

Monte Carlo comparisons
VBSCAN Cost Action

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Abstract

Part I

Introduction

Part II

$$pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e jj$$

0.1 Input parameters

- Centre-of-mass energy of 13 TeV at the LHC.
- Parton distribution function (PDF): NNPDF-3.0 at NLO with $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118$ (we use it at both LO and NLO). The LHAPDF ID for this set is 260000.
- Flavour scheme: fixed $N_F = 5$ flavour scheme (no bottom quark appear in the final or initial state). This means that the bottom quark is considered massless.
- Photon induced are neglected (for now).
- Renormalisation scheme: complex-mass scheme if possible. If other schemes are used, we have to estimate the possible differences.
- Factorisation scheme: $\overline{\text{MS}}$ as for NNPDF.
- Scales: factorisation and renormalisation scale, [MP: $\mu_R = \mu_F = \mu$.

$$\mu = \sqrt{p_{T,j1} p_{T,j2}}, \quad (1)$$

where the jets are the tagging jets.]

- α : G_μ scheme with:

$$\alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\pi} G_\mu M_W^2 \left(1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad G_\mu = 1.16637 \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}. \quad (2)$$

The numerical value is: $\alpha = 7.555310522369 \times 10^{-3}$.

- Mass and width of the massive particles:

$$\begin{aligned} m_t &= 173.21 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_t &= 0 \text{ GeV}, \\ M_Z^{\text{OS}} &= 91.1876 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_Z^{\text{OS}} &= 2.4952 \text{ GeV}, \\ M_W^{\text{OS}} &= 80.385 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_W^{\text{OS}} &= 2.085 \text{ GeV}, \\ M_H &= 125.0 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_H &= 4.07 \times 10^{-3} \text{ GeV}. \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

The pole masses and widths entering the calculation are expressed in terms of the measured on-shell (OS) values for the W and Z bosons according to

$$M_V = M_V^{\text{OS}} / \sqrt{1 + (\Gamma_V^{\text{OS}} / M_V^{\text{OS}})^2}, \quad \Gamma_V = \Gamma_V^{\text{OS}} / \sqrt{1 + (\Gamma_V^{\text{OS}} / M_V^{\text{OS}})^2}. \quad (4)$$

Hence the numerical values are

$$\begin{aligned} M_Z &= 91.1534806191827 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_Z &= 2.494266378772824 \text{ GeV}, \\ M_W &= 80.3579736098775 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_W &= 2.084298998278219 \text{ GeV}. \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

- Experimental signature: two equally charged leptons, missing transverse energy and at least two jets.
- Clustering: QCD partons are clustered into jets using the anti- k_T algorithm with jet-resolution parameter $R = 0.4$. Photons from real radiation are recombined with the final-state quarks into jets or with the charged leptons into dressed leptons, in both cases via the anti- k_T algorithm and a resolution parameter $R = 0.1$ (this applies only when computing the EW corrections).
- Rapidity definition: $y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{E+p_z}{E-p_z}$ where E is the energy of the parton and p_z the component of its momentum along the beam axis.
- Distance definition:

$$\Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi_{ij})^2 + (\Delta y_{ij})^2}, \quad (6)$$

Contact person	Code	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$ $ s ^2/ t ^2/ u ^2$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$ interf.	Off-shell	NF QCD	EW corr. to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^5\alpha_s)$
A. Karlberg	POWHEG	t/u	No	Yes	No	No
M. Pellen	RECOLA + MoCANLO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
M. Rauch	VBFNLO	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
C. Schwan	BONSAY	t/u	No	Yes, virt. No	No	No
M. Zaro	MG5_AMC	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

Table 1: Summary of the different properties of the codes employed in the comparison.

with

$$\Delta\phi_{ij} = \begin{cases} |\phi_i - \phi_j| & \text{if } |\phi_i - \phi_j| < \pi \\ 2\pi - |\phi_i - \phi_j| & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

being the positive azimuthal-angle difference and $\Delta y_{ij} = |y_i - y_j|$ being the positive rapidity difference.

- Definition of the missing transverse energy: transverse momentum of the sum of the two neutrinos momenta.

- Cuts on the leptons:

$$p_{T,\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.5, \quad \Delta R_{\ell\ell} > 0.3. \quad (8)$$

- Missing energy cut:

$$E_{T,\text{miss}} = p_{T,\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV} \quad (9)$$

- Jet definition:

$$p_{T,j} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.5, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.3. \quad (10)$$

- Out of these 2/3 jets, the two hardest in pT (these are the tagging jets) are required to have:

$$m_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\Delta y_{jj}| > 2.5. \quad (11)$$

[MP: Now the $\Delta R_{j\ell}$ cut is simply in the jet definition, it is not a requirement to be fulfilled by all the jets as before.]

0.2 Codes

0.2.1 POWHEG: Alexander Karlberg

VBF approximation?

0.2.2 VBFNLO: Michael Rauch

VBF approximation

0.2.3 WHIZARD: Simon Brass, Jürgen Reuter, Pascal Stienemeier

Full matrix element

0.2.4 RECOLA +MOCANLO: Mathieu Pellen

Full matrix element

0.2.5 MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO: Marco Zaro

To be checked what is possible

0.2.6 BONSAI: Christopher Schwan

0.3 Observables

- Cross section within cuts.
- Distribution in the number of jets.
- Invariant mass of the two hardest jets (two tagged jets).
[0; 4 TeV] with bins of size 100 GeV (40 bins).
- [MP: p_{T,j_1,j_2,j_3} and y_{j_1,j_2,j_3} of the two tagged jets and also the third jet at NLO] (not their sum)
 p_{T,j_1,j_2} : [0; 1 TeV] with bins of size 25 GeV (40 bins).
[MP: p_{T,j_3} : [0; 1 TeV] with bins of size 10 GeV (100 bins).]
[MP: y_{j_1,j_2,j_3} : [-5; 5] with bins of size 0.5 (20 bins).]
- Invariant mass of the two charged leptons.
[0; 4 TeV] with bins of size 100 GeV (40 bins).
- Zeppenfeld variable for μ^+ , e^+ [MR: and j_3] :
 $z_x^* = |y_x - (y_{j_1} + y_{j_2}) / 2| / |\Delta y_{jj}|$
[0; 1.5] with bins of size 0.05 (30 bins).
- $|\Delta y_{jj}|$: [MR: [0; 10]] with bins of size 0.5 (20 bins).

0.4 Numerical results

0.4.1 LO $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$

0.4.2 NLO $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6\alpha_s)$

0.5 Plan

The plan is:

- Scan in m_{jj} and $|\Delta y_{jj}|$ at LO and compute the EW, QCD and interference (for the one who can) contribution.
- The binning in m_{jj} is [0, 50, 100, ..., 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800].
- The binning in $|\Delta y_{jj}|$ is [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, ..., 4.5, 5.0].
- Based on this, define a “control region” and a “signal region” (should be the one

Code	$\sigma[\text{fb}]$
POWHEG	1.5573 ± 0.0003
RECOLA +MoCANLO	1.5503 ± 0.0003
VBFNLO	1.5540 ± 0.0002
BONSAY	1.5524 ± 0.0002
WHIZARD	1.5539 ± 0.0004
MG5_AMC	1.547 ± 0.001

Table 2: LO rates within VBS cuts from the different codes.

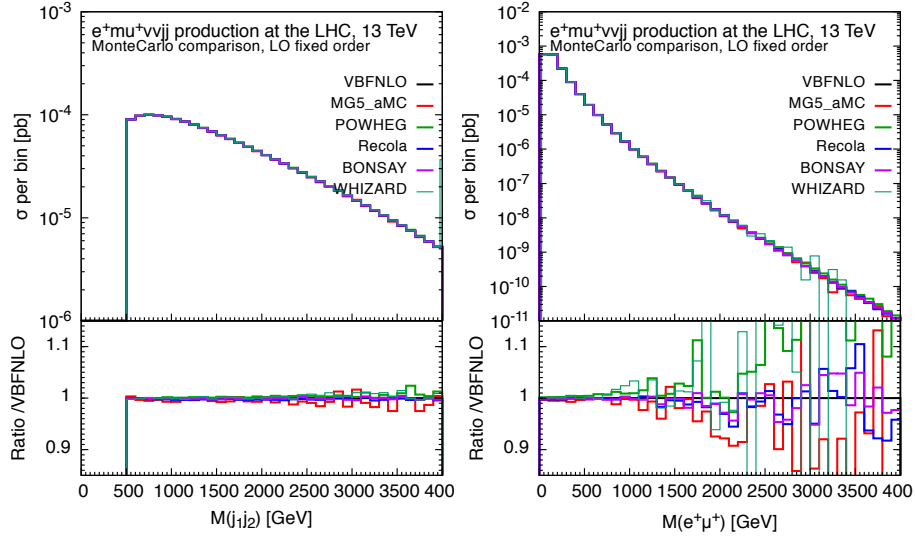


Figure 1: Invariant-mass of the two tagging jets (left) and of the two leptons (right), at LO.

Code	$\sigma[\text{fb}]$	$\sigma(n_j = 2)[\text{fb}]$	$\sigma(n_j = 3)[\text{fb}]$
POWHEG	1.334 ± 0.0003	0.808 ± 0.001	0.5260 ± 0.0005
RECOLA +MoCANLO	1.317 ± 0.004		
VBFNLO	1.3664 ± 0.0003	0.8394 ± 0.0003	0.5270 ± 0.00012
BONSAY	1.3469 ± 0.0008	0.8303 ± 0.0008	0.51662 ± 0.00008
MG5_AMC	1.318 ± 0.003	0.781 ± 0.004	0.5374 ± 0.0016

Table 3: NLO rates within VBS cuts from the different codes.

we have identified already). - Compute the QCD correction to QCD-induced and EW in these two regions. - Add PS to these computations (for those who can). - Add EW on top (probably only Mathieu).

0.6 Remarks

- [MP: Do we want to keep the cuts as they are or do we want to update to the recommendation of WG2?]

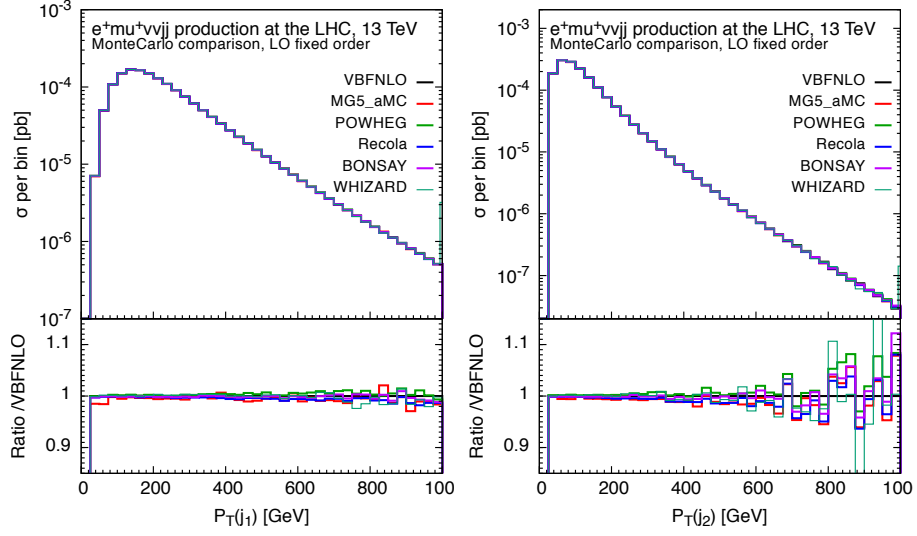


Figure 2: Transverse momentum of the first (left) and second (right) tagging jet, at LO.

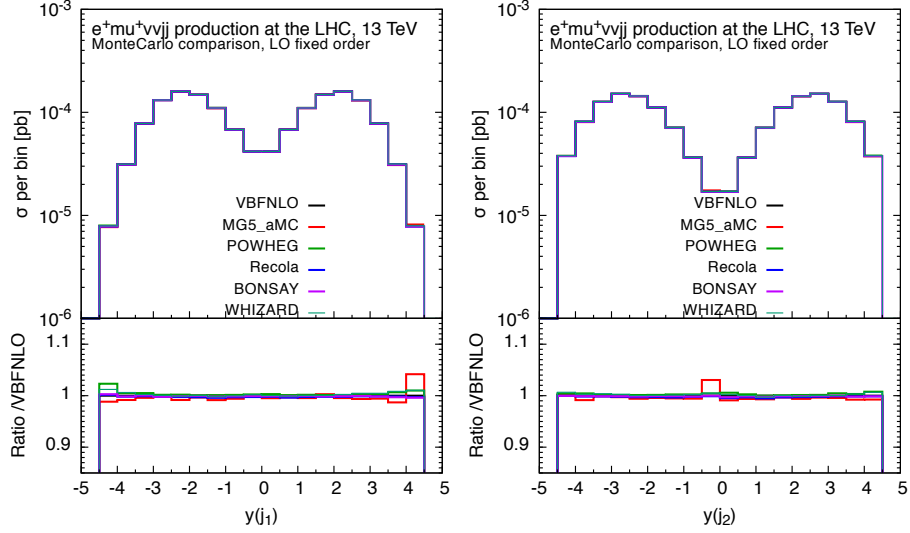


Figure 3: Rapidity of the first (left) and second (right) tagging jet, at LO.

- [MP: In particular we should write the report/article as we go further in the project in order to save time.]

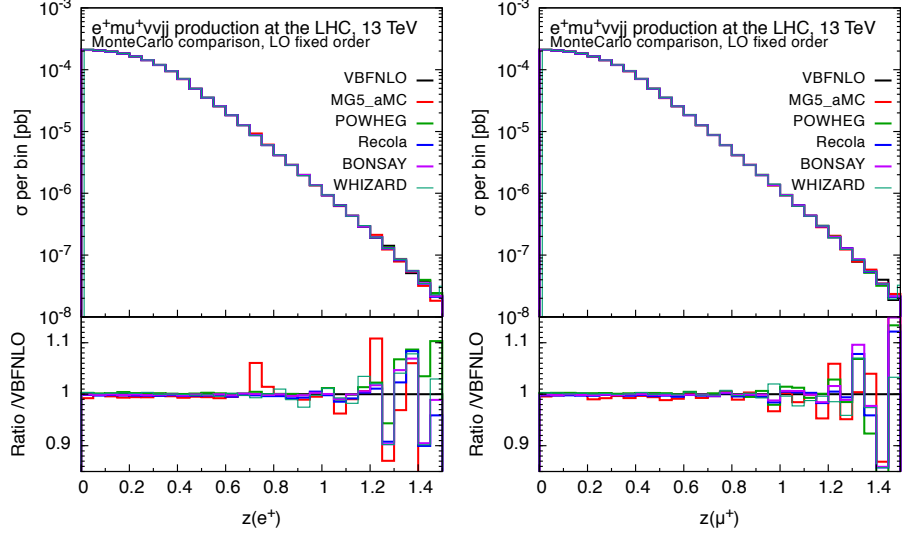


Figure 4: Zeppenfeld variable of the positron (left) and of the muon (right), at LO.

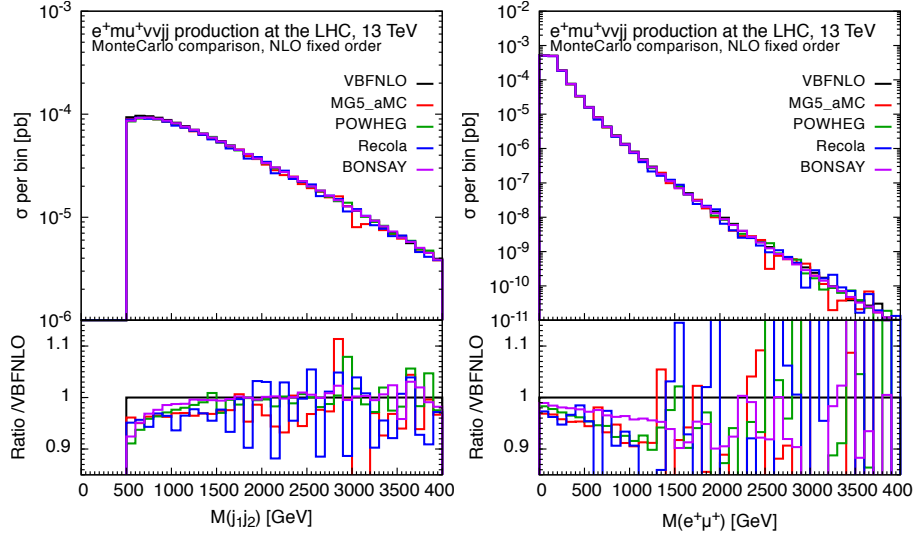


Figure 5: Invariant-mass of the two tagging jets (left) and of the two leptons (right), at NLO.

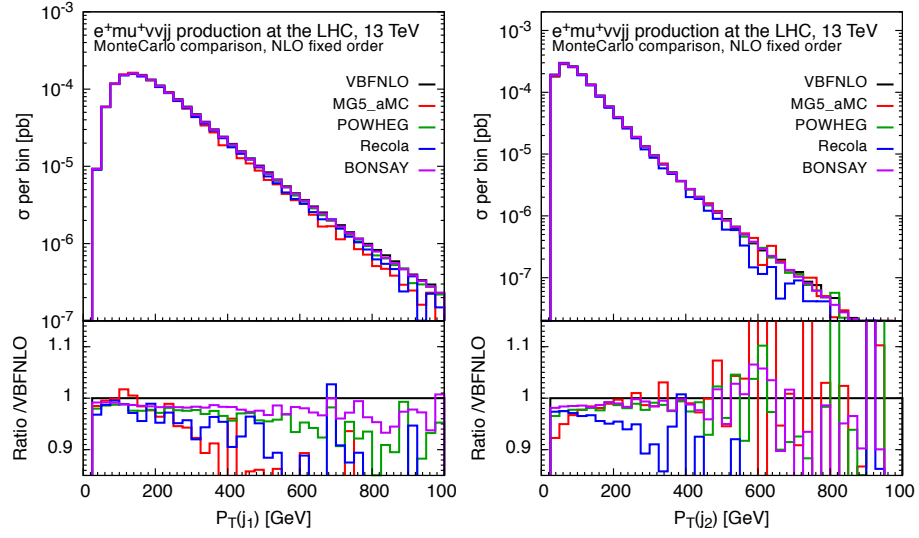


Figure 6: Transverse momentum of the first (left) and second (right) tagging jet, at NLO.

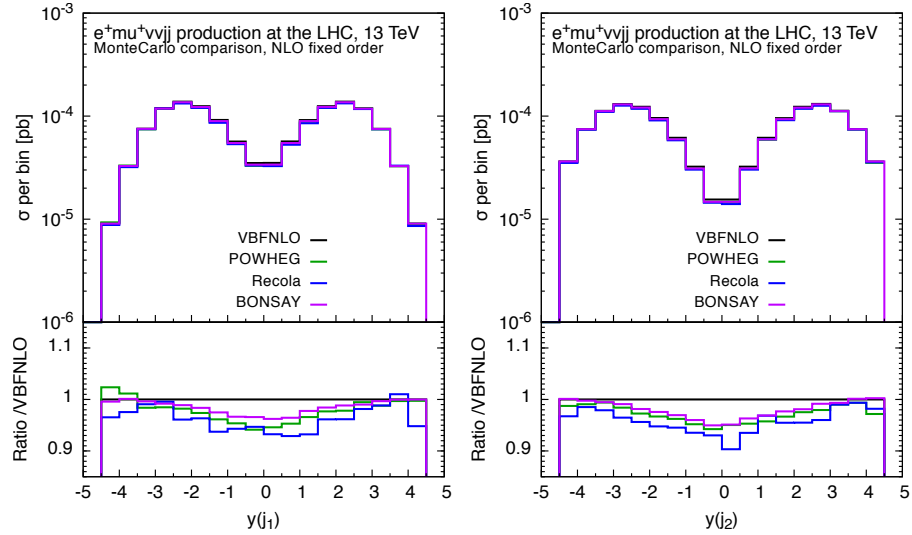


Figure 7: Rapidity of the first (left) and second (right) tagging jet, at NLO.

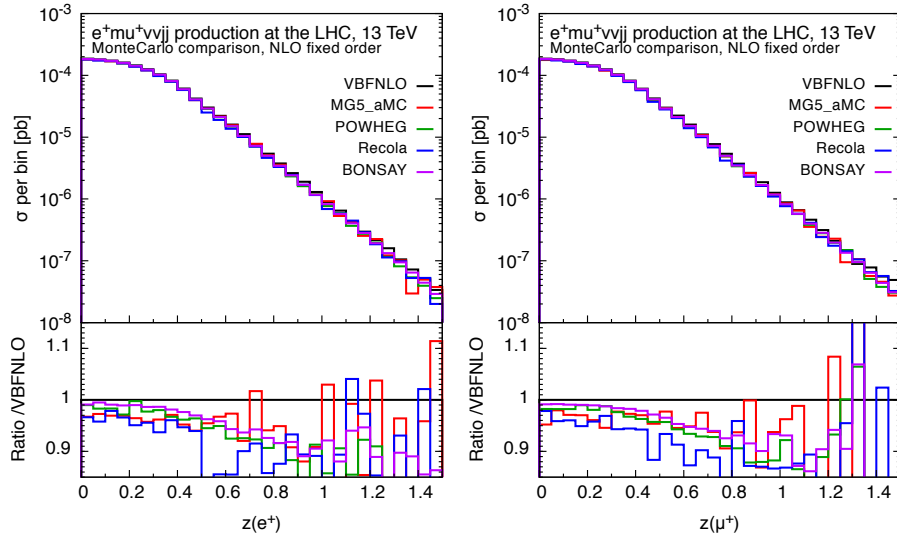


Figure 8: Zeppenfeld variable of the positron (left) and of the muon (right), at NLO.

Part III

Conclusion

Part IV

Acknowledgments

Karlsruhe for hosting the documents used for the comparison.