    if (supplyDelta == 0) {
        emit LogRebase(epoch, _totalSupply);
        return _totalSupply;
    }
}
```

Minter can not issue more **RED** tokens indefinitely.

Note that as of the date of publishing, the above review reflects the current understanding of known security patterns as they relate to the **RED** contract.

#### Recommendation

We recommend either checking for overflow in this case, or ensuring that the PairsIn is close enough it will never cause an overflow.





#### **FZT-03 POSSIBLE OVERFLOW**

Category	Severity •	Location	Status
Inconsistency	Informational	Contract/code/REDTOKEN	Acknowledged

#### **Description**

In **updateForaddress**, the following equation is used inside an unchecked block

```
function _transferOwnership(address newOwner) internal {
    require(newOwner != address(0));
    emit OwnershipTransferred(_owner, newOwner);
    _owner = newOwner;
}
```

The function address () does not have the override specifier. It should be noted that since price0 > a function that overrides only a single interface function does not require the override specifier (see doc). However, all other instances of this in the code base contain the override specifier.

#### Recommendation

We recommend either checking for overflow in this case, or ensuring that the PairsIn is close enough it will never cause an overflow.





# OPTIMIZATIONS | REDTOKEN

ID	Title	Category	Status
RTV	Logarithm Refinement Optimization	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged
ROP	Checks Can Be Performed Earlier	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
RDP	Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
RWY	Struct Optimization	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
RGT	Unused State Variable	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •





#### **General Detectors**

Public Functions Should be Declared External

Some functions in this contract should be declared as external in order to save gas.



# 🕕 Missing Zero Address Validation

Some functions in this contract may not appropriately check for zero addresses being used.



- No compiler version inconsistencies found
- No unchecked call responses found
- No vulnerable self-destruct functions found
- No assertion vulnerabilities found
- No old solidity code found
- No external delegated calls found
- No external call dependency found
- No vulnerable authentication calls found
- No invalid character typos found
- No RTL characters found
- No dead code found
- No risky data allocation found
- No uninitialized state variables found
- No uninitialized storage variables found
- No vulnerable initialization functions found
- No risky data handling found
- No number accuracy bug found
- No out-of-range number vulnerability found
- No map data deletion vulnerabilities found

- No tautologies or contradictions found
- No faulty true/false values found
- No innacurate divisions found
- No redundant constructor calls found
- No vulnerable transfers found
- No vulnerable return values found
- No uninitialized local variables found
- No default function responses found
- No missing arithmetic events found
- No missing access control events found
- No redundant true/false comparisons found
- No state variables vulnerable through function calls found
- No buggy low-level calls found
- No expensive loops found
- No bad numeric notation practices found
- No missing constant declarations found
- No missing external function declarations found
- No vulnerable payable functions found
- No vulnerable message values found





#### **Vulnerability Scan**

#### REENTRANCY

No reentrancy risk found

Severity Minor

Confidence Parameter Certain

# Vulnerability Description

Not Mintable: A large amount of this token can not be minted by a private wallet or contract.

# Scanning Line:

```
function rebase(uint256 epoch, int256 supplyDelta)
        external
        onlyMonetaryPolicy
        whenRebaseNotPaused
        returns (uint256)
        if (supplyDelta == 0) {
            emit LogRebase(epoch, _totalSupply);
            return _totalSupply;
        if (supplyDelta < 0) {</pre>
            _totalSupply =
totalSupply.sub(uint256(supplyDelta.abs()));
       } else {
            _totalSupply =
_totalSupply.add(uint256(supplyDelta));
        if (_totalSupply > MAX_SUPPLY) {
           _totalSupply = MAX_SUPPLY;
```





### **Contract Owner Address:**

https://etherscan.io/address/0x7017f11e1f6b1a690da56ad439a16930a1159d90

**Audited Files** 

**REDTOKEN.SOL** 

**Contracts:** 

Contract:

REDTOKEN::0xE1240ac7Bb51333510cbF37efD678cA46137f84B





#### **Vulnerability Run check**

#### RED / RED

13/10/2023 10:40 PM UTC+8

#### **Contract Info**

Total supply

Transaction Tax

Dex 1

Dex 2

750460.2689607254 Buy 0.00% / Sell 0.00% UniswapV2 UniswapV3

#### Risk Analysis

#### Contract source code verified

This token contract is open source. You can check the contract code for details. Unsourced token contracts are likely to have malicious functions to defraud their users of their assets.

#### No mint function

Mint function is transparent or non-existent. Hidden mint functions may increase the amount of tokens in circulation and effect the price of the

#### Owner cant change balance

The contract owner does not have the authority to modify the balance of tokens at other addresses.

#### Honeypot Risk

This does not appear to be a honeypot

We are not aware of any code that prevents the sale of tokens.

#### No Anti Whale

There is no limit to the number of token transactions. The number of scam token transactions may be limited (honeypot risk).

No whitelist function

Whitelist function found

#### No Proxy

There is no proxy in the contract. The proxy contract means contract owner can modify the function of the token and possibly effect the price.

#### No function to retrieve ownership

If this function exists, it is possible for the project owner to regain ownership even after relinquishing it.



#### ☑ No trading cooldown

The token contract has no trading cooldown function. If there is a trading cooldown function, the user will not be able to sell the token within a certain time or block after buying.

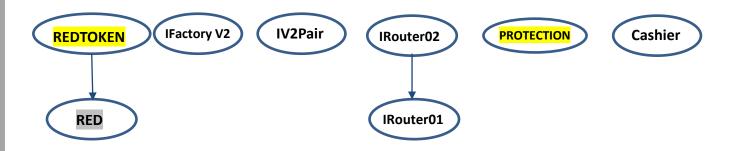
#### No blacklist function

No blacklist function is included.





#### **INHERITANCE GRAPH**





Vulnerability 0 : No important security issue detected.

Threat level: Low





#### MANUAL REVIEW

Red Token: embodies Ryoshi's vision for a decentralized world, countering the profitdriven era's concentration of power. Rooted in the Shiba community, we champion decentralization and self-sustainability, uniting supporters from all walks of life in a common purpose: restoring the spirit of true decentralization for a brighter, fairer future. Join us on this promising journey.

**TOKEN NAME: REDTOKEN** 

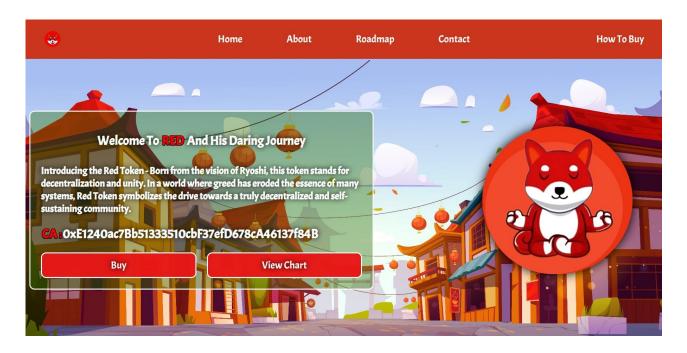
Ticker: RED

**Chain/Standard:** Ethereum Network

**LAUNGUGE: Solidity** 



#### The REDTOKEN Platform Is Launched On the Ethereum Network









# issues checking status

**Issue Description Checking Status** 

1.	Compiler errors.	PASSED
2.	Race Conditions and reentrancy. Cross-Function Race Conditions.	PASSED
3.	Possible Delay In Data Delivery.	PASSED
4.	Oracle calls.	PASSED
5.	Front Running.	PASSED
6.	SOL Dependency.	PASSED
7.	Integer Overflow And Underflow.	PASSED
8.	DoS with Revert.	PASSED
9.	Dos With Block Gas Limit.	PASSED
10.	Methods execution permissions.	PASSED
11.	Economy Model of the contract.	PASSED
12.	The Impact Of Exchange Rate On the sol Logic.	PASSED
13.	Private use data leaks.	PASSED
14.	Malicious Event log.	PASSED
15.	Scoping and Declarations.	PASSED
16.	Uhinitialized storage pointers.	PASSED
17.	Arithmetic accuracy.	PASSED
18.	Design Logic.	PASSED
19.	Cross-Function race Conditions	PASSED
20.	Save Upon Move contract Implementation and Usage.	PASSED
21.	Fallback Function Security	PASSED





Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-02	Initial asset distribution	Minor 🌑

```
function initialize(address owner_) public initializer {
     ERC20Detailed.initialize("RED", "RED", uint8(DECIMALS));
     Ownable.initialize(owner );
```

### **Description:**

Floating point calculations can vary across different architectures.

### **Alleviation:**

This exhibit was acknowledged and ultimately discarded by the **REDTOKEN** team due to low severity. We consider the exhibit fully attended to as it doesn't impose any meaningful security concerns.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Project stakeholders should be consulted during the initial asset distribution process.





#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Deployer and/or contract owner private keys are secured carefully.

Please refer to PAGE-09 CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES for a detailed understanding.

#### **ALLEVIATION**

The REDTOKEN project team understands the centralization risk. Some functions are provided privileged access to ensure a good runtime behavior in the project





Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-10	Third Party Dependencies	Minor 🏐

Smart contract is interacting with third party protocols e.g., Pancakeswap router, cashier contract, protections contract. The scope of the audit treats third party entities as black boxes and assumes their functional correctness. However, in the real world, third parties can be compromised, and exploited. Moreover, upgrades in third parties can create severe impacts, e.g., increased transactional fees, deprecation of previous routers, etc.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Inspect and validate third party dependencies regularly, and mitigate severe impacts whenever necessary.





# **CERTIFICATE BY VITAL BLOCK SECURITY**









#### **DISCLAIMERS**

Vital Block provides the easy-to-understand audit of Solidity, Move and Raw source codes (commonly known as smart contracts).

The smart contract for this particular audit was analyzed for common contract vulnerabilities, and centralization exploits. This audit report makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. This audit report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the smart contract analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the client's business, business model or legal compliance. This audit report does not extend to the compiler layer, any other areas beyond the programming language, or other programming aspects that could present security risks. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies, they carry high levels of technical risks and uncertainty. You agree that your access and/or use, including but not limited to any services, reports, and materials, will be at your sole risk on an as-is, where-is, and as-available basis. This audit report could include false positives, false negatives, and other unpredictable results.

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Ethereum, Binance, Cronos, Doge, Polygon, Avalanche, Metis, Fantom, Bitcoin Cash, Aptos, Oasis, etc.

Vital Block is Dedicated to Making Defi & Web3 A Safer Place. We are Powered by Security engineers,

developers, Ul experts, and blockchain enthusiasts. Our team currently consists of 5 core members, and

4+ casual contributors.

Website: https://Vitalblock.org

Email: info@vitalblock.org

GitHub: https://github.com/vital-block

Telegram (Engineering): https://t.me/vital\_block

Telegram (Onboarding): https://t.me/vitalblock\_cmo











