

## **Security Assessment**

## **ARBITRUM EXCHANCE**

Vital Block Verified on March 17th, 2023



**WB\_Audit** 

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## **INTRODUCTION**

Auditing Firm	VITAL BLOCK SECURITY
Client Firm	ABITRUM EXCHANGE
Methodology	Automated Analysis, Manual Code Review
Language	Solidity
Contract's	ARXToken: 0xD5954c3084a1cCd70B4dA011E67760B8e78aeE84  DummyToken: 0x5DD7cB04Ed941F6919aB42519F13662323a16e24  (Used when initializing ARXPool)  Masterchef: 0xeb51F3346626CBB79c1b839C83Bf008cFc713231  Router: 0x3E48298A5Fe88E4d62985DFf65Dee39a25914975  Factory: 0x1C6E968f2E6c9DEC61DB874E28589fd5CE3E1f2c  ARXPool: 0x20B09797128c189A940fAE69af6fC6D002F576B7  ArbiFlexPool: 0x4c56a8A55b946f4Eef20C1cfe661f18f7Ff1BCBD  SmartChefFactory: 0x086CdB9aA631270F4d14E9360735eeE86c6505e9  EamWBTC: 0x907E5d334F27a769EF779358089fE5fdAA6cf2Bb  EamWETH: 0x75Bca51be93E97FF7D3198506f368b472730265a
Blockchain	Eam USDC: 0x466f4380327cD948572AE0C98f2E04930ce05767  ARBITRUM
Centralization	Active ownership
Website	https://arbidex.fi
Discord	https://discord.gg/arbitrumexchange
Twitter	https://twitter.com/Arbidex_fi
GitHub	https://github.com/fractalityy/ArbiDex/tree/master
Prelim Report Date	MARCH 16, 2023
Final Report Date	MARCH 17, 2023







## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Vital Block Security has performed the automated and manual analysis of the Sol code. The code was reviewed for common contract vulnerabilities and centralized exploits. Here's a quick audit summary:

Status	Critical !	Major " 🔴	Medium #	Minor \$	Unknown %
Open	0	0	0	2	0
Acknowledged	0	0	1	5	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0
Noteworty onlyOwner Privileges  Set Taxes and Ratios, Airdrop, Set Protection Settings, Set Reward Properties Set Reflector Settings, Set Swap Settings, Set Pair and Router					ard Properties,

ARBITRUM EXCHANGE Smart contract has achieved the following score: 98.5



Please note that smart contracts deployed on blockchains aren't resistant to exploits, vulnerabilities and/or hacks. Blockchain and cryptography assets utilize new and emerging technologies. These technologies present a high level of ongoing risks. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and audit limitations, kindly review the audit report thoroughly.

Please note that centralization privileges regardless of their inherited risk status - constitute an elevated impact on smart contract safety and security.





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## **SCOPE OF WORK**

Vital Block was consulted by ABITRUM EXCHANGE to conduct the smart contract audit of its. Sol source code. The audit scope of work is strictly limited to mentioned .SOL file only:

o ARBDEX TOKEN.Sol

**External contracts and/or interfaces dependencies are not checked due to being out of scope.** 

Verify audited contract's contract address and deployed link below:

### **Public Contract Link**

## ARX: 0xD5954c3084a1cCd70B4dA011E67760B8e78aeE84

Contract Name	ArbiDex Token
Token Symbol	ARX
Total Supply	171,720
Decimals	18





## **AUDIT METHODOLOGY**

Smart contract audits are conducted using a set of standards and procedures. Mutual collaboration is essential to performing an effective smart contract audit. Here's a brief overview of Vital Block auditing process and methodology:

#### CONNECT

 The onboarding team gathers source codes, and specifications to make sure we understand the size, and scope of the smart contract audit.

#### **AUDIT**

- Automated analysis is performed to identify common contract vulnerabilities. We may use the
   following third-party frameworks and dependencies to perform the automated analysis:
  - Remix IDE Developer Tool
  - Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
  - SWC Vulnerabilities Registry
  - DEX Dependencies, e.g., Pancakeswap, Uniswap
- Simulations are performed to identify centralized exploits causing contract and/or trade locks.
- A manual line-by-line analysis is performed to identify contract issues and centralized privileges.
   We may inspect below mentioned common contract vulnerabilities, and centralized exploits:

	<ul> <li>Token Supply Manipulation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Access Control and Authorization</li> </ul>
	Assets Manipulation
Centralized Exploits	Ownership Control
ocitianzoa Exploto	o Liquidity Access
	○ Stop and Pause Trading
	<ul> <li>Ownable Library Verification</li> </ul>





Integer Overflow

Lack of Arbitrary limits

Incorrect Inheritance Order

Typographical Errors

Requirement Violation

Gas Optimization

Coding Style Violations

Re-entrancy

Third-Party Dependencies

Potential Sandwich Attacks

Irrelevant Codes

Divide before multiply

Conformance to Solidity Naming Guides

Compiler Specific Warnings

Language Specific Warnings

#### **REPORT**

**Common Contract Vulnerabilities** 

- The auditing team provides a preliminary report specifying all the checks which have been performed and the findings thereof.
- o The client's development team reviews the report and makes amendments to the codes.
- The auditing team provides the final comprehensive report with open and unresolved issues.

#### **PUBLISH**

o The client may use the audit report internally or disclose it publicly.

It is important to note that there is no pass or fail in the audit, it is recommended to view the audit

as an unbiased assessment of the safety of solidity codes.





## **RISK CATEGORIES**

Smart contracts are generally designed to hold, approve, and transfer tokens. This makes them very tempting attack targets. A successful external attack may allow the external attacker to directly exploit. A successful centralization-related exploit may allow the privileged role to directly exploit. All risks which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Risk Type	Definition
Critical :	These risks could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
Major "	These risks are hard to exploit but very important to fix, they carry an elevated risk of smart contract manipulation, which can lead to high-risk severity.
Medium #	These risks should be fixed, as they carry an inherent risk of future exploits, and hacks which may or may not impact the smart contract execution. Low-risk reentrancy-related vulnerabilities should be fixed to deterexploits.
Minor \$	These risks do not pose a considerable risk to the contract or those who interact with it. They are code-style violations and deviations from standard practices. They should be highlighted and fixed nonetheless.
Unknown %	These risks pose uncertain severity to the contract or those who interact with it. They should be fixed immediately to mitigate the riskuncertainty.

All statuses which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Status Type	Definition
Open	Risks are open.
Acknowledged	Risks are acknowledged, but not fixed.
Resolved	Risks are acknowledged and fixed.





## CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES

Centralization risk is the most common cause of cryptography asset loss. When a smart contract has a privileged role, the risk related to centralization is elevated.

There are some well-intended reasons have privileged roles, such as:

- o Privileged roles can be granted the power to pause()the contract in case of an external attack.
- Privileged roles can use functions like, include(), and exclude() to add or remove wallets from fees,
   swap checks, and transaction limits. This is useful to run a presale and to list on an exchange.

Authorizing privileged roles to externally-owned-account (EOA) is dangerous. Lately, centralization-related losses are increasing in frequency and magnitude.

- o The client can lower centralization-related risks by implementing below mentioned practices:
- Privileged role's private key must be carefully secured to avoid any potential hack.
- Privileged role should be shared by multi-signature (multi-sig) wallets.
- Authorized privilege can be locked in a contract, user voting, or community DAO can be introduced to unlock the privilege.
- o Renouncing the contract ownership, and privileged roles.
- Remove functions with elevated centralization risk.
- Understand the project's initial asset distribution. Assets in the liquidity pair should be locked.

  Assets outside the liquidity pair should be locked with a release schedule.





# AUDIT SCOPE ARBITRUM EXCHANGE

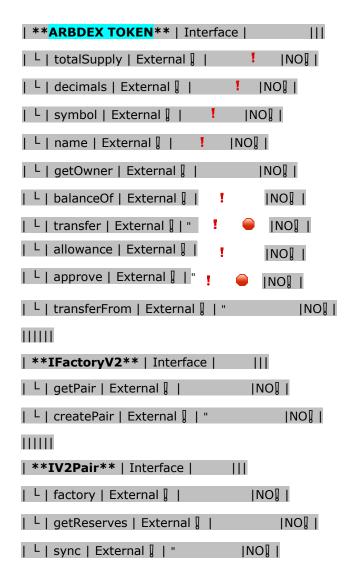
ID	Repo	Comment	File	SHM321 Checksum
ABY	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ARXFlexiblepool.sol	6788099YIRHVSK853PKFMGHEF44 309200KDHFCBUGIJN
ABI	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ARXPool.sol	347520JHDB7549H22H3BVDIOETY UHF009JBIKBDI33BJ4
ABW	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ARXToken.sol	1988Y73HUGFDINN353840NFMTE JER73649RGFIMDIDH
ABG	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	MasterChefV2.sol	4438648TEOHBF6378309EHROEC NEPOEJDNETE8EYEU3
ABL	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	Factory.sol	66390028765RVNKDBYFTGW 553T2KOEHIUUJJIJE
ABA	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	Router.sol	09825539BDYG543DVNKOMIKEBY R JUFHHFHJFIE333222
ABJ	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ArxTokenV2ABI,json	8654RJVT3DWI865YK264379 03JJDGGDHGWY6E
ABE	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	MasterChefv2.sol	7763888636TGYGFFTFHBETT 66TFTCTVYBHBYT
ABP	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	Zapper.sol	88530486494YRHFTEICBGEIEGWT WYWUHEJEHEIE33U3
ABM	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ArxTokenV2ABI.json	1209873KHJLKJNFJHGE987639900 29774BCUHHDUU239
ABV	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ARXPoolABI.json	23456UGFYUHE98756EFHJHE7654 ESDFGHGERTYUJ3897
ABQ	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	Presale.sol	37889UHBIONEO7TYRDFGVBN567 8939IJWSFVDYUHDCI
ABS	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512486	ArbDexPairABI.json	678903098TFHJKFCPOIUGFGHJKE9 865ERGBEIVBHE8767
ABR	contracts/fractality/Arbidex	cC512480	SmartChefInitializableABI.js on	98765SDFGBNFCOI56789UIYHGGH EJDIUYTRDCVBN3459





## **AUTOMATED ANALYSIS**

Symbol	Definition
•	Function modifies state
<b>#</b>	Function is payable
Ş	Function is internal
8	Function is private
	Function is important







```
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **IRouter01** | Interface | | | | | | |
| L | factory | External | | NO | |
| L | addLiquidityETH | External | | # |NO|| |
| L | addLiquidity | External | | " | NO | |
| L | swapExactAPTForTokens | External | | # |NO|| |
I IONI
| L | getAmountsIn | External | |
                                   I DONI
ШШ
| **IRouter02** | Interface | IRouter01 |||
L | swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | "
                                                                         INO] I
L | swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | # |NO| |
| L | swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | "
                                                                         ■ INOI I
| L | swapExactTokensForTokens | External | | " | NO | |
| **Protections** | Interface | | | |
| L | checkUser | External | | "
                              ■ INOI I
| L | setLaunch | External [ | "
                              ONI 
| L | setLpPair | External [ | " |
                              ■ INOI I
| L | ARX
                    | External | | " | NO | |
| L | removeSniper | External | | " | NO | |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **Cashier** | Interface | | | |
| L | setRewardsProperties | External [ | "
                                            INOI
| L | tally
           | External | | " | NO | |
| L | load
          | External | | # |NO|| | |
| L | cashout | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | giveMeWelfarePlease | External | | " | NO | |
| L | getTotalDistributed | External | | NO | |
| L | getUserInfo | External | | NO | |
| L | getUserRealizedRewards | External | |
                                             INOI
```





```
| L | getPendingRewards | External | | NO | |
| L | initialize | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | getCurrentReward | External | | NO| |
\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
| **SOL** | Implementation | SafeMath ||| | |
| L | <Constructor> | Public | | # |NO| |
| L | transferOwner | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | renounceOwnership | External | | " | NO!
| L | setOperator | Public [ | " | NO[ |
| L | renounceOriginalDeployer | External | | "
                                              INOI
| L | <Receive Ether> | External [ | # |NO[ | |
| L | totalSupply | External [ | | NO[ |
| L | decimals | External | | NO | |
| L | name | External | | NO | |
                              INO] I
| L | getOwner | External ] |
                             INOI
| L | balanceOf | Public | |
                               INO] I
| L | allowance | External [ |
                           ON I
| L | approve | External | | "
| L | approve | Internal $ | " | | | |
| L | transfer | External | | " | NO | |
| L | transferFrom | External [ | " | NO[ |
| L | setNewRouter | External [ | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setLpPair | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setInitializers | External | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | isExcludedFromFees | External | | NO| |
| L | isExcludedFromDividends | External | | NO | |
| L | isExcludedFromProtection | External | | NO | |
| L | setDividendExcluded
                        | Public | | " | onlyOwner |
| L | setExcludedFromFees
                        | Public | | " | onlyOwner |
```





# OPTIMIZATIONS ARBITRUM EXCHANGE

ID	Title	Category	Status
STV	Logarithm Refinement Optimization	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged
SOP	Checks Can Be Performed Earlier	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
SDP	Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
SWY	Struct Optimization	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •
SGT	Unused State Variable	Gas Optimization	Acknowledged •





## **General Detectors**

🕕 Floating Pragma

This contract may not function as expected due to inconsistent solidity compiler versions being specified

Low Level Calls

This contract uses low-level calls, which may be unsafe.

## Numeric Notation Best Practices

The numeric notation used in this contract is unconventional, possibly worsening the reading/debugging experience







- No compiler version inconsistencies found
- No unchecked call responses found
- No vulnerable self-destruct functions found
- No assertion vulnerabilities found
- No old solidity code found
- No external delegated calls found
- No external call dependency found
- No vulnerable authentication calls found
- No invalid character typos found
- No RTL characters found
- No dead code found
- No risky data allocation found
- No uninitialized state variables found
- No uninitialized storage variables found
- No vulnerable initialization functions found
- No risky data handling found
- No number accuracy bug found
- No out-of-range number vulnerability found
- No map data deletion vulnerabilities found

- No tautologies or contradictions found
- No faulty true/false values found
- No innacurate divisions found
- No redundant constructor calls found
- No vulnerable transfers found
- No vulnerable return values found
- No uninitialized local variables found
- No default function responses found
- No missing arithmetic events found
- No missing access control events found
- No redundant true/false comparisons found
- No state variables vulnerable through function calls found
- No buggy low-level calls found
- No expensive loops found
- ✓ No bad numeric notation practices found
- ✓ No missing constant declarations found
- No missing external function declarations found
- No vulnerable payable functions found
- No vulnerable message values found





## **Vulnerability Scan**

#### **REENTRANCY**

✓ No reentrancy risk found

Severity Major

Confidence Parameter Certain

# Vulnerability **Description**

Mintable: More amount of this token can be minted by a private wallet or contract. (This is Essentially normal for most contracts)

# Scanning Line:

```
unction _functionCallWithValue(
       address target,
       bytes memory data,
       uint256 weiValue,
       string memory errorMessage
   ) private returns (bytes memory) {
       require(isContract(target), 'Address: call to non-contract');
       (bool success, bytes memory returndata) = target.call{value:
weiValue}(data);
       if (success) {
            return returndata;
        } else {
            // Look for revert reason and bubble it up if present
            if (returndata.length > 0) {
                // The easiest way to bubble
                // solhint-disable-next-line no-inline-assembly
               assembly {
                    let returndata_size := mload(returndata)
                   revert(add(32, returndata), returndata size)
```





## **Repository:**

**ARX Token.sol** 

https://github.com/fractalityy/ArbiDex/tree/master

All Audited Files

Dummy Token.sol
Masterchef.sol
Router.sol
Factory.sol
ARXPool.sol
ArbiFlexPool.spl
SmartChefFactory.sol
Earn WBTC.sol
Earn WETH.sol
Earn USDC.sol

**Contract Creator** 

0x2084e8ecdca037e4751a8ead62ebd324425ff3f8

**Creator Tnx Hash** 

0xfbddc1ad558290ae471dc975143bdc4ee3681eb2611e5943f45e5d9c45f0ec14

**Contracts:** 

Contract:

ARX Token: 0xD5954c3084a1cCd70B4dA011E67760B8e78aeE84
Dummy Token: 0x5DD7cB04Ed941F6919aB42519F13662323a16e2

(Used when initializing ARXPool)

Masterchef: 0xeb51F3346626CBB79c1b839C83Bf008cFc713231

Router: 0x3E48298A5Fe88E4d62985DFf65Dee39a25914975

Factory: 0x1C6E968f2E6c9DEC61DB874E28589fd5CE3E1f2c

ArbiFlexPool: 0x4c56a8A55b946f4Eef20C1cfe661f18f7Ff1BCBD

SmartChefFactory: 0x086CdB9aA631270F4d14E9360735eeE86c6505e9

Earn WBTC: 0x907E5d334F27a769EF779358089fE5fdAA6cf2Bb Earn WETH: 0x75Bca51be93E97FF7D3198506f368b472730265a Earn USDC: 0x466f4380327cD948572AE0C98f2E04930ce05767



## **Vulnerability Run check**

#### ArbiDex Token / ARX

17/03/2023 06:10 AM UTC+8

#### **Contract Info**

Total supply **Transaction Tax** 

## Buy 0.00% / Sell 0.00%

There is no proxy in the contract.

owner can modify the function of

the token and possibly effect the

If this function exists, it is possible

ownership even after relinquishing

for the project owner to regain

price.

The proxy contract means contract

155096

#### Risk Analysis

This token contract is open source. You can check the contract code for details. Unsourced token contracts are likely to have malicious functions to defraud their users of their assets.

#### Mint function

The contract may contain additional issuance functions, which could maybe generate a large number of tokens, resulting in significant fluctuations in token prices. It is recommended to confirm with the project team whether it complies with the token issuance instructions.

#### Owner cant change balance

The contract owner does not have the authority to modify the balance

of tokens at other addresses.

#### Honeypot Risk

This does not appear to be a

We are not aware of any code that prevents the sale of tokens.

#### No Anti Whale

There is no limit to the number of token transactions. The number of scam token transactions may be limited (honeypot risk).

Whitelist function found

### Holders

Holder count 73 0xe8...f53f 60000.80 (38.69%) Ē 0x94...2486 10866.95 (7.01%) 0xd3...3122 9012.90 (5.81%) 0xdf...9a9b 7570.99 (4.88%) 0xc9...07f6 6485.63 (4.18%) 6250.00 (4.03%) 0xf0...7d9f 5895.76 (3.80%) 0x2e...308e 0x28...6775 5718.70 (3.69%) 0x98...edbe 5410.88 (3.49%) 0x9a...87a4 4444.44 (2.87%)

#### Creator OWNERSHIP NOT RENOUNCED

0x20...f3f8 0.00 (0.00%)

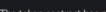
#### Owner

0x20...f3f8 0.00 (0.00%)

#### **Liquidity Pool**

### No whitelist function

Whitelist function found



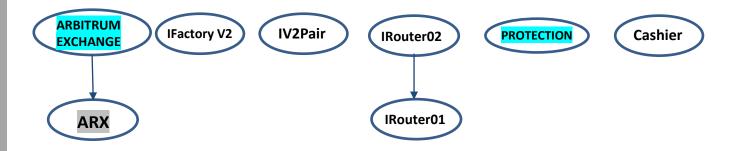
The token contract has no trading cooldown function.If there is a trading cooldown function, the user will not be able to sell the token within a certain time or block after

No blacklist function is included.





## **INHERITANCE GRAPH**



Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-12	Centralization privileges of ARBITRUM EXCHANGE	Medium # 🛑

Vulnerability 0 : No important security issue detected.

Threat level: Low





## **MANUAL REVIEW**

**ARBITRUM EXCHANGE:** ARBDEX IS THE MOST SECURE COMMUNITY-DRIVEN REWARDING DEX ON ARBITRUM NETWORK.

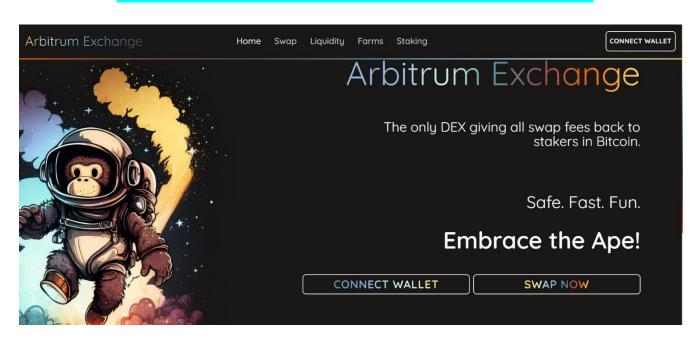
**TOKEN NAME: ARBDEX TOKEN** 

Ticker: ARX

Chain/Standard: ARBITRUM BLOCKCHAIN



## The ARBITRUM EXCHANGE Platform Is Launched On Arbitrum









# issues checking status

**Issue Description Checking Status** 

1.	Compiler errors.	PASSED
2.	Race Conditions and reentrancy. Cross-Function Race Conditions.	PASSED
3.	Possible Delay In Data Delivery.	PASSED
4.	Oracle calls.	PASSED
5.	Front Running.	PASSED
6.	Sol Dependency.	PASSED
7.	Integer Overflow And Underflow.	PASSED
8.	DoS with Revert.	PASSED
9.	Dos With Block Gas Limit.	PASSED
10.	Methods execution permissions.	PASSED
11.	Economy Model of the contract.	PASSED
12.	The Impact Of Exchange Rate On the solidity Logic.	PASSED
13.	Private use data leaks.	PASSED
14.	Malicious Event log.	PASSED
15.	Scoping and Declarations.	PASSED
16.	Uninitialized storage pointers.	PASSED
17.	Arithmetic accuracy.	PASSED
18.	Design Logic.	PASSED
19.	Cross-Function race Conditions	PASSED
20.	Save Upon solidity contract Implementation and Usage.	PASSED
21.	Fallback Function Security	PASSED





Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-02	Initial asset distribution	Minor 🌑

All of the initially minted assets are sent to the contract deployer when deploying the contract. This is Normal for most deployer and/or contract owner.

```
function functionCallWithValue(
    address target,
    bytes memory data,
    uint256 value,
    string memory errorMessage
) internal returns (bytes memory) {
    require(address(this).balance >= value, 'Address: insufficient balance for call');
    return _functionCallWithValue(target, data, value, errorMessage);
```

## **RECOMMENDATION**

Project stakeholders should be consulted during the initial asset distribution process.





### **RECOMMENDATION**

Deployer and/or contract owner private keys are secured carefully.

Please refer to PAGE-09 CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES for a detailed understanding.

## **ALLEVIATION**

The ARBITRUM EXCHANGE project team understands the centralization risk. Some functions are provided privileged access to ensure a good runtime behavior in the project





Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-10	Third Party Dependencies	Minor 🏐

Smart contract is interacting with third party protocols e.g., Pancakeswap router, cashier contract, protections contract. The scope of the audit treats third party entities as black boxes and assumes their functional correctness. However, in the real world, third parties can be compromised, and exploited. Moreover, upgrades in third parties can create severe impacts, e.g., increased transactional fees, deprecation of previous routers, etc.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Inspect and validate third party dependencies regularly, and mitigate severe impacts whenever necessary.





## **CERTIFICATE BY VITAL BLOCK SECURITY**









## **DISCLAIMERS**

Vital Block provides the easy-to-understand audit of Solidity, Move and Raw source codes (commonly known as smart contracts).

The smart contract for this particular audit was analyzed for common contract vulnerabilities, and centralization exploits. This audit report makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. This audit report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the smart contract analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the client's business, business model or legal compliance. This audit report does not extend to the compiler layer, any other areas beyond the programming language, or other programming aspects that could present security risks. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies, they carry high levels of technical risks and uncertainty. You agree that your access and/or use, including but not limited to any services, reports, and materials, will be at your sole risk on an as-is, where-is, and as-available basis. This audit report could include false positives, false negatives, and other unpredictable results.

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## **ABOUT VITAL BLOCK**

Vital Block provides intelligent blockchain Security Solutions. We provide solidity and Raw Code Review, testing, and auditing services. We have Partnered with 15+ Crypto Launchpads, audited 50+ smart contracts, and analyzed 200,000+ code lines. We have worked on major public blockchains e.g., Ethereum, Binance, Cronos, Doge, Polygon, Avalanche, Metis, Fantom, Bitcoin Cash, Aptos, Oasis, etc.

Vital Block is Dedicated to Making Defi & Web3 A Safer Place. We are Powered by Security engineers, developers, Ul experts, and blockchain enthusiasts. Our team currently consists of 5 core members, and 4+ casual contributors.

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