# Linux Basic

Liangwang Ruan 2021/9/22

How long have you been using Linux? 5 years So you must be good at it?



# Missing-semester

./missing-semester | lectures | about

### The Missing Semester of Your CS Education

Classes teach you all about advanced topics within CS, from operating systems to machine learning, but there's one critical subject that's rarely covered, and is instead left to students to figure out on their own: proficiency with their tools. We'll teach you how to master the command-line, use a powerful text editor, use fancy features of version control systems, and much more!

Students spend hundreds of hours using these tools over the course of their education (and thousands over their career), so it makes sense to make the experience as fluid and frictionless as possible. Mastering these tools not only enables you to spend less time on figuring out how to bend your tools to your will, but it also lets you solve problems that would previously seem impossibly complex.

Read about the motivation behind this class.

### Schedule

- 1/13/20: Course overview + the shell
- 1/14/20: Shell Tools and Scripting
- 1/15/20: <u>Editors (Vim)</u>
- 1/16/20: Data Wrangling
- 1/21/20: Command-line Environment
- 1/22/20: Version Control (Git)
- 1/23/20: <u>Debugging and Profiling</u>
- 1/27/20: Metaprogramming
- 1/28/20: Security and Cryptography
- 1/29/20: Potpourri
- 1/30/20: Q&A

### 前沿计算实践II(2021年春)

课程简介 时间表 轮转报告 分数构成

#### 回到最新课程

任课老师: 陈宝权, baoquan@pku.edu.cn

#### 助教:

- 阮良旺,图灵班大四本科生,ruanliangwang@pku.edu.cn
- 姚贺源,图灵班大四本科生,heyuanyao@pku.edu.cn

### 课程简介

本課程主要配合图灵班大二同学的科研轮转,每位同学都会在课堂上对三段轮转经历进行报告分享,相互交流讨论,同时课程中间穿插 对科研基础工具的介绍(助教负责)以及科研并座(老师安排)。

### 时间表

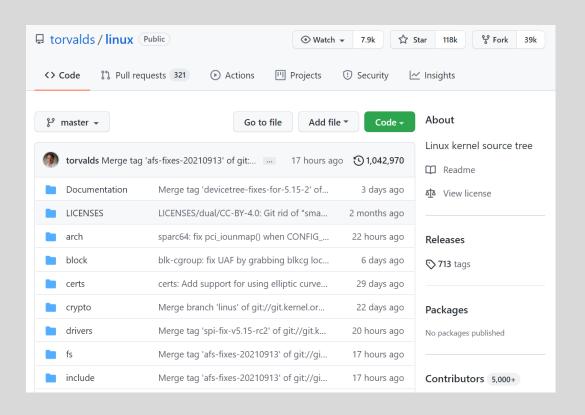
日期	课程内容	讲座	报告
3-10	课程介绍,高年级同学分享(Slides)		
3-17	Lecture 1(Linux基础,Note)	孔雨晴老师(Materials)	
3-24	Lecture 2(编辑器, Note)	陈宝权老师	
3-31			第一轮,第一组(Materials)
4-07			第一轮,第二组(Materials)
4-14			第一轮,第三组(Materials)
4-21	Lecture 3(Git&Misc,Note,Slides)	陈宝权老师	
4-28	Lecture 4(Python,Note,Slides)		
5-05			第二轮,第二组(Materials)
5-12			第二轮,第三组
5-19			第二轮,第一组

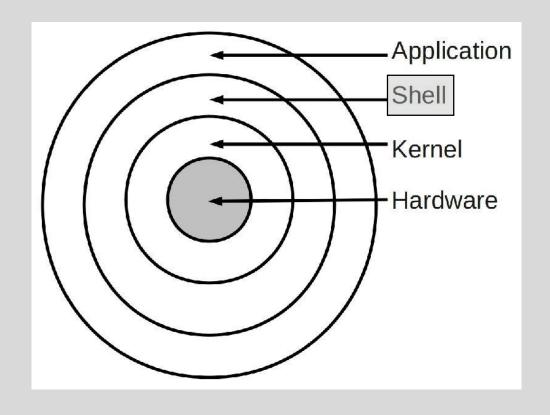
- + Markdown, Latex, Python, VScode, Networking, Cython
- Data wrangling, debugging, profiling, security

# What is Linux?



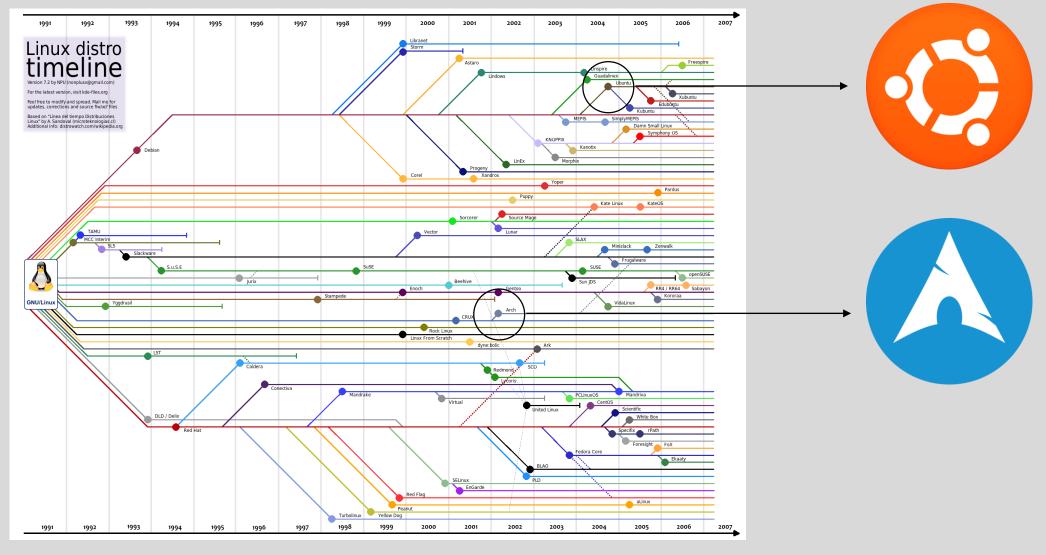
### Linux是一群开源的、基于Linux内核的类Unix操作系统集合。





# What is Linux?





## Windows & MacOS?

# Windows

- NT内核(New Technology Kernel)
- 借鉴了UNIX内核
- 命令行:
  - CMD (from DOS, old)
  - PowerShell (from Win10, new)

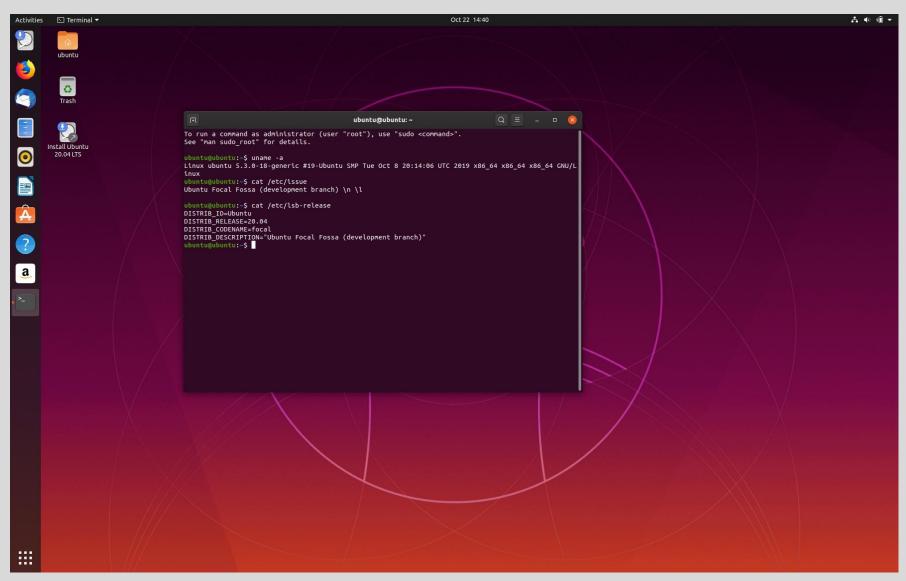


- XNU (for XNU is Not Unix)
- Mach内核 + FreeBSD + C++ API
- 命令行与Linux基本相同

### How to access Linux?

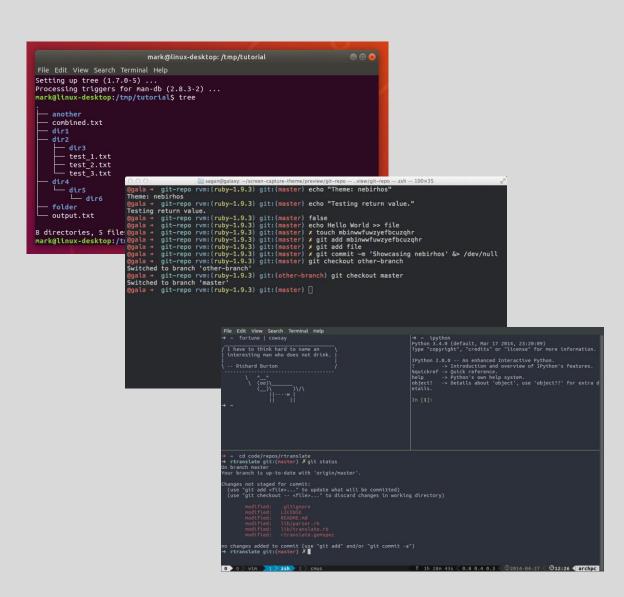
- •制作启动盘 -> U盘启动 -> 覆盖C盘或安装双系统
- 使用虚拟机 (VMware, VirtualBox)
- WSL (Windows Subsystem for Linux)
  - · WSL2基本等同于虚拟机
  - 通过XServer或者官方预览版可开启图形界面
- 通过ssh连接服务器(之后介绍)
- 安全起见请选择Ubuntu

## Ubuntu



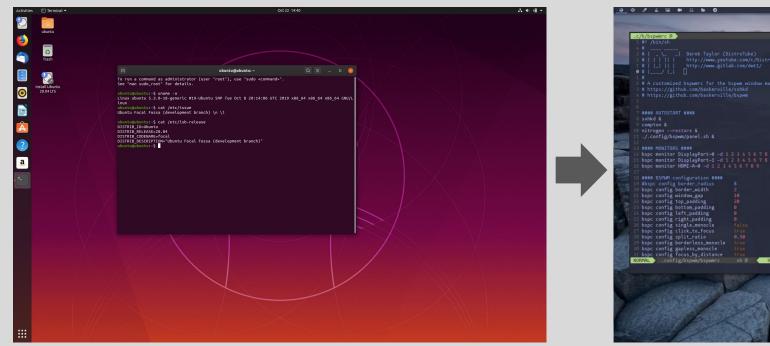
### Shell

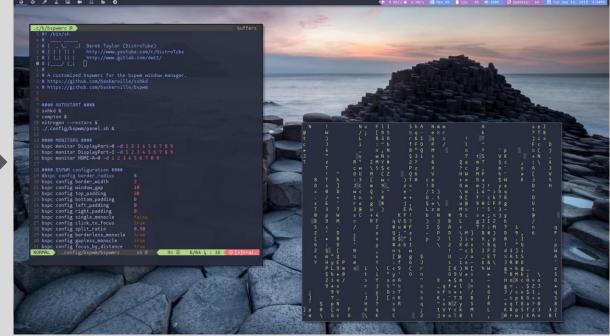
- Bash: Ubuntu默认
- Zsh: Bash的升级版,拼写检查、路径补全、插件、主题······
- zsh-autosuggestion: zsh拼写 补全插件
- oh-my-zsh: zsh主题插件
- Tmux: 多窗口管理



# Config your own Linux!

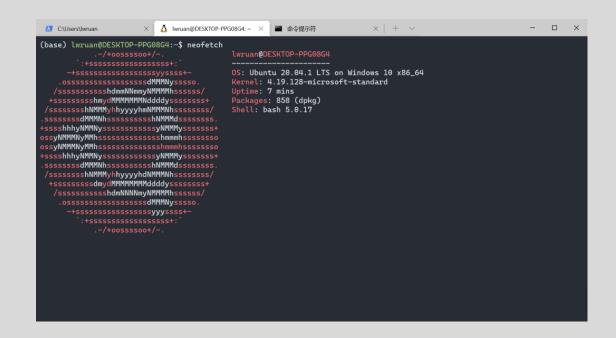
bspwm, i3, polybar, GTK themes...





### For Windows

### Windows Terminal + oh-my-posh

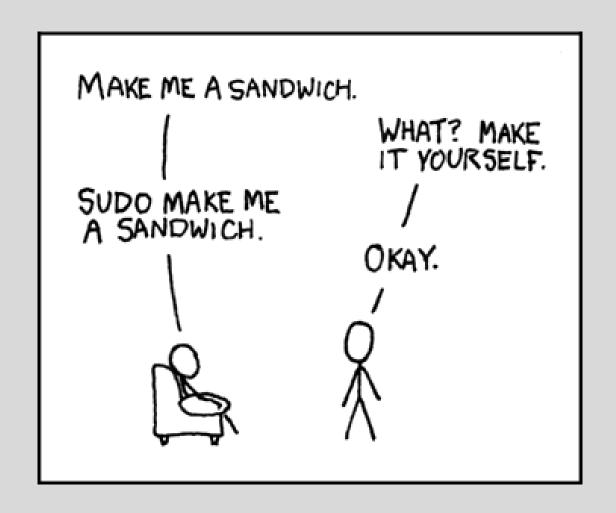




## Commands

命令	功能	命令	功能
date	显示时间	rm	删除
shutdown -h now	关闭系统	mv	移动、 <b>重命名</b>
man	查看帮助文档	ср	复制
cat	显示文件内容	touch	新建文件
cd	切换当前路径	ln	链接
pwd	显示当前路径	find	寻找文件
ls	查看目录中的文件	whereis	寻找命令路径
mkdir	新建目录	passwd	修改密码
neofetch	查看系统	atop	监视系统
less	滚动查看内容	grep	搜索字符串
exa	比1s更好用	tldr	命令提示

## Access



# Package management



## Redirect & Pipe



## Environment variables



Q&A