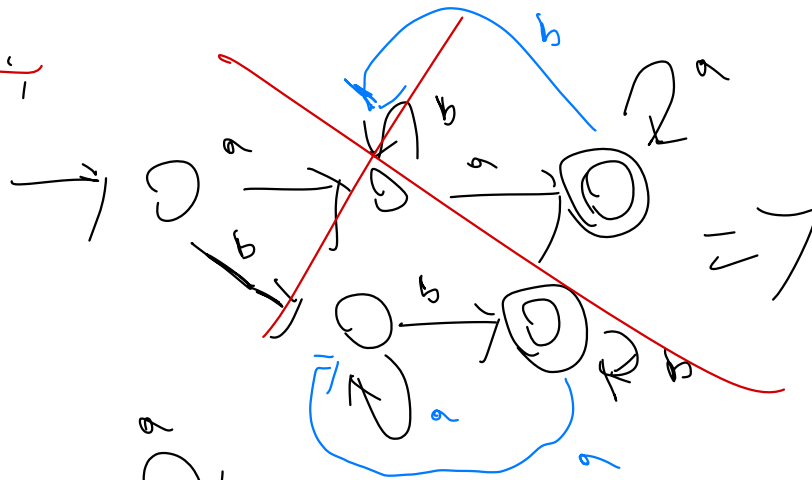


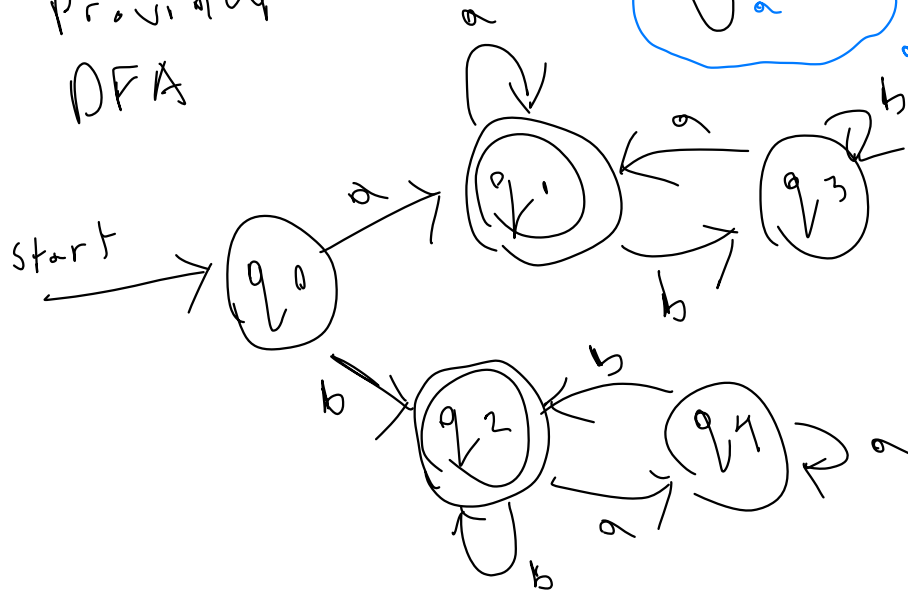
1, $\{a, b\}$

L_1 = set of words that start and end with same symbol

~~NFA:~~

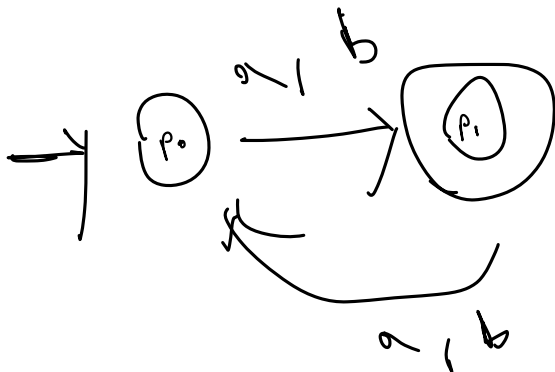


provided
DFA



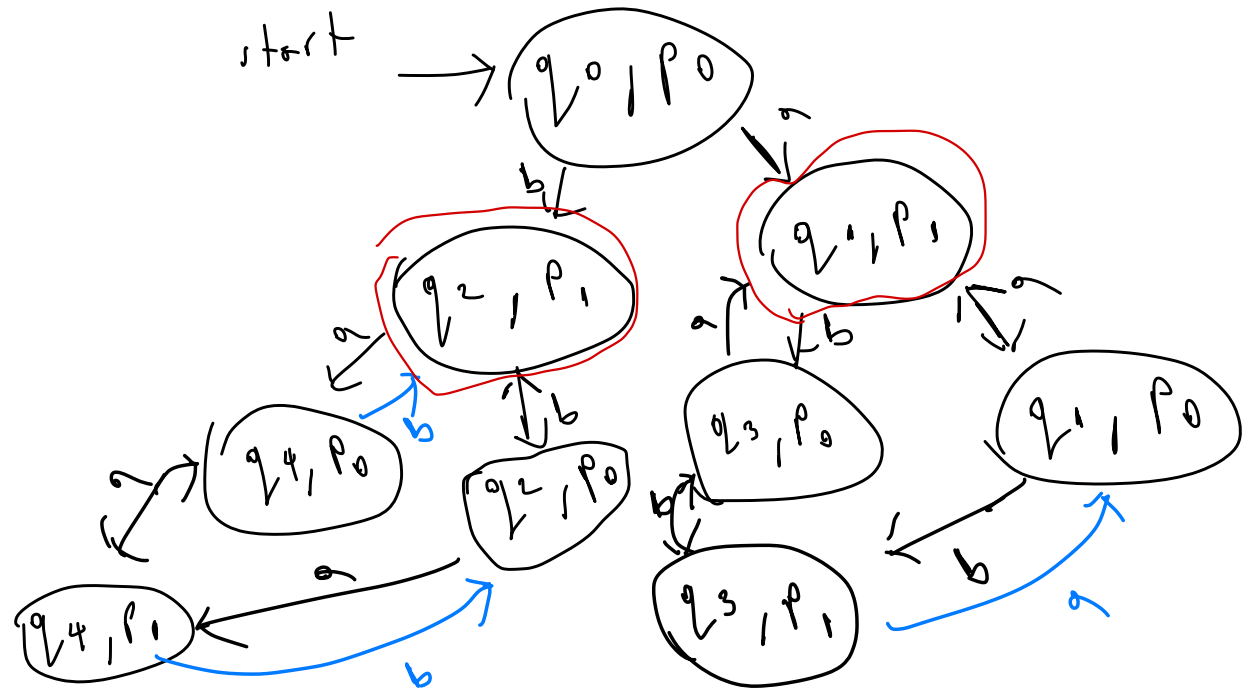
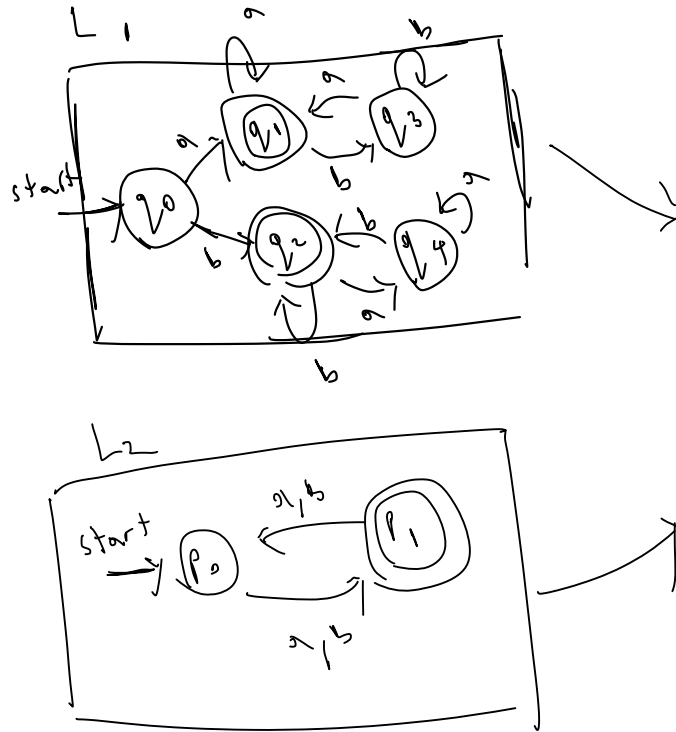
L_2 = set of words of odd length

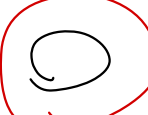
DFA:



l.a. Using product DFA to prove intersection

Product



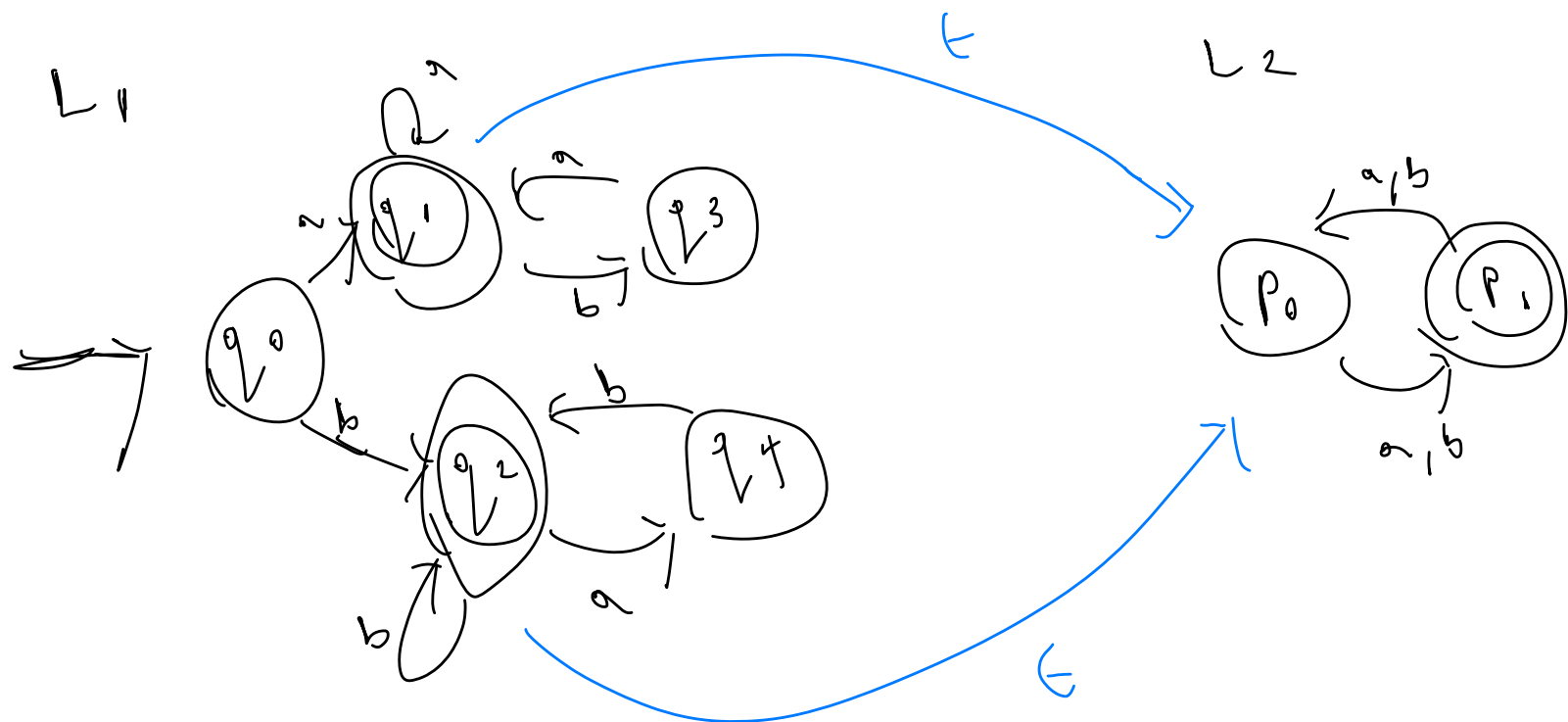
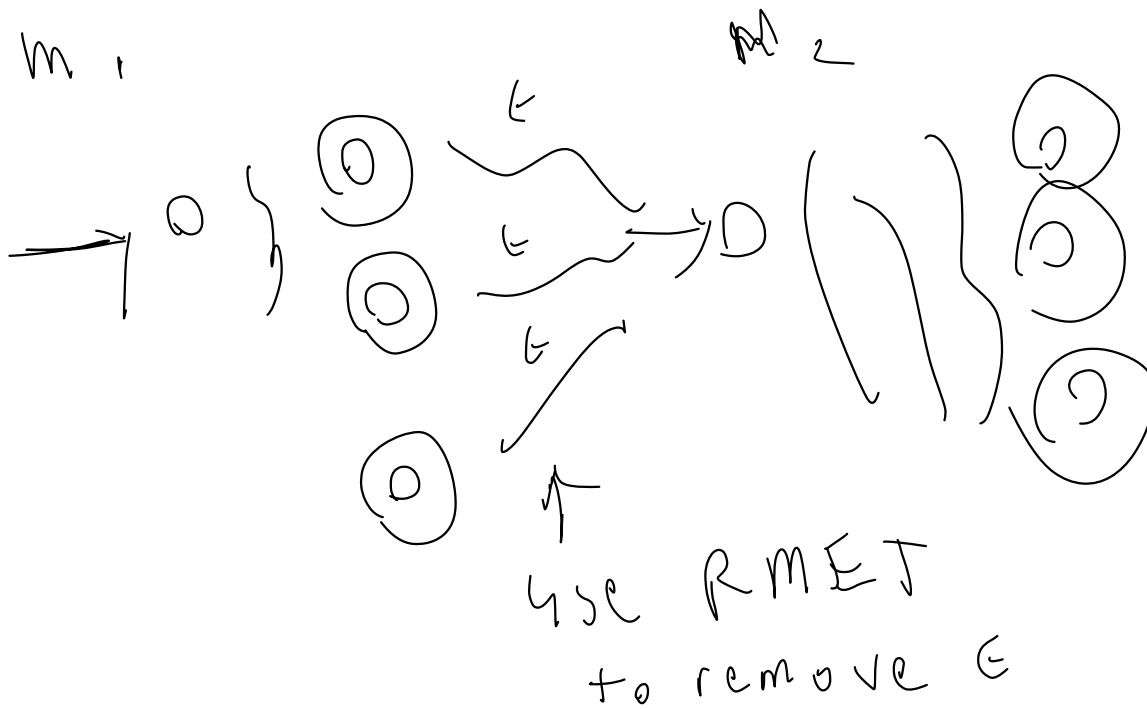
 - Final State

* Worst case = 10 states

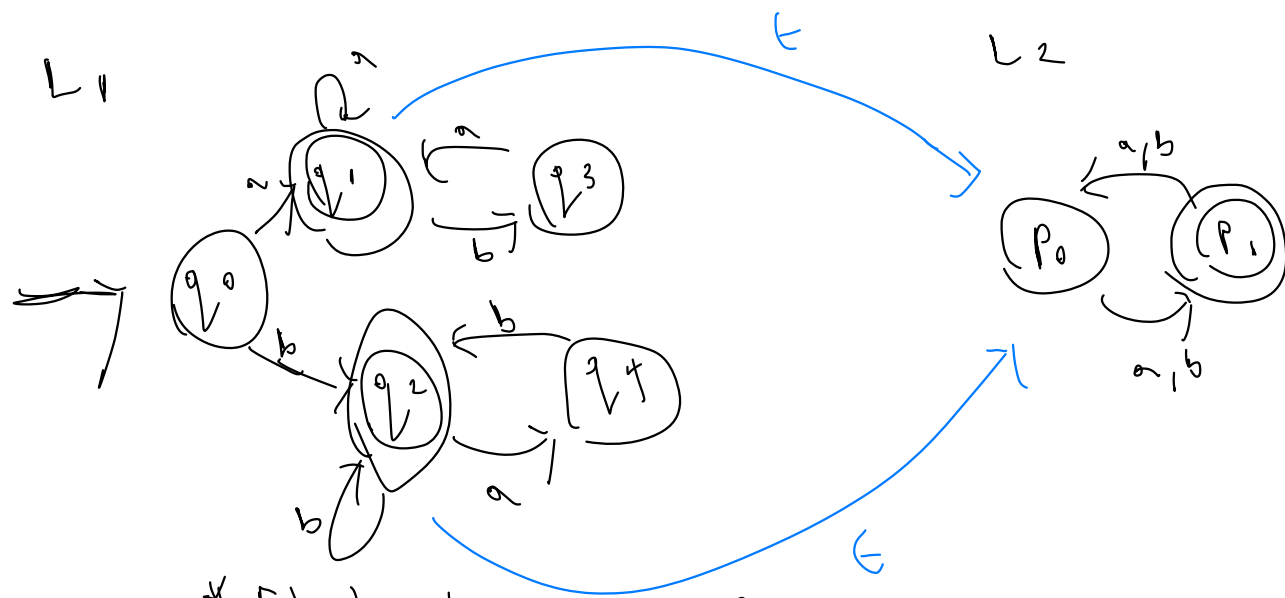
1. b. $L_1 \cdot L_2$

↑
concatenation

machine concatenation:

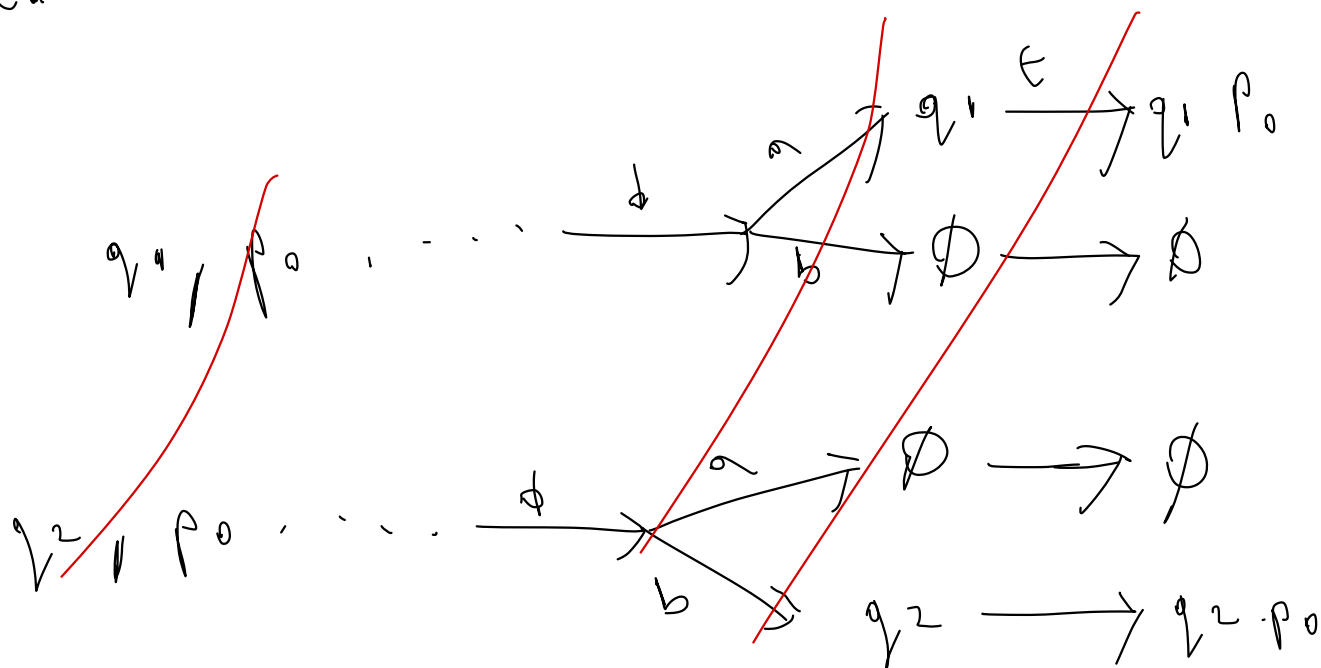
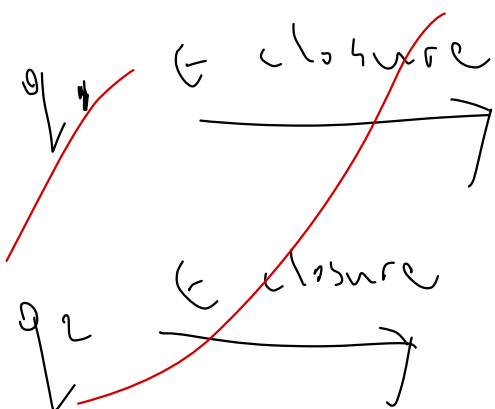


a, b, L_1, L_2



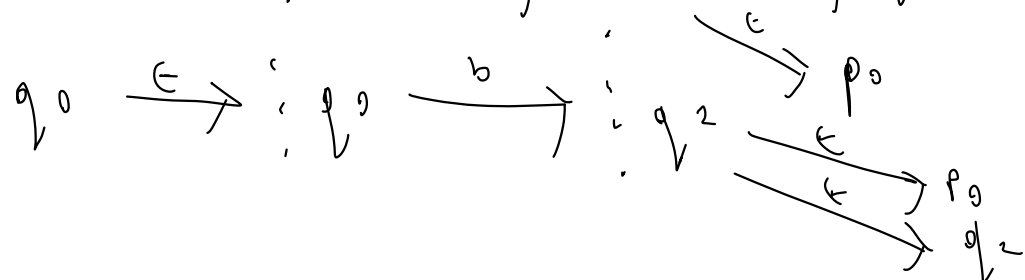
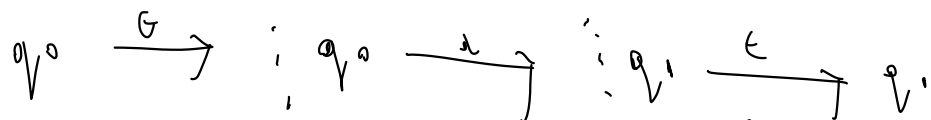
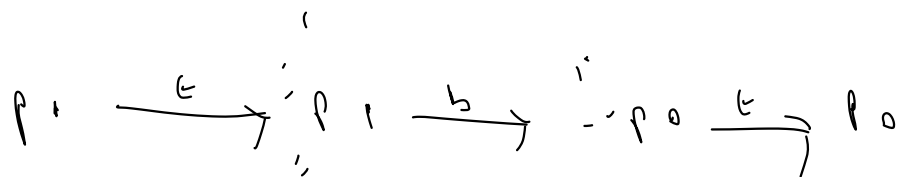
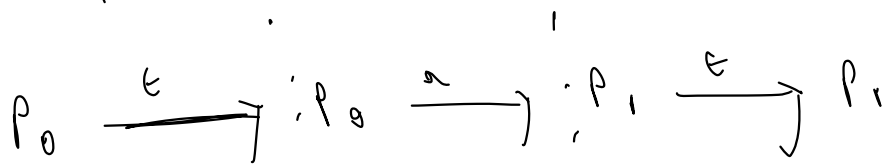
* Final states will be removed in L_1

R MET

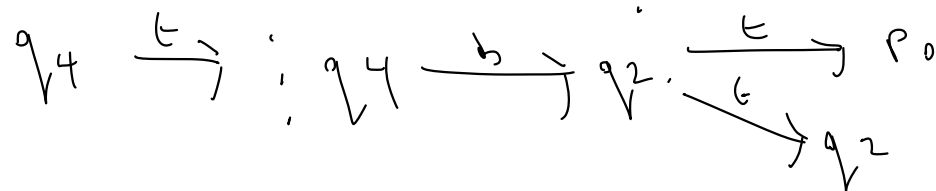
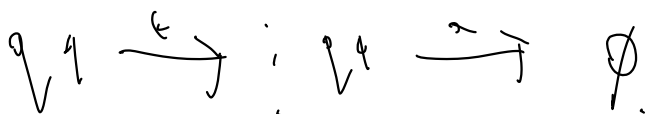
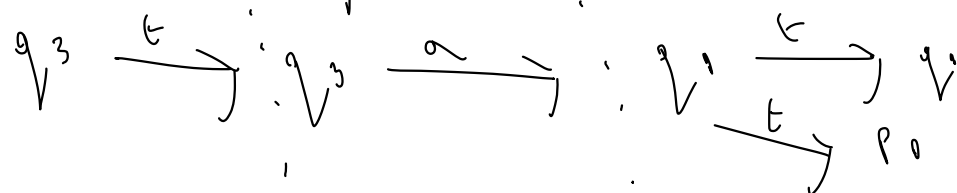
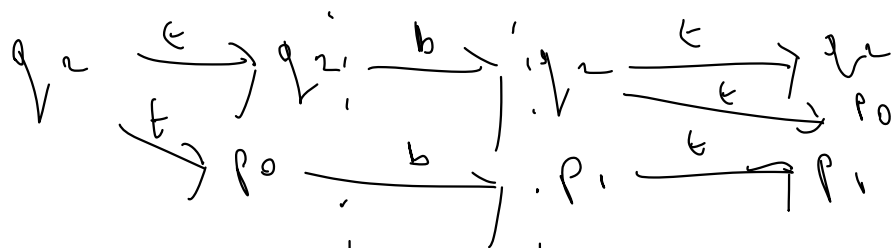
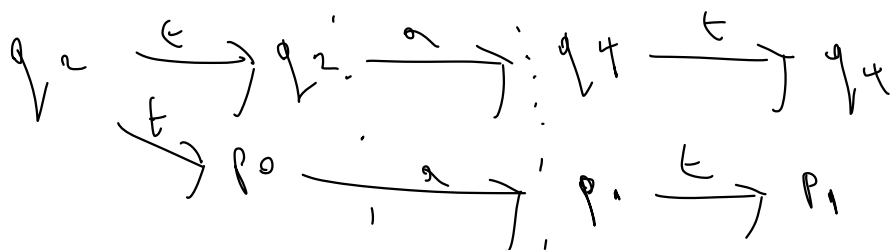
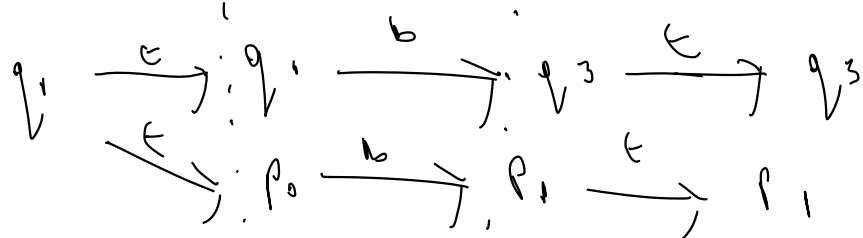
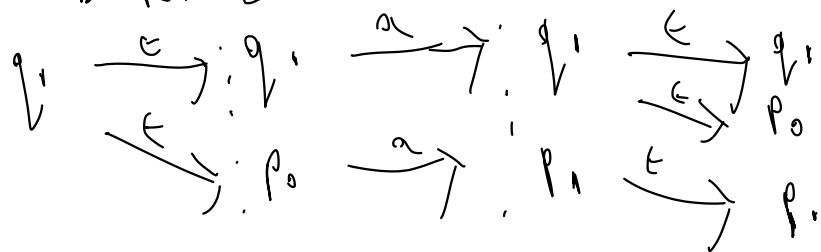


1. LR MET

	ϵ -closure
p_0	p_0
p_1	p_1
q_0	q_0
q_1	p_0, q_1
q_2	p_0, q_2
q_3	q_3
q_4	q_4



1. b R M E T



???

can we say
it goes to
empty state?

???

1. b. cont

	a	b
p_0	p_1	p_1
p_1	p_0	p_0
q_0	q_1, p_0	q_2, p_0
q_1	q_1, p_0, p_1	q_3, p_1
q_2	q_4, p_1	q_2, p_0, p_1
q_3	p_0, q_1	\emptyset
q_4	\emptyset	p_0, q_2

Note: In NTD, include ϵ in steps for q_3 & q_4

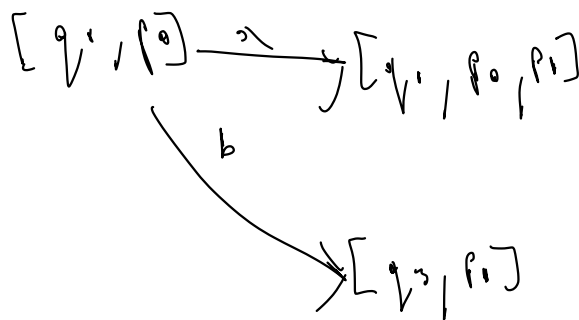
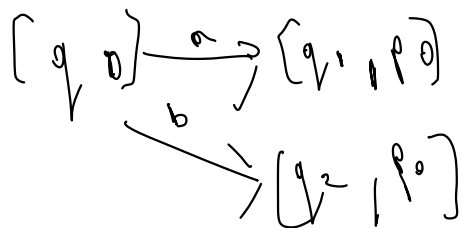
1. b. NTD

Queue: $[[q_0]]$

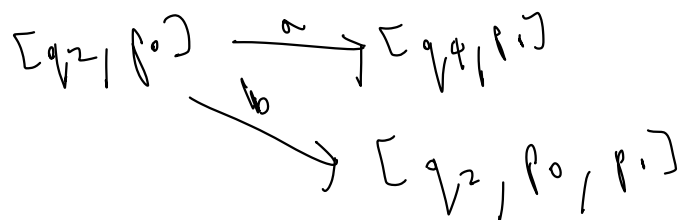
Queue: $[[q_1, p_0], [q_2, p_0]]$

✓ — Already in Queue

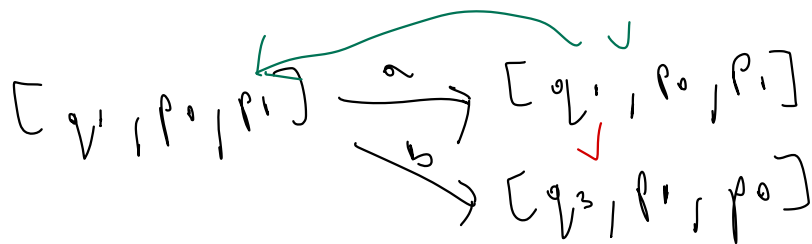
✓ — Already defined



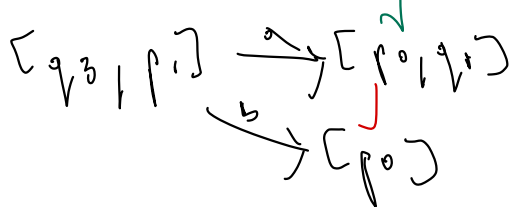
Queue: $[[q_2, p_0], [q_1, p_0, p_1], [p_1], [q_3, p_1]]$



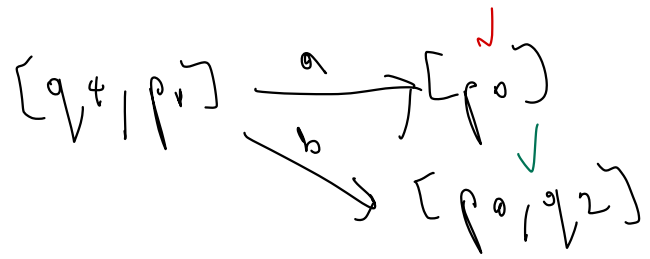
Queue: $[[q_1, p_0, p_1], [p_1], [q_3, p_1], [q_4, p_1], [q_2, p_0, p_1]]$



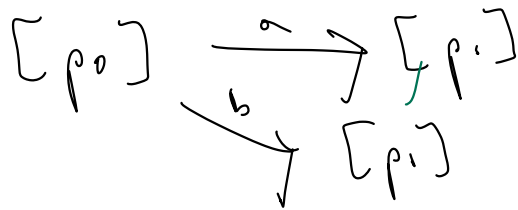
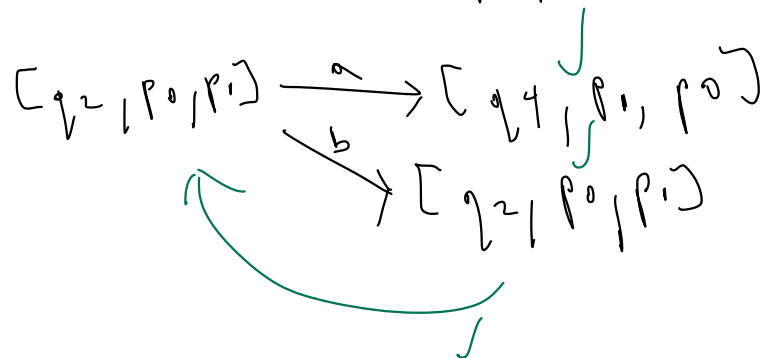
Queue: $[[~~p_1~~], [~~q_3, p_1~~], [q_4, p_1], [q_2, p_0, p_1], [p_0]]$



Queue: $[[q_4, p_1], [q_2, p_0, p_1], [p_0], []]$



Queue: $[\cancel{[q_2, p_0, p_1]}, \cancel{[p_0]}, \cancel{[]}]$



a, b

Final PFA

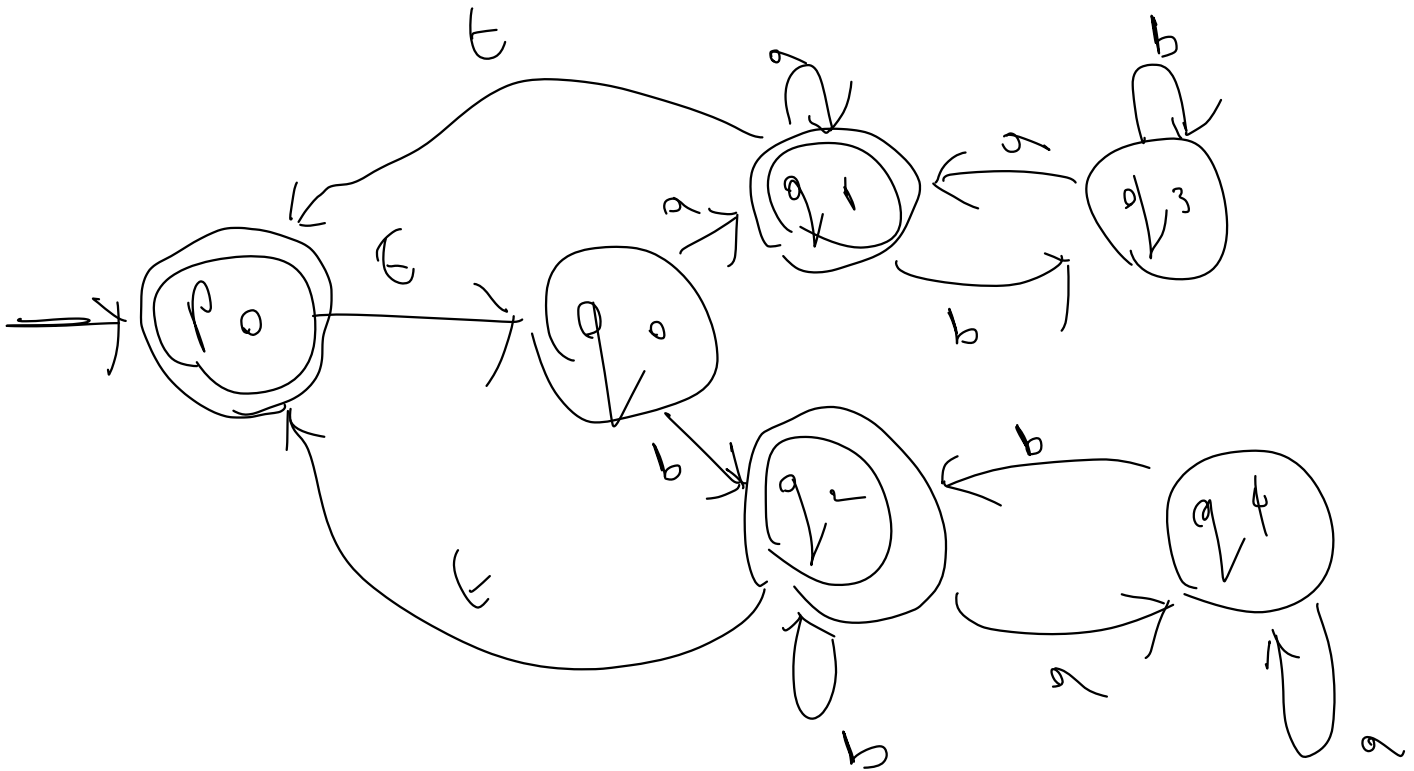
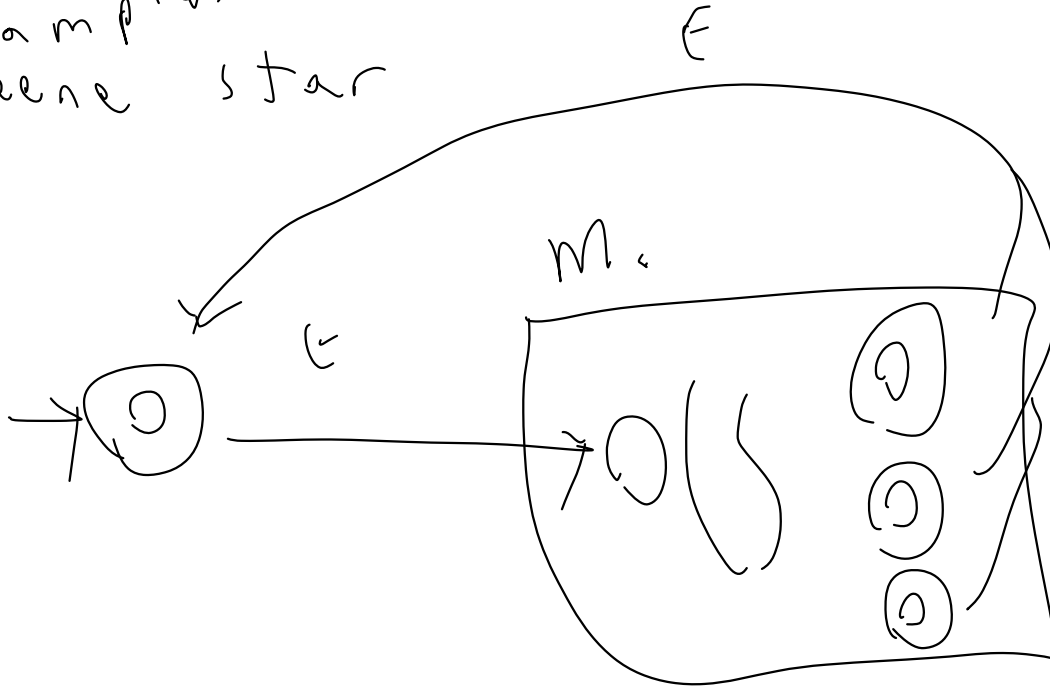
S - start state

F - final state

		a	b
S	$[q_0]$	$[q_1, p_0]$	$[q_2, p_0]$
	$[q_1, p_0]$	$[q_1, p_0, p_1]$	$[q_3, p_1]$
	$[q_2, p_0]$	$[q_4, p_1]$	$[q_2, p_0, p_1]$
F	$[q_1, p_0, p_1]$	$[q_1, p_0, p_1]$	$[q_3, p_1, p_0]$
F	$[p_1]$	$[p_0]$	$[p_0]$
F	$[q_3, p_1]$	$[q_1, p_0]$	$[p_2]$
F	$[q_4, p_1]$	$[p_0]$	$[p_0, q_0]$
F	$[q_2, p_0, p_1]$	$[q_4, p_1, p_0]$	$[q_2, p_0, p_1]$
	$[p_0]$	$[p_1]$	$[p_1]$

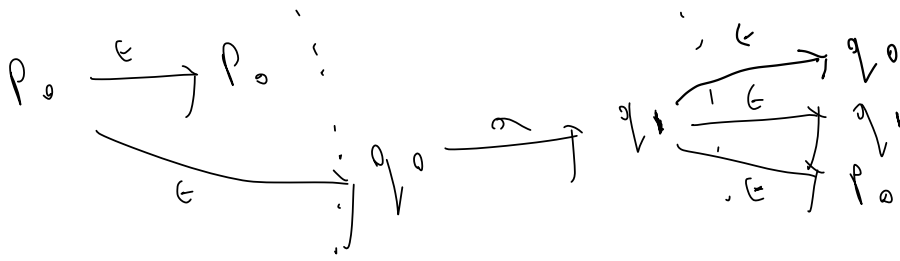
$l, c, L, *$ \rightarrow

Example:
Kleene star



1. c. cont. RME

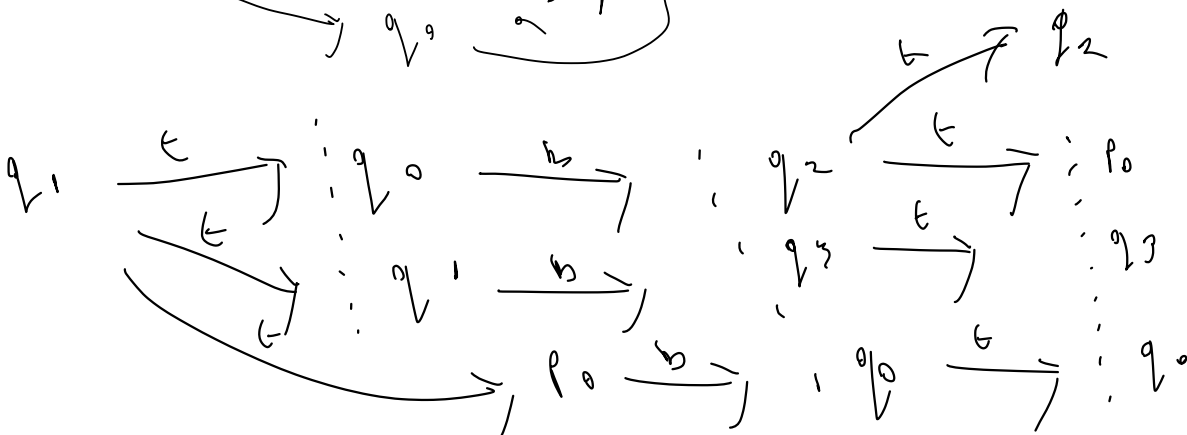
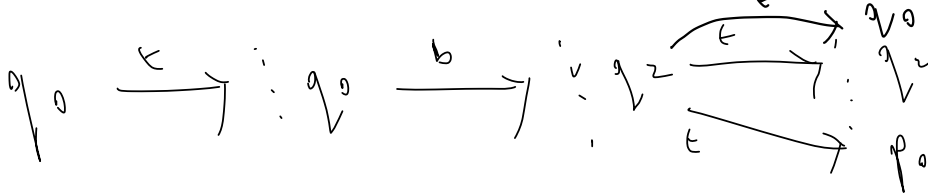
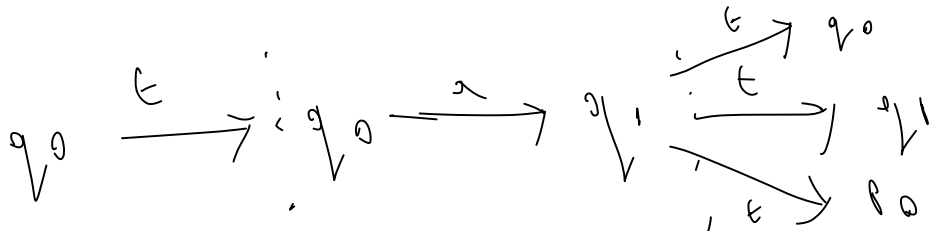
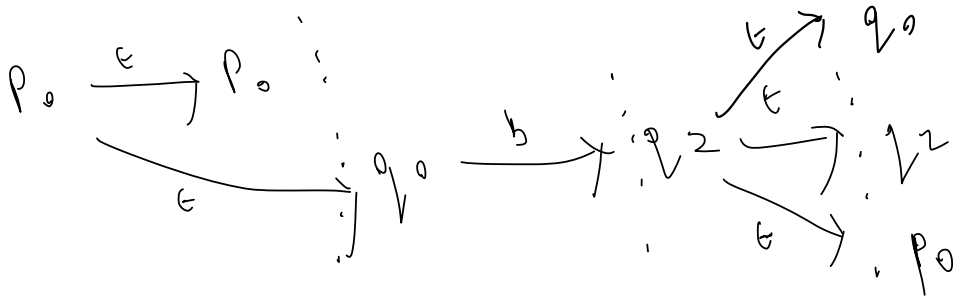
ϵ -closure (direct trans (ϵ -closure(p), symbol))



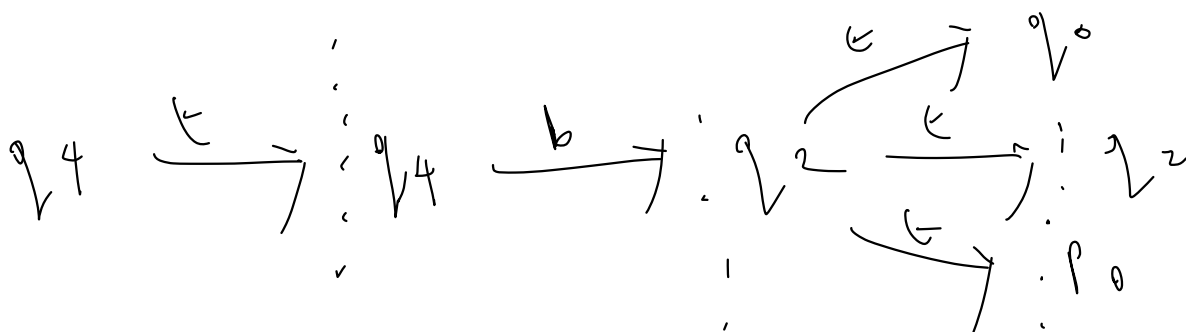
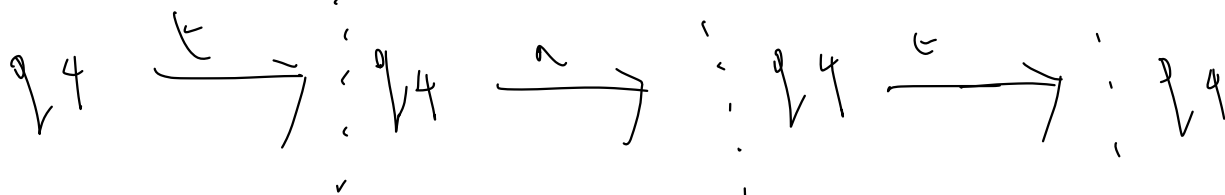
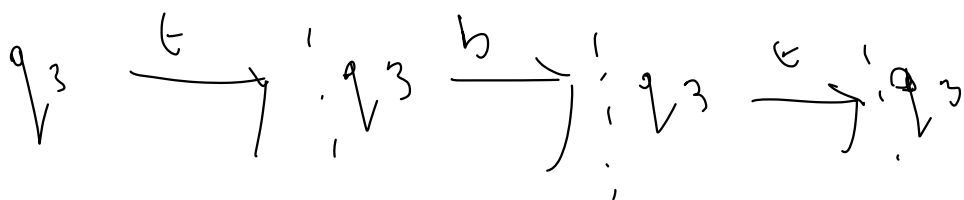
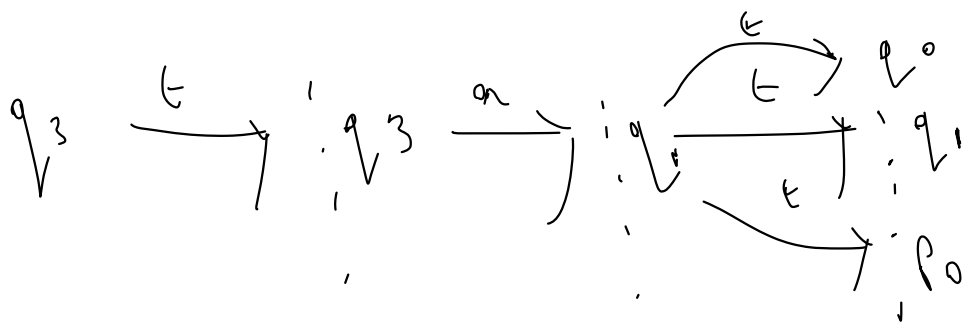
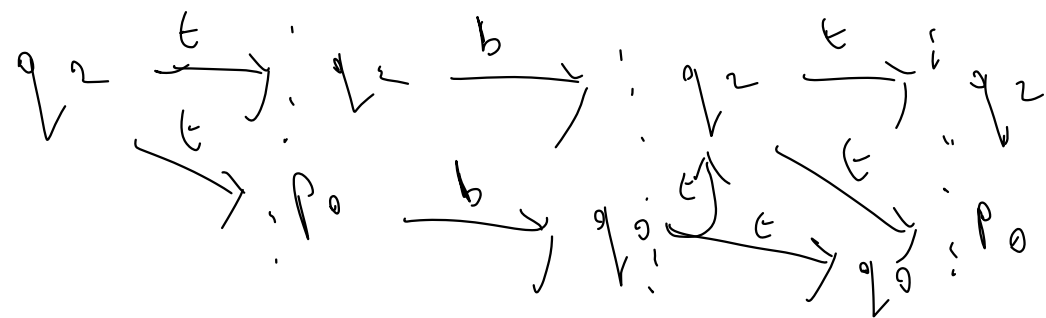
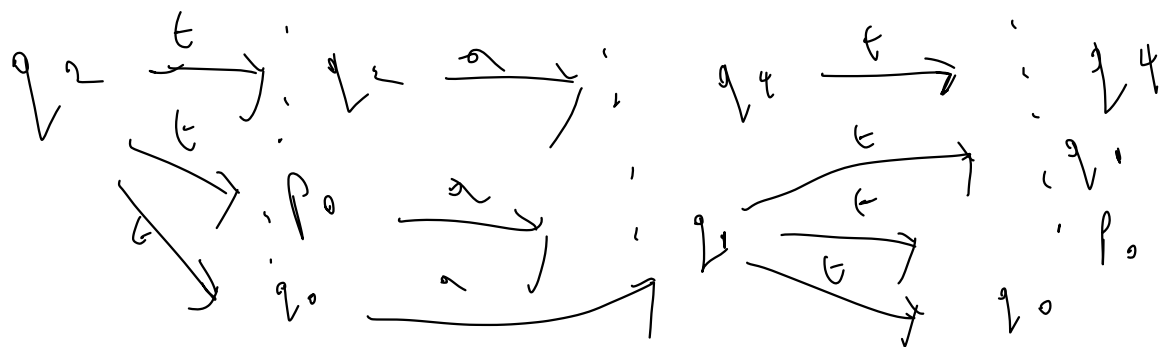
Note:

1st & 2nd

ϵ -closures
can have
many levels!



RME T conf.



l.c. cont

ϵ -closure ($\underbrace{d_{in}(\epsilon\text{-closure}(q), a)}_{\text{direct trans}}$)

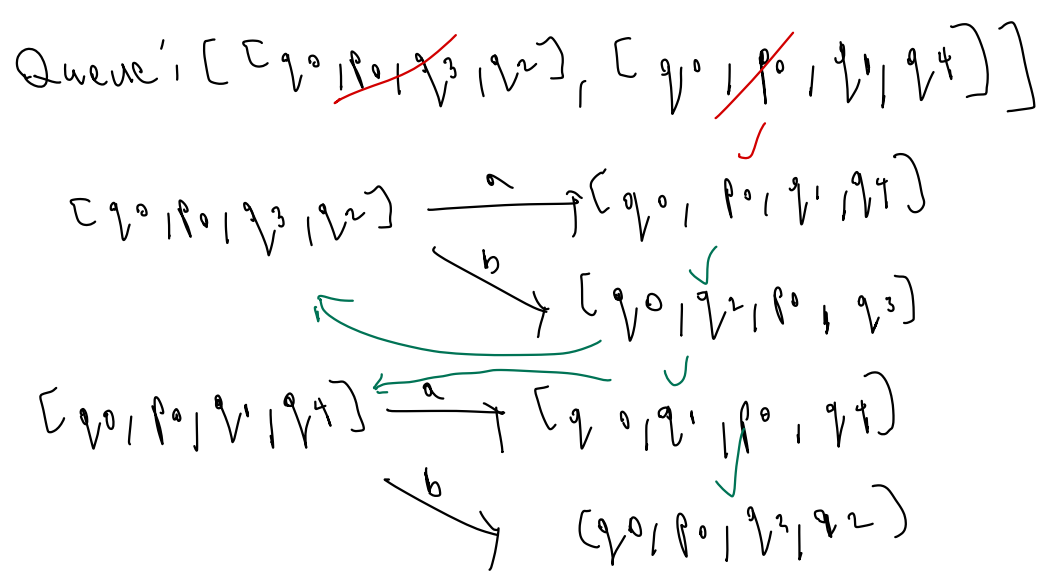
	ϵ -closure
p_0	q_0, p_0
q_0	q_0
q_1	p_0, q_1, q_0
q_2	p_0, q_2, q_0
q_3	q_3
q_4	q_4

NFA
From here

	a	b
p_0	q_0, q_1, p_0	q_0, q_2, p_0
q_0	q_0, q_1, p_0	q_0, q_2, p_0
q_1	q_0, q_1, p_0	q_0, p_0, q_3, q_2
q_2	q_0, p_0, q_1, q_4	q_2, q_0, p_0
q_3	q_0, q_1, p_0	q_3
q_4	q_4	q_0, q_2, p_0

* Note: include implicit empty cases

- ✓ - Already in Queue
- ✓ - Already defined



l. c.

Final iff A:

F - final state
S - start state

	a	b
S F [p ₀]	[q ₀ , q ₁ , p ₀]	[q ₀ , q ₂ , p ₀]
F [q ₀ , q ₁ , p ₀]	[q ₀ , q ₁ , p ₀]	[q ₀ , p ₀ , q ₃ , q ₂]
F [q ₀ , q ₂ , p ₀]	[q ₀ , p ₀ , q ₁ , q ₄]	[q ₀ , q ₂ , p ₀]
[q ₀ , p ₀ , q ₃ , q ₂] F	[q ₀ , p ₀ , q ₁ , q ₄]	[q ₀ , q ₂ , p ₀ , q ₃]
[q ₀ , p ₀ , q ₁ , q ₄] F	[q ₀ , q ₁ , p ₀ , q ₄]	[q ₀ , p ₀ , q ₃ , q ₂]

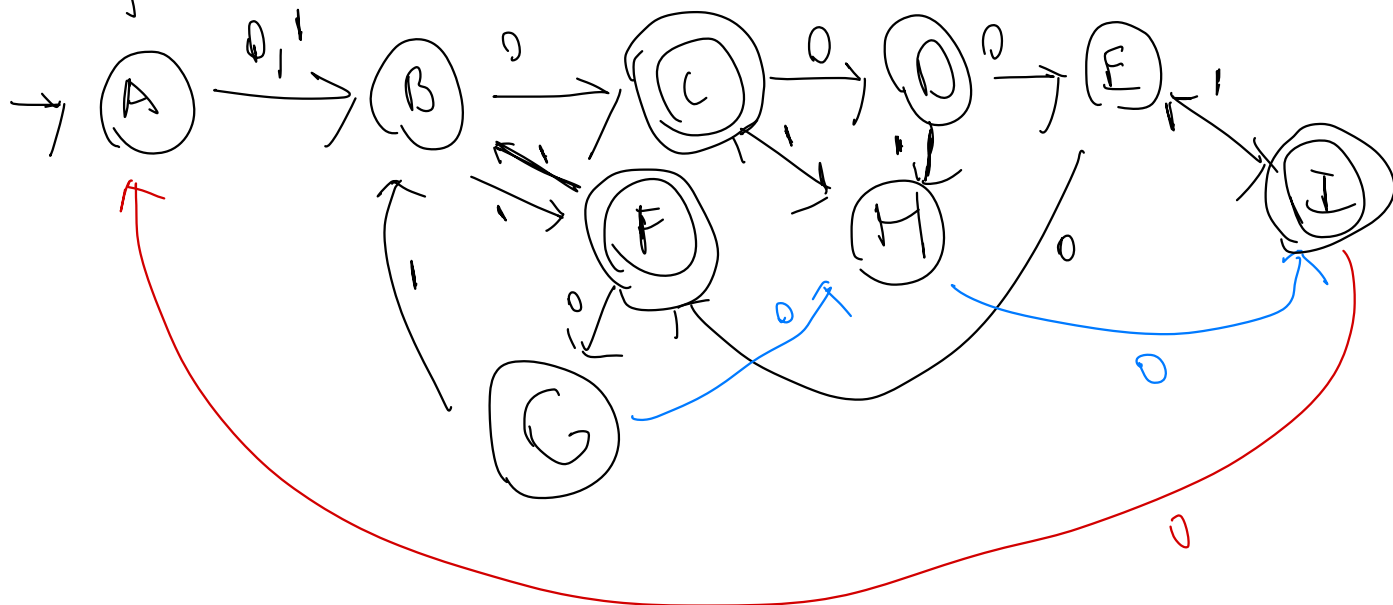
Program Output for reference:

```
DFA.obj __str__ method: Debug print:
start [p0]
final [[p0,q0,q1,q4],[p0,q0,q1],[p0,q0,q2,q3],[p0,q0,q2],[p0]]
trans [p0]:b:[p0,q0,q2]
trans [p0]:a:[p0,q0,q1]
trans [p0,q0,q2]:b:[p0,q0,q2]
trans [p0,q0,q2]:a:[p0,q0,q1,q4]
trans [p0,q0,q1]:b:[p0,q0,q2,q3]
trans [p0,q0,q1]:a:[p0,q0,q1]
trans [p0,q0,q1,q4]:b:[p0,q0,q2,q3]
trans [p0,q0,q1,q4]:a:[p0,q0,q1,q4]
trans [p0,q0,q2,q3]:b:[p0,q0,q2,q3]
trans [p0,q0,q2,q3]:a:[p0,q0,q1,q4]
```


2. Min following PFA:

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

Original PFA:



static case

B	.	..						
C	x	x						
D	.	.	x					
E	.	.	x	.				
F	x	x	.	x	x			
G	.	.	x	.	.	x		
H	.	.	x	.	.	x	.	
I	x	x	.	x	x	.	x	x
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H

$$\frac{9^2 - 9}{2} = 36$$

• - valid insisting.
pair
x - disting.

Final:

C F I

$(A, B) \xrightarrow{0} (B, C) \checkmark$

Pair Validation

$$(A, B) \xrightarrow{0} (B, C) \checkmark$$

↑

$$(A, B) \xrightarrow{1} (B, F)$$

$$(G, H) \xrightarrow{0} (H, I) \checkmark$$

$$(F, G) \xrightarrow{0} (G, H)$$

$$\begin{matrix} B \\ (D, H) \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{1} (H, C) \checkmark$$

$$(F, G)$$

↓

↓

I

B (marked)

↓

C

$$(B, G)$$

↓

↓

C → H (marked)

↓

I

$$(D, H)$$

↓

↓

F

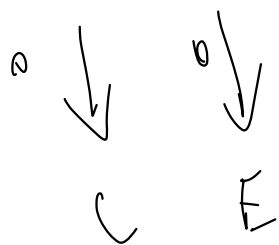
I

↪

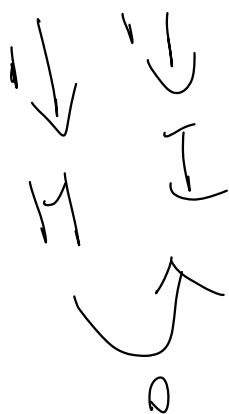
✓

Pair Validation

(B, D)



(D, E)



(A, E)



stair case \rightarrow X's

B	X	X							
C	X	X							
D	.	X	X						
E	X	.	X	X					
F	X	X	.	X	X				
G	.	X	X	.	X	X			
H	X	.	X	X	.	X	X	X	
I	X	X	.	X	X	.	X	X	
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	

$$\frac{9^2 - 9}{2} = 36$$

• - valid indisting. pair
 x - disting.

Final:

C F I

Remaining indisting. pairs:

{ (A, G), (A, D), (B, E), (C, F), (C, E), (D, G), (E, H),
 (F, I), (B, H) }

Remaining indisting. pairs:

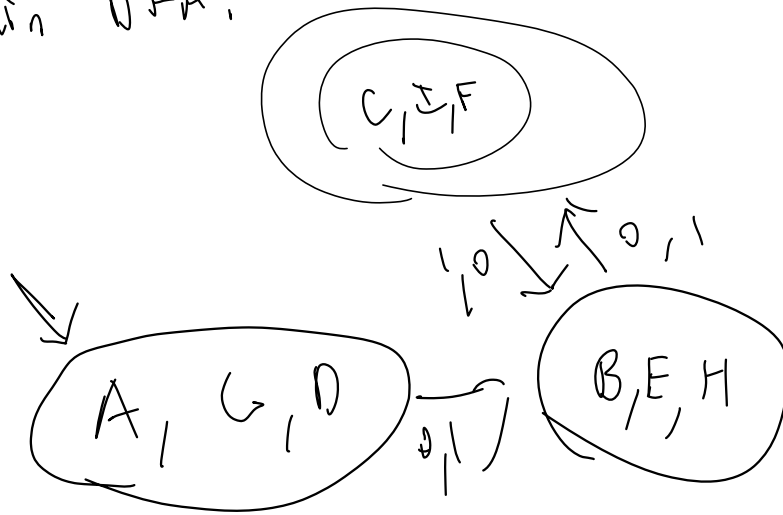
$\{ (A, G), (A, D), (B, E), (C, I), (C, F), (D, G), (E, H), (F, I), (B, H) \}$

$(A, G), (A, D), (D, G) \Rightarrow \{A, G, D\}$

$(B, E), (E, H), (B, H) \Rightarrow \{B, E, H\}$

$(C, I), (C, F), (F, I) \Rightarrow \{C, I, F\}$

Final min DFA:



3.

Figure out states first

R M E T code:

- create ^{new} NFA obj

- two deltas

- transfer states & alphabet

- suggestion: write ϵ -closure method
to find ϵ -closures

take state as a
parameter

first ϵ -closure on solution should
look like:

$q_0: \{q_1, q_4, q_5\} \dots$

see network x package

first clipping closure

