

PIZZA SALES SQL PROJECT

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Here is where your presentation begins

















Q1.Retrive the total number of orders placed.



```
SELECT
    COUNT (order_id) AS total_orders
FROM
    orders;
```

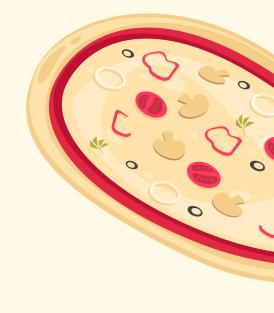
















--BASIC QUESTIONS--





```
SELECT

round(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

2) AS total_sales

FROM

order_details

JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```



















Q3.Identify the highest-priced pizza.



```
name,
price

FROM

(SELECT

pizza_type.name,
pizzas.price

FROM

pizza_type

JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

ORDER BY

pizzas.price DESC)

WHERE

ROWNUM = 1;
```

	NAME			
1	The	Greek	Pizza	35.95













--BASIC QUESTIONS--





	₱ PIZZA_SIZE	♦ ORDER_COUNT
1	L	18526
2	M	15385
3	S	14137
4	XL	544
5	XXL	28











--BASIC QUESTIONS--

Q5.List top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



```
SELECT
    name,
    quantity
FROM
SELECT
    pizza_type.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
         pizza_type
    JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY
    pizza_type.name
ORDER BY
    quantity DESC)
Miller (19
    ROWNUM <= 5;
```

	NAME	
1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
3	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
4	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371











Q1.Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category.



```
SELECT

pizza_type.category,

SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

pizza_type

JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

GROUP BY

pizza_type.category

ORDER BY

quantity DESC;
```

1	Classic	14888
2	Supreme	11987
3	Veggie	11649
4	Chicken	11050











Q2.Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



SELECT

EXTRACT (HOUR FROM order_time) AS hour,
COUNT (order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY

EXTRACT (HOUR FROM order_time);

	∯ HOUR	
1	22	663
2	11	1231
3	13	2455
4	20	1642
5	14	1472
6	21	1198
7	17	2336
8	23	28
9	18	2399
10	15	1468
11	16	1920
12	19	2009
13	12	2520
14	10	8
15	a	1









Q3.Join revelent tables to find the category wise distribution of pizzas.



```
SELECT
category,
COUNT(name)
FROM
pizza_type
GROUP BY
category;
```

		⊕ COUNT(NAME)
1	Chicken	6
2	Classic	8
3	Veggie	9
4	Supreme	9













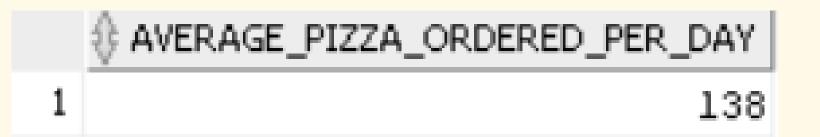


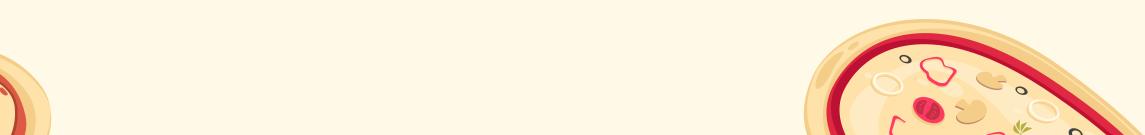
Q4. Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizza ordered per day.



```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity),0) AS average_Pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM

(
SELECT
    orders.order_date,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
GROUP BY
    orders.order_date
) order_quantity;
```













Q5. Determine top 3 most ordered pizza type based on revenue.



```
■ SELECT
      name,
      revenue
 FROM
          SELECT
              pizza_type.name,
              SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
          FROM
                   pizza_type
              JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_type.pizza_type_id
              JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
          GROUP BY
              pizza_type.name
          ORDER BY
              revenue DESC
  WHISISIS
      ROWNUM <= 3;
```

NAME		REVENUE
1	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
3	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5











ADVANCED QUESTIONS

Q1.Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



```
■ SELECT
     pizza_type.category,
     round(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /(
         SELECT
             round(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
                    2) AS total_sales
         FROM
                  order_details
             JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
     ) * 100,
           2) AS revenue
 FROM
          pizza_type
     JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
     JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
 GROUP BY
     pizza_type.category
 ORDER BY
     revenue DESC;
```

		REVENUE
1	Classic	26.91
2	Supreme	25.46
3	Chicken	23.96
4	Veggie	23.68











ADVANCED QUESTIONS

Q2. Analyse the cumulative revenue generated over time.

	⊕ ORDER_DATE	
1	01-01-15	2713.85
2	02-01-15	5445.75
3	03-01-15	8108.15
4	04-01-15	9863.6
5	05-01-15	11929.55
6	06-01-15	14358.5
7	07-01-15	16560.7
8	08-01-15	19399.05
9	09-01-15	21526.4
10	10-01-15	23990.35













ADVANCED QUESTIONS

Q3. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category



```
name,
    revenue
FROM
        SELECT
            category,
            name,
            revenue,
            RANK()
            OVER (PARTITION BY category
                 ORDER BY
                     revenue DESC
            ) AS rank
        FROM
                SELECT
                    pizza_type.category,
                    pizza_type.name,
                    SUM((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) AS revenue
                FROM
                         pizza_type
                    JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
                    JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
                GROUP BY
                    pizza_type.category,
                    pizza_type.name
WHISISIS
    rank <= 3;
```

	∯ NA	ME	
1	The	Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
2	The	Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
3	The	California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
4	The	Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
5	The	Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
6	The	Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
7	The	Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
8	The	Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
9	The	Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
10	The	Four Cheese Pizza	32265.7
11	The	Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
12	The	Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5



